

Public Service
Electric and Gas
Company

Corbin A. McNeill, Jr.
Vice President -
Nuclear

Public Service Electric and Gas Company P.O. Box 236, Hancocks Bridge, NJ 08038 609 339-4800

December 23, 1985

Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission
7920 Norfolk Avenue
Bethesda, Maryland 20814

Attention: Ms. Elinor Adensam, Director
Project Directorate 3
Division of BWR Licensing

Dear Ms. Adensam:

MANUAL/AUTOMATIC INITIATION DESIGN OF
BAILEY SOLID STATE LOGIC MODULE
HOPE CREEK GENERATING STATION
DOCKET NO. 50-354

As a result of the telecon held on December 17, 1985 between representatives of Public Service Electric and Gas Company (PSE&G), Bechtel, and the NRC concerning manual/automatic initiation design of Bailey Solid State Logic Module (SSLM); PSE&G notes the following:

1. The single failure criterion is satisfied for each safety-related system that utilizes the SSLMs since the minimum number of operable channels required to perform the safety function is less than the total number of channels provided. For each monitored variable, a list of the number of channels required to satisfy single failure criteria is provided in Table 3.3.2-1 of the Hope Creek Technical Specifications.
2. Channel Checks and Channel Functional Tests shall be performed in accordance with Technical Specifications. These tests are identical to those done on relay plants and will assess the operability of the instrument channels as per Technical Specifications. The operability of the SSLMs is assessed during Logic System Functional Testing. These tests are performed in accordance with Technical Specifications.

Boo!
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PDR ADOCK 05000354
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ADD.

Director of Nuclear
Reactor Regulation

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12/23/85

In the event you require further information on this subject,
do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

CA McNeill Jr / JTB

C D.H. Wagner
USNRC Licensing Project Manager

R.W. Borchardt
USNRC Senior Resident Inspector

ATTACHMENT 1

QUESTION 210.56 (SECTION 3.9.6)

There are several safety systems connected to the reactor coolant pressure boundary that have design pressure below the rated reactor coolant system (RCS) pressure. There are also some systems which are rated at full reactor pressure on the discharge side of pumps but have pump suction below RCS pressure. In order to protect these systems from RCS pressure, two or more isolation valves are placed in series to form the interface between the high pressure RCS and the low pressure systems. The leak tight integrity of these valves must be ensured by periodic leak testing to prevent exceeding the design pressure of the low pressure systems.

Pressure isolation valves are required to be category A or AC per IWV-2000 and to meet the appropriate requirements of IWV-3420 of Section XI of the ASME Code except as discussed below.

Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCO) are required to be added to the technical specifications which will require corrective action; i.e., shutdown or system isolation when the final approved leakage limits are not met. Also, surveillance requirements which will state the acceptable leak rate testing frequency shall be provided in the technical specifications.

Periodic leak testing of each pressure isolation valve is required to be performed at least once per each refueling outage, after valve maintenance prior to return to service, and for systems rated at less than 50% of RCS design pressure each time the valve has moved from its fully closed position unless justification is given. The testing interval should average to be approximately one year. Leak testing should also be performed after all disturbances to the valves are complete, prior to reaching power operation following a refueling outage, maintenance, etc.

The staff's present position on leak rate limiting conditions for operation must be equal to or less than 1 gallon per minute (GPM) for each valve to ensure the integrity of the valve, demonstrate the adequacy of the redundant pressure isolation function and give an indication of valve degradation over a finite period of time. Significant increases over this limiting value would be an indication of valve degradation from one test to another.

The Class 1 to Class 2 boundary will be considered the isolation point which must be protected by redundant isolation valves.

In cases where pressure isolation is provided by two valves, both will be independently leak tested. When three or more valves provide isolation, only two of the valves need to be leak tested.

Provide a list of all pressure isolation valves included in your testing program along with four sets of Piping and Instrument Diagrams which describe your reactor coolant system pressure isolation valves.

Also discuss in detail how your leak testing program will conform to the above staff position.

RESPONSE

The reactor coolant pressure boundary has been reviewed for interconnecting safety-related low pressure systems. Table 210.56-1 summarizes the results of this review. The table identifies the reactor coolant system pressure isolation valves and details the extent of compliance with the staff's position. Also identified in Table 210.56-1 are those pressure isolation valves that are leakage tested.

The HCGS uses two isolation valves. The isolation valves are periodically leak rate tested as 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Type C valves or ASME Section XI, Category A valves. In the event of isolation valve leakage a safety relief valve will further protect the low pressure system.

As an alternate to conducting a liquid leak rate test using reactor coolant operating pressure, PSE&G proposes to fulfill these leak rate test requirements using the results of the Appendix J, Type C, test program, ~~and assigning each valve an individual leak rate~~

HAS ED WAS INSERT In support of conducting Appendix J leak rate testing in place of a liquid test at reactor coolant system operating pressure, PSE&G ~~proposes to conduct~~ a program consisting of the analytical justification and, if necessary, physical testing. The intent of this program ~~is~~ to ensure that Appendix J testing in conjunction with the pressure relieving device installed in these systems supplies the assurance that the structural integrity of these systems is maintained. ~~In the event this program is unsuccessful, the pressure isolation valves will be leak rate tested in accordance with the NRC staff's position using liquid at reactor coolant system operating pressure. The results of this program will be submitted to the NRC for review prior to fuel load.~~

In addition to leak rate testing each refueling outage, each pressure isolation valve will be leak rate tested prior to returning to service after:

1. Maintenance has been performed that could affect the seat leakage rate;

INSERT FOR PAGE 210.56-2

The results of this program was submitted to Ms. E. Adensam
from Mr. C.A. McNeill in a letter dated December , 1985.

2. The systems rated at <50% of RCS design pressure, each time the valve has moved from its fully closed position, except when the testing would put the plant in a limiting condition of operation, or provisions are made to monitor the low pressure side of the valve for leakage or pressure increases.

Four sets of full size P&IDs were submitted under separate cover.

The P&IDs that the NRC staff will need to review this response are identified in Table 210.56-2.

TABLE 210.56-1

Page 1 of 2

SAFETY-RELATED LOW PRESSURE SYSTEMS
CONNECTED TO THE RCPB

RPV Nozzle	Containment Penetration	Connecting Line Description	Pressure Isolation Valve	Leak Tested	Safety-Relief Protection
N1B	P-3	RHR Shutdown Cooling Suction	BC-V164(2) BC-V071(1)	(3) (3)	(6)
N1D-E	P-4A	RHR Shutdown Cooling Return	BC-V013(2) BC-V014(1)(5) BC-V118(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(7)
N1E	P4B	RHR Shutdown Cooling Return	BC-V110(2) BC-V111(1)(5) BC-V117(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(8)
N4A-C	F2A	RHR to Feedwater	BE-V005(1)(5) AE-V002(1)(5) AE-V003(1)(5)	(3) (3) (3)	(10)
N4D-F	F2B	HPCI to Feedwater	BE-V059(1)(5) AE-V006(1)(5) AE-V007(1)(5)	(3) (3) (3)	(10)
N5A	F5A	Core Spray	BE-V003(2) BE-V002(1)(5) BE-V072(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(11)
N5B	F5B	Core Spray HPCI to Core Spray	BE-V007(2) BE-V001(2) BE-V006(1)(5) BE-V071(1)	(3) (3) (3) (3)	(12)
N6A	F10	RHR, RPV Head Spray	BC-V020(2) BC-V021(1)	(3) (3)	(7)
N17A	F6A	RHR, LPCI	BC-V004(2) BC-V005(1)(5) BC-V122(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(14)
N17B	F6B	RHR, LPCI	BC-V016(2) BC-V017(1)(5) BC-V120(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(7)
N17C	F6D	RHR, LPCI	BC-V101(2) BC-V102(1)(5) BC-V121(1)	(3) (3) (3)	(13)

TABLE 210.56-1 (Cont'd)

Page 2 of 2

<u>RPV Nozzle</u>	<u>Containment Penetration</u>	<u>Connecting Line Description</u>	<u>Pressure Isolation Valve</u>	<u>Leak Tested</u>	<u>Safety-Relief Protection</u>
N17D	P6C	RHR, LPCI	BC-V113(2) BC-V114(1)(5) BC-V119(1)	(2) (2) (3)	(*)

-
- (1) 1st pressure isolation valve.
- (2) 2nd pressure isolation valve.
- (3) Leak rate tested in accordance with 10 CFR 50, Appendix J.
- (4) Leak rate tested in accordance with ASME, Section XI.
- (5) Functionally tested as a Category C check valve in accordance with ASME, Section XI.
- (6) Safety relief valve BC-PSV-F029 provides overpressure protection. It has a 170 psig setpoint and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (7) Safety relief valve BC-PSV-F025E provides overpressure protection. It has a 410 psig setpoint and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (8) Safety-relief valve BC-PSV-F025A provides overpressure protection. It has a 410 psig set pressure and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (9) Safety relief valve BD-PSV-F017 provides overpressure protection. It has a 100 psig setpoint and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (10) Safety relief valve BJ-PSV-F020 provides overpressure protection. It has a 100 psig setpoint and a 15 gpm capacity.
- (11) Safety-relief valve BE-PSV-F012F provides overpressure protection. It has a 500 psig setpoint and a 100 gpm capacity.
- (12) Safety-relief valve BE-PSV-F012A provides overpressure protection. It has a 500 psig setpoint and a 100 gpm capacity.
- (13) Safety-relief valve BC-PSV-F025C provides overpressure protection. It has a 410 psig setpoint and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (14) Safety-relief valve BC-PSV-F025D provides overpressure protection. It has a 410 psig setpoint and a 10 gpm capacity.
- (15) 3rd pressure isolation valve. Two of the three valves are required to meet the leak rate acceptance criteria.
-

TABLE 210.56-2

P&IDS REVIEWED FOR INTERCONNECTING LOW PRESSURE SYSTEMS

M-01-1	Rev. 9
M-05-1, Sh. 3	Rev. 9
M-06-1	Rev. 6
M-08-0, Sh. 1	Rev. 11
M-08-0, Sh. 2	Rev. 11
M-23-1, Sh. 2	Rev. 5
M-38-0, Sh. 1	Rev. 2
M-41-1, Sh. 1	Rev. 8
M-41-1, Sh. 2	Rev. 7
M-42-1, Sh. 1	Rev. 5
M-43-1, Sh. 1	Rev. 8
M-44-1	Rev. 6
M-46-1	Rev. 6
M-47-1	Rev. 7
M-48-1	Rev. 4
M-49-1	Rev. 9
M-50-1	Rev. 9
M-51-1, Sh. 1	Rev. 9
M-51-1, Sh. 2	Rev. 10
M-52-1	Rev. 10
M-55-1	Rev. 10
M-56-1	Rev. 8
M-72-1	Rev. 2

ATTACHMENT 2

TEST PROCEDURE

WYLE SCIENTIFIC SERVICES
& SYSTEMS
LABORATORIES GROUP
P. O. Box 1008, Huntsville, AL 35897
TWX (510) 557-0886, Phone (205) 837-4411

TEST PROCEDURE NO. _____
DATE: November 20, 1985
Revision 2

TEST PROCEDURE TO DEVELOP AIR VS. WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING OF HOPE CREEK REACTOR COOLANT BOUNDARY VALVES

APPROVED BY: _____
FOR: _____

APPROVED BY: _____
FOR: _____

APPROVED BY: _____
FOR: _____

APPROVED BY
PROJECT MANAGER: *Ph. Maly 5/10/85*

APPROVED BY
QUALITY ENGINEER: *G. W. Hight 5/10/85*

PREPARED BY
PROJECT ENGINEER: *John J. Muehl 5/10/85*

DPE 8512260074

REVISIONS

FORM 1054-1 Rev. 4

REV. NO.	DATE	PAGES AFFECTED	BY	APPL.	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES
1	10/28/85	All	<i>BTC</i>	<i>DT 10/28/85</i>	Revised Lab Test System; Added info to Field Test; Revised wording of basic procedure.
2	11/20/85	2	<i>BTC</i>	<i>DT 11/20/85</i>	Additional information regarding test objectives.
		4		<i>BTC 11/20/85</i>	Add'l information regarding field test
		6 through 18			Appendix I, new pages.

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to present the test methods to be used to develop correlation data for valve leakage with low pressure air or nitrogen in place of high pressure water.

The objective of the test program is to provide PSE&G with both analytical and empirical justification that satisfactory compliance to 10CFR50 Appendix J, Type C testing will meet or exceed the requirement that reactor or coolant pressure boundary isolation valves, at reactor coolant pressure, have an individual leakage of less than one gallon per minute for any valve.

The establishment of such justification would eliminate a need to perform the high pressure leak test prior to returning to power after an outage, or after valve repairs. In other words, elimination of the high pressure leak tests could be justified on a correlation of Type C tests at 48.1 psig to high pressure leak tests with water at 1020 psig.

2.0 REFERENCES

- 2.1 Public Service Electric & Gas P.O. #083496
- 2.2 PSE&G Specification for Acceptability of Using Air Versus Water for Leak Testing of Reactor Coolant Boundary Valves
- 2.3 10CFR50 Appendix J, Primary Reactor Containment Leakage Testing for Water Cooled Power Reactors
- 2.4 Flow of Fluids, Crane Technical Paper No. 410
- 2.5 Flowmeter Computation Handbook, prepared by the ASME Research Committee on Fluid Meters

3.0 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Test Specimen, Laboratory Tests

The test specimens shall consist of several locally made, very small diameter orifice fittings, and two or three micrometer valves.

3.2 Test Arrangement, Laboratory Tests

The test arrangement shall be a system as depicted schematically in Figure 1.

3.3 Test Instrumentation

Test instrumentation shall consist of two pressure gages, 0-100 or 150 psig and 0-1500 psi, an inlet temperature measurement thermocouple, a rotometer or mass flowmeter for measuring nitrogen flowrate and a flowmeter for measuring water flowrate. The instrumentation shall be as shown in Figure 1.

4.0 TESTS

4.1 Laboratory Tests

- 4.1.1 Each test specimen will be installed in the test system and subjected to a flow test first using nitrogen and then using water. Inlet pressure to the test specimen shall be regulated to 48.1 psig for the nitrogen test, and to 1020 psig for the water test. Water pressure will be obtained using nitrogen over water in the accumulator. The micrometer valves will each be tested over a range of openings (Turns Open). For each orifice and for each set valve opening the nitrogen flow test will immediately be followed by the water flow test. For each test, flowrate will be determined using the appropriate flowrate meter. Temperature of the test fluid will be recorded and will be maintained as near the original ambient temperature as reasonable time between tests will allow. A variation of several degrees fahrenheit during nitrogen or air tests is acceptable.
- 4.1.2 A large range from near zero to over 70,000 SCCM flowrate of nitrogen is desirable and the micrometer valve settings should be adjusted accordingly. Water flowrates from near zero to over 2 GPM are desirable and settings adjusted accordingly. Test sequence from nitrogen to water should always be maintained for each orifice and valve setting.
- 4.1.3 Data from the laboratory tests for each fluid will be plotted for the series of orifice tests and for each valve series of openings. This data as plotted should closely approximate a straight line which would indicate close agreement with the basic equations for fluid flow through orifices. If such agreement is found, then for each orifice area and for each valve and its series of openings, a plot of nitrogen flowrate versus water flowrate will be made. If the previous plots provided straight line relationships, this plot will also provide straight line relationships; and if the data is consistent for the various test specimens, the lines for each specimen will have nearly the same slope.

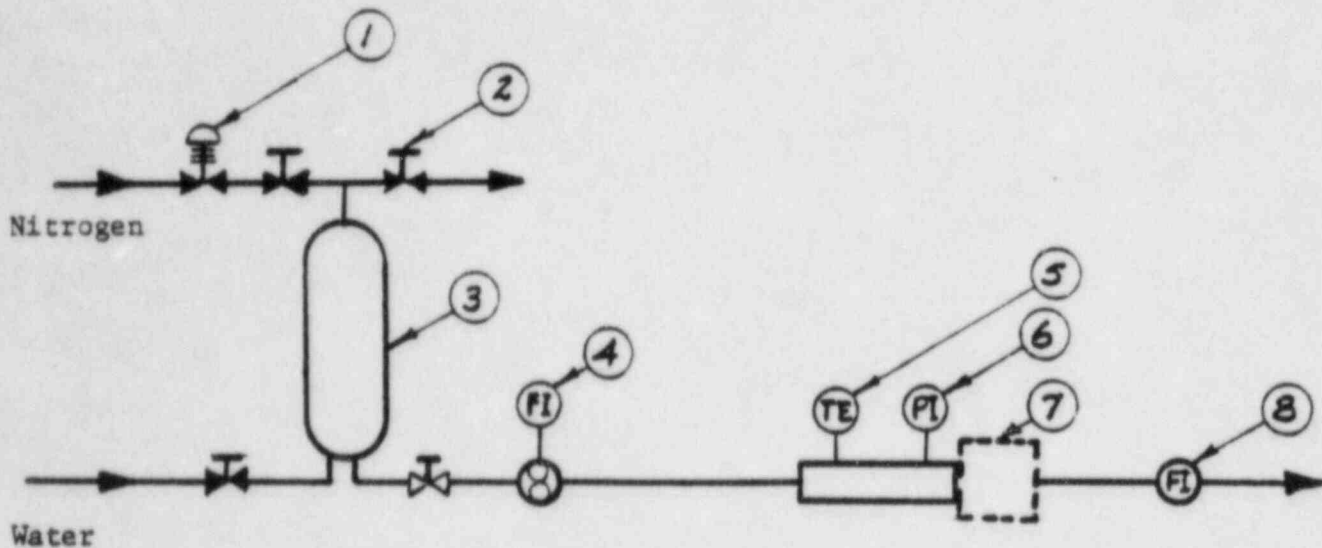
4.2 Field Tests

4.2.1 If analysis of the above laboratory tests indicate a consistent relationship for the various test specimen openings (i.e., a consistent slope for the nitrogen flowrate versus water flowrate plot), field testing will be performed by PSE&G.

4.2.2 Field testing will be accomplished in accordance with PSE&G, PSSUG-PTP-GP-2. Air will be used instead of nitrogen, and test pressures and temperatures will be held as close as possible to those of the laboratory tests. Valves to be tested will be selected from those listed in reference 2.2 above, and are installed valves at the Hope Creek Generating Station. Testing will be accomplished by PSE&G designated personnel. Copies of Appendices 4A and 4C of PSSUG-PTP-GP-2 are included in Appendix I of this Procedure. These two Appendices are the operating instructions for the Volumetrics Leak Rate Monitor and for the high pressure hydraulic leak rate monitor respectively. Diagrams of the test systems for these two leak rate monitors are also included in Appendix I.

5.0 FINAL REPORT

5.1 The final report will be prepared upon completion of all laboratory and field testing. Data from the field tests will be compared with the laboratory test data and the extent of correlation noted for field water flowrates as compared to laboratory water flowrates for any given air or nitrogen flowrate.



LABORATORY TEST SYSTEM

LEGEND:

1. Pressure Regulator
2. Vent Valve
3. Accumulator
4. Water Flowmeter
5. Thermocouple
6. Pressure Gage
7. Orifice or Test Valve Installation
8. Rotometer or Massflow Meter for GN_2 Measurement

FIGURE #1

PROCEDURE NO. 17761-1
REV. NO. 2
DATE November 20, 1985
PAGE 6 OF 18

APPENDIX I

PLANT SERVICES DIVISION

WH1284-2, JAN '84

WYLE SCIENTIFIC SERVICES
LABORATORIES & SYSTEMS
GROUP

APPENDIX 4A

TEST EQUIPMENT OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

LOCAL LEAK RATE MONITOR

1.0 Equipment

- 1.1 The local leak rate monitor is a portable self-contained instrument that pressurizes the test volume to a prescribed pressure. Using a pressure regulator to maintain test pressure, the make up fluid to the test volume required to maintain test pressure is measured using a flow meter which is a direct measurement of leakage rate.
- 1.2 Leak rate monitor will be operated in accordance to the manufacturer's operating manual.
- 1.3 Test tubing (High density polyethylene tubing 1/4" x 0.040" wall).

2.0 Leak Rate Test Procedure

- 2.1 Turn power switch on (120V AC) and allow 30 minute warmup.
- 2.2 Adjust pressure zero control potentiometer to indicate zero pressure (\pm 0.1 psig).
- 2.3 Connect the instrument to a supply of extra dry nitrogen and adjust nitrogen supply to 150 psig.
- 2.4 Flow calibration check (at least once every 24 hours).
 - 2.4.1 Turn range value and range switch to low.
 - 2.4.2 Turn mode valve to cal low. Directs flow through low range calibrated leak.
 - 2.4.3 Adjust low zero flow transducer potentiometer to indicate zero flow (\pm 1.0% of low range).
 - 2.4.4 Adjust pressure regulator to apply the calibrated leak check pressure (determined at least calibration).
 - 2.4.5 Read flow rate and determine if within range of calibrated leak. Proceed to calibration check the various ranges by repeating step 2.4.

2.4.6 If any range is not within the Test Orifice Calibration Range criteria return for repair. All ranges are independent of each other. If one range (flow transducer) does not meet its calibration check this does not effect the other ranges and

- 2.5 Turn range valve to charge and mode valve to set test. Adjust pressure regulator to the desired test pressure (-0, + 0.5 psig).
- 2.6 Connect instrument to the component being tested using the appropriate length tubing with shut off valve at end of test tubing. Valve in off position.
- 2.7 Turn range valve to low and mode valve to test. Adjust pressure regulator to test pressure and allow instrument to stabilize. Determine if test tubing and test setup leaks and eliminate if any.
- 2.8 Open test tubing valve and test component connection valve. Allow test component to pressurize to test pressure (-0, + 0.5 psig).
- 2.9 When test pressure is obtained allow system to stabilize for minimum of 15 minutes.
- 2.10 Maintain stable test conditions for test period minimum of 15 minutes.
- 2.11 Record data on test sheet.

3.0 System Shutdown

- 3.1 Close test component connection valve and test tubing valve.
- 3.2 Turn mode valve to set test.
- 3.3 Decrease pressure to zero with pressure regulator.
- 3.4 Close nitrogen tank valve.
- 3.5 Disconnect test tubing, test set to test component and test set to nitrogen tank.
- 3.6 Turn power switch off.

APPENDIX 4C

TEST EQUIPMENT OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

HIGH PRESSURE HYDRAULIC LEAK RATE MONITOR

1.0 Equipment

- 1.1 The hydraulic leak rate monitor is a portable self-contained instrument that pressurizes the test volume to a prescribed pressure, using a hydraulic pressure regulator to maintain pressure. Makeup fluid (demin. water), to the test volume required to maintain test pressure, is measured. Using a liquid flow rate measuring transducer provides a direct measurement of in-flow leakage rate.
- 1.2 High pressure air driven liquid pump (0-1500 psi output pressure, 5 gpm liquid flow with 50 psi, 175 SCFM air pressure).
- 1.3 Hydraulic leak rate monitor and high pressure air driven liquid pump will be operated in accordance to the manufacturer's operation manual.
- 1.4 Hydraulic test hoses with shutoff quick connect (thermoplastic tube with double braid synthetic reinforcement) maximum operating pressure 2000 psi. Hose ends are to be capped at all times to prevent foreign material from entering test hoses.
- 1.5 Test hose shutoff-bleed valve and calibrated high pressure gage (0-1500 psig).
- 1.6 The hydraulic leak rate monitor shall be connected to the high pressure air driven liquid pump as follows:
 - 1.6.1 Hydraulic leak rate monitor tank fill connection to hydraulic tank.
 - 1.6.2 Hydraulic leak rate monitor drain-tank connection to hydraulic tank drain.

1.6.3 Hydraulic leak rate monitor high pressure connection to air pump liquid high pressure connection.

1.6.4 Hydraulic leak rate monitor air connection to air pump air connection.

2.0 Hydraulic leak rate monitor hook up.

2.1 Connect the instrument to a supply of demineralized water (60-100 psig) use only local leak rate hydraulic test hose.

2.2 Connect the instrument to a supply of station air (125 psig) use station air hoses.

2.3 Connect the instrument using hydraulic local leak rate hose to test component, with shutoff-bleed valve and calibrated test gage at test component end

3.0 Hydraulic Leak Rate Flow Calibration Check Procedure (At least once every 24 hours).

3.1 Turn power switch on (120V AC) and allow 30 minute warmup.

3.2 Adjust low pressure zero control potentiometer to indicate zero pressure (± 0.1 psig).

3.3 Connect the instrument to a supply of demineralized water (60-100 psig). Use only local leak rate hydraulic test hose.

3.4 Turn switch on low flow transducer to zero.

3.5 Adjust low flow transducer zero potentiometer to indicate zero flow ($\pm 1.0\%$ of flow range).

3.6 Turn switch on high flow transducer to zero.

3.7 Adjust high flow transducer zero potentiometer to indicate zero flow ($\pm 1.0\%$ of flow range).

3.8 Connect the instrument drain to suitable drain.

3.9 Turn DI-WATER valve on.

- 3.10 Turn FLOW-RANGE valve to low.
- 3.11 Turn CAL-CHECK valve to on.
- 3.12 Adjust hydraulic pressure regulator to apply the calibrated leak check pressure (determined at last calibration).
- 3.13 Read low flow rate and determine if within range of calibrated leak. If within tolerance proceed to calibration check the high low range by repeating steps 2.12-2.13 with flow range valve to high.
- 3.14 If any range is not within the acceptance criteria return instrument for repair and calibration. Ranges are independent of each other. If one range (flow transducer) does not meet its calibration check this does not effect the other range and may be used for certified testing.
- 3.15 Turn CAL-CHECK valve off.
- 3.16 Decrease hydraulic pressure regulator (turn counterclockwise).

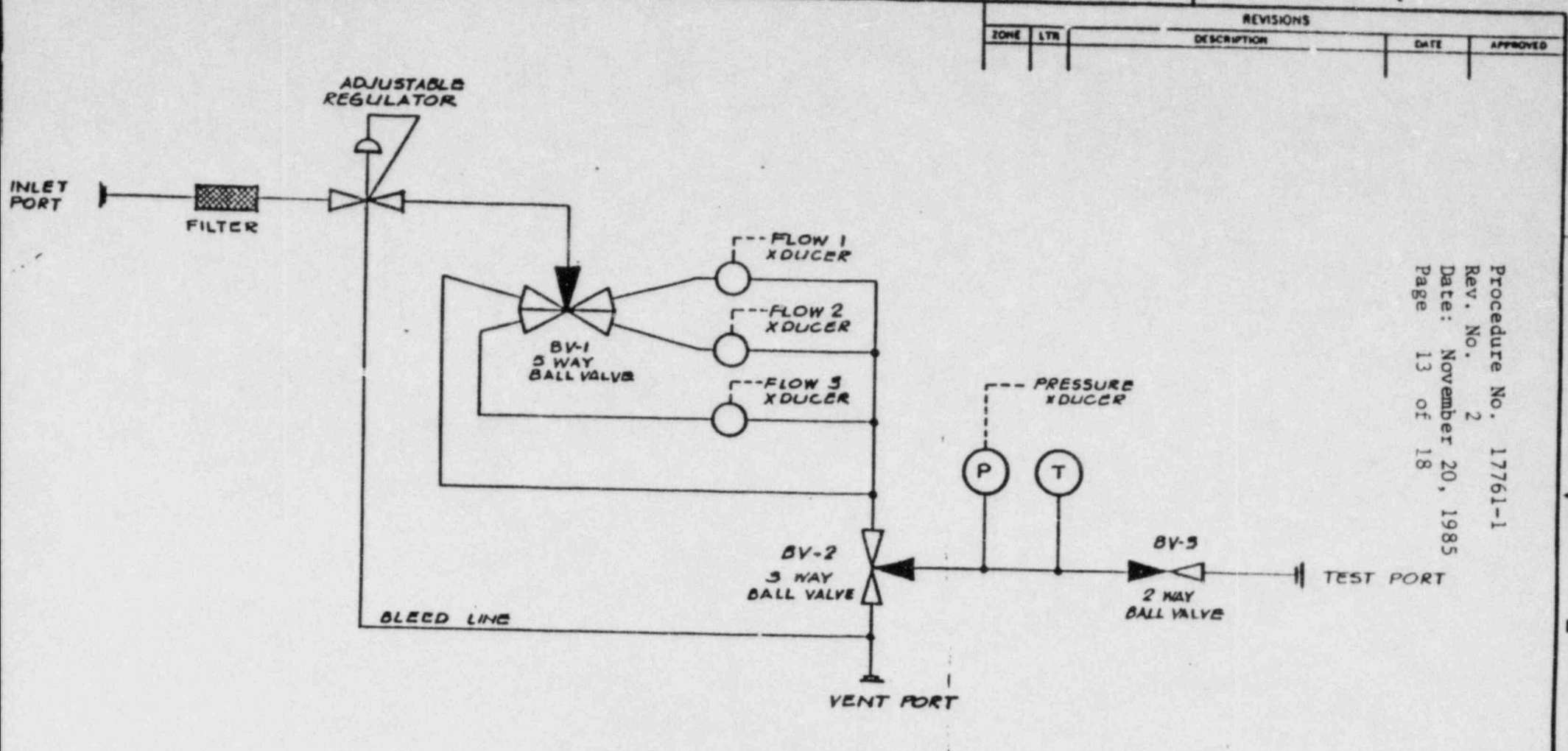
4.0 Leak Rate Test Procedure

- 4.1 Maintain hydraulic tank at 1/2 - 3/4 full during complete test using the DIWATER tank needle valve.
- 4.2 Turn flow range valve to high flow and mode valve to test.
- 4.3 Turn switch to high pressure transducer.
- 4.4 Turn AIR valve on, air transducer, regulator decreased (counterclockwise).
- 4.5 Increase high pressure by increasing AIR pressure regulator and adjust high pressure relief regulator to the maximum high pressure. This will relieve pump pressure to tank and maintain test pressure flow by adjusting AIR regulator.
- 4.6 Crack bleed valve and purge hydraulic test hose of air. Turn valve to off position.

- 4.7 Turn test component valve on and determine component head pressure, record.
- 4.8 Adjust high pressure relief regulator to test pressure plus head pressure.
- 4.9 Open hydraulic test hose valve and allow test component to pressurize to test pressure plus head pressure.
- 4.10 When test pressure is obtained, allow system flow to stabilize. Stabilization is a steady flow rate at test pressure.
- 4.11 Record data on attached test sheets.

5.0 System Shutdown

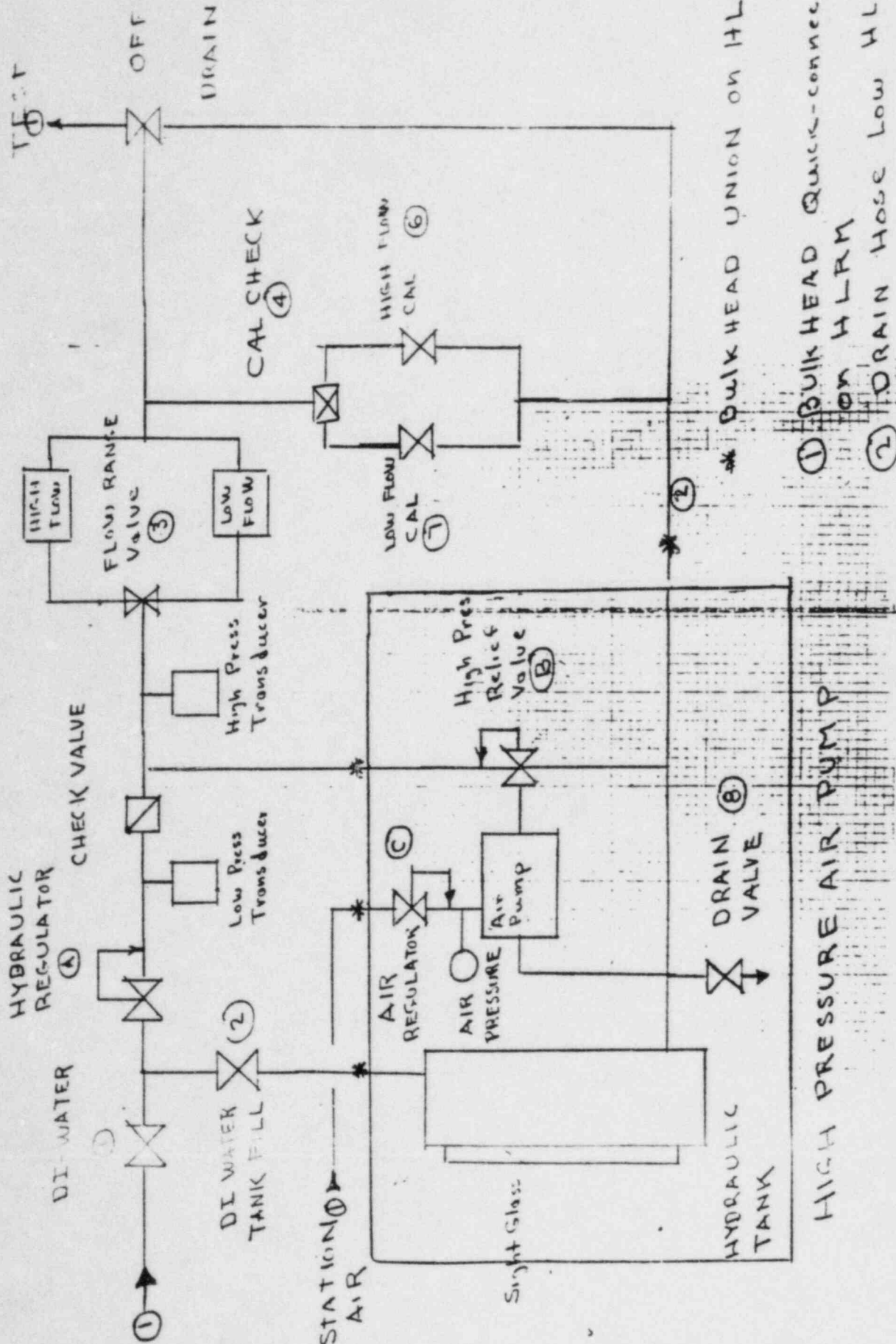
- 5.1 Reduce high pressure by reducing air pressure regulator to air pump (counterclockwise) to the pretest head pressure turn mode valve to off.
- 5.2 Reduce high pressure by reducing air pressure regulator to air pump (counterclockwise).
- 5.3 Turn air valve off.
- 5.4 Turn test component valve off.
- 5.5 Turn test connection valve to bleed. Relieve test pressure from hydraulic test hoses.
- 5.6 Disconnect hydraulic test hoses DIWATER to instrument, instrument to test component. Cap all hydraulic test hose ends.
- 5.7 Turn station air off and disconnect station air hose to instrument.
- 5.8 Drain hydraulic tank and disconnect drain hose from instrument.



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Date: November 20, 1985
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		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES FRACTIONS DECIMALS ANGLES Ø .XX 2° .XX 2°	CONTRACT NO.		VOLUMETRICS PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA			
					APPROVALS	DATE	PNEUMATIC DIAGRAM LEAK RATE MONITOR MODEL NUMBER 14342	
					DRAWN H. BLEN	2-3-82		
		MATERIAL	CHECKED L. GIBSON	2-3-82	SIZE B CODE IDENT NO. 20890 DRAWING NO. 820018			
		FINISH						
NEXT ASSY		USED ON		SCALE — 00 SHEET 1 OF 1				
APPLICATION		DO NOT SCALE DRAWING						

MOVE VALVE (5)



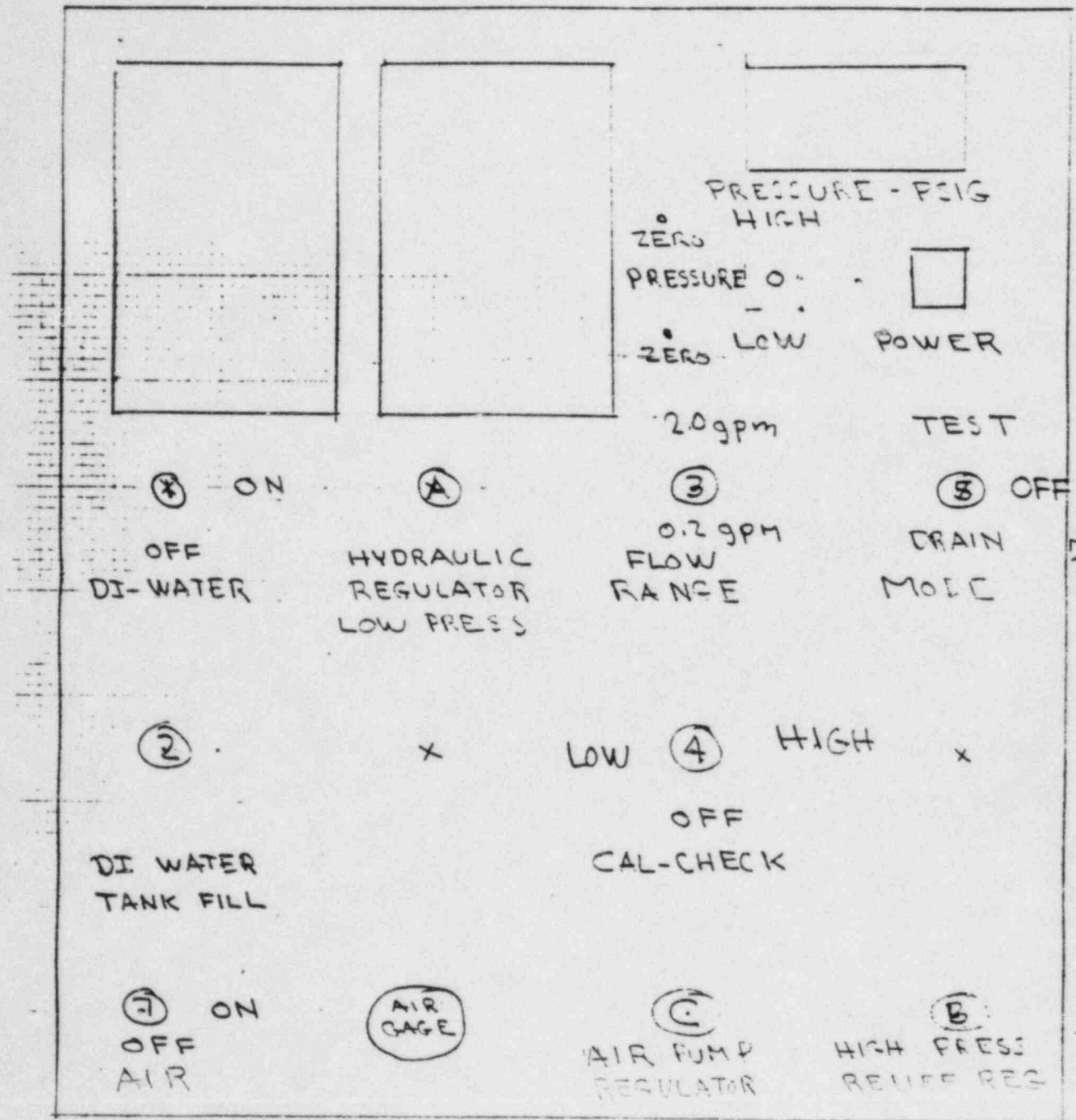
* BULK HEAD UNION ON HLRM

① BULK HEAD QUICK-CONNECT ON HLRM

② DRAIN HOSE LOW HLRM

HIGH PRESSURE AIR PUMP

19"



HYDRAULIC LEAK RATE MONITOR

Valve Label
 No. Use Mfg

- 1 DI WATER ON OF Whitey Ball Valve SS-44SG
- 2 DI-WATER TANK FILL Whitey Regulating & Shut-off SS-1RSG
- 3 FLOW RANGE HIGH - LOW Whitey Ball Valve SS-44 XSG
- 4 CAL-CHECK HIGH - LOW Whitey Ball Valve SS-44 XSG
- 5 MODE VALVE TEST OFF DRAIN Whitey Ball Valve SS-44 XSG
- 6 CAL LEAK HIGH Whitey Regulating & Shut off valve SS-1RSG
- 7 CAL LEAK LOW Whitey Micro-Metering SS-2ZR54
- 8 DRAIN VALVE Whitey Ball Valve SS-44SG

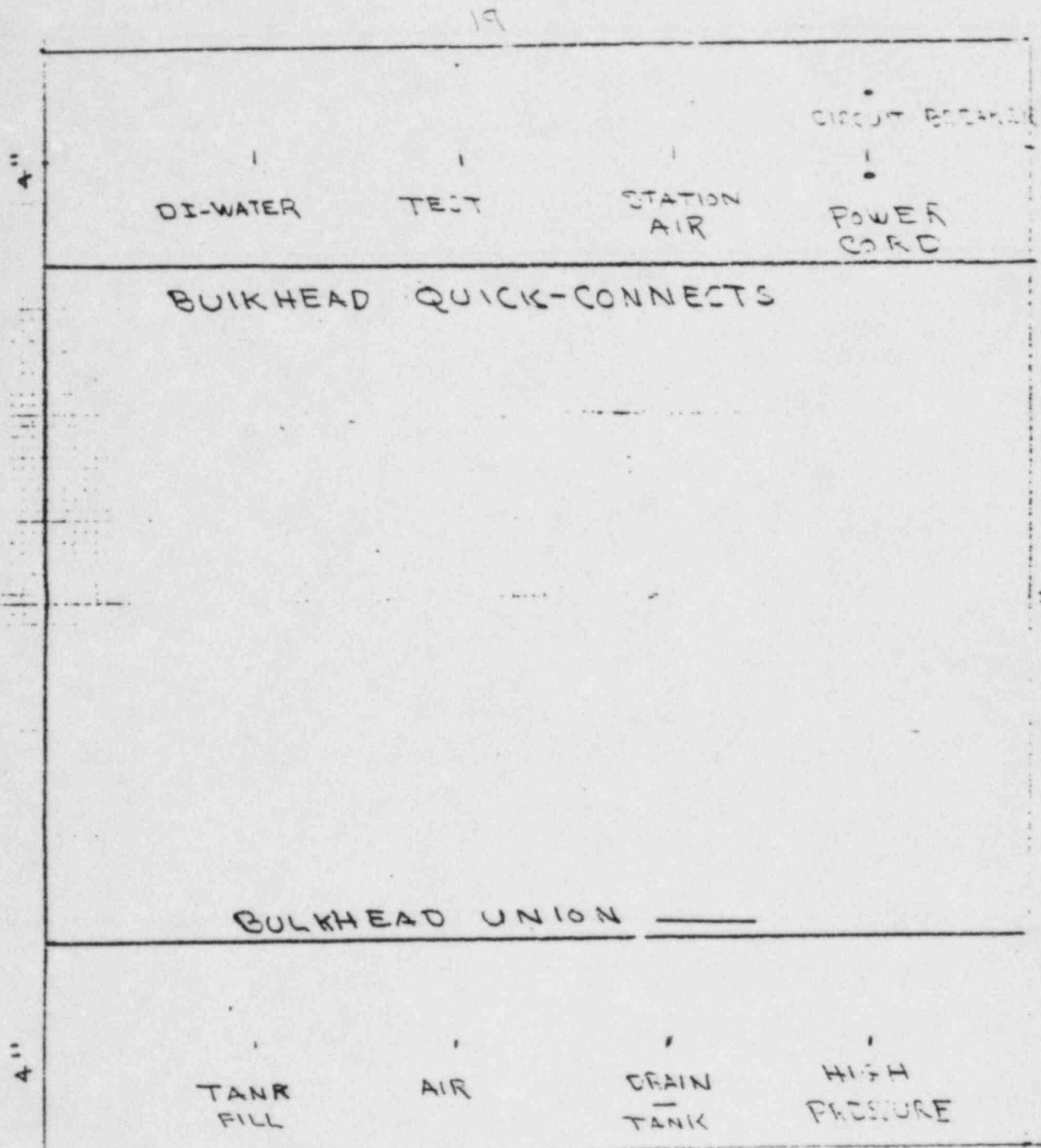
Manufacturers

REGULATORS

A Low Pressure
HYDRAULIC
REGULATOR

B High Pressure
Relief Valve

C Air Pressure
Regulator



REAR
HYDRAULIC LEAK RATE MONITOR

CONFIDENTIAL

Exemption

ATTACHMENT 3

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT
OF
AIR VS. WATER CORRELATION
FOR LEAK TESTING OF
HOPE CREEK REACTOR COOLANT
BOUNDARY VALVES

DUPE 857 2260075

REVISIONS

REVISION. A

TEST REPORT NO. 17761-1

DATE: November 20, 1985

WYLE LABORATORIES

SCIENTIFIC SERVICES AND SYSTEMS GROUP

REV NO	DATE	PAGES AFFECTED	BY	APPL	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES
A	11/20/85	1 through 8	LC	11/22/85	Changes in text and organization for customer clarity.
		9			New page, "Appendix I"
		10 through 29			Page number change only.
		30			New page, "Appendix II"
		31 through 36			Page number change only.
		37 through 71	73714	11/26/85	New pages: Appendix III - Field Test Calibration Sheets.

WYLE
LABORATORIES

SCIENTIFIC SERVICES
& SYSTEMS
GROUP

Huntsville, Alabama 35807

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CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

Public Service Electric & Gas Company
Hope Creek Generating Station
P.O. Box A
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REPORT NO. 17761-1

CUSTOMER P. O. NO. 083496

CONTRACT

NUMBER OF PAGES

DATE November 6, 1985

1.0 REQUIREMENTS

The specimens for laboratory testing were subjected to tests in accordance with Wyle Test Procedure No. 17761-1, Rev. 1. The specimens for field testing were subjected to tests in accordance with PSE&G LLRT Procedure PSSUG-PTP-GP-2, as indicated in the Wyle Test Procedure.

The objective of the test program, which this report is intended to support, is to provide PSE&G with analytical and empirical justification that satisfactory compliance to 10CFR50 Appendix J, Type C testing will meet or exceed the requirement that reactor coolant pressure boundary isolation valves, at reactor coolant pressure, have an individual leakage of less than one gallon per minute for any valve.

The establishment of such justification would eliminate a need to perform the high pressure leak test prior to returning to power after an outage, or after valve repairs. In other words, elimination of the high pressure leak tests could be justified on a correlation of Type C tests at 48.1 psig to high pressure leak tests with water at 1020 psig.

STATE OF ALABAMA }
COUNTY OF MADISON } ss
James E. Thompson

, being duly sworn,
deposes and says: The information contained in this report of complete and
carefully conducted tests and is to the best of his knowledge true and correct in all
respects.

SUBSCRIBED and sworn to before me this 8 day of Nov, 19 85

Notary Public
Notary Public in and for the State of Alabama at large.

My Commission expires 2 Apr, 19 89

Wyle shall have no liability for damages of any kind to person or property,
including special or consequential damages, resulting from Wyle's providing
the services covered by this report.

PREPARED BY J. E. Thompson 11-8-85

APPROVED BY D. M. Mays 11-8-85

QUALITY ASSURANCE G. W. Hight 11-8-85

2.0 SPECIMEN | A

For laboratory tests: six local prepared orifices with nominal diameters as follows:

.012 in.
.020 in.
.031 in.
.040 in.
.052 in.
.060 in.

and two 1/4 inch micrometer valves.

For field tests: identified penetrations as per PSEG.

3.0 PART NO. | A

There are no part numbers for the local prepared orifices. For the field tested valves, sufficient data for full identification is provided in the Field Test Data Sheet, Table 5, Appendix 1. For the micrometer valves:

Mfgr. - HOKE P/N 1315G4Y
- NUPRO P/N SS-2M-S6

4.0 SERIAL NUMBERS - None. | A**5.0 PROCEDURES** | A

The flow of fluids through an orifice may be expressed as follows (see reference 2.4 of the Test Procedure, "Crane Technical Paper No. 410"):

$$q = YCA \sqrt{\frac{2g \times \Delta P}{\rho}}$$

where q = rate of flow
Y = net expansion factor for compressible flow through orifices, nozzles, or pipe
C = flow coefficient for orifices and nozzles
A = cross sectional area of the orifice
2g = gravitational constant
 ΔP = differential static pressure (head) across the orifice or nozzle
 ρ = weight density of the fluid

The expansion factor (Y) for compressible flow is a function of:

1. The specific heat ratio k , which varies slightly with different pressures and temperatures. For air and nitrogen at 68°F and 14.7 psia, the specific heat ratios are 1.4 and 1.41 respectively.
2. The ratio (β) of orifice or throat diameter to inlet diameter.
3. Ratio of downstream to upstream absolute pressures.

If all the above conditions were held fixed except for area, the flowrate through a set of similar orifices would be directly proportional to the area of the orifice, and a plot of flowrate versus area would be linear.

For the laboratory tests, a series of six different sizes of orifices were prepared by drilling holes in metal plates. No particular attention was given to accurate sizing or to finishing the edges of those holes. These orifice plates along with two micrometer valves were used as specimens to gather correlated flowrate data for nitrogen at low pressure, and then water at high pressure over a range of areas and valve openings (valve turns).

For a meaningful correlation to exist between the laboratory data for the nitrogen versus water flowrates it was assumed that the laboratory data for each fluid would exhibit close correlation with the above linear relationship of flowrate versus area. This further assumed that variations in the finish of the edges of the six orifices, and that slight variations in temperature of the nitrogen (compressible) fluid would not be significant. The following analyses of the laboratory test data show these assumptions to be valid and that a close linear relationship exists for flowrate versus each set of specimen area variations.

5.1 Laboratory Tests

Six orifice sizes and two micrometer valves were installed and tested as required. The test data is included in Appendix I, Tables 1 through 4. Two runs were made using the HOKE micrometer valve. The first run provided good data but was considered insufficient in coverage of the lower range of fluid flow. A second run was made providing a greater range of data.

Test fluid temperatures were local ambient and varied slightly between tests. For the water (incompressible) test fluid, the temperature differences are considered insignificant. For the nitrogen (compressible) test fluid, temperatures varied not more than 2°F throughout the duration of a given test. On an absolute temperature basis, the effect of this temperature variation is considered insignificant regarding flow variation.

Water flow data was recorded in gallons per minute (GPM) and nitrogen gas flow data was recorded in actual cubic centimeters per minute (ACCM) and converted to standard values (SCCM).

5.1.1 Analysis of the Laboratory Test Data

The flowrate data for each test orifice and valve versus the orifice area or number of turns opened (Valve Turns) for the micrometer valves was plotted using a linear plotting program. A least square fit was computed for each and a slope and intercept provided. In each case, the data plotted (Figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 9 and 10) shows a high linear correlation over significant range of the data.

The data plotted for the NUPRO micrometer valve appeared to be bilinear. Two fits were determined and two plots are provided for each test fluid. A straight line is plotted for a low range valve opening below 0.5 turns, Figures 5 and 6, and for a higher range above 0.5 turns, Figures 7 and 8.

The reason for the bilinear relationship is assumed to be a result of the non-linear relationship of the valve area opened with respect to valve turns. The decreased flowrate for the more "opened" valve setting supports this assumption. Regardless, the straight line relationships of the data as shown in all cases, figures 1 through 10 of Appendix I, exhibit the correlation desired.

5.1.2 Correlation of Nitrogen Versus Water Flowrates

The laboratory tests were conducted such that for each test condition with nitrogen at 48.1 psig and ambient temperature, an identical test was run using water at 1020 psig and ambient temperature. A plot of the nitrogen flowrate versus the water flowrate for each identical test specimen area or opening is shown in Figure 11, Appendix I. The best fitting straight line through each of the four sets of data points was determined by linear regression methods. The slope and intercept of each line was computed by the linear regression program used. The correlation of these lines with the data points was computed to be very high, over 99%. A

The four test specimen lines are shown on the correlation plot, Figure 11, and the slope and intercept for each is as follows:

		<u>Slope</u>	<u>Intercept</u>
Line 1	Orifices	38532	-1149
Line 2	HOKE Micrometer Valve, Run 1	34556	-2236
Line 3	NUPRO Micrometer Valve	38667	-8791
Line 4	HOKE Micrometer Valve, Run 2	33157	-1968

The equation of Line 3 is:

$$\text{SCCM} = 38667 \times \text{GPM} - 8791$$

$$\text{or for conversion: GPM} = \frac{\text{SCCM} + 8791}{38667} \quad \text{Equation (1)}$$

The equation of Line 1 is:

$$\text{SCCM} = 38532 \times \text{GPM} - 1149$$

$$\text{or for conversion: GPM} = \frac{\text{SCCM} + 1149}{38532} \quad \text{Equation (2)}$$

5.1.3 Equipment Certification and Calibration

Instrumentation equipment and calibration sheets for the laboratory test system are included in Appendix II. A photograph of the laboratory test system is shown in Figure 12, Appendix I.

5.2 Field Tests

In that a satisfactory correlation between the water and the nitrogen flowrates was shown by the laboratory tests, field tests were conducted in accordance with the Test Procedure (PSSUG-PTP-GP-2). These field tests are similar to the laboratory tests. Completed test procedures for each of the 20 valve sets selected and tested are available from Hope Creek Generating Station records. The data obtained in these field tests is shown in Table 5, Appendix I. Of the twenty data sets obtained in the field, none has a flowrate value greater than the least value recorded during the laboratory tests. Data for each air test in the field was converted to a water flowrate value using the Equations (1) and (2). The computed water flowrates are shown in Table 6, Appendix I as the Correlated Data. The two equations provide a most conservative and least conservative correlation.

The Line 1 correlated data is conservative for all but 4 of the actual field test data and is the least conservative of the two. Line 3 correlated data is conservative for all actual field test data and is the most conservative. A factor of conservatism is shown for each correlation shown in Table 6 and was obtained by dividing the Correlated Data by the Field Test Actual Water Flow.

5.2.1 Equipment Certification and Calibration

Instrumentation equipment and calibration sheets for the field test system are included in Appendix III.

6.0 RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

6.1 Results

The laboratory tests showed a high correlation of nitrogen and water flowrates versus area of orifice or valve opening over a significant range of the data (Figures 1-10).

The flowrates for nitrogen versus water for identical orifice areas or valve settings were plotted using linear regression methods. Four lines were determined with very high linear correlation to the data. Two of these lines provide a bounds to the four lines determined within the ranges:

0 - 38000 SCCM Nitrogen at 48.1 psig

0 - 1.2 GPM Water at 1020 psig

These two lines represent a least conservative and a most conservative approach for correlation of nitrogen or air tests at low pressure to water tests at high pressure (see Figure 11).

The field tests provided lower flowrate data than any obtained during laboratory tests.

For each of the twenty field tests, the air test flowrate was used with Equations (1) and (2) to compute Correlated Data for Water flowrates. Using the least conservative approach, Equation (2), all but four of the correlated data obtained are conservative. Using the most conservative approach, Equation (1), all correlated data are very conservative.

6.2 Conclusions

6.2.1 Equation (1) of this report provides a conservative correlation from nitrogen or air flowrates to water flowrates for the fluids, pressures, and ranges below:

from: 0 - 38000 SCCM Nitrogen/Air at 48.1 psig

to: 0 - 1.2 GPM Water at 1020 psig.

6.2.2 Equation (1) of this report, applied as set forth in the above Conclusion, provides a valid and conservative correlation approach to eliminate the need to perform high pressure water leak testing on valves which have been satisfactorily tested at low pressure using air or nitrogen.

7.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE

All laboratory work performed on this test program was completed in accordance with Wyle Laboratories' Quality Assurance Program which complies with the applicable requirements of MIL-Q-9858A, MIL-I-45208A, and NASA's NHB 5300.4 (1B & 1C).

8.0 TEST EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

All laboratory instrumentation, measuring, and test equipment used in the performance of this test program were calibrated in accordance with Wyle Laboratories' Quality Assurance Program which complies with the requirements of Military Specification MIL-STD-45662. Standards used in performing all calibrations are traceable to the National Bureau of Standards by report number and date. When no national standards exist, the standards are traceable to international standards or the basis for calibration is otherwise documented.

APPENDIX I

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 1
APPENDIX 1

LABORATORY TESTS Conducted 7/1/85 through 8/27/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Test Specimen	Size-in ² / Setting-Turns	Flowrate Nitrogen (Meter Type*) °F	psig	ACCM	SCCM	Flowrate Water (Meter Type*) °F	psig	GPM	Line	
1	ORIFICE	0.012 in. dia.	2 (SS float)	72	48.1	4400	4301	5	78	1020 0.12	1
2	ORIFICE	0.020	3 (glass float)	72	48.1	9200	8992	5	78	1020 0.29	2
3	ORIFICE	0.031	1	72	48.1	22000	21504	5	78	1020 0.58	3
4	ORIFICE	0.040	1	72	48.1	36000	35188	5	78	1020 0.96	4
5	ORIFICE	0.052	1	72	48.1	63000	61579	5	78	1020 1.60	5
6	ORIFICE	0.060	1	72	48.1	79500	77707	5	78	1020 2.06	6

* Flowrate Meter Type - see item no., Instrumentation Equipment Sheet

NITROGEN FLOW (SCCM) VS. ORIFICE AREA (SQ IN.) LSQ FIT FOR $1.130974E-04 = \langle X \rangle =$
 $2.827434E-03$, SLP $2.763453E+07$ INTRT 842.8265

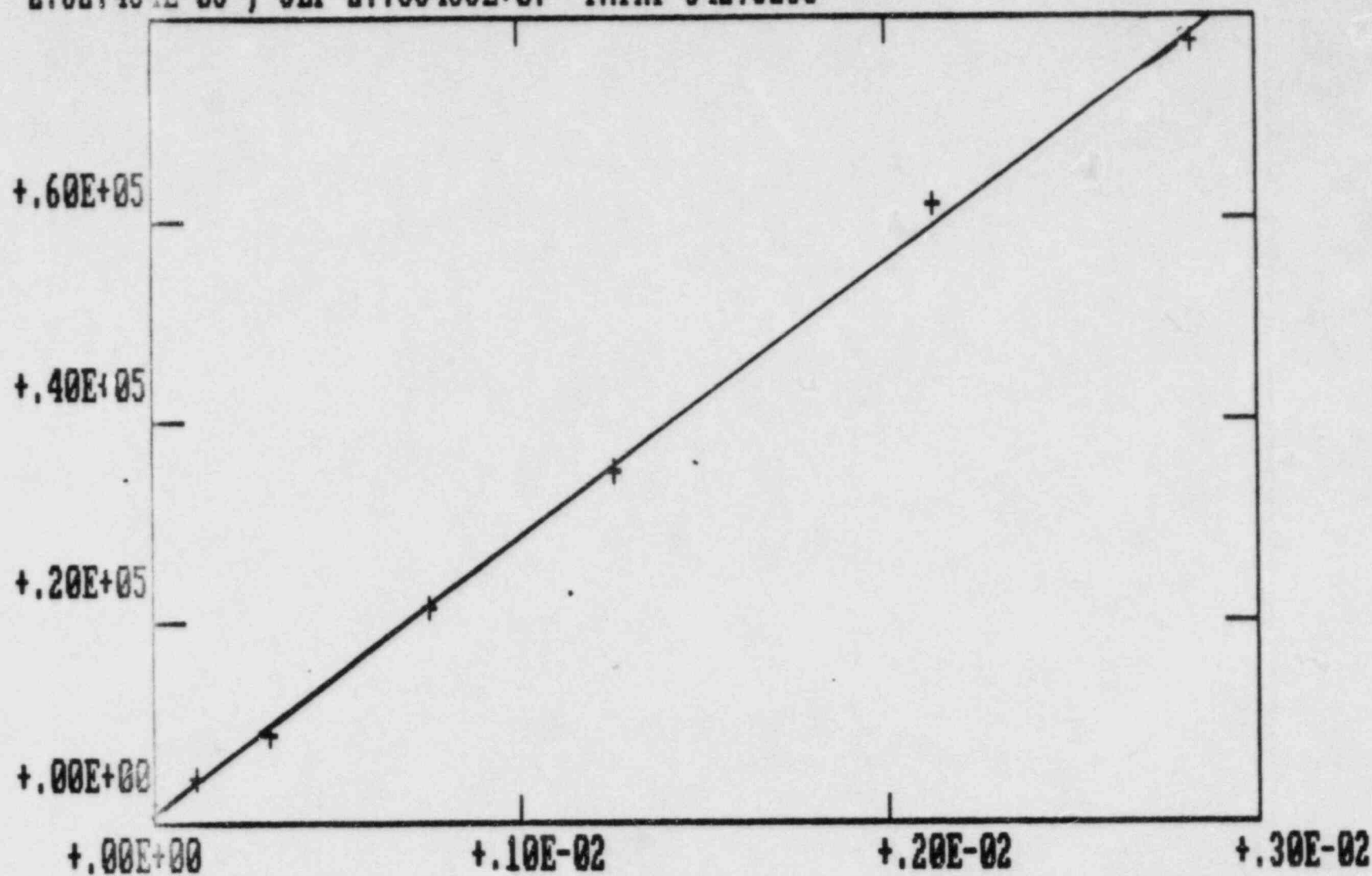


FIGURE 1
APPENDIX I

WATER FLOW (GPM) VS. ORIFICE AREA (SQ IN.) LSQ FIT FOR $1.130974E-04 = \langle X \rangle =$
 $2.827434E-03$, SLP 717.2145 INTRT $5.165318E-02$

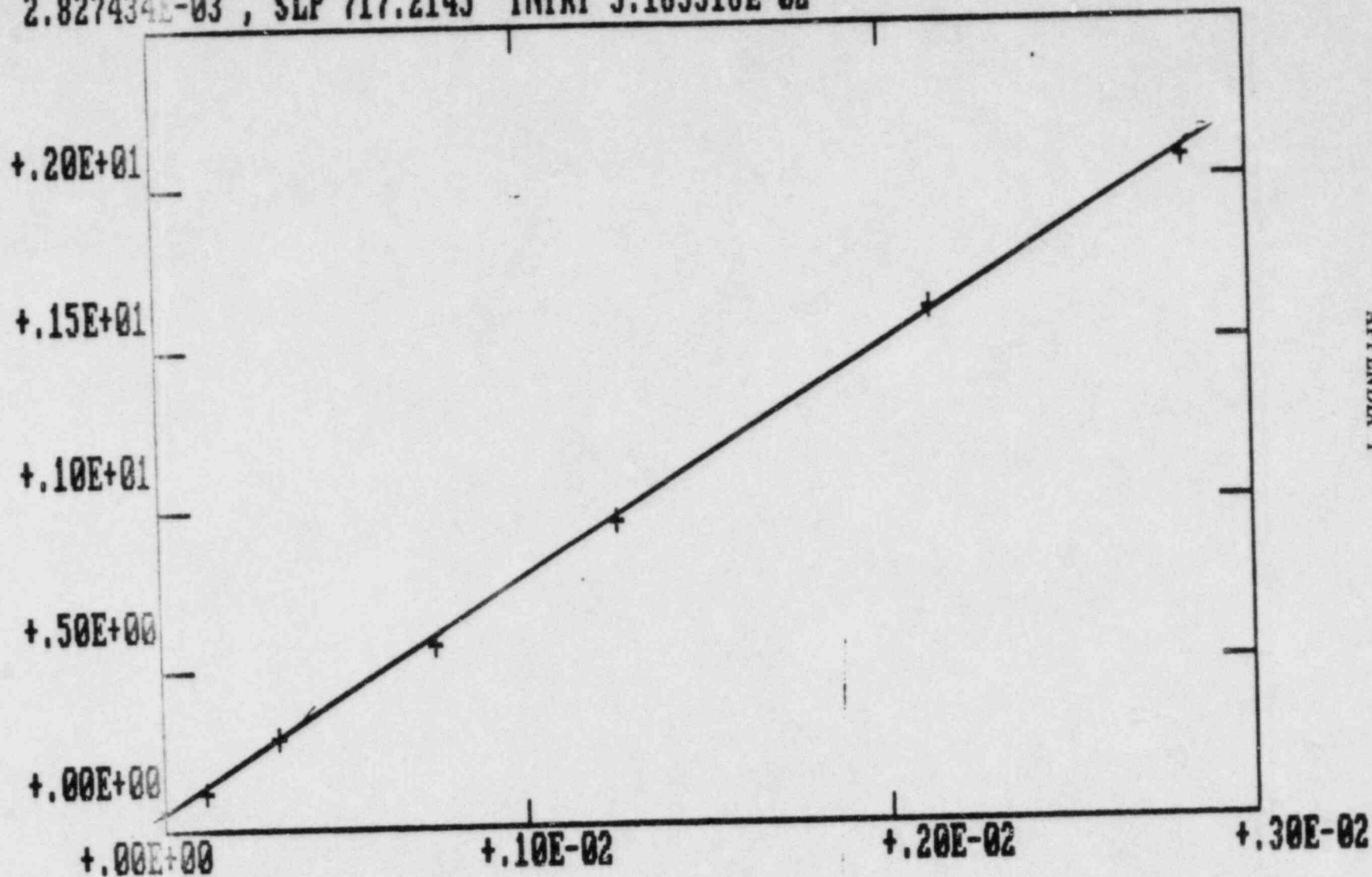


FIGURE 2
APPENDIX I

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 2
APPENDIX 1

LABORATORY TESTS Conducted 7/1/85 through 8/27/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Test Specimen	Size-in ² / Setting-Turns	Flowrate Nitrogen (Meter Type*) °F	psig	ACCM	SCCM	Flowrate Water (Meter Type*) °F	psig	GPM	Line		
1	HOKE	2 Turns	—	—	—	—	5	68	1020	0.09		
2	1/4 inch	3	3	72	48.1	4600	4496	5	68	1020	0.18	2
3	Micrometer	4	3	72	48.1	5800	5669	5	68	1020	0.24	3
4	Valve	5	3	72	48.1	9200	8992	5	68	1020	0.32	4
5	(Run 1)	6	3	72	48.1	11400	11143	5	68	1020	0.38	5
6		7	3	72	48.1	13100	12804	5	68	1020	0.44	6
7		8	3	72	48.1	15500	15150	5	68	1020	0.51	7
8		9	3	72	48.1	17000	16616	5	68	1020	0.56	8
9		10	3	72	48.1	19400	18962	5	68	1020	0.62	9
10		11	3	72	48.1	21400	20917	5	68	1020	0.68	10
11		12	3	72	48.1	23400	22872	5	68	1020	0.73	11
12		13	3	72	48.1	25300	24729	5	68	1020	0.75	12
13		14	3	72	48.1	27800	27173					
14		15	3	72	48.1	28820	28170					

* Flowrate Meter Type - see item no., Instrumentation Equipment Sheet

NITROGEN FLOW (SCCM) VS. VALVE TURNS LSQ FIT FOR 3 < X <= 14 , SLP 2052.297
INTRT-1650.945

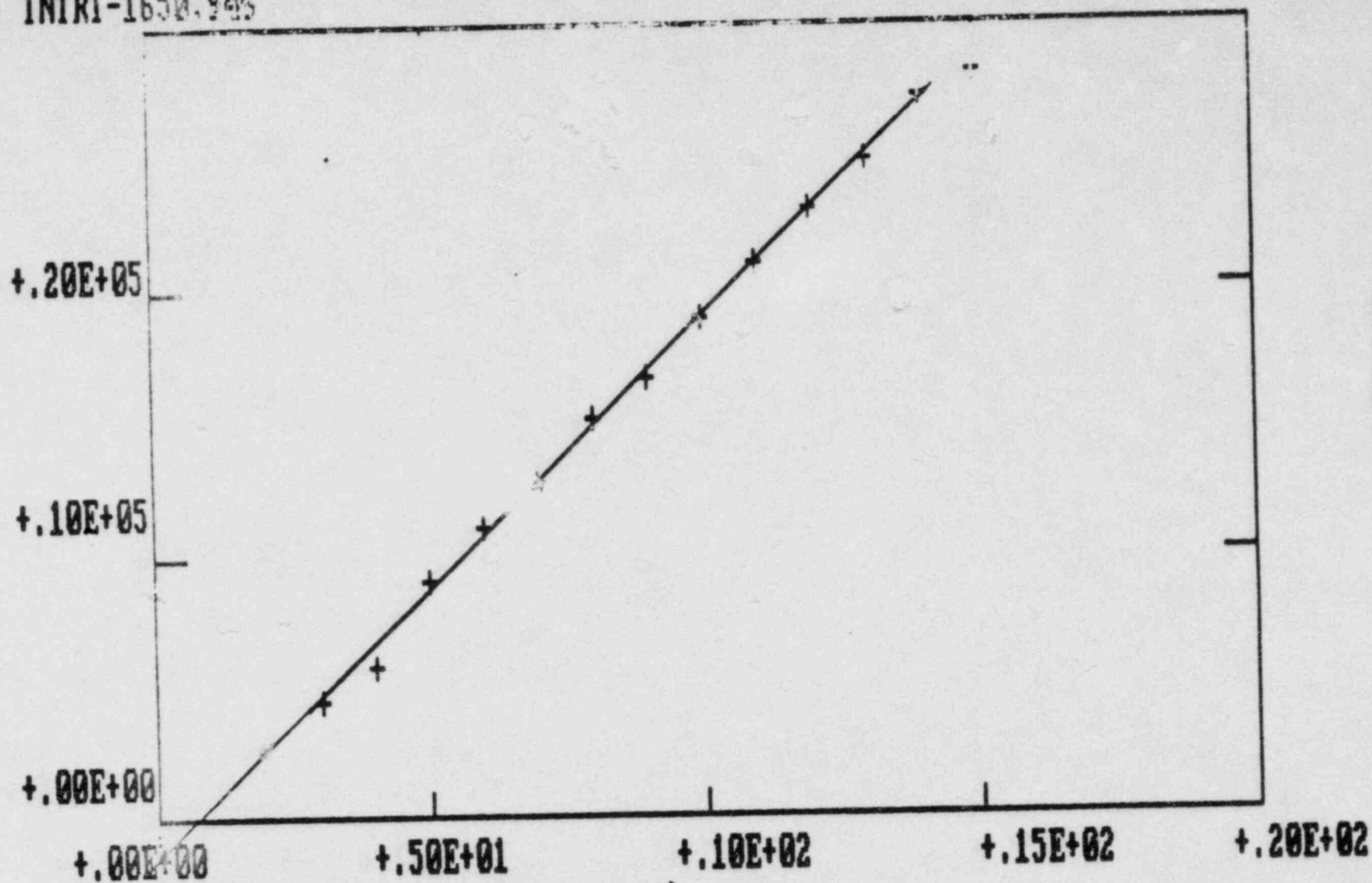


FIGURE 3
APPENDIX I

WATER FLOW (GPM) VS. VALVE TURNS; HOKE 1315G4Y LSQ FIT FOR 3 = <X>= 12 , SLP
6.145449E-02 INTER 5.291145E-20

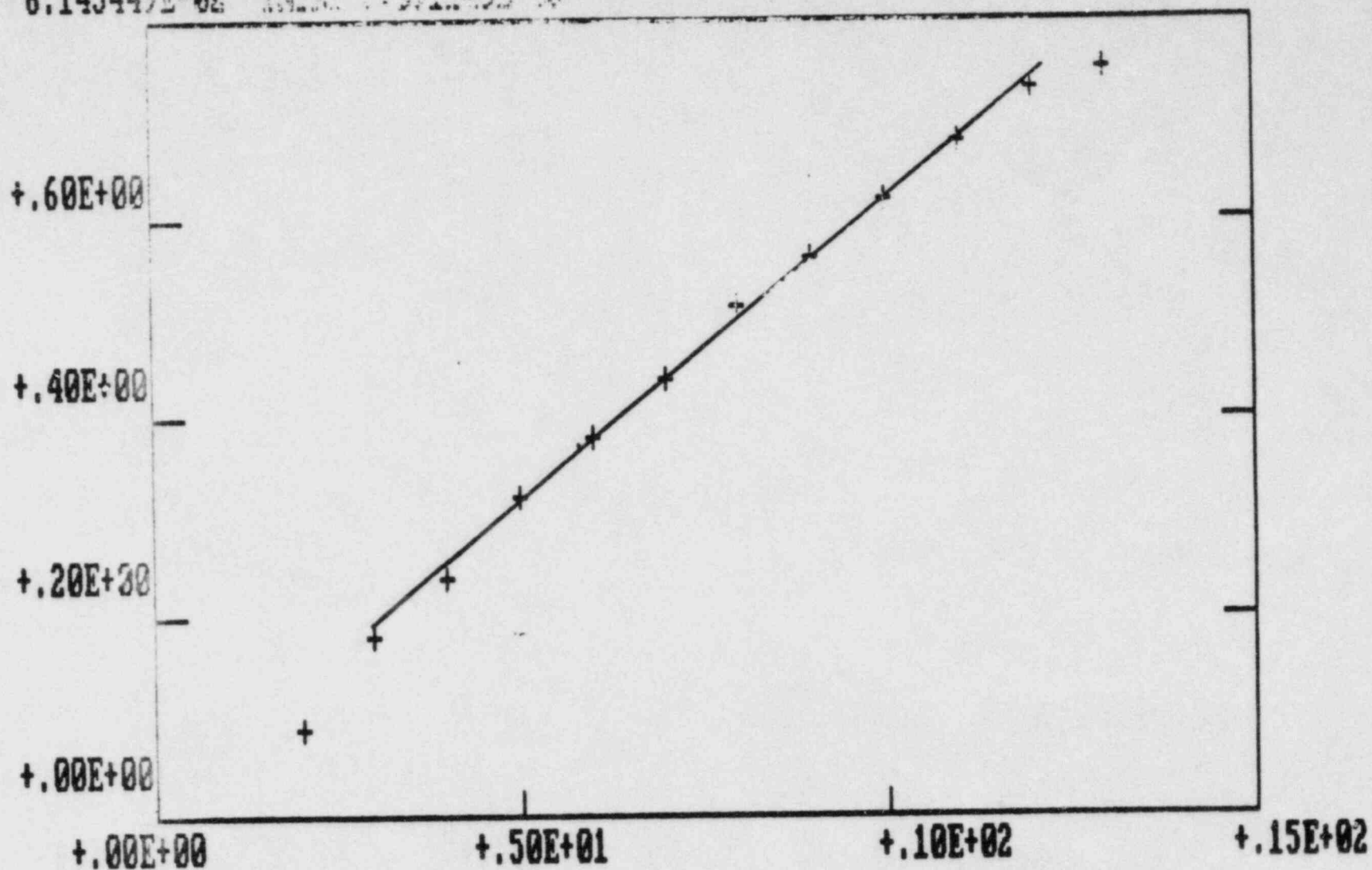



FIGURE 4
APPENDIX 1

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 3
APPENDIX 1

LABORATORY TESTS Conducted 7/1/85 through 8/27/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Test Specimen	Size-in ² / Setting-Turns	Flowrate Nitrogen (Meter Type*) °F	psig	ACCM	SCCM	Flowrate Water (Meter Type*) °F	psig	GPM	Line		
1	NUPRO	0.04	—	—	—	—	5	73	1020	0.31	1	
2	1/4 inch	0.08	1	72	48.1	18000	17593	5	73	1020	0.61	2
3	Micrometer	0.12	1	72	48.1	23000	22481	5	73	1020	0.77	3
4	Valve	0.16	1	72	48.1	28500	27857	5	73	1020	0.97	4
5		0.20	1	72	48.1	34000	33233	5	73	1020	1.12	5
6		0.24	1	72	48.1	40000	39097	5	73	1020	1.35	6
7		0.28	1	72	48.1	45500	44473	5	73	1020	1.38	7
8		0.40	1	71	48.1	62500	61205	5	73	1020	1.85	8
9		0.60	1	71	48.1	76500	74915	5	73	1020	2.12	9
10		0.80	1	71	48.1	80000	78342	5	73	1020	2.20	10
11		1.00	1	71	48.1	84000	82259	5	73	1020	2.40	11
12		1.20	1	71	48.1	87500	85687	5	73	1020	2.50	12
13		1.40	1	71	48.1	89500	87645	5	73	1020	2.58	13
14		1.60	1	71	48.1	Note 1	—	5	73	1020	2.60	14
15		1.80	1	71	48.1	Note 1	—	5	73	1020	2.70	15
16		2.00	1	70	48.1	Note 1	—	5	73	1020	2.84	16

Note 1: Flow meter readings not on calibration curve; no data.

* Flowrate Meter Type - see item no., Instrumentation Equipment Sheet

NITROGEN FLOW (SCCM) VS. VALVE TURNS; NUPRO SS-2M-S6 LSQ FIT FOR .08 ≤ X ≤ .4
, SLP 137122.9 INTRT 5142.47

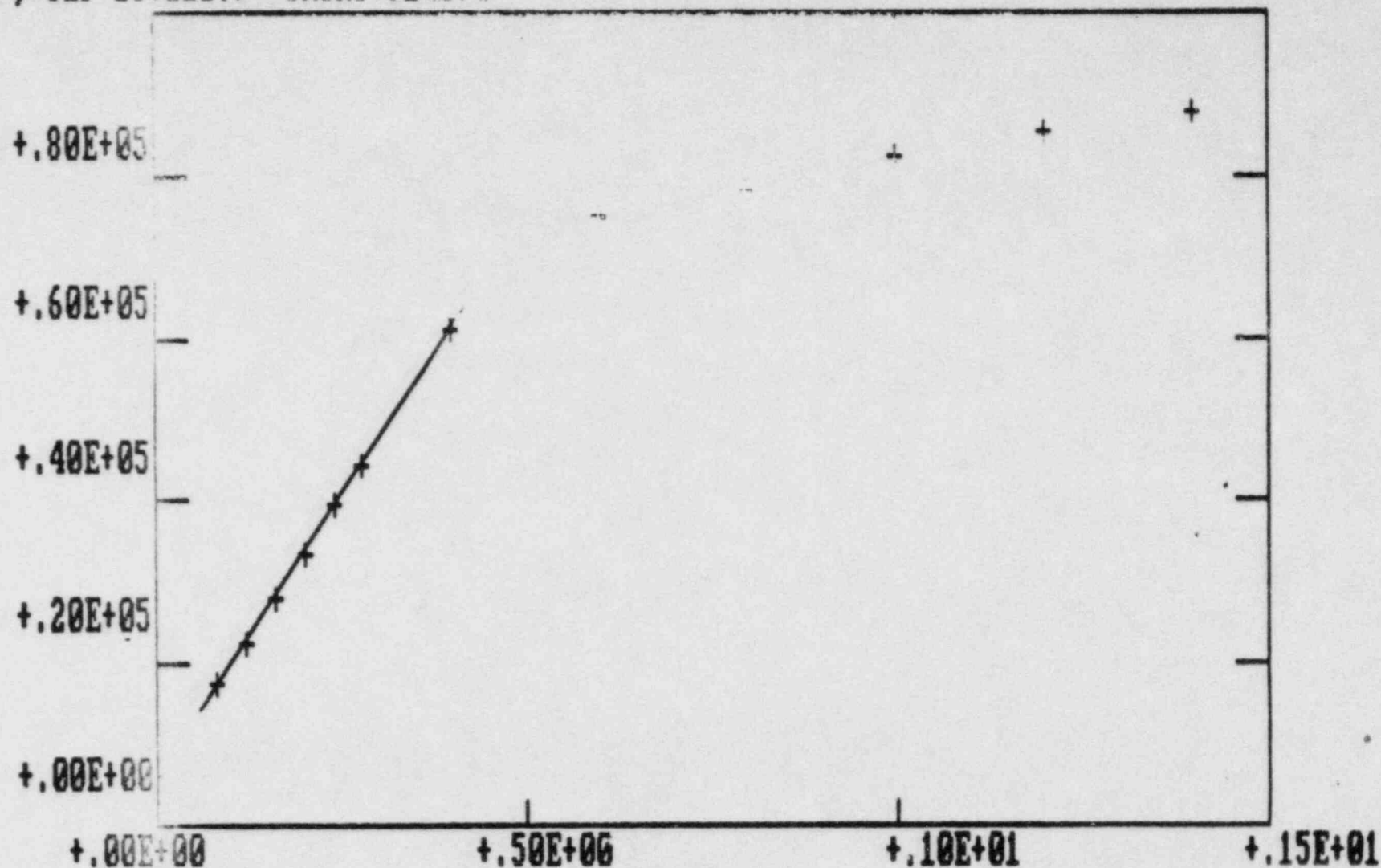


FIGURE 5
APPENDIX I

WATER FLOW (GPM) VS. VALVE TURNS; NUPRO SS-2M-S6 LSQ FIT FOR .04 ≤ X ≤ .24 , SLP
4.949999 INTRT .1620001

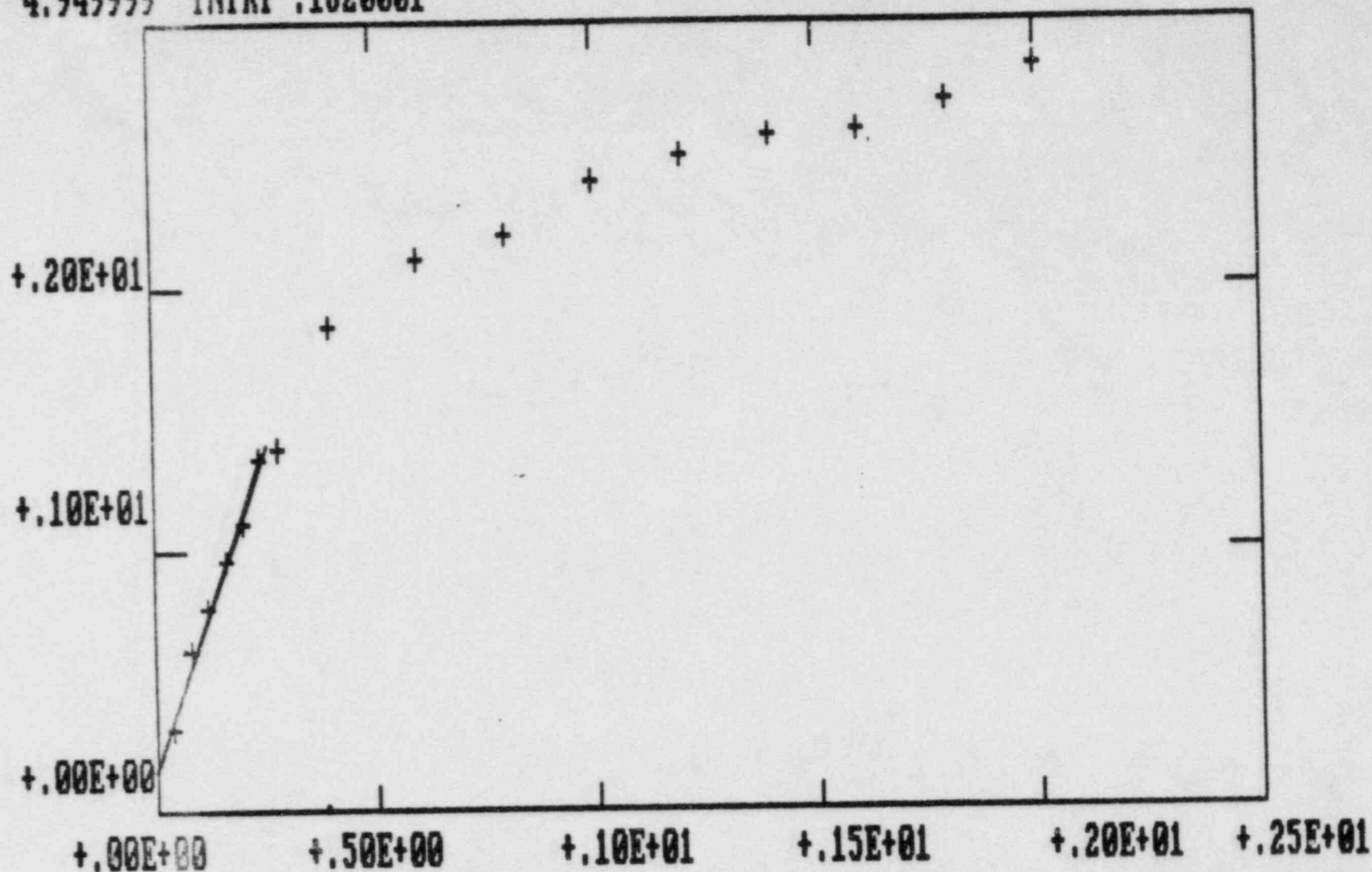


FIGURE 6
APPENDIX I

NITROGEN FLOW (SCCM) VS. VALVE TURNS; NUPRO SS-2M-S6 LSQ FIT FOR $.6 \leq X \leq 1.4$
, SLP 16402.5 INTRT 65367.13

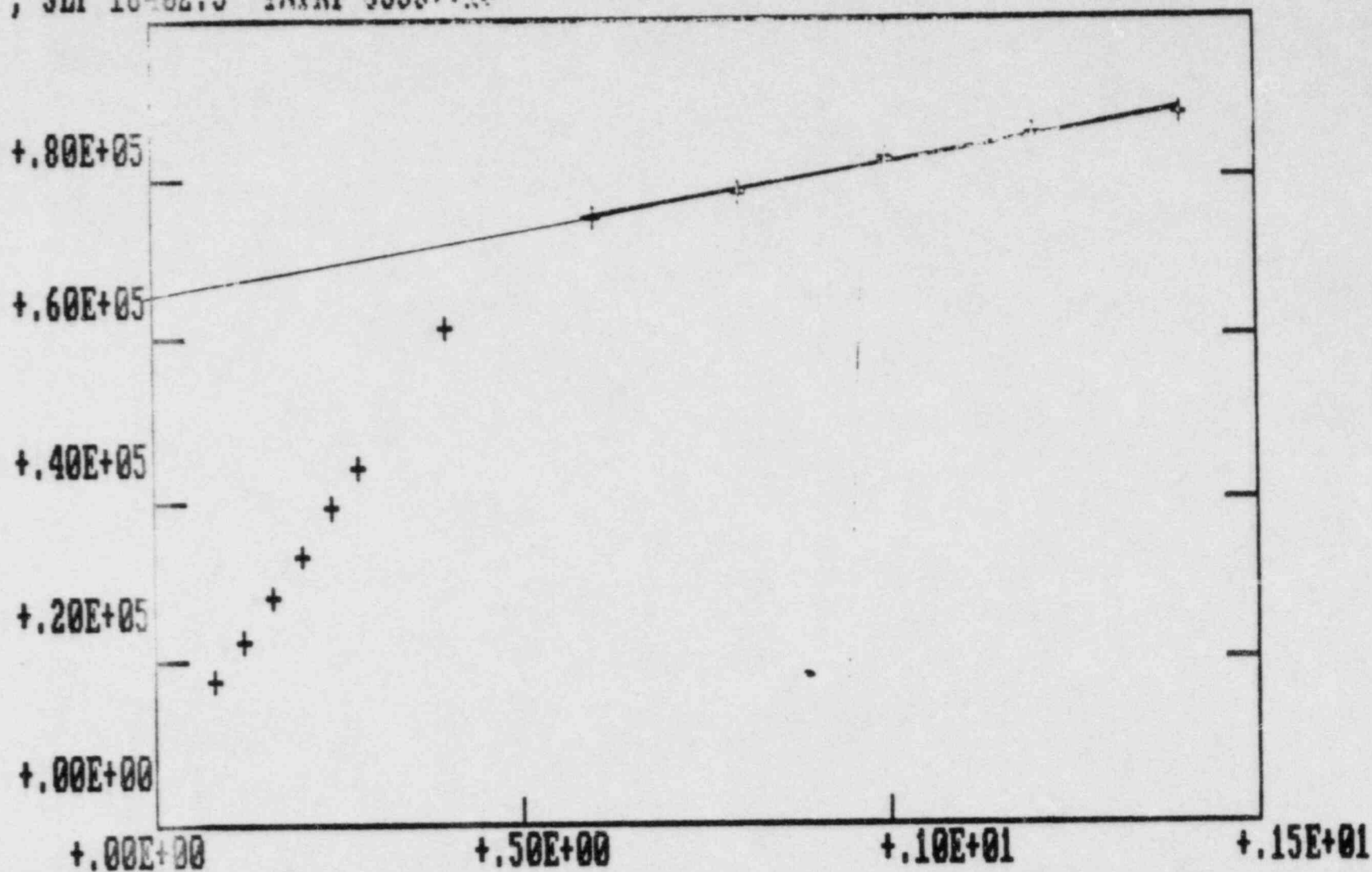


FIGURE 7
APPENDIX I

WATER FLOW (GPM) VS. VALVE TURNS; NUPRO SS-2M-S6 LSQ FIT FOR $.4 \leq X \leq 2$, SLP
.556667 INTRT 1.753111

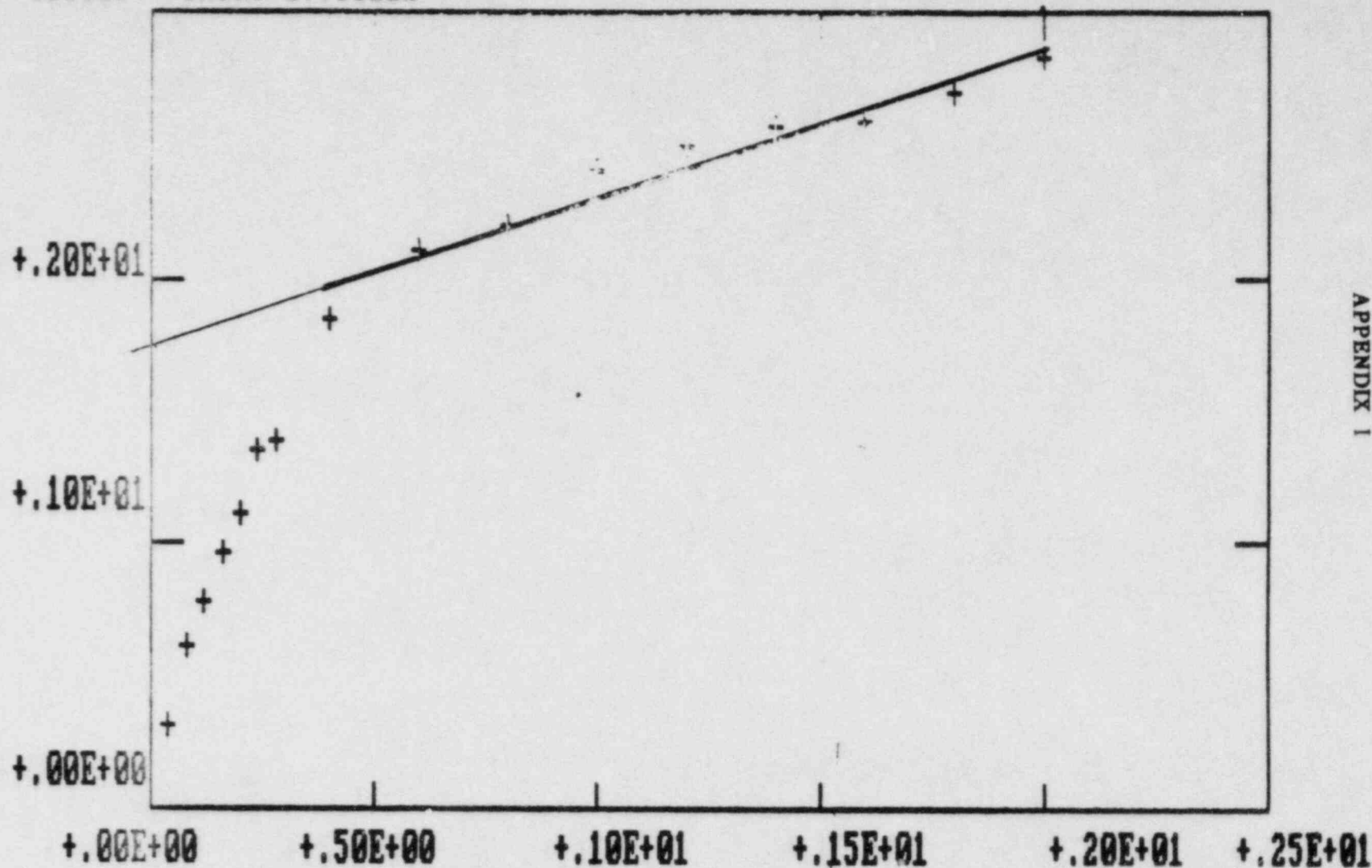


FIGURE 8
APPENDIX I

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 4 (pg. 1 of 2)
APPENDIX I

LABORATORY TESTS Conducted 7/1/85 through 8/27/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Test Specimen	Size-in ² / Setting-Turns	Flowrate Nitrogen (Meter Type*) °F	psig	ACCM	SCCM	Flowrate Water (Meter Type*) °F	psig	GPM	Line		
1	HOKE	1	2A	78	440	425	—	—	—	1		
2	1/4 inch	1-1/2	2A	78	48.1	1200	1160	—	—	2		
3	Micrometer	2	2A	78	48.1	2200	2126	5	75	1020	0.08	3
4	Valve	2-1/2	2B	78	48.1	3360	3248	5	75	1020	—	4
5	(Run 2)	3	2B	78	48.1	4460	4311	5	75	1020	0.16	5
6		3-1/2	3A	78	48.1	4800	4639	5	75	1020	—	6
7		4	3A	78	48.1	6200	5992	5	75	1020	0.25	7
8		4-1/2	3A	78	48.1	6600	5379	5	75	1020	—	8
9		5	3A	79	48.1	8400	8104	5	75	1020	0.32	9
10		5-1/2	3A	79	48.1	9490	9069	5	75	1020	—	10
11		6	3A	79	48.1	10000	9647	5	75	1020	0.38	11
12		6-1/2	3A	79	48.1	11000	10612	5	75	1020	—	12
13		7	3A	79	48.1	12000	11577	5	75	1020	0.44	13
14		7-1/2	3A	79	48.1	12800	12349	5	75	1020	—	14
15		8	3A	79	48.1	14400	13892	5	75	1020	0.50	15

* Flowrate Meter Type - see item no., Instrumentation Equipment Sheet

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 4 (pg. 2 of 2)
APPENDIX 1

LABORATORY TESTS Conducted 7/1/85 through 8/27/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Test Specimen	Size-in ² / Setting-Turns	Flowrate Nitrogen (Meter Type*)	°F	psig	ACCM	SCCM	Flowrate Water (Meter Type*)	°F	psig	GPM	Line
16	HOKE	8-1/2	3B	79	48.1	16200	15629	5	75	1020	---	16
17	1/4 inch	9	3B	79	48.1	16800	16208	5	75	1020	0.55	17
18	Micrometer	9-1/2	3B	80	48.1	18200	17525	5	75	1020	---	18
19	Valve	10	3B	80	48.1	19000	18296	5	75	1020	0.62	19
20	(Run 2)	10-1/2	3B	80	48.1	20200	19452	5	75	1020	---	20
21		11		80	48.1	---	---	5	75	1020	0.65	21
22		12		80	48.1	---	---	5	75	1020	0.69	22
23		13		80	48.1	---	---	5	75	1020	0.73	23
24		14	1	78	48.1	24500	23680	5	75	1020	0.77	24
25		15	---	---	---	---	---	5	75	1020	0.81	25
26		16	---	---	---	---	---	5	75	1020	0.85	26
27		17	1	78	48.1	28500	27546	5	75	1020	0.87	27
28		18	---	---	---	---	---	5	75	1020	0.89	28
29		19	---	---	---	---	---	5	75	1020	0.93	29
30		20	1	78	48.1	31000	29963	5	75	1020	0.94	30

* Flowrate Meter Type - see item no., Instrumentation Equipment Sheet

NITROGEN FLOW (SCCM) VS. VALVE TURNS; HOKE 1315G4Y LSQ FIT FOR 1 =<X<= 10.5
, SLP 2007.51 INTRT-2038.39

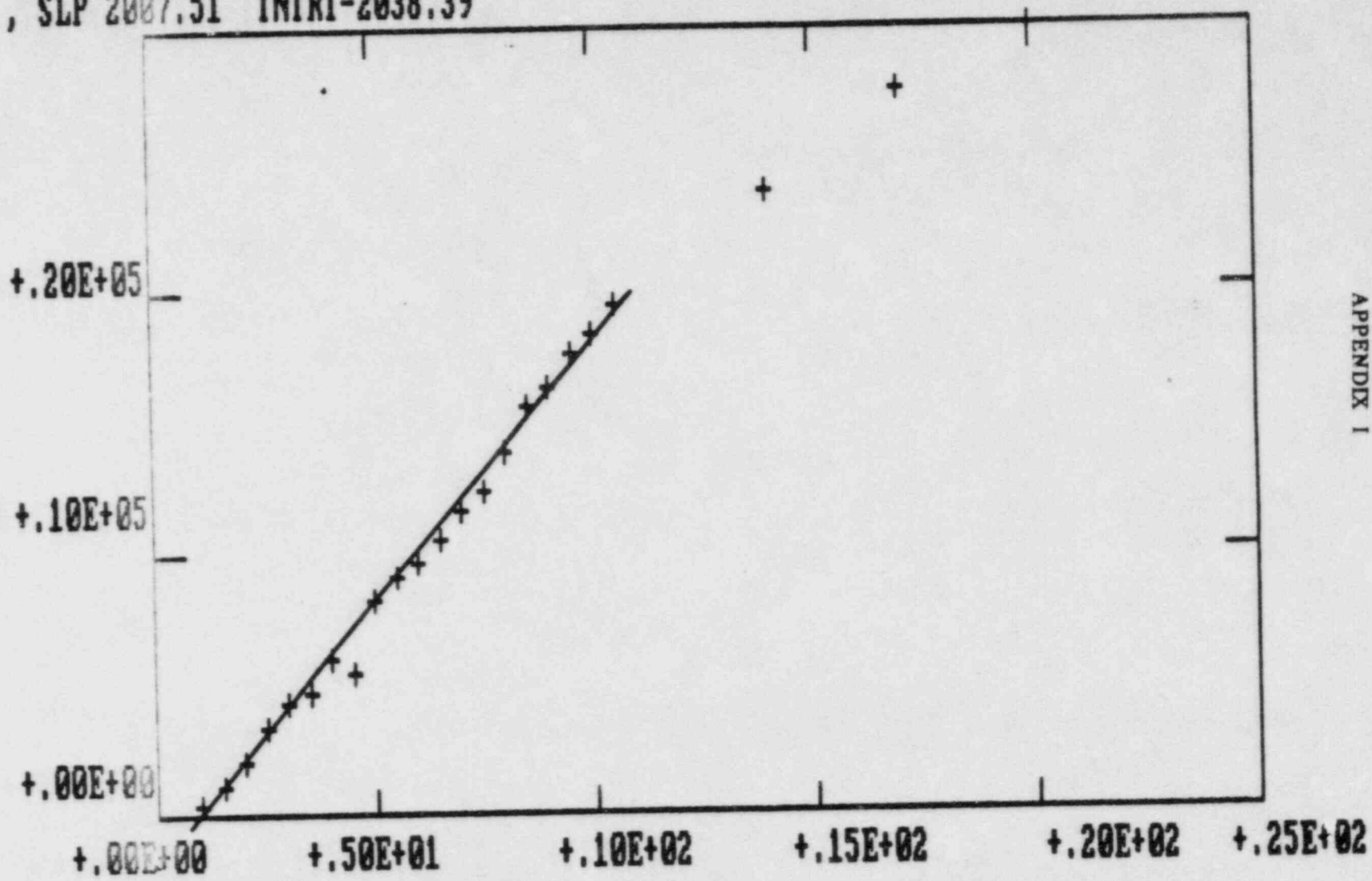


FIGURE 9
APPENDIX I

WATER FLOW (GPM) VS. VALVE TURNS LSQ FIT FOR 3 <= X <= 10 , SLP 6.333338E-02
INTRT-9.167262E-03

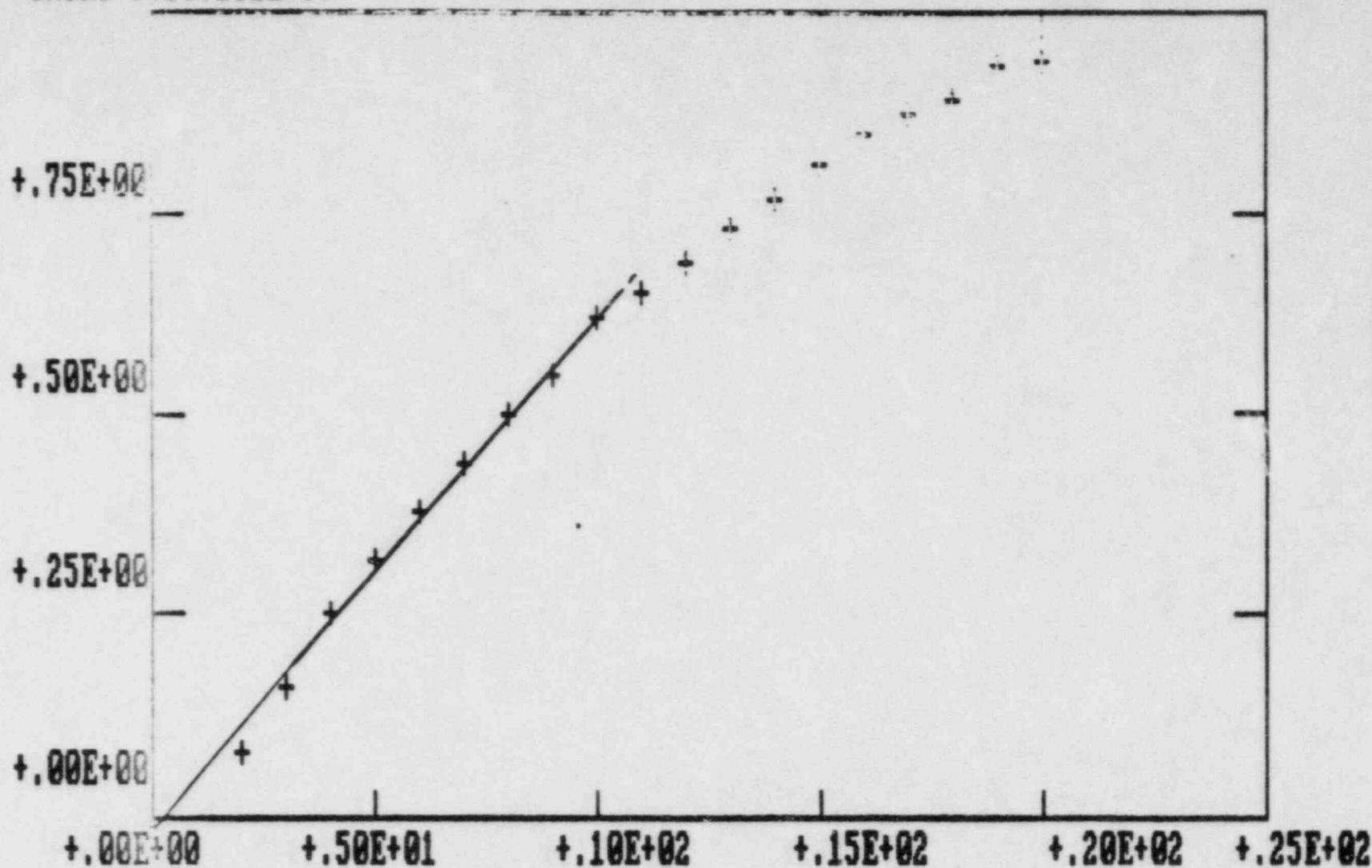






FIGURE 10
APPENDIX I

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 5 (pg. 1 of 2)
APPENDIX 1

FIELD TESTS Conducted 7/09/85 through 10/17/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

Line	Penetration I.D.	Valve(s) No.	Valve Description	Valve Type	Valve Size	LLRT DATA AIR TEST			WATER TEST			Line
						Pressure psig	Leakage SCCM	Date '85	Pressure psig	Leakage GPM	Date '85	
1	P3	BC-V164	RHR Shutdown Cooling Suction	Gate	20"	48.3	256	10/12	1020	0.04	10/13	1
2	P3	BC-V071	RHR Shutdown Cooling Suction	Gate	20"	48.5	470	10/12	1020	0.03	10/13	2
3	P4A	BC-V013	RHR Shutdown Cooling Return	Gate	12"	48.1	18	8/15	1015	0.005	8/15	3
4	P4A	BC-V014		Stop Check	12"	48.2	15	8/08	1015	0.002	8/08	4
	P4A	BC-V118		Globe	1"							
5	P4B	BC-V110		Globe	12"	48.4	50	8/14	1020	0.005	9/10	5
6	P4B	BC-V111		Stop Check	12"	48.3	165	9/03	1020	0.003	9/10	6
	P4E	BC-V117		Globe	1"							
7	P5A	BE-V003	Core Spray	Gate	12"	48.2	- 0 -	7/20	1020	0.014	7/10	7
8	P5A	BE-V002		Stop Check	12"	48.4	230	9/18	1020	0.013	9/10	8
		BE-V072		Globe	1"							
9	P5B	BE-V007		Gate	12"	48.3	2.78	9/17	1020	0.056	9/24	9

AIR VERSUS WATER CORRELATION FOR LEAK TESTING
For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

TABLE 5 (pg. 2 of 2)
APPENDIX 1

FIELD TESTS Conducted 7/09/85 through 10/17/85
WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

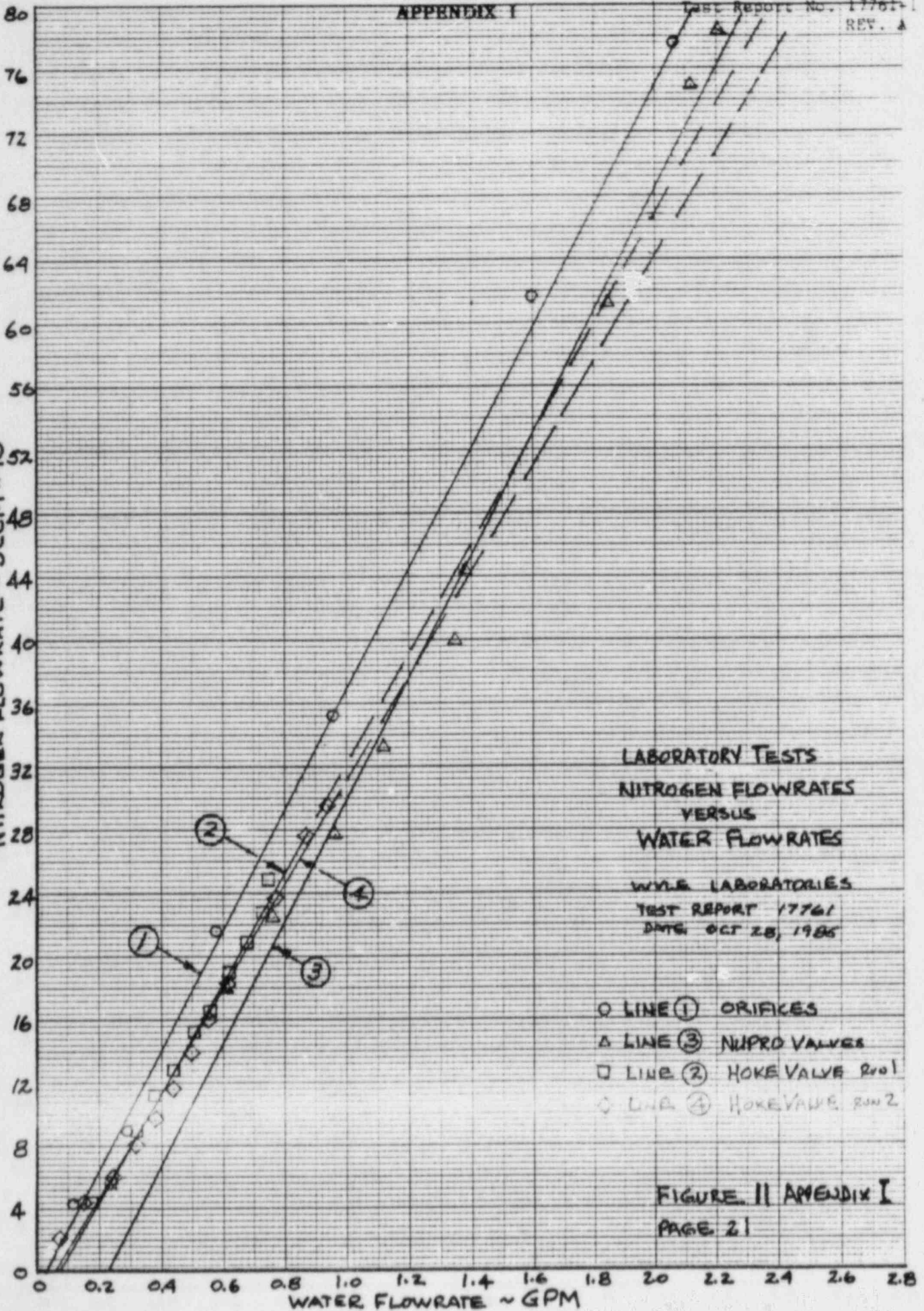
Line	Penetration I.D.	Valve(s) No.	Valve Description	Valve Type	Valve Size	LLRT DATA AIR TEST			WATER TEST			Line
						Pressure psig	Leakage SCCM	Date '85	Pressure psig	Leakage GPM	Date '85	
10	P5B P5B	BE-V006 BE-V071	Core Spray	Stop Check Globe	12" 1"	48.3	2.78	9/17	1020	0.048	9/24	10
11	P10	BC-V020	RHR, RPV Head Spray	Globe	6"	48.3	27.1	10/01	1020	0.001	10/17	11
12	P10	BC-V021	↓	Gate	6"	48.4	2.0	10/02	1020	0.001	10/17	12
13	P6A	BC-V004	RHR, LPCI	Gate	12"	48.1	0.9		1020	0.004		13
14	P6A P6A	BC-V005 BC-V122		Stop Check Globe	12" 1"	48.3	1267		1020	0.002	14	
15	P6B	BC-V016		Gate	12"	48.1	40.9	9/11	1020	0.04	9/10	15
16	P6B P6B	BC-V017 BC-V120		Stop Check Globe	12" 1"	48.3	437	9/09	1035	0.03	9/10	16
17	P6D	BC-V101		Gate	12"	48.4	315	9/11	1035	0.01	9/12	17
18	P6D P6D	BC-V102 BC-V121		Stop Check Globe	1" 1"	48.5	360	9/11	1035	0.004	9/12	18
19	P6C	BC-V113		Gate	12"	48.3	40.8	7/09	1020	0.05	8/30	19
20	P6C P6C	BC-V114 BC-V119		Stop Check Globe	12" 1"	48.5	305	7/29	1020	0.004	8/30	20

FIGURE 11
APPENDIX I

46 1242

20 X 20 TO THE INCH • 7 X 10 INCHES
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO. NEW YORK

NITROGEN FLOWRATE ~ SCCM $\times 10^3$



For Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Hope Creek Generating Station

FIELD TEST DATA COMPARISON TO
 LABORATORY TESTS' CORRELATION DATA

TABLE 6
 APPENDIX I

WYLE LABORATORIES, Huntsville, Alabama

1 Line	Field Test ² Actual Air Flow SCCM	Field Test ³ Actual Water Flow GPM	Lab Test ⁴ Correlated Data Most Conservative GPM	5 Factor	Lab Test ⁶ Correlated Data Least Conservative GPM	7 Factor
1	256	0.04	0.233	5.8	0.036	0.9
2	470	0.03	0.239	7.9	0.042	1.4
3	18	0.005	0.227	45.	0.030	6
4	15	0.002	0.227	113	0.030	15
5	50	0.005	0.228	45	0.031	6.2
6	165	0.003	0.231	77	0.034	11
7	- 0 -	0.014	0.227	16.2	0.030	2.1
8	230	0.013	0.233	17.9	0.036	2.8
9	2.78	0.056	0.227	4	0.030	0.6
10	906	0.048	0.250	5.2	0.053	1.1
11	21.7	0.001	0.228	228	0.030	30
12	2.0	0.001	0.227	227	0.030	30
13	0.9	0.004	0.227	56	0.030	7.5
14	1267	0.002	0.260	130	0.063	31.5
15	40.9	0.04	0.228	5.7	0.031	0.8
16	437	0.03	0.238	7.9	0.041	1.4
17	315	0.01	0.235	23.5	0.038	3.8
18	360	0.004	0.236	59	0.039	9.75
19	40.8	0.05	0.228	4.6	0.031	0.6
20	305	0.004	0.235	58	0.038	9.5

1. Line No. of Field Test Data, Table 5 Appendix I.
2. Actual Field Test Leakrate in SCCM
3. Actual Field Test Leakrate in GPM
4. Lab Test computed correlation using Field Test Air Flow Actual SCCM with equation (1), for most conservative correlation Line 3, Figure 11, Appendix I, in GPM.
5. Factor indicating conservatism = $\frac{\text{Correlated Data (computed)}}{\text{Actual Field Test Water Flow GPM}}$ GPM, most conservative.
6. Ditto 4 above, but for least conservative Line 1, equation (2), in GPM.
7. Ditto 5 above for least conservative.

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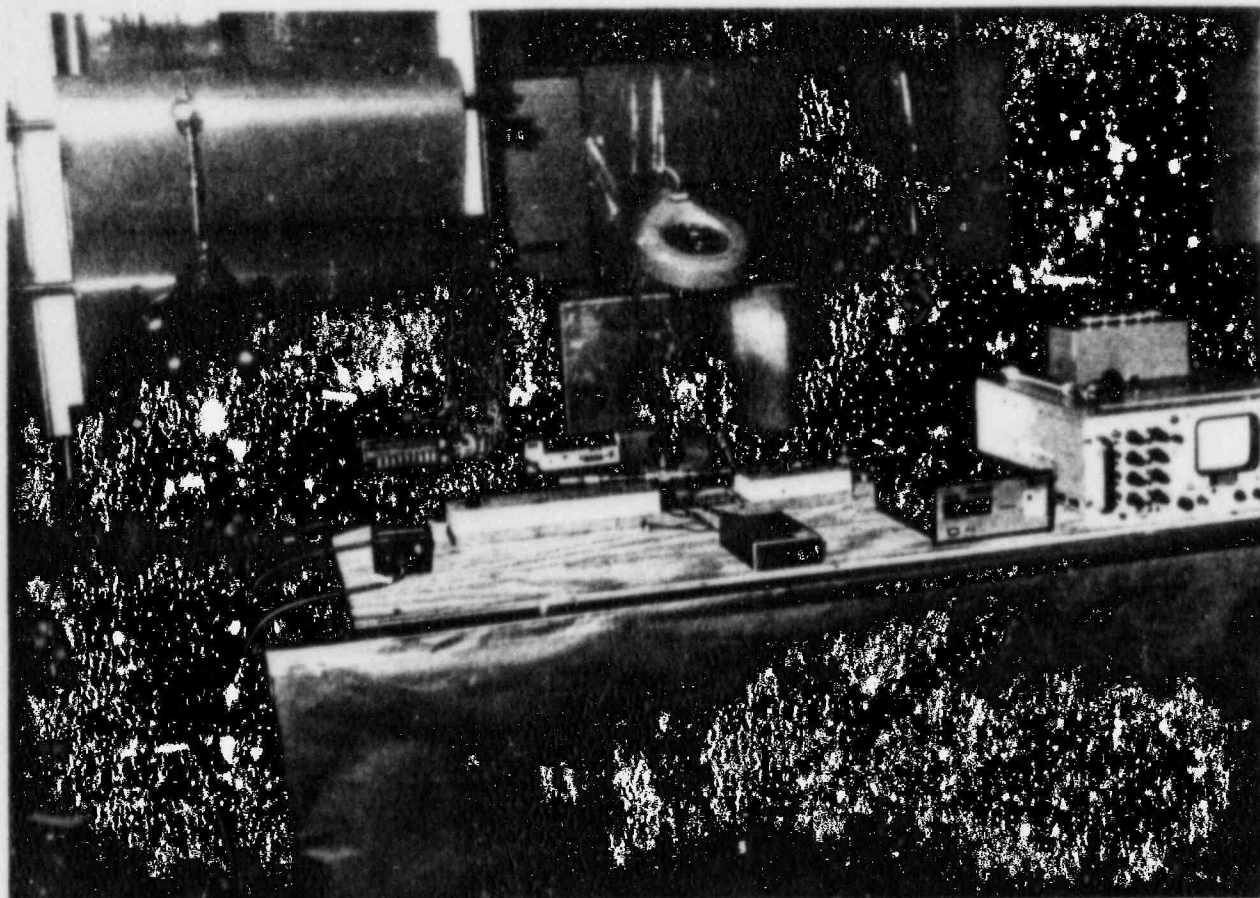


FIGURE 12
APPENDIX I

PAGE NO. 30

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APPENDIX II

Page 1 of 1

Job No. 17761-15

Test Area SRVCustomer PSE & GType Test GN_2 FLOW WATER FLOW[illegible]

Checked & Received By L. J. Williams 7-1-85

B.D. Chamberlain 7-1-85

Instrumentation
MM 1029 Rev. A 11/82



EARL
Campbell
102724

Page No. 32
Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

Dick Munns Company

LIQUID AND GAS - FLOWMETER CALIBRATION SERVICE

Phone 596-1559

3335 Cerritos Avenue

Los Alamitos, Calif. 90720

Certificate

DATE 1-3-85

SUBMITTED FOR CALIBRATION BY Wyle Laboratories
TYPE OF INSTRUMENT Flowmeter Tube
SERIAL NO. B-R659
MODEL NO. 1/8
MFG. Gilmont
RATED ACCURACY ±2% F.S.
CALIBRATION INTERVAL 12 months

INDICATED		ACTUAL	REMARKS	
TUBE SCALE		S.C.C.M. Glass Flt.	TUBE SCALE	S.C.C.M. S.S. Flt.
10		106	80	3443
30		504	100	4428
60		1258		
80		1751		
100		2260		
			GN2 @ 14.7 PSIA & 70°F.	

CALIBRATION BY COMPARISON WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS

Test unit A-2 . N.B.S. Traceability #M-1859 .

As per MIL-STD-45662. Due Date 5-1-85.

ALL INSTRUMENTS USED TO ACCOMPLISH ABOVE CALIBRATION HAVE DIRECT TRACEABILITY TO THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

CALIBRATION BY RM

APPROVED BY [Signature]

Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

WYLE LABORATORIES

Flowmeter Tube

B-8659

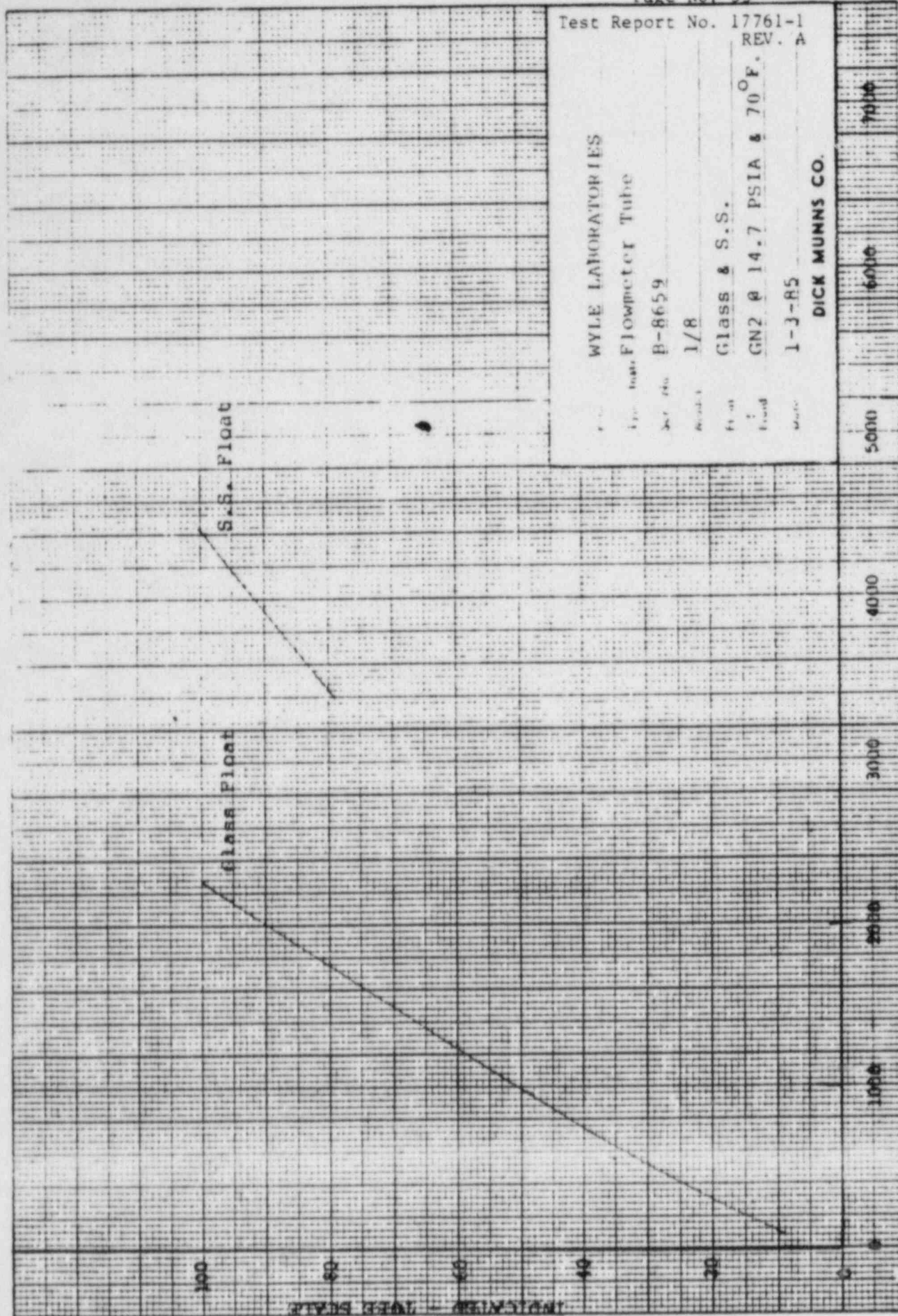
1/8

Glass & S.S.

GN2 @ 14.7 PSIA & 70°F.

1-3-R5

DICK MUNN CO.





Dick Munns Company

LIQUID AND GAS - FLOWMETER CALIBRATION SERVICE

Phone 596-1559

3335 Cerritos Avenue

Los Alamitos, Calif. 90720

Certificate

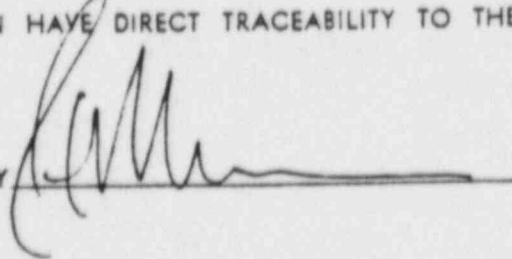
DATE 12-17-84

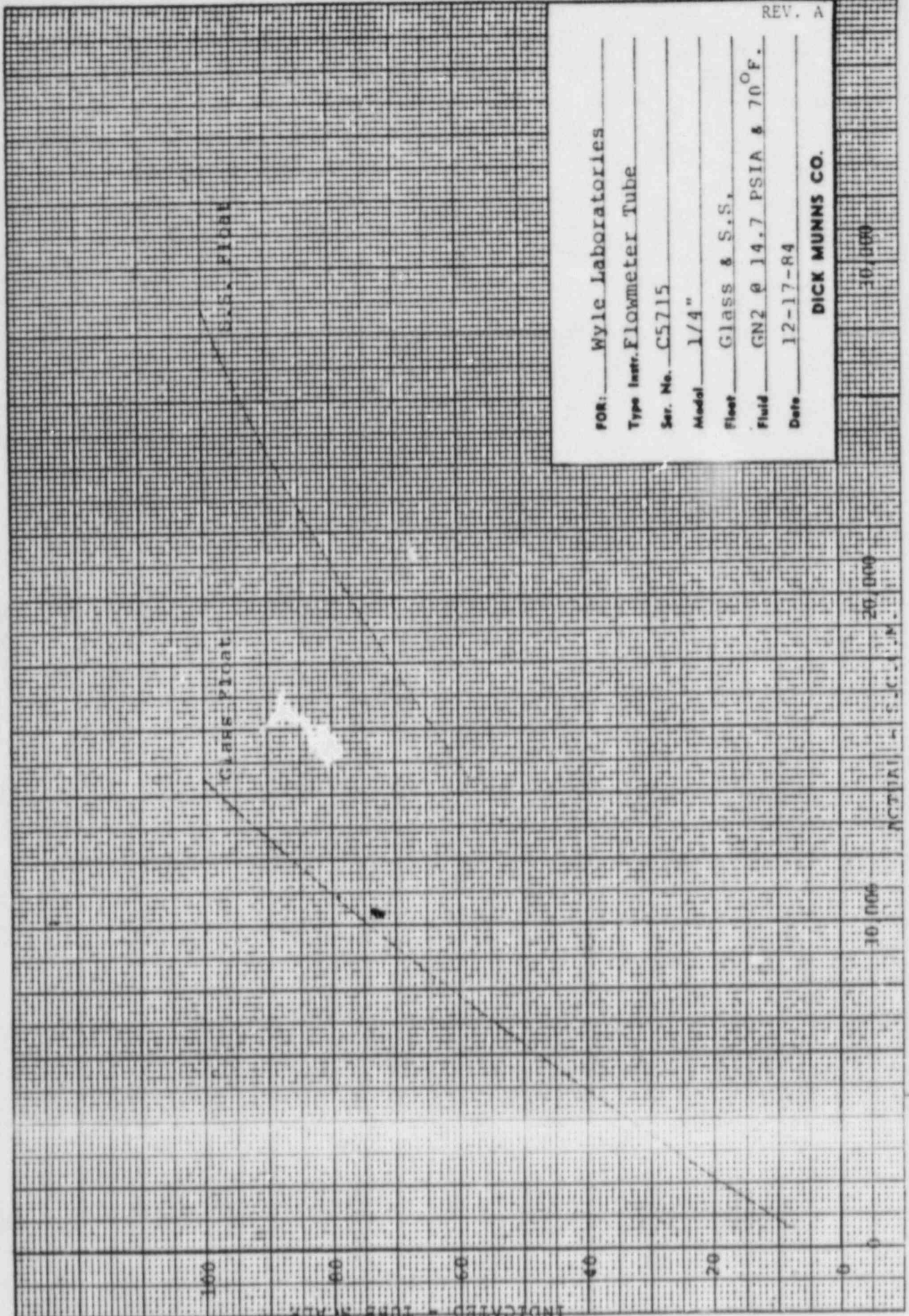
SUBMITTED FOR CALIBRATION BY Wyle Laboratories
TYPE OF INSTRUMENT Flowmeter Tube
SERIAL NO. C5715
MODEL NO. 1/4"
MFR. Gilmont
RATED ACCURACY ± 2% F.S.
CALIBRATION INTERVAL 12 months

INDICATED		ACTUAL	REMARKS	
TUBE SCALE		S.C.C.M.	TUBE SCALE	S.C.C. l.
10		880	58.5	14517
30		3450	80	21200
60		7800	100	28820
80		11000		
100		14500	GN2 @ 14.7 PSIA & 70°F.	

CALIBRATED BY COMPARISON WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS _____
Test units A-2 & A-3, N.B.S. Traceability #M-1859.
As per MIL-STD-45662. Calibration Due Date 5-1-85.

ALL INSTRUMENTS USED TO ACCOMPLISH ABOVE CALIBRATION HAVE DIRECT TRACEABILITY TO THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WASHINGTON, D.C.

CALIBRATION BY RM APPROVED BY 



FOR: Wyle Laboratories

Type Instr. Flowmeter Tube

Ser. No. C5715

Model 1/4"

Float Glass & S.S.

Fluid GN2 @ 14.7 PSIA & 70°F.

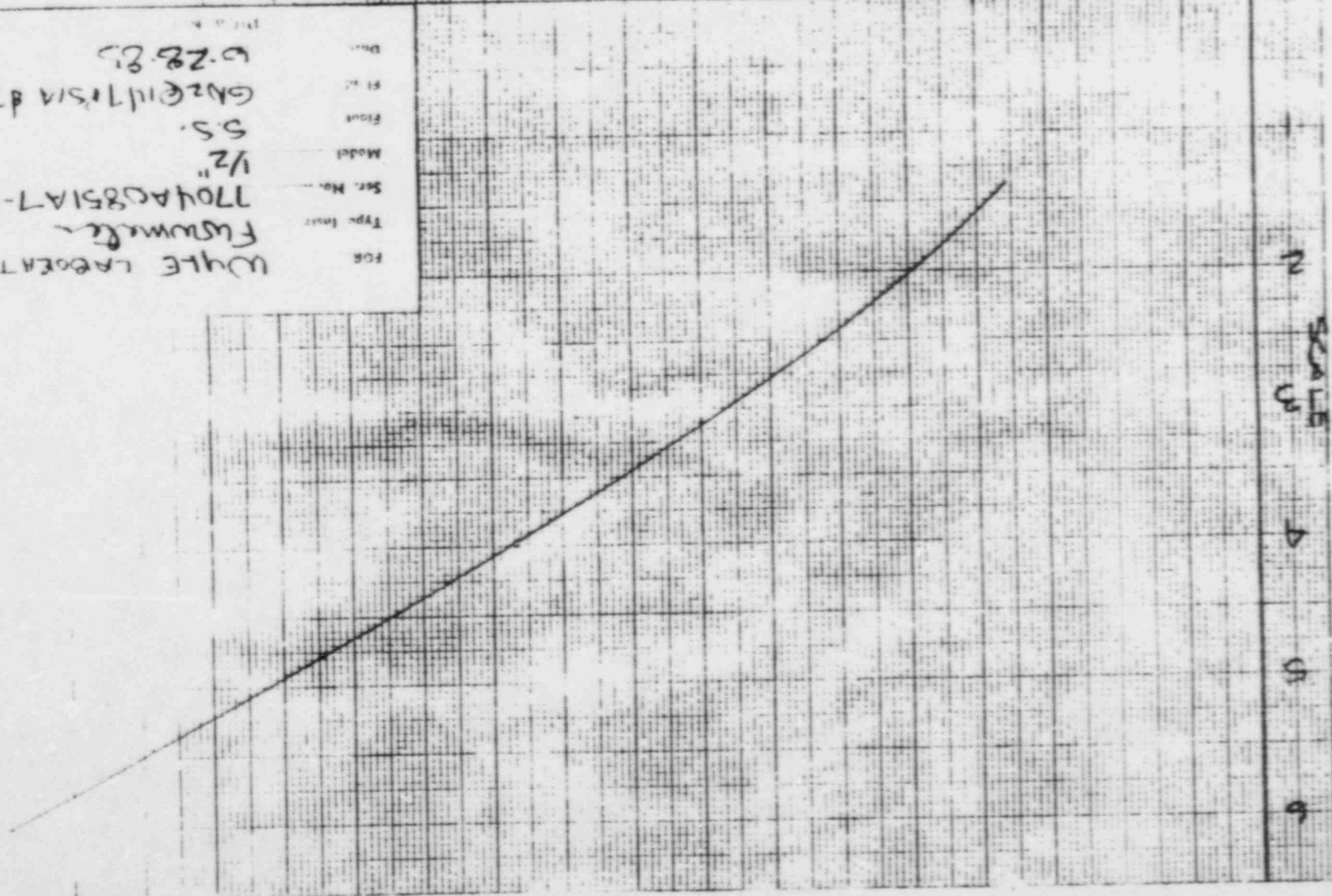
Date 12-17-84

DICK MUNNS CO.

WYLE LABORATORIES
 FUSUMAKI
 7704A0851A7-12
 1/2"
 S.S.
 GAGE 117151A 0701
 6-28-85

FOR
 TYPE
 SER. NO.
 MODEL
 FRONT
 PLATE
 DATE

RENTAL



APPENDIX III

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

PRESSURE CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 115

CO. NO. 5806

DATE 8-2-85

MFR. VOI CAP. 200; 2,000; SCUM RANGE

BY JSS

Pressure Standard				LPM			
Pressure			Pressure	Pressure			
Reading	Bar. Press		Reading	Reading	Error		
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
24.710	14.710		10	9.8	0.2	0.33	
34			20	19.7	0.3	0.50	
44			30	29.7	0.3	0.50	
54			40	39.8	0.2	0.33	
64			50	49.8	0.2	0.33	
74			60	60.0	0.0	0.0	

Accuracy Required $\pm 1\%$ F.S.

TI Pressure Standard -

Serial No. Gage

Serial No. Capsule

Date Calibrated

Date Calibration due

Page No. 38

Test Report No. 17761-1
Rev. A

Barometric Pressure

TI

Serial No.

2686

Date Calibrated

6-17-85

Date Calibration due

6-17-86

Reviewed

[Signature]

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCEED.

TEST NO. _____

PAGE _____

DATE 8-5-85

BY JSS

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE 580.6

SERIAL NO. 115

CO. NO. 5806

NFR. VOL. CAP. 200; 2,000; 5000 RANGES

[illegible]

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

Reviewed

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 115

PS NO 5806

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
74.4	14.7	1.00	1978.9	1993.0	-.70	OK
74.4	14.7	1.00	1575.3	1592.0	-.83	OK
74.4	14.7	1.00	1183.3	1196.0	-.63	OK
74.4	14.7	1.00	988.1	998.0	-.49	OK
74.8	14.7	.99	794.3	800.0	-.28	OK
74.8	14.7	.99	596.6	599.0	-.11	OK
74.8	14.7	.99	398.7	399.0	-.01	OK
74.8	14.7	.95	207.4	208.0	-.02	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2686

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY J. SOBAN

DATE CALIBRATED 8/2/85 ✓

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 115

PS NO 5806

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
76.6	14.7	.99	198.8	198.2	+ .34	OK
76.6	14.7	.98	175.3	176.0	- .32	OK
76.6	14.7	1.00	148.4	150.3	- .92	OK
76.6	14.7	1.00	122.9	124.2	- .62	OK
76.6	14.7	.98	100.5	100.2	+ .17	OK
76.6	14.7	.97	76.2	75.0	+ .60	OK
76.6	14.7	.97	50.8	49.5	+ .69	OK
76.6	14.7	.97	25.4	24.6	+ .42	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2686

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY J.SOBAN

DATE CALIBRATED 8/5/85

PSIG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

PRESSURE _____ CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 698-1CO. NO. 7038DATE 9-6-85

MFR. Volumetric cap. 0-60 PSIG

BY HW

Pressure Standard				LFM			
Pressure				Pressure			
Reading	Bar. Press		Reading	Reading	Error		
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
14.528	14.528		0.0	0.0	0	0	
24.528	"		10.0	10.1	.1	.16	
34.528	"		20.0	20.1	.1	.16	
44.528	"		30.0	30.2	.2	.33	
54.528	"		40.0	40.2	.2	.33	
64.528	"		50.0	50.2	.2	.33	
74.528	"		60.0	60.2	.2	.33	
Accuracy Required ± 13 F.S.							
TI Pressure Standard - <u>EL 5636</u>							
Serial No. Gage <u>2687</u>							
Serial No. Capsule <u>10159</u>							
Date Calibrated <u>8-26-85</u>							
Date Calibration due <u>8-26-86</u>							
Barometric Pressure							
Serial No.							
Date Calibrated							
Date Calibration due							
Reviewed <u>M. Duffner</u>							

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

TEST NO. _____

PAGE _____

DATE 9-6-85

BY H.W.

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

SERIAL NO. 6981

CO. NO. 7038

HFR. Volumetric CAP. 200, 2000, 20000 SCCM Ranges

Flow Integrity				Electrical Integrity		
Range	Press	Flow		Range	Flow	
SCCM	PSIG	Min	Max		Min	Max
200	10.0	96	112	SCCM		
2000	10.0	745	905	SCCM		
20000	60.0	2.80	4.40	SLM		

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REV. A

Reviewed

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

FOR LEAK RATE MONITOR FLOW CALIBRATION TEST NO.
TYPE PAGE
SERIAL NO. 6981 CO. NO. 7038 DATE 8-6-85
MFR Volumetric CAP. 20,000 SCCM Range BY H.W.

Brooks Volumeter				LRM				
Vol. cm	Time min.	Temp °C	Manometer in. - H ₂ O	Bar. Press. PSIG	Flow SCCM			
20000	.9736	24.6	3.6	14.525	19990			
18000	.9842	24.6	3.3	14.525	17950			
16000	.9838	24.6	3.0	14.525	16000			
14000	.9832	24.7	2.75	14.525	14000			
12000	.9792	24.7	2.5	14.525	12020			
10000	.9735	24.7	2.25	14.525	9990			
8000	.9613	24.7	2.0	14.525	8020			
6000	.9493	24.8	1.9	14.530	6020			
4000	.9354	24.8	1.75	14.530	4010			
2000	.9179	24.8	1.75	14.535	2010			
Accuracy Required $\pm 2\%$								
Flask Serial No.								
Barometric Pressure								
Serial No.								
Date Calibrated								
Date Calibration Due								

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

2

FLOW _____ CALIBRATION _____ TEST NO. _____

FOR LEAK RATE MONITOR TYPE _____ PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 6981 CO. NO. 7038 DATE 9-6-85

MFR Volumetric CAP. 2000 SCM Range BY HW.

Brooks Volumeter				LRM				
Vol. cm	Time min.	Temp °C	Manometer in. - H ₂ O	Bar. Press. PSIG	Flow SCCM			
2000	.9658	24.0	1.9	14.533	1997			
1600	.9616	24.0	1.8	14.530	1602			
1200	.9540	24.0	1.8	14.530	1202			
1000	.9480	24.0	1.8	14.530	1001			
800	.9433	24.1	1.75	14.530	798			
600	.9263	24.1	1.75	14.525	602			
400	.9253	24.2	1.75	14.525	397			
200	.9071	24.2	1.75	14.525	199			
Accuracy Required $\pm 2\%$								
Flask Serial No.								
Barometric Pressure				T/I	FL 5636			
Serial No.				2687				
Date Calibrated				8-26-85				
Date Calibration Due				8-26-86				

Page No. 45

Test Report No. 17761-1
Rev. A

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

FLOW _____ CALIBRATION _____ TEST NO. _____
FOR LEAK RATE MONITOR TYPE _____ PAGE _____
SERIAL NO. 6981 CO. NO. 7038 DATE 8-6-85
MFR Volumetric CAP. 200 SCCM Range BY HW

Brooks Volumeter				LRM			
Vol. cm	Time min.	Temp °C	Manometer in. - H ₂ O	Bar. Press. PSIG	Flow SCCM		
200.0	.9755	23.6	1.5	14.555	199.5		
175.0	.9752	23.8	1.5	14.550	175.1		
150.0	.9768	23.8	1.5	14.550	149.8		
125.0	.9688	23.9	1.5	14.550	125.4		
100.0	.9618	24.0	1.5	14.450	100.6		
75.0	.9457	24.0	1.5	14.450	75.9		
50.0	.9485	24.0	1.5	14.450	50.0		
25.0	.9155	24.1	1.5	14.450	25.8		
Accuracy Required $\pm 2\%$							
Flask Serial No.							
Barometric Pressure							
Serial No.							
Date Calibrated							
Date Calibration Due							

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV.A

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

TEST DATA SHEET

TEST ORDER NO. _____ TEST PROCEDURE IDENT. _____

DATE OF TEST 9-6-85 PERFORMED AT _____

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL Thermometer Calibration

MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM Leak Rate Monitor #6981 PS# 7038

TEST RESULTS

(Dia Thermometer)	(Standard)
F°	F°
72	74.53
72	74.73
72	74.86
72	74.91
73	74.99
73	74.99
73	74.99
73	74.99
73	74.99
73	74.97

Page No. 47

Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

Doric Platinum Resistance Thermometer
S/N 13913-(1023)
Cal. 1-4-85
Due. 1-4-86

TEST EQUIPMENT USED & CALIB. DUE DATE:

TESTED BY

REVIEWED BY

(SIGNATURES AND DATE)

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 6981

PS NO 7038

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %
76.2	14.5	0.97	20168.6	19990.0	+0.89 OK
76.2	14.5	0.98	17942.9	17950.0	-0.03 OK
76.2	14.5	0.98	15943.9	16000.0	-0.28 OK
76.4	14.5	0.98	13946.1	14000.0	-0.26 OK
76.4	14.5	0.97	11995.3	12020.0	-0.12 OK
76.4	14.5	0.97	10048.3	9990.0	+0.29 OK
76.4	14.5	0.96	8135.7	8020.0	+0.57 OK
76.6	14.5	0.94	6177.4	6020.0	+0.78 OK
76.6	14.5	0.93	4177.9	4010.0	+0.83 OK
76.6	14.5	0.91	2128.7	2010.0	+0.59 OK

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67404

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY H.C. WORTHINGTON

DATE CALIBRATED 9/6/85

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 6981

PS NO 7038

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
74.4	14.5	.97	201.3	199.5	+ .91	OK
74.8	14.5	.97	176.0	175.1	+ .47	OK
74.8	14.5	.97	150.6	149.8	+ .42	OK
75.0	14.5	.96	126.5	125.4	+ .56	OK
75.2	14.4	.96	101.2	100.6	+ .31	OK
75.2	14.4	.94	77.2	75.9	+ .65	OK
75.2	14.4	.94	51.3	50.0	+ .66	OK
75.3	14.4	.91	26.5	25.8	+ .38	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+ 0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+ 0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY H.C.WORTHINGTON

DATE CALIBRATED 9/6/85

PSIG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCEED. _____

PRESSURE _____ CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 6981

CO. NO. 7038

DATE 11-6-85

MFR. Volumetric CAP. 0-60 PSIG

BY RSR

Pressure Standard				LFM			
Pressure			Pressure	Pressure			
Reading	Bar.Press		Reading	Reading	Error		
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
14.563	14.563		0.0	00.1	0.1	.16	
24.563	"		10.0	10.1	0.1	.16	
34.563	"		20.0	20.2	0.2	.33	
44.563	"		30.0	30.2	0.2	.33	
54.563	"		40.0	40.2	0.2	.33	
64.563	"		50.0	50.2	0.2	.33	
74.563	"		60.0	60.2	0.2	.33	

Accuracy Required $\pm 1\%$ F.S.

TI Pressure Standard - EL 5636

Serial No. Gage 2687

Serial No. Capsule 10159

Date Calibrated 8-24-85

Date Calibration due 8-26-86

Page No. 50

Barometric Pressure

Serial No.

Date Calibrated

Date Calibration due

Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

Reviewed

J. Duffme

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

TEST NO. _____

PAGE _____

DATE 11-6-85

BY ESK

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

SERIAL NO. 6981

CO. NO. 7038

MFR. _____ CAP. _____

CAP.

[illegible]

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 6981

PS NO 703E

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
72.6	14.6	1.07	184.3	183.1	+0.64	OK
72.8	14.6	0.98	176.3	175.5	+0.43	OK
73.0	14.6	0.98	150.7	150.1	+0.34	OK
73.4	14.6	0.97	126.7	125.9	+0.42	OK
73.4	14.6	0.97	101.5	100.2	+0.67	OK
73.5	14.6	0.96	76.6	75.1	+0.78	OK
73.7	14.6	0.94	52.2	50.8	+0.72	OK
73.9	14.6	0.94	26.1	25.4	+0.39	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2627

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY R.J.R.

DATE CALIBRATED 11/4/85

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~~PSE&C RESEARCH CORP~~
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 6981

PS NO 7038

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
82.2	14.6	0.97	1998.0	1986.0	+0.60	OK
82.2	14.6	0.96	1609.6	1601.0	+0.43	OK
82.2	14.6	0.95	1221.0	1204.0	+0.85	OK
82.2	14.6	0.94	825.5	803.0	+1.12	OK
82.2	14.6	0.93	627.0	603.0	+1.20	OK
82.2	14.6	0.91	425.7	402.0	+1.18	OK
82.2	14.6	0.94	206.1	191.0	+0.75	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY RJR

DATE CALIBRATED 10/31/85

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~~P&GE&C RESEARCH CORP~~
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG VOLUMETRICS

SERIAL NO 6981

PS NO 7038

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
81.8	14.6	1.00	19521.7	19530.0	-0.04	OK
81.8	14.6	0.97	18114.8	18200.0	-0.42	OK
81.8	14.6	0.98	15835.0	15980.0	-0.72	OK
81.8	14.6	0.98	13832.0	13940.0	-0.53	OK
82.0	14.6	0.97	12062.0	12130.0	-0.33	OK
82.0	14.6	0.97	10053.0	10030.0	+0.11	OK
82.0	14.6	0.95	8204.8	8130.0	+0.37	OK
82.2	14.6	0.95	6149.8	6010.0	+0.69	OK
82.2	14.6	0.92	4202.1	4050.0	+0.76	OK
82.2	14.6	0.92	2110.3	1990.0	+0.60	OK

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY RJR

DATE CALIBRATED 10/31/85

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REV. A

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

PRESSURE

CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE _____

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO.

6874

CO. NO.

EL 7235

DATE

9/17/85

MFR.

PSEG

CAP.

0-80 PSIG

BY GSW

Pressure Standard				LPM			
Pressure			Pressure	Pressure			
Reading	Bar.Press		Reading	Reading	Error	%	
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
14.707	14.707		0.0	0	0	0	
24. "	"		10.0	9.93	0.07	0.7	
34. "	"		20.0	19.85	0.15	0.75	
44. "	"		30.0	29.75	0.25	0.83	
54. "	"		40.0	39.61	0.39	0.98	
64. "	"		50.0	49.57	0.43	0.86	
74. "	"		60.0	59.43	0.57	0.95	
84. "	"		70.0	69.30	0.70	1.00	
94. "	"		80.0	79.29	0.71	0.89	

Accuracy Required $\pm 1\%$ F.S.

TI Pressure Standard -

Serial No. Gage

2687

Serial No. Capsule

10159

Date Calibrated

8/20/85

Date Calibration due

8/20/86

Page No. 55

Barometric Pressure

Test Report No. 17761-1

Serial No.

REV. A

Date Calibrated

Date Calibration due

Reviewed

[Signature]

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

INTEGRITY CALIBRATION TEST NO. _____

FOR LEAK RATE MONITOR TYPE _____ PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 6874 CO. NO. EL 7235 DATE 9-17-85

MFR. PSEG CAP. 200, 2000, 20000 SCCM RANGES BY GJU

FLOW INTEGRITY

RANGE	PRESS	FLOW	
SCCM	PSIG	MIN	MAX
200	4.30	92	108
2000	10.44	920	1080
20000	60.00	2705	4305

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REV.A

PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

EL

MFG PSE&G

SERIAL NO 687-1

PS NO 7235

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
77.0	14.7	0.98	25.1	25.4	-0.10	OK
76.6	14.7	0.99	49.8	49.5	+0.19	OK
76.4	14.7	0.98	75.6	75.7	-0.03	OK
76.2	14.7	0.99	99.8	100.4	-0.27	OK
76.2	14.7	0.99	124.8	125.5	-0.34	OK
75.9	14.7	1.00	148.3	150.1	-0.88	OK
75.9	14.7	0.99	174.8	176.4	-0.77	OK
75.9	14.7	0.99	199.9	201.1	-0.63	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2667

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY WACHTER

DATE CALIBRATED 9/17/85

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PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG PSE&G

SERIAL NO 687-1

PS NO 7235

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCH	LRM FLOW SCCH	RESULTS %	
76.6	14.7	0.93	2126.0	2001.0	+0.62	OK
76.6	14.7	0.95	4164.1	3990.0	+0.87	OK
81.3	14.7	0.96	6127.7	6000.0	+0.63	OK
81.3	14.7	0.97	8086.0	8013.0	+0.36	OK
81.3	14.7	0.98	10004.4	9999.0	+0.02	OK
81.3	14.7	0.98	12005.3	12007.0	-0.00	OK
81.3	14.7	0.99	15845.4	15993.0	-0.73	OK
81.3	4.7	1.00	19608.7	19978.0	-1.84	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY WACHTER

DATE CALIBRATED 2/17/05

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PSE&G RESEARCH CORP
RESEARCH & TESTING LABORATORY

LRM FLOW CALIBRATION

MFG PSE&G

SERIAL NO 687-1

PS NO 7235

TEMP F	BAR PRESS PSIA	TIME MIN	STANDARD FLOW SCCM	LRM FLOW SCCM	RESULTS %	
77.0	14.7	0.93	212.2	200.0	+0.61	OK
77.0	14.7	0.94	400.0	400.0	+1.00	OK
77.0	14.7	0.95	523.4	599.0	+1.22	OK
77.0	14.7	0.96	822.6	800.0	+1.13	OK
77.0	14.7	0.96	1028.2	999.0	+1.46	OK
77.0	14.7	0.97	1221.1	1199.0	+1.10	OK
77.0	14.7	0.97	1328.2	1600.0	+1.41	OK
77.0	14.7	0.97	2035.3	2002.0	+1.66	OK
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	
0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0	+0.00	

BROOKS FLOW RATE CALIBRATORS SERIAL NO. 8306H67406

BAR PRESS SERIAL NO. 2687

CALIBRATION PERFORMED BY WACHTER

DATE CALIBRATED 9/17/85

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

PRESSURE _____ CALIBRATION _____

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE LIQUID

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. _____

CO. NO. 687-2

DATE 8-9-85

MFR. PSEG CAP. 9005-0.2 GPM

0.2 - 2.0 GPM

BY SSS

Pressure Standard				LPM			
Pressure			Pressure	Pressure			
Reading	Bar.Press		Reading	Reading	Error	%	
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
24.670	14.670		10	10.12	0.12	0.18	
34			20	20.17	0.17	0.21	
44			30	30.21	0.21	0.26	
54			40	40.19	0.19	0.24	
64			50	50.14	0.14	0.18	
74			60	60.06	0.06	0.08	
84			70	69.98	0.02	0.03	
94			80	79.81	0.19	0.24	

Accuracy Required $\pm 1\%$ F.S.

TI Pressure Standard -

Serial No. Gage 2-6

Serial No. Capsule

Date Calibrated 6-7-85

Date Calibration due 6-7-86

Barometric Pressure

Serial No.

Date Calibrated

Date Calibration due

Page No. 60

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REV.A

Reviewed B. Druffner

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

INTEGRITY CALIBRATION

FOR Leak Rate Monitor

TYPE CRU.D

SERIAL NO. 687-2

CO. NO. PSE+G

DATE 8-27-85

HFR. PSFFS CAP. 0.2-2.0 GPM @ .005-.25 GPM - BY JSS

[illegible]

PASSED

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

TEST DATA SHEET

TEST ORDER NO. CLRM 687-2 TEST PROCEDURE IDENT. 3785.36 GP/GALDATE OF TEST 8-23-85 PERFORMED AT R&T LABDESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL: LIQUID LRM CALIBRATION OF THEMATERIAL RECEIVED FROM HIGH RANGE SCALE 0.2-2.0 GPMFLOWMETER SN 30794 TEST RESULTS ELEC. SN 23517

$$F_s = 2.0 \text{ GPM} \pm 2\% = \pm 0.04 \text{ GPM}$$

Run 2

WEIGHT (H ₂ O) GR	ACTUAL (FLOW)	METER (FLOW)	PRESS (PSIG)	TEMP (°F)	PRESS (TANK)	ERROR (GAL)
2103.0	.56	.55	33.4	75°	80 th	-0.1
3925.6	1.04	1.03	29.5	"	"	-0.1
5739.8	1.52	1.50	49.7	"	"	-0.02
7638.2	2.02	2.02	58.0	"	"	0.0

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REV. A

TEST EQUIPMENT USED & CALIB. DUE DATE:

TESTED BY

REVIEWED BY

(SIGNATURES AND DATE)

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
TEST DATA SHEET

TEST ORDER NO. LCRM 687-2 TEST PROCEDURE IDENT. 3785.36 ⁹/GAL
 DATE OF TEST 8-22-85 PERFORMED AT R&T LAB
 DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL LIQUID L.R.M. CALIBRATION OF THE
 MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM LOW RANGE SCALE, 0.005 - 0.25 GPM
 FLOW METER #16685 TEST RESULTS ELEC #16687

$$F_s = 0.25 \text{ GPM} \pm 2\% = \pm 0.005 \text{ GPM}$$

RUN #	WEIGHT (H ₂ O) Gr.	ACTUAL (FLOW)	METER (FLOW)	PRESS (PSIG)	TEMP (°F)	PRESS (PSIG) (TANK)	ERROR
1	195.7	0.052	0.050	10.8	75"	60"	0.002
2	371.1	0.098	0.099	22.2	"	"	0.001
3	567.0	0.150	0.150	35.4			0.000
4	753.2	0.199	0.199	53.0		70"	0.000
5	951.5	0.251	0.250	76.0		80"	0.001

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TEST EQUIPMENT USED & CALIB. DUE DATE:

TESTED BY

REVIEWED BY

(SIGNATURES AND DATE)

H. S. S. S. S.

PROCEED.

CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

TYPE LRG 1-D

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO.

CO. NO. 687-3

DATE 8-24-85

HFR. PSE46

CAP. 005 - 0.86 PM TO 92-2.0 RPM

84 55

L-259

PSIG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

PROCED. _____

PRESSURE CALIBRATION

TEST NO. _____

FOR Leak Rate MonitorTYPE LIQUID

PAGE _____

SERIAL NO. 10891CO. NO. 687-3DATE 8-8-85MFR. PSIG Volumetric CAP. 0-0.2 GPM 0-0.2-2.0 GPMBY JSS
GSW

Pressure Standard				LFM			
Pressure			Pressure	Pressure			
Reading	Bar.Press		Reading	Reading	Error		%
PSIA	PSIA		PSIG	PSIG	PSIG	Error	
24.620	14.620		10	10.24	0.24	0.3	
34.620			20	20.40	0.40	0.5	
44.620			30	30.52	0.52	0.65	
54.620			40	40.61	0.61	0.76	
64.620			50	50.66	0.66	0.82	
74.620			60	60.67	0.67	0.84	
84.620			70	70.66	0.66	0.82	
94.620			80	80.59	0.59	0.74	

Accuracy Required $\pm 1\%$ F.S.

TI Pressure Standard -

Serial No. Gage 2686Serial No. Capsule 10158Date Calibrated 6-17-85Date Calibration due 6-17-86

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Barometric Pressure

Serial No. _____

Date Calibrated _____

Date Calibration due _____

Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. AReviewed R. Druffner

PASSED

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

TEST DATA SHEET

TEST ORDER NO. 687-3 TEST PROCEDURE IDENT. 3785.36 G/GALDATE OF TEST 8-23-85 PERFORMED AT R&T LABDESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL LIQUID LRM CALIBRATION OF THEMATERIAL RECEIVED FROM HIG & RANGE SCALE: 0.2 - 2.0 GPMFLOW METER SN 30795 TEST RESULTS ELEC. S/N 23518 $F_3 = 2.0 \text{ GPM}$, $I29 = \pm 0.04$

RUN 2

WEIGHT (H ₂ O) GR.	ACTUAL (FLOW)	METER (FLOW)	PRESS (PSIG)	TEMP (°F)	PRESS (PSIG) (TANIX)	ERROR (GAL)
1965.5	.52	.51	18.2	N/A	80 ^{FF}	-.01
3847.3	1.02	1.01	34.3	"	"	-.01
5698.3	1.50	1.51	59.0	"	"	+.01
7497.9	1.98	2.00	71.3	"	"	+.02

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Test Report No. 17761-1
Rev. A

TEST EQUIPMENT USED & CALIB. DUE DATE:

TESTED BY

REVIEWED BY

(SIGNATURES AND DATE)

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY
TEST DATA SHEET

TEST ORDER NO. 687-3 TEST PROCEDURE IDENT. 3785.36 G/GAL
 DATE OF TEST 8-23-85 PERFORMED AT R&T LAB
 DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL LIQUID LRM CALIBRATION OF THE
 MATERIAL RECEIVED FROM LOW RANGE SCALE; 0.005 - 0.25 GPM
FLOWMETER 16686 TEST RESULTS ELEC: 16688

 $F_3 = 0.25 \text{ GPM} \pm 2\% = \pm 0.005$

RUN 1

WEIGHT (H ₂ O) GR.	ACTUAL (FLOW)	METER (FLOW)	PRESS (PSIG)	TEMP (°F)	PRESS (PSIG) TANG	ERRR? (GAL)
188.7	.050	.049	16.0	N/A		-.001
390.2	.103	.100	28.2	"		-.003
570.0	.151	.150	44.4	"		-.001
749.9	.198	.200	68.2	"		+.002

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TEST EQUIPMENT USED & CALIB. DUE DATE:

TESTED BY

REVIEWED BY

(SIGNATURES AND DATE)



RAMAPO INSTRUMENT CO., INC. • MONTVILLE, N.J. 07046 • (201) 263-8800 • TELEX: 13-8892

DATA SHEET

Mark V Flow Meter

CUSTOMER Public Service Electric & Gas Research Corp. DATE 12/20/84
REFERENCE P.O.No. PEG67291
MODEL Mark V-1/2-SJ SERIAL NO. 30795 SIZE 1/2"
MATERIALS: Sensing Element 17-4 PH Seal Teflon
Housing T304 S.S. Flange _____ Target T303 S.S.
LINE CONNECTIONS Threaded Pipe Housing 1/2" MNPT
NATURAL FREQUENCY (in air) 137.0 Hz; TARGET TYPE* ACR-604
VISCOSITY AT CALIBRATION 1.0 cps SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.0
FLOW RANGE 0.2 - 2.0 Gallons/Minute FLUID Water
REYNOLDS NO. (R_D) RANGE, AT CALIBRATION 1,016 - 10,160
PRESSURE RATING 3000 psi Maximum Pressure Sensing Element
Element #39056
Schedule 40

TEMPERATURE RANGE - 65 to + 300 °F
BRIDGE RESISTANCE, Input 351.2 ohms, Output 351.2 ohms.
FORCE FACTOR 0.895 mV/V/kg
EXCITATION VOLTAGE Recommended 7 1/2 Maximum 15 Volts AC or DC

FULL SCALE OUTPUT; standard piping (see "Installation")

1.009 Millivolts/Volt Excitation at 2.0 GPM

FULL SCALE OUTPUT; short straight run

 Millivolts/Volt Excitation at , with

1 straight run pipe diameters upstream, downstream

Calibration Resistor ---- ohms across Pins A - B (or 1 - 2)

yields an output signal of ---- mV/V

Accuracy 1/2 % of full scale

Data based on: () force calibration, (X) flow calibration

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS:

Terminals

A or 1 --- Bridge Excitation (+)

D or 4 --- Bridge Excitation (-)

B or 2 --- Bridge Output (+)

C or 3 --- Bridge Output (-)

E or 5 --- Case Ground

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Test Report No. 17761-1
REV. A

*Target type number is its diameter
in thousandths of an inch.

Final

Acceptance

Steven L. Chapp

REPAIR

DATA SHEET
MARK X FLOWMETER SYSTEM

CUSTOMER Public Service Electric & Gas Research Corporation DATE 4/11/85
FLOWMETER MODEL Mark X-000001 SERIAL NO. 16686 *
ELECTRONICS MODEL DTA-8401RDIS SERIAL NO. 16688 *

FLOWMETER DETAILS: Outline drawing 32076
MATERIALS: Metering Tube & Float Type 18-8 S.S. Core 17-4 PH
Housing T303-304 S.S. Seal Teflon Damper Teflon (Special)
FLUID Water SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.00
FLOW RANGE 0.005 - 0.25 GPM METERING TUBE SIZE 253 X 3
MAXIMUM PRESSURE 3500 Psig; TEMPERATURE RANGE - 65 to 250 °F
VISCOSITY: Operating 1.0 cps; at calibration 1.0 cps
FULL RANGE OUTPUT(Open Circuit) 256.856 mV/V at 3000 Hz (Approx.)
LVDT type K-220-002

ADDITIONAL FEATURES OR DATA: (x) None, () See next page

For other details, see specification S 32110

ELECTRONIC DETAILS: Outline drawing 32738 System Wiring 33416-1

FUNCTION: (x) Flow rate transmitter, (x) Indicator, () Totalizer,
() Controller set point(s), contact rating

EXCITATION: 3.469 Volts, 3.033 KHz () min.

OUTPUT: Flow Rate signal 4 to 20 mADC into 1K ohm load (X) max.

DISPLAY: () Analog meter, (X) Digital meter. Scale 0-1.999

TOTALIZING: Full scale count rate counts per, equivalent
to per, with scale factor of
. (Example reads .)

Counter () included, () remote, () not supplied.

() Batch Control, contact rating

Counter reset: () none, () manual, () electric, () remote

POWER: (x) 105-125V, 50/60 Hz, () 200-250V, 50/60 Hz, ()

ENCLOSURE TYPE: Rack Mount

ADDITIONAL FEATURES OR DATA: (x) None, () See next page

For other details, see specification S33375

CALIBRATION SIGNALS	Switch position:	Set CAL 1	Set CAL 2	SCALE FACTOR	UNITS
Simulates Flowmeter Signal		68.339	188.416	-	mV/V
Equivalent Flow Rate		0.050	0.1875	-	GPM
Count Rate (Totalizer)		-	-	-	-
Output Signal		7.2	16.0	-	mADC
Meter Reading		0.400	1.500	-	-
Meter Reading (scaled)		-	0.188	-	GPM

*In all correspondence, refer to complete model designation and serial number.

Approved

By Steven L. Phao

DTG-P1156

PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

PRESSURE GAGE CALIBRATION DATA

Performed for PSEG RESEARCH CORP MAT DIV.
Location of Test PSEG RESEARCH CORP. ELD DIV Test No. _____
Test Procedure Identification ELG 6 REV 6 Test Date 5/14/85
Description of Test Item 0-3000 PSI GAGE Gage No. PE 072
Manufacturer MATHESON Model 63-56-33 Accuracy ±0.25% FS

Standard Pressure PSI	GAGE READING PSI			
	← Up	Down →	Average	Correction
0	0	0	0	0
250	250	250	250	0
500	505	505	505	-5
750	750	755	752	-2
1000	1000	1005	1002	-2
1250	1250	1250	1250	0
1500	1500	1500	1500	0
1750	1745	—	1745	+5

* Sufficient pressure not applied for full scale reading

Permanent Set Test:
NOT Performed ☒ *
Not required _____

Calibrated by JMS.
Reviewed by [Signature]
Date 5-20-85

Test Standard/Equipment HEISE DIGITAL GAGE 0-5000 PSI

Serial No. 7706

Date of Last Calibration 10/29/84

Date of Next Calibration 10/29/85

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PSEG Research Corporation

RESEARCH AND TESTING LABORATORY

PRESSURE GAGE CALIBRATION DATA

Performed for PSEG RESEARCH CORP, MAT. DIV
Location of Test PSEG RESEARCH CORP, EVA DIV. Test No. _____
Test Procedure Identification EVA-6 REV. 6 Test Date 5/14/85
Description of Test Item 0-3000 PSI GAGE Gage No. PE073
Manufacturer MATHESON Model 63-5633 Accuracy ±0.25% FS

Standard Pressure PSI	GAGE READING			
	← Up	Down →	Average	Correction
0	0	0	0	0
250	250	250	250	0
500	500	500	500	0
750	750	750	750	0
1000	1000	1000	1000	0
1250	1245	1250	1248	+2.0
1500	1500	1500	1500	0
1750	1750	—	1750	0
* Sufficient pressure not available for full scale reading				

Permanent Set Test:
NOT Performed ☒ *
Not required _____

Calibrated by HLJ
Reviewed by HLJ
Date 5-20-85

Test Standard/Equipment HEISE DIGITAL GAGE 0-5000 PSI
Serial No. 7706

Date of Last Calibration 10/29/84

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Date of Next Calibration 10/29/85

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