

INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT  
QUARTERLY SELF-MONITORING RESULTS

Perry Nuclear Power Plant  
10 Center Rd.  
Perry, Ohio 44081

Permit No.: 1004911  
Report Date: 2/14/96  
Laboratory: Electro Analytical

Date of Sample: 2/7/96 to 2/8/96  
Sample Location: Sewage Pump Station

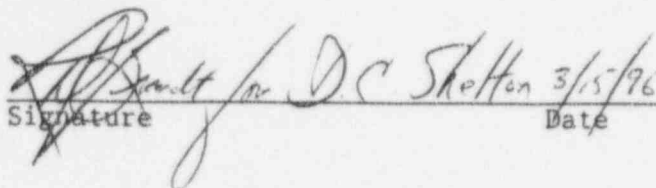
Time of sample: 1133  
Name of Sampler: Al Mueller

Laboratory Address: 7118 Industrial Park Blvd.  
Mentor, OH 44060

Date of Analysis: 2/7 to 2/13/96  
Flow: 33,000 gpd

PARAMETER	SAMPLE TYPE	EPA METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	ANALYSIS RESULT
COD	Composite	410.4	2/9/96	460 mg/L
BOD	Composite	405.1	2/13/96	150 mg/L
TSS	Composite	160.2	2/9/96	120 mg/L
Silver	Composite	200.7	2/12/96	<.010 mg/L
Mercury	Composite	245.1	2/12/96	<.50 ug/L
pH	Grab	150.1	2/7/96	9.0 s.u.
Oil/Grease Gravimetric	Grab	413.1	2/12/96	3.9 mg/L

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and I am familiar with the information in this report and that, based on my inquiry of those persons immediately responsible for obtaining the information contained in this report, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

 Sr. Vice President - Nuclear  
Signature Date Title

9603200041 960315  
PDR ADDCK 05000440  
R PDR

INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT  
QUARTERLY SELF-MONITORING RESULTS

Perry Nuclear Power Plant  
10 Center Rd.  
Perry, Ohio 44081

Permit No.: 1004911  
Report Date: 2/8/96  
Laboratory: Electro Analytical

Date of Sample: 1/22 to 1/23/96  
Sample Location: Sewage Pump Station

Time of sample: 14:00  
Name of Sampler: Michael Ward

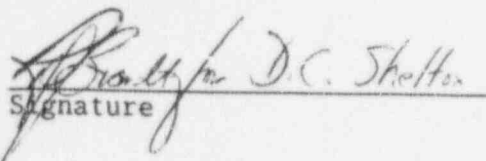
Laboratory Address: 7118 Industrial Park Blvd.  
Mentor, OH 44060

Date of Analysis: 1/23 to 1/31/96  
Flow: 33,000 gpd

Name of Analyst:

PARAMETER	SAMPLE TYPE	EPA METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	ANALYSIS RESULT
COD	Composite	410.4	1/24/96	390 mg/L
BOD	Composite	405.1	1/29/96	140 mg/L
TSS	Composite	160.2	1/31/96	170 mg/L
Silver	Composite	200.7	1/24/96	<.010 mg/L
Mercury	Composite	245.1	1/25/96	<.50 ug/L
pH	Grab	150.1	1/23/96	8.6 s.u.
Oil/Grease Gravimetric	Grab	413.1	1/29/96	16 mg/L

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and I am familiar with the information in this report and that, based on my inquiry of those persons immediately responsible for obtaining the information contained in this report, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

 3/15/96  
Signature Date  
Sr. Vice President - Nuclear  
Title

INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT  
QUARTERLY SELF-MONITORING RESULTS

Perry Nuclear Power Plant  
10 Center Rd.  
Perry, Ohio 44081

Permit No.: 1004911  
Report Date: 12/28/95  
Laboratory: Quanterra

Date of Sample: 12/14 to 12/15/95  
Sample Location: Sewage Pump Station

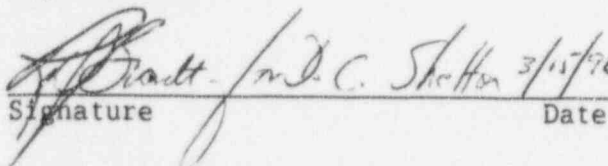
Time of sample: 930  
Name of Sampler: Eric Smith

Laboratory Address: 1401 Shuffel Dr.  
North Canton OH 44720

Date of Analysis: 12/14 to 12/22/95  
Flow: 33,000 gpd

PARAMETER	SAMPLE TYPE	EPA METHOD	ANALYSIS DATE	ANALYSIS RESULT
COD	Composite	410.4	12/19 to 12/20	250 mg/L
BOD	Composite	405.1	12/14 to 12/19	110 mg/L
TSS	Composite	160.2	12/15 to 12/18	58 mg/L
Silver	Composite	200.7	12/20 to 12/21	None Detected
Mercury	Composite	245.1	12/20	None Detected
pH	Grab	150.1	12/14	8.7 s.u.
Oil/Grease Gravimetric	Grab	413.1	12/21 to 12/22	11 mg/L

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and I am familiar with the information in this report and that, based on my inquiry of those persons immediately responsible for obtaining the information contained in this report, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

 J. C. Shuffel 3/15/96 Sr. Vice President - Nuclear  
Signature Date Title

RPI-1103  
Page: 93  
Rev.: 0

Attachment 51

ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE LOG (RPI-1103-51)

Date/Time 2/7/96 / 1440

Sample Point: Industrial Wastewater

Parameter	Frequency Reg. / Admin	Limit		Ops Cond.	Action Notes	Results	Init.
		Reg	Admin				
Isotopic, µCi/ml	-/PE	-	<LLD	6	106	None detected	Ⓢ
Oil & Grease, ppm	-/PE	-	<5	6	106	n/c	

NOTE: Radioisotope LLD's are listed in ODCM Appendix C Table 4.12.1-1.

Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Reviewed By: *[Signature]* 2/7/96

LAKE COUNTY, OHIO

INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER QUESTIONNAIRE

I.

GENERAL:

- A. Name of Company Cleveland Electric Illum. Comp. - Perry Power Plant
- B. Mailing Address
1. Street P.O. Box 97, 10 Center Road
  2. City and State Perry, Ohio
  3. Zip 44081
  4. County Lake
- C. Facility Location Address
1. Street 10 Center Road
  2. City and State Perry, Ohio
  3. Zip 44081
  4. County Lake
- D. Telephone 259-3737
- E. Contact Official
- |       |                         |
|-------|-------------------------|
| Name  | <u>Donna Tizzano</u>    |
| Title | <u>Environmentalist</u> |
| Phone | <u>280-5514</u>         |

The information contained in this questionnaire is familiar to me and to the best of my knowledge and belief, such information is true, complete and accurate.

Date

3/15/96

*D.C. Shelton*  
Signature of Official

II. PLANT OPERATIONS:

- A. Brief description of manufacturing or service activities on premises in decreasing order of business volume (also please indicate the associated SIC Number):

<u>SIC CODE</u>	<u>PROCESS DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>% OF TOTAL PRODUCTION</u>
<u>4 9 1 1</u> (Primary)	<u>Electric Utility</u>	<u>Electricity</u>	<u>100%</u>
(Secondary)			

B. Number of Employees 1030

C. Is this a Batch Operation? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X

Is this a Continuous Operation? Yes X No \_\_\_\_\_

D. Operating information:

1. Hours of Operation: Continuous

Hours per day 24

Days per week 7

Weeks per year 52

2. Is there a scheduled shutdown? Yes When? Once per 18 Months on ave.

3. Is production seasonal? No  
If yes, explain, indicating month(s) of peak production.

4. Length of Shift? X 8 hours \_\_\_\_\_ 10 hours  
\_\_\_\_\_ X Other\* (Various)

5. Average number of employees per shift: 755 1st;  
175 2nd;  
100 3rd.

6. Shift start times: 0730 1st; 1530 2nd; 2330 3rd.  
Various start/stop times.

7. Shift normally worked each day: All

	Sun	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
1st	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2nd	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
3rd	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

8. How indicative of normal production is your current operation?  
(i.e., Are you at full production, half production,...)

Currently in a scheduled refueling outage. Production varies.

E. Products manufactured or Processed: (Type and Amount)

Electricity - 1205 MW Capacity

F. Raw materials Used: (Type and Amount) N/A

G. Chemical Used (Include catalysts, intermediates, etc.): (Type and Amount) N/A

H. By-products Produced: (Type and Amount) N/A

I. Are there any future expansions planned? No

J. Is this facility in the process of being sold or being considered for sale? \_\_\_\_\_ Yes X No

If "yes", when? \_\_\_\_\_



III. GENERAL WATER/WASTEWATER INFORMATION:

A. Water Source:

1. (Indicate gallons per month or cubic feet per month)

<u>Source</u>	<u>Total Usage</u>	<u>Number of Operating Days</u>	<u>Daily Ave.</u>
City	1,138,354 GPM	All	37,945 GPD
Wells			
River			
Lake Erie - Other	2,526,000,000 GPM	All	84,200,000 GPD

GPM = Gallons Per Month      GPD = Gallons Per Day

2. a. Does water usage vary greatly during the production year?

Yes

- b. Does water usage vary during the production week?

No

- c. Does water usage vary during the production day?

No

3. If the answer is yes to any of the above three questions, list details. Note periods of maximum and minimum use.

Maximum use of city water occurs during refueling outages, manpower increases significantly.

4. a. Describe any raw water treatment process in use:

Chlorination, Flocculation, Filtration, Demineralization.

- b. Are any water recycling or material reclaiming processes utilized?

X Yes             No

If "yes", please describe. Filtration, demineralization



B. Estimate amounts of water used in each process below:

Sanitary (Restrooms, drinking fountains, showers, etc.)	<u>*37,945</u>	gallons per day
Cooling Water	<u>**85,000,000</u>	gallons per day
Boiler Feed	<u>0</u>	gallons per day
Process Water	<u>0</u>	gallons per day
Contained in Product	<u>0</u>	gallons per day
Other	<u>0</u>	gallons per day

\* Total Potable Water divided between sanitary use and periodic make-up (boiler, process)

\*\* = Max. Design Basis

TOTAL OF ABOVE: 85,037,945 gallons per day

C. 1. Does this facility discharge ANY wastewater to the local sanitary sewer?

X Yes        No

2. Does this facility discharge ANY wastewater to the local storm sewer?

       Yes X No

D. Does this facility have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit(s)?

X Yes        No

If "yes", please list permit numbers:

3IB00016\*DD Exp. Date 5/10/96 (Permit Renewal Application Submitted)

       Exp. Date       

If "yes", does the permitted facility discharge any wastewater not covered under the NPDES permit(s)?

X Yes        No Sanitary Sewage

E. Does the facility discharge all of its wastewater/liquid wastes to the local sanitary sewer?

       Yes X No

If "no", describe other disposal methods: Service Water discharge to Lake Erie via plant discharge.

F. Is sanitary wastewater discharged separately from process wastewater?

X Yes        No

G. Are batch wastes discharged to the sewer?

       Yes X No

If "yes", list batch discharge frequency, nature of waste, and volume:

Frequency (specify units) N/A  
Volume: N/A Gal. per discharge  
Nature of batch waste: N/A

H. Is an analysis of the wastewater available?

X Yes        No See Quarterly Self Monitoring Reports and monthly NPDES Report for December, 1995, Attached.  
If "yes", attach a copy of most recent analysis and describe location where sample was taken. Include date and time of sampling and type of discharge (i.e., total plant discharge, process waste only, etc.). Were U.S. EPA-approved procedures used to collect and analyze the sample?

X Yes        No        Unknown

I. Is there a manhole or other access for taking a wastewater sample?

X Yes        No

J. List average volume of discharge or water losses to:

<u>Outlet</u>	<u>Estimated Average Discharge (Gal/Day)</u>
a. Sanitary Sewer	<u>37,945</u> gallons per day
b. Storm Sewer	<u>0</u> gallons per day
c. Evaporation	<u>18,453,537</u> gallons per day
d. Open Run or Creek or Surface Water	<u>*83,048,219</u> gallons per day
e. Waste Hauler	<u>0</u> gallons per day
f. Contained in Product	<u>0</u> gallons per day
g. TOTAL of a thru f	<u>101,539,701</u> gallons per day

\* = Based on discharges during 1995

K. Are any process, product, or sanitary wastes being hauled by a private waste hauler?        Yes X No  
If so, state name of hauler, location of dumping site, volume of waste, and frequency (i.e., times daily, weekly, monthly).

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

L. Refer to the list below to generally characterize your wastewater.  
Check the substances contained in your wastewater.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> acids and acidic wastes                     | <input type="checkbox"/> phenol-containing wastes               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> alkali and caustic wastes                   | <input type="checkbox"/> alcohols                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> pickling wastes                             | <input type="checkbox"/> ethers                                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> other metal cleaning and preparation wastes | <input type="checkbox"/> aldehydes, ketones                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> plating wastes                              | <input type="checkbox"/> organic acids                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> electrocoating wastes                       | <input type="checkbox"/> soaps, surfactants, and detergents     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> paints                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> oils                                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> pigments                                    | <input type="checkbox"/> fats, grease                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> inks  | <input type="checkbox"/> benzene and benzene derivatives        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> dyes  | <input type="checkbox"/> latex wastes                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> chlorinated organic compounds               | <input type="checkbox"/> resins, monomers                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> brominated organic compounds                | <input type="checkbox"/> waxes                                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> organic solvents, thinners                  | <input type="checkbox"/> radioactive wastes                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> hot wastes (104 F or higher)                | <input type="checkbox"/> flammables                             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SANITARY WASTES ONLY             | <input type="checkbox"/> inorganic solids (sands, gravel, etc.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (list) _____                          |   |

IV. SAMPLING

A. State location where wastes going to the sanitary sewer can be sampled or measured.

On-site sewage lift station.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

V.

SPILL PREVENTION

A. Is it possible to discharge or spill (i.e., floor drains) any of the following to the municipal sewerage system from a storage site or process area?

1. Toxic pollutants (priority pollutants as indicated in Section VI).

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No

2. Conventional pollutants (BOD, Oil & Grease, etc.) in unusual quantity or strength.

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No

3. Flammable, explosive, corrosive, low pH, high temperature, etc. solutions and/or materials.

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No

4. Materials that can cause obstruction of flow in sewers

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No

If yes to any of the above, please indicate pollutant.

B. Is there a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan in effect for any material used in this plant?

  X   Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No

If yes, please submit a copy.

\* See Attached

VI.

PRIORITY POLLUTANT INFORMATION

A. In referring to the following table, please note which chemicals are or are not present in your manufacturing or service facility. Use the following to note the presence of the chemicals:

KA = Substance Known Absent

UK = Unknown

SO = Stored Only

KP = Substance Known Present

Review the contents of trade name products to aid in determining the presence of these pollutants. If your industry has any of these substances stored in your facility, even if not used in a process, please indicate.

# PRIORITY POLLUTANTS

1.	<u>KA</u>	acenaphthene	66.	<u>KA</u>	bis(2-ethylhexy)
2.	<u>SO</u>	acrolein	67.	<u>SO</u>	butyl benzyl phthalate
3.	<u>SO</u>	acrylonitrile	68.	<u>SO</u>	di-n-butyl phthalate
4.	<u>SO</u>	benzene	69.	<u>SO</u>	di-n-octyl phthalate
5.	<u>SO</u>	benzidine	70.	<u>SO</u>	diethyl phthalate
6.	<u>SO</u>	carbon tetrachloride (tetrachloromethane)	71.	<u>SO</u>	dimethyl phthalate
7.	<u>SO</u>	chlorobenzene	72.	<u>KA</u>	benzo(a) anthracene (1,2-benzanthracene)
8.	<u>KA</u>	1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	73.	<u>KA</u>	benzo(a)pyrene (3,4-benzopyrene)
9.	<u>KA</u>	hexachlorobenzene	74.	<u>KA</u>	benzofluoranthene
10.	<u>SO</u>	1,2-dichloroethane	75.	<u>KA</u>	benzo(k)fluoranthene (11,12-benzofluoran- thene)
11.	<u>SO</u>	1,1,1-trichloroethane	76.	<u>KA</u>	chrysene
12.	<u>SO</u>	hexachloroethane	77.	<u>KA</u>	acenaphthylene
13.	<u>SO</u>	1,1-dichloroethane	78.	<u>KA</u>	anthracene
14.	<u>SO</u>	1,1,2-trichloroethane	79.	<u>KA</u>	benzo(ghi)perylene (1,12-benzoperylene)
15.	<u>SO</u>	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	80.	<u>KA</u>	fluorene
16.	<u>KA</u>	chloroethane	81.	<u>KA</u>	phenanthrene
17.	<u>SO</u>	bis(chloromethyl) ether	82.	<u>KA</u>	dibenzo (a,h) anthracene
18.	<u>KA</u>	bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	83.	<u>KA</u>	indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene
19.	<u>KA</u>	2-chloroethyl vinyl ether (mixed)	84.	<u>KA</u>	pyrene
20.	<u>KA</u>	2-chloronaphthalene	85.	<u>SO</u>	tetrachloroethylene
21.	<u>KA</u>	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	86.	<u>SO</u>	toluene
22.	<u>KA</u>	parachlorometacresol	87.	<u>SO</u>	trichloroethylene
23.	<u>SO</u>	chloroform (trichloromethane)	88.	<u>SO</u>	vinyl chloride (chloroethylene)
24.	<u>KA</u>	2-chlorophenol	89.	<u>SO</u>	aldrin
25.	<u>KA</u>	1,2-dichlorobenzene	90.	<u>SO</u>	dieldrin
26.	<u>KA</u>	1,3-dichlorobenzene	91.	<u>SO</u>	chlordane (tech. mixture & metabolites)
27.	<u>SO</u>	1,4-dichlorobenzene	92.	<u>KA</u>	4,4' - DDT
28.	<u>SO</u>	3,3-dichlorobenzidine	93.	<u>KA</u>	4,4' - DDE (p,p' DDX)
29.	<u>KA</u>	1,1-dichloroethylene	94.	<u>KA</u>	4,4' - DDD (p,p'-TDE)
30.	<u>KA</u>	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	95.	<u>KA</u>	alpha-endosulfan
31.	<u>KA</u>	2,4-dichlorophenol	96.	<u>KA</u>	beta-endosulfan
32.	<u>KA</u>	1,2-dichloropropane	97.	<u>KA</u>	endosulfan sulfate
33.	<u>KA</u>	1,3-dichloropropylene	98.	<u>SO</u>	endrin
34.	<u>KA</u>	2,4-dimethylphenol	99.	<u>KA</u>	endrin aldehyde
35.	<u>KA</u>	2,4-dinitrotoluene	100.	<u>SO</u>	heptachlor
36.	<u>SO</u>	2,6-dinitrotoluene	101.	<u>KA</u>	heptachlor epoxide
37.	<u>KA</u>	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	102.	<u>KA</u>	alpha-BHC
38.	<u>SO</u>	ethylbenzene	103.	<u>KA</u>	beta-BHC
39.	<u>SO</u>	fluoranthene	104.	<u>SO</u>	gamma-BHC (lindane)
40.	<u>KA</u>	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	105.	<u>KA</u>	delta-BHC
41.	<u>KA</u>	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	106.	<u>KA</u>	PCB-1242 (Aroclor 1242)
42.	<u>KA</u>	bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether			
43.	<u>KA</u>	bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane			
44.	<u>SO</u>	methylene chloride (dichloromethane)			
45.	<u>SO</u>	methyl chloride (chloromethane)			
46.	<u>KA</u>	methyl bromide			

- |               |                                |                |   |
|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 47. <u>SO</u> | bromoform<br>(tribromomethane) | 107. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1254 (Aroclor 1254)                         |
| 48. <u>KA</u> | dichlorobromomethane           | 108. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1221 (Aroclor 1221)                         |
| 49. <u>SO</u> | trichlorofluoromethane         | 109. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1232 (Aroclor 1232)                         |
| 50. <u>SO</u> | dichlorodifluoromethane        | 110. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1248 (Aroclor 1248)                         |
| 51. <u>KA</u> | chlorodibromomethane           | 111. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1260 (Aroclor 1260)                         |
| 52. <u>KA</u> | hexachlorobutadiene            | 112. <u>KA</u> | PCB-1016 (Aroclor 1016)                         |
| 53. <u>KA</u> | hexachlorocyclopentadiene      | 113. <u>SO</u> | Toxaphene                                       |
| 54. <u>SO</u> | isophorone                     | 114. <u>SO</u> | Antimony (Total)                                |
| 55. <u>SO</u> | naphthalene                    | 115. <u>SO</u> | Arsenic (Total)                                 |
| 56. <u>SO</u> | nitrobenzene                   | 116. <u>SO</u> | Asbestos (Fibrous)                              |
| 57. <u>KA</u> | 2-nitrophenol                  | 117. <u>SO</u> | Beryllium (Total)                               |
| 58. <u>KA</u> | 4-nitrophenol                  | 118. <u>SO</u> | Cadmium (Total)                                 |
| 59. <u>KA</u> | 2,4-dinitrophenol              | 119. <u>SO</u> | Chromium (Total)                                |
| 60. <u>KA</u> | 4,6-dinitro-o-cresol           | 120. <u>SO</u> | Copper (Total)                                  |
| 61. <u>SO</u> | N-nitrosodimethylamine         | 121. <u>SO</u> | Cyanide (Total)                                 |
| 62. <u>KA</u> | N-nitrosodiphenylamine         | 122. <u>SO</u> | Lead (Total)                                    |
| 63. <u>KA</u> | N-nitrosodi-n-propylamine      | 123. <u>SO</u> | Mercury (Total)                                 |
| 64. <u>SO</u> | pentachlorophenol              | 124. <u>SO</u> | Nickel (Total)                                  |
| 65. <u>SO</u> | phenol (4APP method)           | 125. <u>SO</u> | Selenium (Total)                                |
|               |                                | 126. <u>KP</u> | Silver (Total)                                  |
|               |                                | 127. <u>SO</u> | Thallium (Total)                                |
|               |                                | 128. <u>SO</u> | Zinc (Total)                                    |
|               |                                | 129. <u>KA</u> | 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodi-<br>benzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) |

None of these materials are intro-  
duced into the sanitary waste system.

B. For the chemical compounds above which are known present, please  
give the following information for each:

Item No.	Chemical Compound	Annual Usage (Lbs.)	Estimated Loss to Sewer (Lbs/Yr.)
<u>126</u>	<u>Silver</u>	<u>Trace Constituent</u>	<u>None</u>
<u>          </u>	<u>                                  </u>	<u>                                  </u>	<u>                                  </u>
<u>          </u>	<u>                                  </u>	<u>                                  </u>	<u>                                  </u>

Note: If the above units are not appropriate, list data in other units, but be  
specific. Use additional paper if necessary.

VII. PRETREATMENT:

A. Is this plant subject to an existing Federal Pretreatment Standard?  
NO If so, are Pretreatment Standards being met on a consistent  
basis?

B. Is the wastewater or any portion thereof being pretreated before  
discharge? If so, state amount and type of pretreatment.

NO

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



C. Residuals Information

1. Are any residuals created from the pretreatment processes?

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No

If yes, describe residuals. \_\_\_\_\_

2. Indicate quantity of residuals created (specify units).

N/A

3. Describe method of residue disposal.

N/A

4. Is the residue considered a hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)?

\_\_\_\_\_ Yes   X   No \_\_\_\_\_ Undetermined

SECTION VIII. SEWER CONNECTION AND DISCHARGE INFORMATION

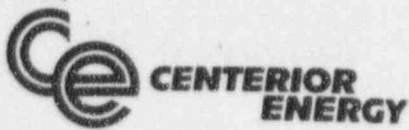
- A. List facility sewer outlets, size, and flow. Use additional sheet if necessary.

Ref. No.	Sewer Size (in)	Location of Connection or Discharge Point	Source of Discharge	Ave. Flow (GPD)
1	<u>4 Inches</u>	<u>East of site to Madison Pump Station</u>	<u>Perry Power Plant</u>	<u>37,945</u>
2	_____	_____	_____	_____
3	_____	_____	_____	_____

- B. Provide a block flow diagram of process water and sanitary waste in your facility.

- C. Provide on an attached sheet, a drawing of the facility showing locations of sewers referred to in A. above. Show locations of possible sampling points for sewers, buildings, streets, alleys, and other pertinent physical structures.





**PERRY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT**

10 CENTER ROAD  
PERRY, OHIO 44081  
(216) 259-3737

Mail Address:  
P.O. BOX 97  
PERRY, OHIO 44081

**Donald C. Shelton**  
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT  
NUCLEAR

January 12, 1996  
PY-CEI/OEPA-0240L

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency  
P.O. Box 163669  
Columbus, Ohio 43216-3669

Gentlemen:

Enclosed are the NPDES monthly report forms for the month of December, 1995.

If you have questions or require additional information, please contact Donna Tizzano at (216) 280-5514.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'D.C. Shelton', is written over a printed name.

DONALD C. SHELTON

DCS:DGT:vh

Enclosure

cc: NRC Project Manager  
NRC Resident Inspector Office  
NRC Document Control Desk  
NRC Region III

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUM CO 3IB00016001 DEC 95  
 NUCLEAR GROUP  
 C/O PERRY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
 10 CENTER ROAD ROOM E240  
 NORTH PERRY 44081 LAKE

1 1

OHIO  
63461

001 DISCHARGE FROM REGENERATE  
 NEUTRALIZATION PITS

FORM

CEI, PERRY

D.G. TIZZANO

	1 999	1 999	1 999	2 96	3 1
	CONDUI FLOW MGD	PH (MAX) S.U.	PH (MIN) S.U.	RESIDUE T NFLT MG/L	O&G TOTAL MG/L
	50050	00401	00402	00530	00550
01	0.0175	7.9	7.4	16	AA
02	AH	AH	AH		
03	AH	AH	AH		
04	AH	AH	AH		
05	AH	AH	AH		
06	AH	AH	AH		
07	0.0172	8.0	8.0	17	AA
08	AH	AH	AH		
09	AH	AH	AH		
10	AH	AH	AH		
11	0.0160	8.5	8.5	10	AA
12	AH	AH	AH		
13	AH	AH	AH		
14	AH	AH	AH		
15	0.0160	7.3	7.2		
16	AH	AH	AH		
17	AH	AH	AH		
18	AH	AH	AH		
19	AH	AH	AH		
20	AH	AH	AH		
21	0.0197	7.2	7.1	11	AA
22	AH	AH	AH		
23	AH	AH	AH		
24	AH	AH	AH		
25	AH	AH	AH		
26	0.0215	7.4	7.0	14	AA
27	AH	AH	AH		
28	AH	AH	AH		
29	AH	AH	AH		
30	0.0171	7.4	7.2		
31	AH	AH	AH		
	0.1250	53.7	52.4	68	AA
	0.0179	7.7	7.5	14	AA
	0.0215	8.5	8.5	17	AA
	0.0160	7.2	7.0	10	AA

AA - BELOW DETECTABLE LIMIT (5 mg/l for O&G and 2.5 mg/l for RESIDUE)  
 AH - SAMPLE NOT TAKEN, NO DISCHARGE PERFORMED THIS DATE

REPORTER

1-8-96

A. H. for D.C. Shatto

VP Nuclear

3IB00016001



CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUM CO 3IB00016002 DEC 95  
NUCLEAR GROUP  
C/O PERRY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
10 CENTER ROAD ROOM E240  
NORTH PERRY 44081 LAKE

1 1

OHIO  
63461

002 DISCHARGE FROM CHEMICAL CLEANING  
LAGOON E PLANT

FORM

CEI, PERRY

D.G. TIZZANO

1	1	2	3	2	2	2
999	999	96	1	96	96	96
CONDUI	PH	RESIDUE	O&G	PHOS-T	COPPER	IRON
FLOW		T NFLT	TOTAL	P-WET	CU.TOT	FE.TOT
MGD	S.U.	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L
50050	00400	00530	00550	00665	01042	01045

NO DISCHARGE OCCURRED DURING THE MONTH

REPORTER

1-8-96

R. B. H. for D. C. Shultz, VP Nuclear

3IB00016002



CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUM CO 3IB00016004 DEC 95  
 NUCLEAR GROUP  
 C/O PERRY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
 10 CENTER ROAD ROOM E240  
 NORTH PERRY 44081 LAKE

1 1

OHIO  
63461

004 POINT REP OF DISCHARGE PRIOR TO  
 ENTRY TO TUNNEL

FORM

CEI, PERRY

D.G. TIZZANO

1 1 3 3  
 999 999 1 1

WATER CONDUIT CHLOR PH  
 TEMP FLOW FREE A  
 F. MGD MG/L S.U.

00011 50050 50064 00400

01	50	84.5	0.00	8.1
02	50	69.5	0.00	
03	50	75.5	0.00	
04	50	78.0	0.00	
05	50	69.8	0.00	8.2
06	48	66.8	0.00	
07	49	71.6	0.00	
08	45	78.8	0.00	8.1
09	41	77.4	0.00	
10	37	73.8	0.00	
11	46	107.1	0.00	
12	43	87.7	0.00	8.2
13	44	80.8	0.00	
14	45	82.7	0.00	
15	44	70.0	0.00	8.2
16	43	104.1	0.00	
17	40	100.1	0.00	
18	42	102.2	0.00	
19	40	103.7	0.00	8.1
20	40	109.0	0.00	
21	42	77.4	0.00	
22	41	96.7	0.00	8.1
23	41	91.6	0.00	
24	42	89.4	0.00	
25	45	91.3	0.00	
26	42	94.4	0.00	8.2
27	42	92.4	0.00	
28	42	86.5	0.00	
29	42	89.6	0.00	8.1
30	43	97.3	0.00	
31	44	101.3	0.00	
	1363	2701.0	0.00	73.3
	44	87.1	0.00	8.1
	50	109.0	0.00	8.2
	37	66.8	0.00	8.1

NONE

REPORTER

1-8-96

*Allen H. L. D. C. She H. H. V. D. Nuclear*

3IB00016004



CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUM CO 3IB00016800 DEC 85  
NUCLEAR GROUP  
C/O PERRY NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
10 CENTER ROAD ROOM E240  
NORTH PERRY 44081 LAKE

1 1

OHIO  
63461800 INTAKE WATER AT INLET TO PLANT  
FROM LAKE ERIE

FORM

CEI, PERRY

D.G. TIZZANO

1  
999WATER  
TEMP  
F.

00011

01	39
02	39
03	39
04	39
05	39
06	38
07	37
08	36
09	35
10	33
11	31
12	31
13	33
14	33
15	33
16	33
17	33
18	32
19	32
20	31
21	32
22	31
23	31
24	31
25	31
26	32
27	31
28	31
29	31
30	32
31	32

1041  
34  
39  
31

NONE

REPORTER

1-8-95

A. L. D. D. U. V. D. D. U.

3IB00016800



SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)1.0 Purpose

This SPCCP describes the conformance of oil storage facilities at the Perry Plant with the guidelines contained in <40CFR, Part 112>. A list of these facilities and site locations are also provided in Attachments 3, 4 and 6.

2.0 Oil Spill History

On December 8, 1992 it was discovered that a release of approximately 12.5 gallons per day of turbine lube oil had occurred during the period from 10/92 to 12/8/92. This oil was mixed with plant service water and discharged to Lake Erie. The Turbine Lube Oil Cooler was removed from service and repaired. This event was reported by phone on December 8, 1992 and followed up with a confirmation letter on April 2, 1993. <L01957>

On April 8, 1993, approximately 35 gallons of oil were discharged through the plant site storm drain system to a small, unnamed stream on the east side of the site. The oil was contained behind a skimmer wall; it did not enter Lake Erie. Clean up activities were completed by April 9, 1993. This event was reported to the OEPA by phone on April 8, 1993 and followed with a confirmation letter on April 12, 1993.

3.0 Facility Drainage

Storm water run-off at the Perry Plant site is controlled by final site grading and the plant storm drain system. These features are designed to prevent potential flooding of site facilities and minimize the potential for discharging spilled oil to Lake Erie. The layout of site topography and storm drainage system are provided on drawings <E-736-003 (Final Plant Site Topography)>, <E-743-013 (Plant Storm Drainage)>, <D-743-014 (Site Storm Drainage Plan-North Half)>, and <D-743-015 (Site Storm Drainage Plan-South Half)>.

Storm water run-off is collected in concrete catchment basins from graded yard areas, roof drain, oil interceptors (except 0P64A0001), and, through manually operated drain valves, from dikes surrounding the auxiliary boiler fuel oil storage tank and hazardous waste site. Run-off gravity drains from catch basins through system piping to headwalls which empty into three site streams, and ultimately to Lake Erie. The catch basins and piping are organized into three groups. The east group drains to the minor stream impoundment, the west group drains to the northwest storm drain impoundment, and the south group drains to the major stream impoundment. The system is designed for the maximum probable 6 hour and 1 hour precipitation rates. Sediment control dams with metal baffle cover plates at each of the three impoundments would assist in retaining oil and aid clean up efforts, should an oil spill reach these areas.



SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

4.0 Facility Description

4.1 Meteorological Monitoring

A meteorological monitoring system is located on site which provides continuous weather data for the site. Data includes wind speed, wind direction, stability class, temperature, and precipitation. This data can be accessed in the Control Room.

4.2 Facility Layout and Oil/Chemical Storage Locations

1. A facility layout indicating oil/chemical storage locations at the plant is provided in Perry Plant Facility Layout and Oil/Chemical Storage (Attachment 3 to PAP-0806).

NOTE: Unit 2 storage tanks are not in use, except those shown on Attachment 3. Indoor radwaste and oil/chemical storage tank locations are shown in detail in <Pre-Fire Plan Instructions>. A copy of these instructions has been provided to the Perry Twp. Fire Department.

2. Descriptions of oil storage tanks (located on Attachment 3) are provided in Attachment 4, Perry Plant Oil Storage Tanks.
3. Descriptions of hazardous/chemical storage tanks (listed in Attachment 3) are provided in Attachment 5, Perry Plant Hazardous Chemical Storage Tanks.
4. Descriptions of miscellaneous oil/chemical storage facilities (listed in Attachment 3) are provided in Attachment 6 Perry Plant Miscellaneous Chemical Storage Buildings/Areas.

4.3 Communications Systems

1. In-plant communications between plant employees and the Control Room, including the Control Room Shift Supervisor, are maintained by a two-way plant PA (paging) system and by radios. Channel 5 of the PA System is designated for emergency use and is continuously monitored. These systems are also augmented by a site telephone system.
2. Communications with off-site organizations and authorities are normally conducted using the public telephone system. Descriptions and use of additional communication systems are included in the <Emergency Plan for the Perry Nuclear Power Plant>.



SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

## 4.4 Emergency Equipment

Detailed descriptions of emergency equipment listed in this section, including inventories and plant locations, are provided in Safety/Fire Instructions, as indicated below.

## 1. Fire Equipment

Fire protection systems available at the Perry Plant include water, carbon dioxide, and halon suppression systems and a fire and security monitoring system. Hydrants are provided for outdoor areas at the site, and portable fire extinguishers are provided as required. A foam extinguishing system is also located at the auxiliary boiler fuel oil storage tank and loading station. Additional fire fighting equipment is described in <SFI-0060> and <SFI-0108>.

## 2. Spill Control Equipment

Oil/chemical spill kits are maintained at several areas on site, in proximity to oil/chemical storage facilities. Typical contents include dikes, drain covers, clean up equipment, chemical suits, and personnel warning/confinement materials. Refer to <SFI-0106> for more detail regarding spill kits, including location, contents and inspections. <L01957>

## 3. Personnel Protective Equipment

The Perry Plant maintains a full range of personnel protective equipment for both routine and emergency chemical handling operations. This includes all types of respiratory protection equipment. Refer to <SFI-0060> and <SFI-0106> for further details.

## 4. First-Aid Equipment

Locations of first-aid stations and equipment contents are provided in <SFI-0050>.

## 5. Decontamination Equipment

Safety shower/eyewash stations, supplied by potable water, are provided for personnel decontamination. These stations are located near all hazardous chemical storage tanks at the site. Portable eyewash stations are provided at other chemical storage locations, per <SFI-0003>.

SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)5.0 Auxiliary Boiler Fuel Oil Storage Tank

This tank stores No. 2 fuel oil for two auxiliary boilers. The tank is an above ground vertical cone roof storage tank which measures 40 feet high, and has an inside diameter of 46 feet, 6 inches, and a usable volume of 477,687 gallons. The tank is constructed of carbon steel and is equipped with a vent with flame arrestor, relief manhole and a surface foam fire protection system. The tank is also equipped with pneumatic level instrumentation, a sampling connection, and a water draw off connection. All pressure piping and pipe supports are designed in accordance with <ANSI/ASME-B31.1>.

The tank is surrounded by a six foot high by 150 foot diameter concrete dike for secondary containment. The dike volume is sized to contain the complete volume of the tank plus the volume of a delivery truck, and a one foot free board. Drainage from the dike area and fuel loading area is collected in a sump, 8 feet by 4 feet deep, located in the diked area. The sump drains through an 8 inch drain line, equipped with a manually operated motorized valve, to a storm drain catch basin. An alarm alerts an operator of high level in the sump. The operator inspects the sump to ensure no oil is present prior to opening the valve to drain storm water accumulation. The valve is then manually closed or will automatically close upon low sump level to prevent the valve being left inadvertently open. A status light indicating high level in the sump is provided at the fuel oil unloading stations should spillage occur during unloading operations.

The auxiliary boiler fuel oil storage tank and surrounding dike are periodically inspected for damage, deterioration, and leakage.

6.0 Diesel Generator Fuel Oil Storage Tanks

Each diesel generator fuel oil storage tank is of horizontal cylindrical, welded steel construction and is buried in the yard immediately west of the diesel generator building. Each tank is equipped with a penetration for electronic type level probe connection. Corrosion protection for the tanks and piping includes providing a corrosion allowance to the tank wall thickness, the external use of bituminous coating, and cathodic protection. The underground piping is coated with coal-tar enamel and double bonded asbestos-felt wraps. All underground fuel lines and lines which extend above grade outside the diesel generator building are <ASME Section III> Class 3, Seismic Category I, and missile protected for the first six inches above grade. Drainage from fuel oil loading sumps is routed to an oil interceptor tank.

SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

Fuel volume in each tank is monitored weekly by sounding or a tank level gauge. The current volume is compared with the previous volume, fuel deliveries and diesel run times, and any discrepancies are investigated.

If any volume losses cannot be accounted for, the tank shall be tested for leaks. Tests of the tanks are also performed when significant accumulation of water is found in the tank, and as part of a ten year test program. Tank testing includes one of the following methods:

1. T - Tube Manometer Test
2. The Heath Petro-Tite Tank and Line Testing System
3. Hydrostatic Testing
4. Buoyancy Testing

Tanks failing one of these tests shall be examined, repaired, or replaced.

#### 7.0 Diesel Generator Fuel Oil Day Tanks

Each diesel generator has a fuel oil day tank mounted vertically in the respective engine room at an elevation that provides the required priming head for the engine fuel pumps. The day tanks are of cylindrical welded steel construction and are equipped with level instrumentation. Any leakage is collected in floor drain sumps and pumped to an oil interceptor tank. Water then gravity drains to a sludge holding tank and then is pumped to an industrial waste lagoon.

#### 8.0 Turbine Lube Oil Storage Tank

This tank is located in the east end of the turbine building and serves as a reservoir for turbine lube oil. The tank and associated equipment are surrounded by curbs and gratings to prevent any oil from leaving the immediate area. Any oil from an uncontrolled spill would be collected by the building floor drain system and sump, where it could be cleaned up. Any spillage beyond this point would be routed to the radwaste floor drain oil separator and manually pumped out for disposal.

#### 9.0 Station Transformers

Drainage from transformer pads and yard areas is routed to oil interceptor tanks prior to discharge into storm drain catchment basins.

SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

10.0 Oil Interceptor Tanks

Oil interceptors 0P64A0001 thru 0P64A0005 are buried concrete coated steel tanks designed to contain the volume of oil associated with equipment served. Oil is separated by gravity and retained, and oil free water is drained by gravity. Each interceptor is provided with a manway to provide access for inspection, cleaning, and oil removal. Oil interceptors are inspected periodically and after oil spills from the equipment or area served by the interceptor.

11.0 Fire Pump Diesel Fuel Storage Tank

The Fire Pump Diesel Fuel Storage Tank is a horizontal 300 gallon steel vessel. The tank equipment includes a fuel level gauge, a tank fill line with flame arrestor, a tank vent with vent relief and flame arrestor, a low level alarm switch, and a high level alarm switch. The tank is located in the Diesel Fire Service Pump Room in the northeast corner of the Emergency Service Water Pumphouse. The floor drain and trenches in this room are routed to a sump, equipped with an oil separator. Water drains from the sump/oil separator to the Emergency Service Water Pumphouse Forebay, while oil is retained in the separator, and is manually removed.

12.0 Fire Training Oil Storage Tank and Facility <L01957>

The fire training oil storage tank is used to supply fuel oil for fire training exercises. The tank is a 4000 gallon, above ground, cylindrical, horizontally mounted steel tank. The earthen dike surrounding the tank is 25 feet by 28 feet by 2'-6". A cross section through the dike wall reveals a symmetrical trapezoidal section with a base of 8'-0" and a top of 2'-0". The dike walls are built to enclose an impervious clay liner 1'-0" deep. The clay liner and dike walls are built in lifts of 6 to 9 inches and compacted to a minimum density of 92%. The dike and liner are protected from erosion by over toping it with a sandy, silty, clay topsoil planted with a perennial rye grass. The dike and liner net capacity is 6866 gallons. Drainage of precipitation is accomplished by opening a 4 inch gate valve on the end of a 4 line that runs through the northwest corner of the structure.

The remainder of the facility includes two concrete burn pads, a 5000 gallon oil separator, and associated piping. All drainage of oil/water resulting from fire training exercises is collected on the burn pads. A system of containment curbs, steel/concrete trenches, and pad sloping, routes flow to an oil/water separator that is manually pumped out. Buried fuel supply lines from the fuel tank to the burn pads are coated with a coal tar primer and plastic wrap. Piping valves are contained in concrete pits.



SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

Based on area grading and topography, storm run-off in the vicinity of the fuel tank would be to the major stream impoundment. In the vicinity of the burn pads and oil separator runoff drains to the minor stream impoundment. The fuel oil storage tank and oil separator are routinely inspected for damage, deterioration, and leakage.

13.0 Portable Fuel Tanks

Several small above ground fuel storage tanks are maintained to supply company and contractor vehicles. The tanks are routinely inspected for damage, deterioration, and leakage. Spills would be cleaned up manually using equipment appropriate for the size of the spill. Secondary containment is provided for these tanks. These are listed in Attachment 4, Perry Plant Oil Storage Tanks.

14.0 Miscellaneous Oil Storage Buildings/Areas

These areas (See Attachment 6) are used to store oil products normally in 55 gallon drums or smaller. Spills in these areas would be manually cleaned up using appropriate equipment.

15.0 Facility Tank Truck Loading/Unloading

All loading/unloading procedures meet the minimum requirements and regulations of the Federal and Ohio Departments of Transportation. Loading/unloading operations are monitored to prevent premature vehicle departure before completion of the transfer operations. Drains and outlets on tank trucks are checked for leaks prior to departure.

16.0 Inspections/Records

Inspections and tests required by this plan are documented by written procedures and/or records. Records are maintained for at least three years.

17.0 Security

Oil storage facilities at the Perry Plant are either enclosed with a double security fence or a single security fence. Valves and starter controls for pumps which permit outward flow of oil are located in areas accessible only under supervision by company employees. All oil storage and equipment areas are lighted to deter acts of vandalism and assist personnel in detecting leaks.

SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)

18.0 Spill Prevention Procedures and Training

All plant systems capable of releasing significant quantities of oil are operated in accordance with written system operating instructions. Plant operators routinely perform equipment rounds, which include checks for oil leaks and spills. Formal corrective and preventive maintenance programs are established to identify and repair equipment deficiencies, and include checks of tank level instrumentation. A formal corrective action program is used to document oil spill events and ensure plant personnel are trained, as necessary, to oil spill events, the factors which led to the spill, and required corrective actions.

19.0 Certification

I hereby certify that I have examined the facility, and being familiar with the applicable provisions of 40 CFR, Part 112, attest that this SPCCP has been prepared in accordance with good engineering practices.  
<L01958>

HCN 1

STANLEY J. WOTTON

Printed Name of Registered Professional Engineer

Stanley J. Wotton

Signature of Registered Professional Engineer

2/6/95  
Date

Registration No. 39762 State Ohio

SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCCP)  
CERTIFICATION OF THE APPLICABILITY OF THE SUBSTANTIAL HARM CRITERIA

Facility Name: Perry Nuclear Power Plant  
Facility Address: 10 Center Road  
North Perry, OH 44081

1. Does the facility transfer oil over water to or from vessels and does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to 42,000 gallons?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X
2. Does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to one million gallons and does the facility lack secondary containment that is sufficiently large to contain the capacity of the largest aboveground oil storage tank plus sufficient freeboard to allow for precipitation within any aboveground oil storage tank area?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X
3. Does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to one million gallons and is the facility located at a distance (as calculated using the appropriated formula in Attachment C-III to this appendix or a comparable formula\*) such that a discharge from the facility could cause injury to fish and wildlife and sensitive environments?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X
4. Does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to one million gallons and is the facility located at a distance (as calculated using the appropriate formula in Attachment C-III to this appendix or a comparable formula\*) such that a discharge from the facility would shut down a public drinking water intake\*\*?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X
5. Does the facility have a total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to one million gallons and has the facility experienced a reportable oil spill in an amount greater than or equal to 10,000 gallons within the last 5 years?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No X

\* If a comparable formula is used, documentation of the reliability and analytical soundness of the alternative formula must be attached to this form.  
\*\* For the purposes of 40 CFR Part 112, public drinking water intakes are analogous to public water systems as described at 40 CFR 143.2 (c).

CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete.

Stanley Wojton  
Signature  
Stanley Wojton  
Name (type or print)

Senior Engineer  
Title  
10/13/94  
Date





# NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST

1. Generator's US EPA ID No.

OH.D.0.2.5.6.7.3.5.1.8.95.029

Manifest Document No.

2. Page 1  
of 1

3. Generator's Name and Mailing Address

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING  
15 CENTER RD. PERRY, OH 44081

4. Generator's Phone (216) 280-5806

5. Transporter 1 Company Name

GREAT LAKES ENV. SERVICE

6. US EPA ID Number

MI.D.0.8.7.4.7.8.5.7.4

7. Transporter 2 Company Name

8. US EPA ID Number

9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address

Research Oil Co.  
2655 Transport Rd  
Cleveland, OH 44115

10. US EPA ID Number

OH.D.0.0.4.1.7.8.6.1.2

A. Transporter's Phone

B. Transporter's Phone

C. Facility's Phone

11. Waste Shipping Name and Description

12. Containers

No.

Type

13. Total  
Quantity

14. Unit  
Wt/Vol

a. Non Regulated Non Hazardous Waste for Record  
Keeping Purposes (IX Resin)

0.12 D.M. 0.8.4.0.0 P

b. Non Regulated Non Hazardous Waste for Record  
Keeping Purposes (Ammonium Hydroxide)

0.01 D.F. 0.0.0.3.0 G

c. Non Regulated Non Hazardous Waste for Record  
Keeping Purposes (Grease)

0.02 D.M. 0.0.7.0.0 P

D. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Above

a. RD 2195 C. RD 1401  
b. RD 2193

E. Handling Codes for Wastes Listed Above

15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information

16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I certify the materials described above on this manifest are not subject to federal regulations for reporting proper disposal of Hazardous Waste.

Printed/Typed Name

JOSEPH C. MACIK

Signature

*Joseph C. Macik* for CEI

Month Day Year

1/21/95

17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials

Printed/Typed Name

NELSON SATTERFIELD

Signature

*Nelson Satterfield*

Month Day Year

1/24/95

18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials

Printed/Typed Name

Signature

Month Day Year

19. Discrepancy Indication Space

20. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of receipt of waste materials covered by this manifest except as noted in Item 19.

Printed/Typed Name

SHAHER ALI AH HAM

Signature

*Shaher Ali Ham*

Month Day Year

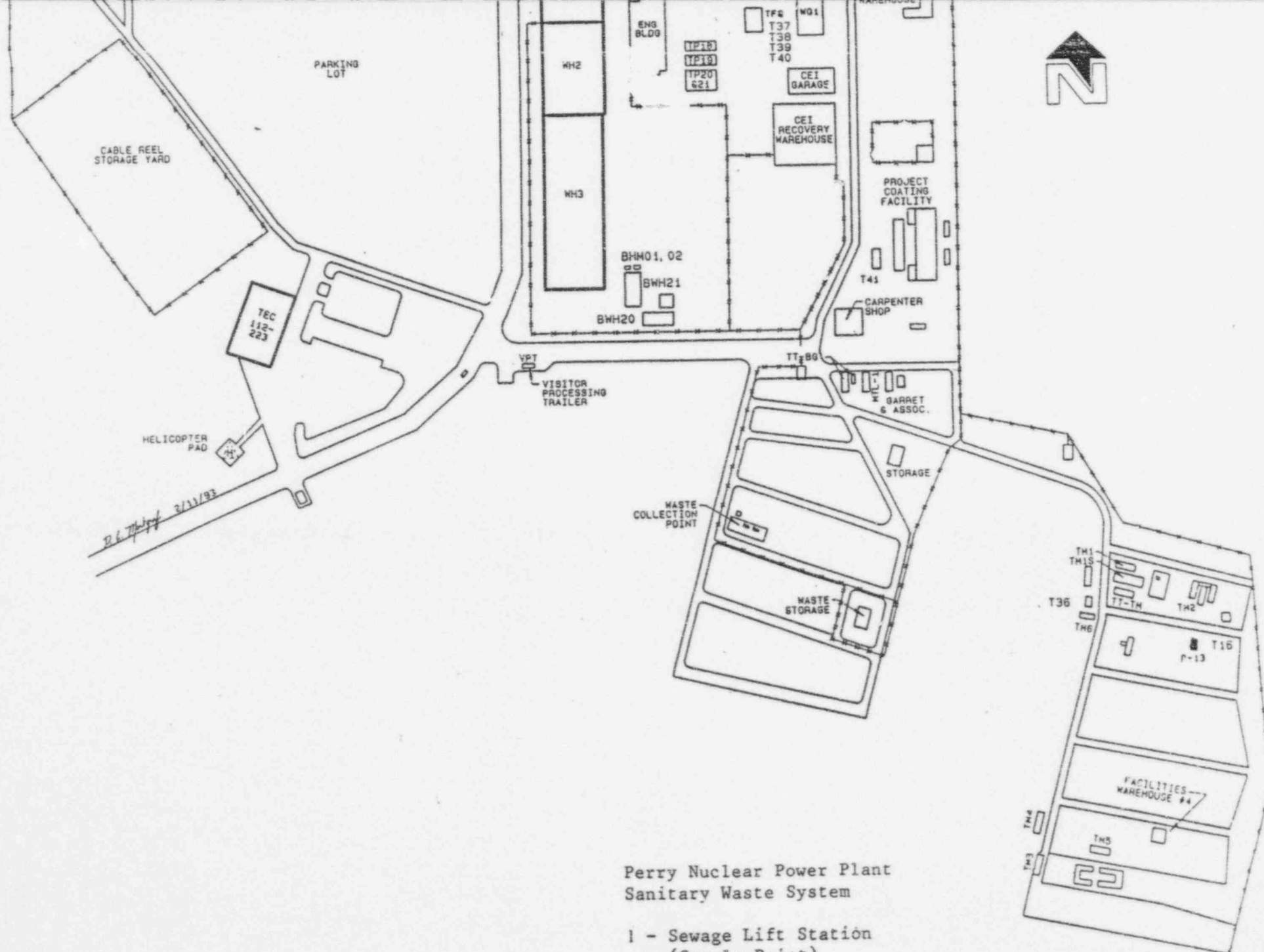
1/25/95

ORIGINAL-RETURN TO GENERATOR

12-BLS-C6 Rev. 9/92



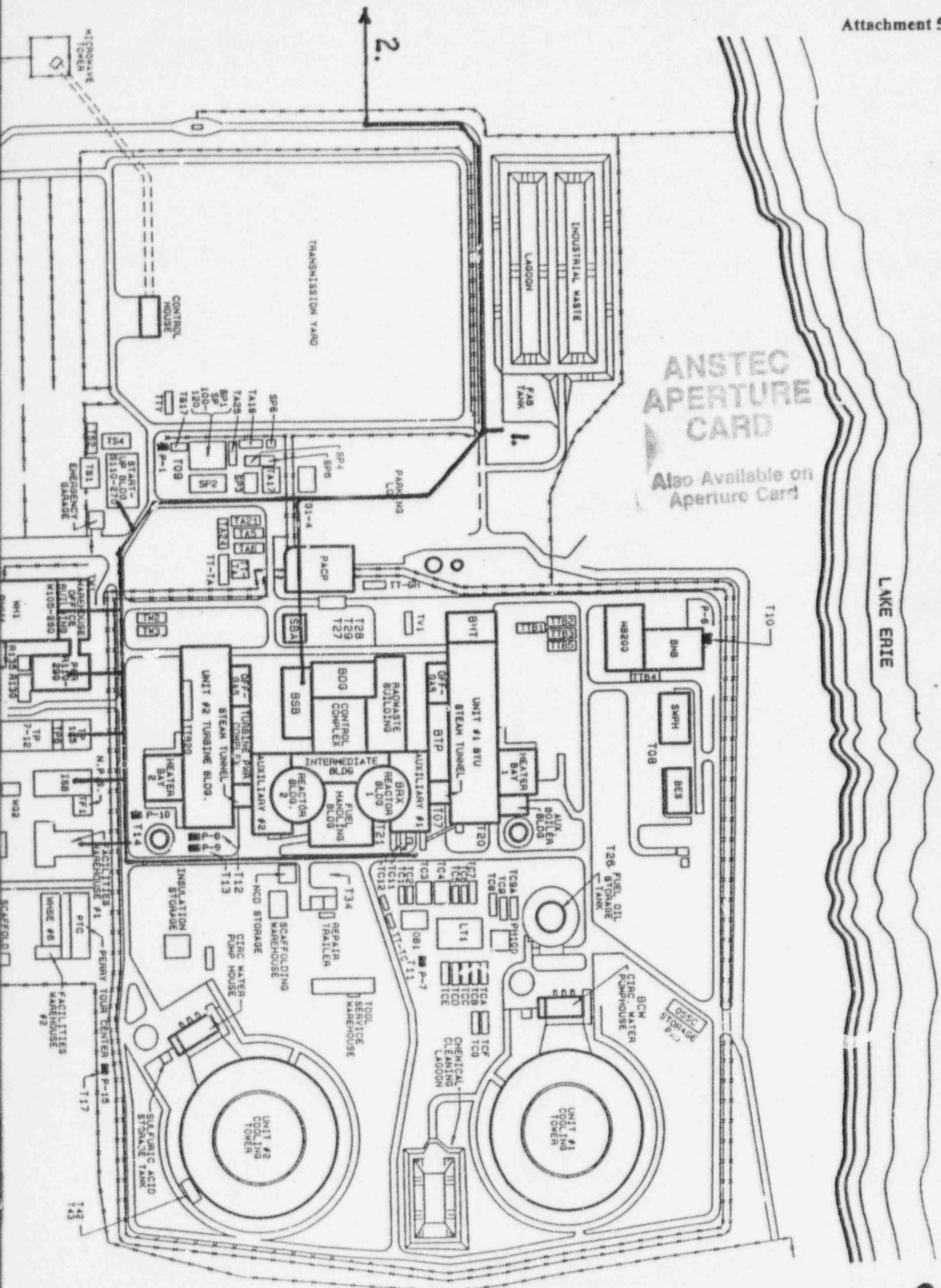
- THE CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY



# Perry Nuclear Power Plant Sanitary Waste System

- 1 - Sewage Lift Station  
(Sample Point)
- 2 - To tie-in with Lake  
County Sanitary System





9603200041-01