



Job No. 11406-130
6600-1

CALCULATION COVER SHEET

DISCIPLINE Civil/Struct.



Calc. No. 11406-130
No. of Sheets 31

TITLE

A. P. & L. AUXILIARY BLDG. MISCELLANEOUS

SUBJECT

Spent Fuel Shipping Cask drop.

STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

In case of shipping cask drop in the 4th story
with impact on the floor, the floor was assumed to
be intact and was sufficient to support the cask to
allow it to fall without damage.

SAR CHECKED ☒

SAR CHANGE REQ'D ☐

SAR CHANGE
NOTICE INITIATED ☐

SOURCES OF DATA

Max. vert. dist. 9', Cask diameter 6'-0"
Concrete strength test = 467, 500, 551, 632.
Rein. min. characteristics per AASHTO Test Code for 4000 psi.
(FOR SH. 13-21) CASK DIMENSIONS 4'-2"

SOURCES OF FORMULAE & REFERENCES

ACI 318-71, Structures to resist the effects of accidental explosion
TM5-1300 Dept of the Army, June 1969
BC-TOP 9A 1212, CATALOGUE "TSE 122" FROM HEYCEL
"DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRU." BY WINTER, URBAN, O'ROURKE,
AND NILSON, 7TH ED. ACI-318-63

PRELIMINARY CALC ☐

FINAL CALC ☒

SUPERSEDES CALC NO. _____

REV. NO.	REVISION	CALCULATION BY	DATE	CHECKED BY	DATE	APPROVED BY	DATE
2	SH. 27-31	F. CHEN	9/78	T. Yeh	10/78	[Signature]	10/11/78
1	SH. 13-26	F. CHEN	3/78	BCM, Connell	3-25-78	[Signature]	10/11/78
	Final calc 1-125	Latouche	7-78		4-78	[Signature]	4/26/78



CALCULATION SHEET

0510 (11-74)

DESIGN BY L. T. Jerng DATE Feb 76 CHECKED BY KK's SHEET NO. 1
 PROJECT A #2 L - Aux 2-12 Unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-13
 SUBJECT Cable D-r CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-20

The calculation of unit "Cable drop" is followed the same procedure of unit #2

Data: Between (C) and (D)

Bottom rebar (#11 @ 6" & #11 @ 12") See DWG C-212

Top rebar (#10 @ 12") See DWG C-312

Stirrups 7-#5 per set @ 12" See DWG C-212

Based on actual field certificates (See File 2-230)

$$F_y = 43.7 \text{ ksi} \quad (SHT 12A) \quad \text{Aux. Bldg.}$$

Concrete compressive strength is assumed $f'_c = 6500$ which is based on actual 6" x 12" cylinder. Strengths at 28 and 90 days extrapolated to four years. Because this part of concrete was approximately placed in Jan 1977 (SHT 12A)

From Table 5-3 "Structures to resist the effects of accidental explosions" TM5-1300 D-PT. of the Army, Washington D.C. Dated June 1969

Dynamic Increase Factor D.I.F. = 1.10

Slab $D = 3'-6"$ effective $d = 38"$ $d' = 3"$

Cable WT. $W_o = 225 \text{ K}$

$$E_c = 57,000 \sqrt{f'_c} = 57,000 \sqrt{6500} = 460,000 \text{ psi}$$

Poisson's Ratio $\nu = 0.2$

$$\text{Shear modulus } G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)} = \frac{460,000 \text{ ksi}}{2(1+0.2)} = 192,000 \text{ ksi}$$

Assumed slab $D = 3'-0"$ $d = 21"$

Rebar #5 $F_y = 55.2 \text{ ksi}$

From field certificates
File 2-2300

0057



CALCULATION SHEET

DB10 (11-74)

DESIGN BY L. T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY KV SHEET NO. 2
 PROJECT A F - L AUX. Bldg. unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-13
 SUBJECT Curb Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

Slab @ 404's Between (C) & (D)

$$L \text{ at } B = 18'-0" = 216" \quad \frac{T_{ud}}{M_u} = 1.0$$

$$\rho = 0.0103 \left(= \frac{3 \times 1.56}{12 \times 38} \right)$$

$$W_{HL} = 0.15 \times 3.5 \times 18 = 9.45 \text{ K/FT}$$

$$A = 42 \times 216 = 9072 \text{ IN}^2$$

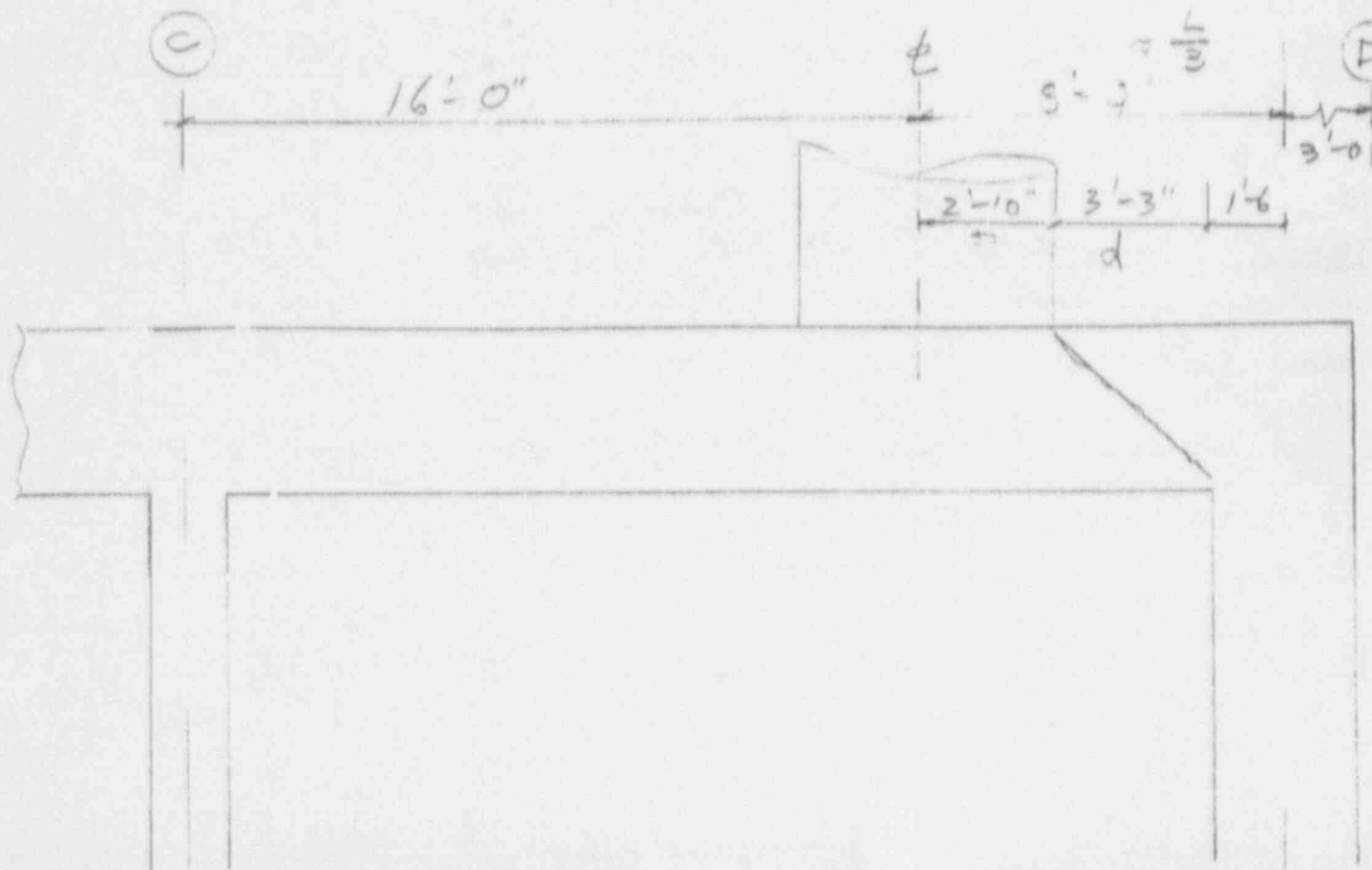
$$I_g = \frac{BD^3}{12} = \frac{216 \times 42^3}{12} = 1333,584 \text{ IN}^4$$

Allowable shear at a distance from support

$$V_c = [1.9 \sqrt{f'_c} + 2500 \rho \frac{T_{ud}}{M_u}] (DIF)$$

$$V_c = [1.9 \sqrt{6500} + 2500 \times 0.0103 \times 1] 1.1$$

$$= (153.5 + 25.7) 1.1 = 179 \text{ PSI}$$



0058



CALCULATION SHEET

DB 10 (11-76)

DESIGN BY L.T. Chang DATE 1/16/76 CHECKED BY KK SHEET NO. 3
 PROJECT A.P.L. Aux. Bldg. Unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Cable Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11416-130

$$V_c = v_c B d = 0.179 \times 216 \times 38 = 1469.5$$

$$A_s f_y = 3(5 \times 0.31 \times 55.2) = 257 \quad \Sigma V_c = 1726$$

Available shear resistant force R_s

$$R_s = \frac{(2V_c - w_u C_1) L}{C_2 / 3} = \frac{1726 - 9.45 \times 7.53}{2/3} = 2482^K$$

$$\therefore R_s = 2482 \text{ kips}$$

Slab Response

(a) Initial Mode

Modulus of Rupture

$$f_r = 7.5 \sqrt{f'_c} \quad D=F = 7.5 \sqrt{6500} \times 1.1 = 666 \text{ PSI}$$

Cracking moment

$$M_{cr} = f_r S = 0.666 \left(\frac{216 \times 42^2}{6} \right) = 42,294 = 3524 \quad \text{K-FT}$$

$$M_{uL} = \frac{w_u L^2}{12} = \frac{9.45 \times 24^2}{12} = 453.6 \quad \text{K-FT} = 5443.2 \quad \text{K-4}$$

Find available R_{cr}

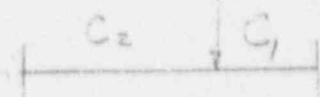
$$R_{cr} = \frac{(M_{cr} - M_{uL}) L^2}{C_1 C_2^2} = \frac{(42,294 - 5443) L^2}{\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^2 \times 24 \times 12} = 863.7^K$$

Displacement at point of load

(Both bending & shear)

$$S_{cr} = \frac{R_{cr} C_1^3 C_2^3}{3 E_c I_g L^3} + \frac{R_{cr} C_1 C_2}{G A L} + \frac{w_u C_1^3 C_2^2}{24 E_c I_g} + \frac{w_u L^2}{6 G A}$$

$$R_{cr} = 864^K$$



6500



CALCULATION SHEET

0510 (11-74)

DESIGN BY L. T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY W.S. SHEET NO. 4
 PROJECT A F 2 L Aux Pldg Unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Cable Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11466-130

AT one-third point

$$\delta_{cr} = \frac{864' \times 96^3 \times 0.67^3}{3 \times 4600 \times 1333.584} + \frac{864' \times 96 \times 0.67}{1920 \times 9072}$$

$$+ \frac{9.45 \times 8^2 \times 16^2 \times 1728}{24 \times 4600 \times 1333.584} + \frac{9.45 \times 24^2 \times 12}{6 \times 1920 \times 9072}$$

$$= 0.01248 + 0.00319 + 0.00182 + 0.00062$$

$$\delta_{cr} = 0.01811$$

(b) First Mode

Moment capacity

$$A_s' = 1.27 \times 18 = 22.86 \square$$

$$A_s = 3 \times 1.56 \times 18 = 84.24$$

$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f_c' B} = \frac{84.24 \times 48.3}{0.85 \times 6.5 \times 216} = 3.4''$$

$$+ M_u = A_s' f_y (d - d') + (A_s - A_s') f_y \left(1 - \frac{a}{2}\right)$$

$$M_u = 22.86 \times 48.3 (38 - 3) + (84.24 - 22.86) 48.3 \left(38 - \frac{3.4}{2}\right)$$

$$= 38644.8 + 107616.9 = 146261.7 \text{ K-in}$$

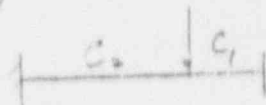
$$M_u = 12,188 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$M_u' = A_s' f_y (d - d') = 22.86 \times 48.3 (38 - 3)$$

$$M_u' = 38644.8 \text{ K-in} = 3220 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$R_1 = \frac{(M_u' - M_{u1}) L^2}{C_1 C_2^2} = \frac{3220 - 454}{8 \times \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)^2}$$

$$R_1 = 778 \text{ Kips}$$

R₁ = 77.



CALCULATION SHEET

0510 (11-76)

DESIGN BY L.T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY W.L. SHEET NO. 5
 PROJECT A P 2 L Aux. Bldg. JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUB. "CC" Cash Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

(c) Second Mode

$$M_{F2L} = \frac{w_{DL} L^2}{8} = \frac{9.45 \times 24^2}{8}$$

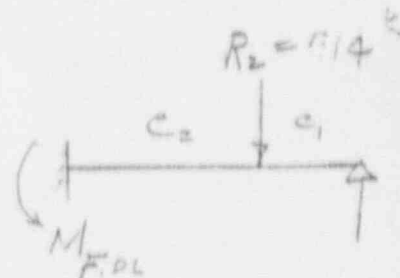
$$M_{F2L} = 680.4 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{2L^2 (M_u' - M_{F2L})}{C_1 C_2 (C_1 + L)}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{2 \times 24^2 (7220 - 680)}{8 \times 16 \times 32} = 714.4 \text{ K}$$

$$R_1 \text{ \& } R_2 < R_{cr}$$

Therefore the top reinforcement will pull out about the same time or shortly after concrete cracks



(d) Third Mode

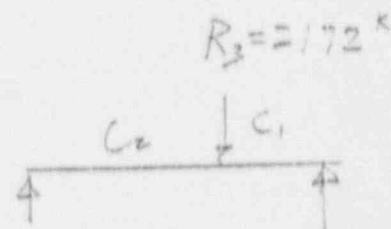
$$M_p = \frac{w_{DL} C_1 C_2}{2}$$

$$M_p = \frac{9.45 \times 8 \times 16}{2} = 604.8 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{(M_u - M_p)L}{C_1 C_2} = \frac{(12188 - 605) 24}{8 \times 16}$$

$$R_3 = 2172 \text{ K} < R_2 = 2482 \text{ K}$$

The slab failure will be governed in flexural mode.





DESIGN BY L.T. Chana DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY KK SHEET NO. 6
 PROJECT APZL Aux. Blig unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Crate Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

$$\frac{M_{cr}}{M_u} = \frac{M_{cr}}{M_u} = \frac{3524^{K\cdot ft}}{12.188^{K\cdot ft}} = 0.289$$

$$\left(\frac{M_{cr}}{M_u}\right)^3 = 0.0242$$

$$p_n = 0.0103 \times 6.5 = 0.067$$

From Figure 4-1 BC TOP 9A REV. 2

$$F = 0.043$$

$$I_{cr} = F b d^3 = 0.043 \times 216 \times 38^3 = 509,651 \text{ in}^4$$

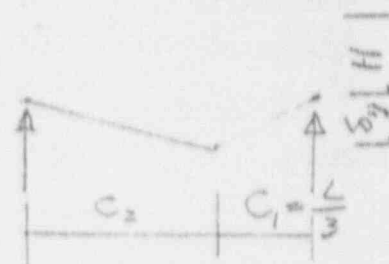
ACI-318-71 Section 9.5 Eq. 9-4

$$I_e = \left(\frac{M_{cr}}{M_u}\right)^3 I_g + \left[1 - \left(\frac{M_{cr}}{M_u}\right)^3\right] I_{cr}$$

$$I_e = 0.0242 \times 1333,524 + [1 - 0.0242] 509,651$$

$$I_e = 322,72.7 + 497,317.4 = 529,590.1 \text{ in}^4$$

$$\delta_y = \frac{R_3 C_1^2 C_2^2}{3 E_c I_e L} + \frac{R_3 C_1 C_2}{G A L} + \frac{w_{DL} L^2}{6 G A} + \frac{w_{DL}}{24 E I_e} (L^3 - 2 L C_1^2 + C_1^3)$$



$$\delta_y = \frac{2172 \times 76^2 \times 192^2}{3 \times 4600 \times 529,590 \times 288}$$

$$+ \frac{2172 \times 76 \times 192}{1920 \times 288 \times 9072} + \frac{9.45 \times 24^2 \times 12}{6 \times 1920 \times 9072}$$

$$+ \frac{9.45 \times 8}{24 \times 4600 \times 529,590} (288^3 - 2 \times 288 \times 76^2 + 76^3)$$

$$\delta_y = 0.3506 + 0.00798 + 0.000625 + 0.03775 = 0.397 \text{ in}$$

00662



DESIGN BY L.T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY WMC SHEET NO. 7
 PROJECT A P & L Aux. Bldg unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Cask Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

Energy Balance:

The slab will deform to three plastic hinges

$$\lambda W_0 H + W_0 \mu \delta_y + \frac{D}{2} \mu \delta_y = R_3 \delta_y (\mu - \frac{1}{2})$$

where

$$D = 0.15 \times 3.5 \times 18 (24 - 2.25) = 205.5$$

$$\lambda = \frac{W_0}{W_0 + D} = \frac{225}{225 + 103} = 0.686$$

$$0.686 \times 225 \times 9 + 225 \times 0.397 \mu + 103 \times 0.397 \mu = 2172 \times 0.397 (\mu - 0.5)$$

$$\mu = \frac{1389 + 431}{862 - 89 - 41} = 2.44 < \mu_c = 10$$

Available bending strain energy

$$B.E = R_3 \delta_y (\mu_{max} - \frac{1}{2}) = 2172 \times 0.397 (10 - 0.5) = 8192 \text{ K-in}$$

$$\mu \delta_y = 2.45 \times 0.397 = 0.99" = \delta_1$$

Cask drop energy transmitted to slab

$$K.E = W_0 [\lambda H + \mu \delta_y] + \frac{D}{2} \mu \delta_y$$

$$K.E = 225 [0.686 \times 9 + 2.49 \times 0.397] + 103 \times 0.99 = 1944 + 102 = 2046 \text{ K-in}$$

0063

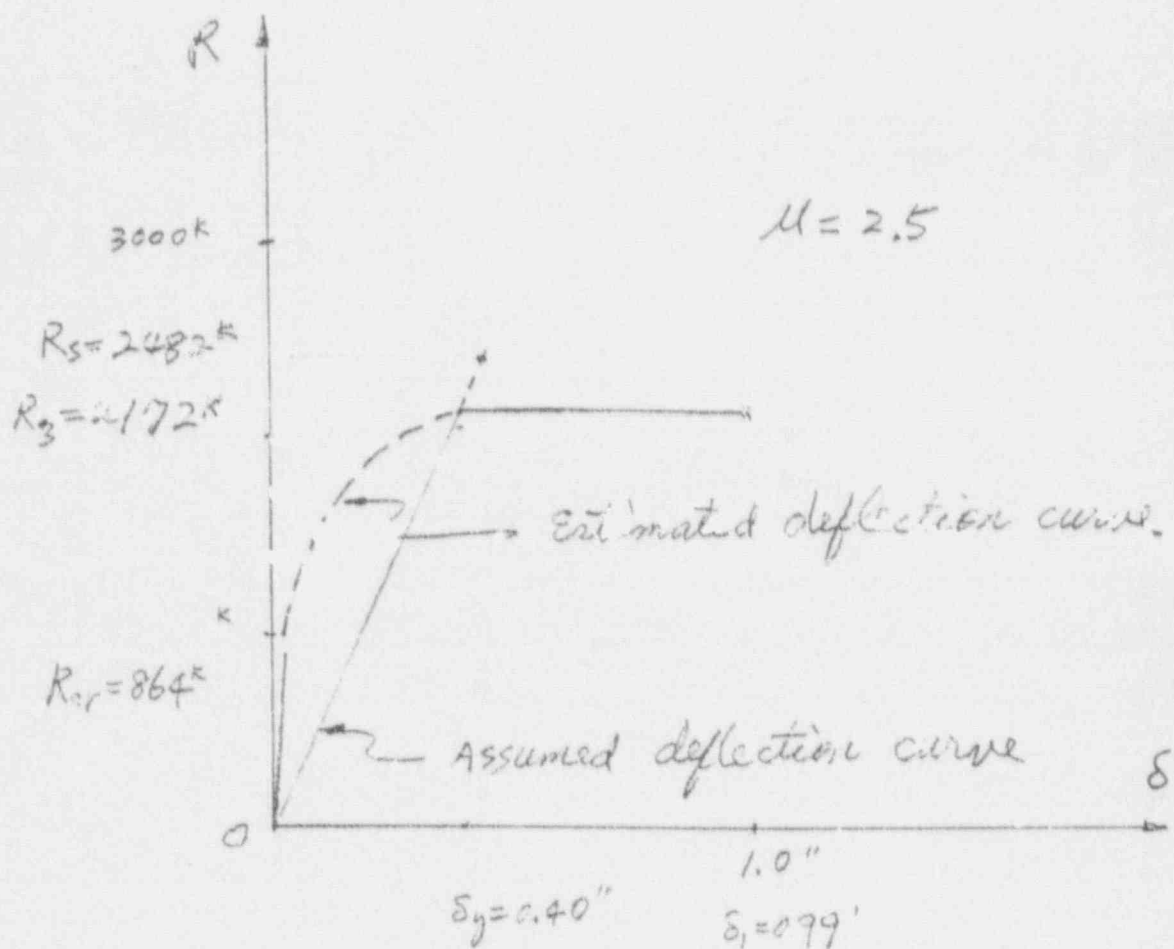


CALCULATION SHEET

DS10 (11-74)

DATE 1.10.76

DESIGN BY L. T. Chan DATE MAR 76 CHECKED BY W. C. SHEET NO. 8
PROJECT A F 2 L Aux. Bldg Unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
SUBJECT Cable Drop CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130



Force-Displacement Diagram
Between (C) and (D)



CALCULATION SHEET

0510 (6-71)

DESIGN BY L. T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY VKS SHEET NO. 9
 PROJECT A P 2 L Aux. Ebb unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Curb Drop FILE NO. 11406-130

This is a back up calculation for top reinf.
 exceeded $\mu = 10$ at column line C so
 that becomes hinge due to M_u
 C) CONT. Bending deflection
 δ_1 (due to dead load)

$$\delta_1 = \frac{w_0 C_1}{48 EI} (L^3 - 3LC_1^2 + 2C_1^3)$$

$$= \frac{9.45 \times 7.58}{48 EI} (288^3 - 3 \times 288 \times 91^2 + 2 \times 91^3)$$

$$\delta_1 = \frac{27.22 \times 10^6}{EI}$$

δ_2 (due to R_2)

$$\delta_2 = \frac{R_2 C_2^3}{12 EI L^3} (3L + C_2)$$

$$= \frac{1714 \times 91^3 \times 0.684 (3 \times 288 + 91)}{12 EI} = \frac{150.6 \times 10^6}{EI}$$

$$\delta_b = \frac{177.8 \times 10^6}{EI} = \frac{177.8 \times 10^6}{4600 \times 1.33 \times 10^6} = 0.029"$$

$$E_c = 4600 \text{ ksi} \quad I = 333.584 \text{ in}^4$$

Shear deflection

$$\delta_s = \frac{R_2 C_2}{GA} + \frac{w_0 L^2}{6GA}$$

$$= \frac{714 \times 91 \times 0.684}{1920 \times 7072} + \frac{9.45 \times 24^2 \times 12}{6 \times 1920 \times 7072}$$

$$= 0.00255 + 0.00063 = 0.0032"$$

$$\Sigma \delta = 0.029 + 0.0032 = 0.0322"$$

0045



CALCULATION SHEET

0510 (8-71)

DESIGN BY L. T. Chang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY WV SHEET NO. 10
 PROJECT A P & L Aux Bldg unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Cable Drop FILE NO. 11406-130

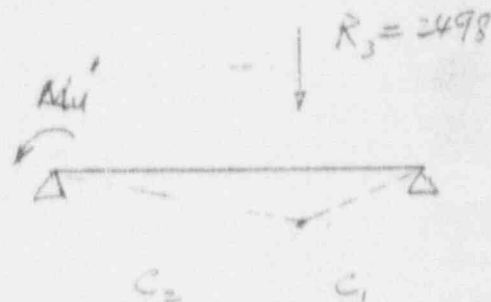
(d) Third Mode

$$L = 24'-0" = 288"$$

$$C_1 = 7'-7" = 91" IN$$

$$C_2 = 16'-5" = 197" IN$$

$$= 0.684 L$$



$$M_{DL} = \frac{W_{DL} C_1 C_2}{2}$$

$$M_{DL} = \frac{9.45 \times 7.58 \times 16.42}{2} = 588 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$M_u' = A_s' f_y (d - d')$$

$$= 22.86 \times 48.3 (37 - 3) = 38645 \text{ K-IN} = 3220 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$M_L + M_u' \frac{C_1}{L} - M_{DL} = \frac{R_3 C_1 C_2}{L}$$

$$12.188 + 3220 \times \frac{91}{216} - 588 = 12,957 \text{ K-FT}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{12,957 \times 24}{7.58 \times 16.42} = 2498 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{M_{DL}}{M_u} = \frac{3524 \text{ K-IN}}{12188 \text{ K-IN}} = 0.289$$

$$\left(\frac{M_{DL}}{M_u} \right)^3 = 0.0242$$

$$\rho_n = 0.0103 \times 6.5 = 0.067$$

From Figure 4-1 BC TOP 9A RW. 2

$$F = 0.043$$

$$I_{cr} = F B d^3 = 0.043 \times 216 \times 37^3 = 509,651 \text{ IN}^4$$

$$I_C = \frac{M_{DL}}{M_u} I_g + \left[1 - \left(\frac{M_{DL}}{M_u} \right)^3 \right] I_{cr} = 0.0242 \times 1218584 + [1 - 0.0242] 509,651 = 529,570 \text{ IN}^4$$

0066



CALCULATION SHEET

0810 (8-71)

DESIGN BY L. T. Chang DATE MAR 76 CHECKED BY WZ SHEET NO. 11
 PROJECT A.P. 2.1 Aux. Bldg Unit #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT Cable Drop FILE NO. 11406-130

(d) deflection

 δ_1 (due to dead load)

$$\delta_1 = \frac{w_3 C_1}{24EI} (L^3 - 2LC_1^2 + C_1^3)$$

$$= \frac{9.45 \times 7.58 (288^3 - 2 \times 288 \times 91^2 + 91^3)}{24 EI}$$

$$= \frac{59.3 \times 10^6}{EI}$$

 δ_2 (due to R_3)

$$\delta_2 = \frac{R_3 C_1^2 C_2^2}{3EI L} = \frac{2528 \times 91^2 \times 197 \times 0.684}{3EI} = \frac{940 \times 10^6}{EI}$$

 δ_3 (due to M_u')

$$\delta_3 = \frac{M_u'}{6EI} \left(3C_2^2 - \frac{C_2^3}{L} - 2LC_2 \right) \quad \text{see Roark's}$$

$$= \frac{43261 \text{ Kip}}{6EI} (2 \times 197^2 - 197^2 \times 0.684 - 2 \times 288 \times 197)$$

$$= \frac{169.3 \times 10^6}{EI}$$

Bending deflection

$$\delta_b = (59.3 + 940 + 169.3) \frac{10^6}{EI_e}$$

$$\delta_b = \frac{1163.6 \times 10^6}{4600 \times 529590} = 0.497''$$

00667



CALCULATION SHEET

0810 (5-71)

DESIGN BY L.T. Trang DATE MAR '76 CHECKED BY KES DATE 1/2/76
PROJECT APSL Aux. Bldg Wind #1 SHEET NO 12
SUBJECT Cable Drop JOB NO 11406-130
FILE NO 11406-130

Shear deflection

$$\delta_s = \frac{R_3 G_1 C_2}{G A L} + \frac{w_0 L^2}{6 G A}$$

$$= \frac{2492 \times 91 \times 0.684}{1920 \times 9072} + \frac{9.45 \times 24^2 \times 12}{6 \times 1920 \times 9072}$$

$$= 0.00392 + 0.0032 = 0.01212''$$

$$\delta_y = \delta_b + \delta_s = 0.497 + 0.012 = 0.509''$$

$$U = \frac{\delta_y}{\sum \delta} = \frac{0.509''}{0.0322} = 15.8 > U_{max} = 10$$

0068

4705

A to D

~~SH. 12 A~~

SH. 12 A

Concrete strength Test 505.1150-100

FILE NO. 114064

Init #1

A to C / 4705

pour # 375

Elev. 404

28 DAY

4210

90 DAY

5340

0.96 / 1.7

1.27

B-2 * 469 4240

4530 *

C to D / 1405

pour # 517

Elev. 404

B-1

630

4850

6230

1.285

4950

6510

1.315

4240

6370

1.50

631

4920

6260

1.42

282 th g L.

632

4370

6010

1.375

3400 *

5810

These concrete strength and its age data, and rebar mill test reports are obtained from our field in 1975.

The purpose is to check floor slab at 4.04' above control room whether failure mode in bending or shear under the extreme catastrophic accident i.e. the shipping cask 22.5 Kips drops from 9" above the floor. Calculation file number is 5.4

2.12

Leon T. Chien

4/6/76

400-20000-0000

REPORT OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS AND PHYSICAL TESTS

PPA 2-1387

Customer's Name

Shipped to

Customer Order No.

QTY

Customer Order No.

Customer Order No.

Customer Order No.

Shipping Date

7-7-70

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	ANALYSIS	PHYSICAL TESTS	TENSILE	ELONGATION	REDUCTION OF AREA	IMPACT TEST	CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (PERCENTAGE)				
								CARB.	MANG.	SIL.	CU.	CR.
10015	#3	65000	18.4	65000	18.4	OK	OK	.12	1.57	.011	.013	
53326	#4	65007	20.2	64732	20.2	OK	OK	.29	.08	.012	.034	
52412	#5	55237	20.8	33157	20.8	OK	OK	.29	.09	.021	.032	
52737	#6	52952	21.1	31092	21.1	OK	OK	.36	.08	.024	.033	
52625	#7	51583	20.0	80172	20.0	OK	OK	.30	.03	.026	.027	
52618	#8	51555	23.7	77077	23.7	OK	OK	.21	.74	.034	.024	
52720	#9	55000	24.5	77766	24.5	OK	OK	.29	.62	.016	.021	
52673	#10	45362	19.3	75321	19.3	OK	OK	.27	.70	.016	.030	
52535	#11	45287	22.0	76337	22.0	OK	OK	.30	.63	.016	.022	
GRADE 40. ASTM A615 AND A305. NEW ALLEN STEEL. BASIC ELECTRIC FURNACE PROCESS.								MILL TEST REPORT FOR UNIT 1				
								APP. Bldg. Specs @ 404'				
								(A - Ckt. Standard per 14-5)				
								R.H. 1-28				

RECEIVED
DEC 03 AM 1970
POWER DIV.
S. F.

Submitted and sworn to before me
this 8 day of July 1970
Notary Public, Tulsa County, Okla.
My Commission Expires 12-7-71

THIS CERTIFIED TEST REPORT HAS BEEN DELIVERED TO A CONSIGNEE OF MATERIAL PURCHASED FROM ARMCO STEEL CORPORATION TO AVOID THE POSSIBILITY OF ITS MISUSE ON THE DELIVERY OF THIS REPORT TO A THIRD PARTY IT MUST BE RECEIVED BY

The Customer, Purchaser, or Materialman
Contact as required for further information
7-7-70



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 3-12-78 CHECKED BCM DATE 3-22-78
PROJECT AP 4 L AUXILIARY SLAB UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION SHEET NO. 13

P.S. THE EVALUATION WAS TRANSMITTED TO AP 4 L BY LETTER BL-G-369 DATED 3/11/78.

PROBLEM: A SHIPPING CASK OF TEST CONTROL RODS WILL TRAVEL FROM THE RAILROAD MATCH TO THE WASH DOWN AREA AND BACK OVER THE CONTROL ROOM. BEFORE NRC APPROVES THE OPERATION, A DROP EVALUATION ALONG THE MOVEMENT ROUTE MUST BE COMPLETED.

GIVEN: WEIGHT OF CASK = 25 TONS.
DIAMETER OF CASK = 4'-2"
MAX. HEIGHT OF VERTICAL DROP = 9"
FROM CAL. 2.12 CH 2, WE KNOW SLAB CAPACITY GOVERNS. IF THE CASK DROPS AT ABOUT 7'-0" FROM CENTER OF COL. C OR D BETWEEN COL. LINE C AND D, IT WILL GIVE MAX. SHEAR STRESS AT A DISTANCE OF ONE EFFECTIVE DEPTH OF THE SLAB FROM THE FACE OF THE WALL.

REQUIRED: 1. TO ANALYZE IF 9" MAX. DROP WILL CAUSE ANY FAILURE OF SLAB OR NOT? IF IT WILL, THEN.

2. WHAT IS THE MAX. DROP ALLOWED? OR

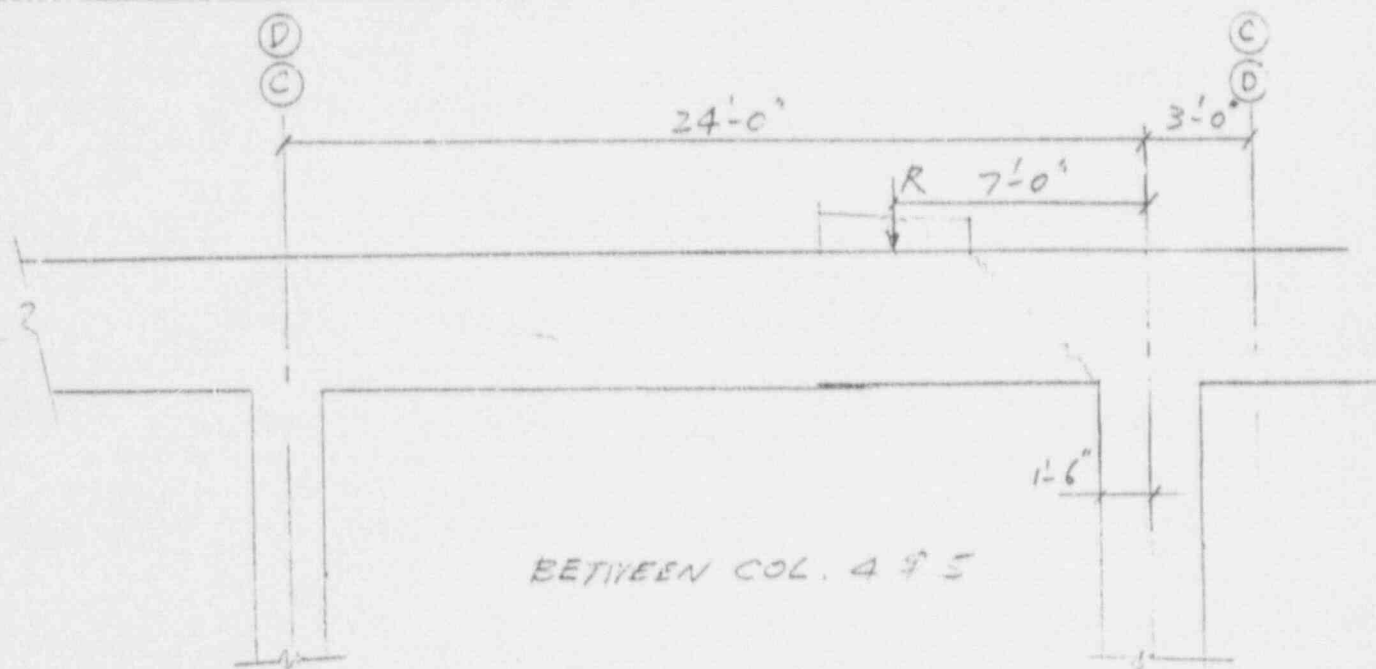
3. WHAT ARE OTHER OPTIONS?

SOURCES OF FORMULAE: BC-TOP-9, REV. 1, ACI-318-63
CATALOGUE "TDB 122" FROM HEXCEL.



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 2-21-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
PROJECT SFP-2 AUXILIARY BLDG-UNIT #1 CHECKED BCW DATE 3-22-78
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 11406-130 SHEET NO. 14



DATA: REF. DWG. C-206 REV. 14 & C-212 REV. 9

$$f'_c = 4,850 \text{ PSI @ 28 DAYS (FOUR NO. 517)}$$

$f'_c = 6,500 \text{ PSI @ 4 YEARS BY INTERPOLATION}$
PER FIG 1.4 P. 15 OF "DESIGN OF CONCRETE
STRUCTURES" BY WINTER, URQUHART, O'ROURKE,
AND NELSON, 7TH EDITION.

$f_y = 40,000 \text{ PSI MIN. (48,300 PSI FROM MILL}$
CERTIFICATE (SEE FILE: 2-2300 AUX. BLDG)

SLAB: $t = 3'-6"$, $d = 38"$

PER AP & L LETTER NDC-6969 DATED 2/15/78

CASK WEIGHT = 50,000^{lb}

CASK DIAMETER = 4'-2"



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 2-27-78 CALC. NO. 1126-130 REV. NO. 2
 PROJECT AP & C AUXILIARY BLDG - UNIT #1 CHECKED Ben DATE 2-27-78
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 1126-130 SHEET NO. 15

1. P - Δ CURVE

USING FORMULA (4-2) OF EC-TOP-9

$$I_a = \frac{1}{2} (I_g + I_c) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{bt^3}{12} + Fbd^3 \right)$$

$$\eta = \frac{As}{bd} = \frac{3 \times 1.56}{12 \times 38} = 0.010263$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_c &= 46^{1.5} \approx 3 \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{10}} \\
 &= (14.5)^{1.5} \times 33 \times \sqrt{4850} \\
 &= 4012699 \text{ PSI}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta = \frac{E_s}{E_c} = \frac{29000000}{4012699} = 7.23 \text{ SAY } 7$$

CHECKERS' NOTE:

$f_c = 6500$ PSI FROM ACI 14.
 THIS WILL RESULT IN A
 CONSERVATIVE UNDERESTIMATE
 IN THE ENERGY ABSORPTION
 CAPACITY OF THE SYSTEM.

NO CALC REVISION
 REQUIRED Ben
 2-29-78

FROM FIG 2-1 OF EC-TOP-9

($\eta = 0.010263$, $\eta = 7$) GIVES $F = 0.045$

EFFECTIVE WIDTH OF BEAM

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= T + 2d \\
 &= 4'-2" + 2 \times (3'-2") \\
 &= 10'-6" \\
 &= 126" \\
 &t = 42"
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_a &= \frac{1}{2} \times \left[\frac{126 \times (42)^3}{12} + 0.045 \times 126 \times (38)^3 \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times (777924 + 311125) \\
 &= 544524 \text{ IN.}^4
 \end{aligned}$$



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEM DATE 2-27-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
 PROJECT AP-3 - AUXILIARY ELDG-UNIT #1 CHECKED Y. CHU DATE 3-27-78
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 11406-130 SHEET NO. 16

$$M_u = \phi \left[A_s f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$\phi = 0.90$$

$$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f_c' b} = \frac{3 \times 1.56 \times 10.5 \times 48.3}{0.85 \times 4.7 \times 10.5 \times 12} = 4.715"$$

$$M_u = 0.90 \times \left[3 \times 1.56 \times 10.5 \times 48.3 \times \left(38 - \frac{4.715}{2} \right) \right] \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$= 6344.71 \text{ ft-k}$$

$$(P_3)_{\text{sl}} = \frac{24}{7 \times 17} \times 6344.71 - \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17$$

$$= 1279.51 \text{ k} - 66.15 \text{ k} = 1213.46 \text{ k}$$

$$\Delta_u = \frac{P a^2 b^2}{3 E_c I} + \Delta_0$$

$$= \frac{1213.46 \times (7 \times 17)^2 \times (12)^3}{3 \times 3950.159 \times 544524 \times 24} + 0.015$$

$$= 0.207 \text{ in.}$$

Δ_0 (INITIAL DEFLECTION DUE TO WT OF BEAM)

$$= \frac{w a}{24 E_c I} (l^3 - 2 f a^2 + a^3)$$

$$= \frac{10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 7}{24 \times 4012.699 \times 544524} \left[(24)^3 - 2 \times 24 \times (7)^2 + (7)^3 \right] \times (12)^3$$

$$= 0.015 \text{ in.}$$

$(P_0)_{\text{approximate}}$

$$= \frac{24}{7 \times 17} \times \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17 - \frac{1}{2} \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17^2 \right)$$

$$= 66.15 \text{ k}$$



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 2-27-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
 PROJECT APL AUXILIARY BLDG - UNIT #1 CHECKED Bcm DATE 3-28-78
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION SHEET NO. 17

MAX. SHEAR CAPACITY

(1) FOR SHEAR CARRIED BY CONCRETE

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_c &= 1.9\sqrt{f_c'} + 2500 \rho_m \frac{Vd}{M} \\
 &= 1.9\sqrt{6500} + 2500 \times \frac{3 \times 1.55}{12 \times 38} \times 0.7 \quad \left(\frac{Vd}{M} = \frac{V \times 38}{V \times 54} = 0.7 \right) \\
 &= 153.18 + 17.96 \\
 &= 171.14 \text{ PSI} < 3.5\sqrt{f_c'} (= 282.13 \text{ PSI}) \quad \text{O.K.}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \phi V_c b d = 0.85 \times 171.14 \times 126 \times 38 = 696506^{\text{N}} = 696.51^{\text{K}}$$

(2) FOR SHEAR CARRIED BY WEB REINFORCEMENT

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_c' &= \frac{A_v f_y}{b_w s} \\
 &= \frac{0.31 \times 48000}{46 \times 12} \quad \left(\#5 \text{ STIRRUP @ } \begin{matrix} 3'-10" \text{ IN E-W} \\ 1'-0" \text{ IN N-S} \end{matrix} \right) \\
 &= 27.12 \text{ PSI}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c' = \phi V_c' b d = 0.85 \times 27.12 \times 126 \times 38 = 110372^{\text{N}} = 110.37^{\text{K}}$$

$$V_{\text{max}} = V_c + V_c' = 696.51 + 110.37 = 806.88^{\text{K}}$$

$$\frac{(P_s)_{\text{max}} \times 17}{24} + \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 - 4.7 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 = 806.88^{\text{K}}$$

$$(P_s)_{\text{max}} = 1082.31^{\text{K}}$$

BOND STRESS AT FACE OF COLUMN

$$u = \frac{806.88 + 3.5 \times 10.5 \times 3.2 \times 0.15}{4.43 \times 3 \times 10.5 \times 0.852 \times 38} \times 1000 = 182.5 \text{ PSI}$$

$$< 543.2 \text{ PSI} \left(= \frac{9.5\sqrt{6500}}{1.41} \right)$$

O.K.



CALCULATION SHEET

CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2ORIGINATOR F. L. WEN DATE 2-27-78 CHECKED B. M. I. DATE 2-28-78PROJECT AP-1 L. AUXILIARY BLDG - UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11205-130SUBJECT PACK 20-0 EVALUATION SHEET NO. 15

FOR P_1

$$\Delta = 0.207''$$
$$P = 1213.46 + 66.15 = 1279.61^K$$

FOR P_2

SEE PREVIOUS SHEET

$$P = 1082.31^K$$

$$\Delta = 0.207 \times \frac{1082.31}{1279.61} = 0.175 \text{ IN.}$$

FOR P_0

$$P = 66.15^K$$

$$\Delta = 0.015''$$

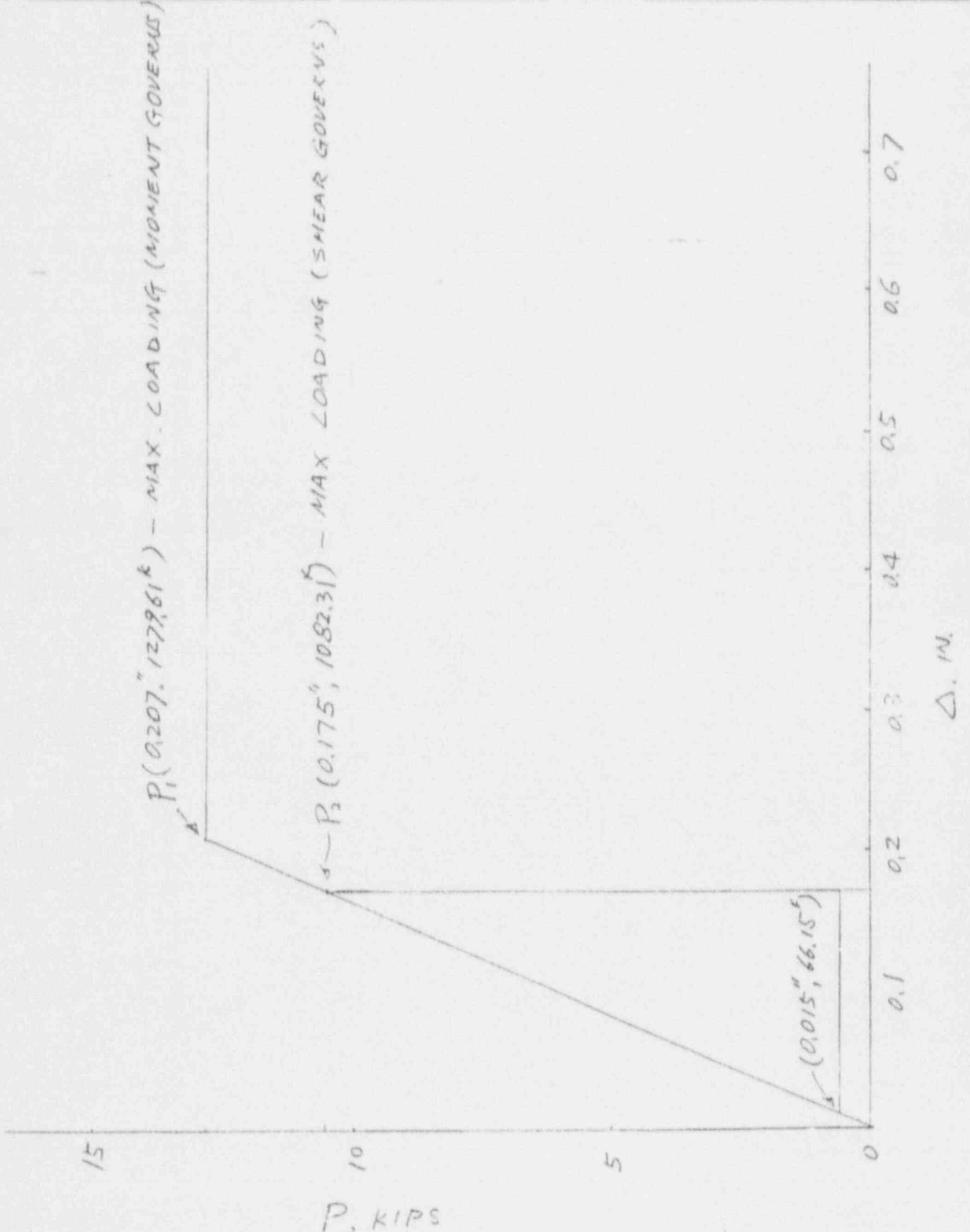


CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR E. CHEN DATE 2-27-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
PROJECT APPL AUXILIARY BLDG - UNIT #1 CHECKED BGM DATE 3-24-78
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 1406-130 SHEET NO. 19

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P-Δ CURVE @ 7' TRIM SUPPORT





CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 2-27-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
 PROJECT APPL AUXILIARY BLDG - UNIT #1 CHECKED Jem DATE 2-28-78
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 11406-130 SHEET NO. 20

2. ALLOWABLE HEIGHT OF DROP.

$$V_s^2 = 2gh, \quad M_m = \frac{50^k}{g}$$

$$M_e = \frac{\gamma_c T}{g} (D_x + 2T)(D_y + 2T) \quad (\text{FROM EQ 3-15 OF BC-7CP-5})$$

BECAUSE CASK IS CIRCLE, USE $M_e = \frac{\gamma_c T}{g} \times \frac{\pi (D+2T)^2}{4}$

$$M_e = \frac{1}{g} \times \left[\frac{\pi}{4} \times (11.1)^2 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \right]$$

$$= \frac{50}{g}$$

$$E_s = \frac{M_m^2 V_s^2}{2(M_m + M_e)}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{50}{g}\right)^2 2gh}{2\left(\frac{50}{g} + \frac{50}{g}\right)} = \frac{1}{2} \times (10.8231 - 66.15) \times (0.175 - 0.015)$$

$$\therefore h = 3.19 \text{ IN.}$$

3. REQUIRED THICKNESS OF HEXCELL FOR 9" DROP.

FROM "DESIGN DATA FOR THE PRELIMINARY SELECTION OF HONEYCOMB ENERGY ABSORPTION SYSTEMS TSB/22 BY HEXCELL" P. 12

$$K.E. = f_{cr} \cdot A \cdot 0.7 t_c$$

$$\text{FOR } f_{cr} = 450 \text{ PSI}$$

$$t_c = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50000}{32.2} \times (2 \times 3.14 \times 9)}{450 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times (50)^2 \times 0.7} = 0.728 \text{ IN.}$$

$$\text{FOR } f_{cr} = 400 \text{ PSI}$$

$$t_c = \frac{450}{400} \times 0.728 = 0.819 \text{ IN.}$$



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 3-1-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
PROJECT _____ CHECKED Bcm DATE 3-28-78
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 11406-130
SHEET NO. 21

ESTIMATED f_{cr} FOR HONEYCOMB
FOR 25 TON CASK

$$f_0 = \frac{50000}{\frac{\pi \times (50)^2}{4}} = 25.5 \text{ PSI}$$

$$f_1 = \frac{1061000}{\frac{\pi \times (50)^2}{4}} = 540.4 \text{ PSI}$$

$$f_{cr} = \frac{(25.5 + 540.4)}{2} = 282.95 \text{ PSI}$$

\therefore USE $f_{cr} = 250 \text{ PSI}$

$$t_c = \frac{K.E.}{f_{cr} A 0.7}$$
$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50000}{32.2} \times 2 \times 32.2 \times 9}{250 \times 1963.5 \times 0.7}$$

$$= 1.3 \text{ IN.}$$

\therefore USE 2" $f_{cr} = 250 \text{ PSI}$ HONEYCOMB

FOR 100 TON CASK

DIAMETER OF CASK = 6 FT BASED ON CAL. 2.12

$$t_c = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{200000}{32.2} \times 2 \times 32.2 \times 9}{250 \times \frac{\pi}{4} (72)^2 \times 0.7}$$

$$= 2.53 \text{ IN.}$$

\therefore USE 3" $f_{cr} = 250 \text{ PSI}$ HONEYCOMB

DATE 3-28-78

DESIGN BY F. CHEN DATE 3-17-78 CHECKED BY BCW SHEET NO. 22
 PROJECT AP 3 L AUXILIARY BLDG JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

SUMMARY OF STRESSES FOR 25T CASK DROPDATA $f'_c = 6500 \text{ PSI @ 4 YEARS}$ $f_y = 48,300 \text{ PSI FROM MILL CERTIFICATE}$

CRITICAL DROP LOCATION: 7'-0" FROM END SUPPORT
 GIVES MAX. FAILURE SHEAR.

(1) ON ED ON 3.00 IN. DROP WITH NO HEXCELL

(a) MAX. SHEAR FORCE AND SAFETY FACTOR

$$E_s = \frac{M_m^2 V_s^2}{2(M_m + M_e)}, \quad V_s^2 = 27 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{50}{9}\right)^2 \times 27 \times 300}{2\left(\frac{50}{9} + \frac{50}{9}\right)} = \frac{1}{2} \times (P - 66.15) \times \left(\frac{0.175}{1082.31} P - 0.015\right)$$

$$75 = \frac{0.175}{2164.62} P^2 - \frac{27.81}{2164.62} P + \frac{1073.922}{2164.62}$$

$$0.175 P^2 - 27.81 P - 161272.58 = 0$$

$$P = \frac{27.81}{2 \times 0.175} + \frac{\sqrt{(27.81)^2 + 4 \times 161272.58 \times 0.175}}{2 \times 0.175}$$

$$= 1044.2 \text{ K}$$

V AT 38" FROM FACE OF WALL = MAX. SHARE

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times 1044.20 + \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 - 4.7 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15$$

$$= 779.88 \text{ K}$$

0075



CALCULATION SHEET

0810 (11-76)

DESIGN BY F. CHEN DATE 3-20-78 CHECKED BY BCM SHEET NO. 33
 PROJECT A P & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

ALLOWABLE COMBINED SHEAR CAPACITY OF CONCRETE
 AND WEB REINFORCEMENT

$$= 806.88^k$$

$$SAFTY FACTOR = \frac{806.88}{779.88} = 1.035$$

(b) MAX. MOMENT AND SAFTY FACTOR

M AT DROP POINT = MAX. MOMENT

$$M = \frac{1044.2 \times 17 \times 7}{24} + \frac{1}{2} \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17 \times (24 - 17)$$

$$= 5177.49 + 327.99$$

$$= 5505.98^{1-k}$$

$$ALLOWABLE MOMENT CAPACITY = 6344.71^{1-k}$$

$$SAFTY FACTOR = \frac{6344.71}{5505.98} = 1.15$$

(c) BOND STRESS

U AT FACE OF WALL = MAX. U

V AT FACE OF WALL

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times 1044.20 + \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 - 1.5 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15$$

$$= 797.52^k$$

$$u = \frac{797.520}{4.43 \times 3 \times 10.5 \times 0.852 \times 38} = 176.50 \text{ PSI}$$

0076



CALCULATION SHEET

0810 (11-74)

DATE 3-28-78DESIGN BY F. CHEN DATE 3-20-78 CHECKED BY BCM SHEET NO. 24PROJECT A P & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11406-130SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ALLOWABLE BOND STRESS} &= \frac{9.5 \sqrt{f_c'}}{D} \\ &= \frac{9.5 \sqrt{6500}}{1.41} \\ &= 543.20 \text{ PSI}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{SAFTY FACTOR} = \frac{543.20}{176.50} = 3.077$$

0077



DESIGN BY F. CHEN DATE 3-20-78 CHECKED BY Bm SHEET NO. 25
 PROJECT A P & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11406-130
 SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

(2) BASED ON 9" DROP WITH 2 THICK $f_{cr} = 260 \text{ PSI}$ HEXCELLS

$$K.E. = f_{cr} \times A \times 0.7 t_c$$

$$f_{cr} = \frac{K.E.}{A \times 0.7 t_c}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50,000}{32.2} \times 2 \times 32.2 \times 9}{2 \times 1963.5 \times 0.7}$$

$$= 163.7 \text{ PSI} < 260 \text{ PSI}$$

$$P = 2600 \times 1963.5$$

$$= 510510 \text{ #}$$

$$= 510.51 \text{ K}$$

(a) MAX. SHEAR FORCE AND SAFTY FACTOR

V AT 38" FROM FACE OF WALL = MAX. SHARE

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times 510.5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 - 4.7 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15$$

$$= 401.56 \text{ K}$$

CONSERVATIVELY ALLOWABLE COMBINED SHEAR
CAPACITY OF CONCRETE AND WEB REINFORCEMENT

$$= 806.88$$

$$\text{SAFTY FACTOR} = \frac{806.88}{401.56} = 2.009$$

0076



DESIGN BY F. CHEN DATE 3-20-78 CHECKED BY Boull SHEET NO. 26
PROJECT AP & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1 JOB NO. 11406-150
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION CALCULATION NO. 11406-130 FILE NO. 11406-130

(b) MAX. MOMENT AND SAFTY FACTOR

M AT DROP POINT = MAX. MOMENT

$$M = \frac{510.51 \times 17 \times 7}{24} + \frac{1}{2} \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \times 17 \times (24 - 17) \\ = 2531.28 + 327.99 \\ = 2859.27 \text{ 'K}$$

ALLOWABLE MOMENT CAPACITY = 6344.71 'K

$$\text{SAFTY FACTOR} = \frac{6344.71}{2859.27} = 2.219$$

(c) BOND STRESS

U AT FACE OF WALL = MAX. U

V AT FACE OF WALL

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times 510.51 + \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 - 1.5 \times 10.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.15 \\ = 419.49 \text{ K}$$

$$u = \frac{419.490}{4.43 \times 3 \times 10.5 \times 0.852 \times 38} = 92.85 \text{ PSI}$$

ALLOWABLE BOND STRESS = 543.20 PSI

$$\text{SAFTY FACTOR} = \frac{543.20}{92.85} = 5.850$$

0079



CALCULATION SHEET

0 0 8 0

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN

DATE 9-17-78

CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2

PROJECT APL AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1

CHECKED TX DATE 10/6/78

SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION

JOB NO. 11406-130

SHEET NO. 27

(COMPARISON BTW 1963 & 1971 ACI)

1963 REQUIREMENTS

1. SECTION MOMENTS FOR CALCULATING DEFLECTION ($\S 909(C)$)

$$I_e = I_g$$

WHEN $f_t f_y \leq 5000 \text{ psi}$

$$I_e = I_{cr}$$

WHEN $f_t f_y > 5000 \text{ psi}$

(USED: FORMULA (4-2) OF EC-7000-9)

$$I_a = \frac{1}{2} (I_g + I_{cr})$$

$$2. E_c = 40^{1.5} 33 \sqrt{f'_c} \quad (\S 1102(a))$$

3. EFFECTIVE WIDTH OF BEAM

NOT SPECIFIED

4. MOMENT CAPACITY ($\S 1601$)

$$M_u = \phi [A_s f_y (d - \frac{a}{2})]$$

(a) ϕ FOR MOMENT CAPACITY

$$\S 1504(b)$$

$$\phi = 0.90$$

$$(b) a = A_s f_y / 0.85 f'_c b = 12.1 \quad \S 1601(a) \quad \S 1504(b)$$

1971 REQUIREMENTS

1. $\S 9.5.2.2$

$$I_e = \left(\frac{M_{cr}}{M_n} \right)^3 I_g + \left[1 - \left(\frac{M_{cr}}{M_n} \right)^3 \right] I_{cr}$$

DIFF. WHERE

$$M_{cr} = \frac{f_t I_g}{y_t}, \quad f_t = 7.5 \sqrt{f'_c}$$

$$2. E_c = 40^{1.5} 33 \sqrt{f'_c} \quad (\S 8.3.1)$$

3. EFFECTIVE WIDTH OF BEAM

NOT SPECIFIED

4. MOMENT CAPACITY

ANY FORMULA RECOGNIZED. THEN-
TAKEN FORMULA USED IN 1963 ACI
CODE. CAN BE USED IN 1971 ACI
CODE. ($M_u = \phi [A_s f_y (d - \frac{a}{2})]$)

$$\S 9.2.1.1$$

$$\phi = 0.90$$

$$(b) a = A_s f_y / 0.85 f'_c b = 10.27 \quad \S 10.2.7$$



CALCULATION SHEET

0081

ORIGINATOR	F. CHEN	DATE	9-19-78	CHECKED	ty	DATE	10/9/78	JOB NO.	11406-130	SHEET NO.	2
PROJECT	AD & S. AUXILIARY BLDG. UNIT #1										
SUBJECT	CASK DROP EVALUATION										
(COMPARISON ETW 1963 & 1971 ACI)											

1963 REQUIREMENTS

5. SHEAR CAPACITY

(a) SHEAR CARRIED BY CONCRETE

§ 1701(d)

$$V_c = \phi b d (1.9 \sqrt{f'_c} + 2500 \rho \frac{V_d}{A_g})$$

$$\leq \phi b d 3.5 \sqrt{f'_c}$$

(1) $\phi = 0.85$ (§ 1504(b))

(2) $\rho_w = A_s / b' d$

$b' =$ WIDTH OF WEB IN T AND T SECTION

(3) $V =$ TOTAL SHEAR AT SECTION

(4) $M =$ BENDING MOMENT

(5) $V d \geq M$

(b) SHEAR CARRIED BY WEB REBAR'S OR $A_w \text{ REAR'D}$

(1) $A_w = \frac{V_u S}{\phi f_y d}$ (§ 1703(a))

WHERE $V_u' = \phi (V_u - V_c) b_w d$ AS IN

1971 ACI

(2) WHEN $V_u > 6 \phi \sqrt{f'_c}$, EVERY 45-DEG. LINE SHALL BE CROSSED BY AT LEAST TWO LINES OF WEB REBAR

1971 REQUIREMENTS

5. SHEAR CAPACITY

(a) SHEAR CARRIED BY CONCRETE

§ 11.4.2

$$V_c = \phi b d (1.9 \sqrt{f'_c} + 2500 \frac{\rho V_d}{b_w d})$$

$$\leq \phi b d 5 \sqrt{f'_c}$$

(1) $\phi = 0.85$ (§ 9.2.1.2)

(2) $\rho_w = A_s / b_w d$

$b_w =$ WEB WIDTH

(3) $V_u =$ TOTAL APPLIED DESIGN SHEAR FORCE AT SECTION

(4) $M_u =$ APPLIED DESIGN LOAD MOMENT AT SECTION, IN. LB

(5) $\frac{V_u d}{M_u} \leq 1.0$

(b) SHEAR CARRIED BY WEB REBAR'S OR $A_w \text{ REAR'D}$

(1) $A_w = \frac{(V_u - V_c) b_w S}{f_y}$ (§ 11.6.1)

(2) WHEN $(V_u - V_c) > 4 \sqrt{f'_c}$, S SHALL BE REDUCED BY ONE-HALF (§ 11.6.3)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36



CALCULATION SHEET

0082

ORIGINATOR	J. CHEN	DATE	9-20-78	CHECKED	—	DATE	10/19/78	PROJECT	AP & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1	JOB NO.	11406-130	SHEET NO.	29
SUBJECT													
CASK DROP EVALUATION													
(COMPARISON) BTW 1963 & 1971 ACI													

11406-130 REV. NO. 2

1963 REQUIREMENTS

$$V_u = \phi V_n \text{ (IN 1971 ACI)}$$

$$\therefore \{ V_u > 6\phi\sqrt{f_c'} \} \text{ OF 1963}$$
$$= \{ (V_u - V_c) > 4\sqrt{f_c'} \} \text{ OF 1971}$$

- (3) $V_u \leq 10\phi\sqrt{f_c'}$ (§ 1705)
- (4) $A_{vmin} = 0.0015 bs$ (§ 1706 (b))
 $= 0.0015 \times 46 \times 12$
 $= 0.83 \text{ IN.}^2$

6. BOND CAPACITY
IN TERM OF BOND STRESS

(a) $u_n = \frac{V_u}{\phi 50 j d}$ (§ 1801 (a))

(b) $u_n = \frac{M}{\phi j d 20 F_u}$ (§ 1801 (b))
OR $l_d = \frac{F_y D}{4 u_n}$ FOR $F_u = F_y$
FOR BARS OTHER THAN TOP BARS

$$u_n \leq \frac{9.5 \sqrt{f_c'}}{D} \text{ NOR 800 PSI}$$

(§ 1801 (c))

$$l_d = \frac{49300 \times 141}{4 \times 543} = 31.4 \text{ IN}$$

1971 REQUIREMENTS

$$V_c = 2\sqrt{f_c'} \text{ (§ 11.4.1)}$$

$$V_u = \frac{V_n}{\phi} \text{ (IN 1963 ACI)} \text{ (§ 11.2.1)}$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{\phi} V_c \text{ (IN 1963 ACI)} \text{ (§ 11.2.1)}$$

§ 11.4.2

- (3) $(V_u - V_c) \leq 8\sqrt{f_c'}$ (§ 11.6.4)
- (4) $A_{vmin} = 50 \frac{b_w s}{f_y}$ (§ 11.1.2)
 $= 50 \times \frac{46 \times 12}{48300} = 0.57 \text{ IN.}^2$

6. BOND CAPACITY
IN TERM OF DEVELOPMENT
LENGTH

$$l_d = 0.8 (0.04 A_b f_y / \sqrt{f_c'})$$

$$\geq 0.8 (0.0004 d_b f_y) \text{ (§ 12.5 (d))}$$

ACCORDING TO COMMENTARY OF
1971 CODE (CHAPTER 12 GENERAL),

l_d OF 1971 CODE IS SUPPOSED
SAME AS OF 1963.

$$0.8 (0.04 A_b f_y / \sqrt{f_c'})$$
$$= 0.8 \times (0.04 \times 1.56 \times 48300 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{6500}})$$
$$= 29.9 \text{ IN.}$$
$$0.8 (0.0004 d_b f_y) = 0.8 \times 0.0004 \times 1.4 \times 48300$$
$$= 21.8 \text{ IN.}$$

$$\therefore l_d = 29.9 \text{ IN.} \approx 31.4 \text{ IN.}$$



CALCULATION SHEET

0083

ORIGINATOR F. CHEN DATE 9-21-78 CALC. NO. 11406-130 REV. NO. 2
PROJECT AP & L AUXILIARY BLDG UNIT #1 CHECKED TX DATE 10/9/78
SUBJECT CASK DROP EVALUATION JOB NO. 11406-130
(COMPARISON BTW 1963 & 1971 ACI) SHEET NO. 30

1963 REQUIREMENTS
7. DISTRIBUTION OF FLEXURAL REINF.
(CRACK CONTROL)
NO PROVISION

1971 REQUIREMENTS
7. DISTRIBUTION OF FLEXURAL REINF.
(CRACK CONTROL)

MA.
$$Z = f_s \sqrt[3]{d_c A} \leq 175 \text{ KIPS/IN.}$$

(§10.6.3)
$$f_s = f_y = 48,3 \text{ KSI}$$

CG. OF BARS
$$= 2.21 + \frac{1}{3} \times 2.82$$

$$= 3.15"$$

TOTAL AREA OF CONC.
AROUND BARS
$$= 2 \times 3.15 \times 12$$

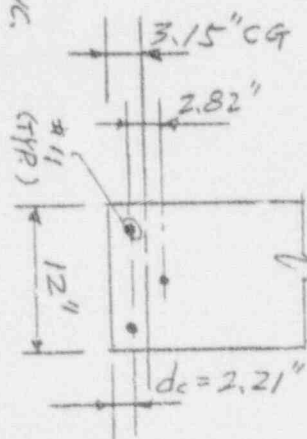
$$= 75.6 \text{ IN.}^2$$

$$A = \frac{75.6}{3} = 25.2$$

$$Z = 48.3 \sqrt[3]{2.21 \times 25.2}$$

$$= 184.4$$

$$> 175$$



COMPARISON BETWEEN 1963 AND 1971 ACI CODES

FOR

DROP EVALUATION SUMMARY

FOR

THE 25 TON HANDLING CASK

ELEVATION 404

(Over Control Room)

CAL. NO. 31

JOB # 11406-130

SH. NO. 11406-130

Case I - A drop evaluation for 3" travel height with no hexagonal honeycomb.

Case II - A drop evaluation for 9" travel height with 2 inches of hexagonal honeycomb.

The following results are based on Bechtel BC-TOP-9 (including formula 4-2 for effective moment of inertia for calculation of deflection) and the Ultimate Strength Design Methods:

	CASE I		CASE II	
	1963 Code	1971 Code	1963 Code	1971 Code
Shear Capacity Shear Computed	: $\frac{807 \text{ kips}}{780 \text{ kips}} = 1.03;$	$\frac{807 \text{ kips}}{780 \text{ kips}} = 1.03$	$\frac{807 \text{ kips}}{401 \text{ kips}} = 2.01;$	$\frac{807 \text{ kips}}{401 \text{ kips}} = 2.01$
Moment Capacity Moment Computed	: $\frac{6345 \text{ kip-ft}}{5506 \text{ kip-ft}} = 1.15;$	$\frac{6345 \text{ kip-ft}}{5506 \text{ kip-ft}} = 1.15$	$\frac{6345 \text{ kip-ft}}{2859 \text{ kip-ft}} = 2.22;$	$\frac{6345 \text{ kip-ft}}{2859 \text{ kip-ft}} = 2.22$
Bond Stress Capacity Bond Stress Computed	: $\frac{543 \text{ psi}}{177 \text{ psi}} = 3.07;$	Calculation of peak bond stress not req'd	$\frac{543 \text{ psi}}{93 \text{ psi}} = 5.84;$	Calculation of peak bond stress not req'd
Development Length Provided	: $\frac{33 \text{ in.}}{32 \text{ in.}} = 1.03;$	$\frac{33 \text{ in.}}{30 \text{ in.}} = 1.10$	$\frac{33 \text{ in.}}{32 \text{ in.}} = 1.03;$	$\frac{33 \text{ in.}}{30 \text{ in.}} = 1.10$
Development Length Required				

0084

SHT #5