

## CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

### CONTAINMENT LEAKAGE

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

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3.6.1.2 Containment leakage rates shall be limited to:

- a. An overall integrated leakage rate of  $\leq L_a$ , 0.50 percent by weight of the containment air per 24 hours at  $P_a$ , 38 psig.
- b. A combined leakage rate of  $\leq 0.60 L$  for all penetrations and valves subject to Type B and C tests, when pressurized to  $P_a$ .
- c. A combined leakage rate of  $\leq 0.015 L$  for all penetrations identified in Table 3.6-1 as secondary containment bypass leakage paths, when pressurized to  $P_a$ .
- d. A single penetration leakage rate of  $\leq 0.15 L$  for the containment purge and exhaust isolation valve special test.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

#### ACTION:

- a. With either (a) the measured overall integrated containment leakage rate exceeding  $0.75 L$ , (b) with the measured combined leakage rate for all penetrations and valves subject to Type B and C tests exceeding  $0.60 L$ , or (c) with the combined bypass leakage rate exceeding  $0.015 L$ , restore the leakage rate(s) to within the limit(s) prior to increasing the Reactor Coolant System temperature above  $200^\circ\text{F}$ .
- b. With a single containment purge and exhaust isolation valve penetration having leakage rate exceeding  $0.15 L$ ; restore the leakage rate to within limits in 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

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4.6.1.2 The containment leakage rates shall be demonstrated at the following test schedule and shall be determined in conformance with the criteria specified in Appendix J of 10 CFR 50 using the methods and provisions of ANSI N45.4 - 1972:

- a. Three Type A tests (Overall Integrated Containment Leakage Rate) shall be conducted at  $40 \pm 10$  month intervals during shutdown at  $P_a$ , 38 psig, during each 10 year service period. The third test of each set shall be conducted during the shutdown for the 10 year plant inservice inspection.

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### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- b. If any periodic Type A test fails to meet  $.75 L_a$ , the test schedule for subsequent Type A tests shall be reviewed and approved by the Commission. If two consecutive Type A tests fail to meet  $.75 L_a$ , a Type A test shall be performed at least every 18 months until two consecutive Type A tests meet  $.75 L_a$  at which time the above test schedule may be resumed.
- c. The accuracy of each Type A test shall be verified by a supplemental test which:
  - 1. Confirms the accuracy of the Type A test by verifying that the difference between supplemental and Type A test data is within  $0.25 L_a$ .
  - 2. Has a duration sufficient to establish accurately the change in leakage between the Type A test and the supplemental test.
  - 3. Requires the quantity of gas injected into the containment or bled from the containment during the supplemental test to be equivalent to at least 25 percent of the total measured leakage rate at  $P_a$ , 38 psig.
- d. Type B and C tests shall be conducted with gas at  $P_a$ , 38 psig, at intervals no greater than 24 months except for tests involving:
  - 1. Air locks,
  - 2. Penetrations using continuous leakage monitoring systems, and
  - 3. Valves pressurized with fluid from a seal system.
- e. The combined bypass leakage rate shall be determined to be  $< 0.015 L_a$  by applicable Type B and C tests at least once every 24 months except for penetrations which are not individually testable; penetrations not individually testable shall be determined to have no detectable leakage when tested with soap bubbles while the containment is pressurized to  $P_a$ , 38 psig, during each Type A test.
- f. Air locks shall be tested and demonstrated OPERABLE per Surveillance Requirement 4.6.1.3.

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### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- g. Leakage from isolation valves that are sealed with fluid from a seal system may be excluded, subject to the provisions of Appendix J, Section III.C.3, when determining the combined leakage rate provided the seal system and valves are pressurized to at least  $1.10 P_a$ , 41.8 psig, and the seal system capacity is adequate to maintain system pressure for at least 30 days.
- h. Type B tests for penetrations employing a continuous leakage monitoring system shall be conducted at  $P_a$ , 38 psig, at intervals no greater than once per 3 years.
- i. Each time the containment purge and exhaust isolation valves are opened, a special test shall be performed within 72 hours after valve closure or prior to entering mode 4 from mode 5, whichever is later. The special test is conducted by pressurizing the piping section including one valve inside and one valve outside the containment to a pressure greater or equal to 20 psig. The leakage rate per penetration shall not exceed  $0.15 L_a$ .
- j. The special test as defined in Surveillance Requirement 4.6.1.2.i shall be performed for the containment purge and isolation valves when the plant has been in any combination of modes 3, 4, 5 or 6 for more than 72 hours provided that the tests required by Surveillance Requirements 4.6.1.2.i or 4.6.1.2.d have not been performed in the previous 6 months.
- k. All test leakage rates shall be calculated using observed data converted to absolute values. Error analyses shall be performed to select a balanced integrated leakage measurement system.
- l. The provisions of Specification 4.0.2. are not applicable.

### 3/4.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

#### BASES

#### 3/4.6.1 PRIMARY CONTAINMENT

##### 3/4.6.1.1 CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY

Primary CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY ensures that the release of radioactive materials from the containment atmosphere will be restricted to those leakage paths and associated leak rates assumed in the safety analyses. This restriction, in conjunction with the leakage rate limitation, will limit the site boundary radiation doses to within the limits of 10 CFR 100 during accident conditions.

##### 3/4.6.1.2 CONTAINMENT LEAKAGE

The limitations on containment leakage rates ensure that the total containment leakage volume will not exceed the value assumed in the safety analyses at the peak accident pressure of 38 psig, P<sub>a</sub>. As an added conservatism, the measured overall integrated leakage rate is further limited to  $< 0.75 L_a$ , during performance of the periodic tests to account for possible degradation of the containment leakage barriers between leakage tests.

The surveillance testing for measuring leakage rates are consistent with the requirements of Appendix "J" of 10 CFR 50.

##### 3/4.6.1.3 CONTAINMENT AIR LOCKS

The limitations on closure and leak rate for the containment air locks are required to meet the restrictions on CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY and containment leak rate. Surveillance testing of the air lock seals provide assurance that the overall air lock leakage will not become excessive due to seal damage during the intervals between air lock leakage tests.

The special test for the containment purge and exhaust isolation valves is intended to detect gross degradation of seals on the valve seats. The special test is performed in addition to the Appendix J requirements.