

ATTACHMENT 2

Proposed Technical Specification Changes

Unit 1

Pages 3/4 7-16  
3/4 7-17  
3/4 7-18  
3/4 7-19  
3/4 9-17  
3/4 9-18

Unit 2

Pages 3/4 7-16  
3/4 7-17  
3/4 7-18  
3/4 7-19  
3/4 9-17  
3/4 9-18

Units 1 and 2

Inserts, Page 1  
Page 2

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### 3/4.7.7 CONTROL ROOM EMERGENCY VENTILATION SYSTEM

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.7.7 Two independent control room emergency air cleanup systems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: All MODES.

#### ACTION:

MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4:

With one control room emergency air cleanup system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

MODES 5 and 6 (during irradiated fuel movement, or movement of loads over irradiated fuel):

- a. With one control room emergency air cleanup system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or initiate and maintain operation of the control room emergency ventilation system in the recirculation mode.
- b. With both control room emergency air cleanup systems inoperable, suspend all operations involving the movement of irradiated fuel or movement of loads over irradiated fuel.
- c. The provisions of Specification 3.0.3 are not applicable in MODE 6.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.7.7 Each control room emergency ventilation system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 12 hours by verifying that the control room air temperature is less than or equal to 120°F.
- b. At least once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by initiating, from the control room, flow through the pressurization and recirculation system HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers and verifying that the system has operated for at least 10 hours with the heaters on during the past 31 days.
- c. At least once per 18 months or (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire or chemical release that could have contaminated the charcoal adsorbers or HEPA filters in any ventilation zone communicating with the system by:
  1. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria ~~and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions G.5.a, G.5.b and G.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, and the system flow rate is as indicated in Note 1.~~

*Insert I*

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- Insert II*
2. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~
  3. Verifying a system flow rate as indicated in Note 1 during system operation when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 8 of ANSI N510-1980*
  - d. After every 720 hours of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ *Insert II*
  - e. At least once per 18 months by:
    1. Verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks is less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1.
    2. Verifying that the filter train starts on a Safety Injection Actuation test signal.
    3. Verifying that the system maintains the control room at a positive pressure of greater than or equal to 1/8 inch W.G. relative to the outside atmosphere during system operation.
    4. Verifying that the heaters dissipate  $7.5 \pm 0.8$  kw when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 14 of ANSI N510-1980.*
  - f. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to ~~99% 99.95%~~ of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1. *Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980*
  - g. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to ~~99% 99.95%~~ of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1. *Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980*

Note 1.	a. Control Room Recirculation Filter Unit	2000 cfm $\pm$ 10%
	b. Control Room Filter Unit	1000 cfm $\pm$ 10%
	c. Control Room Pressurization Filter Unit	300 cfm $\pm$ 10%

#### Note 2. Insert III

<sup>#</sup>Surveillance Requirement 4.7.7.e.2 does not apply in MODES 5 and 6.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### 3/4.7.8 PENETRATION ROOM FILTRATION SYSTEM

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

---

3.7.8 Two independent penetration room filtration systems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

ACTION:

With one penetration room filtration system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

---

4.7.8 Each penetration room filtration system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by initiating, from the control room, flow through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers and verifying that the system has operated for at least 10 hours with the heaters on during the past 31 days.
- b. At least once per 18 months or (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire or chemical release that could have contaminated the charcoal adsorbers or HEPA filters in any ventilation zone communicating with the system by:
  1. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria ~~and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions G.5.a, G.5.c and G.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, and the system flow rate is 5000 cfm ± 10%.~~

— Insert IV

PLANT SYSTEMS

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

2. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ *Insert V*
3. Verifying a system flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10% during system operation when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 8 of ANSI NSIC-1980*
- c. After every 720 hours of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ *Insert V*
- d. At least once per 18 months by:
  1. Verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks of less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%.
  2. Verifying that the system starts on a Phase B Isolation test signal.
  3. Verifying that the heaters dissipate 25  $\pm$  2.5 kw when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 14 of ANSI NSIC-1980.*
- e. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to ~~99.95%~~ *99%* of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%. *Section 10 of ANSI NSIC-1980*
- f. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to ~~99.95%~~ *99%* of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%. *Section 12 of ANSI NSIC-1980*



## REFUELING OPERATIONS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- ~~1. Verifying that with the main purge system operating and exhausting through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers, the total bypass flow of the system to the facility vent, including leakage through the system diverting valves, is less than or equal to 1% when the system is tested by admitting cold DDP at the system intake.~~
1. ~~2. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions C.5.a, C.5.c and C.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, with the main purge system operating.~~ Insert VI
2. ~~Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of 75% efficiency.~~ Section 13 of ANSI NS10-1980  
≥ greater than or equal to
- b. After every 12 months of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ Insert VII
- c. At least once per 18 months by verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks is less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the main purge system.

— when tested with methyl iodide at 80°C and 70% relative humidity.

## REFUELING OPERATIONS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

---

- d. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to ~~99% 75%~~ of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the main purge system.  
Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980
- e. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to ~~99% 75%~~ of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the main purge system.  
Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### 3/4.7.7 CONTROL ROOM EMERGENCY VENTILATION SYSTEM

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.7.7 Two independent control room emergency air cleanup systems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: All MODES.

#### ACTION:

MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4:

With one control room emergency air cleanup system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

MODES 5 and 6 (during irradiated fuel movement, or movement of loads over irradiated fuel):

- a. With one control room emergency air cleanup system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or initiate and maintain operation of the control room emergency ventilation system in the recirculation mode.
- b. With both control room emergency air cleanup systems inoperable, suspend all operations involving the movement of irradiated fuel or movement of loads over irradiated fuel.
- c. The provisions of Specification 3.0.3 are not applicable in MODE 6.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.7.7 Each control room emergency ventilation system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 12 hours by verifying that the control room air temperature is less than or equal to 120°F.
- b. At least once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by initiating, from the control room, flow through the pressurization and recirculation system HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers and verifying that the system has operated for at least 10 hours with the heaters on during the past 31 days.
- c. At least once per 18 months or (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire or chemical release that could have contaminated the charcoal adsorbers or HEPA filters in any ventilation zone communicating with the system by:
  1. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria, ~~and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions G.5.a, G.5.c and G.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1970, and the system flow rate is as indicated in Note 1.~~

— Insert I



## PLANT SYSTEMS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- Insert II*
2. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position G.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position G.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~
  3. Verifying a system flow rate as indicated in Note 1 during system operation when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 8 of ANSI N510-1980*
  - d. After every 720 hours of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position G.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position G.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ *Insert II*
  - e. At least once per 18 months by:
    1. Verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks is less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1.
    2. Verifying that the filter train starts on a Safety Injection Actuation test signal.
    3. Verifying that the system maintains the control room at a positive pressure of greater than or equal to 1/8 inch W.G. relative to the outside atmosphere during system operation.
    4. Verifying that the heaters dissipate  $7.5 \pm 0.8$  kw when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ *Section 14 of ANSI N510-1980.*
  - f. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to ~~99.95%~~ *99%* of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1. *Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980*
  - g. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to ~~99.95%~~ *99%* of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1. *Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980*

Note 1.	a. Control Room Recirculation Filter Unit	2000 cfm $\pm$ 10%
	b. Control Room Filter Unit	1000 cfm $\pm$ 10%
	c. Control Room Pressurization Filter Unit	300 cfm $\pm$ 10%

#### Note 2. *Insert III*

# Surveillance Requirement 4.7.7.e.2 does not apply in MODES 5 and 6.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### 3/4.7.8 PENETRATION ROOM FILTRATION SYSTEM

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.7.8 Two independent penetration room filtration systems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

#### ACTION:

With one penetration room filtration system inoperable, restore the inoperable system to OPERABLE status within 7 days or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.7.8 Each penetration room filtration system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS by initiating, from the control room, flow through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers and verifying that the system has operated for at least 10 hours with the heaters on during the past 31 days.
- b. At least once per 18 months or (1) after any structural maintenance on the HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber housings, or (2) following painting, fire or chemical release that could have contaminated the charcoal adsorbers or HEPA filters in any ventilation zone communicating with the system by:
  1. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria ~~and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions C.5.a, C.5.c and C.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1979, and the system flow rate is 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%.~~

— Insert IV

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

2. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position G.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position G.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ ← Insert V
3. Verifying a system flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10% during system operation when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ Section 8 of ANSI N510-1980
- c. After every 720 hours of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position G.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position G.6.a of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ ← Insert V
- d. At least once per 18 months by:
  1. Verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks of less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%.
  2. Verifying that the system starts on a Phase B Isolation test signal.
  3. Verifying that the heaters dissipate 25  $\pm$  2.5 kw when tested in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975.~~ Section 14 of ANSI N510-1980.
- e. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to 99% ~~99.95%~~ of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%. Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980
- f. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to 99% ~~99.95%~~ of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10%. Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980

## REFUELING OPERATIONS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

1. Verifying that with the main purge system operating and exhausting through the HEPA filters and charcoal adsorbers, the total bypass flow of the system to the facility vent, including leakage through the system diverting valves, is less than or equal to 1% when the system is tested by admitting cold DOP at the system intake.
- 1.1. Verifying that the cleanup system satisfies the in-place testing acceptance criteria ~~and uses the test procedures of Regulatory Positions C.5.a, C.5.c and C.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, with the main purge system operating.~~ *Insert VI*
2. Verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978~~ meets the laboratory testing criteria of 75% efficiency *Section 13 of ANSI N510-1980*  
*greater than or equal to*
- b. After every 12 months of charcoal adsorber operation by verifying within 31 days after removal that a laboratory analysis of a representative carbon sample obtained in accordance with ~~Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, meets the laboratory testing criteria of Regulatory Position C.6.c of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978.~~ *Insert VII*
- c. At least once per 18 months by verifying that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters and charcoal adsorber banks is less than 6 inches Water Gauge while operating the main purge system.

*[when tested with methyl iodide at 80°C and 70% relative humidity.]*

## REFUELING OPERATIONS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

- d. After each complete or partial replacement of a HEPA filter bank by verifying that the HEPA filter banks remove greater than or equal to ~~75%~~ <sup>99%</sup> of the DOP when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the main purge system.   
 *Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980*
- e. After each complete or partial replacement of a charcoal adsorber bank by verifying that the charcoal adsorbers remove greater than or equal to ~~75%~~ of a halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant test gas when they are tested in-place in accordance with ~~ANSI N510-1975~~ while operating the main purge system.   
 *Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980*
- 99%*



Insert I, Page 3/4 7-16

of less than or equal to one percent filter penetration while operating the system at a flow rate indicated in Note 1 and using the following test procedures:

- (a) A visual inspection of the control room emergency air cleanup system shall be made before each DOP test or activated carbon absorber section leak test in accordance with Section 5 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (b) An in-place DOP test for the HEPA filters shall be performed in accordance with Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (c) A charcoal absorber section leak test with a gaseous halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant shall be performed in accordance with Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980.

Insert II, Page 3/4 7-17

Section 13 of ANSI N510-1980 meets the laboratory testing criteria of the efficiencies given in Note 2 when tested with methyl iodide at 80°C and 70% relative humidity.

Insert III, Page 3/4 7-17

Note 2.	a. Control Room Recirculation Filter Unit	>99%
	b. Control Room Filter Unit	>99%
	c. Control Room Pressurization Filter Unit	>99.825%

Insert IV, Page 3/4 7-18

of less than or equal to one percent filter penetration while operating the system at a flow rate of 5000 cfm  $\pm$  10 percent and using the following test procedures.

- (a) A visual inspection of the penetration room filtration system shall be made before each DOP test or activated carbon absorber section leak test in accordance with Section 5 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (b) An in-place DOP test for the HEPA filters shall be performed in accordance with Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (c) A charcoal absorber section leak test with a gaseous halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant shall be performed in accordance with Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980.

Insert V, Page 3/4 7-19

Section 13 of ANSI N510-1980 meets the laboratory testing criteria of greater than or equal to 99 percent efficiency when tested with methyl iodide at 80°C and 70% relative humidity.

Insert VI, Page 3/4 9-17

of less than or equal to one percent filter penetration while operating the main purge system and using the following test procedures.

- (a) A visual inspection of the containment purge exhaust filter system shall be made before each DOP test or activated carbon absorber section leak test in accordance with Section 5 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (b) An in-place DOP test for the HEPA filters shall be performed in accordance with Section 10 of ANSI N510-1980.
- (c) A charcoal absorber section leak test with a gaseous halogenated hydrocarbon refrigerant shall be performed in accordance with Section 12 of ANSI N510-1980.

Insert VII, Page 3/4 9-17

Section 13 of ANSI N510-1980 meets the laboratory testing criteria or greater than or equal to 75 percent efficiency when tested with methyl iodide at 80°C and 70% relative humidity.