

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX COMPANY
POWER GENERATION GROUP

To	S. H. Duerson, Project Management	
From	L. R. Cartin, Plant Integration (2835)	
Cust.	205/145FA Plants	File No. or Ref.
Subj.	Small Break - Auxiliary Feedwater Level	Date August 1, 1978

BDS 663.5

This letter is cover one customer and one subject only.

- Re: 1) R. C. Jones to S. J. Engel, "Auxiliary Feedwater Steam Generator Overfill Problem," Standard Plant 205, T.3.4, March 14, 1977.
- 2) L. R. Cartin to S. H. Duerson, "Small Break Auxiliary Feedwater," All 205 Plants, September 15, 1977.
- 3) N. H. Shah to D. H. Roy, "Status of 205FA Small Break LOCA Analysis," Standard 205FA, T3.4, March 30, 1978.
- 4) A. F. McBride/E. W. Swanson to D. H. Roy, "A Brief History of ECCS Steam Generator Level Requirements for 205FA Plant Design," March 28, 1978.
- 5) D. H. Roy to B. A. Karrasch, "Auxiliary Feedwater Level Control for 205FA Plant," April 27, 1978.
- 6) E. W. Swanson to Distribution, "Auxiliary Feedwater Level Control," All 205's, April 27, 1978.
- 7) E. W. Swanson to Distribution, "Steam Generator Level Taps," All 205's, May 3, 1978.
- 8) E. W. Swanson to Distribution, "Steam Generator Level Taps," WPPSS and Others, May 11, 1978.
- 9) E. W. Swanson to Distribution, "Small Break Auxiliary Feedwater," 205 Plants, June 27, 1978.
- 10) CI/A No. 88-4616-00, NSS032.
- 11) L. H. Bohn to C. D. Thompson, "Steam Generator Level Taps," 21R11, May 31, 1978.
- 12) J. H. Taylor's letter to S. A. Varga of the NRC, dated May 26, 1978.
- 13) J. H. Taylor to Distribution, "Preliminary Report of Safety Concern PSC 10-78," April 12, 1978.
- 14) B. A. Karrasch to Distribution, "Plant Integration Activities on ECCS Small Break Analysis," June 20, 1978.

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- 15) E. W. Swanson to Distribution, "Auxiliary Feedwater Level Control," Standard, October 11, 1977.
- 16) L. R. Cartin to S. H. Duerson, "Small Break - Auxiliary Feedwater," All 205FA Plants, June 26, 1978.

Presently, B&W has an NRC approved Small Break Analysis for the 205FA plants (BAW-10074, Rev. 1). Analysis work to support the development of BAW-10074 was performed primarily in 1972, and this topical has served as the licensing basis for BSAR-205 and all backlog 205FA plants under both the so-called interim and final (10CFR50.46 and Appendix K) acceptance criteria. This analysis assumed credit for filling the steam generators to approximately 40 feet with auxiliary feedwater (AFW) to aid in condensing steam in the hot leg; condensation permits depressurization of the loop resulting in increased HPI flow and serves to increase the total system liquid inventory.

Since the issuance of BAW-10074, systems to actuate and control the addition of AFW have evolved. Steam line breaks (SLB), loss of feedwater transients (LOFW), feedwater line breaks (FWLB), and LOCA's have all placed requirements on the C&I associated with the AFW system. FOGG logic to mitigate the SLB and FWLB transients and control of AFW to a six foot level, for anticipated transients (LOFW) and design basis events, to reduce thermal loadings on the steam generators and to eliminate the necessity for operator action (to limit potential overcooling transient and to prevent overfill of the steam generators by AFW) is now part of B&W's Standard Design. These modifications were made to achieve licensability of B&W's product line with the tentative approval of ECCS subject to confirmation by analysis to be performed in the future.

The need to perform a confirmatory analysis was initially sited in March, 1977 (Reference 1). Preliminary plans were then established (Reference 2) in September, 1977 to initiate this analysis and to lay the groundwork in the event design modifications to the AFW C&I are required.

Reference 3 presents the results of the initial analysis by ECCS of small breaks for the 205FA plants. These results indicated that a partial core uncovering would occur for breaks on the order of 0.05 ft². The principle changes in the analysis, relative to BAW-10074, which produce this result were:

1. The control of auxiliary feedwater (AFW) addition by the SRCI to maintain a nominal six foot level in the secondary side of the steam generators. (BAW-10074 utilized a forty foot level control setpoint.)
2. A more realistic simulation of primary to secondary system interaction (spacial heat transfer effects due to transient water volume/level changes within the primary-secondary tube bundle region) during the small break LOCA.
3. The Appendix K requirement to incorporate leak models which distinguish between the subcooled and saturated blowdown regimes of the LOCA transients.

The combined effects of the above factors necessitate a need to consider alternate design provisions to enhance mitigation of the small LOCA's. Since Reference 3 was issued, several activities have taken place; principle ones are:

1. Alternatives which could provide acceptable small break consequences including discharge models, criteria changes, operator action, larger HPI pump capacity, AFW level setpoint, use of the dump to sump equipment, etc. have been reviewed for potential use. It was concluded that an adjustment (higher) in the AFW level control setpoint is the only viable option in that the remaining remedies are either not very beneficial, not licensable, not backfittable, or disallowed under 10CFR50.46 and Appendix K.
2. An historical overview (Reference 4) was prepared in an attempt to put in perspective the evolution of B&W's present AFW control system (six foot level control setpoint) and the specific problems (maintenance of hot shutdown following non-LOCA transient, overfill and overcooling transients) for which it is designed to solve.
3. The addition and control of AFW to a high level requires a change of monitoring and control instrumentation, including additional high level taps in the steam generator. However, of first priority was the addition of taps since installation is less expensive in the shop prior to stress relief than afterwards and that shop installation is much less expensive than field installation. (Rough estimates were that the new taps would cost \$2-3,000 each in the shop versus about \$100,000 per NSS in the field.) Because of the installation cost difference, it was deemed beneficial (References 5 and 6) to add new taps to those generators in the shop now to avoid the complication of field installation. References 7-9 provide a summary of the specific design activities and decisions that have taken place. Level taps have been added on the WPPSS contract (see Reference 8), and a CI/A proposing additional taps on PASNY has been prepared. Action on other contracts has not been initiated since fabrication schedules do not call for final stress relief for at least one year; design changes on these plants will be made following firm decisions on C&I requirements.
4. The addition of level taps on steam generators in the field has been studied; it was determined to be feasible using flange connections. Cost estimates from the B&W Construction Company (Reference 11) have been formally requested based on preliminary design concepts.
5. A re-analysis was performed of the 0.5 ft^2 break by ECCS utilizing an improved small break, modeling techniques (Reference 12) developed during the resolution of PSC 10-78 (Reference 13). This evaluation utilized all three model changes described in Reference 12. The results, however, merely confirm the conclusion drawn in Reference 3 that equipment changes are necessary to mitigate the consequences of a small LOCA. A presentation of the analytical findings has been given to the Section Manager of Plant Design, and Dr. Roy does concur that sufficient work has been performed to demonstrate that the six foot auxiliary feedwater control setpoint in conjunction with the ECCS is unacceptable for small break mitigation. A formal summary of the calculation is being prepared now.

With completion of Item 5 above, efforts to establish and implement an acceptable AFW control system must be initiated. To achieve this end, a five-phase program

is described below. This program is structured to include work which has taken place to date and future activities that are required.

Phase I. - Problem Identification

The analysis efforts (ECCS) to show that system design changes are necessary to enhance the mitigation of small breaks form the bulk of this phase of the program. These efforts will be essentially complete following documentation of the most recent analyses. Funding to date has been provided by TVA (Charge No. 04212A15). To cover past and anticipated efforts of Phase I, 450 manhours and 6 CDC hours will be required in addition to the 1000 manhours and 25 CDC hours provided in 0412A15.

Phase I has identified two principle factors which created the small LOCA problem. The first was the loss of a high (forty foot) AFW level control setpoint. The second was a previously unexpected result of the FAC. To meet the FAC, B&W Evaluation Models incorporated the use of leak correlations to distinguish between the subcooled and saturated blowdown periods of a LOCA. However, no specific analyses were performed then (1974) to identify the specific consequence of this model change. Based on the work performed to resolve PSC 10-78, it is suspected that the six foot AFW level control setpoint could be shown to be acceptable under pre-FAC guidelines. Confirmation of this fact could form the basis for partial cost recovery of analysis cost. Your assistance in evaluating the feasibility of this cost recovery path is requested. Further analysis cost to confirm that the FAC contributed to creation of the small break concern is anticipated to be approximately 100 manhours and 8 CDC hours.

Phase II. AFW Level Determination

An acceptable AFW level control setpoint is believed to be one which provides the following:

1. Small LOCA mitigation. -
2. Acceptable long-term consequences during all Chapter 15 events which utilize AFW (SLB, FWLB, etc.).
3. Thermal stresses within the design capability of the IEOTSG during over-cooling events (tube to shell ΔT is the primary concern).

To meet the above, the control setpoint must be minimized (as low as possible) to meet items 2 and 3, but high enough to provide LOCA mitigation.

To establish an acceptable AFW level, it is proposed that ECCS, Control Analysis (CA), and Safety Analysis (SA) perform investigative analyses simultaneously. These efforts (graphically displayed in Figure 1), are aimed at identifying:

1. The sensitivity of AFW level on the small break transient.
2. The potential impact of a high AFW level on design overcooling event and the 1092 spec.
3. Maximum AFW level control setpoint requirements (based on Engineering

T21707

judgement) from an accident analysis standpoint (Chapter 15 event).

With the above information and some preliminary feedback from Mt. Vernon of the acceptability of higher AFW levels on select overcooling event (hand calculations to be performed by CA), a preliminary AFW level control setpoint can be chosen. From a LOCA standpoint, sufficient analyses will be performed to demonstrate the adequacy of the selected level across the full small break spectrum; licensing submittals (updates to small break topical report) can then be deferred with good assurance of acceptable results.

Phase III. AFW Level Confirmation

Phase II analysis efforts will provide an acceptable AFW level setpoint and possibly a range depending on the sensitivity shown in LOCA calculations. Insight gained by the initial evaluations by CA, SA and Mt. Vernon will also provide a better understanding of additional analyses that will be required to confirm that the AFW level setpoint is acceptable from a steam generator integrity standpoint and for other accident analyses. Anticipated Phase II activities and costs are shown on Figure 1. It is not possible to identify the scope of work required by Mt. Vernon at this time because the impact of a higher AFW control setpoint on overcooling transients, tube to shell ΔT , etc., is not known. The preliminary review by Mt. Vernon of select overcooling events (hand calculations to be performed by Control Analysis) with a high AFW level should provide sufficient guidance during the AFW level control setpoint selection process to limit the amount of actual stress analyses which must be performed.

Phase IV. Equipment Changes

In addition to determination of an acceptable AFW level control setpoint, C&I equipment changes will be required. Questions which must be resolved are:

1. How many level taps must be added to the steam generators?
2. When must new equipment be ordered for plants approaching the OL stage of licensing?
3. What are the instrument error requirements with AFW controlled with full range level instrumentation?
4. When and how are equipment changes to be implemented on steam generators already in the field?

Per Reference 14, Plant Integration will proceed to determine the most economical (minimum hardware change), licensable approach utilizing a higher SRCI level control for steam generators in the field. A major output of this effort will be the number of taps to be installed in the field. A basis for selling an upgrade of the present two-channel SRCI steam generator level control system to a four-channel ESFAS system will also be developed. This activity will serve as a possible vehicle for partial cost recovery since an upgraded system will improve plant availability/reliability, provide protection from AFW overfill

(see Reference 15 for discussion of the problem) and aid in prevention of main feedwater overflow. The principle stimulus for this activity is the belief that the use of a four-channel (ESFAS) control scheme may be more desirable than upgrading the two-channel, SRCI to a protection-grade system. General instrumentation requirements (range, accuracy, etc.) will also be developed based on Phase II and III analysis results. The above level of effort will be required to establish the necessary groundrules to proceed with equipment change CI/A's and procurement activities. Actual C&I change cost will be identified per the issuance of CI/A's.

Lastly, level taps must be installed on the steam generators in the shop and possibly on units already in the field. If field installation is required, an FOAK level tap must be designed; installation techniques and costs must be developed; and appropriate CI/A's processed once the actual number of taps to be installed are known. Figure 1 also presents the potential cost identified for this activity.

Phase V. Licensing - Small Break Submittal

Following design confirmation of a AFW control system, a revision to the ECCS small break evaluation model will be required to incorporate analytical techniques to accurately predict steam generator performance during the small break transient. A spectrum analysis will eventually be required followed by an update to BAW-10074. TVA or WPPSS licensing schedules will ultimately control when this work is performed. At this time, however, it is anticipated to begin no later than fourth quarter of 1979. Anticipated costs are shown in Figure 1.

Summary

The five-phase program described above and in Figure 1, incorporates all known aspects of the AFW level problem known today. Changes in the scope of the program are extremely likely as additional problems are identified. The costs shown in Figure 1 are essentially a "best guess" based on our knowledge today, and they are consistent with those previously supplied per Reference 16. Costs associated with equipment changes (design plus hardware costs) are not identified in Figure 1 since requirements for the hardware are not known. These type costs will be identified as the program proceeds.

Attached also, is a non-CPR work request and WA's to cover Phases I, II and parts of Phase IV for the 205 FA plants. These activities are essential for the program to proceed. Your assistance in securing the necessary funding to support these work activities is requested.

Lastly, the above program has been prepared specifically for the 205FA plants. B&W 145FA plants do possess the same problems and similar activities will be required. As per our discussions previously, the anticipated funding levels (analysis) which may be required for the 145FA plants are:

approximately 3000 manhours/100 CDC	ECCS
approximately 700 manhours/ 5 CDC	Others

T21739

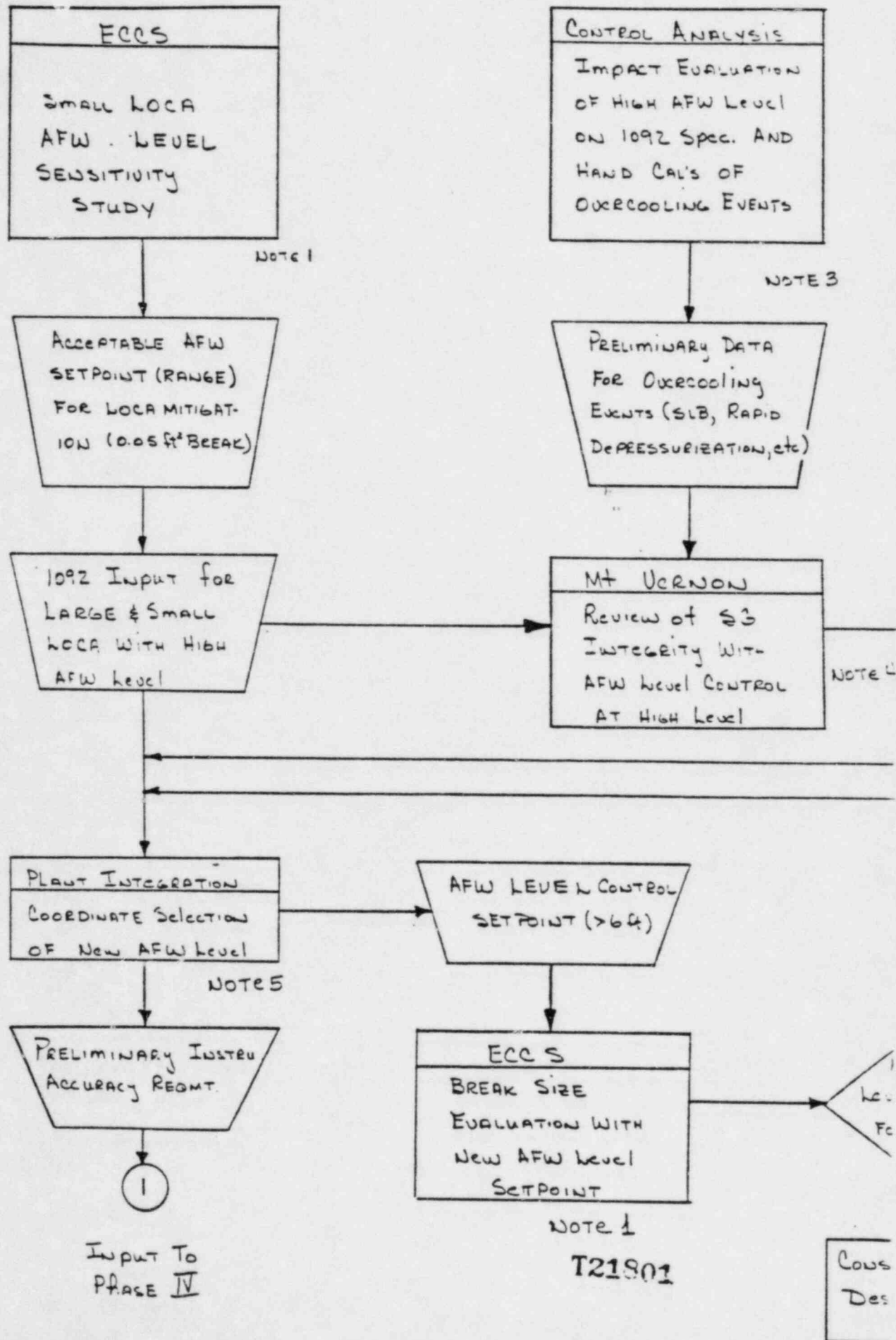
No work is anticipated for this plant type for at least one year. Input from the 205FA plant resolution program will tend to minimize analysis and hardware development costs.

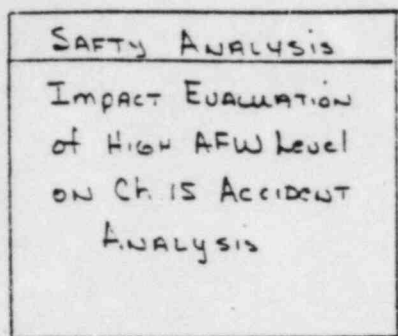
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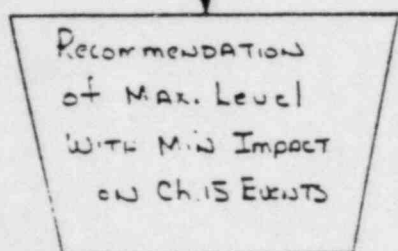
B. L. Brooks
J. R. Burris
W. A. Cobb
J. F. Cuvilier
B. M. Dunn
J. J. Happell
G. M. Jacks
R. C. Jones
B. A. Karrasch
D. E. Leinhart
A. F. McBride
C. E. Parks
D. H. Roy
J. S. Shivey
E. W. Swanson
J. H. Taylor
R. O. Vesburg
E. A. Womack
H. S. Muir

PHASE II.





NOTE 2



Recommendation of
Max Level Accept-
able from SG
Integrity Standpoint

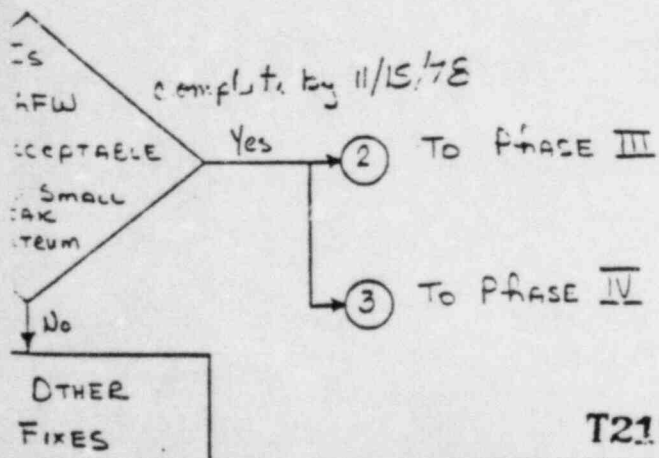


Figure. 1: Small Break - AFW
Resolution Program

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PHASE III

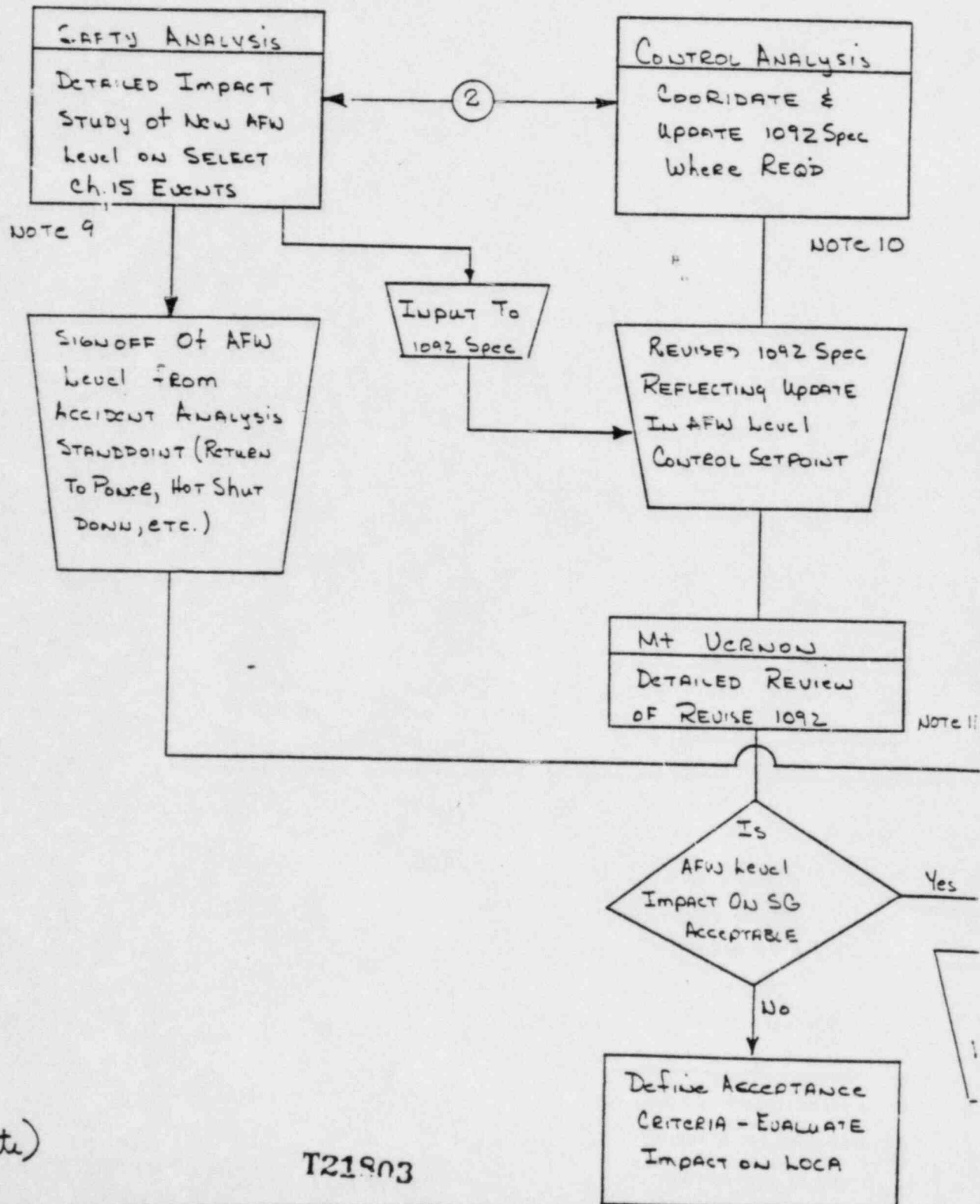
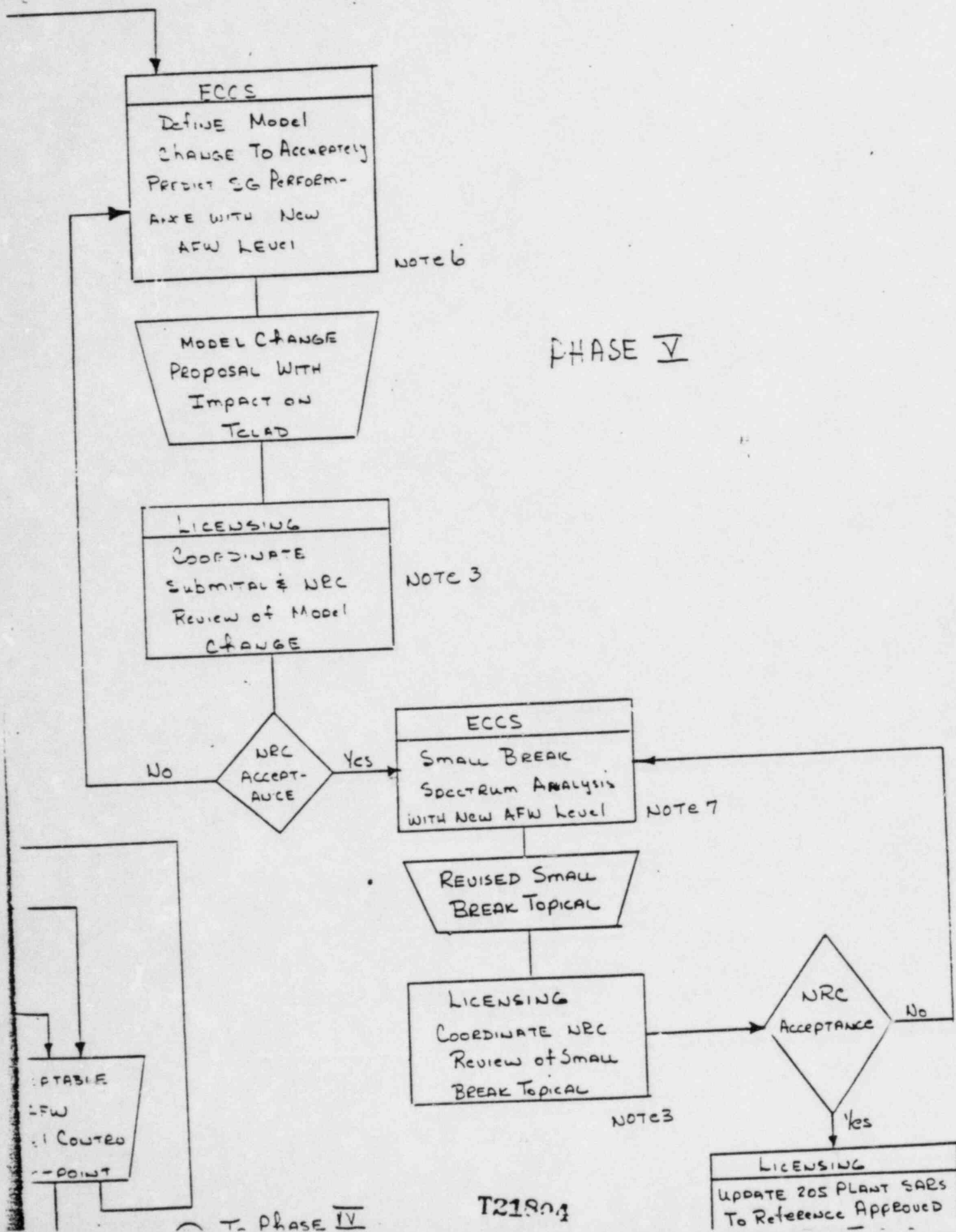
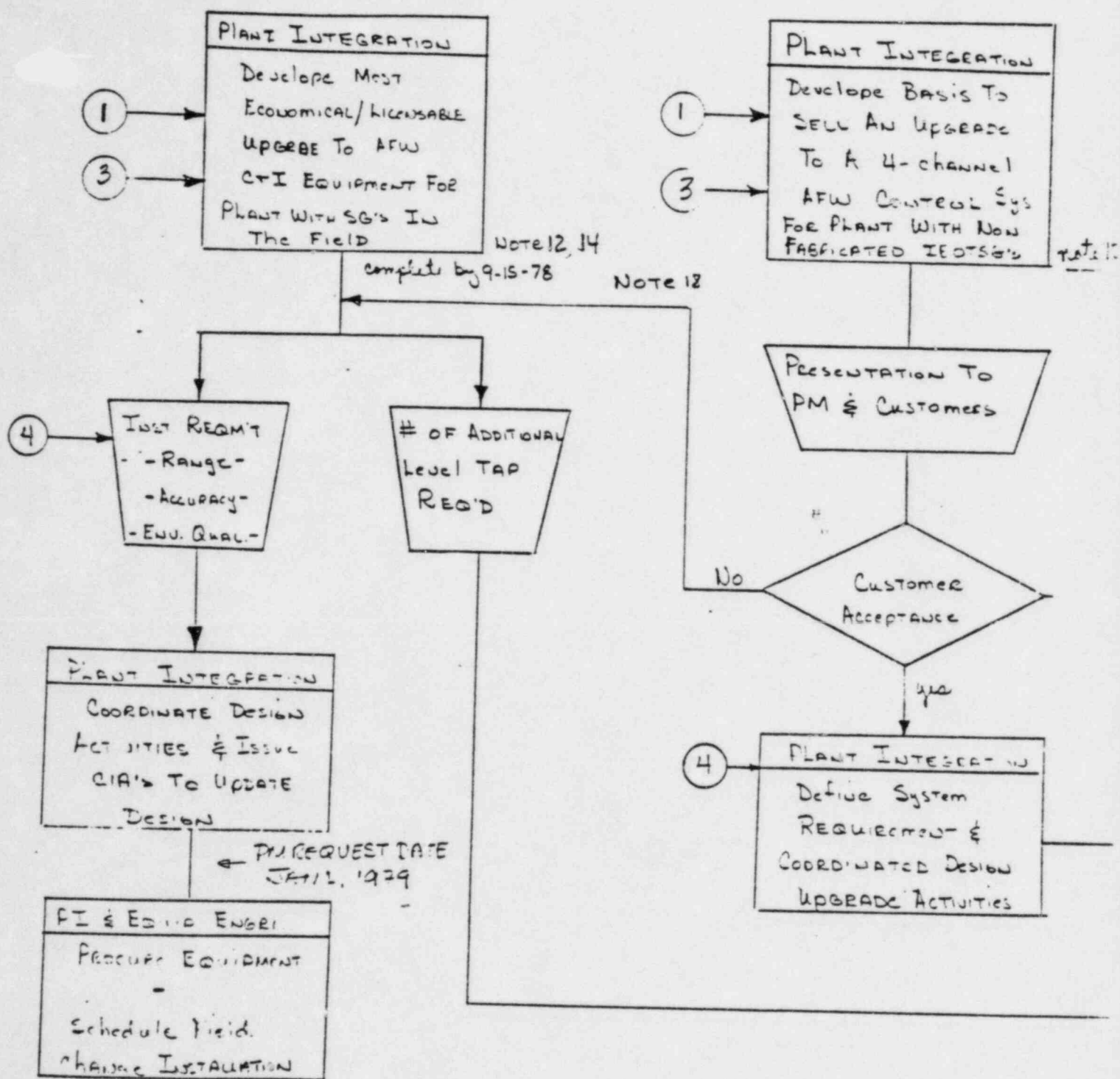
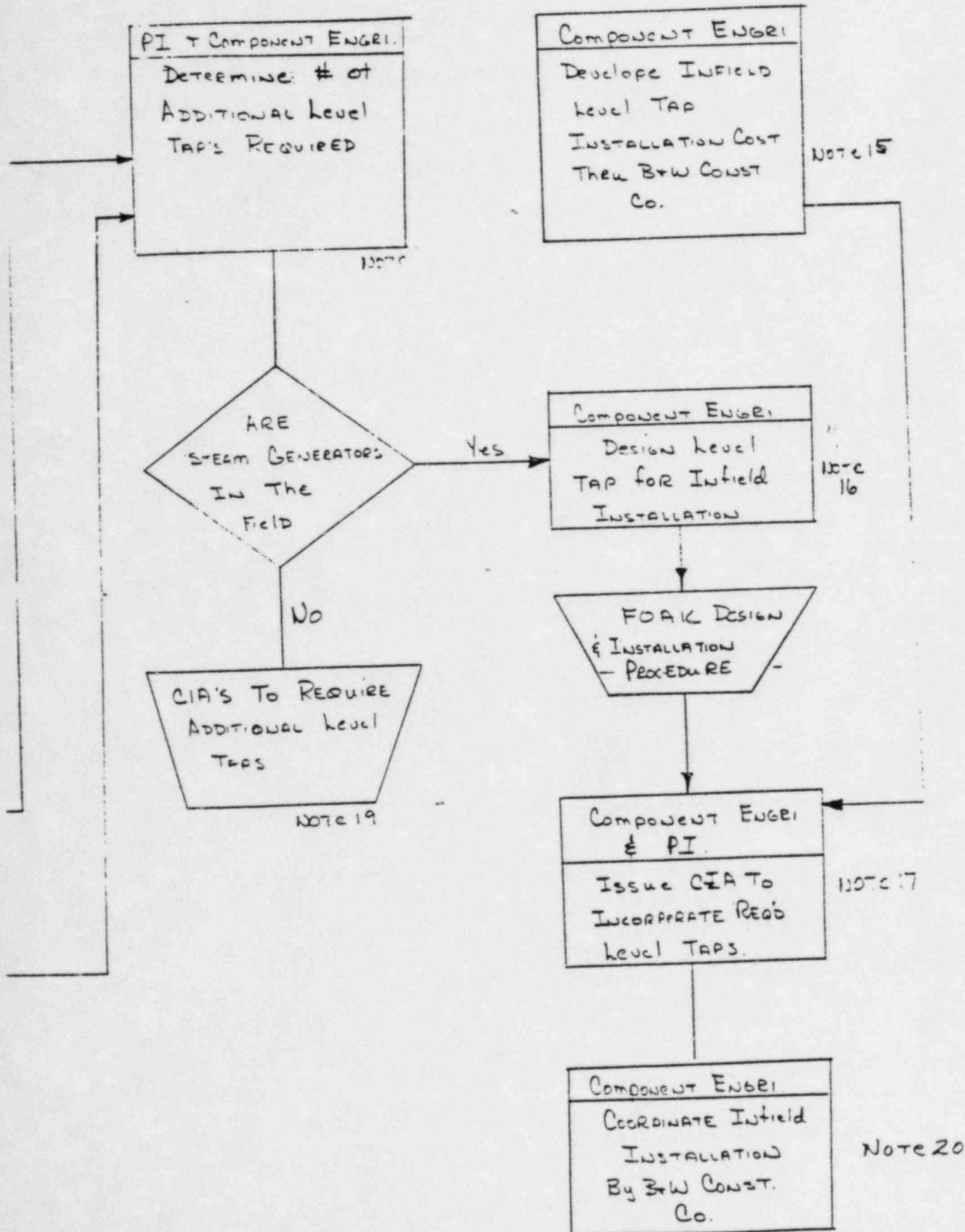


Figure 1 (cont.)

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FOOTNOTES TO Figure 1.

Note #	Unit	MAN Hours	CDC Hours	Discussion
1	ECCS	(1180)	(49)	AFW level sensor (>6-feet) required to establish level dependency.
2.	SAFETY ANALYSIS	(80)	-	Preliminary impact on select Chapter maximum level impact on non-maintenance of hot.
3	CONTROL ANALYSIS	(200)	-	Preliminary impact on the 1092 spec. to estimate effects to be utilized.
4.	MT VERNON	(200)	-	Provide feedback on steam generator. This effort is selection of a
5.	Plant Integration	(300)	-	Overall program.
6.	ECCS	400	16	SG Model Changes assure NRC access

study to establish minimum AFW level control set point
small LOCA mitigation. Cost reflect 4 cases: 2 cases
reactivity and 2 cases to confirm break size

assessment of the effect of a high AFW control set point
events; development of a recommendation of a
AFW control which would minimize the
safety analysis. Considerations include return to power, overcooling,
on, etc.

assessment of the effect of a high AFW control set point
and calculations of several overcooling transients
x tube to shell ΔT with high AFW level - output
N+ Vernon

of the effect of a high AFW control set point
integrity for worst case overcooling events.
aid to provide preliminary guidance on the
AFW control set point for future analyses.

iteration.

simulation of S6 heat transfer model changes necessary to
of a new 205 FA small break analysis

FOOTNOTES TO Figure 1

Note #	Limit	Man Hours	CDC Hours	Discussion
7.	ECCS	2200	80	Small break spectrum the ECCS Topical report,
8.	Licensing	(200)		Licensing support to changes and ECCS
9.	SAFTY Analysis	830	25	Detailed impact study level setpoint required results for accident a and to provide 1092 or to be re-evaluated based on
10	Control Analysis	500	5 (no hybrid hours)	Detailed operational eval as a result of a the activity is to be re-eval selected in Phase II.
11.	Mt. Vernon	?	?	Signoff of AFW level co funding allocation req data is reviewed.

analysis (5-7 breaks) leading to an update to
FW-10074.

ite and obtain NRC approval of model
all break topical report.

of Chapter 15 events (SLB, FWLB, etc) utilizing AFW
LOCA mitigation. Study to assure acceptable
basis (return to power, maintenance of hot shutdown, etc)
at data for select accidents. Cost of this activity is
note 2 activities and the AFW level selected in Phase II.

tion and updates to the 1092 spec if required
AFW level control set point. Cost of this
based on note 3 activities and the AFW level

al set point from a SG integrity set point.
ements to be defined once preliminary

FOOTNOTES TO FIGURE 1

DTE #	UNIT	MAN HOURS	DISCUSSION
12.	C+I INTEGRATION	200	Determine the most SRCI level control determine minimum SG's in the field
13.	C+I Integration	(Covered by item 12)	Develop strategy system to our recovery a part small break & quantity to also be required for
14.	Plant Integration	200	Overall coordina
15.	Component Engineering	100	Develop cost of (Lyle Bohn) this
16.	Component Engineering	300	FOAK Design of is not yet diff

onomical, licensable approach to utilize a higher
or steam generators in the field. Out put will
number of level taps to be added to the
(Brent Brooks - to be completed by 9-15-78)

(4 channel - ESFAS)

sell an upgrade in the AFW control
new. Work could provide a means to
the C+I cost as a result of the
successful, level taps of sufficient
to a 4-channel control system would
S-31 and on. (Brent Brooks)

equipment modification (LR CARTIN)

Id installation of addition SS level taps
B+W construction Co.

tap for field installation. (Lyle Bohn - schedule

T21842

FOOTNOTES TO FIGURE 1

NOTE #	UNIT	MAN Hours	DISCUSSION
17.	Component Engineering	80/NSS	man hour cost installation of a
18.	-	-	Front-end work - this time cost and the hardware the program pro are the best so!
19	-	-	Shop installation to be approx
20	-	-	INFIELD INSTALLATION To Be 40-60K

cover paper work and follow thru for infield
additional SG level taps.

Develop C+I requirements are provided at
associated with equipment design and procurement
cost in general will be developed as
ds. (Costs developed to prepare risk forecast
known at this time.)

costs of additional level taps are anticipated
at \$2000-3000 per tap.

COST FOR ADDITION LEVEL TAPS ARE ESTIMATED
R. NSS.

$$\sqrt{Y_C} = \sqrt{V_A} \cdot \sqrt{W_B} \cdot \sqrt{W_G} \cdot \sqrt{W_D}$$

Perform AFW level sensitivity study for 0.05 Hz Break. Establish minimum AFW level required for LOCA mitigation. Confirm minimum AFW level is acceptable for full small break spect

Budget is based on 2 level sensitivity CRAFT cases for a 0.05 ft² level and 2 additional CRAFT runs for different size breaks. Budget will be revised as scope of study changes. Formal Eng. documentation to be a

APPROVAL / ACCEPTANCE <i>R. G. Jones</i>	DATE <i>8/2/75</i>
ORIGINATOR	
REVIEWER <i>John Sullivan Jr.</i>	DATE <i>8/3/75</i>
REVIEWED	
BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION	
<input type="radio"/> CPR	
<input type="radio"/> CONTINGENCY	
<input type="radio"/> NO OFFSET	
<input type="radio"/> OTHER	
APPROVER	DATE
	<i>T21815</i>

TC = PI/

WORK PACKAGE DESCRIPTION (WPD)

WPD REV.	DATE	WPD NO.
43	6-2	53

CONTRACT NO.	CUSTOMER	TASK TITLE	WPD TITLE	TASK NO.	STD CODE
		SAFTY ANALYSIS	205 FA- Aux. Feedwater Level	14	

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

1. To review ch. 15 TRANSIENTS WHICH UTILIZE AFW FOR ACCIDENT MITIGATION AND/OR long term cooling leading to A RECOMMENDATION OF A MAX. LEVEL SETPOINT WHICH WILL MINIMIZE THE IMPACT ON CH. 15 EVENTS (SLB/FWLB) PHASE II
2. DOCUMENT ANALYSIS CONCERNS THAT ARE EFFECTED BY A HIGH AFW LEVEL CONTROL. PHASE II
3. PLAN AND PERFORM LIMITED ANALYSES (SLB, FWLB, etc) TO VERIFY ACCEPTABILITY OF AFW LEVEL (REQUIRED FOR SMALL LOCA MITIGATION) ON CHAPTER 15 TRANSIENTS. PHASE III

INTERMEDIATE INPUTSINTERMEDIATE OUTPUTS

SCOPE OF SUPPLY

C/A/D 80

EQUIPMENT

MARK NO.

DESCRIPTION

QTY

DOCUMENTS

DOCUMENT NO.

DESCRIPTIONS

SERVICES

DESCRIPTION

START CRITERIA

Now

FINISH CRITERIA

T21816

WORK AUTHORIZATION (WA)

ID-200

NOTE: SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS ON REVERSE SIDE

TC = WA, WB, WG, WD CONTRACT NO.		CUSTOMER		WA TITLE 207FR - 1st. FURNITURE Level		WA NO.		WA REV.		WA DATE		TASK NO.		COST CENTER	
						WPD NO.		WPD REV.		WPD DATE		14		325	
						15		25		22-78		14		325	
						16		26		22-78		14		325	
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						85		95		22-78		14		325	
						86		96		22-78		14		325	
						87		97		22-78		14		325	
						88		98		22-78		14		325	
						89		99		22-78		14		325	
						90		100		22-78		14		325	

PROPOSAL ESTIMATE

☐ PROPOSAL ESTIMATE

☒ AUTHORIZED WORK

☐ REVISE STANDARD WBS

☐ R & D BUDGET ALLOCATION

☒ PARTIAL ALLOCATION FROM 6-22-78 TO 12-15-78

☐ OTHER (DESCRIBE)

BUDGET DATA

INITIAL BUDGET (REVISION 00 ONLY)

HOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS
22				

CURRENT BUDGET

HOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS

PROPOSED BUDGET

HOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS
80				

NEGOTIATED OVERRUN/UNDERRUN

HOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS

BUDGET CHANGE

☐ BUDGET TRADE

☐ LICENSING

☐ SCOPE

ABNORMAL ORDER (Enter Letter Type)

☐ ABNORMAL ORDER

ACT. SPAN (WKS) SET PT CODE

ACT. SPAN (WKS) 1/8 CODE

START DATE 6-22-78 COMP DATE 12-15-78

OPT NO. C/A/D

APPROVAL / ACCEPTANCE

APPROVAL / ACCEPTANCE 6-22-78

ORIGINATOR DATE 6/23/78

REVIEWER DATE

REVIEWER

REVIEWER

REVIEWER

BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION

☐ CPR

☐ CONTINGENCY

☐ NO OFFSET

☐ OTHER

APPROVER DATE

This is a PARTIAL BUDGET ESTIMATION TO COVER ITEMS 1 & 2 OF THE WPD.

Item 3 (if required) is estimated to require an additional 2500 hrs and 25 cdc hrs at this time. This estimate may be revised based on the final level requirement of the small LOCA. AND the analysis scope required to verify acceptable results on non-LOCA transients.

/TC = P1/

WORK PACKAGE DESCRIPTION (WPD)

WPD REV.	DATE	WPD NO.
43	6-22-78	33

CONTRACT NO.	CUSTOMER	TASK TITLE	WPD TITLE	TASK NO.	STD CODE
		CONTROL ANALYSIS	205FA- Aux Feed Level	09	

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

1. TO EVALUATE THE EFFECT OF A HIGH AFW LEVEL CONTROL ON SELECT OVERCOOLING TRANSIENTS TO ENABLE A PRELIMINARY REVIEW OF THERMAL STRESSES ON THE STEAM GENERATORS.
2. FORMULATE A RECOMMENDATION FOR A HIGH AFW LEVEL WHICH WILL RESULT IN A MINIMAL IMPACT ON THE 1092 SPEC AND CHAPTER 15 TRANSIENTS.
3. PERFORM A DETAILED OPERATIONAL EVALUATION AND ANALYSES (IF REQUIRED) TO UPDATE THE FUNCTIONAL SPEC (1092) ON THE 205FA PLANTS WITH A HIGH AFW LEVEL CONTROL.

INTERMEDIATE INPUTSINTERMEDIATE OUTPUTS

SCOPE OF SUPPLY

C/A/D 40

EQUIPMENT

MARK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY

DOCUMENTS

DOCUMENT NO.	DESCRIPTIONS

SERVICES

DESCRIPTION

EVALUATE OVERCOOLING TRANSIENTS WITH HIGH AFW LEVEL AND UPDATE 1092 SPEC IF REQUIRED.

START CRITERIA

Now

FINISH CRITERIA

UPDATED TO 1092 SPEC. T21818

WORK AUTHORIZATION (WA)

ID-200

NOTE: SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS ON
REVERSE SIDE

FC = WA, WB, WG, WD

CONTRACT NO.		CUSTOMER		WA TITLE		WA NO.		WA REV.		WA DATE		TASK NO.		COST CENTER	
1		205 FA - ANX FEED LEVEL		11		15		22		6/22/78		09		293	
INITIAL BUDGET (REVISION 00 ONLY)		CURRENT BUDGET		PROPOSED BUDGET		NEGOTIATED OVERRUN/UNDERRUN		BUDGET DATA		SCHEDULE DATA		CHG NO.		GP	
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	GP
200					200					200					
PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE		PROPOSED BUDGET		NEGOTIATED OVERRUN/UNDERRUN		BUDGET DATA		SCHEDULE DATA		CHG NO.		GP		GP	
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS	GP
200					200					200					
ACT. SPAN (WKS)		SET PT CODE		ACT. SPAN (WKS)		SET PT CODE		ACT. SPAN (WKS)		SET PT CODE		ACT. SPAN (WKS)		SET PT CODE	
6-22-78		1041		6-22-78		1041		6-22-78		1041		6-22-78		1041	
START DATE		COMP DATE		START DATE		COMP DATE		START DATE		COMP DATE		START DATE		COMP DATE	
6-22-78		11-15-78		6-22-78		11-15-78		6-22-78		11-15-78		6-22-78		11-15-78	
OPT NO.		C/A/D		OPT NO.		C/A/D		OPT NO.		C/A/D		OPT NO.		C/A/D	
470		10		470		10		470		10		470		10	

THIS IS A PARTIAL BUDGET ESTIMATION TO COVER
ITEMS 1 AND 2 OF THE WPD. PHASE II
PROVIDE APPROPRIATE DOCUMENTATION.

ITEM 3 (IF REQUIRED) IS ESTIMATED TO
REQUIRE AN ADDITIONAL 500 HRS, 5 CDC HRS,
AND 100 HYBRID HOURS. THIS ESTIMATE MAY
BE REVISED BASED UPON ITEM 1 EVALUATIONS
AND THE FINAL, SMALL LOCA LEVEL REQUIREMENTS.

APPROVAL/ACCEPTANCE

ORIGINATOR
G.R. BURNIS
REVIEWER
DATE
6-22-78
6/22/78

REVIEWER

DATE

DATE

BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION

☐ CPR
☐ CONTINGENCY
☐ NO OFFSET
☐ OTHER

T218:9

APPROVER

DATE

WORK AUTHORIZATION (WA)

ID-200

NOTE: SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS ON
REVERSE SIDE

TC = WA, WB, WG, WD

CONTRACT NO.		CUSTOMER		WA TITLE		WA NO.	WA REV.	WA DATE	TASK NO.	COST CENTER				
				20511 - Aux. Facilitation Level		15	25	6-22-78	07	352				
						WPD NO.	WPD REV.	WPD DATE	ORGANIZATION					
						172		6-22-78	Plant Integration					
BUDGET DATA						-USE OF FORM-				CHARGE NO.				
INITIAL BUDGET (REVISION 00 ONLY)						<input type="radio"/> PROPOSAL ESTIMATE <input checked="" type="radio"/> AUTHORIZED WORK <input type="radio"/> REVISE STANDARD WBS <input type="radio"/> R & D BUDGET ALLOCATION <input checked="" type="radio"/> PARTIAL ALLOCATION FROM 6-22-78 TO 12-15-78 Date Date <input type="radio"/> OTHER (DESCRIBE)				<input checked="" type="radio"/> OVERRUN/UNDERRUN BUDGET CHANGE <input type="radio"/> BUDGET TRADE <input type="radio"/> LICENSING <input type="radio"/> SCOPE				
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS						CP	GP			
										EHCS				
CURRENT BUDGET										CHRS				
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS						CHG NO.				
										OPEN DATE				
PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE										SCHEDULE DATA				
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS						ACT. SPAN (WKS)	SET PT CODE			
										F/B SPAN (WKS)	F/B CODE			
PROPOSED BUDGET										START DATE	COMP DATE			
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS						6-22-78	12-15-78			
NEGOTIATED OVERRUN/UNDERRUN										ABNORMAL ORDER				
										(Enter Letter Type)				
MANHOURS	COMP HRS	MATL	HYB HRS	SIM. HRS		RECAP NO.	CPR NO.	REF. C/A	REV #	RESPONSIBILITY	COMP	GP	GPT NO.	C/L/D
						A64	B45		30		A70	773	737	80

PROVIDE COORDINATION OF THE 205/145
SMALL BREAK PROBLEM IN THE
ANALYSIS AREA & INSTIGATED THE
DEVELOPMENT OF HARDWARE
RELATED CHANGES IF REQUIRED.

APPROVAL / ACCEPTANCE

Lucius R. Carter 6-22-78
ORIGINATOR DATE
Small Break 6/23/78
REVIEWER DATE

REVIEWER

DATE

BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION

- ☐ CPR
☐ CONTINGENCY
☐ NO OFFSET
☐ OTHER

T21820

APPROVER

DATE

P.1/

WORK PACKAGE DESCRIPTION (WPD)

WPD REV.	DATE	WPD NO.
43	6-22-78	13

CONTRACT NO.	CUSTOMER	TASK TITLE	WPD TITLE	TASK NO.	STD CODE
		RCS/SS DESIGN	205FA- Aux. Feedwater Level	07	

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

1. PROVIDE COORDINATION OF PROGRAM TO RESOLVE 205/145 SMALL BREAK PROBLEM
2. PROVIDE INTERFACE CONTACT BETWEEN ANALYSIS GROUPS AND HARDWARE DESIGN UNITS IN EVALUATING DESIGN MODIFICATION (HIGHER AFW LEVEL CONTROL).
3. DETERMINE MOST ECONOMICALLY LICENSABLE APPROACH TO CONTROL AFW TO A HIGH LEVEL (>6') FOR STEAM GENERATORS IN THE FIELD.

INTERMEDIATE INPUTS

INTERMEDIATE OUTPUTS

SCOPE OF SUPPLY

C/A/D 80

EQUIPMENT

MARK NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY

DOCUMENTS

DOCUMENT NO.	DESCRIPTIONS

SERVICES

DESCRIPTION

START CRITERIA

FINISH CRITERIA

T21821

APPROVAL ACCEPTANCE
6/23/78
ORIGINATOR
DATE
6/23/78
REVIEWER
DATE
REVIEWER
DATE
T21923
BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION
☐ CPR
☐ CONTINGENCY
☐ NO OFFSET
☐ OTHER
APPROVER
DATE

WORK AUTHORIZATION (WA)

ID-200

NOTE: SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS ON REVERSE SIDE

TC = WA, WB, WG, WD

CONTRACT NO.		CUSTOMER		WA TITLE		WA NO.		WA REV.		WA DATE		TASK NO.		COST CENTER	
				C-205FA-55 Level Taps		13		73		6-22-78		55		814-521	
						WPD NO.		WPD REV.		WPD DATE				ORGANIZATION	
						174				6-22-78				STZAM GEN UNIT	
														CHARGE NO.	
-USE OF FORM-															
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OVERRUN/UNDERRUN															
BUDGET CHANGE															
<input type="checkbox"/> BUDGET TRADE															
<input type="checkbox"/> LICENSING															
<input type="checkbox"/> SCOPE															
<input type="checkbox"/> PROPOSAL ESTIMATE															
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTHORIZE WORK															
<input type="checkbox"/> REVISE STANDARD WBS															
<input type="checkbox"/> R & D BUDGET ALLOCATION															
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PARTIAL ALLOCATION FROM 7/1/78 TO 9/15/78															
<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (DESCRIBE)															
ABNORMAL ORDER (Enter Letter Type)															
RESPONSIBILITY															
COMP															
GP															
OPT NO.															
START DATE															
COMP DATE															
C/A/D															
80															
ACT. SPAN (WYS)															
SET PT CODE															
F/B SPAN (WYS)															
F/B CODE															
SCHEDULE DATA															
CHG NO.															
OPEN DATE															
ENCS															
CHRS															
CP															
GP															

APPROVAL/ACCEPTANCE		6-22-78	
ORIGINATOR		DATE	
REVIEWER		DATE	
REVIEWER		DATE	
BUDGET DATA AND AUTHORIZATION		8/14/78	
CPR			
CONTINGENCY			
NO OFFSET			
OTHER			
APPROVER		DATE	

To Recommend Techniques And Provide
Cost Estimates For Field Installation
Of Additional Level Sensing Taps
In The 205FA Steam Generators.

ON-CPR WORK REQUEST FORM

Phase I = 1450/31 = \$56K

Top Rate WA #0412A15

NCFR # 7-78

Manhours 2560 X = \$ 52,480

Contract or Risk Program

CDC Hours 49 X = \$ 41,650

No. _____

Analog Hours - X = \$ _____

Contract or Risk Program

Total/Affected Contract = \$ 94,130 Phase II

R-39-ECCS/R42 ECCS Hdwe

Name 205 ECCS Small Break, Auxiliary Feedwater Level

Total Min. Impact \$598,000

WA Nos. _____

See Attached Risk Assessment

Total Max. Impact \$1,435,000

Steam Generator (529)

Control Analysis (393)

ECCS (394)

Plant Integration (352)

Safety Analysis (325)

Mt. Vernon Mech. Design

Unit(s) Licensing (346)

Cost Center _____

Organization requesting work: WRF originator Plant Design

Note: WA for Mt. Vernon is not attached.

PM Risk (Hardy Duerson)

Manhours requested include 200

manhours for their activities.

Other _____

Cause: ECCS Analysis assumes a high steam generator level to assist small break

mitigation; this program will: (1) Add high level measuring taps,

(2) Determine the ECCS level needed, (3) Define upper limits for level per Safety

Analysis and Stress Units.

Nature of Work: _____

See Attached WA's and WPD's.

Work is result of:

☐ Inadequate WBS Cost Base Line Without Contingency

☐ Inadequate WBS Scope Base Line Without Contingency

☐ Error or Change which Invalidates Previously Completed Work

☒ Other New information: Recent ECCS analysis indicates the as-designed six foot level is not sufficient; the previous forty foot level assumption is not compatible with other design needs.

Has PM reviewed and concurred with need and non-CPR status? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Should Standard Plant WBS be revised? ☐ Yes ☒ No

List WA No(s). and dollar value for each WA which has been identified as offset:

Bakara

Unit Manager

8/7/78

Date

UWman

Section Manager

(Phase II)

HELP STAMP OUT
PROFIT DEGRADATION!

T21805