

ATTACHMENT B

SECTION 4.0

INSERVICE TESTING

PROGRAM PLAN FOR VALVES

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SECTION 4.1
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Inservice Testing (IST) Program for Class 1, 2, & 3 valves meets the requirements of Subsection IWV of the ASME Section XI Code, 1983 Edition, through the Summer of 1983 Addenda. Where code requirements are determined to be impractical, specific requests for relief are written, referenced, and included with the tables. Additional valve relief requests may be necessary and these will be identified and submitted during subsequent program revisions. Byron Station received a Safety Evaluation Report (SER) on September 15, 1988 and is listed in Table 2 of NRC Generic Letter 89-04 as a plant with a reviewed IST Program and SER issued. Per NRC Generic Letter 89-04, the status of relief requests as stated in the SER is unchanged. Any modifications to Byron Station relief requests approved in the SER (VR-1 through VR-17) which are covered by one of the eleven positions discussed in NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, must be performed in accordance with the guidelines given in the Generic Letter. Pre-approval is granted for all relief requests submitted which are consistent with the eleven positions given. New relief requests dealing with a position not covered by NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, must receive NRC approval prior to implementation. The table lists all code Class 1, 2, & 3 valves which have been assigned a specific code category as directed by Subsection IWV of Section XI. The table is organized according to operating system and listed in valve number order using P&ID references to further categorize.

The valves subject to IST testing are those valves which are identified in accordance with the scope of ASME Section XI, Subsection IWV-1100:

"This Subsection provides the rules and requirements for inservice testing to assess operational readiness of certain Class 1, 2, and 3 valves (and their actuating and position indicating systems) in light-water cooled nuclear power plants, which are required to perform a specific function in shutting down a reactor to the cold shutdown condition or in mitigating the consequences of of an accident."

Exceptions to this scope are those valves which are exempt, but added to the program based on NRC mandates. These valves are identified in the program notes and relief requests.

After installation and prior to service, all valves identified in this program were tested as required by Subsection IWV-3100 of Section XI of the ASME Code. These tests were conducted under conditions similar to those to be experienced during subsequent inservice tests. When a valve or its control system has been replaced or undergone maintenance that could affect its performance, it will be retested prior to its return to service, to demonstrate that all performance parameters are within acceptable limits.

As required by NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position 5, the limiting value of full-stroke time will be based on the valve reference or average stroke time of the valve when it is known to be in good condition and operating properly. This limiting value is based on a reasonable deviation from this reference stroke time based on valve size, valve type, actuator type, system design, dual unit/dual train design, etc. The deviation should not be so restrictive that it results in a valve being declared inoperable due to reasonable stroke time variations. However, the deviation used to establish the limit should be such that corrective action would be taken for a valve that may not perform its intended function. New or additional reference values may be required if:

- 1) A valve has been replaced,
- 2) When a reference value or set of values may have been affected by repair or routine servicing of a valve, or
- 3) If it is necessary or desirable for some reason other than 1) or 2) above.

NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Positions 1-3 discuss full stroke, alternatives to full stroke, and backflow testing of check valves, respectively. A valid full stroke test is one in which verification of maximum required accident condition flow through the valve is obtained. The minimum acceptable flow value for a specific valve is determined from Technical Specifications, UFSAR, manufacturers data, engineering calculations, etc. An alternative to full stroke testing includes, but is not limited to, a sample disassembly and inspection program of valves grouped by similarity of design (manufacturer, size, model number, materials of construction, etc.) and service conditions (including valve orientation). This sample disassembly and inspection program will be performed during refueling outages. A backflow test verifies that the disc travels to the seat promptly on cessation or reversal of flow, for check valves which perform a safety function in the closed direction. For category A/C check valves (valves that have a specified leak rate limit and are self-actuated in response to a system characteristic), the backflow test is satisfied by performing the leak-rate test.

Per NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position #8, whenever valve data is determined to be within the Required Action Range, the valve is inoperable, and the Technical Specification LCO Action Statement time starts. In the event a valve must be declared inoperable as a result of inservice testing, limitations on plant operations will be as stated in the Technical Specifications.

Section XI of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code shall not be construed to supersede the requirements of the Technical Specifications.

SECTION 4.2
PROGRAM REFERENCES

PROGRAM REFERENCES

1. Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities, particularly Section 50.55a, Codes and Standards.
2. ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section XI, Rules for Inservice Inspection of Nuclear Power Plant Components, 1983 Edition, Summer 1983 Addenda.
3. ASME/ANSI OM-1987, Operation and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants, including 1988 Addenda, Part 10, Inservice Testing of Valves in Light Water Reactor Power Plants.
4. U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Generic Letter 89-04, Guidance on Developing Acceptable Inservice Testing Programs.
5. Byron Station UFSAR, Section 3.9.6.2, Inservice Testing of Valves.
6. Byron Station Technical Specification 3/4.0.5, Generic ASME Program Requirement.
7. Byron Station Technical Staff Procedure, BVP 200-2, ISI Requirements for Valves.
8. NRC Safety Evaluation Reports (SER's):
 - a. 09/15/88 (Initial Program Plan Review)
 - b. 09/14/90 (Supplemental Program Plan Review)
 - c. 09/14/90 (Relief Requests VR-21 and VR-22 Review)
9. Byron Station IST Valve Program Plan Responses (file: 3.11.0240)
 - a. on Letter 88-1321 (Initial Program Plan Review Response)
10. Minutes of the Public Meeting on Generic Letter 89-04, dated October 25, 1989, Question 40

SECTION 4.3
PROGRAM TABLES

TABLE DESCRIPTION

The following information is included in the summary tables:

A. REVISION

The revision corresponds to the current revision of the program.

B. PAGE

The pages are numbered sequentially and show the total number of tables.

C. VALVE NUMBER

The valve number references the unique Byron Station equipment piece number (EPN). This specific valve number identifies the unit and system.

D. P&ID

The P&ID column references the specific P&ID number which the valves are located on. The Unit 2 P&ID number is given directly underneath the Unit 1 P&ID number.

E. CLASS

The class refers to the ASME class assigned to the specific valve.

F. VALVE CATEGORY

The valve category identifies the valve category defined in subarticle IWV-2200 of ASME Section XI.

G. VALVE SIZE

The valve size lists the nominal pipe size of each valve in inches.

H. VALVE TYPE

The valve type categorizes the valve as to its valve design. The following abbreviations will be used to identify specific valve types:

Gate	GA
Globe	GL
Butterfly	BTF
Check	CK
Safety Valve	SV
Relief Valve	RV
Power Operated Relief Valve	PORV
Diaphragm Seated	D
Plug	P
Angle	AN

I. ACT. TYPE

The actuator type identifies the valve actuator. The following abbreviations will be used to designate specific types of valve actuators:

Motor Operated	M.O.
Air Operated	A.O.
Hydraulic Operated	H.O.
Self Actuated	S.A.
Manual	M
Solenoid Operated	S.O.

J. NORMAL POSITION

Normal position identifies the normal operating position of a specific valve. Q for open and C for closed.

K. STROKE DIRECT.

The stroke direction identifies the direction the valve actuator moves a specific valve stem to place the valve disc in a position to perform its designed safety function. Q for open, and C for closed. This identifies the direction the valve stem will move when tested.

Note: Exercising of a power operated valve will involve stroking the valve to both its open and closed position. The valve will only be timed, however, in the direction designated to perform its safety function. Therefore, the program plan specifies only the direction in which valves must be stroked to be timed.

L. TEST METHOD

The test method column identifies specific tests which will be performed on specific valves to fulfill the requirements of Subsection IWV of ASME Section XI. The tests and abbreviations used are as follows:

1. (Bt) Check Valve Back Flow Test

The check valve disc will be exercised to the closed position required to fulfill its safety function by verifying that the disc travels to the seat promptly on cessation or reversal of flow.

2. (Ct) Check Valve Full Stroke Test

The check valve disc will be exercised to the open position required to fulfill its safety function by verifying the maximum required accident flow through the valve or alternatives to full flow testing, per NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Positions 1 and 2.

3. (Ft) Fail Safe Test

Valves with fail safe actuators will be tested to verify the valve operator moves the valve stem to the required fail safe position upon loss of actuating power, in accordance with IWV-3415.

This will be accomplished during the normal stroking of the valve. Upon stroking a valve to its fail safe position, the solenoid operator is de-energized causing air to be vented which in turn allows the spring to move the valve to its fail safe position. This condition simulates loss of actuating power (Electric and/or Air) and hence satisfies the fail safe test requirements of IWV-3415.

4. (It) Position Indication Check

Valves which are identified to require a Position Indication Test will be inspected in accordance with IWV-3300 of ASME Section XI.

5. (Lt) Seat Leakage Test

The seat leakage tests will meet the requirements of IWV-3420 for Category A valves. On these valves, seat leakage is limited to a specific maximum amount in the closed position for fulfillment of their safety function.

6. (Rt) Safety Valve Setpoint Check

Safety valve setpoints will be verified in accordance with IWV-3510 of ASME Section XI.

7. (St) Full Stroke Test

Valve exercising tests of Category A and B valves will be performed in accordance with IWV-3410. The test will include full stroke testing to verify operability in the direction required to fulfill the required safety function.

8. (Xt) Part-Stroke Test

If only limited operation is practical during plant operation, the valves shall be part-stroke (Xt) exercised during plant operation and full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns, in accordance with IWV-3412 or IWV-3522.

M. TEST MODE

Denotes the frequency and plant condition necessary to perform a given test. The following abbreviations are used:

Normal Operation (OP)

Tests designated "OP" will be performed once every 3 months, except in those modes in which the valve is not required to be operable.

Semiannual (S)

Tests with this designation will be conducted once every 6 months, except in those modes in which the valve is not required to be operable.

Cold Shutdown (CS)

Valves that cannot be operated during plant operation shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns. Valve testing will commence within 48 hours after shutdown, with completion of cold shutdown valve testing not being a prerequisite to plant startup. Valve tests which are not completed during a cold shutdown, shall be completed during subsequent cold shutdowns to meet the Code Specified Testing Frequency.

For planned shutdowns, where ample time is available, and testing all the valves identified for cold shutdown test frequency in the IST Program will be accomplished, exceptions to the 48 hours may be taken. In case of frequent cold shutdowns, valve testing need not be performed more often than once during any three-month period.

Reactor Refueling (RR)

Tests with this designation will be conducted during reactor refueling outages only.

N. RELIEF REQUEST

Relief requests reference a specific request for relief from code requirements. All relief requests are included in Section 4.6.

O. NOTES

Notes provide a short explanation concerning a particular IST valve. All notes are included in Section 4.4.

P. TECHNICAL APPROACHES AND POSITIONS

Technical approaches and positions provide detailed discussions on a particular IST topic. All technical approaches and positions are included in Section 4.5.

Q. REMARKS

Remarks reference other information useful in determining valve testing requirements or methods.

SECTION 4.3
PROGRAM TABLES
UNITS 1 AND 2

INSTRUMENT TESTING PROGRAM
 WITH EDISON
 5720V MEDIUM VOLTAGE POWER STATION

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2AF001A	M-37	3	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/CS		12	3	
	M-122							C	Bt	RR	VR-19		3	
1/2AF001B	M-37	3	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/CS		12	3	
	M-122							C	Bt	RR	VR-19		3	
1/2AF003A	M-37	3	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/CS		12	3	
	M-122													
1/2AF003B	M-37	3	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/CS		12	3	
	M-122													
1/2AF006A	M-37	3	B	6.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF006B	M-37	3	B	6.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013A	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013B	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013C	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013D	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013E	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013F	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013G	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF013H	M-37	2	B	4.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St	OP			1	
	M-122								It	RR				
1/2AF014A	M-37	2	C	4.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		12	3	
	M-122							C	Bt	OP/RR		12, 30	3	
1/2AF014B	M-37	2	C	4.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		12	3	
	M-122							C	Bt	OP/RR		12, 30	3	

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INSERVICE TESTING PROGRAM
COMMONWEALTH EDISON
BYRON NUCLEAR POWER STATION

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2CC685	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	A	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-8 VR-1		1	
1/2CC9412A	M-66-2 M-139-2	3	B	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	OP RR			1	
1/2CC9412B	M-66-2 M-139-2	3	B	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	OP RR			1	
1/2CC9413A	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	A	6.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-8 VR-1		1	
1/2CC9414	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	A	6.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-8 VR-1		1	
1/2CC9416	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	A	6.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-8 VR-1		1	
1/2CC9437A	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St It	OP RR			1	Passive
1/2CC9437B	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CC9438	M-66-1A M-139-1	2	A	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	Lt It St	RR RR CS	VR-1 VR-8		1	
1/2CC9463A	M-66-3B	3	C	12.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct It St	CS OP		32	3	
1/2CC9463B	M-66-3B	3	C	12.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct C Bt	CS OP		32	3	
0CC9464	M-66-3B	3	C	12.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct C Bt	CS OP		32	3	
1/2CC9473A	M-66-3B	3	B	16.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	

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BYRON NUCLEAR POWER STATION

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2CS001A	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	14.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS001B	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	14.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS003A	M-46-1A M-129-1A	2	C	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/RR	VR-4		3	
1/2CS003B	M-46-1A M-129-1A	2	C	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Xt/Ct	OP/RR	VR-4		3	
1/2CS007A	M-46-1C M-129-1C	2	A	10.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/2CS007B	M-46-1C M-129-1C	2	A	10.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/2CS008A	M-46-1C M-129-1C	2	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct Bt/Lt	RR RR	VR-4 VR-1		3 3	
1/2CS008B	M-46-1C M-129-1C	2	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct Bt/Lt	RR RR	VR-4 VR-1		3 3	
1/2CS009A	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	16.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS009B	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	16.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS011A	M-46-1A M-129-1A	2	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	OP			3	
1/2CS011B	M-46-1A M-129-1A	2	C	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	OP			3	
1/2CS019A	M-46-1B M-129-1B	2	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS019B	M-46-1B M-129-1B	2	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CS020A	M-46-1B M-129-1A	2	C	3.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	RR	VR-2		3	
1/2CS020B	M-46-1B M-129-1A	2	C	3.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	RR	VR-2		3	

INSERVICE TESTING PROGRAM
COMMONWEALTH EDISON
BYRON NUCLEAR POWER STATION

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2CV112B	M-64-4A M-138-4	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		4, 28	1	
1/2CV112C	M-64-4A M-138-4	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		4, 28	1	
1/2CV112D	M-64-4B M-138-4	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		2	1	
1/2CV112E	M-64-4B M-138-4	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		2	1	
1/2CV8100	M-64-2 M-138-2	2	A	2.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-9 VR-1		1	
1/2CV8104	M-64-4B M-138-4	2	B	3.0	GL	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		2	1	
1/2CV8105	M-64-3B M-138-3B	2	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		4	1	
1/2CV8106	M-64-3B M-138-3B	2	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		4	1	
1/2CV8110	M-64-3A M-138-3	2	B	2.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CV8111	M-64-3A M-138-3	2	B	2.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2CV8112	M-64-2 M-138-2	2	A	2.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It Lt	CS RR RR	VR-9 VR-1		1	
1/2CV8113	M-64-2 M-138-2	2	AC	.75	CK	S.A.	C 0	C	Bt/Lt Ct	CS CS	VR-1, VR-9 VR-9	24	3 3	Passive
1/2CV8114	M-64-3A M-138-3	2	B	2.0	GL	S.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR		20	1	
1/2CV8116	M-64-3A M-138-3	2	B	2.0	GL	S.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR		20	1	

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1/2FW009A	M-36-1C M-121-1B	2	B	16.0	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		3	1	
1/2FW009B	M-36-1A M-121-1D	2	B	16.0	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		3	1	
1/2FW009C	M-36-1D M-121-1A	2	B	16.0	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		3	1	
1/2FW009D	M-36-1B M-121-1C	2	B	16.0	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		3	1	
1/2FW034A	M-36-1C M-121-1B	NONE	B	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Ft	RR		21	2	
1/2FW034B	M-36-1A M-121-1D	NONE	B	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Ft	RR		21	2	
1/2FW034C	M-36-1D M-121-1A	NONE	B	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Ft	RR		21	2	
1/2FW034D	M-36-1B M-121-1C	NONE	B	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Ft	RR		21	2	
1/2FW035A	M-36-1C M-121-1B	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	St It Ft	OP RR OP			1 2	
1/2FW035B	M-36-1A M-121-1D	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	St It Ft	OP RR OP			1 2	
1/2FW035C	M-36-1D M-121-1A	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	St It Ft	OP RR OP			1 2	
1/2FW035D	M-36-1B M-121-1C	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	St It Ft	OP RR OP			1 2	
1/2FW039A	M-36-1C M-121-1B	2	B	6.0	GA	A.O.	0	C	St It Ft	CS RR CS		10 10	1 2	

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1/2FW039B	M-36-1A	2	B	6.0	GA	A.O.	O	C	St	CS		10	1	
	M-121-1B								It	RR				
									Ft	CS		10	2	
1/2FW039C	M-36-1D	2	B	6.0	GA	A.O.	O	C	St	CS		10	1	
	M-121-1A								It	RR				
									Ft	CS		10	2	
1/2FW039D	M-36-1B	2	B	6.0	GA	A.O.	O	C	St	CS		10	1	
	M-121-1C								It	RR				
									Ft	CS		10	2	
1/2FW043A	M-36-1C	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St	OP			1	
	M-121-1B								It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2FW043B	M-36-1A	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St	OP			1	
	M-121-1D								It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2FW043C	M-36-1D	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St	OP			1	
	M-121-1A								It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2FW043D	M-36-1B	2	B	3.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St	OP			1	
	M-121-1C								It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2FW510	M-36-1C	NONE	B	16.0	AN	A.O.	O	C	Ft	RR		16	2	
	M-121-1													
1/2FW510A	M-36-1C	NONE	B	4.0	GA	A.O.	C	C	Ft	RR		17	2	
	M-121-1													
1/2FW520	M-36-1A	NONE	B	16.0	AN	A.O.	O	C	Ft	RR		16	2	
	M-121-1													
1/2FW520A	M-36-1A	NONE	B	4.0	GA	A.O.	C	C	Ft	RR		17	2	
	M-121-1													
1/2FW530	M-36-1D	NONE	B	16.0	AN	A.O.	O	C	Ft	RR		16	2	
	M-121-1													

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1/2MS001A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	B	30.25	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		1	1	
1/2MS001B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	B	32.75	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		1	1	
1/2MS001C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	B	32.75	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		1	1	
1/2MS001D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	B	30.25	GA	H.O.	0	C	St/Xt It	CS/OP RR		1	1	
1/2MS013A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS013B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS013C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS013D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS014A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS014B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS014C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS014D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS015A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS015B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS015C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS015D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				

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1/2MS016A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS016B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS016C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS016D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS017A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS017B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS017C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS017D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	C	6.0 x 10.0	SV	S.A.	0	0	Rt	RR				
1/2MS018A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	B	6.0 x 6.0	PCRVR	H.O.	C	C	St It Fl	OP RR QP	VR-12		1 2	
1/2MS018B	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	B	6.0 x 6.0	PORVR	H.O.	C	C	St It Fl	OP RR QP	VR-12		1 2	
1/2MS018C	M-35-2 M-120-2B	2	B	6.0 x 6.0	PORVR	H.O.	C	C	St It Fl	OP RR QP	VR-12		1 2	
1/2MS018D	M-35-1 M-120-1	2	B	6.0 x 6.0	PORVR	H.O.	C	C	St It Fl	OP RR QP	VR-12		1 2	
1/2MS019A	M-35-2 M-120-2A	2	B	6.0 6.0	GA	A.O.	C	C	St It Fl	OP RR QP			1 2	

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1/20G057A	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G079	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G080	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G081	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G082	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G083	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G084	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	
1/20G085	M-47-2 M-150-2	2	A	3.0	BTf	M.O.	C	C	Lt St It	RR OP RR	VR-1		1	

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1/2PR001A	M-78-10 M-151-1	2	A	1.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt Ft St It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1		2 1	
1/2PR001B	M-78-10 M-151-1	2	A	1.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt Ft St It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1		2 1	
1/2PR002E	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR002F	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR002G	M-78-6	2	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1		3	Passive
1/2PR002H	M-78-6	2	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1		3	Passive
1/2PR032	M-78-10 M-151-1	2	AC	1.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-1	37	3	Passive
1/2PR033A	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR033B	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR033C	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR033D	M-78-6	2	A	2.0	GL	M	C	C	Lt	RR	VR-1			Passive
1/2PR066	M-78-10 M-151-1	2	A	1.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt Ft It St	RR OP RR OP	VR-1 VR-12		2 1	

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1/2PS228A	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.50	GL	S.O.	0	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS228B	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.50	GL	S.O.	0	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS229A	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.50	GL	S.O.	0	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS229B	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.50	GL	S.O.	0	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS230A	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	1.00	GL	S.C.	C	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS230B	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	1.00	GL	S.O.	C	C	Lt St Ft It	RR OP OP RR	VR-1 VR-12	20	1 2	
1/2PS231A	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.75	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR/CS OP	VR-1	38 22	3 3	
1/2PS231B	M-68-7 M-140-6	2	A	0.75	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR/CS OP	VR-1	38 22	3 3	
1/2PS9354A	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Ft	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	

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1/2PS9354B	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9355A	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9355B	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9356A	M-68-1A M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9356B	M-68-1A M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9357A	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	
1/2PS9357B	M-68-1B M-140-1	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Fl	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	

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1/2RE1003	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	3.0	D	A.O.	C	C	St	OP	VR-1		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2RE9157	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	1.0	D	A.O.	O	C	St	OP	VR-12		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	OP			2	
									Ft	RR				
1/2RE9159A	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	0.75	D	A.O.	O	C	St	OP	VR-12		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	OP			2	
									Ft	RR				
1/2RE9159B	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	0.75	D	A.O.	C	C	St	OP	VR-12 VR-1		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	RR				
									Ft	OP			2	
1/2RE9160A	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	1.0	D	A.O.	O	C	St	OP	VR-12		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	OP			2	
									Ft	RR				
1/2RE9160B	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	1.0	D	A.O.	O	C	St	OP	VR-12		1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	OP			2	
									Ft	RR				
1/2RE9170	M-70-1 M-141-1	2	A	3.0	D	A.O.	O	C	St	OP			1	
									Lt	RR				
									It	OP			2	
									Ft	RR				
									Lt	RR	VR-1			

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1/2RH8701A	M-62 M-137	1	A	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	CS RR RR		5 6	1	
1/2RH8701B	M-62 M-137	1	A	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	CS RR RR		5 6	1	
1/2RH8702A	M-62 M-137	1	A	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	CS RR RR		5 6	1	
1/2RH8702B	M-62 M-137	1	A	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It Lt	CS RR RR		5 6	1	
1/2RH8705A	M-62 M-137	2	AC	0.75	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	CS CS		6,41 24,35,41	3 3	Passive
1/2RH8705B	M-62 M-137	2	AC	0.75	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	CS CS		6,41 24,35,41	3 3	Passive
1/2RH8708A	M-62 M-137	2	C	3.0 x 4.0	RV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2RH8708B	M-62 M-137	2	C	3.0 x 4.0	RV	S.A.	C	0	Rt	RR				
1/2RH8730A	M-62 M-137	2	C	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct/Xt Bt	CS/OP CS		8	3 3	
1/2RH8730B	M-62 M-137	2	C	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct/Xt Bt	CS/OP CS		8	3 3	

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1/2RY455A	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	B	3.0	PORV	A.O.	C	0	St It Ft	CS RR OP		36 36	1 2	
1/2RY456	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	B	3.0	PORV	A.O.	C	0	St It Ft	CS RR OP		36 36	1 2	
1/2RY8000A	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR		36	1	
1/2RY8000B	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	B	3.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR		36	1	
1/2RY8010A	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	C	6.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt It	RR RR		36		
1/2RY8010B	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	C	6.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt It	RR RR		36		
1/2RY8010C	M-60-5 M-135-5	1	C	6.0	SV	S.A.	C	0	Rt It	RR RR		36		
1/2RY8025	M-60-6 M-135-6	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Ft	OP RR RR OP	VR-1	Passive 36	1 2	
1/2RY8026	M-60-6 M-135-6	2	A	0.375	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Ft	RR OP RR OP	VR-1	36	1 2	
1/2RY8028	M-60-6 M-135-6	2	A	3.0	D	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Ft	RR OP RR OP	VR-1	36	1 2	
1/2RY8033	M-60-6 M-135-6	2	A	0.75	D	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Ft	RR OP RR OP	VR-1 VR-12	36	1 2	

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2SD0002A	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002B	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002C	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002D	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002E	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002F	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002G	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	
1/2SD0002H	M-48-5A/B	2	A	2.0	GL	A.O.	0	C	Lt St It Fl	RR OP RR OP	VR-12 (U-2)	34	1 2	

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1/2SI8801A	M-61-2 M-136-2	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		13	1	
1/2SI8801B	M-61-2 M-136-2	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		13	1	
1/2SI8802A	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8802B	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8804B	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8806	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	0	0	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8807A	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	6.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8807B	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	6.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8809A	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8809B	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	8.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8811A	M-61-4 M-136-3	2	B	24.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	RR RR	VR-16		1	
1/2SI8811B	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	24.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	St It	RR RR	VR-16		1	
1/2SI8812A	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	12.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8812B	M-61-4 M-136-4	2	B	12.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8813	M-61-1B M-136-1	2	B	2.0	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It	CS RR		14	1	
1/2SI8814	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	1.5	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	

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1/2SI8815	M-61-2 M-136-2	1	AC	3.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8818A	M-61-4 M-136-4	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		9	3	
1/2SI8818B	M-61-4 M-136-4	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		6, 23, 40	3	
1/2SI8818C	M-61-4 M-136-4	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		9	3	
1/2SI8818D	M-61-4 M-136-4	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct	CS		6, 23, 40	3	
1/2SI8819A	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS		9	3	
1/2SI8819B	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-15	6, 23, 40	3	
1/2SI8819C	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-15	6, 23, 40	3	
1/2SI8819D	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-15	6, 23, 40	3	
1/2SI8821A	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS			1	
1/2SI8821B	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS			1	
1/2SI8835	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	4.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS		14	1	
1/2SI8840	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	B	12.0	GA	M.O.	C	0	Lt/Bt	RR/CS		14	1	
1/2SI8841A	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8841B	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt	RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	

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1/2SI8871	M-61-6 M-136-6	2	A	0.75	GL	A.O	C	C	St Lt It Ft	OP RR RR OP	VR-12 VR-1		1 2	Passive
1/2SI8880	M-61-6 M-136-6	2	A	1.0	GL	A.O.	C	C	St Lt It Ft	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	Passive
1/2SI8888	M-61-3 M-136-3	2	A	0.75	GL	A.O	C	C	St Lt It Ft	OP RR RR OP	VR-1		1 2	Passive
1/2SI8900A	M-61-2 M-136-2	1	AC	1.5	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8900B	M-61-2 M-136-2	1	AC	1.5	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8900C	M-61-2 M-136-2	1	AC	1.5	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8900D	M-61-2 M-136-2	1	AC	1.5	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8905A	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	RR RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8905B	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	RR RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8905C	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8905D	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	2.0	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Lt/Bt	CS RR/CS	VR-15	6, 40	3 3	
1/2SI8919A	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	C	1.5	CK	S.A.	C	0 C	Ct Bt	OP OP		31	3	
1/2SI8919B	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	C	1.5	CK	S.A.	0	0 C	Ct Bt	OP OP		31	3	

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2SI8920	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	1.5	GL	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8922A	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	C	4.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct Bt	CS OP	VR-3		3	
1/2SI8922B	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	C	4.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct Bt	CS OP	VR-3		3	
1/2SI8924	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	B	6.0	GA	M.O.	0	C	St It	OP RR			1	
1/2SI8926	M-61-1A M-136-1	2	C	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	0	Ct/Xt	CS/OP	VR-6	25	3	
1/2SI8948A	M-61-5 M-136-5	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Xt/Ct	RR/CS CS/RR		6, 23, 42	3	
1/2SI8948B	M-61-5 M-136-5	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Xt/Ct	RR/CS CS/RR		6, 23, 42	3	
1/2SI8948C	M-61-6 M-136-6	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Xt/Ct	RR/CS CS/RR		6, 42	3	
1/2SI8948D	M-61-6 M-136-6	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Xt/Ct	RR/CS CS/RR		6, 42	3	
1/2SI8949A	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8949B	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	A	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8949C	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8949D	M-61-3 M-136-3	1	AC	6.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	RR CS	VR-15	6, 40	3	
1/2SI8956A	M-61-5 M-136-5	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	CS RR	VR-5	6	3	
1/2SI8956B	M-61-5 M-136-5	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	CS RR	VR-5	6	3	
1/2SI8956C	M-61-6 M-136-6	1	AC	10.0	CK	S.A.	C	C	Lt/Bt Ct	CS RR	VR-5	6	3	

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2SX002A	M-42-1B	3	C	36.0	CK	S.A.	C	O	Ct	OP			3	
								C	BL	OP			3	
1/2SX002B	M-42-1A	3	C	36.0	CK	S.A.	C	O	Ct	OP			3	
								C	BL	OP			3	
1/2SX016A	M-42-5B	2	B	16.0	BTF	M.O.	O	O	St	OP			1	Passive
	M-126-3								It	RR				
1/2SX016B	M-42-5A	2	B	16.0	BTF	M.O.	O	O	St	OP			1	Passive
	M-126-3								It	RR				
1/2SX027A	M-42-5B	2	B	16.0	BTF	M.O.	O	O	St	OP			1	Passive
	M-126-3								It	RR				
1/2SX027B	M-42-5A	2	B	16.0	BTF	M.O.	O	O	St	OP			1	Passive
	M-126-3								It	RR				
0SX028A	M-42-6	3	C	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	O	Ct	OP			3	
0SX028B	M-42-6	3	C	8.0	CK	S.A.	C	O	Ct	OP			3	
1/2SX101A	M-42-3	3	B	1.5.	GL	S.O.	C	O	St	OP	VR-17		2	
	M-126-1								Fl	OP				
1/2SX112A	M-42-3	3	B	12.0	BTF	A.O.	O	C	St	OP			1	
	M-126-1								It	RR				
									Fl	OP			2	
1/2SX112B	M-42-3	3	B	12.0	BTF	A.O.	O	C	St	OP			1	
	M-126-1								It	RR				
									Fl	OP			2	
1/2SX114A	M-42-3	3	B	12.0	BTF	A.O.	O	C	St	OP			1	
	M-126-1								It	RR				
									Fl	OP			2	
1/2SX114B	M-42-3	3	B	12.0	BTF	A.O.	O	C	St	OP			1	
	M-126-1								It	RR				
									Fl	OP			2	

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VALVE NUMBER	P&ID	CLASS	VALVE CATEGORY	VALVE SIZE (IN.)	VALVE TYPE	ACT. TYPE	NORMAL POSITION	STROKE DIRECT.	TEST METHOD	TEST MODE	RELIEF REQUEST	NOTES	TECH. POS.	REMARKS
1/2VQ001A	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	48.0	BTf	H.O.	C	C	Lt St It	S CS RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ001B	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	48.0	BTf	H.O.	C	C	Lt St It	S CS RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ002A	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	48.0	BTf	H.O.	C	C	Lt St It	S CS RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ002B	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	48.0	BTf	H.O.	C	C	Lt St It	S CS RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ003	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ004A	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ004B	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ005A	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ005B	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive
1/2VQ005C	M-105-1 M-106-1	2	A	8.0	BTf	A.O.	C	C	Lt St It	OP OP RR	VR-1	11	1	Passive

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SECTION 4.4

NOTES

NOTE 1

Closure of the Main Steam isolation valves 1MS001A-D or 2MS001A-D during unit operation would result in reactor trip and safety injection actuation. To avoid this transient, these valves will be partially stroked every three months. Full stroke testing will be done during Modes 4, 5, or 6 as plant conditions allow, per IWV-3412.

NOTE 2

The testing of any emergency boration flowpath valves during unit operation is not practical. Stroke testing the Boric Acid injection isolation valve 1CV8104/2CV8104 and check valve 1CV8442/2CV8442, the RH to CV pump suction isolation valve 1CV8804A/2CV8804A, or the RWST to CV pump suction isolation valves 1CV112D,E/2CV112D,E, could result in boration of the RCS, resulting in a cooldown transient. Aligning the system in this configuration even for a short duration is, therefore, unacceptable. These valves will be stroke tested during cold shutdown, in accordance with IWV-3412.

NOTE 3

These valves are the Main Feedwater isolation valves: 1FW009A-D/2FW009A-D, and cannot be fully stroked during operation as feedwater would be terminated causing a reactor trip. They will, however, be partially stroke tested during operation as well as full stroke tested during cold shutdown, per the requirements of IWV-3412.

NOTE 4

Closure of these letdown and makeup valves 1CV112B,C/2CV112B,C, 1CV8105/2CV8105, 1CV8106/2CV8106, 1CV8152/2CV8152, and 1CV8160/2CV8160 during normal unit operation would cause a loss of charging flow which would result in a reactor coolant inventory transient, and possibly, a subsequent reactor trip. These valves will be full stroke/fail safe exercised during cold shutdown as required by IWV-3412.

NOTE 5

The 1RH8701A/B, 1RH8702A/B, 2RH8701A/B, and 2RH8702A/B valves are the isolation boundary between the Residual Heat Removal Pumps and the Reactor Coolant System. Opening one of these valves during unit operation will leave only one valve isolating RHR from the high RCS pressure. This would place the plant in an undesirable condition. Therefore, these valves will be full stroke tested during cold shutdown, per IWV-3522.

NOTE 6

The following valves have been identified as intersystem LOCA valves. They form a pressure boundary between the RCS and other essential components in order to protect these components from damage. These valves will be leak tested in accordance with the Byron Technical Specifications. Performance of the leak test on these valves also satisfies the back-flow test required for check valves by NRC Generic Letter 89-04.

Byron Unit 1 and Unit 2 Intersystem
LOCA Valves

1RH8701A/B	1RH8702A/B	2RH8701A/B	2RH8702A/B
1RH8705A/B	1RH8705A/B	2RH8705A/B	2RH8705A/B
1SI8818A-D	1SI8815	2SI8818A-D	2SI8815
1SI8819A-D	1SI8905A-D	2SI8819A-D	2SI8905A-D
1SI8841A/B	1SI8948A-D	2SI8841A/B	2SI8948A-D
1SI8900A-D	1SI8949A-D	2SI8900A-D	2SI8949A-D
	1SI8956A-D		2SI8956A-D

NOTE 7

The Reactor Pressure Vessel Vent Valves 1RC014A-D and 2RC014A-D cannot be stroked during unit operation, as they provide a pressure boundary between the Reactor Coolant system and containment atmosphere. Failure of one of these valves in the open position would result in leaving only one valve as the high pressure boundary. These valves will be full stroke/fail safe exercised when the RCS pressure is at a minimum during cold shutdown, per IWV-3412.

NOTE 8

The Residual Heat Removal Pump discharge check valves 1RH8730A/B and 2RH8730A/B cannot be full stroke exercised during unit operation due to the high RCS pressure. These check valves will be partial stroke tested, however, on a quarterly basis and full stroke exercised during cold shutdown. This is in accordance with IWV-3522.

NOTE 9

Due to the RCS pressure, the check valves listed below cannot be full stroke exercised during unit operation:

1SI8818A-D	2SI8818A-D	RHR Cold Leg Injection
1SI8958A/B	2SI8958A/B	RWST to RHR Pump Suction

These valves will be full stroke exercised during cold shutdown, in accordance with IWV-3522.

NOTE 10

The 1FW039A-D and 2FW039A-D valves cannot be stroke tested during unit operation as closure of these valves would result in termination of the waterhammer prevention feedwater flow. This would result in undesirable affects on the Steam Generators. These valves will be full stroke/fail safe tested during cold shutdown, per IWV-3412.

NOTE 11

The Primary Containment Purge Supply and Exhaust Valves 1VQ001A/B, 1VQ002A/B, 2VQ001A/B, and 2VQ002A/B cannot be stroke timed during unit operation. These 48-inch valves are the only isolation points between the containment atmosphere and the environment. Stroking these valves at any time other than mode 5 or 6 would be a violation of the Byron Technical Specifications. These valves will be full stroke tested during cold shutdown, in accordance with IWV-3412. These valves will be leak tested semiannually, in accordance with Byron Station Technical Specifications.

The Primary Containment Mini-Purge and Exhaust Valves 1VQ004A/B, 1VQ005A/B/C, 2VQ004A/B, and 2VQ005A/B/C, and the Post LOCA Purge Exhaust Valves 1VQ003/2VQ003 will be leak tested every 3 months, in accordance with Byron Station Technical Specifications.

NOTE 12

The Auxiliary Feedwater check valves 1AF001A/B, 1AF003A/B, 1AF014A-H, 1AF029A/B, 2AF001A/B, 2AF003A/B, 2AF014A-H, and 2AF029A/B cannot be full stroke tested during unit operation, as this would induce potentially damaging thermal stresses in the upper feedwater nozzle piping. The 1AF001A/B, 1AF003A/B, 2AF001A/B, and 2AF003A/B valves will be partially stroke tested during operation, and all valves full stroke tested during cold shutdown. This will be performed per Tech Spec 4.7.1.2.2 and is in accordance with IWV-3522.

NOTE 13

The High Head Injection Isolation Valves 1SI8801A/B and 2SI8801A/B cannot be stroke tested during unit operation. These valves isolate the CV system from the RCS. Opening them during operation would enable charging flow to pass directly into the RCS, bypassing the regenerative heat exchanger. The temperature difference of the charging flow and the RCS could result in damaging thermal stresses to the cold leg nozzles as well as cause a reactivity change which would, in turn, cause a plant transient. These valves will be full stroke tested during cold shutdown in accordance with IWV-3412.

NOTE 14

The safety injection system SVAG (Spurious Valve Actuation Group) valves 1S18802A/B, 1S18806, 1S18809A/B, 1S18813, 1S18835, 1S18840, 2S18802A/B, 2S18806, 2S18809A/B, 2S18813, 2S18835, and 2S18840 cannot be stroke tested during unit operation. These valves are required by the Technical Specifications to be de-energized in their proper positions during unit operation. Stroking them would be a violation of the Technical Specifications as well as defeating the de-energized SVAG valve principle. These valves will be stroke tested during cold shutdown when they are not required to be de-energized. This is in accordance with IWV-3412.

NOTE 15

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NOTE 16

These feedwater valves are exempt from all ASME Section XI testing requirements per IWV-1100 and IWV-1200. They are included in the program for operability tracking purposes only. The closure of the Main Feedwater Regulating Valves 1FW510, 1FW520, 1FW530, 1FW540, 2FW510, 2FW520, 2FW530, and 2FW540 during unit operation would cause a loss of feedwater to the steam generators, resulting in a plant transient with a possible reactor trip as a result. These valves will be fail safe (Ft) tested pursuant to the Byron Station Technical Specifications.

NOTE 17

These feedwater valves are exempt from all ASME Section XI testing requirements per IWV-1100 and IWV-1200. They are included in the program for operability tracking purposes only. The closure of the Main Feedwater Regulating Bypass Valves 1FW510A, 1FW520A, 1FW530A, 1FW540A, 2FW510A, 2FW520A, 2FW530A, and 2FW540A during unit operation would require the Main Feedwater Regulating Valves to correct for bypassed flow and could result in a plant transient with a possible reactor trip as a result. These valves will be fail safe (Ft) tested pursuant to the Byron Station Technical Specifications.

NOTE 18

"-DELETE-"

NOTE 19

"-DELETE-"

(Incorporated into NOTE 14)

NOTE 20

The remote position indicator for these valves cannot be observed directly due to the encapsulated design of the solenoid valve body. During the indication test, indirect evidence of the necessary valve disk movement shall be used, in accordance with IWV-3412 (b). The valves affected are listed below:

1CV8114	1PS230A/B	2PS228A/B
1CV8116	1RC014A-D	2PS229A/B
1PS228A/B	2CV8114	2PS230A/B
1PS229A/B	2CV8116	2RC014A-D

NOTE 21

The Main Feedwater Tempering Flow Isolation Valves 1/2FW034A-D are exempt from all ASME Section XI testing requirements per IWV-1100 and IWV-1200. They are included in the program for operability tracking purposes only, and will be fail safe (Ft) tested pursuant to the Byron Station Technical Specifications.

NOTE 22

Per NRC request, the post-accident hydrogen monitoring system check valves 1/2PS231A and 1/2PS231B will be stroke exercised open on a quarterly frequency to verify operability.

NOTE 23

1/2SI8818A-D, 1/2SI8819A-D, and 1/2SI8948A/B are Event V check valves, which are defined as two check valves in series at a low pressure/RCS interface whose failure may result in a LOCA that bypasses containment. They are individually leak-tested in accordance with NRC generic letter 89-04, position #4b.

NOTE 24

1/2CC9518, 1/2CC9534, 1/2CV8113, and 1RH8705A/B are check valves designed to relieve pressure between two containment isolation valves. The full flow limiting value is zero, since the safety function of these valves in the open direction is to relieve pressure only.

NOTE 25

Check valve 1/2SI8926 prevents flow from the Safety Injection (SI) pump suction line to the Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST). The SI pumps are normally lined up in the INJECTION MODE to take suction from the RWST. This check valve would stop reverse flow when the SI pumps are transferred to HOT/COLD LEG RECIRCULATION MODE to prevent contamination of the RWST. However, the 1/2SI8806 M.O.V. is in series with this check valve and would be closed to prevent reverse flow as directed by the emergency procedures. Therefore, no backflow test (Bt) is required for 1/2SI8926.

NOTE 26

Check valve 1/2CV8546 prevents flow from the Chemical and Volume Control (CV) pump suction line to the Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST). The CV pumps are normally lined up in the INJECTION MODE to take suction from the RWST. This check valve would stop reverse flow when the CV pumps are transferred to HOT/COLD LEG INJECTION MODE to prevent contamination of the RWST. However, the 1/2CV112D and 1/2CV112E M.O.V.'s are in series with this check valve and would be closed to prevent reverse flow as directed by the emergency procedures. Therefore, no back flow test (Bt) is required for 1/2CV8546.

NOTE 27

Check valves 1/2SI8958A/B prevent flow from the Residual Heat (RH) Removal pump suction line to the Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST). The RH pumps are normally lined up in the INJECTION MODE to take suction from the RWST. These check valves would stop reverse flow when the RH pumps are transferred to HOT/COLD LEG RECIRCULATION MODE to prevent contamination of the RWST. However, the 1/2SI8812A/B M.O.V.'s are in series with these check valves and would be closed to prevent reverse flow as directed by the emergency procedures. In addition, the RH suction valves 1/2SI8812A/B, 1/2RH8701A/B or 1/2RH8702A/B, and 1/2SI8811A/B are electrically interlocked to prevent the backflow to the RWST when the RH system is in a RECIRCULATION MODE. Thus, no back flow testing of 1/2SI8958A/B is required.

NOTE 28

NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position 3 lists the CVCS Volume Control Tank (VCT) outlet check valve as an example of ASME Code Class check valves that perform a safety function in the closed direction that are frequently not back flow tested. At Byron Station, check valve 1/2CV8440 prevents flow from the Chemical and Volume Control (CV) pump suction to the VCT. The VCT is normally aligned to the CV pumps during normal plant operation. During a Safety Injection signal, the VCT is automatically isolated by closure of the 1/2CV112B and 1/2CV112C M.O.V.'s, which are in series with the 1/2CV8440 check valve. Closure of either M.O.V. will prevent reverse flow to the VCT. Thus, no back flow testing of 1/2CV8440 is required.

NOTE 29

Check valve 1/2CV8442 prevents flow from the Chemical and Volume Control (CV) pump suction header to the boric acid transfer pump. This line is normally isolated by the 1/2CV8104 emergency boration valve. This valve would only be opened during an emergency with the boric acid transfer pump running. This check valve is unnecessary with the current system operation, and thus, no back flow testing of 1/2CV8442 is required.

NOTE 30

Check valves 1/2AF014A-H are verified to be closed each shift by the Operating Department, by verifying that the temperature at 1/2AF005A-H is $\leq 130^{\circ}$ F, per BOP 199-A40 (U-1) and BOP 199-A61 (U-2). If the temperature is $> 130^{\circ}$ F at any 1/2AF005 valve, then abnormal operating procedure 1/2BOA SEC-7, "Auxiliary Feedwater Check Valve Leakage", is entered to isolate and cool down the affected lines. This shiftly monitoring of 1/2AF014A-H in the closed position adequately monitors the status of these valves. No additional monitoring/trending by the IST Group is required.

NOTE 31

Check valves 1/2CV8480A/B and 1/2SI8919A/B are the Centrifugal Charging Pump and Safety Injection Pump mini-flow recirculation line valves which open to prevent full recirculation flow during IST Surveillances. Since full stroke for these valves will depend on the reference point of testing, acceptable full stroke will be verified whenever the recorded mini-recirculation flowrate is within the "acceptable" or "alert" ranges given in the IST Pump Surveillance.

NOTE 32

Check valves 1/2CC9463A/B and OCC9464 are the Component Cooling Water Pump discharge check valves. The full design accident flow through any one pump cannot be obtained during normal operation without causing low flow alarms in adjacent loops and possible equipment damage due to low cooling water flowrates to the Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) seals. These valves will be full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns when plant conditions allow all four RCP's off.

NOTE 33

The Essential Service Water (SX) and Make-Up Pump discharge check valves (OSX028A/B) open to permit make-up water flow from the Rock River to the SX System Basin. These check valves are downstream at the pump discharge tap-off to the SX Make-Up Pump Jacket Water Heat Exchanger and Gear Oil Cooler. Since this tap-off line is orificed, the flowrate through this line, and therefore the flowrate through pump discharge check valves OSX028A/B, will depend on the reference point of testing. Acceptable OSX028A/B full stroke will be verified whenever the recorded total pump flow minus the tap-off line flow is within "Acceptable" range contained in the ASME pump surveillance.

NOTE 34

Per Byron Technical Specifications Amendment valves 1/2SD002A-H, 1/2SD005A-D have been removed from the list of valves to be tested under 10CFR50 Appendix J and will now be tested per ASME Code Section XI, IW-3420.

NOTE 35

The 1/2RH8705A/B check valves will be operability tested by verifying that there is depressurization in line 1/2RH26AA-3/4 and 1/2RH26AB-3/4 when they are opened. This is a test method which was approved by the NRC in SER 9/14/90.

NOTE 36

PORV's 1/2RY455A and 1/2RY456 will be stroke tested on a cold shutdown frequency and valves 1/2RY8025, 1/2RY8026, 1/2RY8028, 1/2RY8010A, 1/2RY8010B, 1/2RY8010C, 1/2RY8033, 1/2RY8000A, 1/2RY8000B, 1/2RY455A and 1/2RY456 will receive position indication tests on a refuel frequency per Generic Letter 90-06.

NOTE 37

The Process Radiation Containment Isolation check valves 1PR032 and 2PR032 cannot be back flow tested during unit operation due to their location. The test method used to backflow test these valves requires containment entry. These valves will be backflow tested during cold shutdown.

NOTE 38

The Process Sampling Hydrogen Monitor Containment Isolation check valves 1PS231A, B and 2PS231A, B cannot be back flow tested during unit operation due to their location. The test method used to backflow test these valves requires containment entry. These valves will be backflow tested during cold shutdown.

NOTE 39

The Nitrogen Supply to the SI Accumulator Containment Isolation check valves 1SI8968 and 2SI8968 cannot be backflow tested during unit operation due to their location. The test method used to backflow test these valves requires containment entry. These valves will be backflow tested during cold shutdown.

NOTE 40

The following valves are backflow tested by way of a seat leakage test. These valves are inside containment and cannot be tested without entering containment. Since it is not radiologically prudent to make containment entries for routine testing, these valves will be backflow tested during cold shutdown.

1/2SI8815	1/2SI8900A-D
1/2SI8818A-D	1/2SI8905A-D
1/2SI8819A-D	1/2SI8949A-D
1/2SI8841A,B	

NOTE 41

The RH Hot Leg Suction Pressure Relief Check Valves (1/2RH8705A,B) are full stroke and backflow tested using a method which requires containment entry. Since it is not radiologically prudent to make containment entries for routine testing, these valves will be full stroke and backflow tested during cold shutdown.

NOTE 42

The 1/2SI8948A-D Safety Injection Cold Leg Pressure Isolation Valves cannot be tested during plant operation due to the high pressure of the RCS system relative to the pressures attainable through the RH and SI pumps. They will be full flow and backflow tested at cold shutdown.

SECTION 4.5
TECHNICAL APPROACHES AND POSITIONS

VA-01
IST Technical Approach and Position

A. Component Identification

1. Description: Method of Stroke Timing Valves - Timing using control board position indication lights (St).
2. Component Numbers: See IST Valve Tables.
3. References: ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWB, paragraph IWB-3413(a).
4. Code Class: 1, 2, and 3.
5. Examination Category(s): N/A
6. Item Number(s): N/A

B. Requirement:

Use of the control board open and closed lights to determine the stroke time of power-operated valves has recently become an issue for discussion in the industry. Paragraph IWB-3413 of ASME XI defines "full-stroke time" as "that time interval from initiation of the actuating signal to the end of the actuating cycle." It is common industry practice to measure stroke time as the time interval between placing the operator switch on the control board in the "close" or "open" position and indication that the valve is open or closed on the control board (switch to light).

C. Position:

It is recognized that the way in which the limit switch that operates the remote position indicator lights is set may result in "closed" or "open" indication before the valve obturator has actually completed its travel. This is not considered to be a problem, as the purpose of the test is to determine if degradation of the valve operator system is occurring, which is determined by observing changes in stroke time relative to the reference stroke time. Stroke time measurements should be rounded to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a second, except that stroke times less than one half (0.5) second may be rounded to 0.5 second, if appropriate.

Standard rounding techniques are to be used when rounding stop watch readings during valve stroke time testing (e.g., 10.45 rounds to 10.5 and 10.44 rounds to 10.4). Rounding to the nearest second for stroke times of 10 seconds or less, or 10% of the specified limiting stroke time for stroke times longer than 10 seconds, as allowed by ASME Section XI subparagraph IWB-3413(b), should not be used.

VA-02
IST Technical Approach and Position

A. Component Identification:

1. Description: Method of Fail Safe Testing Valves.
2. Component Numbers: See IST Valve Tables (Ft).
3. References: ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWV, paragraph IWV-3415.
4. Code Class: 1, 2, and 3.
5. Examination Category(s): N/A
6. Item Number(s): N/A

B. Requirement:

Paragraph IWV-3415 of ASME XI states that "When practical, valves with fail-safe actuators shall be tested by observing the operation of the valves upon loss of actuator power." Most valves with a fail-safe mechanism to stroke the valve to the fail-safe position during normal operation. For example, an air-operated valve that fails closed may use air to open the valve against spring pressure. When the actuator is placed in the closed position, air is vented from the diaphragm and the spring moves the obturator to the closed position.

C. Position:

In the cases where normal valve operator action moves the valve to the closed position by de-energizing the operator electrically, by venting air or both (e.g., an electric solenoid in the air system of a valve operator moves to the vent position on loss of power), no additional fail-safe testing is required. Valves with fail-safe actuators that do not operate as part of normal actuator operation must be tested by other means. This may be accomplished for motor-operated valves by opening the circuit breaker supplying operator power and observing that the valve moves to its fail-safe position. Lifting leads is not required unless it is the only method of de-energizing the actuator.

Using a valve remote position indicator as verification of proper fail-safe operation is acceptable, provided the indicator is periodically verified to be operating properly as required by ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWV, paragraph IWV-3300.

VA-CJ
IST Technical Approach and Position

A. Component Identification:

1. Description: Method of Full Stroke (Ct) and Back Flow (Bt) Exercising of Check Valves.
2. Component Numbers: See IST Valve Tests (Ct and Bt).
3. References: (a) NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Guidance on Developing Acceptable Inservice Testing Programs, Attachment 1, Positions 1, 2, and 3; (b) ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWV, paragraph IWV-3522.
4. Code Class: 1, 2, and 3.
5. Examination Category(s): N/A
6. Item Number(s): N/A

B. Requirement:

Paragraph IWV-3522 of Article XI states "check valves shall be exercised to the position required to fulfill their function unless such operation is not practical during plant operation. If only limited operation is practical, during plant operation the check valve shall be part-stroke exercised during plant operation and full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns." For check valves with no external position indication devices, the determination of when they are in full open position has proven difficult to determine. The verification of when a valve is the full open position affects the determination of which valves are only part-stroked and thus require additional full-stroke testing during cold shutdowns or refuelings.

C. Position:

Valid full-stroke exercising to the full-open or full-closed position may be accomplished by observing an external position indicator which is considered to be a positive means of determining obturator position. Where external position indicators are not provided, manual stroking of the valve is acceptable. Where a mechanical exerciser is used, the torque required to move the obturator must be recorded and meet the acceptance standards of subparagraph IWV-3522(b). Per the requirements of NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position 1, the other acceptable method of full-stroke exercising a check valve to the open position is to verify that the valve passes the maximum required accident condition flow. Any flow less than this is considered as a part-stroke exercise. Flow through the valve must be determined by positive means such as permanently installed flow instruments, temporary flow instruments, or by measuring the pressure drop across the valve or other in-line component. Measuring total flow through multiple parallel lines does not provide verification of flow through individual valves.

C. Position, continued

One exception to the "maximum required accident flow" requirement is the methodology used to verify full-stroke exercising of the Safety Injection (SI) Accumulator Back-up Check Valves, 1/2SI8956A-D. Because of the high maximum design flowrate of these valves, a maximum design accident flowrate test is physically impossible to perform. For those valves, an Engineering calculation has been performed to determine the minimum flowrate for full disc lift. An acceptable full-stroke exercise of these valves will be performed each refueling outage by measuring the accumulator level decrease over time, converting these parameters to a flowrate through the valve, and verifying this value is greater than or equal to the engineering calculated minimum flowrate for full disc lift. This method is superior to sample disassembly and inspection of one valve per outage which would require unusual system line-ups, freeze seals, radiation exposure, and possible plant transients.

Other alternatives to measuring full design accident flow or disassembly and inspection of check valves to satisfy full stroke requirements is allowed as long as the requirements of NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Positions 1, 2, and 3 are utilized OR specific relief requests are approved by the NRC.

Stroking a valve to the full closed position for valves without a manual exerciser or position indicator must be verified using indirect means. These include, but are not limited to, (1) observing pressure indications on both sides of the valve to determine if the differential pressure expected with the valve shut is obtained, or (2) opening a drain connection on the downstream side of the valve to detect leakage rates in excess of that expected with the valve shut.

Valves that cannot be full-stroke tested or where full-stroking cannot be verified, shall be disassembled, inspected, and manually exercised. Valves that require disassembly for full-stroke testing during cold shutdowns or refueling still require quarterly part-stroke testing, where possible.

Testing of check valves by disassembly shall comply with the following:

- a. During valve testing by disassembly, the valve internals shall be visually inspected for worn or corroded parts, and the valve disk shall be manually exercised.
- b. Due to the scope of this testing, the personnel hazards involved, and system operating restrictions, valve disassembly and inspection may be performed during reactor refueling outages. Since this frequency differs from the Code required frequency, this deviation must be specifically noted in the IST program.

- c. Where it is burdensome to disassemble and inspect all applicable valves each refueling outage, a sample disassembly and inspection plan for groups of identical valves in similar applications may be employed. The NRC Generic Letter 89-04 guidelines for this plan are explained below:

The sample disassembly and inspection program involves grouping similar valves and testing one valve in each group during each refueling outage. The sampling technique requires that each valve in the group be the same design (manufacturer, size, model number, and materials of construction) and have the same service conditions including valve orientation. Additionally, at each disassembly, the licensee must verify that the disassembled valve is capable of full-stroking and that the internals of the valve are structurally sound (no loose or corroded parts). Also, if the disassembly is to verify the full-stroke capability of the valve, the disk should be manually exercised.

A different valve of each group is required to be disassembled, inspected, and manually full-stroke exercised at each successive refueling outage, until the entire group has been tested. If the disassembled valve is not capable of being full-stroke exercised or there is binding or failure of valve internals, the remaining valves in that group must also be disassembled, inspected, and manually full-stroke exercised during the same outage. Once this is completed, the sequence of disassembly must be repeated unless extension of the interval can be justified.

Extending the valve sample disassembly and inspection interval from disassembly of one valve in the group every refueling outage or expanding the group size would increase the time between testing of any particular valve in the group. With four valves in a group and an 18-month reactor cycle, each valve would be disassembled and inspected every six years. If the fuel cycle is increased to 24 months, each valve in a four-valve sample group would be disassembled and inspected only once every eight years.

Extension of the valve disassembly/inspection interval from that allowed by the Code (quarterly or cold shutdown frequency) to longer than once every 6 years is a substantial change which may not be justified by the valve failure rate data for all valve groupings. When disassembly/inspection data for a valve group show a greater than 25% failure rate, the station should determine whether the group size should be decreased or whether more valves from the group should be disassembled during every refueling outage.

Extensions of the group size will be done on a case by case basis.

VA-04
IST Technical Approach and Position

A. Component Identification:

1. Description: Determining limiting values of full-stroke times for Power-Operated Valves.
2. Component Numbers: See IST Valve Tables (St).
3. References:
 - a. ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWV, Sub Article IWV-3413.
 - b. NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment A, Position 5.
 - c. ANSI/ASME OM-1987 through OMB-1989 Addenda, Part 10, Section 4.2
4. Code Class: 1, 2, and 3.
5. Item Number(s): N/A

B. Requirement:

The IST program originally assigned a limiting value of full-stroke time based on the most conservative value from plant Technical Specifications (TS) or Updated Final Safety Analysis Report (UFSAR). For valves not having a specified value of full-stroke, a limiting value was assigned based on manufacturers design input, engineering input, or initial valve preoperational testing. This methodology is contrary to NRC Generic Letter 89-04.

According to NRC Generic Letter 89-04 the limiting value of full-stroke should be based on an average reference stroke time of a valve when it is known to be operating properly. The limiting value should be a reasonable deviation from this reference stroke time based on the valve size, valve type, and actuator type. The deviation should not be so restrictive that it results in a valve being declared inoperable due to reasonable stroke time variations. However, the deviation used to establish the limit should be such that corrective action would be taken for a valve that may not perform its intended function. When the calculated limiting value for a full-stroke is greater than a TS or safety analysis limit, the TS or safety analysis limit should be used as the limiting value of full-stroke time. Based on this, a review of each valve operating history was performed and an average/reference value of full-stroke determined. In addition, valves were grouped together by system, train, unit, valve type, and actuator type to provide for a more thorough review in determining what would be a "reasonable" deviation from the average/reference full-stroke value.

The 1983 Edition through Summer 1983 Addenda of ASME Section XI does not provide guidance for determining values of full-stroke. However, it does provide requirements for when to start monitoring a valves performance on a more frequent basis, also known as alert range testing. If a valve strokes in 10 seconds or less, a 50% increase over the previous value requires it to be put on a monthly test frequency, and for valves stroking in greater than 10 seconds, a 25% increase over the previous value requires it to be put on a monthly test frequency (see VR-20). Trending stroke times, based on the percent change from the previous test, as ASME Section XI requires, allows gradual degradation to occur over a long period of time without triggering the additional trending attention that increased testing frequency requires. Therefore, an improved method of component performance monitoring is employed which requires a valve to be placed on increased test frequency based on the percent change from the fixed reference value established via NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position 5.

This criteria, in conjunction with establishing reference/average values of full-stroke, should allow for reasonable deviations in stroke time measurements without declaring a valve inoperable. The corrective actions specified in IWV-3417(b) of Section XI and as described in IST Program Relief Request VR-20 will be taken when a valve exceeds its limiting value of full stroke.

C. Position:

The following criteria will be used as general guidance to establish ALERT and REQUIRED ACTION ranges for power-operated valves:

SOV's/HOV's/AOV's - Less than or equal to 10 seconds:

ALERT RANGE: $(1.50) (T_{ref}) - (2.0) (T_{ref})$

REQUIRED ACTION VALUE: $> (2.0) (T_{ref})$

MOV's - Less than or equal to 10 seconds:

ALERT RANGE: $(1.25) (T_{ref}) - (1.50) (T_{ref})$

REQUIRED ACTION VALUE: $> (1.50) (T_{ref})$

MOV's/SOV's/HOV's/AOV's - Greater than 10 seconds:

See VR-20; this technical approach and position will not be put into application until relief request VR-20 is approved.

Notes:

1. T_{ref} is the reference or average stroke value in seconds of an individual valve or valve grouping established when the valve is known to be operating acceptable.
2. Standard rounding techniques are to be used when rounding off stopwatch readings during valve stroke timing (e.g. 10.45 rounds to 10.5, and 10.44 is rounded to 10.4 seconds). Round off all measured stroke time to the nearest tenth of a second.
3. When reference stroke valves or average stroke valves are affected by other parameters or conditions, then these parameters or conditions must be analyzed and the above factors adjusted.
4. If the above calculated values exceed a Technical Specification or FSAR value, then the TS or FSAR value must be used for the limiting value of full-stroke.
5. Fast acting valves (valves which normally stroke in less than 2 seconds consistently) are included in Relief Request VR-12. These valves are NOT assigned ALERT RANGES and are NOT trended.
6. The above criteria is a guide and cannot cover all valves. The ALERT RANGES and REQUIRED ACTION VALUES are selected based on comparison between the REFERENCE VALUE, LIMITING VALUE given in Technical Specifications/UFSAR, operating history, and calculated values using the above criteria.
7. Valves which serve the same function on dual trains (i.e., 1CC9473A and 1CC9473B) and dual units (i.e. 1CC9473A and 2CC9473A) are assigned the same REQUIRED ACTION/ALERT RANGE VALUES based on human factors considerations, unless valve or system design differences exist between the trains/units.
8. Refer to Relief Request VR-20 for related information.

SECTION 4.6
RELIEF REQUESTS

RELIEF REQUEST VR-11. Valve Number:

All primary containment isolation valves in this program are listed as Category A:

<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE #</u>
1) 1CC685	41) 1PR033B	81) 1SI8964
2) 1CC9413A	42) 1PR033C	82) 1SI8968
3) 1CC9414	43) 1PR033D	83) 1VQ001A
4) 1CC9416	44) 1PR066	84) 1VQ001B
5) 1CC9438	45) 1PS228A	85) 1VQ002A
6) 1CC9486	46) 1PS228B	86) 1VQ002B
7) 1CC9518	47) 1PS229A	87) 1VQ003
8) 1CC9534	48) 1PS229B	88) 1VQ004A
9) 1CS007A	49) 1PS230A	89) 1VQ004B
10) 1CS007B	50) 1PS230B	90) 1VQ005A
11) 1CS008A	51) 1PS231A	91) 1VQ005B
12) 1CS008B	52) 1PS231B	92) 1VQ005C
13) 1CV8100	53) 1PS9354A	93) 1VQ016
14) 1CV8112	54) 1PS9354B	94) 1VQ017
15) 1CV8113	55) 1PS9355A	95) 1VQ018
16) 1CV8152	56) 1PS9355B	96) 1VQ019
17) 1CV8160	57) 1PS9356A	97) 1WM190
18) 1FC009	58) 1PS9356B	98) 1WM191
19) 1FC010	59) 1PS9357A	99) 1WO006A
20) 1FC011	60) 1PS9357B	100) 1WO006B
21) 1FC012	61) 1RE1003	101) 1WO007A
22) 1IA065	62) 1RE9157	102) 1WO007B
23) 1IA066	63) 1RE9159A	103) 1WO020A
24) 1IA091	64) 1RE9159B	104) 1WO020B
25) 1OG057A	65) 1RE9160A	105) 1WO056A
26) 1OG079	66) 1RE9160B	106) 1WO056B
27) 1OG080	67) 1RE9170	
28) 1OG081	68) 1RF026	
29) 1OG082	69) 1RF027	
30) 1OG083	70) 1RY8025	
31) 1OG084	71) 1RY8026	
32) 1OG085	72) 1RY8028	
33) 1PR001A	73) 1RY8033	
34) 1PR001B	74) 1RY8046	
35) 1PR002E	75) 1RY8047	
36) 1PR002F	76) 1SA032	
37) 1PR002G	77) 1SA033	
38) 1PR002H	78) 1SI8871	
39) 1PR032	79) 1SI8880	
40) 1PR033A	80) 1SI8888	

1. Valve Number: (Continued)

<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE #</u>
107) 7CC685	147) 2PR033B	187) 2SI8964
108) 2CC9413A	148) 2PR033C	188) 2SI8968
109) 2CC9414	149) 2PR033D	189) 2VQ001A
110) 2CC9416	150) 2PR066	190) 2VQ001B
111) 2CC9438	151) 2PS228A	191) 2VQ002A
112) 2CC9486	152) 2PS228B	192) 2VQ002B
113) 2CC9518	153) 2PS229A	193) 2VQ003
114) 2CC9534	154) 2PS229B	194) 2VQ004A
115) 2CS007A	155) 2PS230A	195) 2VQ004B
116) 2CS007B	156) 2PS230B	196) 2VQ005A
117) 2CS008A	157) 2PS231A	197) 2VQ005B
118) 2CS008B	158) 2PS231B	198) 2VQ005C
119) 2CV8100	159) 2PS9354A	199) 2VQ016
120) 2CV8112	160) 2PS9354B	200) 2VQ017
121) 2CV8113	161) 2PS9355A	201) 2VQ018
122) 2CV8152	162) 2PS9355B	202) 2VQ019
123) 2CV8160	163) 2PS9356A	203) 2WM190
124) 2FC009	164) 2PS9356B	204) 2WM191
125) 2FC010	165) 2PS9357A	205) 2WQ006A
126) 2FC011	166) 2PS9357B	206) 2WQ006B
127) 2FC012	167) 2RE1603	207) 2WO007A
128) 2IA065	168) 2RE9157	208) 2WO007B
129) 2IA066	169) 2RE9159A	209) 2WO020A
130) 2IA091	170) 2RE9159B	210) 2WO020B
131) 2OG057A	171) 2RE9160A	211) 2WO056A
132) 2OG079	172) 2RE9160B	212) 2WO056B
133) 2OG080	173) 2RE9170	
134) 2OG081	174) 2RF026	
135) 2OG082	175) 2RF027	
136) 2OG083	176) 2RY8025	
137) 2OG084	177) 2RY8026	
138) 2OG085	178) 2RY8028	
139) 2PRO01A	179) 2RY8033	
140) 2PRO01B	180) 2RY8046	
141) 2PRO02E	181) 2RY8047	
142) 2PRO02F	182) 2SA032	
143) 2PRO02G	183) 2SA033	
144) 2PRO02H	184) 2SI8871	
145) 2PR032	185) 2SI8880	
146) 2PR033A	186) 2SI8888	

2. Number of Items: 212

3. ASME Code Category: A

4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Seat Leakage Measurement per IWV-3420.

5. Basis for Relief:

Primary containment isolation valves will be seat leak tested in accordance with 10 CFR 50, Appendix J. For these valves, Section XI testing requirements are essentially equivalent to those of Appendix J.

6. Alternate Testing:

Primary containment isolation valves shall be seat leak rate tested in accordance with the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix J. The results of such leak rate measurements shall be analyzed and corrected, as necessary, in accordance with the guidance set forth in ASME Code Section XI, Subsection IWV, paragraphs IWV-3426 and IWV-3427(a). The trending requirements of IWV-3427(b) will not be utilized.

7. Justification:

No additional information concerning valve leakage would be gained by performing separate tests to both Section XI and Appendix J. Therefore, overall plant safety is not affected. As specified per NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, position 10, the usefulness of IWV-3427(b) does not justify the burden of complying with this requirement.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per two years during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88 contingent upon compliance with ASME Section XI IWV-3426, 27.
- b. Revised to comply with ASME Section XI IWV-3426, 27 in Byron SER Response 12/16/88 (Byron Station Letter 88-1321).
- c. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- d. Deleted SD valves per Technical Specification Amendment #39.
- e. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-2

1. Valve Number: 1CS020A 2CS020A
 1CS020B 2CS020B
2. Number of Items: 4
3. ASME Code Category: C
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Exercise check valves to the position required to fulfill their function (open=Ct; closed=Bt,) unless such operation is not practical during plant operation, per IVW-3522.

5. Basis for Relief:

The check valves in the spray additive system cannot be stroked without introducing NaOH into the CS system.

6. Alternate Testing:

The A train and B train valves are of the same design (manufacturer, size, model number, and materials construction) and have the same service conditions, including orientation, therefore they form a sample disassembly group.

Group 1	Group 2
1CS020A	2CS020A
1CS020B	2CS020B

One valve from each group, on a per unit basis, will be tested each refueling outage. If the disassembled valve is not capable of being full-stroke exercised or if there is binding or failure of valve internals, the remaining valve on the affected unit will be inspected.

7. Justification:

Full flow testing of these valves can not be accomplished without posing a serious threat to the safety of equipment and personnel. It is impractical to either full or part stroke exercise these valves since flow through these valves would result in the introduction of NaOH into the CS system. Full-flow testing would require a special test hook-up and necessitate flushing the system.

The alternate test frequency is justifiable in that maintenance history and previous inspections of these valves at Byron and Braidwood stations has shown no evidence of degradation or physical impairment (this is to be expected since the valves see very limited operation). Industry experience, as documented in NPRDS, showed no history of problems with these valves. A company wide check valve evaluation addressing the "EPRI

RELIEF REQUEST VR-2 Cont

Applications guidelines for Check Valves in Nuclear Power Plants" revealed that the location, orientation and application of these valves are not conducive to the type of wear or degradation correlated with SOER 86-03 type problems, but these valves still require some level of monitoring to detect hidden problems.

The wafer type design of the valve body for these valves make their removal a simple process, with little chance of damage to their internals. Also, there is no disassembly of internal parts required; all wear surfaces are accessible by visual examination. After inspection and stroke testing, the valve is reinstalled into the line and post maintenance testing is performed. The valve inspection procedure requires post-inspection visual examination of the check valve to insure that the pin is oriented properly and that the flow direction is correct.

The alternate test method is sufficient to insure operability of these valves and is consistent with Generic Letter 89-04.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief to disassemble in place of full flow testing granted per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Relief to disassemble in place of full flow testing granted per Generic Letter 89-04.
- c. Relief to disassemble in place of full flow testing granted per SER 9/14/90.
- d. Revised to include both full flow (Ct) test and back flow (Bt) test; relief granted per Generic letter 89-04.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-3

1. Valve Number: 1S18922A 2S18922A
 1S13922B 2S18922B

2. Number of Items: 4

3. ASME Code Category: C

4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Exercise check valves to the position required to fulfill their function (open=Ct; closed=Bt) unless such operation is not practical during plant operation, per IWV-3522.

5. Basis for Relief:

These check valves cannot be full flow tested during operation as the shut-off head of the Safety Injection pumps is lower than the reactor coolant system pressure. Performance of this test with the RCS depressurized, but intact, could lead to inadvertent over-pressurization of the system. The alternate method of protecting against over-pressurization by partially draining the RCS to provide a surge volume is not considered a safe practice due to concerns of maintaining adequate water level above the reactor core.

6. Alternative Testing:

These valves will be full stroke tested during refueling outages as a minimum, but no more frequently than once per quarter.

7. Justification:

This alternative will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, while not sacrificing the safety of the plant, by testing the valves as often as safely possible.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-4

1. Valve Number:

1CS003A	2CS003A
1CS003B	2CS003B
1CS008A	2CS008A
1CS008B	2CS008B
2. Number of Items: 8
3. ASME Code Category: AC & C
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:
 - a. Exercise check valves to the position required to fulfill their function (open=Ct; closed=Bt), unless such operation is not practical during plant operation, per IWV-3522.
 - b. Exercise check valves at least once every 3 months, per IWV-3521.
 - c. Exercise check valves at least once every 3 months to the position required to fulfill their function, unless such operation is not practical during plant operation, per IWV-3412 (for 1/2CS008A, B only).
 - d. When a valve has been repaired, replaced, or has undergone maintenance that could affect its performance and prior to the time it is returned to service, it shall be tested to demonstrate that the performance parameters, which could have been affected by the replacement, repair, or maintenance, are within acceptable limits, per IWV-3200.
5. Basis for Relief:

These valves cannot be full flow tested as a matter of course during unit operation or cold shutdown as water from the CS pumps would be discharged through the CS ring headers causing undesirable effects on system components inside containment.

Additionally, the full flow testing of these check valves during periods of cold shutdown, using the CS pumps, would fill the reactor refueling cavity with contaminated water from the refueling water storage tank. The filling of the cavity, via temporarily installed large bore piping, would require the removal of the reactor vessel head so as to preclude equipment damage from borated water. The erection of temporary piping from the CS line to the reactor cavity would take an estimated nine to twelve shifts, or longer compared to one to two shifts for valve inspection. This estimate does not take into account the time required to drain and remove the piping from containment.

Currently, full flow recirculation flow paths do not exist from the discharge of the CS pumps through these check valves to the refueling water storage tank. The addition of such flow paths would require extensive plant modifications to existing plant designs, including penetration of containment integrity.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-4 cont.

Partial stroking of the 1/2CS008A, B valves using air does not provide adequate assurance of valve operability and may be detrimental for the following reasons:

- A. There is no correlation between air flow and angle of disc movement.
- B. Venting and draining the appropriate piping quarterly may cause deposition of boric acid residue which could in turn promote binding of the check valve internals.

6. Alternate Testing:

The A and B train valves are of the same design (manufacturer, size, model number, and materials construction) and have the same service conditions, including orientation, therefore they form a sample disassembly group.

Group 1	Group 1
1CS003A	2CS003A
1CS003B	2CS003B
Group 2	Group 2
1CS008A	2CS008A
1CS008B	2CS008B

One valve from each two valve group, on a per unit basis, will be tested each refueling outage. If the disassembled valve is not capable of being full-stroke exercised or if there is binding or failure of valve internals, the remaining valve on the affected unit will be inspected.

7. Justification:

The 1/2CS008A,B and 1/2CS003A,B valves are removed from the system and visually examined per the strict detailed inspection requirements of the Station Check Valve Program. This inspection adequately verifies that the valves are maintained in a state of operational readiness. The valves are verified to be functional by performing a thorough visual inspection of the valve internals and by performing a full stroke test exercise of each disc. Previous inspections of these particular valves at both Byron and Braidwood have repeatedly shown them to be in good condition.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-4, cont.

The wafer type design of the valve body for these valves make their removal a simple process, with little chance of damage to their internals. Also, there is no disassembly of internal parts required; all wear surfaces are accessible by visual examination. After inspection and stroke testing, the valve is reinstalled into the line and post maintenance testing is performed. The 1/2CS008A, B valves receive a containment leakage test, and the 1/2CS003A, B valves are partial flow tested. These tests verify proper installation of the check valves, and the valve inspection procedure requires post-inspection visual examination of the check valve to insure that the pin is oriented properly and that the flow direction is correct.

The alternate test frequency is justifiable in that maintenance history and previous inspections of these valves at Byron and Braidwood stations has shown no evidence of degradation or impairment. Industry experience, as documented in NPRDS, showed no history of problems with these valves. A company wide check valve evaluation addressing the "EPRI Applications Guidelines for Check Valves in Nuclear Power Plants" revealed that the location, orientation and application of these valves are not conducive to the type of wear or degradation correlated with SOER 86-03 type problems. However, they require some level of monitoring to detect hidden problems.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief to disassemble in place of full flow testing granted per SER 9/15/88 for 1/2CS003A, B; relief denied per SER 9/15/88 for 1/2CS008A.
- b. Revised to address NRC concerns in Byron SER response 12/16/88 (Byron Station Letter 88-1321).
- c. Relief to disassemble in place of full flow testing granted per Generic Letter 89-04.
- d. Revised to address NRC concerns in Byron SER 9/14/90 and to include both full flow (Ct) and backflow (Bt) test; relief granted per Generic Letter 89-04.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-51. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

1SI8956A-D(1) 2SI8956A-D(1)

2. Number of Valves: 83. ASME Code Category: AC4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Relief is requested from the 3 month test frequency for the full stroke (CT) and backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI, IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

5. Basis for Relief:

The 1/2SI8956A-D check valves are located inside the containment building missile barrier on the lines from the accumulator tanks to the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cold legs. These 8 check valves have safety functions in both the open and closed directions:

1/2SI8956A-D

Closed

The 1/2SI8956A-D check valves' safety function in the closed direction is to maintain the Reactor Coolant Pressure Boundary (RCPB).

Open

The 1/2SI8956A-D check valves' safety function in the open direction is to permit the injection of borated water into the reactor vessel cold legs during the passive injection phase of a safety injection.

Check valves 1/2SI8956A-D cannot be tested during unit operation due to the pressure differential between the accumulators (650 psig) and the reactor coolant system (2235 psig). Full stroke exercising of these valves could occur only with a rapid depressurization of the reactor coolant system.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-5 cont.6. Alternate Testing:

These valves will be backflow tested (BT) on the same schedule as the Byron Station Technical Specifications leakage test as follows:

- a. At least once per 18 months,
- b. Prior to entering MODE 2 whenever the plant has been in COLD SHUTDOWN for 72 hours or more and if leakage testing has not been performed in the previous 9 months,
- c. Prior to returning the valve to service following maintenance, repair or replacement work on the valve, or
- d. Within 24 hours following valve actuation due to manual action or flow through the valve.

These check valves will be full stroke exercised (CT) during refueling outages when the accumulators are discharged into the reactor vessel.

7. Justification:

These eight valves are part of the Passive Injection subsystem portion of the safety injection system. This subsystem is designed to inject borated water into the reactor cold legs only after Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure has decreased below the accumulator nitrogen gas pressure. Under normal plant conditions the RCS system pressure is 2235 psig and the accumulator pressure is 650 psig. Therefore, it is not possible to full stroke these valves unless there is rapid depressurization of the Reactor Coolant System. Full stroke testing (CT) of these valves during operation or at cold shutdown would require depressurization of the RCS.

Additionally, full stroking these valves during cold shutdowns, routine or forced, would impose hardship with no compensating increase in plant safety. To perform this test, the reactor coolant system (RCS) must be at approximately 40 psi with all 4 reactor pumps (RCPs) off and accumulator pressure at 100 psi over RCS pressure. The RCS boron concentration is low compared to the 2000 ppm concentration of the accumulators. This injection test requires that approximately 8 thousand gallons of this boron concentrated water be injected into the RCS. This would result in a considerable increase in the boron concentration of the RCS. The feed and bleed process required to restore desired RCS boron concentration would result in considerable increases in restoration time and in amounts of radioactive water rejected from the site.

Successful completion of the seat leakage test will provide positive verification of closure (BT). Therefore, backflow testing these valves on the same schedule as their required Technical Specification leak rate testing will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-5 cont.8. Applicable Status:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

09/15/88 - Relief for full stroke test granted per SER.

09/14/91 - Relief for full stroke test granted per SER.

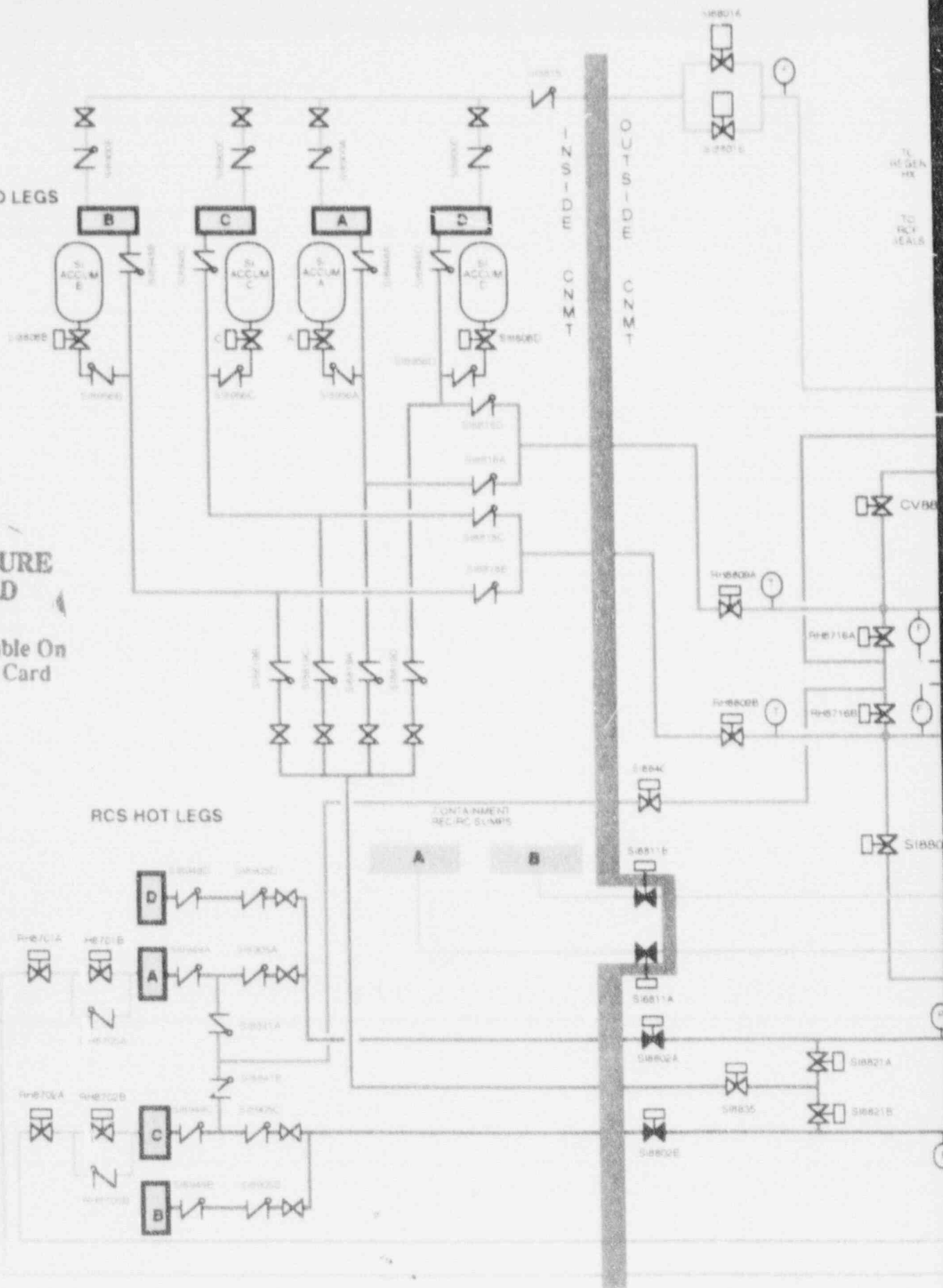
01/23/92 - Reorganized to indicate safety function of the 1/2SI8956A-D valves and to add backflow test.

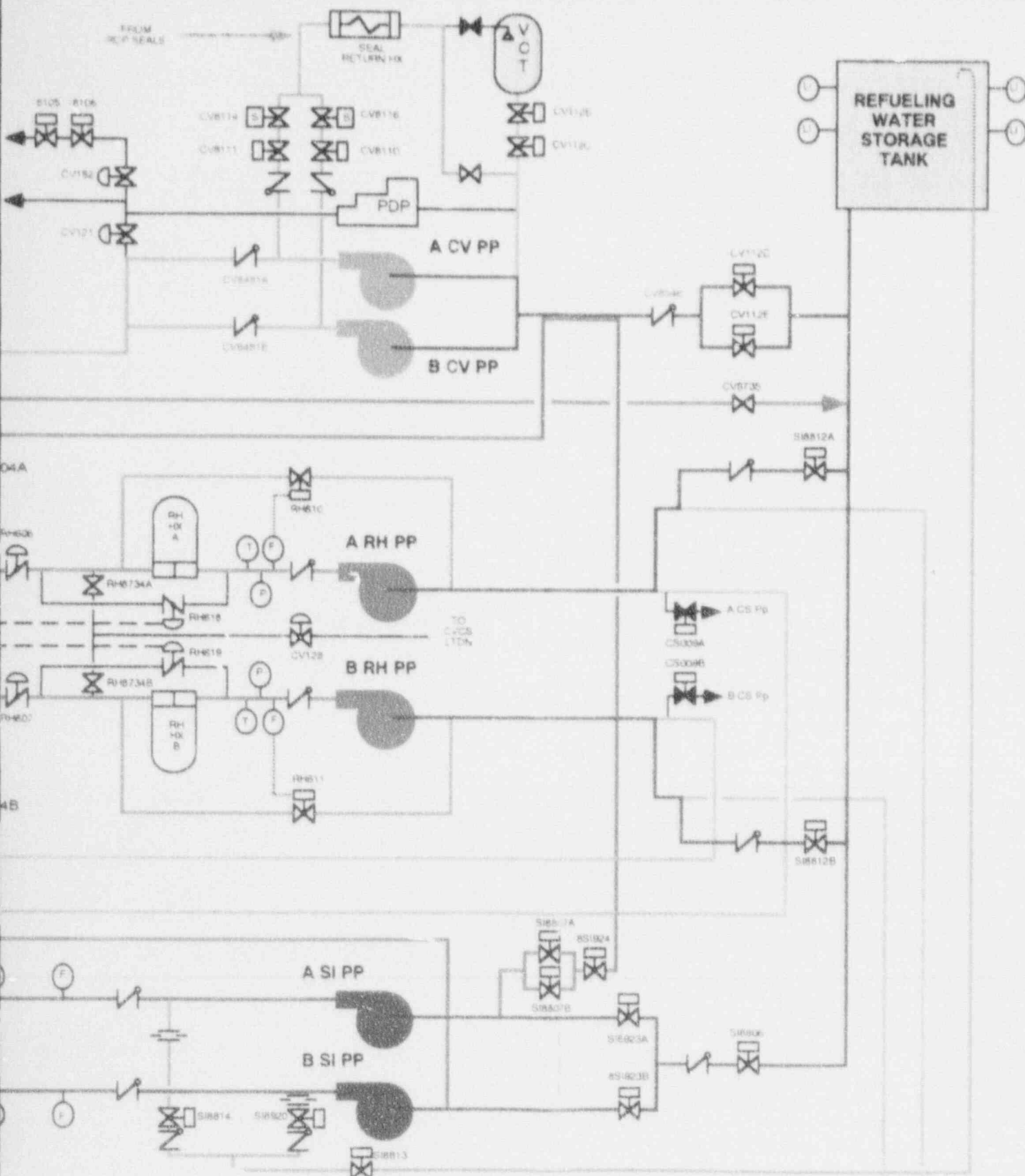
RCS COLD LEGS

SI
APERTURE
CARD

Also Available On
Aperture Card

RCS HOT LEGS





9203030121-01

ECCS-1, ECCS SYSTEM
GENERAL DIAGRAM
FOR INFORMATION ONLY

RELIEF REQUEST VR-6

1. Valve Number: 1SI8926 2SI8926

2. Number of Items: 2

3. ASME Code Category: C

4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Exercise for operability (Ct) of check valves every 3 months, per IWV-3521.

5. Basis for Relief:

Full stroke exercising of the Safety Injection pump suction check valves, 1SI8926 and 2SI8926 cannot be demonstrated during unit operation as the reactor coolant system pressure prevents the pumps from reaching full flow injection conditions. Performance of this test with the reactor coolant system intact could lead to an inadvertent over-pressurization of the system. The alternate method of protecting against over-pressurization by partial draining of the reactor coolant system to provide a surge volume is not considered a safe practice due to concerns of maintaining adequate water level above the reactor core.

6. Alternate Testing:

The 1SI8926 and 2SI8926 valves will be partial stroke tested during periodic inservice tests with the SI pumps in the recirculation mode. Full stroke exercising for the valves will be done during refueling outages as a minimum, but no more frequently than once per quarter.

7. Justification:

This alternative will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, while not sacrificing the safety of the plant, by testing the valves as often as safely possible.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-7

"-DELETED-"

Deleted relief request VR-7. Incorporated valves formerly covered by VR-7 into VR-12 and VR-17. Added maximum stroke times to the valve tables for all valves in VR-12 per EG & G request.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-81. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

1CC685 (2)	2CC685 (2)
1CCF9413A (2)	2CC9413A (2)
1CC9414 (2)	2CC9414 (2)
1CC9416 (2)	2CC9416 (2)
1CC9438 (2)	2CC9438 (2)
1CC9486 (2)	2CC9486 (2)
1CC9518 (2)	2CC9518 (2)
1CC9534 (2)	2CC9534 (2)

2. Number of Valves: 163. ASME Code Category: A, B, C4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

- A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CC685, 1/2CC9413A, 1/2CC9414, 1/2CC9416, 1/2CC9438

Relief is requested from the 3 month test frequency for the stroke (ST) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Category A and B valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3412 (a), IWV-3415, and IWV-3416". IWV-3412 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

- B. Check valves : 1/2CC9486, 1/2CC9518, 1/2CC9534

Relief is requested for check valves 1/2CC9518 and 1/2CC9534 from the 3 month test frequency for the full stroke (CT) test and backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full-stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

Relief is requested for the 1/2CC9486 from the 3 month test frequency for the backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-8 cont.5. Basis for Relief:

- A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CC685, 1/2CC9413A, 1/2CC9414, 1/2CC9416,
1/2CC9438

1/2CC685, 1/2CC9438

Closed

These valves are located on the Component Cooling return line from the Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) thermal barrier cooling coils. The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during post accident conditions after a postulated rupture of the thermal barrier heat exchanger.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to provide Component Cooling water return from the Reactor Coolant Pump thermal barriers.

1/2CC9413A

Closed

These valves are located on the Component Cooling supply line to the Reactor Coolant Pumps (RCP's). The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to supply Component Cooling water to the Reactor Coolant Pumps.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-8 cont.

1/2CC9414, 1/2CC9416

Closed

These valves are located on the Component Cooling return line from the Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) upper and lower motor bearing coolers. The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to provide Component Cooling water return from the Reactor Coolant Pumps upper and lower motor bearing coolers.

Component Cooling water flow to the reactor coolant pumps is required at all times while the pumps are in operation and for an extended period of time while in cold shutdown. Failure of one of these valves in a closed position during an exercise test would result in a loss of cooling flow to the pumps and eventual pump damage and/or trip.

B. Check valves: 1/2CC9486, 1/2CC9518, 1/2CC9534

1/2CC9486

Closed

These check valves are located on the Component Cooling supply line to the Reactor Coolant Pump motor bearings and thermal barrier. The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to supply Component Cooling water to the Reactor Coolant Pump motor bearings and thermal barriers.

Component Cooling water flow to the reactor coolant pumps is required at all times while the pumps are in operation and for an extended period of time while in cold shutdown. Failure of 1/2CC9486 in a closed position during an exercise test would result in a loss of cooling flow to the pumps and eventual pump damage and/or trip.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-8 cont.

1/2CC9518

Closed

These valves are located on the Component Cooling water return line from the Reactor Coolant Pump thermal barrier. The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to provide pressure equalization between inside containment isolation valves 1/2CC9438 and outside containment isolation valves 1/2CC685.

1/2CC9534

Closed

These valves are located on the Component Cooling water return line from the Reactor Coolant Pump motor bearings. The safety function of these valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The function of these valves in the open direction is to provide pressure equalization between piping inside and outside containment.

Full stroke (CT) and backflow (BT) testing of check valves 1/2CC9518 and 1/2CC9534 would interrupt flow from the RCP thermal barrier and motor bearings. Therefore, full flow testing of the 1/2CC9518 and 1/2CC9534 is only possible with the RCP's shut down.

6. Alternate Testing:

- A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CC685, 1/2CC9413A, 1/2CC9414, 1/2CC9416, 1/2CC9438

These valves will be stroke tested (see VR-1 for leak testing frequency) during cold shutdowns, provided all of the RCP's are not in operation (RCP's will not necessarily be secured for the sole purpose of performing this test). This testing period will be each refueling outage as a minimum, but no more frequently than once per quarter.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-8 cont.

B. Check valves: 1/2CC9486, 1/2CC9518, 1/2CC9534

Check valves 1/2CC9518 and 1/2CC9534 will be full stroke tested (CT) and backflow (BT) tested and 1/2CC9486 will be backflow (BT) tested during cold shutdowns provided all of the reactor coolant pumps are not in operation (RCP's will not necessarily be secured for the sole purpose of performing this test). This testing period will be each refueling outage as a minimum, but not more frequently than once per quarter. Both these tests will be performed in conjunction with the seat leakage test.

7. Justification:

This alternate test frequency has been previously approved for the motor operated valves contained in this relief request. Check valves 1/2CC9486 were previously approved for the backflow test to be performed at refueling frequency.

This alternate frequency will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness by testing these valves as often as safely possible. Shutting down the RCP's and the subsequent restarting incurs a reactor vessel overpressurization risk. In addition, it is operationally undesirable due to the time and manpower involved in starting an RCP. Also, an operator is required to observe the RCP shaft rotation upon starting. Stopping and starting RCPs would add unnecessary radiation exposure (approximately 20 mRem).

8. Applicable Status:

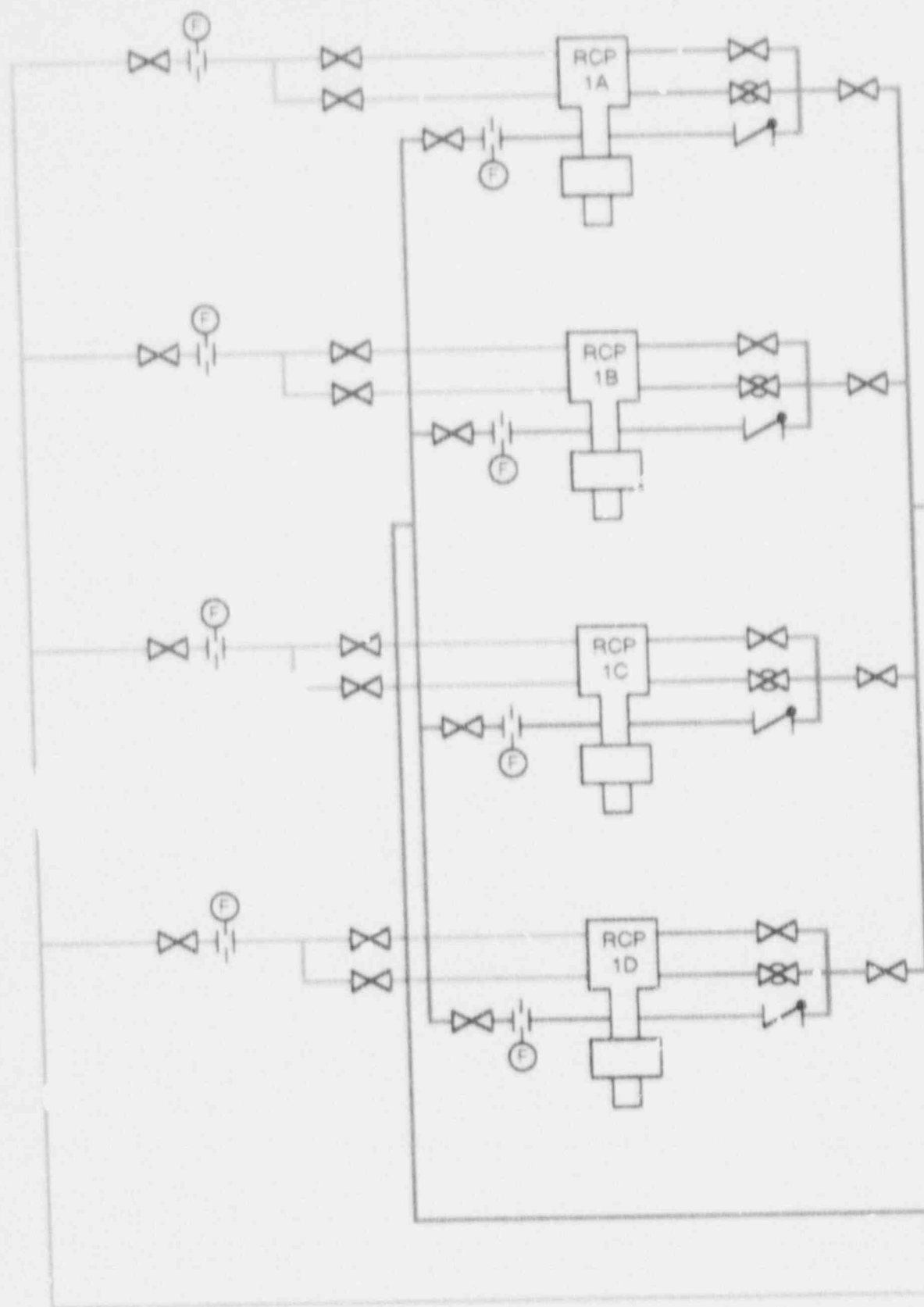
This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

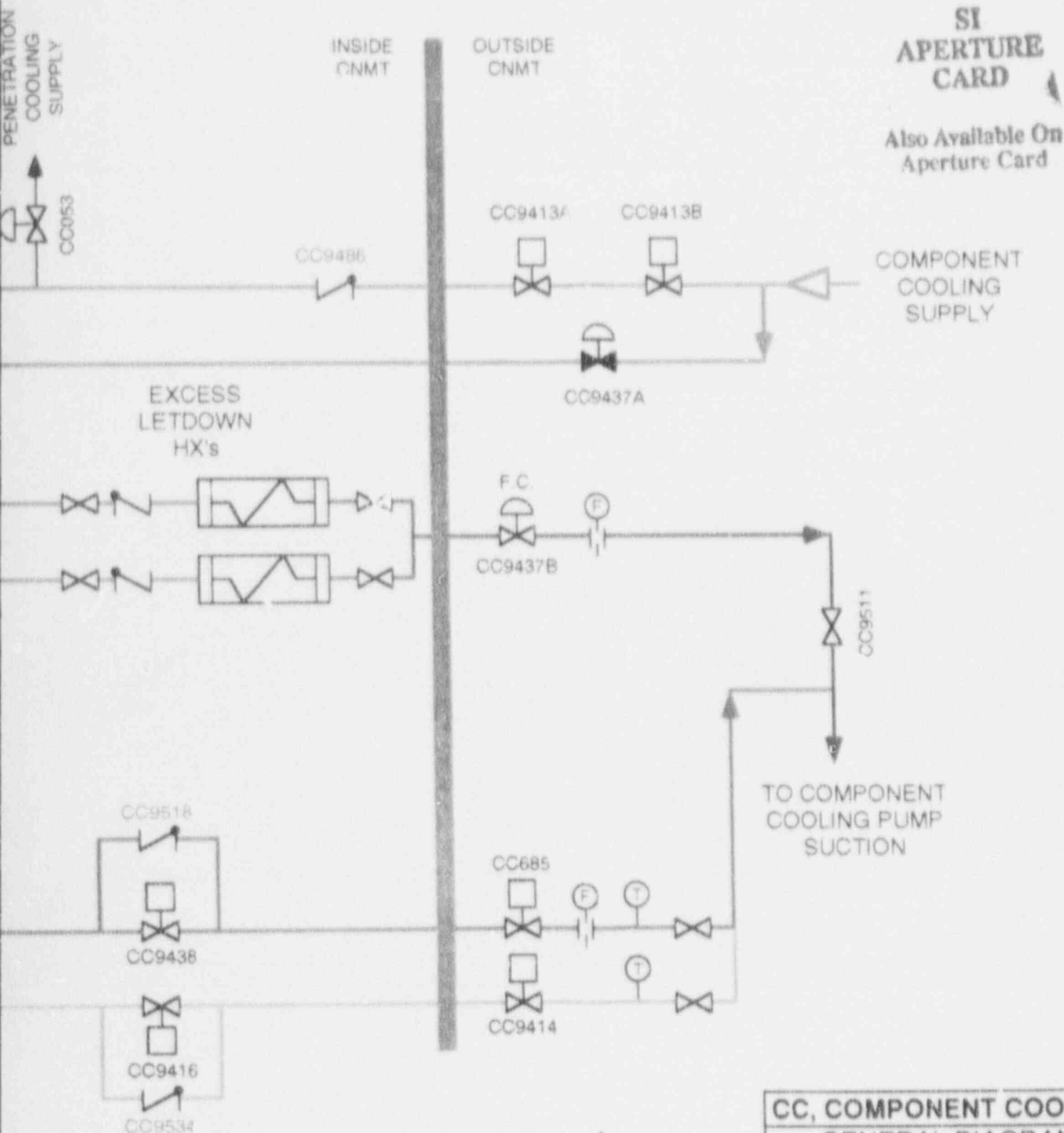
09/15/88 - Relief granted for motor operated valves and 1/2CC9486 back flow test

01/23/92 - Reorganized to:

1. add safety function of all valves
2. add full stroke (CT) and backflow (BT) for check valves 1/2CC9518 and 1/2CC9534
3. change from refuel frequency to cold shutdown with all RCPs off for the backflow (BT) test of 1/2CC9486



- CC SUPPLY WATER
- RCP MOTOR BEARINGS
- THERMAL BARRIER BRNGS
- EXCESS L/C RETURN



CC, COMPONENT COOLING
GENERAL DIAGRAM
FOR INFORMATION ONLY

9203030121-02

RELIEF REQUEST VR-91. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

1CV8100 (2)	2CV8100 (2)
1CV8112 (2)	2CV8112 (2)
1CV8113 (2)	2CV8113 (2)

2. Number of Valves: 63. ASME Code Category: A, AC4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112

Relief is requested for these four (4) valves from the 3 month test frequency for the stroke (ST) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Category A and B valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3412(a), IWV-3415, and IWV-3416". IWV-3412(a) states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

B. Check valves: 1/2CV8113

Relief is requested for these two (2) valves from the 3 month test frequency for the full stroke (CT) and backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

5. Basis for Relief:

A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112

Open

These motor operated globe valves are located in the Reactor Coolant Pump seal water return lines. Their function in the open direction is to permit seal water return flow from the Reactor Coolant Pumps to the seal water heat exchanger.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-9 cont.Closed

- The safety function in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

These valves cannot be tested during unit operation as seal flow from the reactor coolant pumps is required at all times while the pumps are in operation. Failure of one of these valves in the closed position during an exercise test would result in an abnormal seal water return flow being diverted to the Pressurizer Relief Tank (PRT) by lifting a relief valve (1/2CV8121) upstream of the isolation valves.

B. Check valves: 1/2CV8113

Closed

These are normally closed check valves located across containment isolation valves 1/2CV8112 inside containment. Their safety function in the closed direction is to maintain the integrity of the Reactor Coolant Pressure Boundary and to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Open

The safety function of these valves in the open direction is to relieve any pressure that may buildup between containment isolation valves 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112.

These check valves function only when both the associated containment isolation valves are closed. Therefore, they cannot be full stroke tested without closing the 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112 valves.

6. Alternate Testing:

A. Motor operated valves: 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112

These valves will be full stroke exercised during cold shutdown, provided all reactor coolant pumps are not in operation and seal leak-off can be isolated (RCP's will not necessarily be secured for the sole purpose of performing this test). This testing period will be each refueling outage as a minimum, but no more frequently than once per quarter.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-9 cont.

B. Check valves: 1/2CV8113

Since the 1/2CV8113 valves cannot be full stroke tested without closing the 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112, they will also be full stroke tested and backflow tested during cold shutdown provided all reactor coolant pumps are not in operation and seal leak-off can be isolated. This test frequency is the same as that of the 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112.

7. Justification:

This alternate frequency will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, by testing these valves as often as safely possible. Shutting down the RCP's and the subsequent restarting incurs a reactor vessel overpressurization risk. In addition, it is operationally undesirable due to the time and manpower involved in starting an RCP. Also, two operators are required to observe the RCP shaft rotation upon starting. Stopping and re-starting RCPs would add unnecessary radiation exposure (approximately 20 mRem).

8. Applicable Status:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

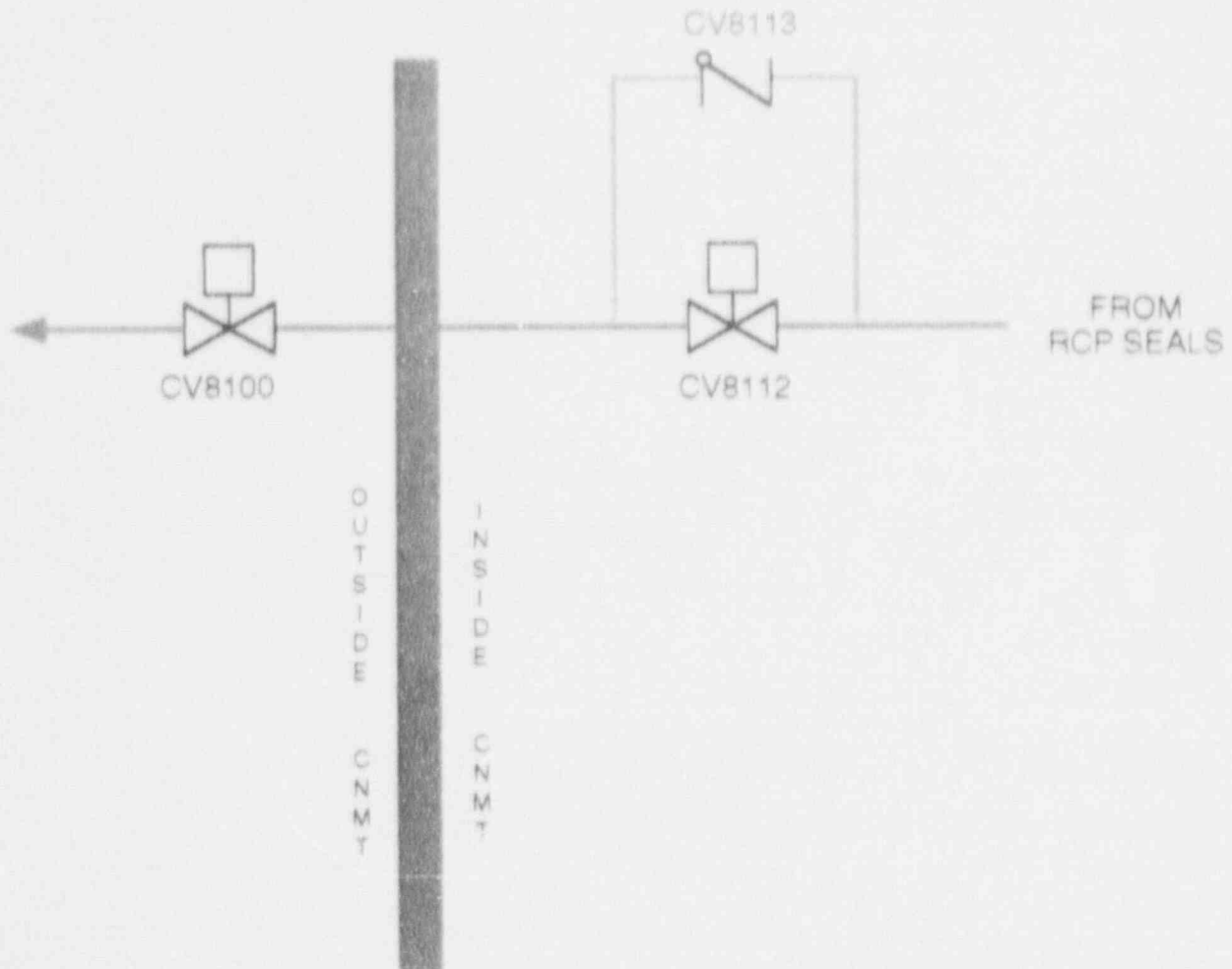
9. Approval Status:

09/15/88 - Relief granted per SER for valves 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112

09/14/90 - Relief granted per SER for valves 1/2CV8100 and 1/2CV8112

01/23/92 - Reorganized to indicate safety function of all valves and to add full stroke test and backflow test of check valves 1/2CV8113

1/2 CV8113



GENERAL DIAGRAM
FOR INFORMATION ONLY
M64-2

RELIEF REQUEST VR-101. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

11A066 (2)	21A066 (2)
11A065 (2)	21A065 (2)
11A091 (2)	21A091 (2)

2. Number of Valves: 63. ASME Code Category: A and AC4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

A. Air operated valves: 1/21A065 and 1/21A066

Relief is requested from the 3 month test frequency for the stroke test (ST) and fail safe test (FT) as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3411: "Category A and B valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3412(a), IWV-3415, and IWV-3416". IWV-3412(a) states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

B. Check valves: 1/21A091

Relief is requested from the 3 month test frequency for the backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI, IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

5. Basis for Relief

A. Air operated valves: 1/21A065 and 1/21A066

The 1/21A065 and 1/21A066 valves are the outboard and inboard (respectively) containment isolation valves for Instrument Air supply lines to containment. The closed safety function of these valves is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Stroke testing of the 1/21A065 and 1/21A066 valves during plant operation or cold shutdown would, by design, isolate the air to air operated instruments inside the containment building.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-10 cont.

B. Check valves: 1/2IA091

The 1/2IA091 valves are located on the air supply lines to the 1/2IA066 valves. The 1/2IA066 valves are the inboard containment isolation valves for the Instrument Air supply lines to containment. The safety function of the 1/2IA091 valves in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions. The function in the open direction is to supply control air to the 1/2IA066 valves.

Stroke testing of the 1/2IA091 valves cannot be performed without actuating the 1/2IA066 which would result in the isolation of all Instrument Air to containment.

6. Alternate Testing:

A. Air operated valves: 1/2IA065 and 1/2IA066

The 1/2IA065 and 1/2IA066 valves will be stroke tested (ST) and fail safe tested (FT) during refueling outages.

B. Check valves: 1/2IA091

The 1/2IA091 valves will be backflow tested (BT) during refueling outages. This backflow test will be done in conjunction with the seat leakage test.

7. Justification:

A. Air operated valves: 1/2IA065 and 1/2IA066

The full stroke exercising of the 1/2IA065 and 1/2IA066 Instrument Air containment isolation valves during unit power operations or cold shutdowns, would introduce the possibility of major operating perturbations and/or personnel safety concerns should these valves fail to re-open during testing activities.

The failure of these valves in the closed position, as a result of testing activities during plant operation or cold shutdown, would subsequently isolate the air operated instruments inside the containment building thus resulting in scenarios such as:

1. Loss of Pressurizer Pressure Control -

The pressurizer spray valves 1/2RY455B & C and the pressurizer auxiliary spray valve 1/2CV8145 would fail closed and not be available for pressurizer pressure control.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-TO cont.

2. Loss of Chemical Volume Control System Letdown Flow (both normal and excess) and Charging Flow -

The loss of instrument air would cause a disruption in the unit letdown flow paths resulting in pressurizer level increases. Such valves as the letdown orifice containment outlet header isolation valve 1/2CV8160, the letdown line isolation valves 1/2CV459 and 1/2CV460, the letdown orifice outlet isolation valves 1/2CV8149 A, B & C, the excess letdown heat exchanger inlet isolation valves 1/2CV8153A & B, and the regenerative heat exchanger letdown inlet isolation valves 1/2CV8389A & B would go to their fail closed positions. Additionally, the ability to normally make up reactor coolant inventory and adjust the reactor chemical shim (i.e. normal boration/dilution) would also be lost as the regenerative heat exchanger inlet isolation valves 1/2CV8324A & B would fail to their respective closed positions.

3. Loss of Component Cooling to Containment Penetrations -

The loss of instrument air supply would cause the penetration cooling supply flow control valve 1/2CC053 to go to its fail closed position. The loss of penetration cooling would result in elevated temperatures being imposed on the penetrations being supported by the component cooling system.

4. Loss of Personnel Breathing Air -

The loss of Instrument Air supply to the Service Air downstream isolation valve 1/2SA033 would cause this valve to go to its fail close position. This loss of Service Air in the containment building would eliminate the normal source of supplied breathing air needed to support numerous maintenance and component inspection activities in a contaminated environment.

- B. Check valves: 1/2IA091

Check valves 1/2IA091 provide the air supply to maintain the 1/2IA066 valves in the open position. Testing of the 1/2IA091 valves in the closed position would force the 1/2IA066 valves to their fail closed position, by design, causing loss of instrument air to containment. Loss of Instrument Air would result in scenarios such as those previously listed.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-10 cont.8. Applicable Status:

This relief is request once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

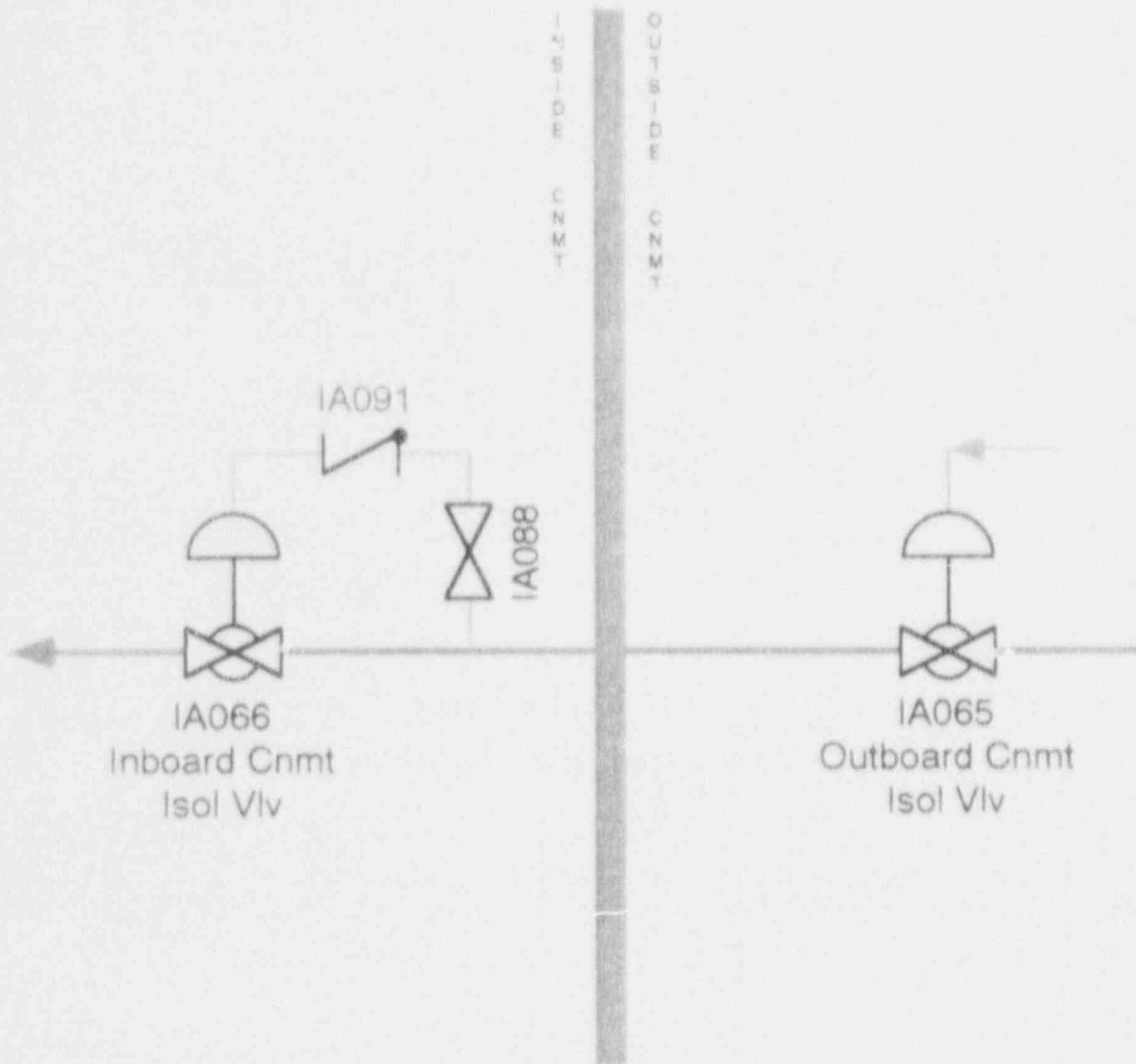
09/15/88 - Relief denied per SER

12/16/88 - Revised (to address NRC concerns) in Byron response to SER
(Byron Station Letter 88-1321)

09/14/90 - Relief for Part A granted per SER

01/23/92 - Reorganized to indicate safety function of all valves and to
add backflow test (BT) of check valves 1/21A091

1/2 IA091



GENERAL DIAGRAM
FOR INFORMATION ONLY
M55-4

RELIEF REQUEST VR-11

"-DELETED-"

Deleted relief request VR-11 per EG & G recommendation. This was a request for extension of position indication tests from every two years to every three years.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-12

1. Valve Number: Valves that normally stroke in 2 seconds or less:

<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE #</u>	<u>VALVE#</u>	<u>VALVE#</u>
1MS018A-D	2MS018A-D		
1PRO66	2PRO66	1RE9157	2RE9157
1PS228A, B	2PS228A, B	1RE9159A, B	2RE9159A, B
1PS229A, B	2PS229A, B	1RE9160A, B	2RE9160A, B
1PS230A, B	2PS230A, B	1RY8033	2RY8033
1RC014A-D	2RC014A-D	1SI8871	2SI8871
			2SD002A-H

2. Number of Items: 52
3. ASME Code Category: A & B
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Verification, by trending of power operated valve times, that an increase in stroke time of 50% or more, from the previous test, does not occur, per IWV-3417(a).

5. Basis for Relief:

Minor timing inaccuracies, with small stroke times can lead to substantial increases (percent wise) in stroke times. For example, a valve with a stroke time of 1 second in an initial test, and 1.6 seconds in the subsequent test, has experienced an apparent 60% increase in stroke time. If the accuracy requirements of IWV-3413(b) are utilized, it could be argued that stroke times between 1 and 2 seconds could constitute as much as a 100% increase in stroke time when, in fact, only a 0.2 second increase occurred. For instance, if the initial time was 1.4 seconds, (measured to the nearest second is 1.0 second) and if the next time is then 1.6 seconds, (measured to the nearest second is 2.0 seconds) the percent increase is 100%.

6. Alternate Testing:

Fast acting valves can be defined as those valves that normally stroke in 2 seconds or less. No trending of stroke time will be required, and upon exceeding 2 seconds, corrective action shall be taken immediately in accordance with IWV-3417(b).

7. Justification:

For small stroke times, the trending requirements are too stringent for the accuracies specified in the Code. The alternative specified will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, while not imposing undue hardships or sacrificing the safety of the plant.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter, during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief denied per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Revised (to address NRC concerns) in Byron response to SER 12/16/88 (Byron Station Letter 88-1321).
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-13

1. Valve Numbers:

1DG5182A,B	2DG5182A,B
1DG5183A,B	2DG5183A,B
1DG5184A,B	2DG5184A,B
1DG5185A,B	2DG5185A,B
2. Number of Items: 16
3. ASME Code Category: B & C
4. ASME Code Section XI Requirements:

These valves are not within the scope of ASME Code, Section XI, Subsection IWV requirements. However, the requirements for stroke timing and trending of the valves associated with the Diesel Air Start System are being mandated by the NRC as an augmented testing requirement pursuant to 10CFR50.55 (a) (g).

Therefore, valves associated with the Diesel Air Start system shall be exercised to the position required to fulfill their function during plant operation per IWV-3412 and IWV-3522. Additionally, the stroke testing of power operated valves shall be measured to the nearest second and such stroke times trended to document continued valve operational readiness per IWV-3413 (b) and IWV-3417.

5. Basis for Relief:

The monthly Diesel Generator testing program, outlined in Byron Station's Technical Specifications and implemented by station operating procedures, exceeds the intent of the quarterly valve testing program which would be required by ASME Code, Section XI. Additionally, the stroke timing of solenoid operated valves associated with the Diesel Air Start System is impractical due to the fast actuation of these valves.

6. Alternate Testing:

The performance of Byron Station's Diesel Generator operability monthly surveillance will verify the operational readiness of the valves associated with the Diesel Air Start System.

This surveillance testing will require the recording of the air pressures contained in both trains A & B of the Diesel Generator Air Start Receiver Tanks both before and immediately after diesel generator start.

By the comparison of these valves between trains, the satisfactory operation of the power operated and self-actuated check valves associated with the Diesel Air Start System can be adequately demonstrated.

7. Justification:

Proper valve operation will be demonstrated on a monthly basis by the verification of diesel generator air start capability. Such verification will compare the air pressures contained in the receiver tanks both before and after the diesel generator start, thus verifying the operability of the air start control valves. The proposed testing methodology at the increased frequency satisfies the intent of the Section XI requirements without posing undue hardships or difficulties.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Relief granted NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-14

"-DELETED-"

Deleted relief request VR-14. This was a request for exemption for position indicating tests for solenoid operated valves. Alternate testing allowed by the ASME Code will be used instead.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-15

1. Valve Numbers:

1CV8481A, B	2CV8481A, B
1CV8546	2CV8546
1SI8815	2SI8815
1SI8819A-D	2SI8819A-D
1SI8841A,B	2SI8841A,B
1SI8900A-D	2SI8900A-D
1SI8905A-D	2SI8905A-D
1SI8949A-D	2SI8949A-D

2. Number of Valves: 44

3. ASME Code Category: AC

4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Check valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns per IWV-3412 and IWV-3522.

5. Basis for Relief:

The full stroke exercising of check valves not stroked quarterly is required to be performed during cold shutdowns. However, the stroking of check valves 1/2SI8815, 1/2SI8900A-D, 1/2SI8949A-D, and 1/2SI8841A,B, associated with Emergency Core Cooling System, during cold shutdowns will induce thermal stresses on their respective reactor vessel nozzles as the Reactor Coolant System (maintained approximately 180° F) is injected with water from the Refueling Water Storage Tank (maintained approximately 65° F). This also applies to the stroking of check valves 1/2CV8546 and 1/2CV8481A,B because the full stroke of these check valves causes stroking of 1/2SI8815 and 1/2SI8900A-D located in the full flow path.

Additionally, Byron Station Technical Specifications require all Safety Injection Pumps and all but one Charging Pump to be inoperable during Modes 4, 5, and 6, except when the reactor vessel head is removed. This requirement minimizes the possibility of low temperature over-pressurization of the Reactor Coolant System. Therefore, check valves 1/2SI8819A-D, 1/2SI8905A-D, and 1/2SI8949A-D, cannot be full stroke exercised during routine Mode 5 cold shutdowns as required by IWV-3412 and IWV-3522.

In addition to the stroke test exercise used to verify operational readiness of these check valves, the act of such stroking cause the necessity for Technical Specification required leak rate testing of these valves prior to unit criticality. This testing, in conjunction with the stroke exercising of these check valves, adds approximately one week to the duration of any outage and additional radiation exposure to workers who must connect flowmeters and differential pressure gauges directly to pipes containing radioactive fluids.

Alternate Testing:

6. Byron Station's Technical Specifications require routine leak rate testing to be performed on these Reactor Coolant System Boundary Isolation check valves if the unit is in Cold Shutdown for greater than 72 hours and such leak rate testing has not been performed within the previous nine months. Therefore, Byron Station will stroke exercise check valves 1/2SI8815, 1/2SI8900A-D, and 1/2SI8841A,B on the same schedule. To prevent unnecessary stroking of check valves 1/2SI8815 and 1/2SI8900A-D, check valves 1/2CV8546 and 1/2CV8481A,B will be stroke exercised on the same schedule as check valves 1/2SI8815, 1/2SI8900A-D and 1/2SI8841A,B. Additionally, stroke exercising of check valves 1/2SI8819A-D, 1/2SI8949A-D, and 1/2SI8905A-D can only be safely performed in Mode 6 with the Reactor Vessel head removed. Full stroke exercising of these check valves will be performed at a minimum frequency of once each refueling outage.

7. Justification:

Stroke exercising the 1/2CV8481A, B, 1/2CV8546, and 1/2SI8815, 1/2SI8900A-D, and 1/2SI8841A, B check valves on the same schedule as their required Technical Specification Reactor Coolant System Boundary Isolation leak rate testing will allow the coordination of testing activities without imposing additional check valve leak rate testing requirements. Such activity coordination will optimize testing efforts and resources while adequately maintaining the system in a state of operational readiness. Valves 1/2SI8949A-D, 1/2SI8905A-D and 1/2SI8819A-D can not be stroked during cold shutdown without exceeding Technical Specification limiting condition for operation (LCU 3/4.5.3). Since stroking these valves requires starting an SI pump, stroke exercising check valves 1/2SI8819A-D, 1/2SI8905A-D and 1/2SI8949A-D at least once per Reactor Refueling mode of operation, will insure compliance with Byron Station technical Specifications and minimize the possibility of low temperature over-pressurization of the reactor Coolant System.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88 for valves 1/2SI8819A-D, 1/2SI8905A-D, and 1/2SI8949A-D; relief denied per SER 9/15/88 for valves 1/2SI8815, 1/2SI8841A,B, 1/2SI8900A-D.
- b. Revised (to address NRC concerns) in Byron response to SER 12/16/90 (Byron Station Letter 88-1321).
- c. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- d. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-16

1. Valve Numbers: 1SI8811A, B 2SI8811A, B
2. Number of Valves: 4
3. ASME Code Category: B
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns per IWR-3412.

5. Basis for Relief:

The full stroke exercising of valves not stroked quarterly is required to be performed during cold shutdowns. However, the stroking of the Containment Sump Outlet Isolation Valves, 1/2SI8811A,B requires the suction of the Residual Heat Removal Pumps to be drained, thus rendering one train of the system inoperable.

For Cold Shutdown operations with the Reactor Coolant Loops filled and one train of Residual Heat Removal declared inoperable, Byron Station's Technical Specifications require two steam generators with a secondary side narrow range water level greater than 41% (Unit 1) and greater than 18% (Unit2). However, if the cold shutdown was necessitated by a problem requiring draining of the secondary side of the Steam Generators (i.e. tube leaks), Byron Station's Technical Specification 3.4.1.4.1 would preclude the testing of the containment sump outlet isolation valves until such time as the affected steam generators had been refilled.

For Cold Shutdown operations with the Reactor Coolant Loops not filled (i.e. drained down to support Reactor Vessel Incore Seal Table, Loop Stop Valve, Reactor Coolant Pump and Seal Maintenance or primary leakage), Byron Station's Technical Specification 3.4.1.4.2 would preclude the testing of the Containment Sump Outlet Isolation Valves as it mandates that "two residual heat removal (RHR) Loops shall be operable and at least one RHR Loop shall be in operation".

6. Alternate Testing:

Byron Station will full stroke exercise the Containment Sump Outlet Isolation Valves, 1/2SI8811A, B during refueling outages vice cold shutdown.

7. Justification:

The full stroke testing of the 1/2SI8811A, B valves; in conjunction with system draining, filling and venting of each train, accounts for an additional six days (3 days per train) of scheduling requirements and increased radiation dose to operators and radiological control personnel. Processing of thousands of gallons of contaminated water, and subsequent required liquid effluent discharges would also result from the draining, refilling and venting of the RHR system. This time duration required to perform the surveillance testing of the Containment Sump Outlet Isolation Valves during Cold Shutdown activities, could, as a result, cause a violation of the action requirements for Byron Station's Technical specifications 3.4.1.4.1 and 3.4.1.4.2. The violations would occur since these action statements require (as noted in their respective foot note sections) the return of the inoperable residual heat removal loop to service within 2 hours, if such loop was removed for surveillance testing provided the other RHR Loop is operable and in operation.

In addition, NRC Generic Letter 88-17, Loss of Decay Heat Removal, highlights the consequences of a loss of RH during reduced Reactor Coolant System inventory (below three feet below the reactor vessel flange). If the operating RH pump is lost due to air entrapment, and the other train is inoperable for the stroke test, then the "operable" train must be vented to restore decay heat removal. Under worst conditions, boiling in the core would occur in approximately 10 minutes, the core would be uncovered in approximately 30 minutes, and fuel damage would occur in approximately 1 hour.

Given the apparent disparity between the Technical Specification time requirements for an inoperable RHR Loop return to service (2 hours) and the time required to perform surveillance stroke testing of the Containment Sump Outlet Isolation valves (3 days) during Cold Shutdown, the proposed alternate testing frequency of refueling outage periodicity will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, while not imposing undue hardships or sacrificing the safety of the plant.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter, during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief denied per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Revised (to address NRC concerns) in Byron response to SER 12/16/90.
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-17

1. Valve Numbers: 1SX101A 2SX101A
2. Number of Valves: 2
3. ASME Code Category: B
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Stroke time and trend the stroke time for power operated valves per IWV-3413 and IWV-3417.

5. Basis for Relief:

1/2SX101A are the essential service water outlet isolation valves for the Unit 1/2 motor driven auxiliary feedwater pump lube oil coolers. These valves are completely encapsulated per design and do not have local or remote position indicators which could be used to time the valve stroke.

6. Alternate Testing:

1/2SX101A will be verified to open during each quarterly ASME surveillance of the motor driven auxiliary feedwater pumps. In addition, these valves are stroked monthly during auxiliary feedwater pump surveillances required by Byron Station Technical Specifications.

7. Justification:

These valves will be stroke exercised to their required safety positions each month during the motor driven auxiliary feedwater pump surveillances. This testing will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, while not sacrificing the safety of the plant.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per SER 9/15/88.
- b. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- c. Relief granted per SER 9/14/90.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-18

"-DELETED-"

Deleted relief request VR-18 and re-organized into several new and existing relief requests per NRC suggestion: VR-5, VR-8, VR-9, VR-10, VR-23, VR-24.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-19

1. Valve Numbers: 1AF001A 2AF001A
 1AF001B 2AF001B

2. Number of Valves: 4

3. ASME Code Category: AC and C

4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirement:

Exercise check valves to the position required to fulfill their function (open = Ct; closed = Bt), unless such operation is not practical during plant operation, per IWV-3522.

5. Basis for Relief:

Adequate closure capabilities of these valves can not be verified by performing a back pressure test due to the multiple boundary isolation points. This configuration makes it impossible to assign any observed leakage to any individual component.

6. Alternate Testing:

The A train and B train valves are of the same design (manufacturer, size, model number, and materials construction) and have the same service conditions, including orientation, therefore they form a sample disassembly group

Group 1	Group 2
1AF001A	2AF001A
1AF001B	2AF001B

One valve from each group, on a per unit basis, will be tested each refueling outage. If the disassembled valve is not capable of being full-stroke exercised or if there is binding or failure of valve internals, the remaining valve on the affected unit will be inspected.

7. Justification:

Performing a pressure test to verify closure is impractical due to the system configuration. To perform this test it would be necessary to attach a pump to a test connection and pressurize the line containing the valve. However, this line also contains many potential leakage paths (valves, pump seal, and instrument lines). It is impossible to assign a leakage value to any specific path.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-19 Cont.7. Justification: (cont)

The alternate test frequency is justifiable in that removal of these valves requires that the system be taken out of service for an extended period of time. Due to Safety System Performance, Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA), and availability concerns involving the Auxiliary Feedwater system these valves cannot be removed on a quarterly frequency without impacting plant safety. Maintenance history and previous inspections of these valves at Byron and Braidwood stations has shown no evidence of degradation or impairment. Industry experience, as documented in NPRDS, showed no history of problems with these valves. A company wide check valve evaluation addressing the "EPRI Applications Guidelines for Check Valves in Nuclear Power Plants" revealed that the location, orientation and application of these valves are not conducive to the type of wear or degradation correlated with SOER 86-03 type problems. However, they still required some level of monitoring to detect hidden problems.

The alternate test method is sufficient to insure operability of these valves and is consistent with Generic Letter 89-04.

Although these valves will be stroke tested per the ASME Section XI code requirements for cold shutdown valves, they also have an additional Technical Specification requirement. Per note 12 these valves are full stroke tested during cold shutdown in accordance with Technical Specification 4.7.1.2.2 which insures the operability of the Auxiliary Feedwater flow path to each steam generator by verifying flow to each steam generator following each cold shutdown of 30 days prior to entering Mode 2. Testing at this frequency is sufficient to insure operability of this system and forms the basis of this Technical Specification.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

- a. Relief granted per NRC Generic Letter 89-04.
- b. Revised to include more detail on only AF valves in response to 5/7/91 NRC teleconference; relief granted per Generic Letter 89-04.

DRAFT RELIEF REQUEST VR-20

1. <u>Valve Numbers:</u>	1/2AF006A	1/2CV8116	1/2PS9357A,B	1/2SI8813
	1/2AF006B	1/2CV8152	1/2RE1003	1/2SI8814
	1/2AF013A-H	1/2CV8160	1/2RE9170	1/2SI8821A,B
	1/2AF017A,B	1/2CV8804A	1/2RF026	1/2SI8835
	1/2CC685	1/2FP010	1/2RF027	1/2SF8840
	1/2CC9412A,B	1/2FW009A-D	1/2RH8701A,B	1/2SI8880
	1/2CC9413A	1/2FW035A-D	1/2RH8702A,B	1/2SI8888
	1/2CC9414	1/2FW039A-D	1/2RY455A	1/2SI8920
	1/2CC9416	1/2FW043A-D	1/2RY456	1/2SI8924
	1/2CC9437A,B	1/2IA065	1/2RY8000A,B	1/2SI8964
	1/2CC9438	1/2IA066	1/2RY8025	1/2SX016A,B
	1/2CC9473A,B	1/2MS001A-D	1/2RY8026	1/2SX027A,B
	1/2CS001A,B	1/2MS101A-D	1/2RY8028	1/2SX112A,B
	1/2CS007A,B	1/2OG057A	1/2SA032	1/2SX114A,B
	1/2CS009A,B	1/2OG079	1/2SA033	1/2SX169A,B
	1/2CS019A,B	1/2OG080	1SD002A-H	1/2SX173
	1/2CV112B-E	112OG081	1/2SD005A-D	1/2SX178
	1/2CV8100	1/2OG082	1/2SI8801A,B	1/2VQ001A,B
	1/2CV8104	1/2OG083	1/2SI8802A,B	1/2VQ002A,B
	1/2CV8105	1/2OG084	1/2SI8804B	1/2VQ003
	1/2CV8106	1/2OG085	1/2SI8806	1/2VQ004A,B
	1/2CV8110	1/2PR001A,B	1/2SI8807A,B	1/2VQ005A-C
	1/2CV8111	1/2PS9354A,B	1/2SI8809A,B	1/2WO006A,B
	1/2CV8112	1/2PS9355A,B	1/2SI8811A,B	1/2WO020A,B
	1/2CV8114	1/2PS9356A,B	1/2SI8812A,B	1/2WO056A,B

2. Number of Items: 340
3. ASME Code Category: A and B
4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Verification, by trending of power-operated valve stroke times, that an increase in stroke time of 25% or more from the previous test valves with full stroke times greater than 10 seconds), or 50% or more (for valves with full stroke times less than or equal to 10 seconds) does not occur, per IWV-3417(a) (see Technical Approach and Position VA-04).

5. Basis for Relief:

Trending stroke times, based on the percent change from the previous test, as ASME Section XI requires, allows gradual degradation to occur over a long period of time without triggering the additional trending attention that increased testing frequency requires. An improved method of component performance monitoring is proposed, which will require a valve to be placed on increased test frequency based on the percent change from the fixed reference value established via NRC Generic Letter 89-04, Attachment 1, Position 5.

DRAFT RELIEF REQUEST VR-20

6. Alternate Testing:

For all power-operated valves which normally stroke in greater than two seconds, an ALERT RANGE will be established based on reaching a given percent change from the reference value established via NRC Generic Letter 89-04. The following table will be used as a starting point in evaluation of this fixed ALERT RANGE:

VALUE TYPE	REFERENCE STROKE TIME (Tref)	ALERT RANGE	REQUIRED ACTION VALUE
SOV's HOV's AOV's	> 10 sec.	(1.25)(Tref)-(1.75)(Tref) or (Tref+10 sec)-(Tref+20 sec)	> (1.75)(Tref) or > (Tref + 20 sec)
MOV's	> 10 sec.	(1.15)(Tref)-(1.25)(Tref) or (Tref+10 sec)-(Tref+20 sec)	> (1.25)(Tref) or > (Tref + 20 sec)

- Notes:
- A. Fast acting valves (valves which normally stroke in less than 2 seconds consistently) are included in Relief Request VR-12. These valves are not assigned ALERT RANGES and are not trended.
 - B. In all cases, the REQUIRED ACTION VALUE cannot exceed Technical Specification or UFSAR values, regardless of calculated values.
 - C. The above Table is a guideline and cannot cover all valves. The ALERT RANGES and REQUIRED ACTION VALUES are selected based on the comparison between the REFERENCE VALUE, limiting value given in Technical Specifications/UFSAR, and calculated values using the table above:
 - 1) All values are rounded to the nearest whole second.
 - 2) Valves which serve the same function on dual trains (i.e., 1CC9473A and 1CC9473B) and dual units (i.e., 1CC9473A and 2CC9473A) are assigned the same REQUIRED ACTION/ALERT RANGE VALUES based on human factors considerations, unless valve or system design differences exist between the trains/units.

Refer to IST Technical Approach and Position VA-04 for related information.

DRAFT RELIEF REQUEST VR-20

7. Justification:

Using fixed ALERT RANGES based on the valve REFERENCE VALUE established when the valve was known to be operating acceptably will ensure that gradual valve performance degradation is monitored and evaluated, by placing the valve on increased testing frequency when the stroke time exceeds a fixed multiple of the REFERENCE VALUE. This method is superior to that required by the ASME Code in that the point of reference used to evaluate the performance trend on a valve remains fixed. This alternative utilizes the same stroke time percentage change values as required by the ASME Code to place a valve on increased frequency testing.

8. Applicable Time Period:

This relief is requested once per quarter, during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

Since this relief request is a new submittal and is not specifically addressed in NRC Generic Letter 89-04, it is NOT approved for use. Formal written approval from the NRC is required prior to implementation. Expeditious review and approval are requested.

DRAFT
RELIEF REQUEST VR-21

"WITHDRAWN"

This relief request was in draft form and was later withdrawn per SER 9/14/90.

INTERIM
RELIEF REQUEST VR-22

"WITHDRAWN"

The relief request was in interim form and was later withdrawn.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-231. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

1RY8046 (2) 2RY8046 (2) (Primary Water supply to PRT)
 1RY8047 (2) 2RY8047 (2) (Nitrogen supply to PRT)

2. Number of Valves: 43. ASME Code Category: AC4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Relief requested from the 3 month test frequency for the backflow (BT) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

5. Basis for Relief:

A. 1/2RY8046

These valves are located on the Primary Water (PW) supply line to the Pressurizer Relief Tank (PRT) and to the Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) standpipes. Their safety function in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions. Their function in the open direction is to provide PW to the PRT and RCP standpipes.

Testing these valves to the closed position while the Reactor Coolant Pumps are in operation could result in a loss of seal flow to the pumps and eventual pump damage and/or trip.

B. 1/2RY8047

These valves are located on the nitrogen supply line to the Pressurizer Relief Tank (PRT). Their safety function in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Testing these valves to the closed position could cause the loss of the Nitrogen blanket maintained in the Pressurizer Relief Tank to prevent the creation of an explosive atmosphere.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-23 cont.6. Alternate Testing:

A. 1/2RY8046

These valves will be backflow tested (BT) at cold shutdown provided all of the Reactor Coolant Pumps are not in operation (RCP's will not necessarily be secured for the sole purpose of the performing this test). The testing period will be each refueling outage as a minimum, but no more frequently than once per quarter. The backflow test will be performed in conjunction with their leakage test.

B. 1/2RY8047

These valves will be backflow tested (BT) each refueling outage. The backflow test will be performed in conjunction with their leakage test.

7. Justification:

A. 1/2RY8046

This alternate frequency will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, by testing these valves as often as safely possible. Shutting down the RCP's and the subsequent restarting incurs a reactor vessel overpressurization risk. In addition, it is operationally undesirable due to the time and manpower involved in starting an RCP. Also, an operator is required to observe the RCP shaft rotation upon starting. Stopping and starting RCP's would add unnecessary radiation exposure (approximately 20 mRem).

B. 1/2RY8047

This alternate frequency will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, by testing these valves as often as safely possible. This frequency will avoid placing the plant in the unsafe condition which would result from removing the protective Nitrogen blanket from the Pressurizer Relief Tank. Removal of this blanket could result in the creation of an explosive mixture of Hydrogen and Oxygen.

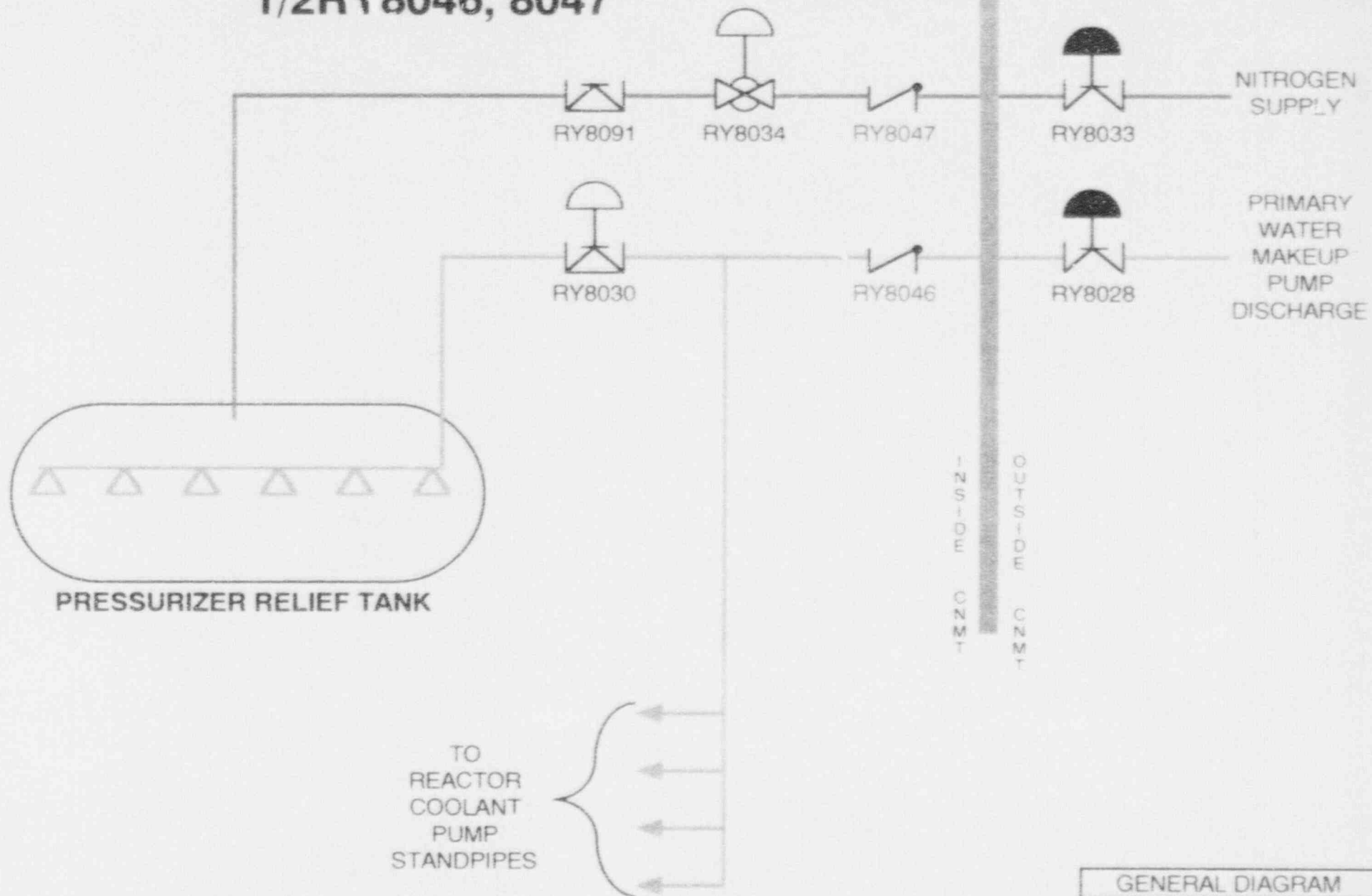
8. Applicable Status:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

Relief Pending

1/2 RY8046, 8047



GENERAL DIAGRAM
FOR INFORMATION ONLY
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RELIEF REQUEST VR-241. Valve Number (ASME Code Class):

1W0007A, B (2) 2W0007A, B (2)

2. Number of Valves: 43. ASME Code Category: AC4. ASME Code, Section XI Requirements:

Relief requested from the 3 month test frequency for the backflow (PT) test as stated in ASME Section XI IWV-3521: "Check Valves shall be exercised at least once every 3 months, except as provided by IWV-3522". IWV-3522 states that valves that cannot be exercised during plant operation shall be specifically identified by the owner and shall be full stroke exercised during cold shutdowns.

5. Basis for Relief:

These valves are located inside containment on the Chilled Water supply lines to the Reactor Containment Fan Coolers (RCFC) chilled water coils. Their safety function in the closed direction is to provide a leak-tight barrier between the containment atmosphere and the environment during accident conditions.

Testing these valves to the closed position on either a quarterly or cold shutdown frequency would cause undue hardship with no compensating return in plant safety.

6. Alternate Testing:

These valves will be backflow tested (BT) each refueling outage. The backflow test will be performed in conjunction with their leakage test.

RELIEF REQUEST VR-24 cont.7. Justification:

This alternate frequency will adequately maintain the system in a state of operational readiness, by testing these valves as often as is practical. Backflow testing of these valves during operation or at cold shutdown would involve removing this system from service for approximately three (3) days per valve to complete. This includes approximately two (2) days to drain approximately 3000 gallons of Chilled Water from the RCFC coils and approximately one (1) day to fill and vent the isolated portions of the piping. Therefore, the time required for test execution and preparation and the processing of such a large quantity of water make it impractical to perform this test on anything other than a refueling frequency.

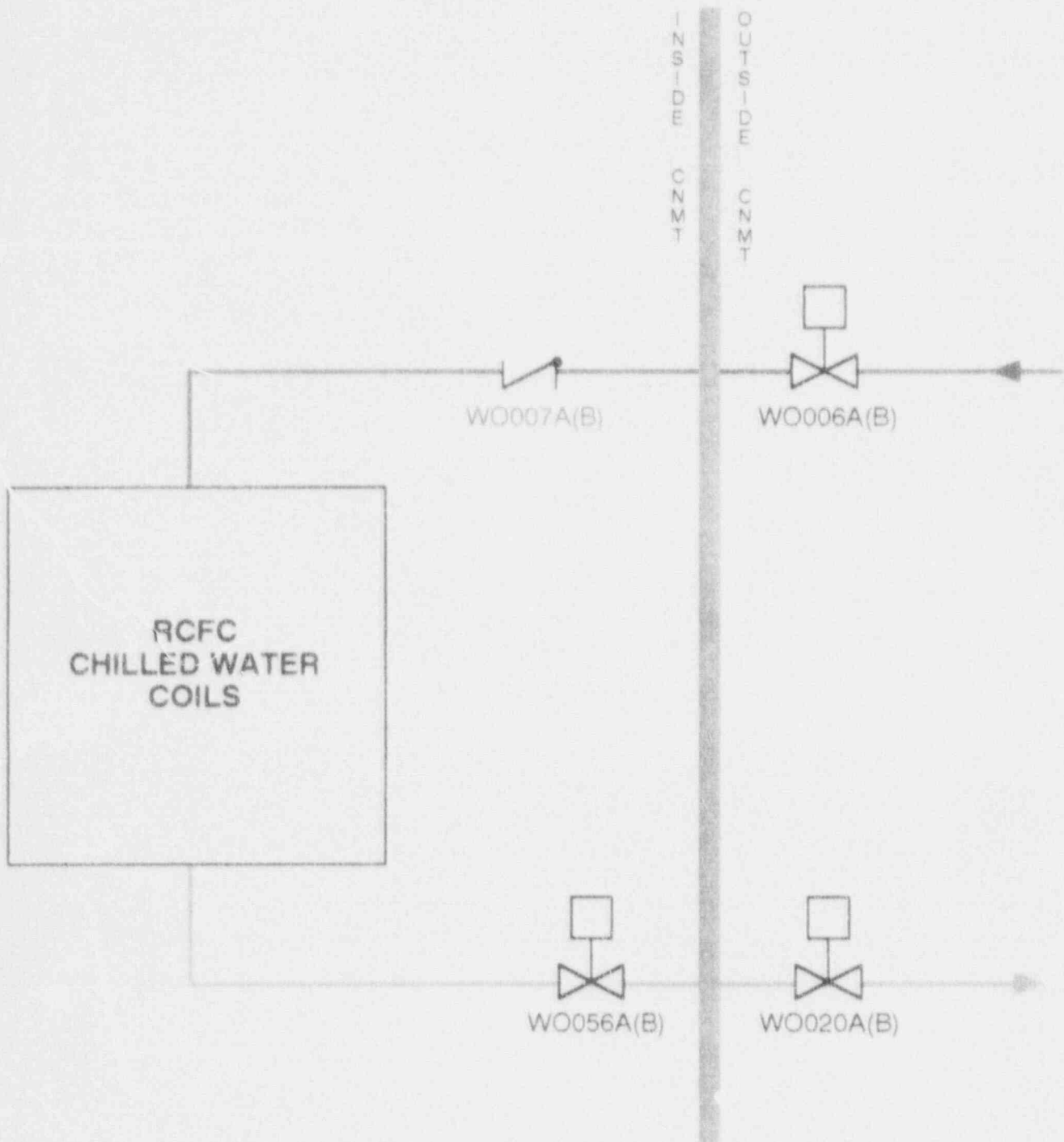
8. Applicable Status:

This relief is requested once per quarter during the first inspection interval.

9. Approval Status:

Relief Pending

1/2WO007A/B



GENERAL DIAGRAM
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M118-5