



QUANTITATIVE PIPING EXPERIENCE DATA SUPPORTING
THE RESULTS OF THE MILLSTONE III NUCLEAR
POWER PLANT SEISMIC INTERACTION STUDY

Prepared for: NORTHEAST UTILITIES SERVICE COMPANY

October 1985

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A seismic interaction study of the Millstone III Nuclear Power Plant has been conducted by EQE Incorporated for Northeast Utilities Service Company. This study was performed to identify potential hazards to Category 1 components posed by Category 2 components that were not designed for seismic loads. It utilized experience data from past earthquakes to identify and account for realistic seismic interactions. The experience data base indicates that the most frequent and hazardous seismic interactions are sliding equipment, falling ceiling fixtures, and piping impact, and that piping systems have a very high tolerance for seismic interactions. The Millstone III seismic interaction study recommended criteria to be used to identify realistic piping interactions.

The study described in this report was performed to present the quantitative data for piping that supports the application of experience data in the Millstone III seismic interaction study. A number of comparisons between the El Centro Steam Plant Unit 4 data base and the Millstone III Category 2 piping were developed. These comparisons were performed for the key parameters that influence the potential for and damage due to seismic interaction, including:

1. Ground motion response spectra
2. In-structure response spectra
3. Piping materials
4. Piping sizes
5. Piping operating conditions
6. Piping components and construction
7. Support spacings
8. Support types and design

This study demonstrates that the El Centro Plant data base generally envelopes the Millstone III Category 2 piping for these parameters. Because the data base envelopes the Category 2 piping, it can be concluded that the use of experience data to conduct the Millstone III seismic interaction study is appropriate.

1. INTRODUCTION

A seismic interaction study of the Millstone III Nuclear Power Plant has been conducted by EQE Incorporated for Northeast Utilities Service Company (NUSCO). This study is described in detail in Reference 1. The seismic interaction study was performed to identify potential hazards to Category 1 components posed by Category 2 components that were not designed for seismic loads. This hazard may occur due to impact or spatial interference resulting from seismic excitation.

The seismic interaction study for Millstone III utilized experience data from past earthquakes to identify and account for realistic seismic interactions. The use of experience data to address seismic interactions is considered to be appropriate since the data base includes the effects of eight earthquakes on over 40 power generating stations, substations, and industrial facilities. These sites contain equipment similar to that found in a nuclear power plant. A review of the damage contained in the data base provides an indication of the types of credible interaction scenarios along with the level of seismic motion at the threshold of occurrence. This review can also reveal which interactions should not receive an undue amount of attention in an interaction study. The experience data base can be used to develop criteria for the resolution of potential interaction scenarios.

A survey of the experience data base in Reference 1 revealed that the most frequent and hazardous seismic interactions are as follows:

- Sliding equipment
- Falling ceiling fixtures
- Piping impact

A detailed review of the seismic interaction of piping at the El Centro Steam Plant was then performed. A walkdown of the plant identified 290 potential seismic interactions of piping and piping components. This number is conservative since not all piping systems were covered. Of these interactions, only one instance of

an air-operated valve impacting a steel column actually resulted in earthquake-induced damage. This was the only case of seismic interaction resulting in damage evidenced in the 40 data base facilities that were available at the time Reference 1 was written. A few more interactions were produced by the recent Chile earthquake.

The experience data base indicates that piping systems have a very high tolerance for seismic interaction. Reference 1 concluded the following:

1. Impact of Non-Category 1 piping on Category 1 piping should be considered a potential hazard only if specific conditions exist.
2. Failure of piping attachments due to seismic interaction is a credible hazard and should be checked.
3. The supports for the Millstone III piping will remain intact under the design basis seismic loads even if seismic loads were not considered in their design.

In addition, a recent study completed by EQE Incorporated has compiled a survey of earthquake-induced piping damage (Reference 8). A review of this damage survey shows no evidence of welded piping suffering a complete loss of structural integrity with subsequent impact on and damage to adjacent components. Most of the Millstone III Category 2 piping is of welded construction and would also be expected to perform successfully without total collapse during an earthquake.

The purpose of this report is to present the quantitative data supporting the use of piping experience data to conduct the Millstone III seismic interaction study. The conclusions of Reference 1 will be validated by quantitatively demonstrating that the seismic input, piping, and piping support parameters of the experience data base plants envelope the corresponding parameters of the Millstone III Category 2 piping. So long as this enveloping is shown, the conclusions of the Millstone III seismic interaction study are appropriate since they were

2. EL CENTRO STEAM PLANT UNIT 4 PIPING

The piping of the El Centro Steam Plant Unit 4 was selected for comparison to the Millstone III Category 2 piping for the following reasons:

1. The plant was the most heavily shaken, and the most heavily damaged of the seven major power plants reviewed in detail in the Seismic Qualification Utilities Group (SQUG) program.
2. A ground motion record of about 0.5g peak horizontal ground acceleration was taken at the site.
3. A wide variety of piping configurations is present; only a few of the primary piping systems in Unit 4 were designed for seismic loads.
4. Substantial amounts of documentation on the earthquake input and piping systems were readily available for use in this study.

2.1 General Description of Piping

The El Centro Plant Unit 4 piping ranges from essentially rigid to very flexible, depending on length of run. Piping runs were found with response frequencies as low as 1 Hz. Most piping is carbon steel, although a few stainless steel lines are associated with the water demineralization systems. The piping includes both threaded connections in the low pressure lines, such as in the component cooling or fire water systems; or a combination of welded and flanged connections in the high pressure systems such as steam or feedwater. Piping ranges in size from a large inventory of pneumatic instrument tubing (typically 1/2-inch diameter), up to 18-inch lines in the main steam system and a 30-inch abovegrade line in the circulating water system. Pipe supports are primarily rod or spring hangers. All high temperature lines are insulated, typically with a 1-1/2-inch to 3-inch layer of calcium silicate wrapped in sheet metal lagging, or an equivalent insulation.

3. PARAMETRIC COMPARISON OF THE MILLSTONE III CATEGORY 2 PIPING

To demonstrate the applicability of the experience data base on seismic interaction of piping, a series of comparisons between the Millstone III Category 2 piping and the El Centro Plant Unit 4 piping were made.

These comparisons were performed for categories of characteristics that most significantly influence the potential for and damage due to seismic interaction of piping. These categories are:

- Seismic Input
- Piping Parameters
- Support Parameters

The seismic loads and displacements to which the Millstone III piping may be subjected by the Safe Shutdown Earthquake can be measured relative to the loads and displacements experienced by the El Centro Plant piping during the 1979 Imperial Valley Earthquake by a comparison of the seismic input. The piping and support parameters can allow comparisons of both the piping capacity, dynamic response, and potential for seismic interaction. The intent of these comparisons is to show that the El Centro Plant piping characteristics envelope the corresponding Millstone III Category 2 piping characteristics.

3.1 Comparison of Seismic Input

The magnitude of the seismic loads to which piping systems may be subjected depends upon the level of seismic input. A comparison of the seismic input to which the El Centro Plant Unit 4 piping was subjected by the October 15, 1979 earthquake and the input to the Millstone III piping for the Safe Shutdown Earthquake can be performed as follows:

1. Comparison of the ground motion response spectra
2. Comparison of the in-structure response spectra
3. Comparison of potential anchor support motion as measured by interstory relative drifts

3.1.1 Ground Motion Response Spectra

In their January, 1985 report prepared for the Seismic Qualification Utility Group (Reference 2), the Senior Seismic Review and Advisory Panel (SSRAP) noted that comparisons of ground response spectra should be emphasized when comparing experience data base plants to nuclear facilities. This is because floor spectra typically were generally not available for the data base plants and realistic floor spectra are often not available in nuclear plants. Floor response spectra are usually very conservatively computed and tend to show much larger amplifications than actually exist. Studies conducted by the Seismic Safety Margin Research Program (References 3 and 4) demonstrated that the large conservatism which exists in traditionally computed floor spectra is due to the use of conservative damping levels for the structure and insufficient consideration of factors such as wave scattering and embedment. Therefore, comparison of the El Centro ground response spectra to the Millstone SSE ground response spectra gives the most realistic indication of the high margins which can be expected for the Millstone III Category 2 piping.

The Imperial Valley was extensively instrumented prior to the earthquake by a network of strong motion accelerographs. A 13-station linear array was located straddling the fault. In addition, a digital recording differential array was placed in a large vacant lot near El Centro Plant Unit 4. Station 5165 at the south end of the differential array was positioned less than one kilometer from the plant. A digitized corrected version of the time history from Station 5165 has been used in three separate dynamic analyses (References 5, 6, and 7) to recreate the seismic response of the Unit 4 structure. This set of time histories has been selected by these analysts as being the most appropriate for their studies.

The seven percent damped El Centro ground motion response spectra in the N-S, E-W, and vertical directions for the time histories recorded at Station 5165 are shown in Figures 3-1 through 3-3. Also presented in Figures 3-1 through 3-3 are the seven percent damped horizontal and

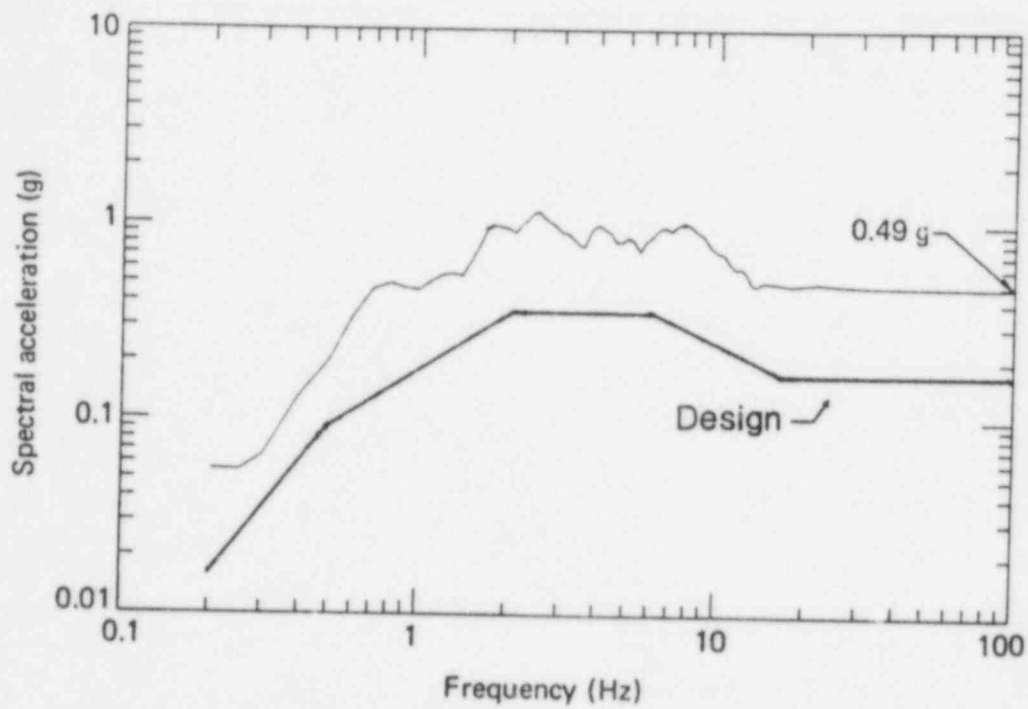


Figure 3-1 Comparison of El Centro N-S Response Spectrum with Millstone III Horizontal Design Ground Response Spectrum, 7% Damping.

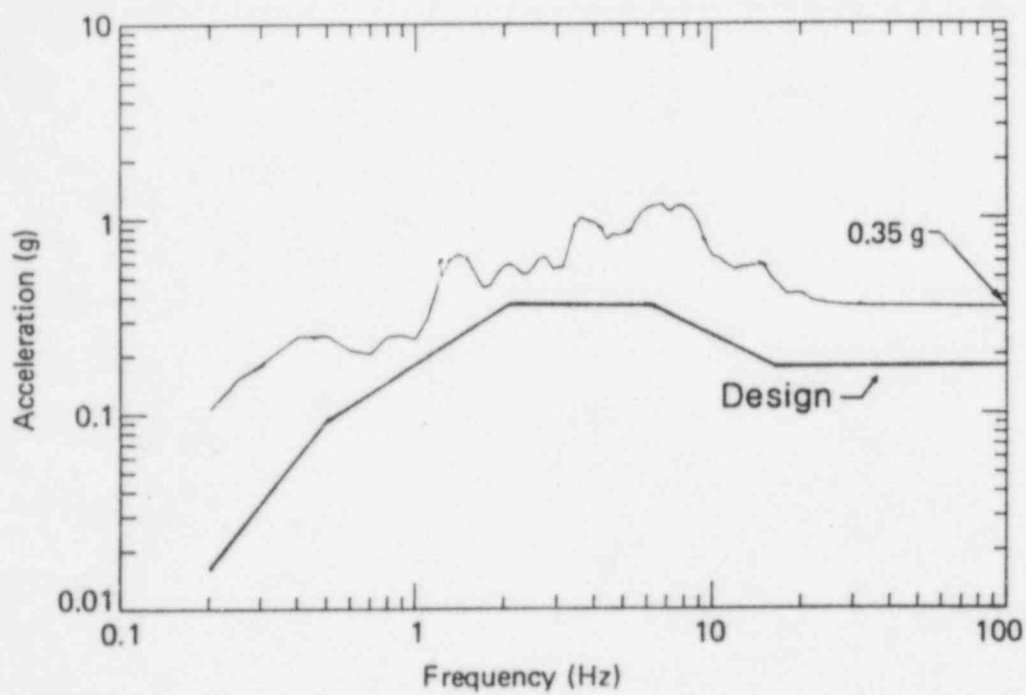


Figure 3-2 Comparison of El Centro E-W Response Spectrum with Millstone III Horizontal Design Ground Response Spectrum, 7% Damping.

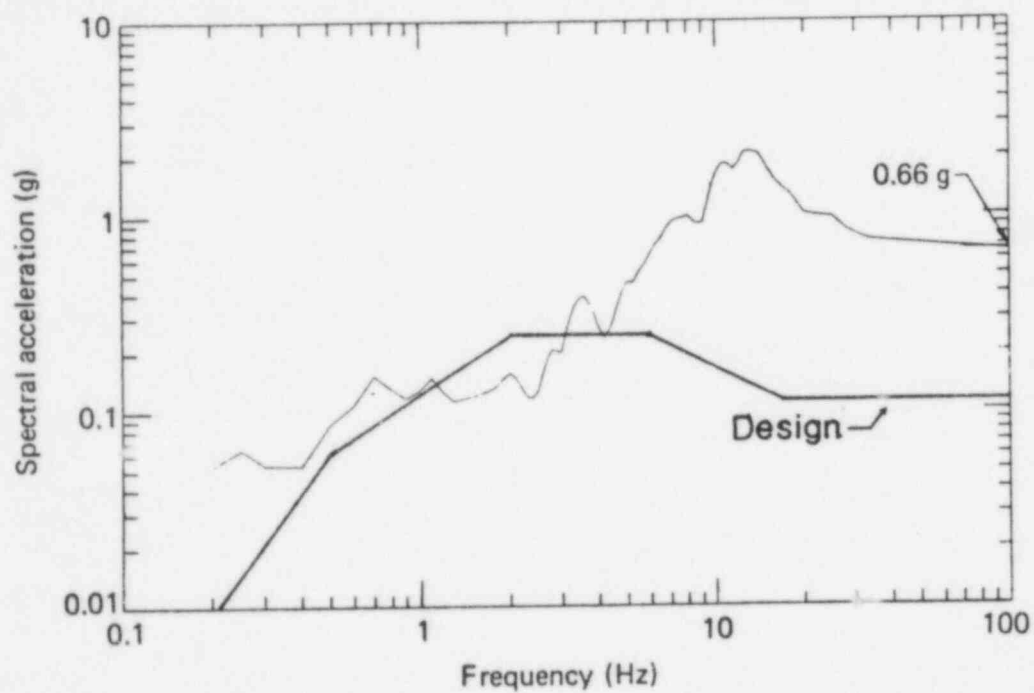


Figure 3-3 Comparison of El Centro Vertical Response Spectrum with Millstone III Vertical Ground Response Spectrum, 7% Damping.

vertical ground spectra for the Safe Shutdown Earthquake (SSE) adopted for the design of Millstone III. The N-S and E-W ground spectra for the El Centro earthquake envelope the Millstone III horizontal design spectra at all frequencies. The margin between these spectra is as much as a factor of about three. The El Centro earthquake vertical spectrum exceeds the Millstone III vertical design spectrum for frequencies of about 3 Hz or greater. The difference between these spectra can be greater than a factor of ten. The Millstone III vertical design spectrum slightly exceeds the El Centro earthquake vertical spectrum for frequencies between about 1 Hz and 3 Hz. However, most real structures have vertical frequencies in excess of 3 Hz. This is particularly true for the reinforced concrete shear wall structures comprising the Millstone III Plant. The comparisons of ground spectra indicate that the seismic input experienced by the El Centro Plant Unit 4 structure was well in excess of the ground motion to which the Millstone III structures would be subjected by the SSE. It can be concluded that the El Centro ground motion input clearly envelope the Millstone III design ground motion input.

3.1.2 In-Structure Response Spectra

Seismic interaction can occur if two adjacent components displace sufficiently to close their separation. Another measure of the potential for seismic interaction can be obtained by a comparison of the spectral displacements from the El Centro Plant and Millstone III in-structure response spectra. Worst case in-structure response spectra from each facility will be compared. By demonstrating that El Centro Plant piping experienced displacements much larger than those anticipated for Millstone III piping, it can be concluded that Millstone III Category 2 piping can accommodate SSE motion without causing damage to Category 1 piping or equipment due to seismic interaction.

Reference 5 developed in-structure response spectra for the El Centro Unit 4 Steam Plant. The analytical model used to generate these spectra conservatively represented the soil-structure interaction effects by including very large soil radiation damping. High soil damping

decreases dynamic amplification and results in lower in-structure response spectra than would be calculated with a best estimate approach. Table 3-1 presents tabulated results from this study. These results were based upon in-structure spectra from the bottom story of the structure to minimize the beneficial effects of structure dynamic amplification. Because of these conservatisms, the actual displacements experienced by El Centro piping during the 1979 Imperial Valley Earthquake would be expected to be higher than those shown in Table 3-1.

Also shown in Table 3-1 are worst case results for three Millstone III structures; the auxiliary building, control building, and reactor internal structure. These particular structures were chosen based upon an envelope of in-structure response spectra for all structures containing Category 2 piping. Spectral displacements were determined from in-structure response spectra developed for the top floor of each structure. Since the majority of Millstone III Category 2 piping is located at lower elevations in these structures, the tabulated results represent an upper bound on expected SSE seismic motion.

Typical El Centro Plant piping is quite flexible, with a significant portion of the piping systems having fundamental frequencies as low as 1 Hz (Reference 1). El Centro Plant piping with fundamental frequencies in the 1 to 4 Hz range accommodated spectral displacements from 5.3 to 1.1 inches. At higher frequencies, spectral displacements were lower, ranging from 0.2 inches at 8 Hz to 0.01 inches at 33 Hz.

Frequencies for Millstone III Category 2 piping were estimated using simple hand calculations for typical piping sizes and support spacings specified in the design criteria. Based on these results, Millstone III piping is estimated to have lower bound fundamental frequencies ranging from 2.5 Hz in the horizontal direction to 10 Hz in the vertical direction. For the worst case, Millstone III SSE spectral displacements are on the order of 2.3 inches. This is a factor of 2 less than the spectral displacements accommodated by El Centro Plant piping without damaging seismic interactions. More typical piping runs with closer support spacings would have even higher frequencies, and experience even

Table 3-1

Comparison of El Centro versus Millstone Spectral
Displacements

Facility	Spectral Displacement (inches)					
	1Hz.	2Hz.	4Hz.	8Hz.	10Hz.	33Hz.
El Centro Unit 4 Steam Plant	5.3	3.1	1.1	0.17	0.07	0.005
M3 Control Building	3.4	1.5	0.58	0.44	0.13	0.005
M3 Auxiliary Building	3.4	1.8	0.52	0.58	0.24	0.005
M3 Reactor Internal Structure	3.4	2.0	2.3	0.20	0.17	0.007

1. All results are for maximum horizontal response 4% critical damping

smaller displacements. Better performance would be expected for these lines. This comparison clearly demonstrates that Millstone III Category 2 piping can accommodate SSE dynamic response without damaging interactions.

3.1.3 Seismic Anchor Movement

During the 1979 Imperial Valley Earthquake, piping systems located in the boiler structure and heater building of the El Centro Unit 4 Steam Plant (Figure 3-4) were subjected to significant anchor support motion. Post-earthquake walkdowns of the facility by plant personnel did not demonstrate any evidence of piping system collapse or seismic interaction as a result of anchor motion. This can probably be attributed to the fact that piping systems are very ductile and have an inherent capability to accommodate large relative displacements through system flexibility and local load redistribution. By demonstrating that anchor support displacements experienced by El Centro Plant piping systems meet or exceed maximum expected movement at Millstone III for SSE ground motion, it can be concluded that Millstone III Category 2 piping can accommodate SSE displacements without collapse or damaging seismic interaction.

One measure of potential anchor support motion can be achieved by converting structural displacements between adjacent floors to interstory relative drifts measured in in/ft of structure height. This is a convenient way of comparing results between structures having dissimilar story heights. In addition, since piping anchor points are not known, it provides a reasonable method for comparing the magnitude of potential anchor support displacements.

Analytical studies presented in References 5, 6, and 7 tabulated maximum story displacements for the El Centro Unit 4 boiler structure and heater building. These displacements were used to calculate interstory relative drifts in order to assess the anchor support movements experienced by El Centro Plant piping systems. Results are tabulated below along with the corresponding results for Millstone III. Millstone III results are very conservatively based upon worst case interstory

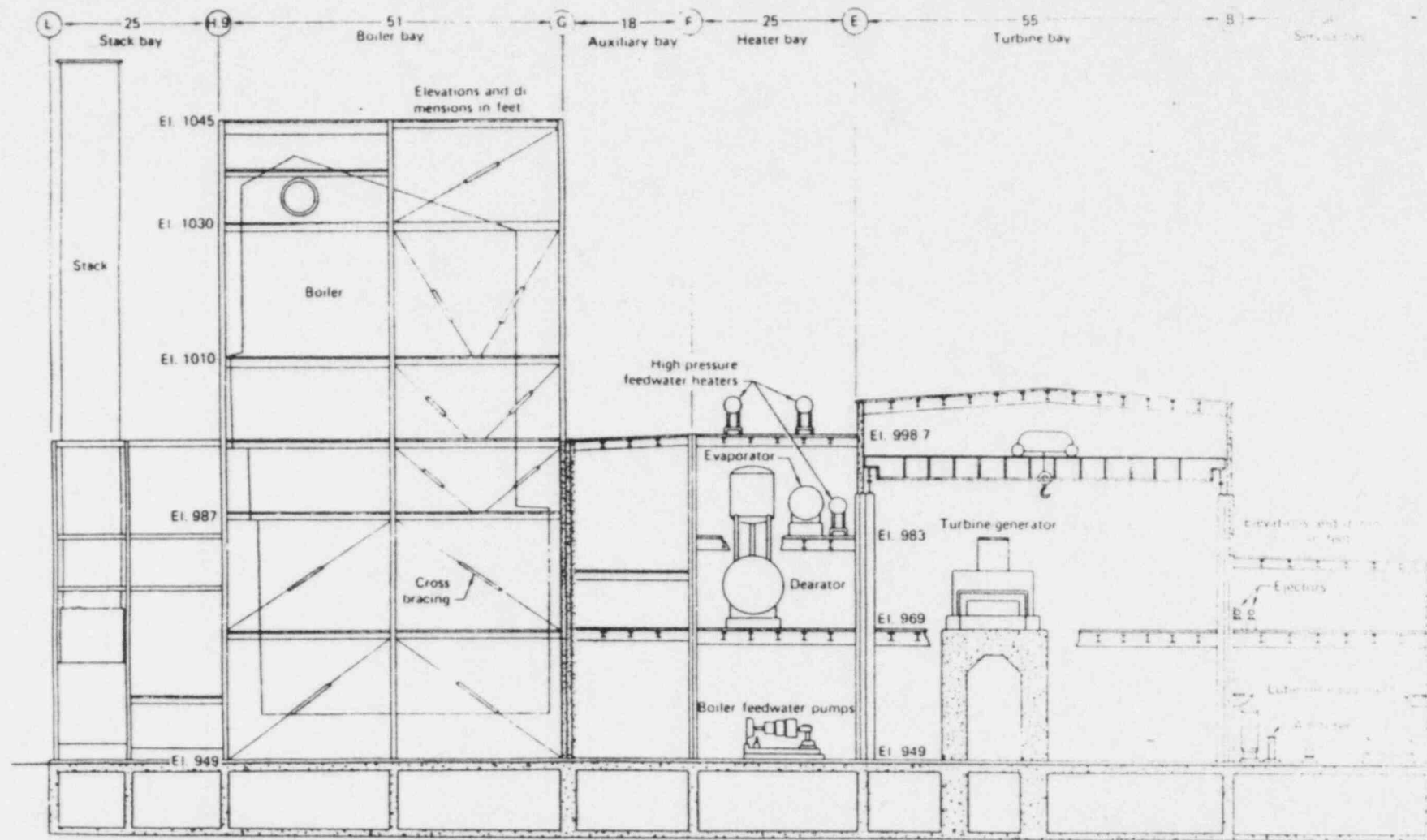


Figure 3-4 Elevation Drawing, Looking North, of the El Centro Steam Plant, Unit 4 (Reference 5).

relative drifts calculated for all structures having potential seismic interactions between Category 1 and Category 2 piping.

Interstory Relative Drift Comparisons

	<u>El Centro</u>	<u>Millstone</u>
Range of Predicted Displacements	0.003-0.06 in/ft	0.002-0.003 in/ft

As shown by these results, El Centro Plant piping experienced anchor motions up to 20 times as large as the largest expected anchor motion for Millstone III. Even in the worst case, the smallest predicted interstory relative drift for the El Centro Plant was as large as the peak expected relative interstory drift at Millstone III. Because of the excellent performance of the many El Centro Plant piping systems, it is evident that piping collapse or seismic interaction resulting from anchor support motion is not a credible failure mode.

3.2 Comparison of Piping Parameters

It is possible to identify a number of parameters that influence the capacity, response, and potential for seismic interaction of piping systems. The most important parameters include the following:

1. Material
2. Size
3. Operating Conditions
4. Components and Construction

Comparisons between the El Centro Plant and Millstone III Category 2 piping were performed for each of these parameters. These comparisons were based upon data contained in the piping specifications and pipe line lists available for these plants. A copy of the El Centro Plant pipe line list is contained in Appendix A.

3.2.1 Comparison of Piping Materials

Figure 3-5 displays the different types of piping materials and the number of lines constructed of these materials found at the El Centro Plant. The materials are identified by their ASTM specification number. As shown in Figure 3-5, most of the piping lines consist of A-53, Grade B carbon steel. Other types of carbon steel as well as stainless and chrome-moly steel are also included in the El Centro Plant data base. Although there are not large quantities of some of these materials, their mechanical properties (strength, modulus of elasticity, ultimate strain, etc.) are not significantly different from the properties of materials found in greater abundance.

The Millstone III Category 2 piping systems of interest are constructed of the following materials:

1. A-106, Grade B carbon steel
2. A-312, Type 304 stainless steel
3. A-312, Type 304L stainless steel
4. A-358, Type 304L, Class 1 stainless steel
5. A-376, Type 304 stainless steel
6. A-376, Type 304L stainless steel
7. A-335, Grade P22 chrome-moly steel
8. Fiberglass reinforced plastic pipe

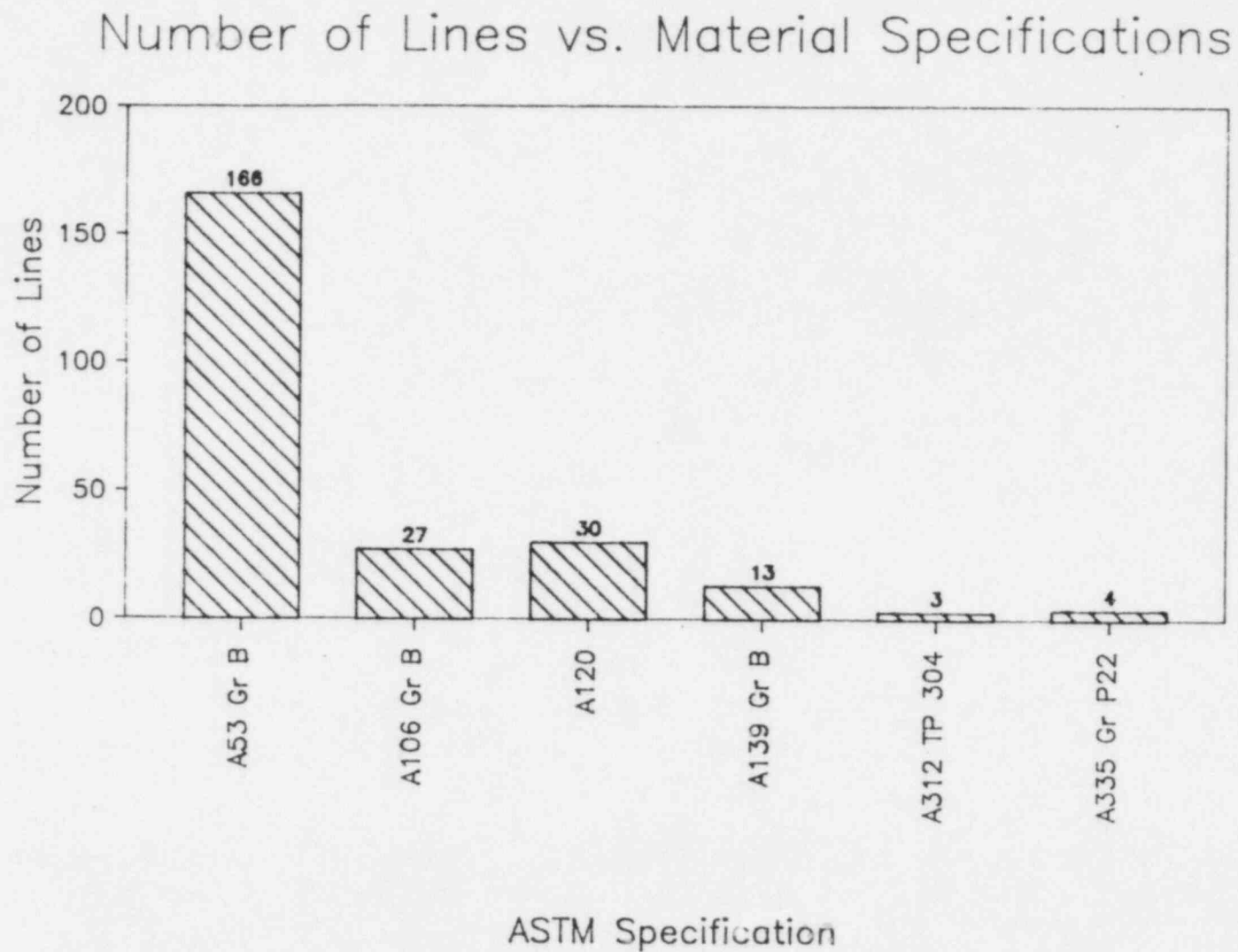


Figure 3-5 El Centro Plant Piping Material Specifications

Materials 1, 2, and 7 listed above are represented by the El Centro Plant data base. Only a few piping systems are constructed of Materials 4 and 8. Furthermore, they are not represented in the El Centro data and should be treated on a case by case basis at Millstone III.

Materials 3, 5, and 6 are not used at the El Centro Plant. However, their mechanical properties are very similar to A-312, Type 304 stainless steel which is included in the El Centro Plant data base. This comparison shows that the El Centro Plant piping materials essentially encompasses the Millstone III Category 2 piping materials.

3.2.2 Comparison of Piping Sizes

Figure 3-6 presents the total number of lines constructed of the various pipe diameters contained in the El Centro Plant data base. Pipe diameters range from 0.5 inches to 30 inches. Pipe diameters of 10 inches and less are represented in significant numbers. Figures 3-7 to 3-14 show the number of lines constructed of these pipe diameters for each of the different pipe schedules contained in the El Centro Plant data base. Piping is found in nearly all schedules ranging from Schedule 10 to Schedule 160. Most of the data consists of Schedules 40 and 80 pipe.

The Millstone III Category 2 piping that has the potential for seismic interaction with Category 1 piping or equipment is 12 inches in diameter or less. The piping schedules vary from Schedule 10S to Schedule 80. In contrast, the El Centro Plant data base piping has diameters up to 20 and 30 inches and wall thicknesses ranging from Schedule 10 to Schedule 160. This comparison clearly indicates that the data base pipe sizes envelope the Millstone III Category 2 piping.

3.2.3 Comparison of Piping Operating Conditions

The operating pressures and temperatures of the El Centro Plant piping were compiled from the pipe line lists. Figure 3-15 illustrates the range of operating pressures for each of the pipe diameters used at the El Centro Plant. This figure contains the number of lines having operating pressures occurring in prescribed ranges. These ranges

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (All Schedules)

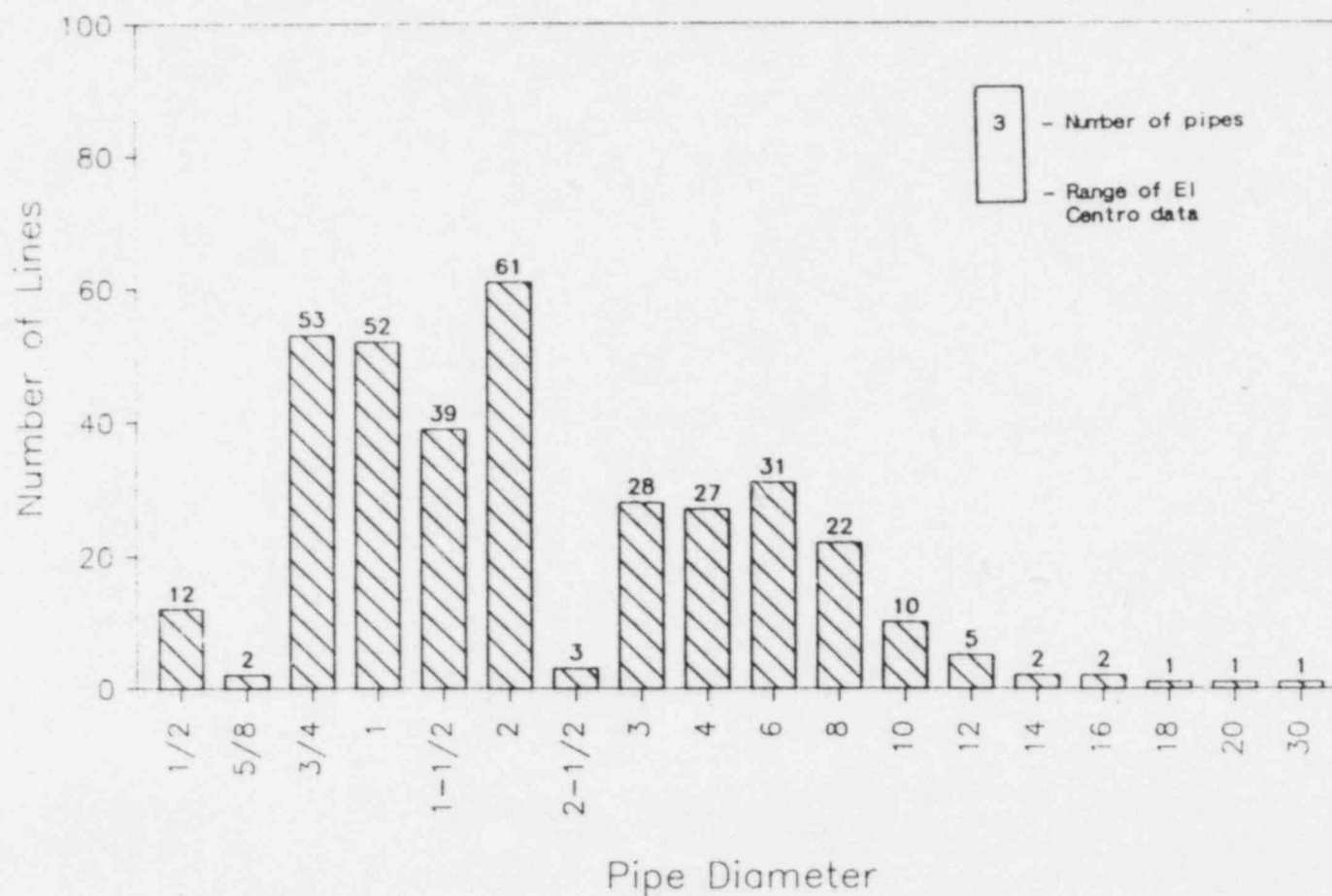


Figure 3-6 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, All Schedules

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 10)

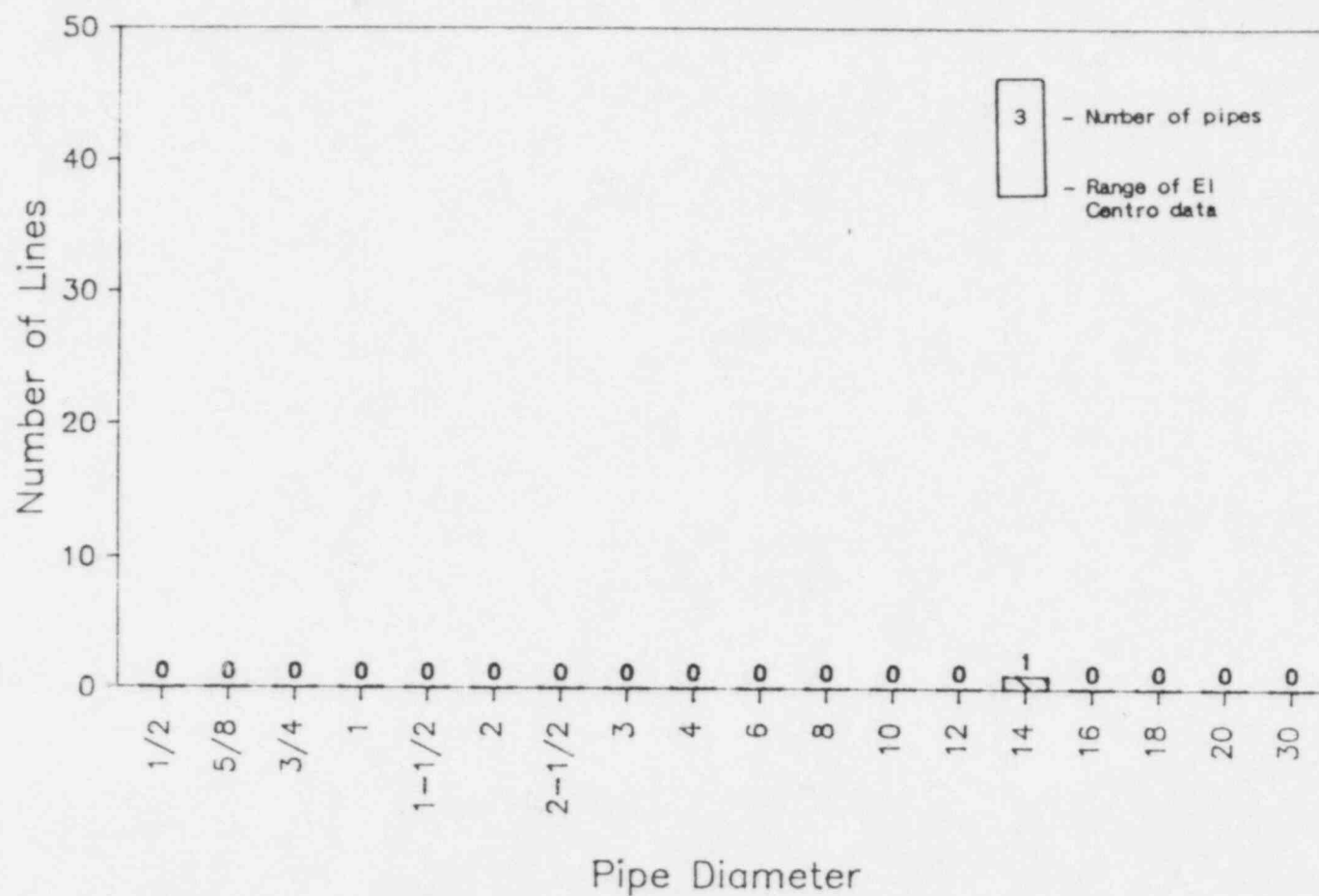


Figure 3-7 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 10

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 20)

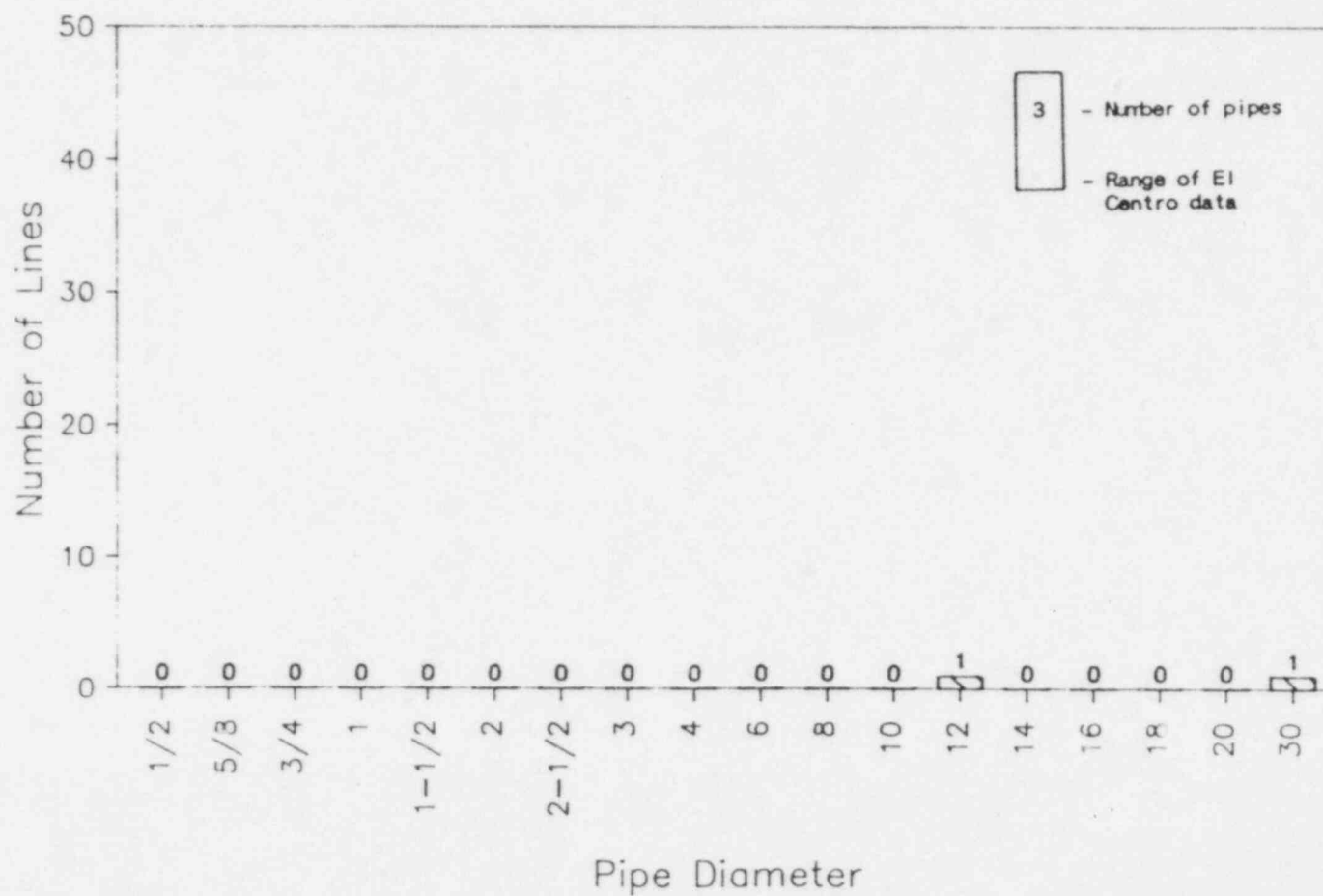


Figure 3-8 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 20

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 30)

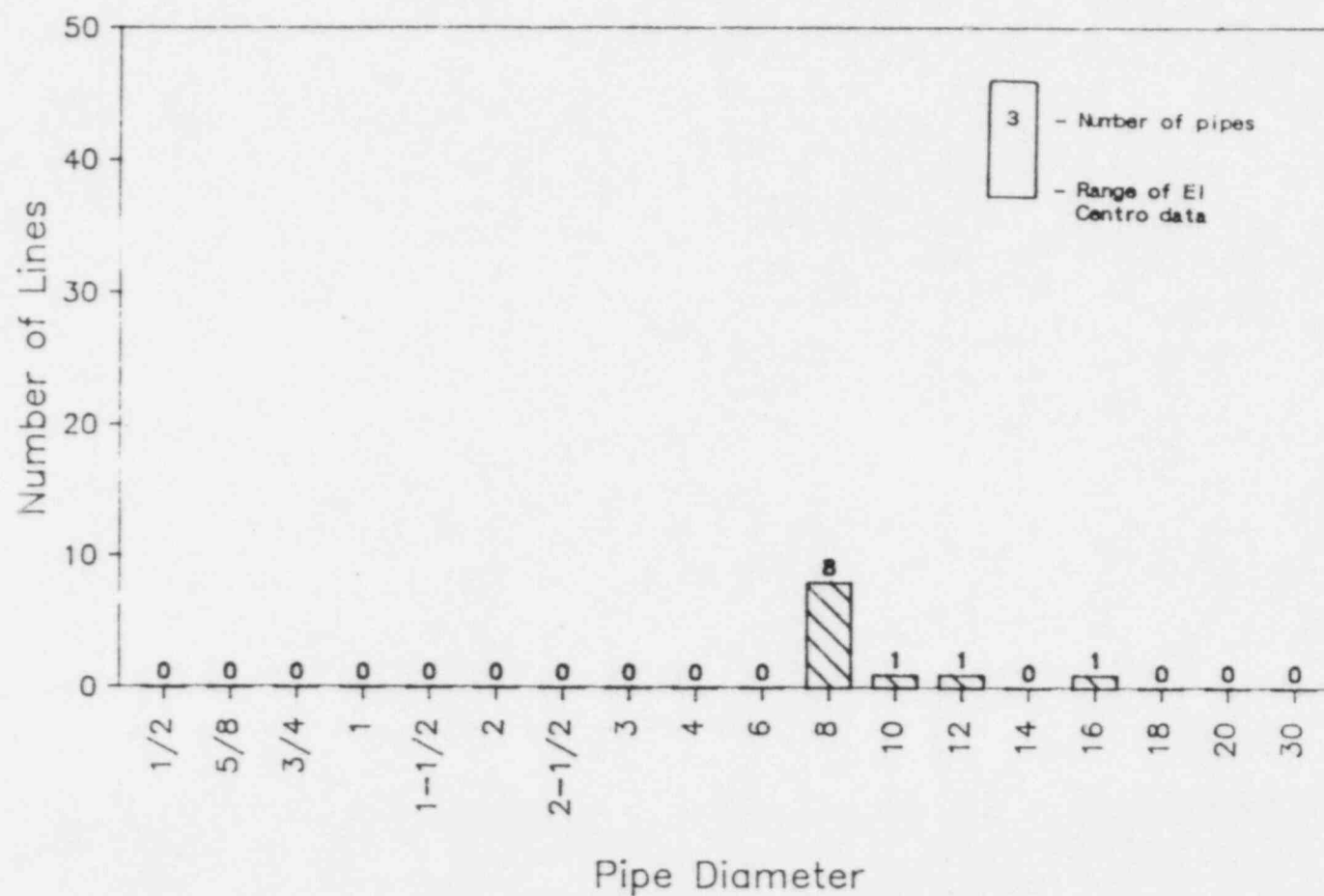


Figure 3-9 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 30

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Standard Weight)

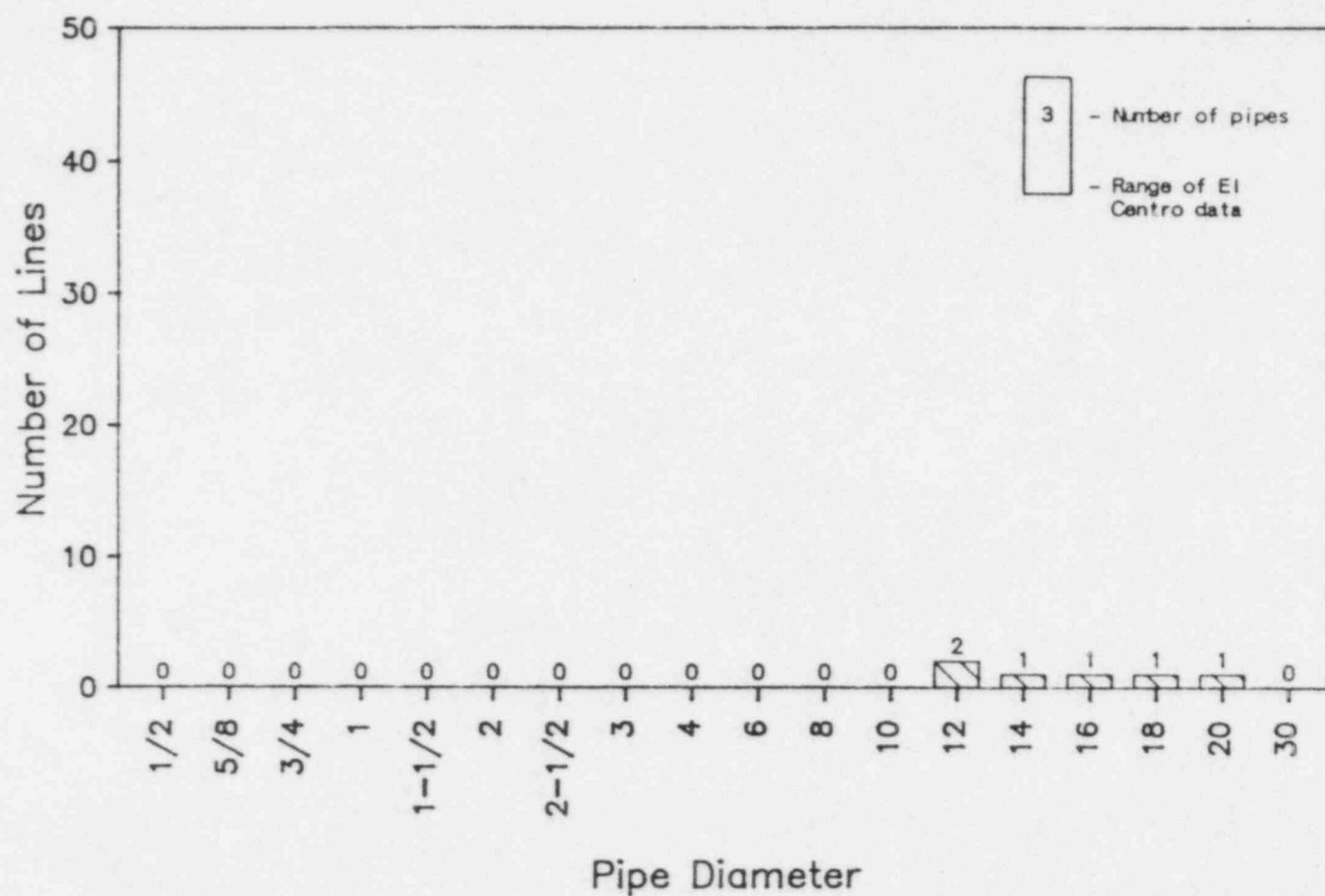


Figure 3-10 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Standard Weights

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 40)

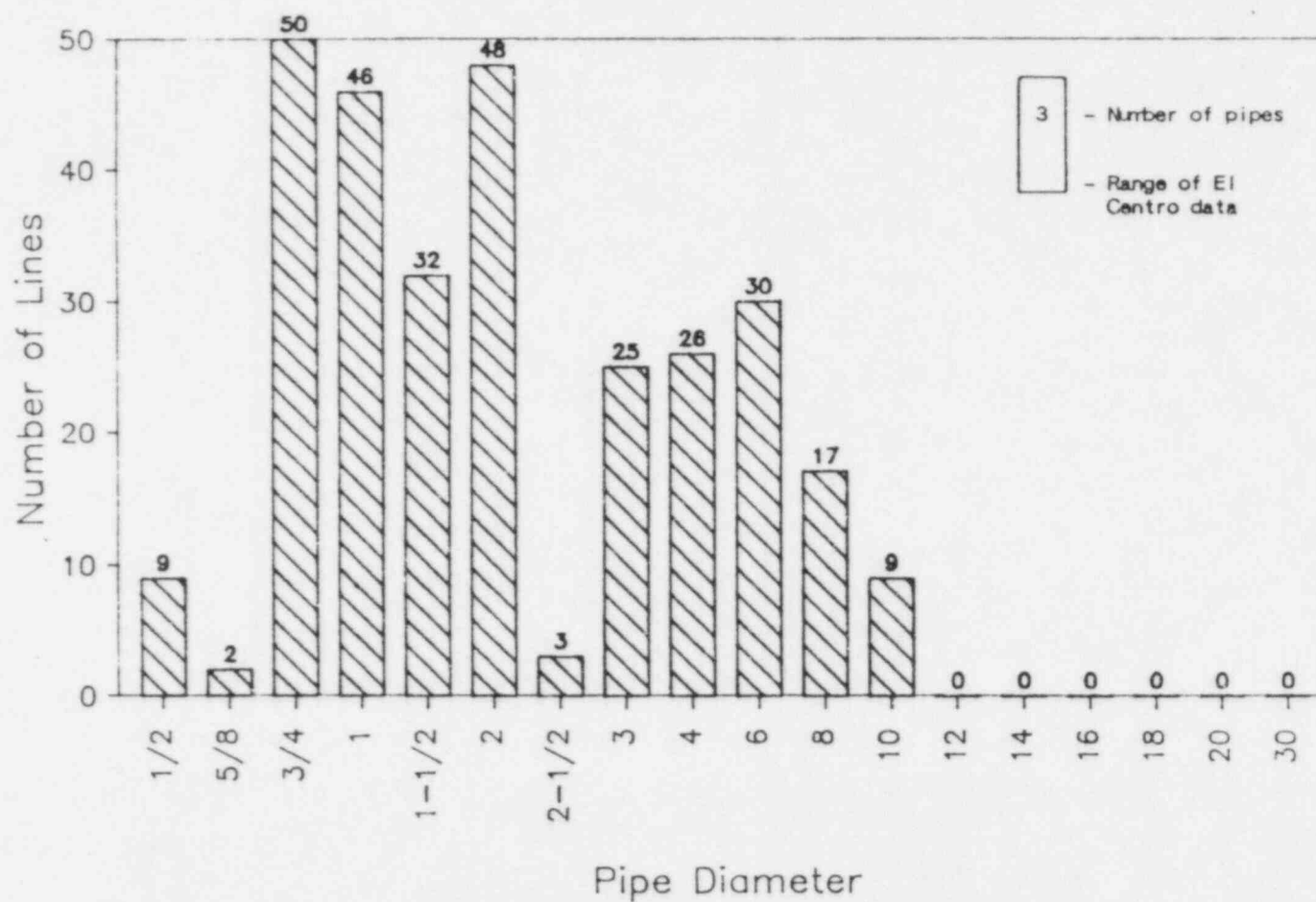


Figure 3-11 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 40

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 80)

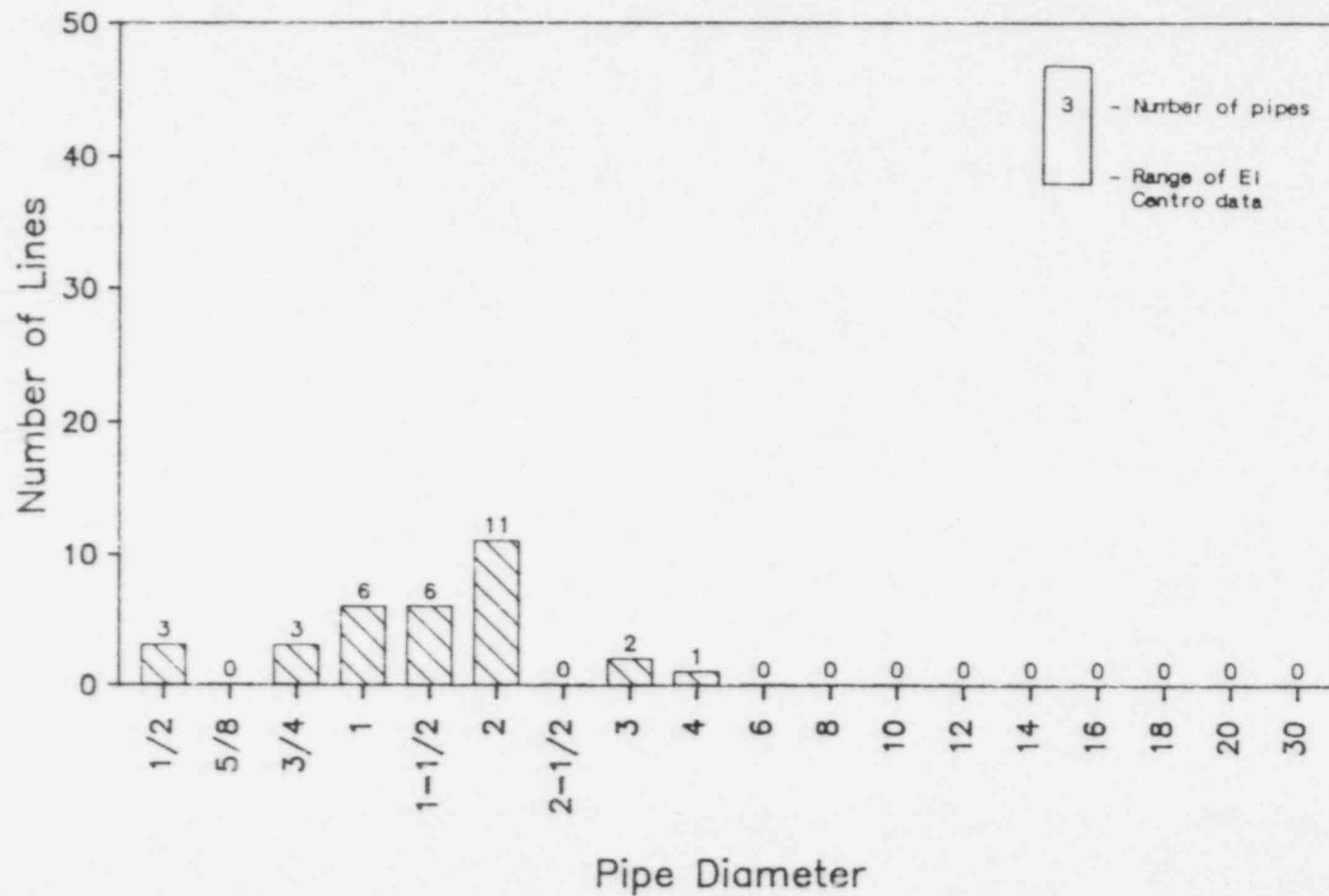


Figure 3-12 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 80

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 120)

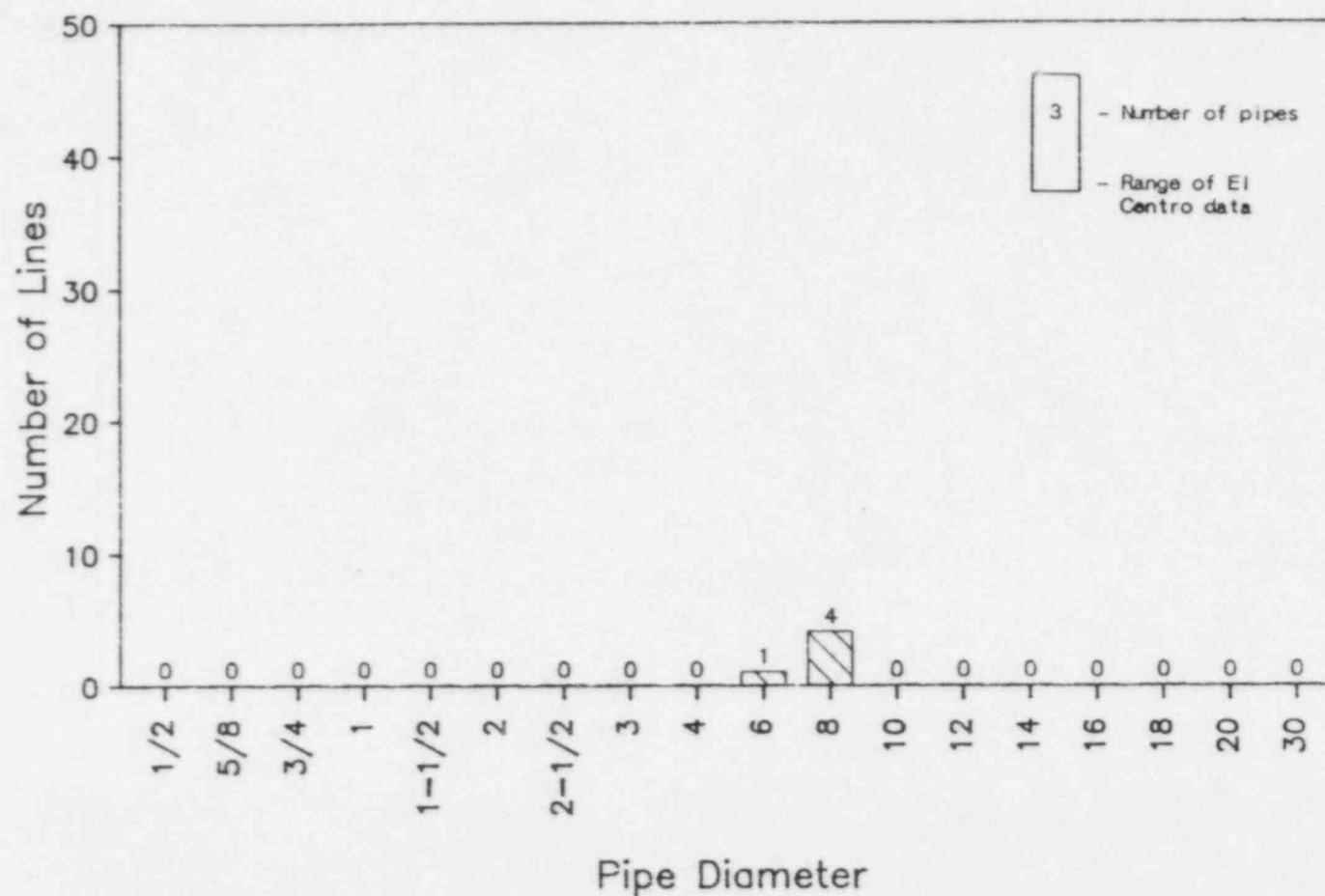


Figure 3-13 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 120

Number of Lines vs Pipe Diameter (Schedule 160)

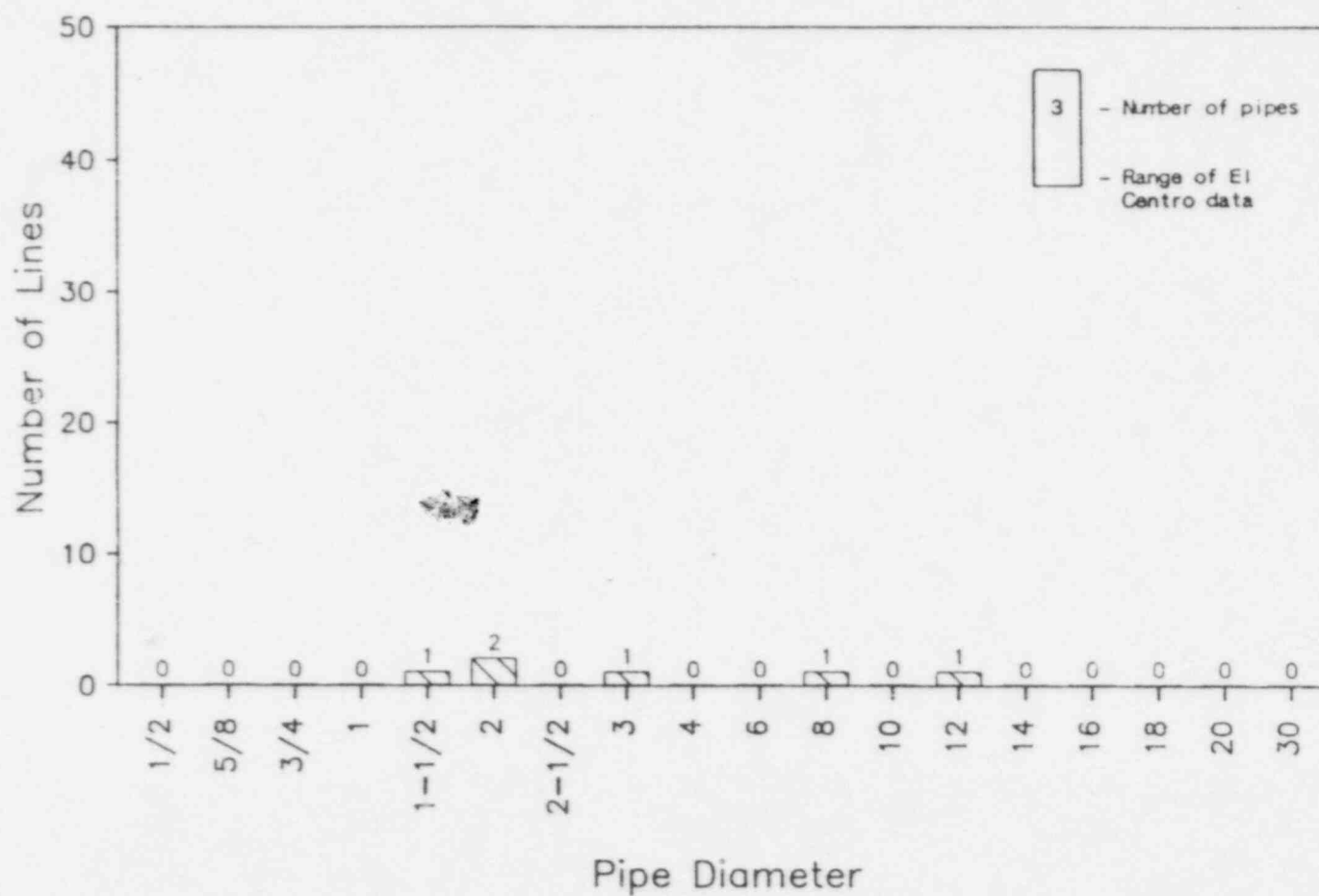


Figure 3-14 El Centro Plant Piping Sizes, Schedule 160

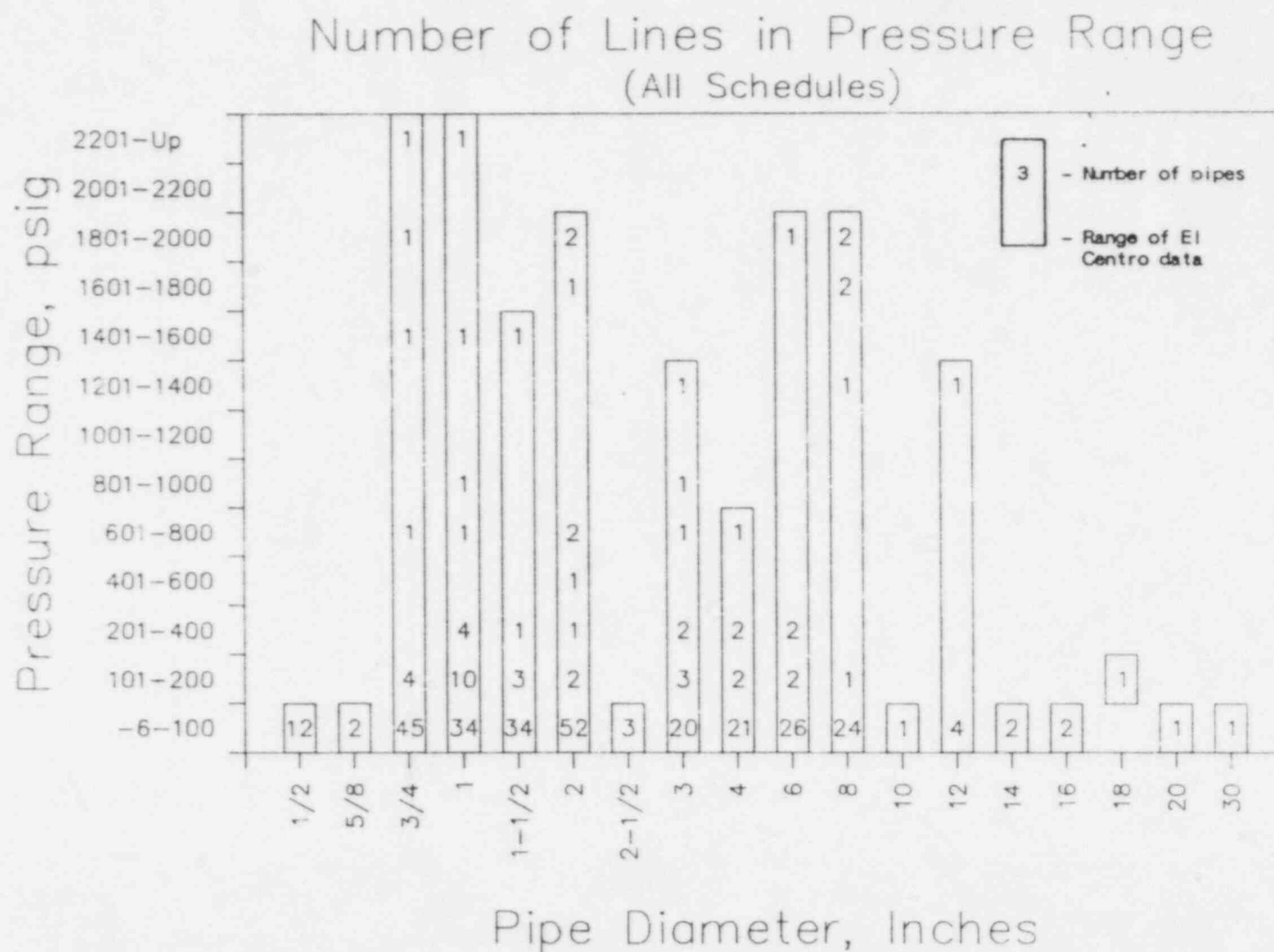


Figure 3-15 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, All Schedules

encompass pressures from -6 psi to over 2400 psi. Most of the systems have operating pressures less than 400 psi. Figures 3-16 to 3-23 show the same information for each of the pipe schedules. Pipe Schedules 10 to 40 are used primarily for the lower operating pressures (400 psi or less). Schedule 80 pipe is used for operating pressures from 400 psi to 1000 psi. Schedules 120 and 160 pipe are mostly used for operating pressures in excess of 1200 psi.

Figure 3-24 presents the range of operating temperatures for each of the pipe diameters used at the El Centro Plant. This figure shows the number of lines with operating temperatures within prescribed 100°F intervals. Operating temperatures as high as 1005°F occur. Most of the piping systems have operating temperatures less than 400°F. Similar plots for each of the different pipe schedules are shown in Figures 3-25 to 3-32.

Design pressures and temperatures for the Millstone III Category 2 piping are available from the piping specifications. The maximum design pressure and temperature for any Category 2 line are 1380 psi and 1050°F, respectively. These values compare with the El Centro Plant data base maximum operating pressure and temperature of 2400 psi and 1005°F. This comparison shows that the data base adequately bounds the Millstone III Category 2 piping.

3.2.4 Comparison of Piping Components and Construction

Components that are integral with the piping systems include attachments and fittings. The potential for seismic interaction of attachments such as valves and thermocouples with adjacent structures or piping has already been addressed by the review criteria recommendations of Reference 1. The Category 2 attachments (valves, couplings, etc.) and fittings (tees, branches, elbows, etc) used at Millstone III are similar to or the same as other components used throughout the utility industry. The performance of these components would be expected to be no worse than the performance exhibited by the seismic experience data base as a whole.

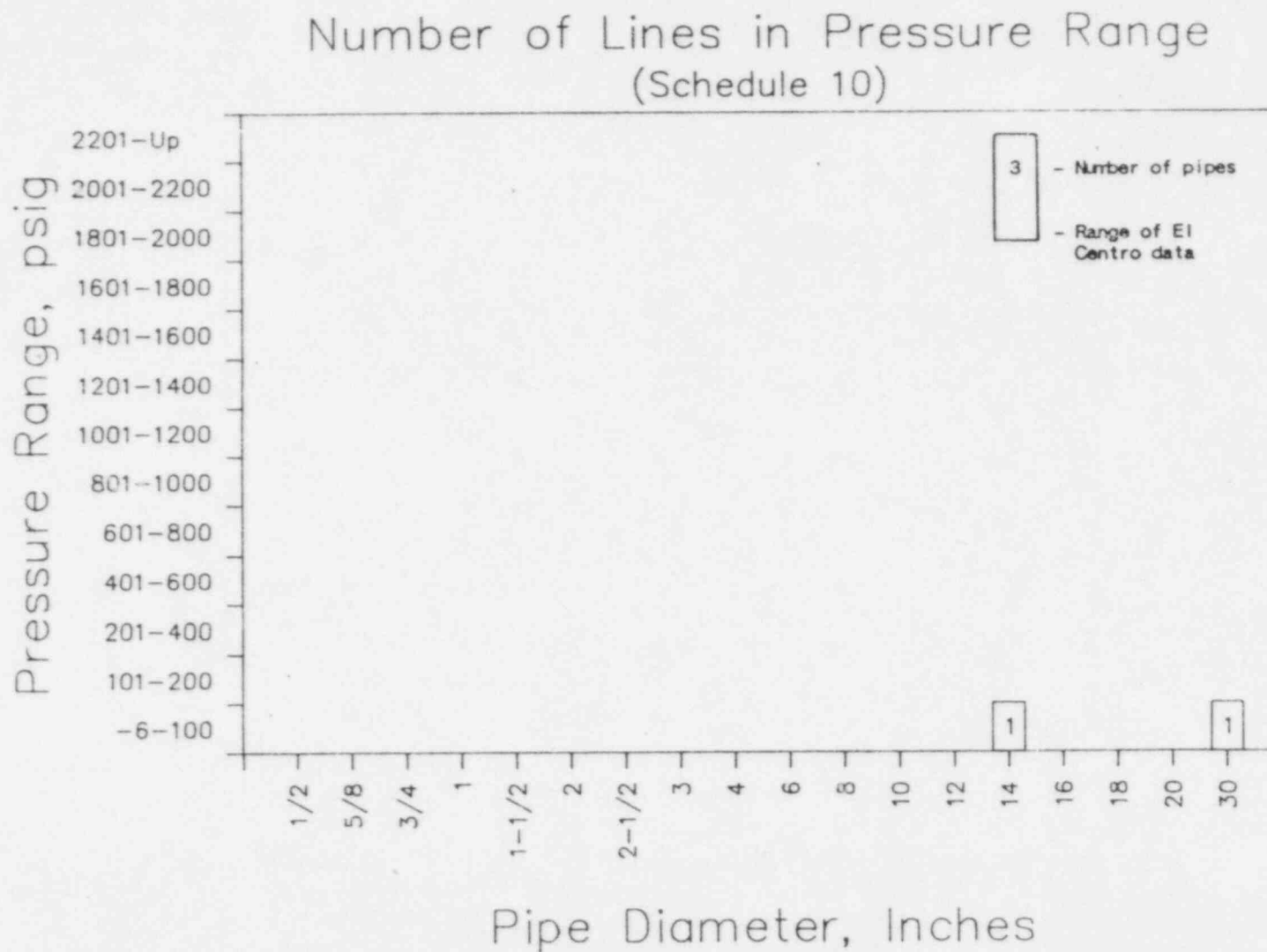


Figure 3-16 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 10

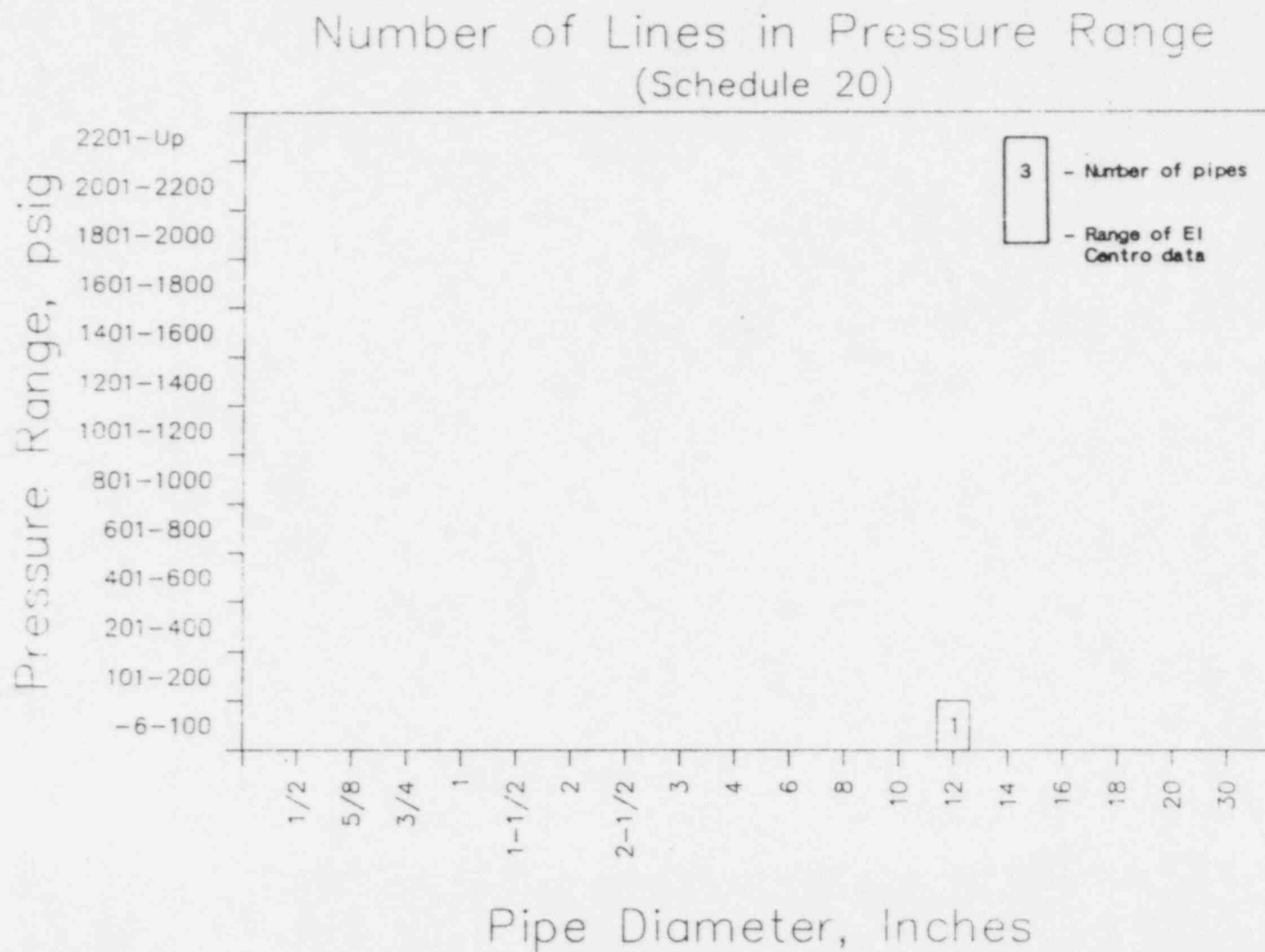


Figure 3-17 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 20

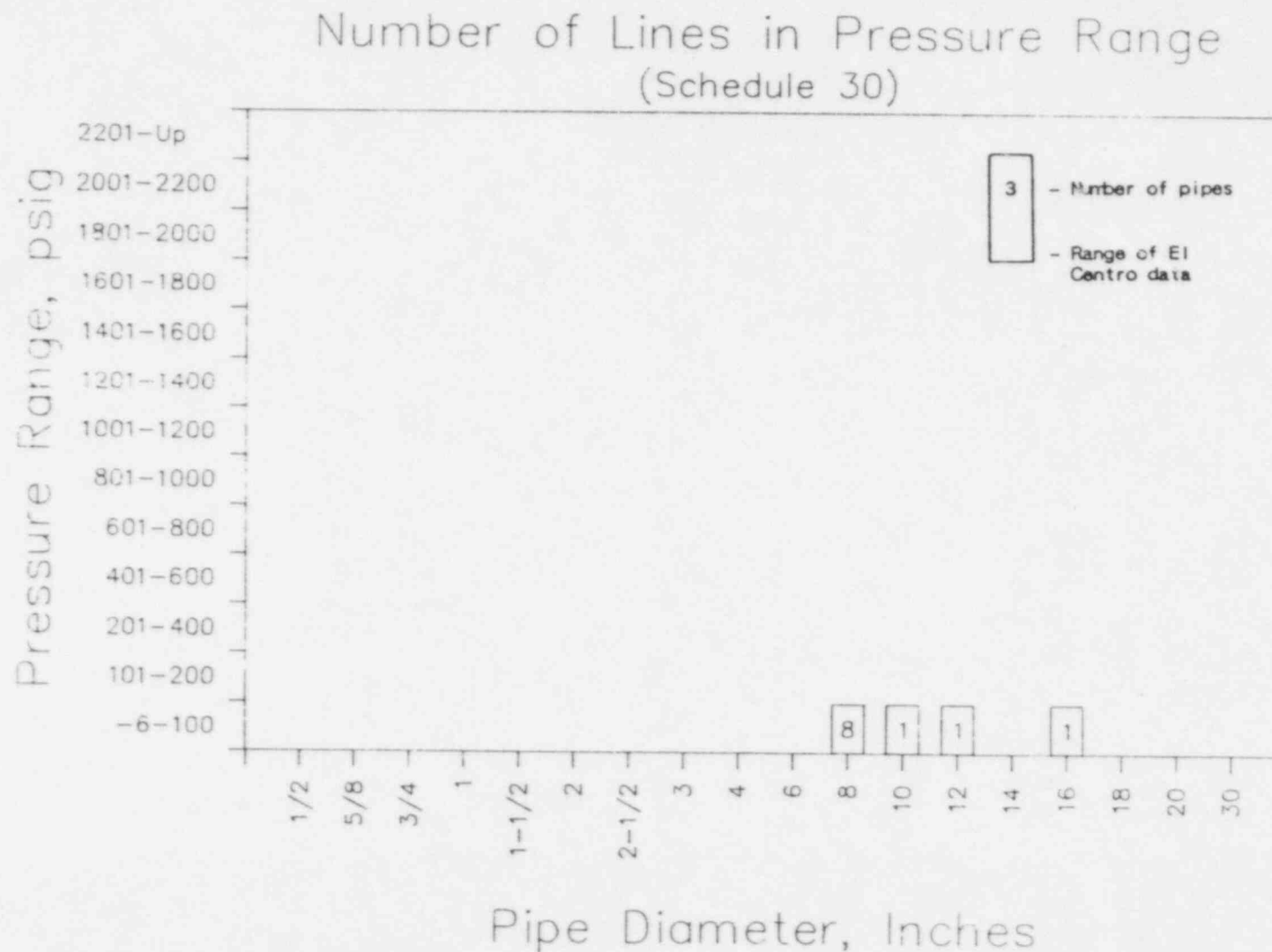


Figure 3-18 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 30

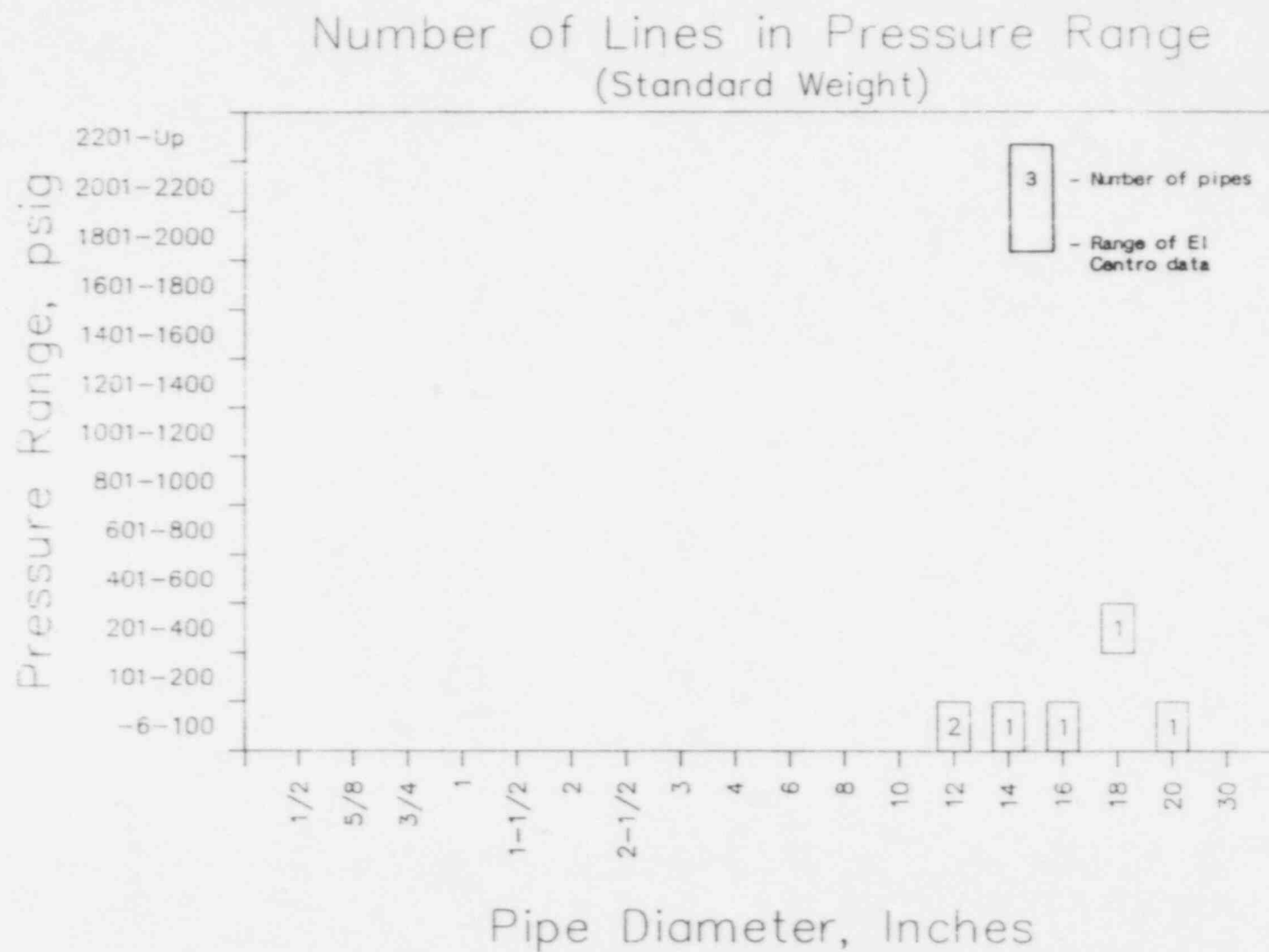


Figure 3-19 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Standard Weight

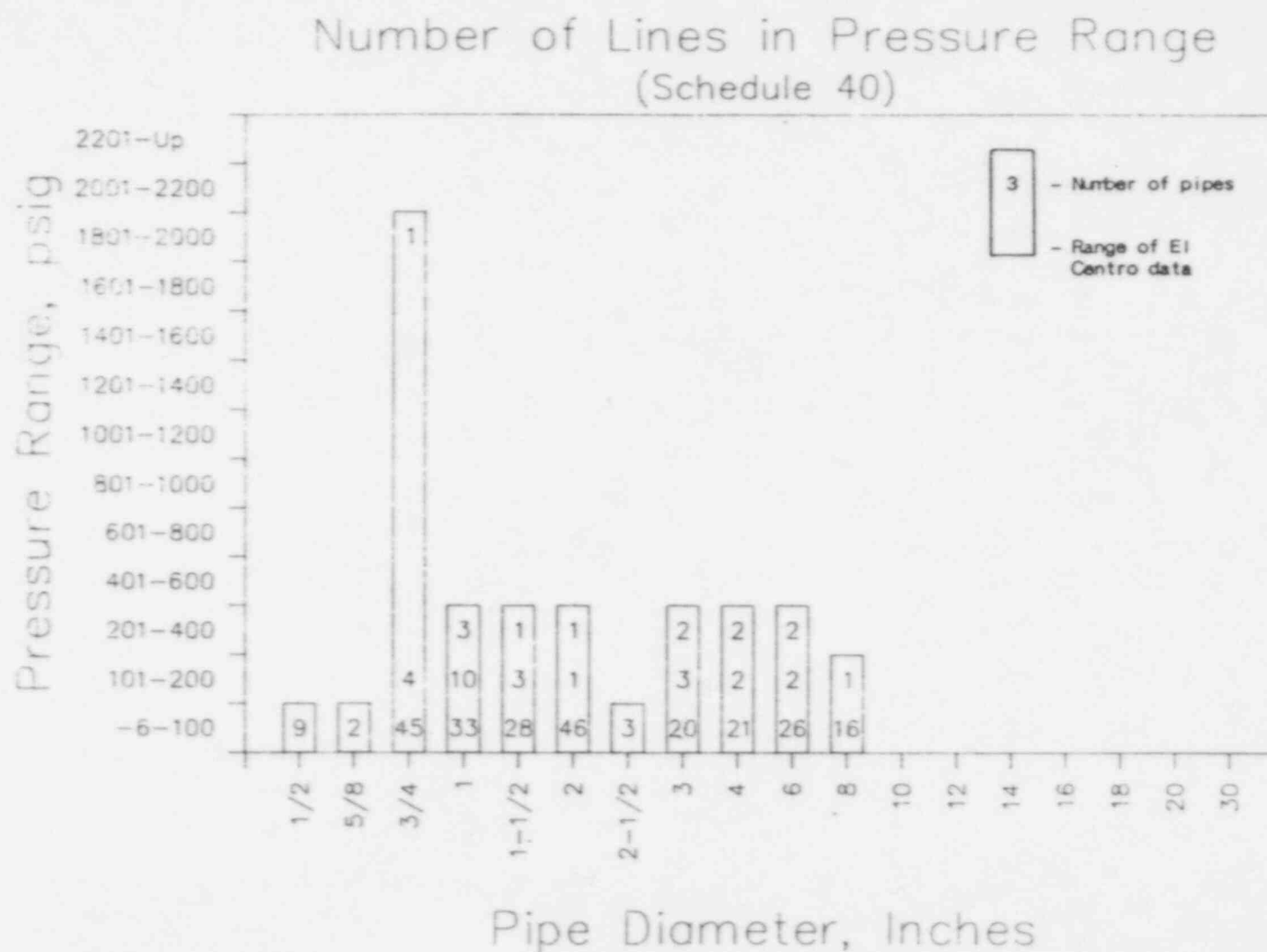
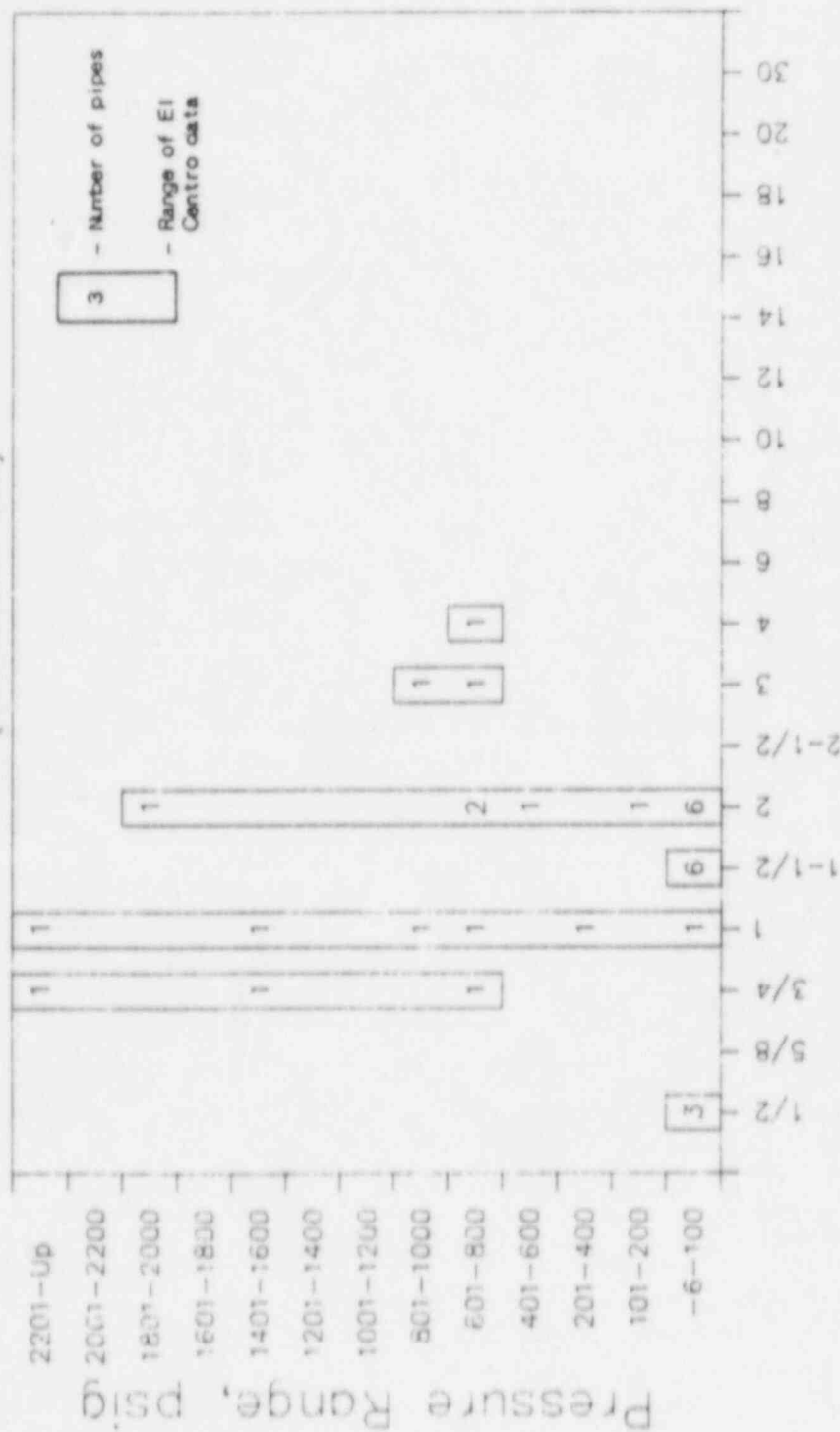


Figure 3-20 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 40

Number of Lines in Pressure Range (Schedule 80)



Pipe Diameter, Inches

Figure 3-21 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 80

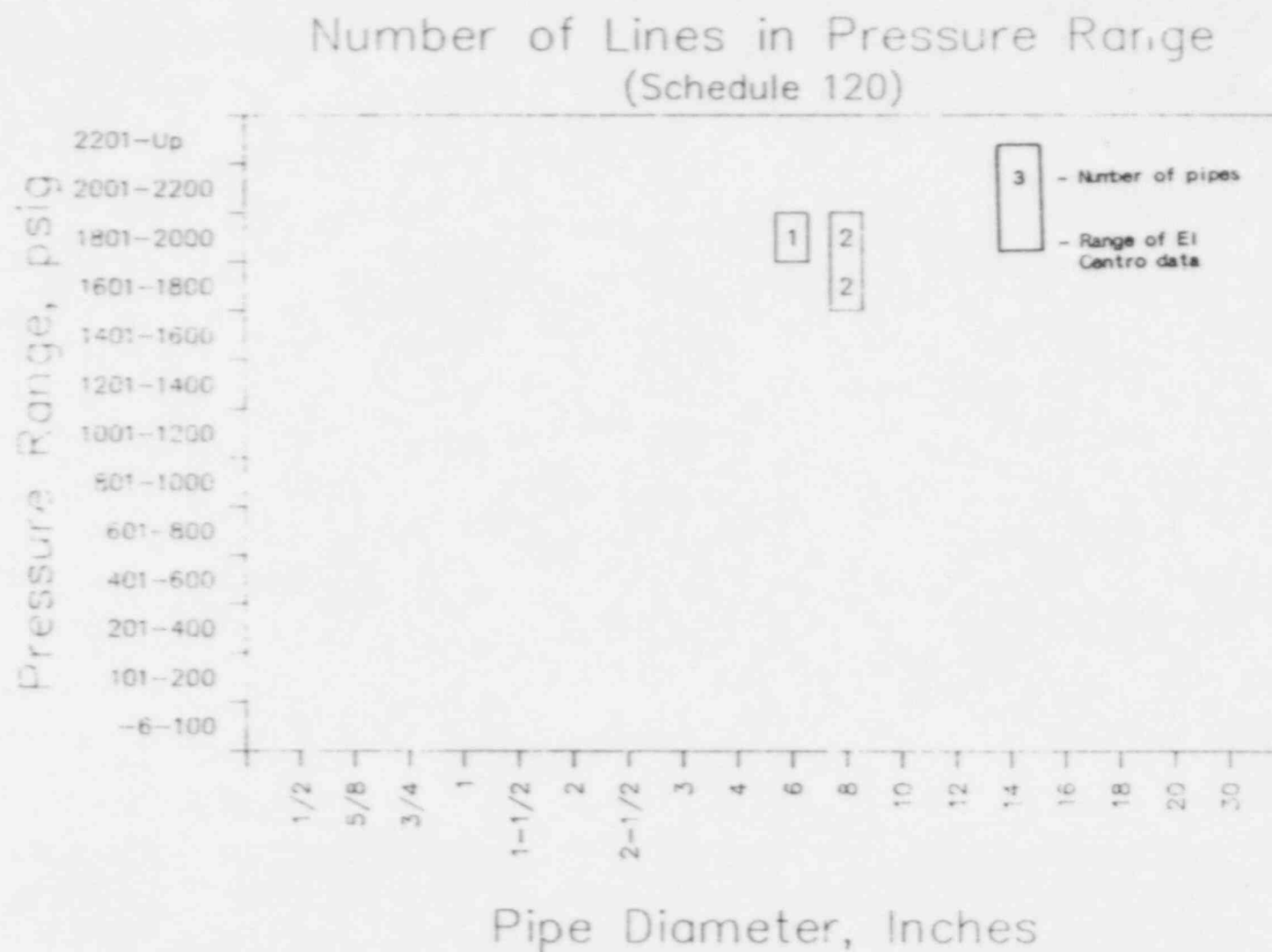
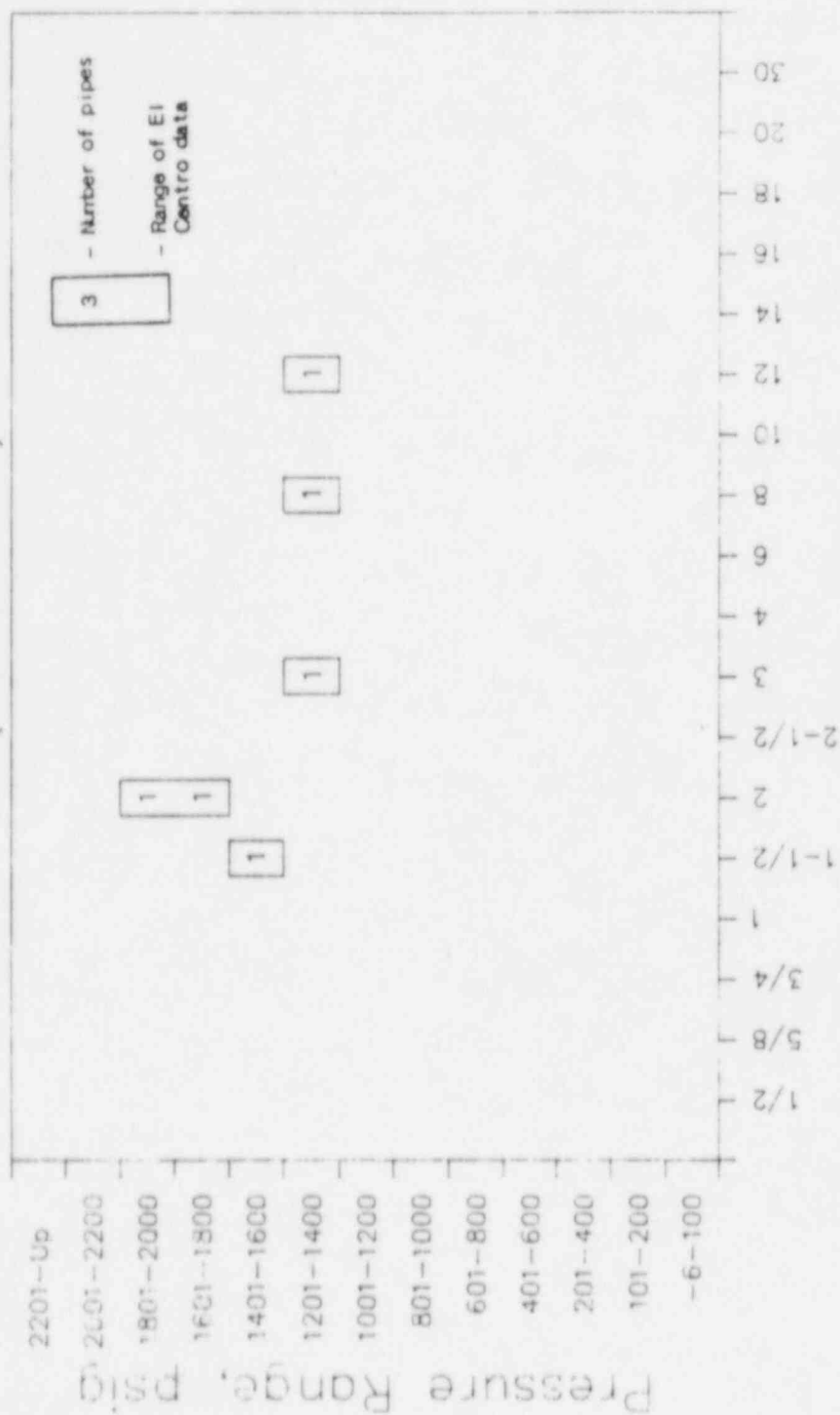


Figure 3-22 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 120

Number of Lines in Pressure Range (Schedule 160)



Pipe Diameter, Inches

Figure 3-23 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Pressures, Schedule 160

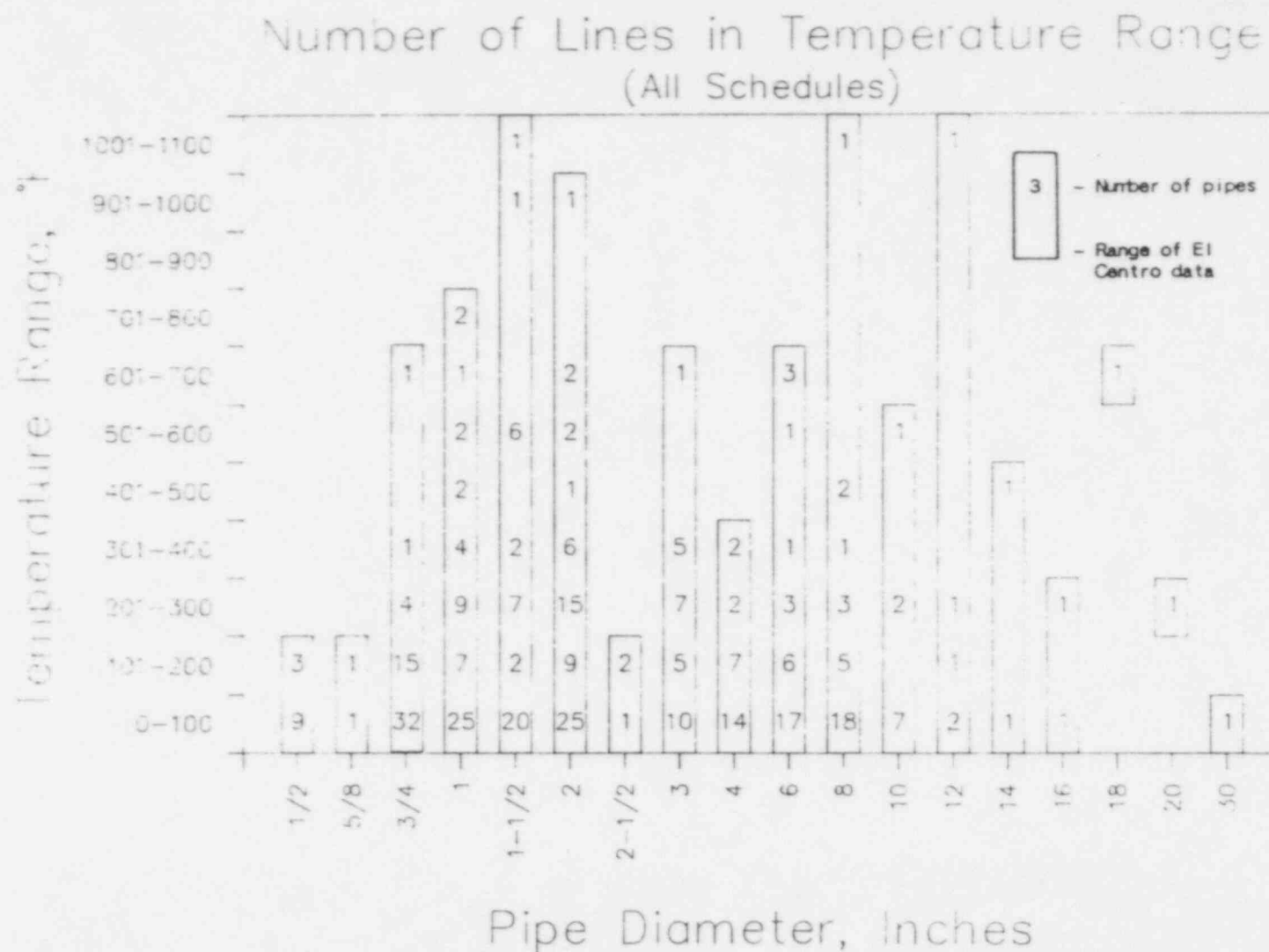


Figure 3-24 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, All Schedules

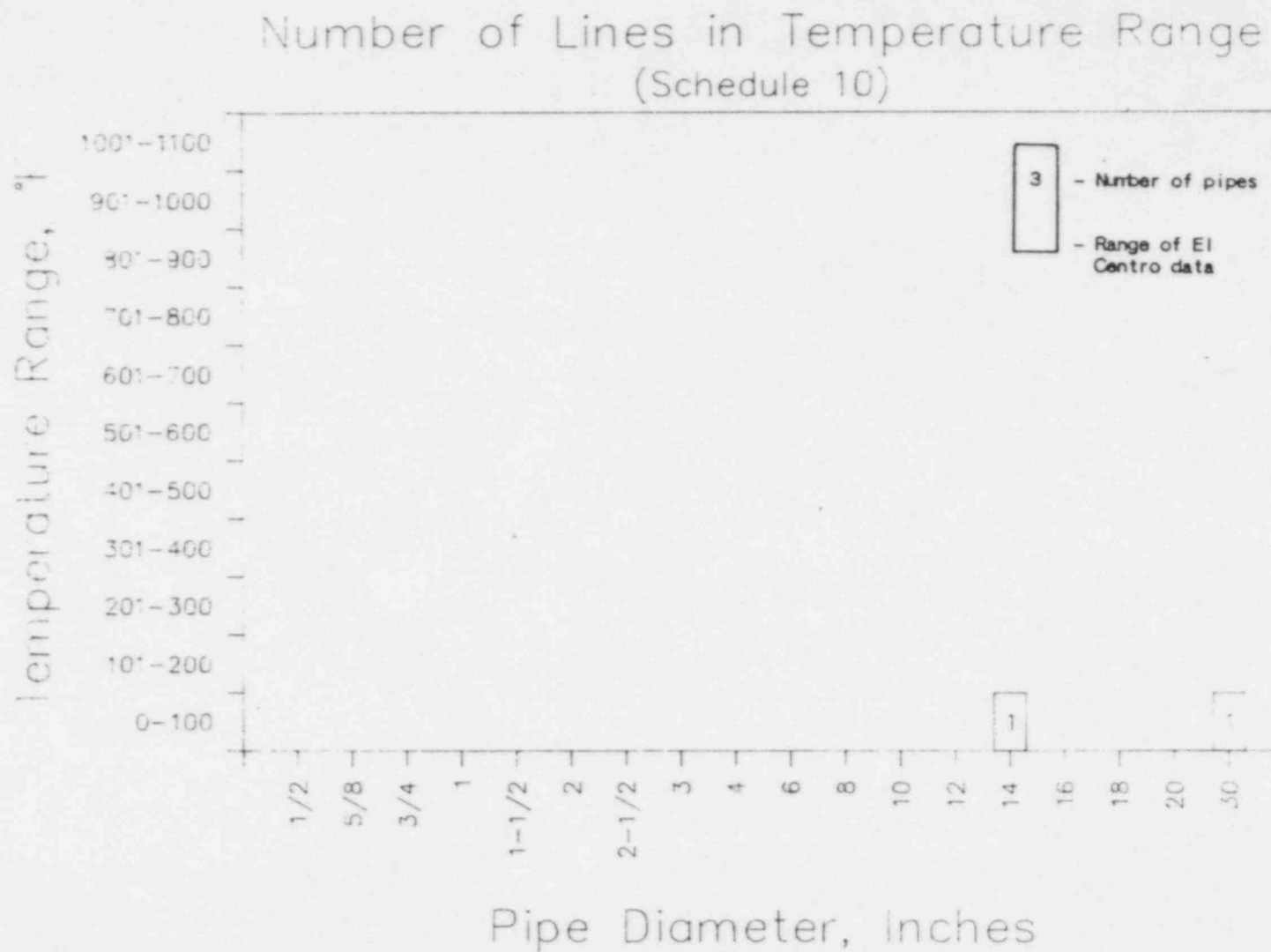


Figure 3-25 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 10

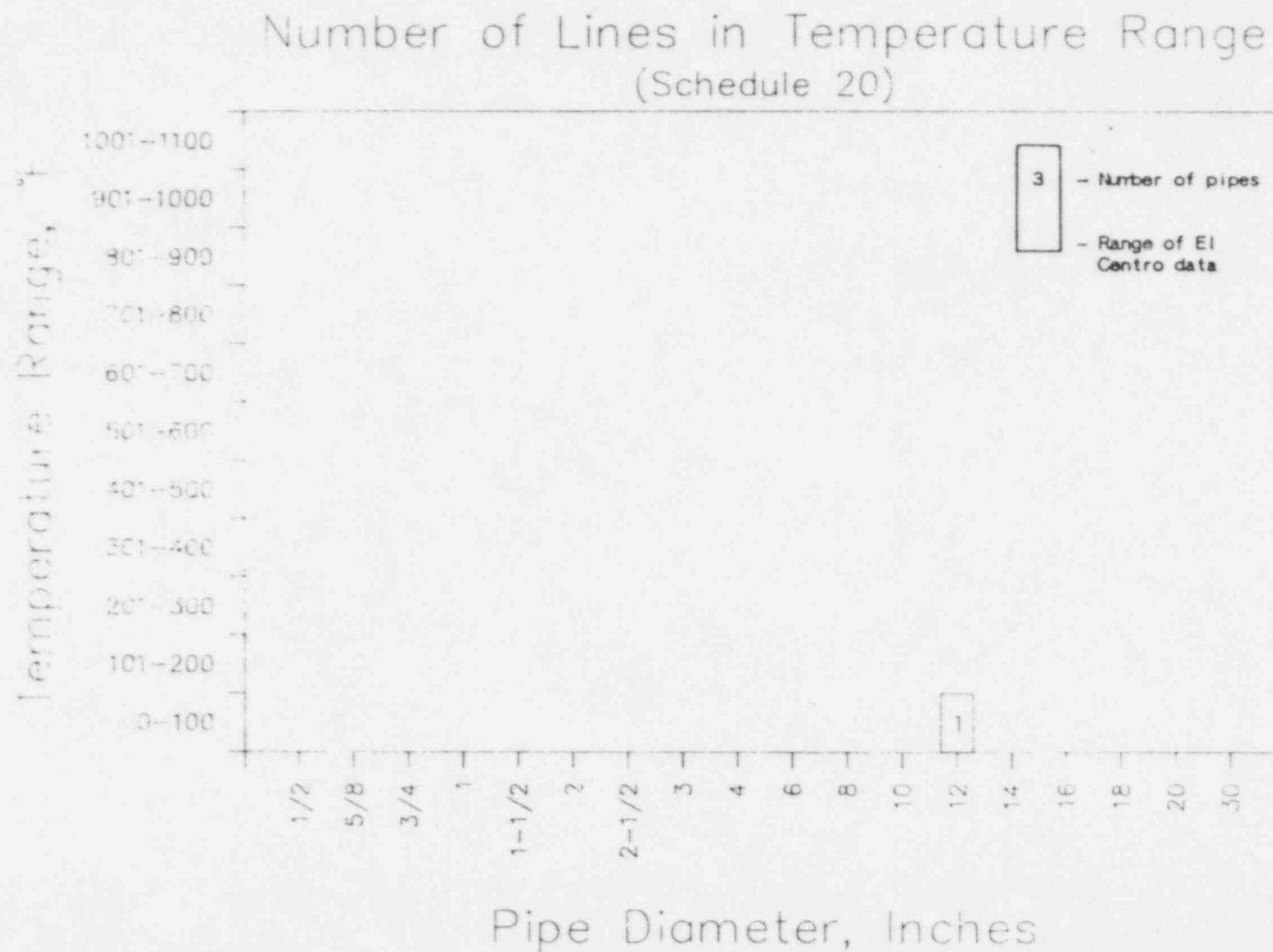


Figure 3-26 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 20

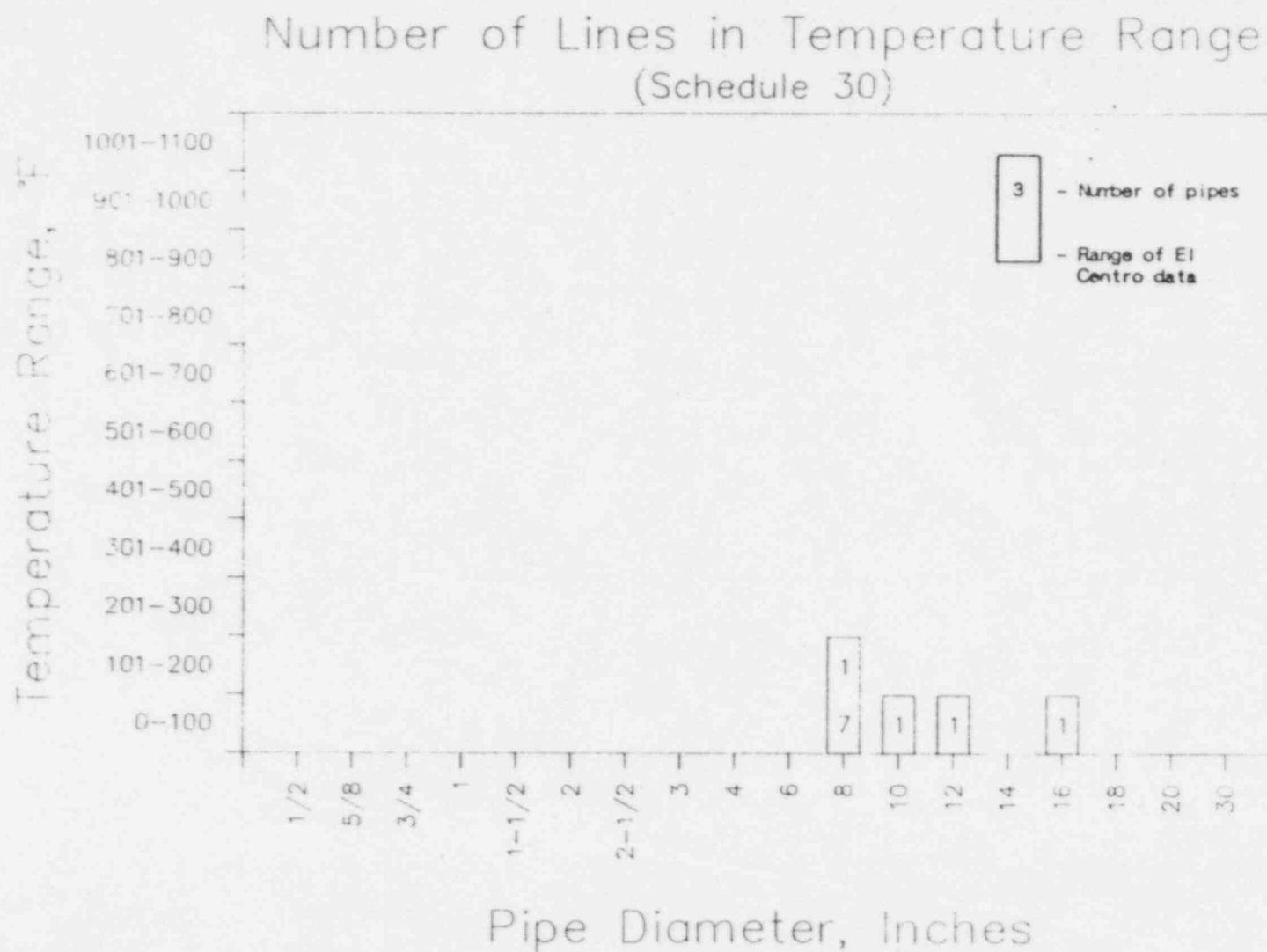


Figure 3-27 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 30

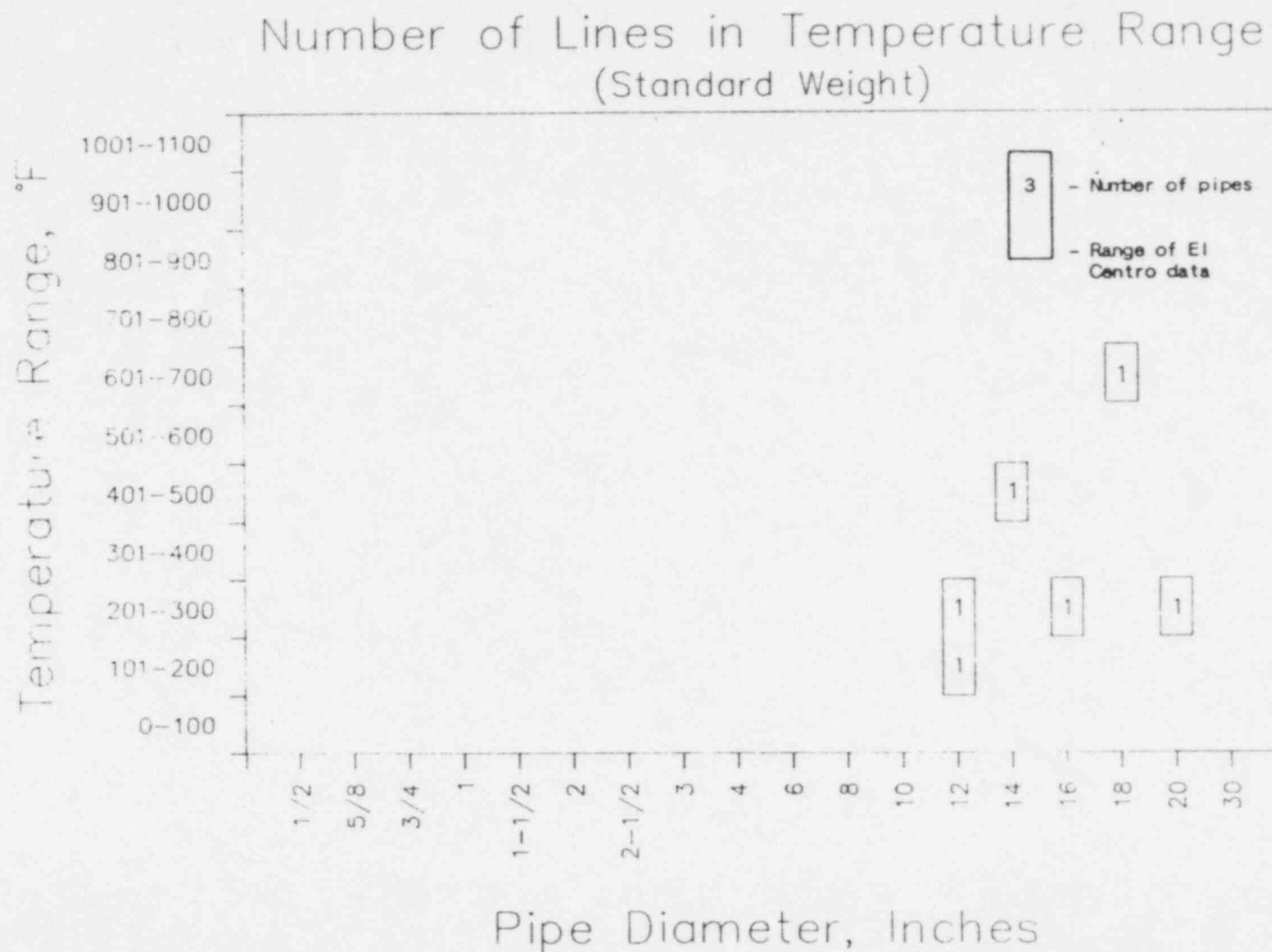


Figure 3-28 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Standard Weight

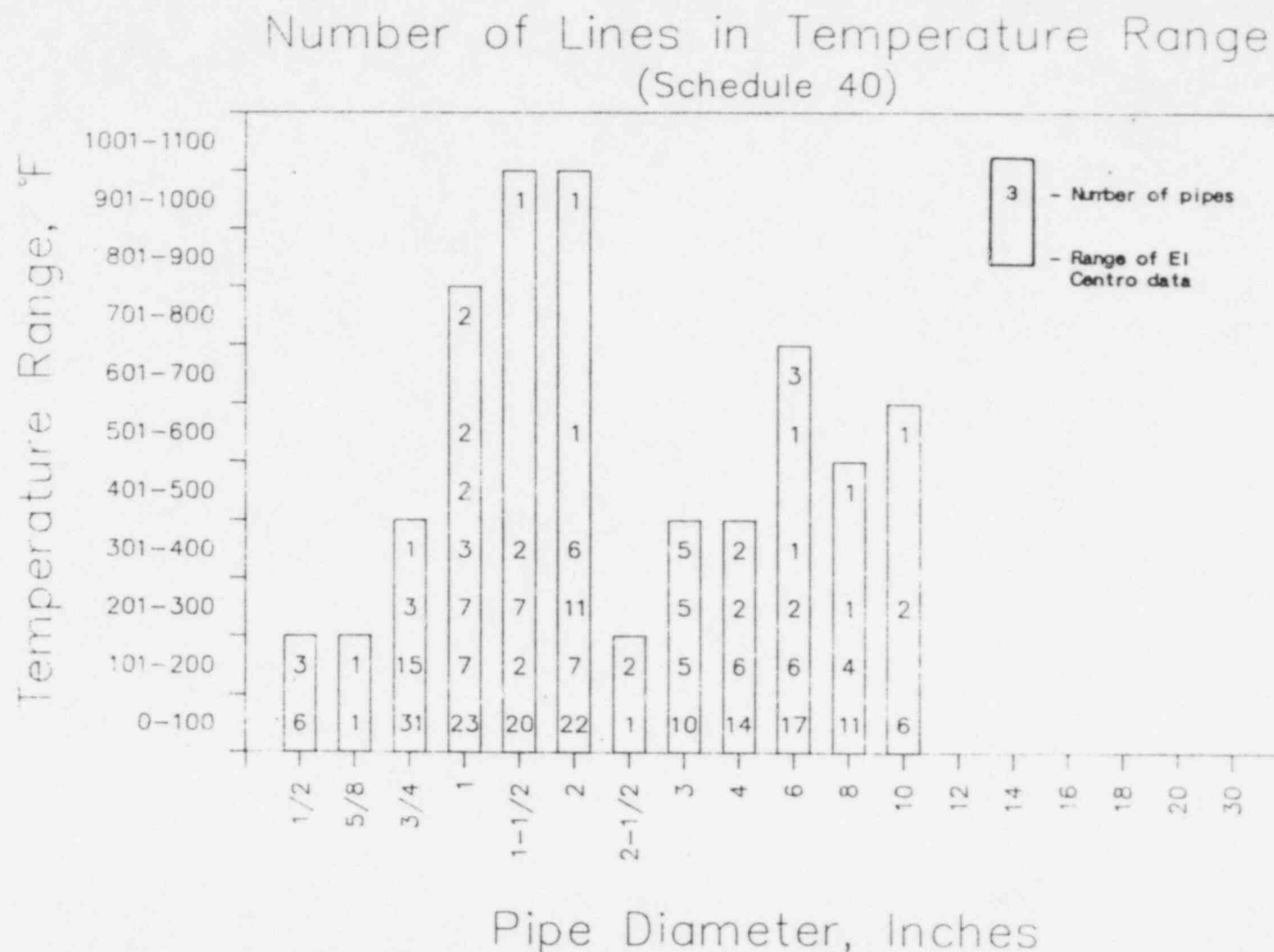


Figure 3-29 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 40

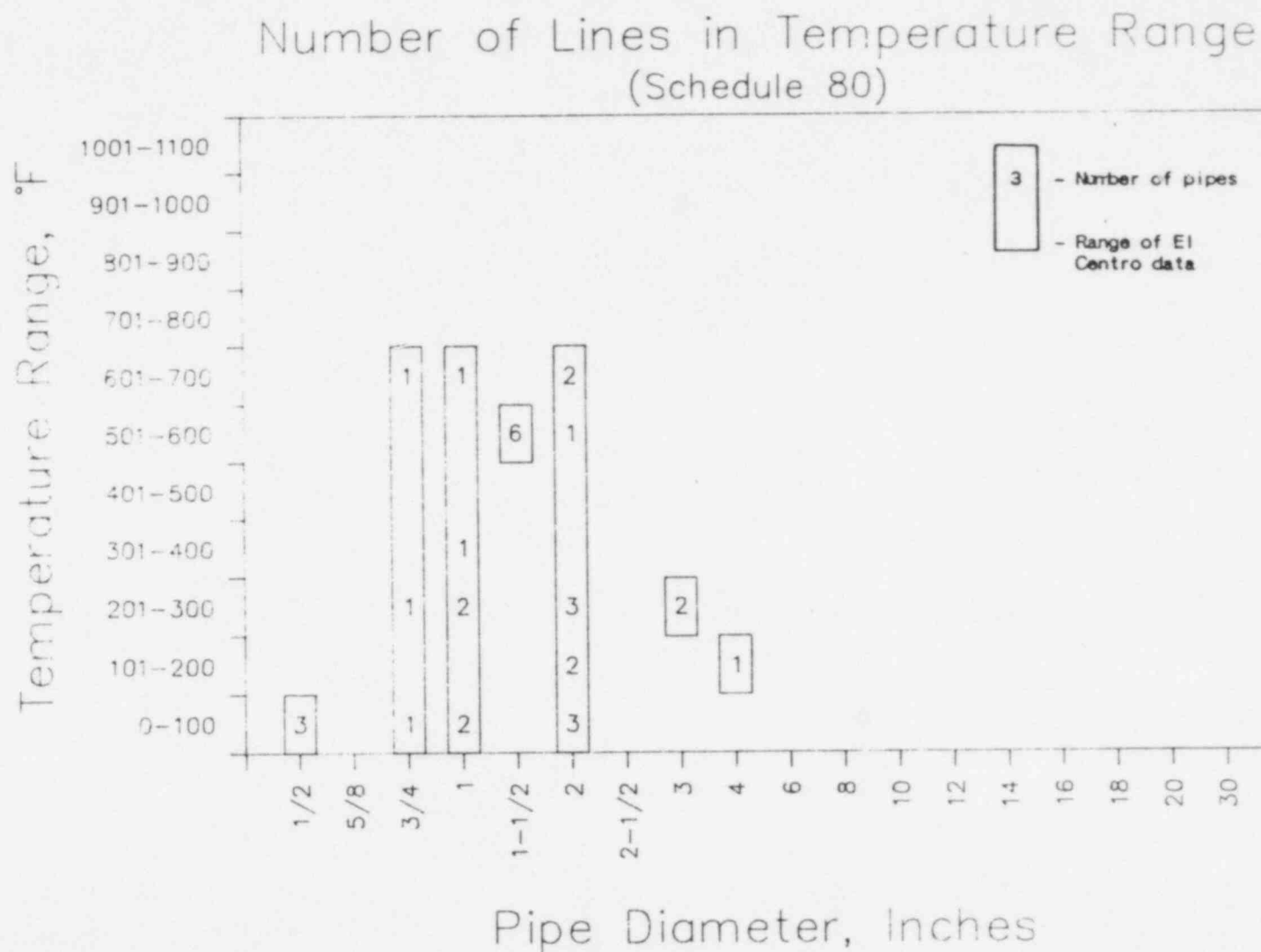


Figure 3-30 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 80

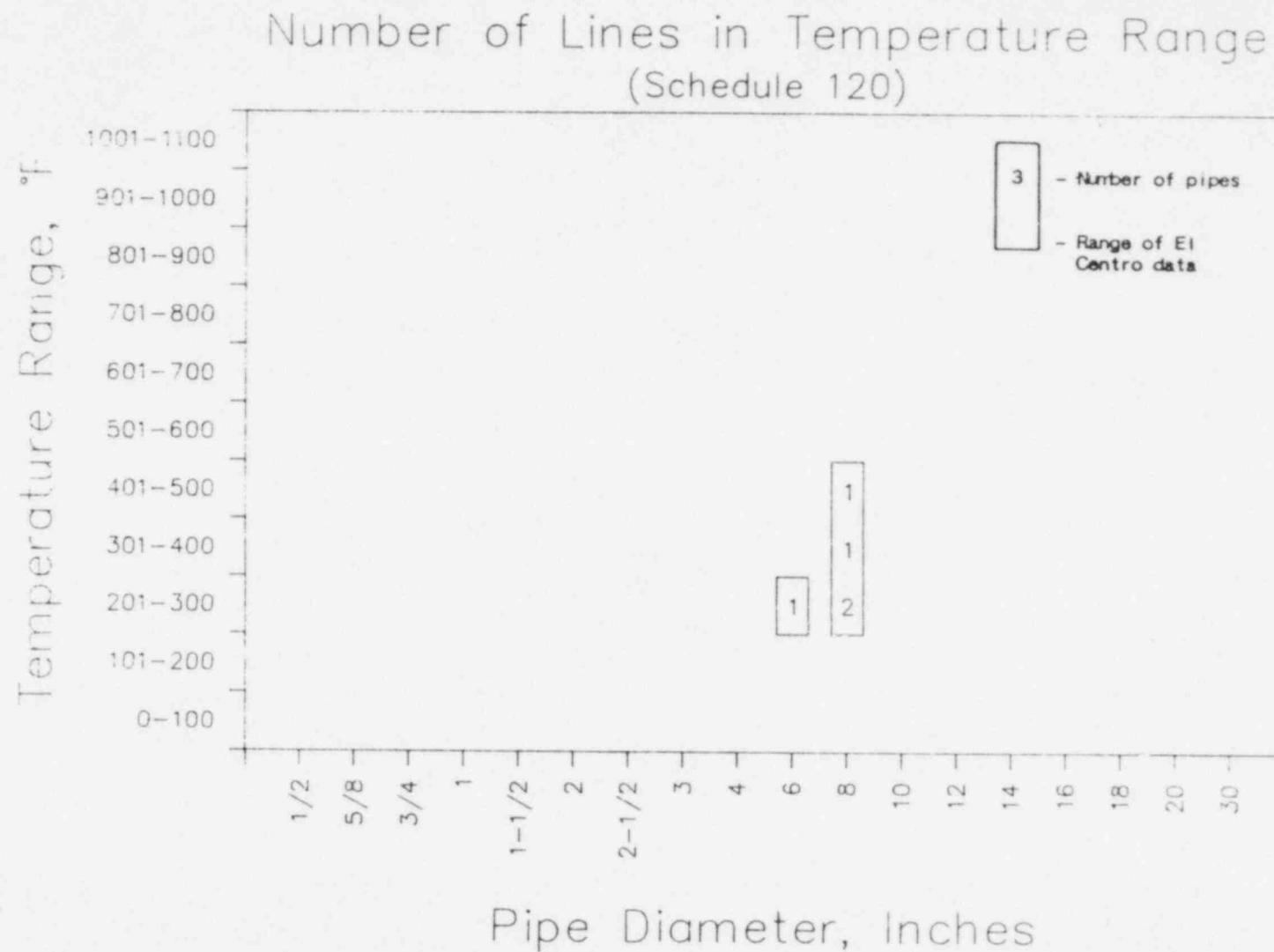


Figure 3-31 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 120

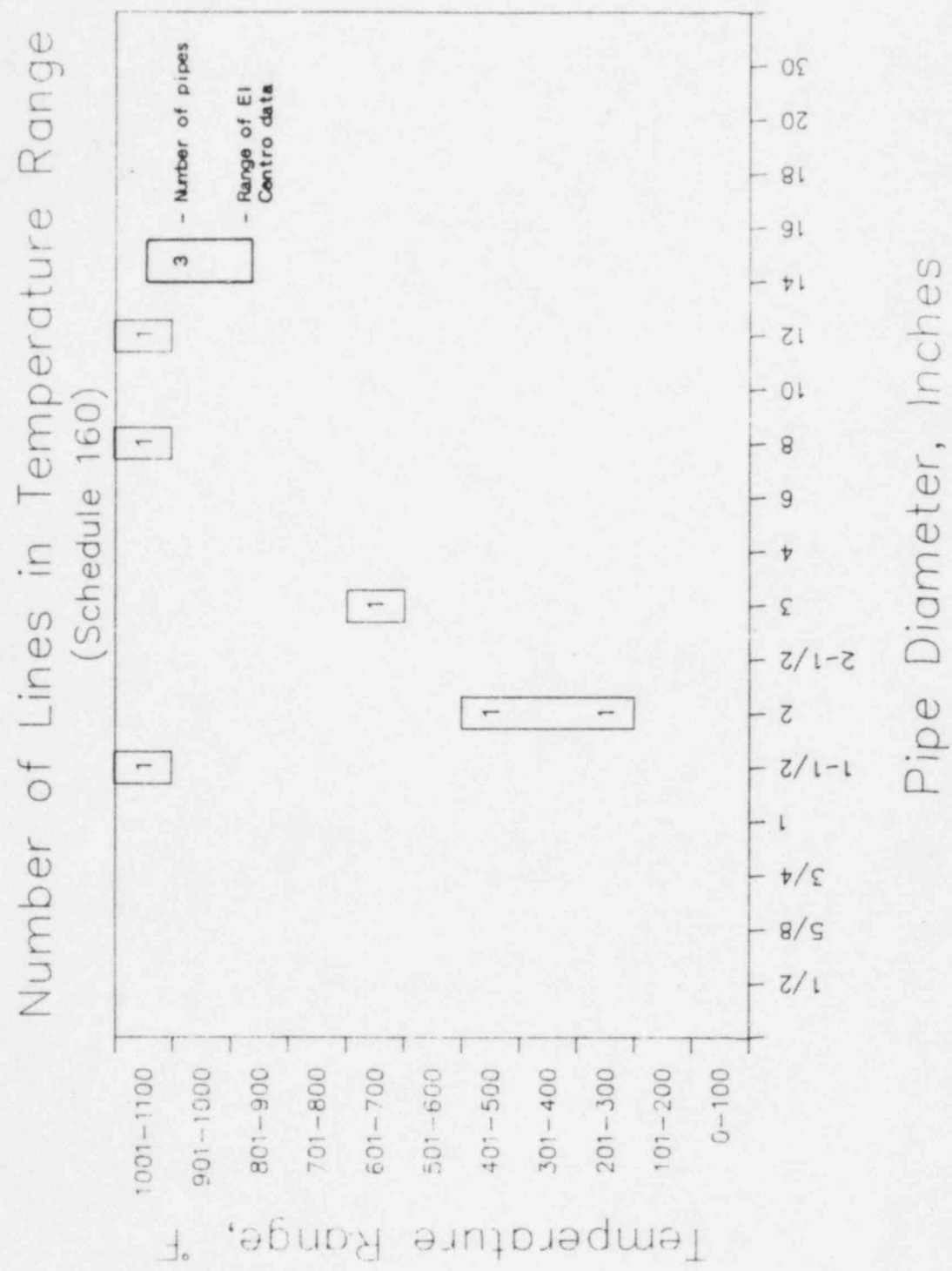


Figure 3-32 El Centro Plant Pipe Operating Temperatures, Schedule 160

Most of the Category 2 piping systems that can potentially interact with Category 1 components or piping at Millstone III are butt or socket welded. The El Centro Plant piping as well as the experience data base as a whole contains examples of welded, flanged, and threaded construction. The Millstone III Category 2 piping construction is adequately represented by the experience data base.

3.3 Comparison of Support Parameters

The following support parameters are identified as being the most important for definition of the capacity, response, and potential for seismic interaction of piping systems:

1. Support Spacing
2. Support Type and Design

Comparisons for these parameters between the El Centro Plant data base and the Millstone III Category 2 piping were performed. These comparisons were based upon available piping isometric drawings, support specifications, and support detail drawings.

3.3.1 Support Spacing

Different support spacing criteria were used for the Millstone III Category 2 small bore and large bore piping. Piping with diameters of two inches or less were considered small bore while piping with diameters of 2.5 inches or greater were considered large bore. For small bore nonannulus piping, vertical supports are required within the maximum span lengths shown in either Tables 3-2 or 3-3. These maximum span lengths are measured along the length of the pipe. The span lengths shown in Table 3-3 must be reduced by a factor of 0.75 if the pipe undergoes a horizontal change in direction. Vertical supports are also required at each concentrated load such as valves, traps, strainers, and risers. To control pipe sway, lateral restraints for small bore piping are required at approximately 30 foot intervals.

Table 3-2

Maximum Spans for Millstone III Category 2 Small Bore,
Carbon/Stainless Steel Piping

<u>Pipe Size</u>	<u>Pipe and Liquid and Insulation</u>	<u>Pipe and Liquid</u>	<u>Pipe and Air/Steam and Insulation</u>	<u>Pipe Only</u>
2"	10'-0"	10'-0"	13'-0"	13'-0"
1 1/2"	9'-0"	9'-6"	12'-0"	12'-0"
1"	7'-0"	7'-6"	9'-0"	9'-0"
3/4"	6'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	8'-0"
1/2"	5'-6"	6'-0"		
3/8"	5'-6"	6'-0"		

Table 3-3

Alternate Maximum Spans for Millstone III Category 2
Small Bore Carbon/Stainless Steel Piping

Pipe Size	Pipe and Liquid Insulation		Pipe and Liquid		Pipe and Air/Steam and Insulation		Pipe Only	
	<u>Sch 40</u>	<u>Sch 80</u>	<u>Sch 40</u>	<u>Sch 80</u>	<u>Sch 40</u>	<u>Sch 80</u>	<u>Sch 40</u>	<u>Sch 80</u>
2"	11'-0"	12'-0"	13'-0"	13'-0"	13'-0"	13'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"
1 1/2"	10'-0"	10'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	11'-0"	11'-0"	13'-0"	14'-0"
1"	7'-0"	8'-0"	9'-0"	9'-6"	8'-0"	8'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"
3/4"	5'-0"	6'-0"	6'-0"	7'-6"	5'-6"	6'-0"	7'-0"	8'-0"

Vertical pipe supports for the Millstone III Category 2 large bore piping are required within the maximum span lengths prescribed in the ANSI/ASME B31.1 Code that are shown in Table 3-4. These span lengths are measured along the length of the pipe and were typically reduced in the design process by a factor of approximately 0.75 for piping with horizontal changes in direction. Vertical supports are also provided at risers longer than half of a maximum span length and other concentrated loads. Horizontal supports are typically provided at every second or third vertical support.

Support spacings for the El Centro Plant data base were obtained from the piping isometric drawings. Only data for piping with diameters of 1 inch or greater were compiled. Figures 3-33 and 3-34 show the number of occurrences of different vertical and horizontal support spacings for the El Centro Plant lines containing liquid. These spacings are measured along the length of the pipe and are provided for each pipe diameter. Figures 3-35 and 3-36 show the same information for piping containing vapor.

The maximum support spacings permitted for the Millstone III Category 2 piping are also noted in Figures 3-33 to 3-36. This comparison clearly indicates that the Millstone III vertical and horizontal support spacings are enveloped by the El Centro Plant data base. There are several cases where the El Centro Plant support spacings greatly exceed those permitted at Millstone III. This observation indicates that the El Centro Plant piping has a much greater range of flexibility than the Millstone III Category 2 piping. Piping flexibility is a direct measure of the potential for occurrence of and damage due to seismic interaction. Highly flexible piping will undergo greater displacement during an earthquake. It can be concluded that the El Centro Plant data base piping is more vulnerable to damage due to seismic interaction than the Millstone III Category 2 piping.

Table 3-4

Maximum Spans for Millstone III Large Bore Piping
from ANSI/ASME B31.1

Nominal Pipe (in)	Water Service (feet)	Steam, Gas or Air Service (feet)
3	12	15
4	14	17
6	17	21
8	19	24
12	23	30
16	27	35
20	30	39
24	32	42

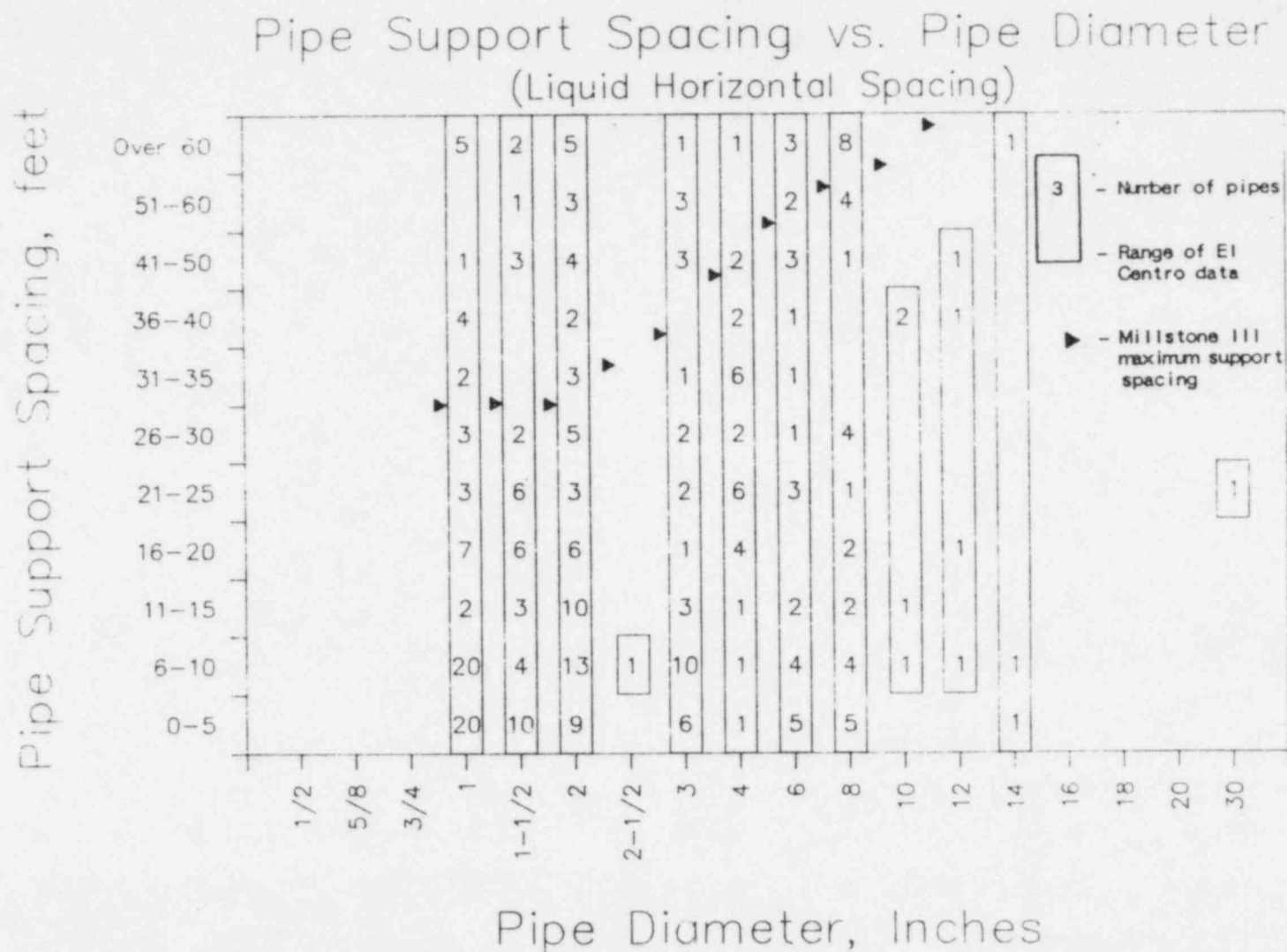


Figure 3-33 El Centro Plant Pipe Horizontal Support Spacing, Liquid Filled Pipes, All Schedules

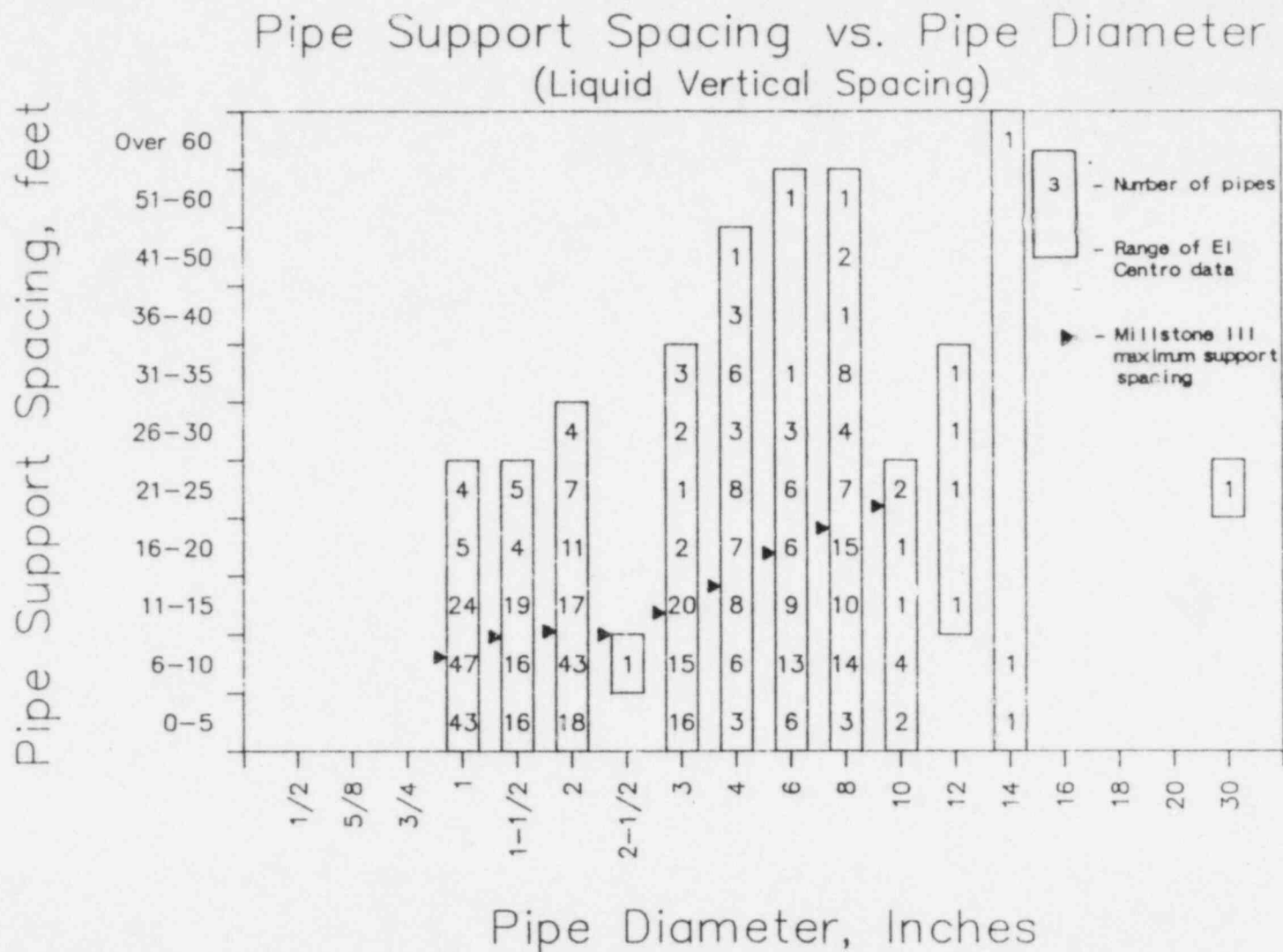


Figure 3-34 El Centro Plant Pipe Vertical Support Spacing, Liquid Filled Pipes, All Schedules

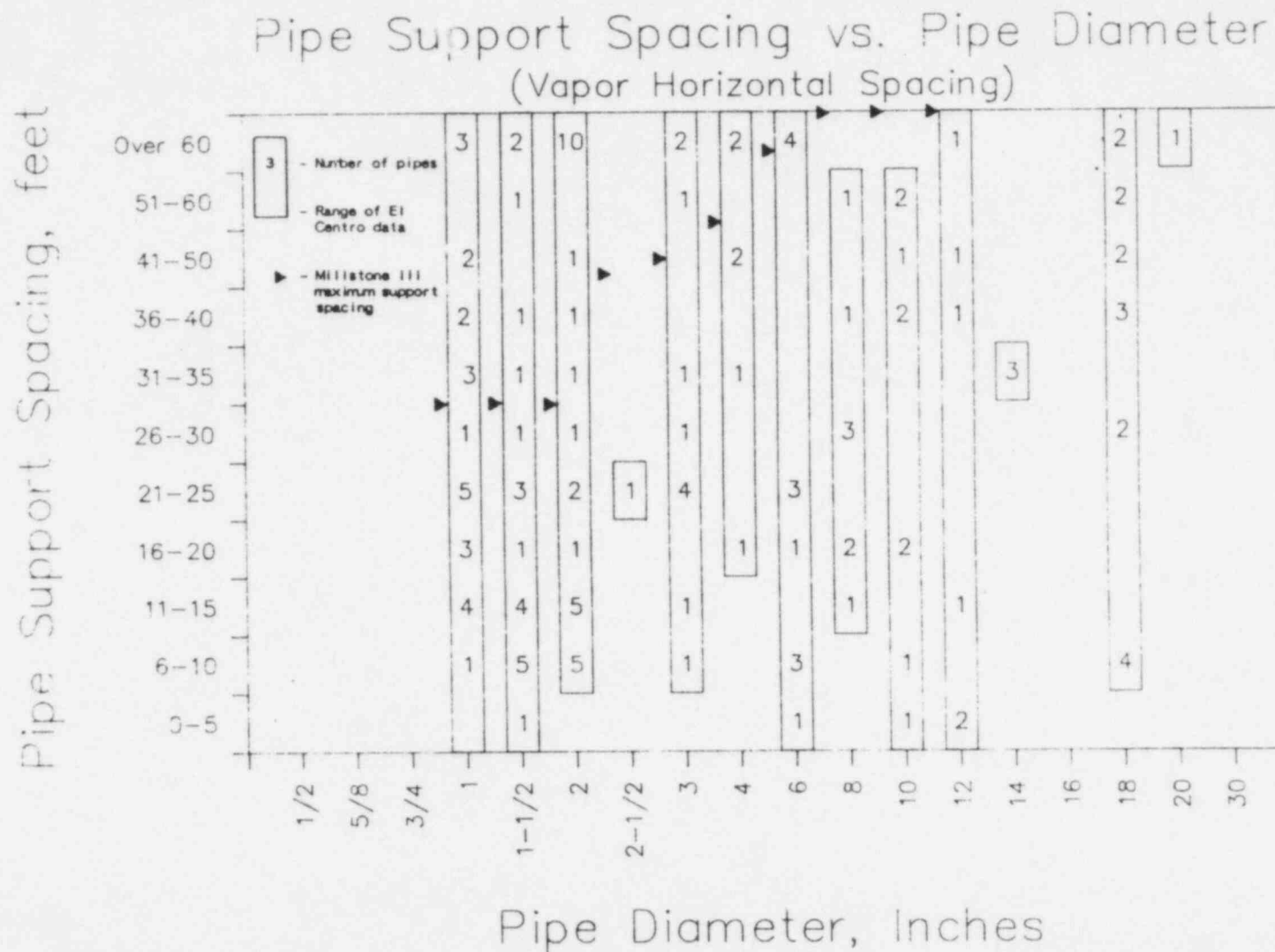


Figure 3-35 El Centro Plant Pipe Horizontal Support Spacing, Air or Steam Pipes, All Schedules

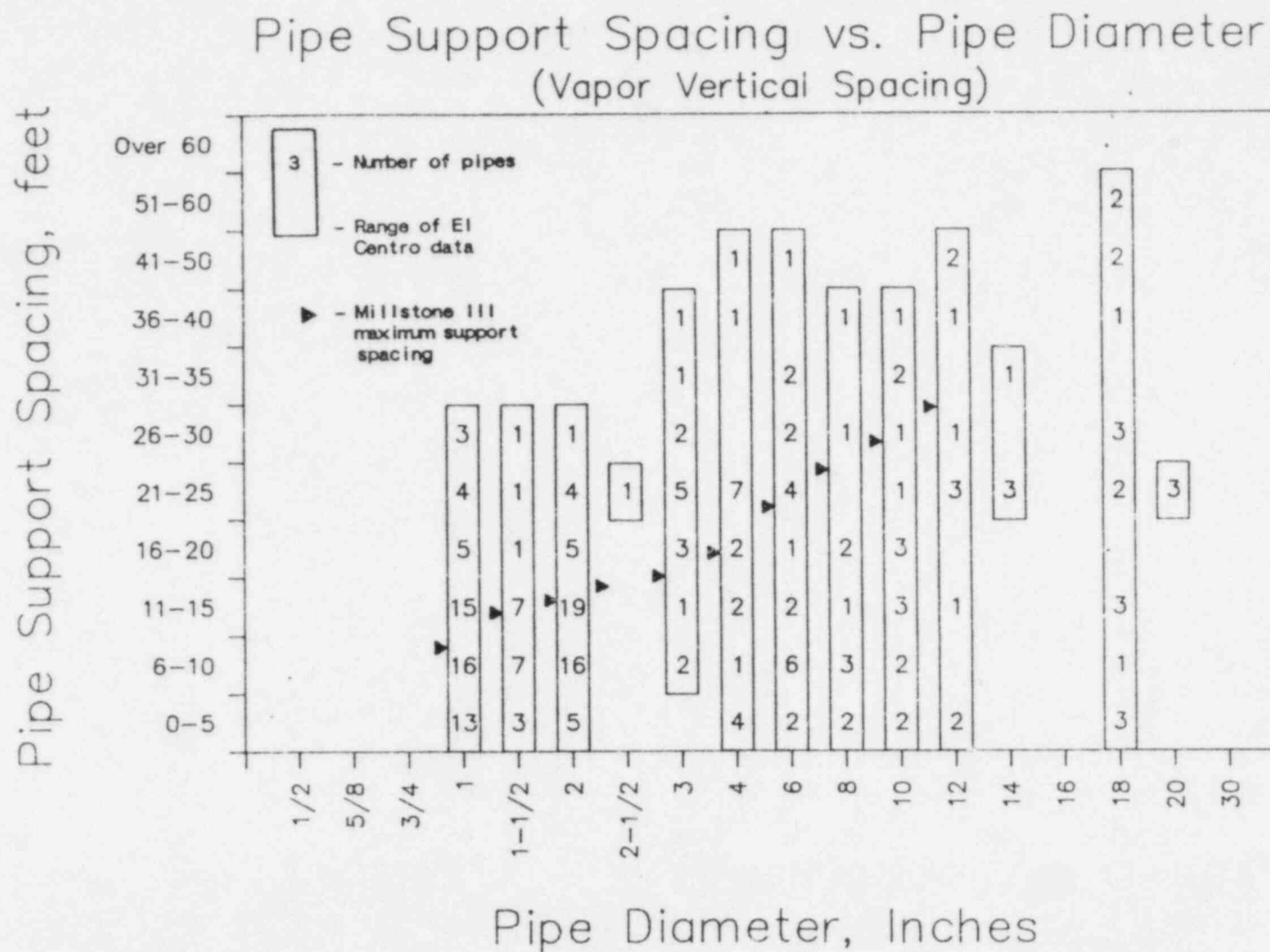


Figure 3-36 El Centro Plant Pipe Vertical Support Spacing, Air or Steam Pipes, All Schedules

3.3.2 Comparison of Support Types and Design

The following support types are found at the El Centro Plant:

1. Rod Hangers
2. Field Supports
3. Dummy Supports
4. Springs
5. Guides
6. Pick-ups
7. Anchors
8. Snubbers

Types 1 to 3 are intended to provide resistance against dead load only. Type 4 provides support against vertical translations in both the upward and downward directions. Type 5 resists vertical translation in the downward direction only and lateral translation. Type 6 resists vertical translations in both directions and lateral translation. Type 7 provides restraint against all translations and rotations. Type 8 resists sudden movements along its longitudinal axis. The number of each type of support are shown in Table 3-5 for the different pipe diameters. The El Centro Plant data base includes significant numbers of rod hangers, field supports, springs, and pick-ups.

The following types of supports are used for the Millstone III Category 2 piping:

1. Rod Hanger
2. Sliding Supports
3. Springs

Table 3-5

El Centro Plant Pipe Supports

<u>Pipe Size, (in)</u>	<u>Rod Hanger</u>	<u>Field Supports</u>	<u>Dummy Supports</u>	<u>Springs</u>	<u>Guides</u>	<u>Pick-ups</u>	<u>Anchors</u>	<u>Snubbers</u>
1	34	52	3	1	0	15	1	0
1½	23	11	1	0	2	9	0	0
2	35	48	2	3	0	7	2	0
3	6	33	0	0	2	0	0	0
4	11	16	5	2	0	4	0	0
6	6	28	2	5	0	0	2	0
8	21	13	2	15	0	0	3	1
10	2	0	0	10	0	0	0	2
12	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
14	0	1	1	7	0	0	0	7
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	7	0	13	0	0	0	13
20	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2

Table 3-6

Millstone III Category 2 Pipe Supports

<u>Pipe Size (in)</u>	<u>Rod Hanger</u>	<u>Sliding Support</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Restraint</u>	<u>Anchor</u>	<u>Snubber</u>
3	152	207	5	112	97	0
4	180	241	21	199	55	9
6	43	51	11	42	11	0
8	7	15	5	31	5	0
10	26	58	3	8	6	0
12	7	2	8	3	3	0

4. Restraints
5. Anchors
6. Snubbers

Sliding supports provide the same type of resistance as hanger rods. Restraints (U-bolts, sway struts, and box frames) function similar to the El Centro Plant pick-up supports. The numbers of each type of support are listed in Table 3-6 for each pipe diameter. Most of the Millstone III Category 2 pipe supports consist of rod hangers, sliding supports, and restraints.

A comparison of the El Centro Plant data base shows that all of the different types of functions (one way, two way, etc.) of the Millstone III Category 2 pipe supports are included in the El Centro Plant data base. Furthermore, the data base contains certain support types that are not used at Millstone III. The range of pipe diameters attached to the data base pipe supports also generally encompasses the range of Millstone III pipe diameters. The Millstone III Category 2 piping utilizes significantly more restraints and anchors. These supports provide greater resistance against vertical and lateral movements. The Millstone III piping would be expected to be stiffer and thus less vulnerable to seismic interaction than the data base piping.

This comparison shows that the type and function of the El Centro Plant data base pipe supports as well as the range of pipe diameters attached to these supports generally envelopes the Millstone III Category 2 pipe supports. A quantitative assessment of the pipe support capacities was not performed. However, review of the small bore pipe support details and the large bore design criteria indicates that degree of resistance provided by the Millstone III Category 2 pipe supports would be expected to be at least as great as the support resistance contained in the El Centro Plant data base.

4. CONCLUSIONS

Criteria to identify potential seismic interactions between Category 2 components not designed for seismic load with Category 1 components at the Millstone III Nuclear Power Plant were developed in Reference 1. This criteria was based upon the use of experience data from past earthquakes to identify and account for realistic seismic interactions. The study described in this report was conducted to present the quantitative experience data supporting the conclusions of Reference 1 regarding the hazard to Category 1 components posed by seismic interaction with Category 2 piping.

The conclusions of Reference 1 are appropriate so long as the key parameters of the experience data base facilities envelope the corresponding parameters of the Millstone III Category 2 piping. The key parameters that influence the potential for and damage due to seismic interaction are seismic input, piping parameters, and support parameters. In this study, comparisons were made between the El Centro Plant data base and the Millstone III Category 2 piping. These comparisons were performed for:

1. Ground motion response spectra
2. In-structure response spectra
3. Piping materials
4. Piping sizes
5. Piping operating conditions
6. Piping components and construction
7. Support spacings
8. Support types and design

The quantitative comparisons performed for each of these parameters demonstrate that the El Centro Plant data base generally envelopes the

Millstone III Category 2 piping. It should be noted that the El Centro Plant is only one facility contained in the seismic experience data base. It is expected that enveloping of the Millstone III Category 2 piping could be extended by incorporating data from all of the data base facilities.

Because the key parameters of the experience data base envelope the parameters of the Millstone III Category 2 piping, it can be concluded that the use of experience data to identify realistic seismic interactions and the level of seismic motion at the threshold of occurrence is valid. The criteria recommended in Reference 1 for the performance of a seismic interaction study at Millstone III are appropriate.

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6. "Investigations of the Effects on Structures of Three California Earthquakes", URS/John A. Blume & Associates, Engineers, April, 1981.
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8. "Power Piping During and After Earthquakes", prepared for: Electric Power Research Institute, EQE Incorporated, To be published October 1985.

Appendix A

El Centro Steam Plant Unit 4 Pipe Line List

4241

1 -

Abstract

PIPE LINE LIST

 JOB NO. 447
 SHEET NO. 2 REV. 2
 DATE 1/31/66 BY LH

65-F-210.02

REV.	FLOW DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAP. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. °F	REINF. PAD
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS TO	OPER. PSIG	OPER. °F	HOT HEAT TREAT.
△	200	116	SJA	2" Ih 1 1/2"	Main Steam	V	Ln# 106 SJA	Steam Jet Ejector #4 & Turbine Gen.	1565	1005	
△		117	SD	4" Ih	Aux. Steam	V	Hdr# 347 SD	Ln# 125 SD @ TRC-404aV	350	435	
									275	415	—
△	201	118	SD	1 1/2" Is	Boiler Feed Wtr.	L	Boiler Feed Wtr. Pumps No 4-1, 3-2, 4-3	Line 335 SJA	600	254	
									35	254	—
△	203	119	SC	1" Is 3/4"	Cond.	L	Heater & Fuel Oil Storage Tank	to Grade	Atmos	200	
									Atmos	190	—
△		120									—
△	201	121	SD	6" Ih	#5 Extraction Steam	V	Ln# 109 SD & 115 SC	Thru PIC-417V to Ln# 112 SC	375	679	
									359	679	—
△		122	SC	10" Ih	Steam	V	Evaporator #4	Ln# 112 SC @ Degenerator Heater #4-2	90 15	300 250	
△	200	123	SC	3" Ih 1 1/2" 3/4"	Aux. Steam	V	Hdr# 115 SC	Extraction Heater & Fuel Oil Working Isolation (to Pump)	150	365	
	203								100	338	—
△	203	124	SC	3" Ib	Aux. Steam	V	Existing Unit #1 3" Strm. Hdr.	Fuel Oil Heaters #4-1 Inc. Trap Piping	150	365	
									100	238	—
△	200	125	SD	6" Ih 4" 2"	#4 Strm.	V	Ln# 117 SD	Thru TRC #04bV to Steam-Air Htrs.	150	365	
									139	338	—
△	200	126	SC	6" Ih 2"	#3 Extraction Steam	V	Ln# 111 SC	Evaporator #4 & Reservoir	50	582	
	201								43	582	—
△		127									—
△		128									—
△	200	129	SA	6" No	Strm. & Cond.	V L	Surface Condenser NO 4	Hogging Eject. & Strm. Jet Ejectors	Atmos	212	
									Atmos	100	—
△	201	130	SJA	1 1/2" Ih	H.P. Strm.	V	Boiler H.T. Super Htr. Outlet Hdr	Line 231 BD	1565	1005	
									1505	1005	—

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4249

SHEET NO. 2 REV. 2

DATE 10/31/66 BY DM

65-P-210, 03

LINE NO.	DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAR. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DEV. OF	DES. OF	REINF. PAD
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN	TERMINUS			
									FROM	TO	OPEN PSIG
201											
△		131	SD	3" 2" Ih	Cond	L	H.P. Heater #4-5	H.P. Heater #4-4 Ln. 132 SC	375	365	
△		132	SC	3" Ih	Cond	L	H.P. Heater #4-4 Ln. 131 SD	H.P. Heater #4-3	150	300	
△		133	SC	4" Ih	Cond	L	H.P. Heater #4-3	Deaerator Heater #4-2	50	265	
△									35	264	—
△		134	SA	2" No 4"	Cond	L	L.P. Heater #4-1 & Gland Seal Strm Condenser	Condenser #4	50	186	
△									-6	135	—
△		135	SA	10" No	Cond	L	Condenser #4 Hot well	Condensate Pump #4-1	50	100	
△									15" 119	91.7	—
△		136	SA	10" No	Cond	L	Condenser #4 Hot well	Condensate Pump #4-2	50	100	
△									15" 79	91.7	—
△		137	SA	8" No	Cond	L	Condensate Pumps #4-1,2	Steam Jet Air Ejector	150	100	
△									80	92	—
△		138	SA	8" No	Cond	L	Inter & After Cond.	Gland Seal Steam Condenser	150	100	
△									65	93	—
△		139	SA	8" No	Cond	L	Gland Seal Steam Condenser	L.P. Heater #4-1	150	100	
△									55	97	—
△		140	SA	3" No	Cond	L	Ln #139 SA	Condenser #4-1	150	100	
△									55	97	—
△		141	SA	8" Ib	Cond	L	L.P. Heater #4-1	Deaerator Heater #4-2	150	200	
△									45	186	—
△		142	SA	4" No 8"	Cond	L	Ln #238 SA	Surge Tank	150	100	
△									60	92.8	—
△		143	SA	6" No 4"	Cond	L	Surge Tank #4-1	Condenser #4	50	100	
△									Mar	90	—
△		144	SH	2" Ih	Baker Feed Water	L	Ln #102 SH	Superheater Header	200	254	
△								Baker	1827	254	—
△		145	SH	2" Ih	H.P. Water	L	Baker Feed Pumps 4-1,2,3	Thru JRC-416 Vt Deaerator C. Boiler	900	259	
△									600	254	—
△	1-24-67 11983	△	1-24-67 11983	△	△	△	△	△	△	△	△

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4249
SHEET NO. 4 REV. 3
DATE 10/26/66 BY L.M.

55-P-210.04

LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	COMMODITY	VAP. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. RE	H.C.M.P. PAD
					ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS TO			
146	(F)	36"	No	Circulating Water	Cooling Tower #4	Circulating Water Pump #4-1	50	115	
147	(F)	36"	No	Circulating Water	Cooling Tower #4	Circulating Water Pump #4-2	50	115	
148	(F)	36"	No	Circulating Water	Circulating Water Pumps #4-1,2	Condenser #4	50	115	
149	(F)	51"	No	Circulating Water	Condenser #4	Line 349 WA	25	90	
150	WA	8"	No	Service Water	Cooling Tower #4	Service Water Pump #4-1	50	100	
151	WA	8"	No	Service Water	Cooling Tower #4	Service Water Pump #4-2	50	100	
152	WA	6"	No	Service Water	Service Water Pumps #4-1,2	Service Water Header	150	100	
153	WA	8"	No	Service Water	Service Water Pump #4-1	Ln #149 (F) Cooling Tower #4	120	80	
154	WA	14"	No	Cooling Tower Make-up	Cooling Tower Make-up Pumps #4-1,2	Cooling Tower #4	150	100	
155							30	90	
156	WA	12"	No	Circulating Water	Twin Strainers	Ln 158 WA	50	100	
157	WA	8"	No	Circulating Water	Turbine Lube Oil Coolers	Ln 149 (F)	10	80	
158	WA	2"	No	Circulating Water	Exciter Air Cooler	Ln 332 WA	50	130	
159	WA	8"	No	Circulating Water	Exciter Air Cooler	Ln #156 WA	30	110	
160	WA	8"	No	Circulating Water	Ln #150 WA	Hydrogen Coolers	50	100	

(F) Lines Furnished by Others

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 447
SHEET NO. 5 OF 3
DATE 10/26/66 BY DM

210.05

FL. SW. DIAG. NO.	LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	FROM	TO	DES. ENG. HOURS	DES. COST	OPER. COST	REPAIR COST
202	161	WA	3"	No	Circulating Water	Hydrogen Coolers	Ln#149 (C) #332	50	100		
204	162	WA	2"	No	Circulating Water	Ln#158 WA	Seal Oil Cooler & Seal Oil Unit Vacuum Pump	25	95		
	163	WA	1 1/2"	No	Circulating Water	Seal Oil Cooler & Seal Oil Unit Vacuum Pump	Ln#159 WA & 332 WA	50	100		
202	164	WA	3/4"	No	Service Water	Hdr#152 WA	FD Fans	150	100		
	165	WA	6"	No	Service Water	FD Fans	Service Water Return Pump	120	80		
	166	WA	1 1/2"	No	Service Water	Ln#152 WA	Sample Coolers	50	150		
	167	WA	4"	No	Service Water	Sample Coolers	Ln#169 WA	120	80		
	168	WA	3/4"	No	Service Water	Hdr#152 WA	Boiler Feed Pumps #4, 1, 2, 3	50	150		
	169	WA	4"	No	Service Water	Boiler Feed Pumps #4, 1, 2, 3	Ln#165 WA	120	80		
	170	WA	3"	No	Service Water	Hdr#152 WA	Evaporator	50	150		
	171							120	80		
202	172	WA	1"	No	Service Water	Hdr#152 WA	Plant Air Compressor #4	150	100		
204	173							120	80		
	174	WA	1"	No	Service Water	Plant Air Aftercooler	Drain	150	100		
	175	WA	3/4"	No	Service Water	Instrument Air Compressor #4	Instr. Air Aftercooler	120	80		

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4247
SHEET NO. 6 RE. 3
DATE 2/26/66 BY D.M.

210.06

LINE NO.	LINE ASS.	LINE SIZE	COMMODITY	VAR.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. PS	REINF. PAD
					ORIGIN	TERMINAL			
FROM	TO						OPER. PSIG	OPER. PS	HOT REAT TREAT
202 204	176	WA 1"	No Service Water	L	Inj. Air Aftercooler	Drain	150	180	
202	177	WA 3/4"	No Service Water	L	Hdr #152 WA	Const Diff Oil Pump	150	100	
	178	WA 1"	No Service Water	L	Constant Diff Oil Pump	Ln #169 WA	120	80	
	179	NA 8" 4"	No Service Water	L	Drainage Pump #4-1	Existing Drain to ditch	50	100	
202	180	WA 6"	No Circulating Water	L	Ln #147 (F) @ Cooling Tower #4-1	Ln #177 WA @ Drainage Pump #4-1	10	80	
206	184	⊗ 1" PVC	No H ₂ SO ₄	L	Acid Pump	Cooling Tower #4-1 including Acid Fl. drains	15	Amb	
	185	⊗ PVC	No Chlorine	V	Chlorine Gas System	Chlorinator	5	Amb	
	186	WA 1"	No Service Water	L	Ln #152 WA	Line 356 WA @ Safety Shower	150	100	
	187	⊗ 1" PVC	No Chlorinated Water	L	Chlorinator	Line #198 51"	120	80	
	188	WA 1"	No Circulating Water	L	Ln #148 (F)	Cooling Tower Basin	50	100	
	189						5	80	
204	190	AA 6"	No Instr. Air	V	Atmos.	Instr. Air Comp	Atmos	Amb	

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO 4247
SHEET 7 REV 2
DATE 12/20/50 DMI

210.07

LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	MATERIAL	VALVE	DESCRIPTION	TERMINUS	OPER. PRESS.	DESIGN. PRESS.	REMARKS
203	191	FC 8"	No	Fuel Gas	V	Existing 12" Header	Thru PIC-413V to Ln#192 FA	150 100	
								68 80	-
	112	FA 10"	No	Fuel Gas	V	Ln#191 FC	Unit No 4 Burners	50 100	
		12"						40 80	-
	193	FA 1"	No	Fuel Gas	V	Ln#192 FA	Unit No 4 Pilots	50 100	
								40 80	-
	194	FA 6"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Existing Ln. from Existing Tank	Fuel Oil Storage Tank #4-1	150 150	
		ST						50 110	-
	195	FA 8"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Fuel Oil Storage Tank #4	Fuel Oil Trans. Pump #4-1	50 150	
		ST						5 110	-
	196	FA 8"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Fuel Oil Trans. Pump #4-1	Ln. #197 FA & Fuel Oil Working Tank #4	150 150	
		ST						50 110	-
	197	FA 6"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Fuel Oil Working Tank #4 & Ln#192 FA	F.O. Circ Pump #4-1 & H.P. F.O. Pumps #4-1 & 2	50 150	
		2" ST						5 125	-
	198	FE 4"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	F.O. Circ. Pump #4-1 & H.P. F.O. Pumps #4-1 & 2	Fuel Oil Heater #4	1000 150	
		2"						675 125	-
	199	FE 3"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Fuel Oil Heater #4	Diff Oil Pump #4	1000 300	
								675 250	-
	200	FE 3"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Diff. Oil Pump #4	Burners	1000 300	
								675 250	-
	201	FC 2"	Ih	Fuel Oil	L	Line # 199 FE & Line 3W FE	Fuel Oil Working Tank #4	150 300	
		4"						50 250	-
203	202	AA 1"	No	Air	V	Hdr #	Unit No. 4 Pilots	125 Amb	
								100 Amb	-
203	203	SC 1"	Ih	Steam	V	Hdr # 3475D	Ln. #201 & 202 Unit #4 Burners	150 365	
								100 330	-
	204	SC 3"	No	Smothering Steam	V	Ln. # 120 SC	Fuel Oil Storage Tank #4	150 365	
								100 330	-
	205	FA 6"	No	City Water	L	Fuel Oil Storage Tank No. 4	Water Draw	50 150	
								5 110	-

PIPE LINE LIST

4241

5

10/31/66 DM

210.08

NO.	FLW NO.	NO.	SIZE	QTY	VAR	DESCRIPTION	TEMP	PR	REMARKS
200	201	206 SA	2" Ih Cond	L	Steam - A	Ln #142 SA	25	261	
					Heaters		15	250	—
200	201	SA 3/4" Ib Cona	L	Lines 128x	Cond Tank #4	Atm 200			
					359508 36030	Atm 190			—
200	201	208 SA 3" Ih Cond	L	Ln #142 SA @	Cond Tank #4	Atm 200			
					Surge Tank #4	Atm 190			—
200	209	SA 2" Ib Cona	V	Cond Tank #4	Tank Trim	Atm 200			
			4"	L		Atm 190			—
210	SA	3/4" No Cond	L	After Condenser	Drain	Atm 150			
			3"	V		Atm 100			—
211	SA	6" No Vent	V	Hogging Jet	Atmos	Atm 150			
			10"		Ejector #4	Atm 100			—
212	SD	3/4" No Stm & Cond	V	PSV 100	Atmos & Drain	Atm 150			
			6"	L	Outlet #4	Atm 100			—
213	AA	1" No Service Air	V	Evaporator #4-1		125 Amb			
			3/4"			100 Amb			—
200	201	214 SA 3" Ih Steam	V	Deaerator Heater #4-2	Heater Trim	150 250			
			2"	L		25 249			—
215	SA	3/4" No Cond	V	Gland Seal	Trim	150 100			
				L	Steam Condensate	55 97			—
216	SA	3/4" Ih Steam	V	L.P. Heater #4-1	Heater Trim	150 100			
			1 1/2"	L		55 105			—
217	SA	3/4" Ih Steam	V	H.P. Heater #4-3	Heater Trim	50 265			
			1 1/2"	L		35 264			—
218	SC	3" Ih Steam	V	H.P. Heater #4-4	Heater Trim	150 300			
			1"	L		120 300			—
219	SD	3" Ih Steam	V	H.P. Heater #4-5	Heater Trim	375 365			
			1 1/2"	L		350 365			—
200	201	220 SA 4" No Cond	V	Condenser #4	Condenser Trim	50 100			
			1 1/2"	L		1.5" 91.7			—

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4249
SHEET NO. 9 REV. 2
DATE 10/31/66 BY DM

LS-P-210.09

REV.	FLOR DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAP LID	DESCRIPTION		DES. REIG	DES. RE	REINF. PAD
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS			
221		221	SH	1" Ih	Blowdown	L	60" ID Steam Drum & Boiler	Evaporator	1700	508	
		222							1600	604	—
201		223	BD	2" Is	Blowdown	L	Blowdown Valve in Ln. # 221 SH	Blowdown Flash Tank No 4	50	608	
		224	AA	16" No	EXH.	L	Gland Stm. Cond. Blower	To Atmos	Atmos	50	
		225							Atmos	100	
		226									
		227									
		228									
		229									
		230									
201		231	BD	2" Is	Boiler Blowdown & Drains	V L	Blow down valves on various lines	Blow down Flash Tank No 4	50	200	
		232	SA	1" Is	Cond. & Steam	V L	Blowdown Flash Tank No 4	Drainage Vent to Atmos	Atmos	200	
200		201	233	BD	1" Is	L	Hot Exhaust Steam Start-up Drains	Ln. # 247 SA Surface Condenser # 4	315	425	
		234	SA	1" Ih	Cond	L	Soot Blower Discharge Traps	Surge Tank No 4	Atmos	200	
		235	WA	2" No	Treated Water	L	Hdr # in Unit # 1	Evaporator # 4	75	100	
									50	30	—

PIPE LINE LIST

OB NO. 4249
SHEET NO. 10 REV. 3
DATE 10/12/66 BY DM

USF-210.10

HV	FLOW DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAP.	DESCRIPTION		OPS. PRES. PSIG	DES. TEMP. °F	REINF. PAO
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN FROM	TERMINAL TO			
△	201	236	SC	1 1/2" Is	B.D. Water	L	Evaporator #4	Blowdown Flash Tank No. 4	50	297	
△	201	237	SC	3" Is	Steam & Cond	L	Evaporator #4	Evaporator Trim	15	250	—
△	201	238	SA	6" Ih	B.F. Water	L	Deaerator Heater #4-2 Thru HIC 478V	Ln#142 SA	25	267	
△		239	SA	2" Ih	B.F. Water	L	FO-4 on Ln#102 SH	Deaerator Heater #4-2	50	254	
△		240	SA	2" Ih	B.F. Water	L	FO-5 on Ln#102 SH	Deaerator Heater #4-2	15	254	—
△		241	SA	2" Ih	B.F. Water	L	FO-6 on Ln#102 SH	Deaerator Heater #4-2	50	254	
△		242	SA	1 1/2" Ih	Cond	L	Interd. After Condensers @ Steamlet Air Exch	Condenser Trim	150	100	
△		243	SA	2" thru 10"	Cond	L	Surge Tank No. 1	Tank Trim	65	98	—
△	201	244	SA	2" No	Cond	L	Ln#142 SA	Gland Steam Desuperheater @ Turbine	50	100	
△	201	245							60	928	—
△	201	247	SD	6" Ih	Steam & Cond.	V	H.P. Bridge on Surface Condenser #4		150	800	
△		248	SA	6" Ih	Steam & Cond.	V	L.P. Bridge on Surface Condenser #4		100	700	—
△	200	249	SD	1" Ih	Steam	V	Ln#109 SD Upstream of RCV-5	Ln#247 SD @ Condenser #4	50	100	
△		250	SD	1" Ih	Steam	V	Ln#109 SD Downstream of RCV-5	Ln#247 SD @ Condenser #4	25	100	—

PIPE LINE LIST

100% 4219
SHEET NO. 11 REV. 2
DATE 4/25/61 BY GUYE

65-F-210.11

LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	COMMODITY	VAP. LQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. OF	REINF. PAD
					ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS TO	OPER. PSIG	OPER. OF	POST HEAT TREAT
201	SA	2"	No	C-70	Ln. #244 SA	Sulphite Solution Tank #4-2	150	100	
203	SA	2"	No	C-70	Ln. #244 SA	Sulphite Solution Tank #4-2	60	92.5	—
203	CCD	1"	No	Sulphite Solution	Sulphite Solution Tank NO. 4-1	Sulphite dissolver #4-1	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1"	No	Sulphite Solution	Sulphite Solution Tank #4-1	Sulphite Pump #4-1	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1"	No	Organic Solution	Organic Solution Tank #4-3	Organic Pump #4-3	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1"	No	Amine Solution	Amine Solution Tank #4-1	Amine Pump #4-1	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CP	1"	No	Phosphate Solution	Phosphate Solution Tank #4-3	Phosphate Pump #4-3	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1"	No	Caustic Solution	Caustic Solution Tank #4-2	Caustic Pump #4-2	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CH	1"	No	Chemical Solution	Sulphite, Organic, & Amine Pumps #4-1 & 4-3	Ln. #103 CH	3000	100	
							2500	92.5	—
	CJP	3/4"	No	Phosphate Solution	Phosphate Pump #4-2	60" ID steam Drum @ Boiler #4	2500	100	
							1500	92.5	—
201	CCD	3/4"	No	Caustic Solution	Caustic Pump #4-2	Evaporator No. 4	150	100	
							50	92.5	—
201	CCD	2"	No	Sulphite Solution	Sulphite Dissolver #4-2	Tank Trim	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1 1/2"	No	Sulphite Solution	Sulphite Solution Tank #4-1	Tank Trim	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1 1/2"	No	Organic Solution	Organic Solution Tank #4-3	Tank Trim	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CCD	1 1/2"	No	Amine Solution	Amine Solution Tank #4-1	Tank Trim	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—
	CP	1 1/2"	No	Phosphate Solution	Phosphate Solution Tank #4-3	Tank Trim	Atm	100	
							Atm	92.5	—

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4-59

SHEET NO. 12 REV. 2

DATE 10/24/66 BY WJZ

65-P-210.12

REV	FLW DIAG. NO.	LINE			N O. C.	COMMODITY	LAP LIG.	DESCRIPTION		OPS. PSIG	DES. FE	REIN. DAG
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE				ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS TO			
	266	266	CCD	1 1/2"	74	Caustic Solution	L	Caustic Solution Tank #4-2	Tank Train	140	32 E	—
	267	267										—
	268	268	TA	6"	NO	Fuel Oil	L	Fuel Oil Tank #4	Tank Train	50	150	—
	269	269	SD	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#110 SD Upstream of RCV-4	Ln#247 SD @ Condenser #4	150	600	—
	270	270	SD	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#110 SD Downstream of RCV-4	Ln#247 SD @ Condenser #4	150	600	—
	271	271	SA	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#111 SC Upstream of RCV-3	Ln#248 SA @ Condenser #4	50	263	—
	272	272	SA	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#111 SC Downstream of RCV-3	Ln#248 SA @ Condenser #4	50	263	—
	273	273	SA	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#112 SC Upstream of RCV-2A	Ln#248 SA @ Condenser #4	50	430	—
	274	274	SA	1"	IN	Steam	V	Ln#112 SC Downstream of RCV-2B	Ln#248 SA @ Condenser #4	50	430	—
	275	275	SA	1"	NO	Steam	V	Condensate Pump #4-1	Condenser #4	50	100	—
	276	276	SA	1"	NO	Steam	V	Condensate Pump #4-2	Condenser #4	50	100	—
	277	277	SA	4"	NO	Cond.	L	Ln#145 SA @ Surge tank #4	Ln#101 SA @ BFP #4-1 & Ln#169 WA	50	100	—
	278	278	SC	2"	IN	Cond	L	Evaporator #4	Thru LC-7V to Ln#279 SA	50	250	—
	279	279	SA	2"	IN	Cond	L	Ln#278 SC	Degasser Heater #4-2	50	250	—
	280	280	ED	2"	NO	Main Steam Shut-up Drain	V	Ln#106 SJA @ H.P. Turbine	Ln#223 BD @ Blowdown Flash Tank No. 4	1500	600	—

APPENDIX
B

FLUOR CORPORATION PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4247
SHEET NO. 13 REV. 3
DATE 12/21/67 BY DM

15-F-210.13

LINE NO.	DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAP. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. RE	REINFT. PA.
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN FROM	TERMINUS TO			
200	201	281	SA	2" Ih	Steam & Cond	V	H.F. Heater #4-3, 4, 5	Ln#248 SA & Deaerator Heater #4-2	50	263	
						L			-6	263	
201		282	SA	2" Ih	Steam & Cond	V	L.P. Heater #4-1	Ln#248 SA & Condenser #4	50	263	
						L			-6	263	
202		283									
203	201	284	BD	2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Throttle drain on Westinghouse drg #718-J141	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
204		285	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Impulse Chamber drain on Westinghouse drg #718-J141	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
205		286	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Dr. from Outer Cye on Westinghouse drg #683-J159	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
206		287	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Dr. from Outer Cye on Westinghouse drg #683-J159	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
207		288	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Dr. from Outer Cye on Westinghouse drg #683-J159	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
208		289	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Inter. Valve Drain on Westinghouse drg #718-J141	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
209		290	BD	1 1/2" Ih	Steam & Cond		Reset Stop Valve Dr on Westinghouse drg #718-J141	Ln#247 SD & Condenser #4	50	600	
									50	600	
210		291									
211		292									
212	204	293	AA	2" No	Air	V	Plant Air Aftercooler	Plant Air Filter & Plant Air Rec.	150	AMB	
									100	AMB	
213		294	AA	2" No	Air	V	Plant Air Filter	Line 294 AA	150	AMB	
									100	AMB	
214		295	AA	2" No	Plant Air	V	Plant Air Receiver	Header thru Unit #4	150	AMB	
									100	AMB	

1 1/2" DIA 2 2" DIA 3 3" DIA 4 4" DIA 5 5" DIA 6 6" DIA 7 7" DIA 8 8" DIA 9 9" DIA 10 10" DIA

APPROVED THE FLOUM CORPORATION, L.P. PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4241
SHEET NO. 14 REV. 2
DATE 11/2/66 BY D.M.

45-P-210.14

LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	COMMODITY	VAP. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	LES. PSIG	REIN. PAD.
					ORIGIN	TERMINUS			
					FROM	TO			
204	296	AA 3/4"	No Air & Water	V	Plant Air Aftercooler	Exchanger Trim (Incl Drain)	150	250	—
	297	AA 1" 1/2"	No Air & Water	V	Plant Air Receiver	Vessel Trim (Incl Drain)	150	250	—
	298	AA 1/2"	No Control Air	V	Instr Air Receiver	Instr Air Compressor	150	250	—
	299	AA 4"	Is Air	V	Instr Air Compressor No. 4	Instr Air Aftercooler No. 4	150	250	—
	300	AA 2" 1/2"	No Air	V	Instr Air Aftercooler No. 4	Instr Air Filter	150	250	—
	301	AA 2" 1/2"	No Air	V	Instr Air Filter	Instr Air Receiver No. 4	150	250	—
	302	AA 2"	No Air	V	Instr Air Receiver No. 4	Ln. 306 AA	150	250	—
	303	AA 2"	No Instr Air	V	Instr. Air Dryer No. 4	Header thru Unit #4	150	250	—
	304	AA 1/2" 3/4"	Is Air	V	Instr Air Aftercooler No. 4	Exchanger Trim (Incl Trim)	150	250	—
	305	AA 1/2" 3/4"	No Air	V	Instr Air Receiver No. 4	Vessel Trim (Incl Trim)	150	250	—
	306	AA 2"	No Plant Air	V	To & From Unit #3	Ln# 295 AA & Ln# 302 AA @ Air Compressors	150	250	—
	307								
204	308	LC 2" 3"	No Turbine Lube Oil	L	L.O. Storage tank No. 4	L.O. Transfer Pump No. 4	50	130	—
	309	LC 3"	No Turbine Lube Oil	L	L.O. Trans. Pump No. 4	Storage Tank No. 4 & Ln# 310 LC @ Oil Condenser	50	130	—
	310	LC 2"	No Turbine Oil	L	Oil Condenser & Ln# 309 LC @ L.O. Trans. Pump	Turbine Oil Reservoir No. 4	150	130	—

APPENDIX

THE FLUOR CORPORATION, LTD.

PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4241
SHEET NO. 15 REV. 2
DATE 11-26 BY L.M.

210.15

LINE NO.	CLASS	SIZE	MATERIAL	VALVE	DESCRIPTION		DES. PRESS.	DES. TEMP.	REINFT. REQ.
					ORIGIN	TERMINUS			
311	LC	3" N	Turbine Oil	L	Drains on Turbine Oil Reservoir & Coolers	In #305 LC L.O. Trans Pump No 4	50	130	Atm 120
312	LC	2" N	Turbine Oil	L	Cvt. flow on Turbine Oil Reservoir No 4	Lube Oil Pump & Oil Conditioner No 4	50	130	Atm 120
313	LC	3" N	Turbine Oil	L	Storage tank & Oil Conditioner	Drain	50	130	Atm 120
314	LC	2" N	Lube Oil	V	L O Storage Tank No 4	Tank Trim	50	130	Atm 120
315	LC	3/4" N	Turbine Lube Oil	L	Oil Conditioner No 4	Drain	50	130	Atm 120
204 202 316	LC	3/4" N	Turbine Oil & Water	V	Turbine Oil Coolers (2)	Exchange Trim	50	130	30 120
204 317	LC	1/2" N	Turbine Oil	V	Turbine Oil Reservoir No 4	Trim (Int. Trim)	50	130	Atm 120
318	LC	3" N	Turbine Oil	V	Turbine Oil Reservoir & Exhauster	Vent & Drain	50	130	Atm 120
319	LC	3/4" N	Seal Oil	V	Separator in Seal Oil Unit No 4	Vent & Drain	50	130	Atm 120
320									
204 321	LC	1" N	Seal Oil	L	Seal Oil Unit No 4	(2) Lines to Drain	50	130	Atm 120
322	LC	4" N	Gland Oil	V	Gland Oil Loop Seal Tank	H ₂ Oil Vapor Extractor No 4	50	130	Atm 120
323	LC	4" N	Gland Oil	V	H ₂ Oil Vapor Extractor No 4	Vent to Atmos & Loop Seal Drain	50	130	Atm 120
324	AA	3/4" N	Air & Water	V	Various Gases on Hydrogen Coolers & Gen 4	Vents & Drains to Drains Man	50	120	Atm 110
325	AA	1 1/2" N	Air	V	Furnaces Line @ Generator No 4	CO ₂ Bottle CO ₂ Gas & Monitor			

PIPE LINE LIST

4-29-1
SHEET NO. 16 OF 2
DATE 1/2/6 W. DM

210, 16

		LINE	SIZE	IMMUNITY	VAL	DESCRIPTION		DES. PRESS.	DES. TEMP.	HAZ. CLASS.	
		TYPE			LOC	FROM	TO	PSIG	°F		
204	326	AA	1 1/2" No	Air	V	Furn. to L. Generator No. 2	V. to outside of Building	50	120	Atm. AHB	
327	AA	1/2" No	Air	V	Furnishing Line to Generator	H. E. Jiles Manifold					
328	AA	1/2" No	Air	V	Generator No. 4 Exciter	Vent to Atmos.	50	120	30	AHB	
329	AA	1 1/2" N	H ₂ & CO ₂	V	CO ₂ , H ₂ & H ₂ Reg. 4 Generator No. 4	H ₂ Vent to Atmos.	50	120	Atm.	AHB	
330	SC	1" No	Wt. & O.I.		2 Cans on L.P. Turbine & Condenser	Waste	50	120	Atm.	AHB	
204	331	SC	1" No	Cond.	L	H.F. Turbine	Cond. duty	50	120	Atm.	AHB
202	332	WA	4" No	Water	L	LN 157 WA B* Turbine L.O. Coolers No. 4	Sump Pit	50	130	10	110
333	WA	4" No	Water	L	LN 161 WA B* 12 H ₂ Coolers No. 4	Sump Pit	50	100	10	95	
200	334	AA	3/4" No	Drain	L	Gland Str. Cond. Blower	ATMOS	Atm.	150	Atm.	100
201	335	SA	1 1/2" Is	B.C. Water	L	Line 118 SD	Deaerator Heater No. 4-2	25	254	25	250
206	336	CCE	1" No	Sulfuric Acid	L	Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	Acid Pump No. 4	50	120	Atm.	AHB
337	CCE	2" No	Sulfuric Acid	L	Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	Gravel Filled Lime Pit	50	120	Atm.	AHB	
338	CCE	1/2" No	Sulfuric Acid	L	Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	Oil Trap	50	130	Atm.	AHB	
339	CCE	1/2" No	Sulfuric Acid	L	Oil Trap & Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	Over Flow Tank	50	130	Atm.	AHB	
340	CCE	1/2" No	Sulfuric Acid	L	Over Flow Tank & Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	Desiccant Tank	50	130	Atm.	AHB	

APR 1964

THE FLUOR CORPORATION, L. C.
PIPE LINE LIST

JOB NO. 4242
SHEET NO. 7 REV. 1
DATE 1-25-67 BY VLE

65-P-210.17

REV	FLOW DIAG. NO.	LINE			COMMODITY	VAR. LIQ.	DESCRIPTION		DES. PSIG	DES. SF	REINF. PAD
		NO.	CLASS	SIZE			ORIGIN	TERMINUS			
							FROM	TO	OPER. PSIG	OPER. SF	POST HEAT TREAT
△	206	341	CC	2"	No Sulfuric Acid	L	Truck Loading Union	Acid Delivery Tank No. 4	150	130	
									15	AMB	
△		342									
△	206	343	WA	30"	No Circulating Water	L	Line 149(F)	Cooling Tower No. 4	50	115	
									25	90	
△	200	344	SA	1/2"	No Cond.	L	From Soot Blower Manifold	Drain	150	200	
									Atm	150	
△	200	345	SA	3/4"	No Cond.	L	From Soot Blower Manifold	Drain	150	200	
									Atm	150	
△	201	346	SA	1"	No Cond.	L	Line 138 SA	Heliflow Coolers & Boiler Feed Water Pumps 4-12	150	100	
									65	93	-
△	200	347	SD	4" Ih	Sat. Steam Hdr.	V	114 543" Ih @ PCV-1	115 56" Ih @ PCV-8	350	435	
									275	415	
△	206	348	WA	2"	No Service Water	L	LN 152 WA	Chlorine Injector in LN 187 @ Cooling Tower No. 4	150	100	
									100	90	
△	200	349	SC	8" 3/4"	No Steam	V	Line 237 SC & PSV 10 @ Evaporator No. 4	Atmos	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	
△	200	350	SA	10" 8" 3/4"	No Steam Wtr.	V	PSV-13 (F) & Deaerator Inlet No. 4	Atmos	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	
△	200	351	SA	8" 3/4" 6"	No Steam	V	PSV-6 on LN 115 SC	Atmos	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	
△	206	352	AA	3/4"	No Air	V	EXIST Air-Line @ Cooling Tower #3	Acid Delivery Tank No. 4; Cooling Tower No. 4	125	AMB	
									30	AMB	
△	200	353	SD	10" 8" 3/4"	No Steam	V	PSV-5 & PSV-7 on LN 107 SD	Atmos	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	
△	206	354	WA	3"	No Wtr	L	Cooling Tower No. 4	L1 442T	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	
△	200	355	SC	4" 5" 1/4"	No Steam	V	PSV-455 on LN 106 SA	Atmos & Drain	Atm	AMB	
									Atm	AMB	

7-6001
1 Double

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FORM E-840 REV. 9 0 REV.