Observation Public Meeting

Discuss SNC's previous License Amendment Request to Revise Joseph M. Farley Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2, Actions and Completion Times in TS 3.6.5, "Containment Air Temperature," using RIPE

Date: July 11, 2024



Purpose

- Provide a brief background related to SNC's LAR to modify Joseph M. Farley Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2, TS 3.6.5, "Containment Air Temperature" under RIPE
- Ensure a common understanding of SNC's previous LAR dated April 19, 2024, as supplemented
- Identify informational needs for any future LARs related to modifying TS 3.6.5 for RIPE and/or traditional reviews

Key messages

- SNC's April 2024 Farley submittal (under RIPE) was a request for a permanent change similar to an emergent, time-limited LAR which was granted for 16 days to preclude a plant shutdown. Permanent changes require a more complete justification and review than one-time, time-limited requests.
- NRC understands the likely seasonal need for a containment temperature licensing modification. NRC is committed to an expedited review whether resubmitted as a RIPE or non-RIPE licensing request.



Background – August 2023 Emergency Amendment

- Emergency Amendment August 24, 2023 (ML23235A296)
 - -Amendment expired on September 9, 2024 (16 days)



Background – RIPE LAR Pre-submittal meeting

- Pre-submittal meeting was held on April 3, 2024
 - -SNC slides (ML24088A166)
 - -Meeting summary April 12, 2023 (ML24096A183)



Background – SNC's RIPE LAR Submittal

- -SNC submittal April 19, 2024 (ML24110A126)
- -NRC Request for Supplemental Information May 28, 2024 (ML24143A041)
- -SNC Supplement June 14, 2024 (ML24166A290)
- -NRC Nonacceptance Letter July 1, 2024 (ML24178A376)



Farley RIPE LAR

- SNC submitted Farley RIPE LAR on April 19, 2024 (ML24110A126)
- TS 3.6.5 Actions, upon exceeding the containment average air temperature limit, are proposed to be revised to allow continued operation for up to 30 cumulative days provided:
 - the containment average air temperature remains less than or equal to 122°F (verified within 8 hours and once per 8 hours thereafter);
 - the containment average air temperature has not exceeded the 120°F limit for more than 720 cumulative hours during the current calendar year (verified within 8 hours and once per 8 hours thereafter); and
 - the refueling water storage tank temperature remains less than or equal to 100°F (verified within 8 hours and once per 8 hours



3.6.5 Containment Air Temperature

LCO 3.6.5 Containment average air temperature shall be ≤ 120°F.

NOTE

Containment average air temperature shall be ≤ 122°F until 0600 hours on September 9, 2023

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

| CONDITION | REQUIRED ACTION | COMPLETION TIME |
|---|---|---|
| Containment average air temperature not within limit. | A.1 Verify containment average air temperature ≤ 122°F. | 8 hours AND Once per 8 hours thereafter |
| | A.2 Verify by administrative means that containment average air temperature has not exceeded 120°F for > 720 cumulative hours in the current calendar year. | 8 hours AND Once per 8 hours thereafter |
| | AND A.3 Verify refueling water storage tank temperature ≤ 100°F. | 8 hours AND Once per 8 hours thereafter |
| | A.4 Restore containment average air temperature to within limit. | 8 hours 30 days |



Technical Discussion

In the original application, as supplemented, there were areas where additional information would be needed or expanded on to accept the licensee's submittal:

PCT

 NRC staff seeks to understand the methodology SNC used to determine increase in PCT as an effect of increased Containment Average Air Temperature

NPSH

 NRC staff seeks to clarify the version and inputs/assumptions of SNC's GOTHIC model on LOCA sump temperature response

TS

 NRC staff seeks to understand how the proposed change in TS 3.6.5 is derived from analysis and evaluation included in the Safety Analysis Report



Technical Discussion - PCT

- Plant-specific Methodology The application did not provide sufficient information to assess the analytical methods and results concerning the plant-specific effects of increasing PCT would have on a large break LOCA, explicit to Joseph M. Farley Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2.
- 10 CFR 50 App B Design Control The application did not discuss how the remaining PCT margin would be tracked or documented for future reviews.
 - 10 CFR 50.46(b)(1) requires PCT not exceed 2200°F



Technical Discussion - NPSH

- GOTHIC Code The application did not describe the version of the GOTHIC code used. More information is needed on uncertainties and on inputs that impact LOCA sump temperature response.
- NPSH Margin The application did not describe the NPSH margin for containment spray pumps during the LOCA recirculation phase.

Technical Discussion - TS

- Should the application be resubmitted, technical issues may drive the structure of an appropriate TS for the change IAW 10 CFR 50.36.
- Remedial Action vs LCO- The application did not provide a justification for why the proposed change would not be considered an LCO rather than a remedial action.
 - 10 CFR 50.36(c)(2) defines LCO as the lowest functional capability or performance levels of equipment required for safe operation of the facility.



Path Forward

- The NRC staff is committed to an expeditious review of this LAR, if resubmitted, whether under RIPE or non-RIPE.
- The NRC would expect this submittal to inform future reviews and the RIPE process.



Acronyms

- CFR Code of Federal Regulations
- LAR License Amendment Request
- LCO Limiting Conditions for Operation
- LOCA Loss of Coolant Accident
- NPSH Net Positive Suction Head
- PCT Peak Cladding Temperature
- RIPE Risk-Informed Process for Evaluation
- SNC Southern Nuclear Company
- TS Technical Specification



Questions?



