

**CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT  
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

Facility - Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant

Licensee - Baltimore Gas & Electric Company

**I. REGULATORY LIMITS**

**A. Fission and Activation Gases**

1. The instantaneous release rate of noble gases in gaseous effluents shall not result in a site boundary dose rate greater than 500 mrem/year to the whole body or greater than 3000 mrem/year to the skin (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.1).
2. Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System and the Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System shall be used to reduce gaseous emissions when the calculated gamma-air dose due to gaseous effluents exceeds 1.20 mrad or the calculated beta-air dose due to gaseous effluents exceeds 2.40 mrad at the site boundary in a 92 day period (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.4).
3. The air dose at the site boundary due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents shall not exceed (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.2):
  - 10 mrad/qtr, gamma-air
  - 20 mrad/qtr, beta-air
  - 20 mrad/year, gamma-air
  - 40 mrad/year, beta-air
4. All of the above parameters are calculated according to the methodology specified in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM).

**B. Iodines and Particulates with Half Lives Greater than Eight Days**

1. The instantaneous release rate of iodines and particulates in gaseous effluents shall not result in a site boundary dose in excess of 1500 mrem/year to any organ (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.1).
2. The Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System and the Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System shall be used to reduce radioactive materials in gaseous effluents when calculated doses exceed 1.8 mrem to any organ in a 92 day period at or beyond the site boundary (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.4).
3. The dose to a member of the public at or beyond the site boundary from iodine-131 and particulates with half lives greater than eight days in gaseous effluents shall not exceed (Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.3):

15 mrem/qtr, any organ

30 mrem/year, any organ

less than 0.1% of the above limits as a result of burning contaminated oil.

4. All of the above parameters are calculated according to the methodology specified in the ODCM.

C. Liquid Effluents

1. The concentrations of radionuclides in liquid effluents from the plant shall not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, for unrestricted areas (Technical Specification 3/4.11.1.1).
2. The liquid radwaste treatment system shall be used to reduce the concentration of radionuclides in liquid effluents from the plant when the calculated dose to unrestricted areas exceeds 0.36 mrem to the whole body, or 1.20 mrem to any organ in a 92 day period (Technical Specification 3/4.11.1.3).
3. The dose to a member of the public in unrestricted areas shall not exceed (Technical Specification 3/4.11.1.2):

3 mrem/qtr, total body

10 mrem/qtr, any organ

6 mrem/year, total body

20 mrem/year, any organ

4. All of the liquid dose parameters are calculated according to the methodology specified in the ODCM.

II. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS

A. Fission and Activation Gases

Prior to the batch release of gaseous effluents, a sample of the source is collected and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for the principal gamma emitting radionuclides. The identified radionuclide concentrations are evaluated and an acceptable release rate is determined to ensure that the dose rate limits of Technical Specification 3/4.11.2.1 are not exceeded.

B. Iodines and Particulates with Half Lives Greater than Eight Days

Compliance with the dose rate limitations for iodines and particulates is demonstrated by analysis of the charcoal and particulate samples of the station main vents. The charcoal samples are analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for quantification of any release of radioiodines. The particulate samples are analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for quantification of particulate radioactive material. All of the above parameters are calculated according to the methodology specified in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM).

C. Liquid Effluents

The MPCs used for radioactive materials released in liquid effluents are in accordance with Technical Specification 3/4.11.1.1 and the values from 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, including applicable table notes. In all cases, the more restrictive (lower) MPC found for each radionuclide is used regardless of solubility.

III. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (Section 6.9.1.8)

A. Previous Calendar Year (1992) Dose Assessment Summary

This section is only required for the semi-annual reports submitted within 60 days of January 1 of each year.

B. 40 CFR 190 Total Dose Compliance

This section is only required for the semi-annual reports submitted within 60 days of January 1 of each year.

C. Solid Waste Report Requirements

During the first half of 1993, the types of radioactive solid waste shipped from Calvert Cliffs were radioactive resin, which was dewatered and shipped in a high integrity container; dry compressible waste, which was shipped as LSA waste in Sealand containers; and contaminated plant equipment, which was shipped in a high-integrity steel container. Appendix A provides a detailed breakdown of the waste shipments for the first half of 1993 per the categories specified in Technical Specification 6.9.1.8.

D. ODCM and Process Control Program (PCP) Changes

One change was made to the ODCM during the first half of 1993. The change was reviewed by POSRC and approved by the Plant General Manager, Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant, prior to implementation. The scope and basis for this change is discussed in Appendix B. In keeping with the requirement of the Technical Specification 6.17, a copy of the approved change to the CCNPP ODCM is enclosed in Attachment 1.

No changes were made in the PCP in the first half of 1993.

E. Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation

None of the Technical Specification effluent monitors were out of service for greater than 30 days.

IV. AVERAGE ENERGY

Not Applicable.

## V. MEASUREMENTS AND APPROXIMATIONS AND TOTAL RADIOACTIVITY

### A. Fission and Activation Gases

#### 1. Batch Releases

Prior to each batch release of gas from a pressurized waste gas decay tank, a sample is collected and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy using a Germanium (Ge) detector for the principal gamma emitting noble gas radionuclides. The total activity released is based on the pressure/volume relationship (gas laws) of the tank.

Prior to and after each containment purge, a gas sample is collected and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy using a Ge detector for the principal gamma emitting noble gas radionuclides. The total activity released is based on containment volume and purge rate. Activity buildup while purging is also considered.

#### 2. Continuous Releases

A gas sample is collected at least weekly from the main vents and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy using a Ge detector for the principal gamma emitting noble gas radionuclides. The total activity released for the week is based on the total sample activity decay corrected to the midpoint of the sample period multiplied by the main vent flow for the week.

A monthly composite sample is collected from the main vents and analyzed by liquid scintillation for tritium. The total tritium release for the month is based on this sample analysis and the vent flow.

### B. Iodine and Particulates

#### 1. Batch Releases

The total activities of radioiodines and particulates released from pressurized waste gas decay tanks, containment purges, and containment vents are accounted for by the continuous samplers on the main vent.

#### 2. Continuous Releases

During the release of gas from the main vents, samples of iodines and particulates are collected using a charcoal and particulate filter, respectively. The filters are removed weekly and are analyzed by gamma spectroscopy using a Ge detector for significant gamma emitting radionuclides. The total activity released for the week is based on the total sample activity decay corrected to the midpoint of the sample period multiplied by the main vent flow for the week. These weekly particulate filters are then composited to form monthly and quarterly composites for the gross alpha and strontium 89 and 90 analyses.

## C. Liquid Effluents

### 1. Batch Releases

Prior to the release of liquid from a waste tank, a sample is collected and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for the principal gamma emitting radionuclides. To demonstrate compliance with the requirements addressed in Section I.C.1 above, the measured radionuclide concentrations are compared with the allowable MPCs; dilution in the discharge conduit is considered, and an allowable release rate is verified.

The total activity released in each batch is determined by multiplying the volume released by the concentration of each radionuclide. The actual volume released is based on the difference in tank levels prior to and after the release. A proportional composite sample is also withdrawn for each release and this is used in turn to prepare monthly and quarterly composites for the gross alpha, strontium 89 and 90, and tritium analyses.

Beginning with the reporting period January 1 to June 31, 1993, CCNPP will begin reporting the Fe-55 activity in liquid batch releases discharged from the liquid radioactive waste processing system. The Fe-55 analysis frequency will be "quarterly." The quarterly composite samples -- which are already analyzed for Sr-89 and Sr-90 -- will be analyzed for Fe-55.

### 2. Continuous Releases

Prior to discharge of any continuous releases, a sample is collected and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for the principal gamma emitting radionuclides. The measured radionuclide concentrations are compared with the allowable MPC concentrations in the discharge conduit, and an allowable release rate is verified.

When steam generator blowdown is discharged to the circulating water conduits, it is sampled daily and these samples are used in turn to prepare a weekly blowdown composite sample based on each day's blowdown. The weekly composite sample is analyzed by gamma spectroscopy for the principal gamma emitting radionuclides. These results are multiplied by the actual quantity of blowdown to determine the total activity released. The weekly composite is also used to prepare monthly composites for tritium and gross alpha analyses.

During periods of primary-to-secondary leakage, the secondary system becomes contaminated and subsequently, contaminates the turbine building sumps. The low-level activity water (predominantly tritium) contained in the turbine building sumps is released directly to the Chesapeake Bay. This water is sampled at least weekly and composited. These samples are added to a composite based on the amount released during that week. The composite sample is analyzed at least monthly for tritium and principal gamma emitting radionuclides. The results are multiplied by the actual quantity of liquid released to determine the total activity released.

D. Estimation of Total Error

Total error for all releases was estimated using, as a minimum, the random counting error associated with typical releases. In addition to this random error, the following systematic errors were also examined:

1. Liquid
  - a) Error in volume of liquid released prior to dilution during batch releases.
  - b) Error in volume of liquid released via steam generator blowdown.
  - c) Error in amount of dilution water used during the reporting period.
2. Gases
  - a) Error in main vent release flow.
  - b) Error in sample flow rate.
  - c) Error in containment purge release flow.
  - d) Error in gas decay tank pressure.

Where errors could be estimated they are usually considered additive.

# VI. BATCH RELEASES

		<u>1993</u>	
		<u>1ST</u> <u>QUARTER</u>	<u>2ND</u> <u>QUARTER</u>
A.	<u>Liquid</u>		
1.	Number of batch releases	4.80E+01	5.50E+01
2.	Total time period for batch releases (min)	1.34E+04	1.49E+04
3.	Maximum time period for a batch release (min)	1.85E+03	1.42E+03
4.	Average time period for batch releases (min)	2.80E+02	2.72E+02
5.	Minimum time period for a batch release (min)	2.00E+00	1.00E+00
6.	Average stream flow during periods of effluent into a flowing stream (liters/min of dilution water)	4.29E+06	4.13E+06
B.	<u>Gaseous</u>		
1.	Number of batch releases	1.20E+01	1.50E+01
2.	Total time period for batch releases (min)	9.20E+03	1.29E+04
3.	Maximum time period for a batch release (min)	2.02E+03	3.15E+03
4.	Average time period for batch release (min)	7.66E+02	8.62E+02
5.	Minimum time period for a batch release (min)	1.00E+01	5.50E+01

VII. ABNORMAL RELEASES

		<u>1993</u>	
		<u>1ST</u> <u>QUARTER</u>	<u>2ND</u> <u>QUARTER</u>
A.	<u>Liquid</u>		
1.	Number of releases	- 0 -	- 0 -
2.	Total activity released (Curies)	- 0 -	- 0 -
B.	<u>Gaseous</u>		
1.	Number of releases	- 0 -	- 0 -
2.	Total activity releases (Curies)	- 0 -	- 0 -

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TABLE 1A - REG GUIDE 1.21

CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
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GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

A. FISSION AND ACTIVATION GASES	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	EST. TOTAL ERROR, %
1. Total Release	Ci	1.54E+02	8.09E+00	$\pm 1.20E+01$
2. Average release rate for period	uCi/sec	1.98E+01	1.03E+00	
3. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(1)	%	2.71E-03	1.85E-04	
4. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(2)	%	4.89E-03	1.72E-04	
5. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(3)	%	3.97E-02	2.49E-03	
6. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(4)	%	1.98E-02	1.25E-03	
7. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(5)	%	5.90E-02	5.24E-03	
8. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(6)	%	2.95E-02	2.62E-03	
<b>B. IODINES</b>				
1. Total Iodine - 131	Ci	1.10E-02	1.13E-03	$\pm 1.10E+00$
2. Average release rate for period	uCi/sec	1.427E-03	1.44E-04	
3. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(7)	%	3.41E-03	3.45E-04	
4. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(8)	%	2.11E+00	2.16E-01	
5. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(9)	%	1.06E+00	1.08E-01	
<b>C. PARTICULATES</b>				
1. Particulates with half lives greater than 8 days	Ci	7.56E-03	4.46E-06	$\pm 2.80E+01$
2. Average release rate for period	uCi/sec	9.73E-04	5.67E-07	
3. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(7)	%	1.37E-04	7.55E-08	
4. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(8)	%	8.77E-02	4.90E-05	
5. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(9)	%	4.39E-02	2.45E-05	
6. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	(10)	(10)	$\pm 5.36E+01$

TABLE 1A - REG GUIDE 1.21 (Cont.)

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**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES**

<b>D. TRITIUM</b>	<b>UNITS</b>	<b>1ST QUARTER</b>	<b>2ND QUARTER</b>	<b>EST. TOTAL ERROR, %</b>
1. Total Release	Ci	5.64E+00	3.02E+00	$\pm 1.32E+01$
2. Average release rate for period	uCi/sec	7.10E-01	3.80E-01	

**NOTES TO TABLE 1A**

- (1) Percent of I.A.1 whole body dose rate limit (500 mrem/year)
- (2) Percent of I.A.1 skin dose rate limit (3000 mrem/year)
- (3) Percent of I.A.3 gamma quarterly dose limit (10 mrad)
- (4) Percent of I.A.3 gamma yearly dose limit (20 mrad)
- (5) Percent of I.A.3 beta quarterly dose limit (20 mrad)
- (6) Percent of I.A.3 beta yearly dose limit (40 mrad)
- (7) Percent of I.B.1 organ dose rate limit (1500 mrem/year)
- (8) Percent of I.B.3 quarterly organ dose limit (15 mrem)
- (9) Percent of I.B.3 yearly organ dose limit (30 mrem)
- (10) Less than minimum detectable activity which meets the LLD requirements of Technical Specification Surveillance Requirement 4.11.2.1.2.

**TABLE IC - REG GUIDE 1.21**

**CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
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**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND LEVEL RELEASES**

		UNITS	CONTINUOUS MODE		BATCH MODE	
1. FISSION AND ACTIVATION GASES			1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER
Argon	-41	Ci	(2)	(2)	7.05E-03	2.91E-03
Krypton	-85	Ci	3.13E+00	(2)	6.05E-01	4.91E+00
Krypton	-85m	Ci	3.01E-01	(2)	2.32E-04	1.07E-04
Krypton	-87	Ci	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Krypton	-88	Ci	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Xenon	-131m	Ci	1.71E+00	(2)	1.29E-02	6.84E-03
Xenon	-133	Ci	1.37E+02	1.21E+00	8.31E+00	4.55E-01
Xenon	-133m	Ci	5.88E-01	(2)	1.02E-02	4.90E-03
Xenon	-135	Ci	2.39E+00	1.49E+00	1.19E-02	5.76E-03
Xenon	-138	Ci	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Total for Period		Ci	1.45E+02	2.70E+00	8.95E+00	5.39E+00
2. HALOGENS						
Iodine	-131	Ci	9.18E-03	1.13E-03	1.84E-03	(1)
Iodine	-133	Ci	3.39E-03	1.76E-03	(1)	(1)
Total For Period		Ci	1.26E-02	2.89E-03	1.84E-03	(1)

TABLE 1C - REG GUIDE 1.21 (Cont.)

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GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

		CONTINUOUS MODE		BATCH MODE	
3. PARTICULATES	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER
Manganese -54	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Iron -59	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Cobalt -58	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Cobalt -60	Ci	(2)	(2)	1.33E-05	(1)
Zinc -65	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Strontium -89	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Strontium -90	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Molybdenum -99	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Cesium -134	Ci	(2)	(2)	3.38E-03	(1)
Cesium -137	Ci	1.07E-05	4.46E-06	4.16E-03	(1)
Cerium -141	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Cerium -144	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Gross Alpha Radioactivity	Ci	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Total For Period	Ci	1.07E-05	4.46E-06	7.55E-03	(1)

NOTES TO TABLE 1C

- (1) Iodines and particulates in batch releases are accounted for with the main vent continuous samplers when the release is made through the plant main vent.
- (2) Less than minimum detectable activity which meets the LLD requirements of Technical Specification Surveillance Requirement 4.11.2.1.2.

TABLE 2A - REG GUIDE 1.21

CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
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LIQUID EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

A. FISSION AND ACTIVATION PRODUCTS	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	EST. TOTAL ERROR, %
1. Total Release (not including tritium, gases, alpha)	Ci	7.35E-01	4.98E-01	$\pm 1.03E+01$
2. Average diluted concentration during period	uCi/ml	3.42E-09	2.12E-09	
3. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(1)	%	9.76E-01	1.76E+00	
4. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(2)	%	4.88E-01	8.81E-01	
5. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(3)	%	2.35E+00	4.17E+00	
6. Percent of Tech. Spec. limit(4)	%	1.17E+00	2.09E+00	
<b>B. TRITIUM</b>				
1. Total Release	Ci	1.61E+02	1.78E+02	$\pm 1.04E+01$
2. Average diluted concentration during period	uCi/ml	7.50E-07	7.59E-07	
3. Percent of applicable limit(5)	%	2.50E-02	2.53E-02	
<b>C. DISSOLVED AND ENTRAINED GASES</b>				
1. Total Release	Ci	4.72E-02	1.72E-02	$\pm 1.20E+01$
2. Average diluted concentration during period	uCi/ml	2.20E-10	7.31E-11	

TABLE 2A - REG GUIDE 1.21 (Cont.)

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LIQUID EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

D. GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	EST. TOTAL ERROR, %
1. Total Release	Ci	(6)	(6)	
E. VOLUME OF WASTE RELEASED (prior to dilution)	liters	3.64E+07	4.15E+07	$\pm 1.30E+00$
F. VOLUME OF DILUTION WATER USED DURING PERIOD	liters	2.15E+11	2.35E+11	$\pm 1.64E+01$

NOTES TO TABLE 2A

- (1) Percent of I.C.3 Quarterly Organ Dose Limit (10 mrem) to maximum exposed organ
- (2) Percent of I.C.3 Yearly Organ Dose Limit (20 mrem) to maximum exposed organ
- (3) Percent of I.C.3 Quarterly Whole Body Dose Limit (3 mrem)
- (4) Percent of I.C.3 Yearly Whole Body Dose Limit (6 mrem)
- (5) Limit used is  $3 \times 10^{-3}$  uCi/ml
- (6) Less than minimum detectable activity which meets the LLD requirements of Technical Specification Surveillance Requirement 4.11.1.1.1.

TABLE 2B - REG GUIDE 1.21

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LIQUID EFFLUENTS

		CONTINUOUS MODE		BATCH MODE	
NUCLIDES RELEASED	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER
Sodium -24	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.13E-04
Chromium -51	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.16E-02
Manganese -54	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.69E-03	1.83E-03
Iron -55	Ci	(2)	(2)	2.52E-02	6.39E-02
Cobalt -57	Ci	(1)	(1)	6.87E-04	(1)
Cobalt -58	Ci	(1)	(1)	4.79E-01	7.81E-02
Iron -59	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.42E-03	3.30E-03
Cobalt -60	Ci	(1)	(1)	5.14E-03	7.36E-03
Zinc -65	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.82E-03	(1)
Strontium -89	Ci	(1)	(1)	5.39E-04	1.84E-04
Strontium -90	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.21E-04	6.31E-05
Strontium -92	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Niobium -95	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.56E-04	7.00E-03
Zirconium -95	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.17E-04	3.22E-03
Niobium -97	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Zirconium -97	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Molybdenum -99	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Technetium -99m	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.11E-04	1.65E-04
Ruthenium -103	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.21E-03
Ruthenium -106	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Silver -110m	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.15E-03	5.48E-02
Tin -113	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.49E-03

TABLE 2B - REG GUIDE 1.21 (Cont.)

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LIQUID EFFLUENTS

		CONTINUOUS MODE		BATCH MODE	
NUCLIDES RELEASED	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER
Antimony -122	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.26E-04	(1)
Antimony -124	Ci	(1)	(1)	9.66E-04	1.49E-02
Antimony -125	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.85E-03	7.78E-02
Tellurium -127	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tellurium -129	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.19E-03
Iodine -131	Ci	8.60E-05	(1)	3.14E-02	4.02E-03
Iodine -133	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.73E-03	7.22E-04
Iodine -135	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Cesium -134	Ci	1.17E-04	9.08E-04	7.21E-02	5.83E-02
Cesium -136	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.43E-03	7.08E-05
Cesium -137	Ci	1.35E-04	1.04E-03	1.02E-01	8.66E-02
Barium -139	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Barium -140	Ci	(1)	(1)	7.93E-06	(1)
Cerium -139	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Lanthanum -140	Ci	(1)	(1)	2.19E-03	1.21E-03
Cerium -141	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.45E-04
Cerium -144	Ci	(1)	(1)	1.14E-04	(1)
Tungsten -187	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Total For Period	Ci	3.39E-04	1.95E-03	7.34E-01	4.96E-01



TABLE 2B - REG GUIDE 1.21 (Cont.)

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**LIQUID EFFLUENTS**

		CONTINUOUS MODE		BATCH MODE	
NUCLIDES RELEASED	UNITS	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER	1ST QUARTER	2ND QUARTER
Xenon -131m	Ci	(1)	(1)	3.81E-05	(1)
Xenon -133	Ci	(1)	(1)	4.71E-02	1.69E-02
Xenon -133m	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Xenon -135	Ci	(1)	(1)	9.52E-05	2.84E-04
Xenon -135m	Ci	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Total For Period	Ci	(1)	(1)	4.72E-02	1.72E-02

**NOTES TO TABLE 2B**

- (1) Less than minimum detectable activity which meets the LLD requirements of Technical Specification Surveillance Requirement 4.11.1.1.1.
- (2) Continuous mode effluents are not analyzed for Fe-55.

TABLE 3A

CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT  
FIRST HALF - 1993

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (NOT IRRADIATED FUEL)

1. Type of Waste	UNITS	6-MONTH PERIOD	EST. TOTAL ERROR %
a. Dewatered spent resin	m <sup>3</sup> Ci	3.41E+00 1.00E+01	+2.00E+01
b. Dry Compressible Waste (Shipped) Contaminated Equipment, etc.	m <sup>3</sup> Ci	1.19E+03 3.16E+01	+5.00E+01
c. Irradiated Components, Control Rods, etc.	m <sup>3</sup> Ci	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	+5.00E+01
d. Other (Cartridge Filters)	m <sup>3</sup> Ci	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	+2.00E+01

2. Estimate of Major Nuclides (By Type of Waste - Only nuclides > 1 % are reported)

a.		
	Fe-55	5.96E+00%
	Co-60	5.58E+00%
	Ni-63	3.62E+01%
	Cs-134	8.98E+00%
	Cs-137	4.32E+01%
b.		
	C-14	1.99E+00%
	Cr-51	9.36E+00%
	Fe-55	3.45E+01%
	Co-58	1.48E+00%
	Co-60	9.82E+00%
	Ni-63	1.27E+01%
	Nb-95	1.01E+00%
	Ru-106	2.45E+00%
	Ag-110m	1.37E+00%
	Sb-125	4.62E+00%
	Cs-134	2.63E+00%
	Cs-137	1.04E+01%
	Ce-144	1.97E+00%

TABLE 3A

CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR POWER PLANT  
EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT  
FIRST HALF - 1993

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Cont.)

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (NOT IRRADIATED FUEL)

3. Solid Waste Disposition

<u>Number of Shipments</u>	<u>Mode of Transportation</u>	<u>Destination</u>
2	Motor Surface Transit	Chem Nuclear Systems, Inc. Barnwell, SC
20	Motor Surface Transit	Scientific Ecology Group Oak Ridge, TN

APPENDIX A  
SOLID RADWASTE SHIPMENT DATA  
FOR  
SEMI-ANNUAL EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTING  
FIRST HALF - 1993

TYPE WASTE: DAW

10 CFR 61 WASTE CLASS: A

SOURCE OF WASTE: Radiologically Controlled Areas

SHIPPING CONTAINER: 40' Sealand Containers

TOTAL CURIE QUANTITY: 2.82 Ci

HOW DETERMINED: Dose to curie content, conversion by volume based on generic distribution and scaling factors

TOTAL SHIPPED WASTE VOLUME: 41600 ft<sup>3</sup>

HOW DETERMINED: Container volume and number of containers shipped

SOLIDIFICATION AGENT OR ABSORBENT: None

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TYPE WASTE: Dewatered Resin

10 CFR 61 WASTE CLASS: C

SOURCE OF WASTE: Miscellaneous Liquid Radwaste Processing and calibration sources

SHIPPING CONTAINER: High Integrity L-8-120 liner (120.3 ft<sup>3</sup>)

TOTAL CURIE QUANTITY: 10 Ci

HOW DETERMINED: Gamma scan using sample of resin. Conversion by weight based on radionuclide distribution and scaling factors.

TOTAL SHIPPED WASTE VOLUME: 120.3 ft<sup>3</sup>

HOW DETERMINED: Container volume and number of containers shipped

SOLIDIFICATION AGENT OR ABSORBENT: None

APPENDIX A  
SOLID RADWASTE SHIPMENT DATA  
FOR  
SEMI-ANNUAL EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTING  
FIRST HALF - 1993

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TYPE WASTE: Contaminated Plant Equipment

10 CFR 61 WASTE CLASS: C

SOURCE OF WASTE: Reactor Coolant System reactor coolant pump motor rotating assembly

SHIPPING CONTAINER: High Integrity Carbon Steel Liner

TOTAL CURIE QUANTITY: 28.8 Ci

HOW DETERMINED: Dose to curie content, conversion by weight based on generic distribution and scaling factors

TOTAL SHIPPED WASTE VOLUME: 300 ft<sup>3</sup>

HOW DETERMINED: Container volume and number of containers shipped

SOLIDIFICATION AGENT OR ABSORBANT: None

## APPENDIX B

### SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO THE CCNPP ODCM FIRST HALF 1993

#### CHANGES TO THE CCNPP ODCM IN FIRST HALF 1993

##### SUMMARY AND BASIS

A minor change of the ODCM was approved on February 10, 1993. The revision was controlled by the normal procedure change process. The change was reviewed by the Plant Operations and Safety Review Committee (POSRC) and was approved by the Plant General Manager, Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant, prior to implementation. This process meets the requirements of CCNPP Technical Specification 6.17.

Each of the items comprising this minor change are described below:

Item 1: The words "Fossil Energy Division" were changed to "Corporate Affairs Group" due to a corporate reorganization in which Environmental Programs Section personnel -- who perform the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program -- were moved from the Fossil Energy Division to the Corporate Affairs Group. This change only impacts the organizational titles of key personnel, and will not affect the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program outlined in the ODCM. This change will ensure the titles and organizations of key personnel are maintained accurate.

Item 2: An internal commitment tracking number was added to the margin of four pages. This internal commitment tracking system will ensure important information is not deleted from the ODCM.

Item 3: An executive summary of changes was added to the ODCM. This provides a mechanism document changes to the ODCM.

A copy of the revised ODCM is attached to this report.

ATTACHMENT (1)

ODCM TEXT WITH CHANGES