

Attachment I

**Updated Pages for Proposed Change to the Technical
Specifications Regarding Power Uprate (JPTS-91-025)**

Request for Amendment Submitted Under JPN-92-028
with Updates Submitted Under JAFP-96-0306

Pages

5
254c
285

Please Note: Page 134 was deleted under Amendment 236 and should remain deleted.
Changes to Page 134, submitted under the Power Uprate Submittal, are no
longer needed due to page delation.

1.0 (cont'd)

opened to perform necessary operational activities.

2. At least one door in each airlock is closed and sealed.
3. All automatic containment isolation valves are operable or de-activated in the isolated position.
4. All blind flanges and manways are closed.

N. Rated Power - Rated power refers to operation at a reactor power of 2,536 MWt. This is also termed 100 percent power and is the maximum power level authorized by the operating license. Rated steam flow, rated coolant flow, rated nuclear system pressure, refer to the values of these parameters when the reactor is at rated power (Reference 1).

O. Reactor Power Operation - Reactor power operation is any operation with the Mode Switch in the Startup/Hot Standby or Run position with the reactor critical and above 1 percent rated thermal power.

P. Reactor Vessel Pressure - Unless otherwise indicated, reactor vessel pressures listed in the Technical Specifications are those measured by the reactor vessel steam space sensor.

Q. Refueling Outage - Refueling outage is the period of time between the shutdown of the unit prior to refueling and the startup of the Plant subsequent to that refueling.

R. Safety Limits - The safety limits are limits within which the reasonable maintenance of the fuel cladding integrity and the reactor coolant system integrity are assured. Violation of such a limit is cause for unit shutdown and review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission before resumption of unit operation. Operation beyond such a

deficiency subject to regulatory review.

S. Secondary Containment Integrity - Secondary containment integrity means that the reactor building is intact and the following conditions are met:

1. At least one door in each access opening is closed.
2. The Standby Gas Treatment System is operable.
3. All automatic ventilation system isolation valves are operable or secured in the isolated position.

T. Surveillance Frequency Notations / Intervals

The surveillance frequency notations / intervals used in these specifications are defined as follows:

Notations	Intervals	Frequency
D	Daily	At least once per 24 hours
W	Weekly	At least once per 7 days
M	Monthly	At least once per 31 days
Q	Quarterly or every 3 months	At least once per 92 days
SA	Semiannually or every 6 months	At least once per 184 days
A	Annually or Yearly	At least once per 366 days
18M	18 Months	At least once per 18 months (550 days)
R	Operating Cycle	At least once per 24 months (731 days)
S/U		Prior to each reactor startup
NA		Not applicable

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(A) ROUTINE REPORTS (Continued)

4. CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to startup from each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle for the following:
- The Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rates (APLHGR) of Specification 3.5.H;
 - The Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR) and MCPR low flow adjustment factor, K_L , of Specifications 3.1.B and 4.1.E;
 - The Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR) of Specification 3.5.I;
 - The Reactor Protection System (RPS) APRM flow biased trip settings of Table 3.1-1;
 - The flow biased APRM and Rod Block Monitor (RBM) rod block settings of Table 3.2-3; and
 - The Power/Flow Exclusion Region of Specification 3.5.J.

and shall be documented in the Core Operating Limits Report (COLR).

- b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC as described in:
1. "General Electric Standard Application for Reactor Fuel," NEDE-24011-P, latest approved version and amendments.
 2. "James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant SAFER/GESTR - LOCA Loss-of-Coolant Accident Analysis," NEDC-31317P, October, 1986 including latest revision, errata and addenda.
 3. "Loss-of-Coolant Accident Analysis for James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant," NEDO-21662-2, July, 1977 including latest errata and addenda.
 4. "BWR Owners' Group Long-term Stability Solutions Licensing Methodology," NEDO-31960-A, June 1991.
 5. "BWR Owners' Group Long-term Stability Solutions Licensing Methodology," NEDO-31960-A, Supplement 1, March 1992.

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7.0 REFERENCES

- (1) E. Janssen, "Multi-Rod Burnout at Low Pressure," ASME Paper 62-HT-26, August 1962.
- (2) K.M. Backer, "Burnout Conditions for Flow of Boiling Water in Vertical Rod Clusters," AE-74 (Stockholm, Sweden), May 1962.
- (3) FSAR Section 11.2.2.
- (4) FSAR Section 4.4.3.
- (5) I.M. Jacobs, "Reliability of Engineered Safety Features as a Function of Testing Frequency," Nuclear Safety, Vol. 9, No. 4, July-August 1968, pp 310-312.
- (6) Deleted
- (7) I.M. Jacobs and P.W. Mariott, APED Guidelines for Determining Safe Test Intervals and Repair Times for Engineered Safeguards - April 1969.
- (8) Bodega Bay Preliminary Hazards Report, Appendix 1, Docket 50-205, December 28, 1962.
- (9) C.H. Robbins, "Tests of a Full Scale 1/48 Segment of the Humbolt Bay Pressure Suppression Containment," GEAP-3596, November 17, 1960.
- (10) "Nuclear Safety Program Annual Progress Report for Period Ending December 31, 1966, ORNL-4071."
- (11) Section 5.2 of the FSAR.
- (12) TID 20583, "Leakage Characteristics of Steel Containment Vessel and the Analysis of Leakage Rate Determinations."
- (13) Regulatory Guide 1.163, "Performance-Based Containment Leak-Test Program", dated September 1995.
- (14) Section 14.6 of the FSAR.
- (15) ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Nuclear Vessels, Section III. Maximum allowable internal pressure is 62 psig.
- (16) 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix J, "Primary Reactor Containment Leakage Testing for Water-Cooled Power Reactors, Option B - Performance Based Requirements", Effective Date October 26, 1995
- (17) Deleted
- (18) General Electric Report NEDC-32016P, "Power Uprate Safety Analysis for the James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant," December 1991 (proprietary).
- (19) James A. FitzPatrick Calculation JAF-CALC-RAD-00008, "Radiological Consequences of Design Basis Accidents at James A. FitzPatrick," November 1991.
- (20) General Electric Report GE-NE-187-45-1191P, "Containment Systems Evaluation," (proprietary).