



**UNITED STATES**  
**NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION**  
REGION I  
475 ALLENDALE ROAD, SUITE 102  
KING OF PRUSSIA, PA 19406-2713

December 22, 2022

MEMORANDUM TO: Docket File WM-000042

THRU: Anthony Dimitriadis, Chief  
Decommissioning ISFSI, and Reactor Health  
Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

FROM: Katherine Barnes, Health Physicist  
Decommissioning, ISFSI, and Reactor Health  
Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

Andrew Taverna, Health Physicist  
Decommissioning, ISFSI, and Reactor Health  
Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

SUBJECT: NRC OBSERVATIONAL SITE VISIT AT THE CANONSBURG,  
PENNSYLVANIA, DISPOSAL SITE

On October 26, 2022, a Region I U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) inspector conducted an observational site visit at the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, Disposal Site in Washington County, Pennsylvania. This site visit was conducted in accordance with NRC guidance dated September 7, 2012. The purpose of the site visit was to observe DOE's routine annual inspection of the facility. The enclosure of this memorandum is the NRC's trip report for this observational site visit.

In summary, DOE representatives conducted the annual inspection in accordance with the guidance provided in the Long-Term Surveillance Plan dated March 2013. No significant regulatory issues or safety concerns were identified during the site visit.

Docket: WM-000042

Enclosure:  
NRC Trip Report

cc w/encl:  
Tiffany Drake, Site Manager  
United States Department of Energy  
Office of Legacy Management  
7295 Highway 94 South,  
St. Charles, MO 63304

CONTACT: Andrew Tavera, RI/DRSS  
610-337-5119

cc w/encl (cont'd):

Ken Broberg, Project Manager

Navarro

Contractor to the U.S. Department of Energy

Office of Legacy Management

10995 Hamilton-Cleeves Highway

Harrison, Ohio 45030

Dwight Shearer, Director

Bureau of Radiation Protection

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

Rachel Carson State Office Building

PO Box 8469

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105-8469

Celia Rajkovich, Health Physicist

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

SW Radiation Protection Division

Southwest Regional Office

400 Waterfront Drive

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222-4745

SUBJECT: NRC OBSERVATIONAL SITE VISIT AT THE CANONSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA,  
DISPOSAL SITE DATED DECEMBER 22, 2022

DISTRIBUTION:

BVonTill, DUWP, NMSS  
CMcKenney, DUWP, NMSS  
SKoenick, DUWP, NMSS  
BWellington, DRSS  
TBloomer, DRSS  
ATaverna, DRSS  
KBarnes, DRSS  
REvans, DRSS, Region IV

DOCUMENT NAME: [https://usnrc.sharepoint.com/teams/Region-I-Decommissioning-Branch/Inspection Reports/Inspection Reports - Final/Canonsburg Disposal Site Visit 2022.docx](https://usnrc.sharepoint.com/teams/Region-I-Decommissioning-Branch/Inspection%20Reports/Inspection%20Reports%20-%20Final/Canonsburg%20Disposal%20Site%20Visit%202022.docx)

**SUNSI Review Complete: ML22327A152**

After declaring this document "An Official Agency Record" it will be released to the Public.

To receive a copy of this document, indicate in the box: "C" = Copy w/o attach/encl "E" = Copy w/ attach/encl "N" = No copy

OFFICE	DRSS/RI	N	DRSS/RI	N	DRSS/RI			
NAME	ATaverna		KBarnes/KB		ADimtriadis/ad			
DATE	12/1/2022		12/5/2022		12/19/2022			

OFFICIAL RECORD COPY

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
REGION I

MONITORING VISIT

Docket No.: WM-000042

Report No.: WM-000042/22-001

Licensee: U.S. Department of Energy

Facility: Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, Disposal Site

Location: Canonsburg, Pennsylvania

Date: October 26, 2022

Inspector: Katherine Barnes, Health Physicist  
Decommissioning, ISFSI, and Reactor Health Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

Andrew Taverna, Health Physicist  
Decommissioning, ISFSI, and Reactor Health Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

Approved by: Anthony Dimitriadis, Chief  
Decommissioning ISFSI, and Reactor Health Physics Branch  
Division of Radiological Safety and Security

Attachment: Photographs Taken at the Canonsburg, Pennsylvania,  
Disposal Site

Enclosure

## **NRC TRIP REPORT**

### **1. Background**

The licensing, custody, and long-term care requirements of residual radioactive material disposal sites closed under Title I of the Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Control Act (UMTRCA) of 1978, as amended, can be found in 10 CFR 40.27. The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) is the general licensee for these sites and conducts the program for the long-term surveillance and maintenance program for each inactive uranium ore processing site under a Long-Term Surveillance Plan (LTSP) that has been accepted by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The LTSP provides instructions for institutional control of the site. These controls include deed restrictions, site markers, survey monuments, boundary markers, gates, fences, signs, and environmental sampling and analysis. The physical features of the site are inspected once per year by DOE staff. The "Long-Term Surveillance Plan for the U.S. Department of Energy Canonsburg Uranium Mill Tailings Disposal Site Canonsburg, Pennsylvania," March 2013, provides the guidance for DOE in fulfilling the general license requirements.

The Canonsburg, Pennsylvania Disposal Site is a former uranium ore processing facility located in the Borough of Canonsburg, Washington County, Pennsylvania. The site lies between Chartiers Creek to the west, north, and east and the Pittsburgh and Ohio Central Railroad tracks to the south. The surrounding land is primarily residential and is moderately populated. The former mill processed uranium and other ores at various times between 1911 and 1957 to extract radium and uranium. The historical operations at the site generated radioactive mill tailings that contaminated the site and some surrounding vicinity properties. Some of the tailings were shipped approximately 50 miles away to Burrell, Pennsylvania for use as railroad fill. This material was consolidated and stabilized in place in a disposal cell at the Burrell site. Processing operations at the Canonsburg site ceased in 1957 and for the next nine years the site was used for storage under a U. S. Atomic Energy Commission contract. The site was subsequently sold and used for light industrial purposes.

Remediation at the site consisted of consolidating contaminated materials from the Canonsburg site and local contaminated vicinity properties into an onsite engineered disposal cell. The cell contains approximately 226,000 tons of contaminated material with a total activity of 100 curies of radium-226 (Ra-226). The cell occupies approximately 6 acres of the 37-acre site. The disposal cell was closed in 1985. A three-acre parcel outside the restricted area, Area C, was sold to a private party. The transferred property carries restrictions limiting excavation, disturbance of the creek bank, prohibits residential use, and allows access for monitoring.

The cell is lined with compacted clay to prevent groundwater contamination. The tailings were placed on the clay liner and covered with a multi-layer system designed to isolate the contaminated materials. The cover includes a low-permeability layer of compacted clay, a protective rock layer, and vegetated topsoil. The clay layer is designed to prevent the escape of radon-222 gas (from the decay of the Ra-226), and in conjunction with the other materials, provides for rapid runoff and minimizes infiltration of precipitation. The cell is graded to promote drainage away from the disposal cell and has been vegetated to further prevent erosion. A chain link fence with warning signs surrounds the property to prevent unauthorized access. Locked gates allow for vehicle and pedestrian access. Site markers placed near the entrance of the site and on top of the cell identify the site

and show the date of closure and contents of the cell. Erosion control markers have been placed between the fence perimeter and the creek. Contractors perform routine, periodic landscaping maintenance activities (primarily mowing) during the year.

## **2. Site Status**

The DOE conducted the last annual inspection of the Canonsburg, Pennsylvania Disposal Site in November 2021. The inspection concluded that with the exception of a few minor maintenance items, the disposal cell and all associated drainage diversion structures were in excellent condition and functioning as designed.

The DOE monitors groundwater quality in samples from five monitoring wells and one surface water sample in Chartiers Creek. Past monitoring results have indicated uranium contamination in some groundwater samples, but results have been less than the site-specific alternate concentration limit, and no milling-related constituents have been detected in samples of creek water. Based on the assessment of historical data from groundwater and surface water monitoring, the frequency of collection of samples has been reduced from annual to once every five years. The last groundwater sampling event occurred in October 2018. All sampling results from 2018 were below the site-specific alternate concentration limit (ACL) for uranium in groundwater and point of exposure (POE) limit in surface water. Next routine sampling is scheduled for 2013.

## **3. Site Observations and Findings**

DOE and its contractors prepared an inspection checklist to identify items to review during the inspection. The checklist included requirements for the inspectors to observe the disposal cell, site perimeter, outlying areas, vegetation, and various site-specific features. The inspection staff included the DOE site manager and two contractors. Inspection observers included two NRC representatives, one Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) representative, and the site's herbicide contractor. The Mayor of Canonsburg and the owner of Area C introduced themselves at the beginning of the meeting but left once we commenced our inspection activities.

The DOE inspectors checked the disposal cell for evidence of erosion, settlement, slumping, displacement, and any other feature that would require maintenance or repair. The rock surfaces armoring the diversion ditch and the banks of the creek were found to be in good condition. The repairs to the riprap armoring of the stream bank made in 2017 still appear to be in good condition and the strategy to allow a buffer strip of high, dense grass along the stream bank continues to be effective.

At the time of the observational site visit, the property was enclosed by a chain link fence and locked gates. It was observed that PA DEP had placed a pair of TLD monitoring devices on the outside of the chain link fence containing the restricted area near the entrance. New security measures were implemented by DOE for locks and keys associated with their sites. As a result, all locks were replaced and new numbered keys with strict instructions were given to contractors. Other institutional controls in place at the site included site markers, perimeter warning signs, and erosion control markers. These institutional controls were found to be in place and in good condition, with minor exceptions. A sign was missing and some damage to a boundary marker was noted. A few boundary markers were buried by some vegetation. There were some invasive weeds around the cell that the herbicide contractor will plan to remove. Inspectors found

a small area away from the cell with some animal burrows. Groundwater well 412 located downgradient from the cell was found to have its casing slanted. No evidence of human intrusion was identified within the restricted area. No deep-rooted vegetation was identified on the top or side slopes of the cell that would impact cell performance. With respect to Area C, the DOE inspectors noted no activities that were contrary to the restrictions on the parcel.

The NRC inspector measured the ambient gamma exposure rate at several locations using a Ludlum Model 19 micro R meter (NRC No. 82698, calibrated 03/04/22). The background exposure rates ranged from 10 -11 microRoentgens per hour ( $\mu\text{R/hr}$ ). The exposure rate at the base of the disposal cell, at various points on the cell to the top, along the site perimeter fence, and in Area C of the site ranged from 10 - 16  $\mu\text{R/hr}$  and thus were not significantly different than background.

#### **4. Conclusions**

The NRC inspector concluded that the DOE inspectors conducted the site inspection in accordance with the requirements specified in the LTSP dated March 2013. The disposal cell appeared to be structurally intact, and the cover was in good condition. No threats to the integrity of the disposal cell were identified. Minor maintenance needs were noted by the DOE representatives for future disposition.

#### **5. Meeting Summary**

The NRC inspector participated in a planning meeting with the DOE site manager and site contractors prior to commencing the site inspection. During this meeting, the participants introduced themselves, discussed the site status, the inspection plan, potential hazards, and personal protective equipment. At the conclusion of the inspection, the DOE site manager and site contractors noted the site status and recorded minor maintenance needs.

#### **6. Persons Contacted**

K. Broberg, Site Lead, Navarro  
T. Drake, Site Manager, DOE  
B. Wulker, Ecologist, Navarro  
C. Rajkovich, PADEP  
T. Biller, LawnRx



Fig. 1: Canonsburg site – Riprap stabilization between site boundary fence and Chartiers Creek (looking north to northwest); image captured on October 26, 2022.