

ATTACHMENT 3 TO TXX-93098

Affected Technical Specification Pages (NUREG-1468)

TABLE 3.3-1
REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION

FUNCTIONAL UNIT	TOTAL NO. OF CHANNELS	CHANNELS TO TRIP	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	APPLICABLE MODES	ACTION
1. Manual Reactor Trip	2	1	2	1, 2	1
	2	1	2	3 ^a , 4 ^a , 5 ^a	9
2. Power Range, Neutron Flux					
a. High Setpoint	4	2	3	1, 2	2
b. Low Setpoint	4	2	3	1 ^c , 2	2
3. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Positive Rate	4	2	3	1, 2	2
4. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Negative Rate	4	2	3	1, 2	2
5. Intermediate Range, Neutron Flux	2	1	2	1 ^c , 2	3
6. Source Range, Neutron Flux					
a. Reactor Trip and Indication					
1) Startup	2	1	2	2 ^b	4
2) Shutdown	2	1	2	3, 4, 5	5 ⁽¹⁾
b. Deleted Boron Dilution Flux Doubling*	2	1	2	3^h, 4, 5	5.1, 5.2^e
7. Overtemperature N-16	4	2	3	1, 2	12
8. Overpower N-16	4	2	3	1, 2	12
9. Pressurizer Pressure--Low	4	2	3	1 ^d	6
10. Pressurizer Pressure--High	4	2	3	1, 2	6

*Boron Dilution Flux Doubling requirements become effective for Unit 1 six months after criticality for Cycle 3 and for Unit 2 six months after initial criticality. ^e

TABLE 3.3-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS

*Only if the reactor trip breakers happen to be in the closed position and the Control Rod Drive System is capable of rod withdrawal.

^bBelow the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux Interlock) Setpoint.

^cBelow the P-10 (Low Setpoint Power Range Neutron Flux Interlock) Setpoint.

^dAbove the P-7 (At Power) Setpoint

*Deleted.

^fAbove the P-8 (3-loop flow permissive) Setpoint.

^gAbove the P-7 and below the P-8 Setpoints.

^h~~The boron dilution flux doubling signals may be blocked during reactor startup.~~^e

ⁱAbove the P-9 (Reactor trip on Turbine trip Interlock) Setpoint.

ACTION STATEMENTS

ACTION 1 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or be in HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours.

ACTION 2 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Total Number of Channels, STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may proceed provided the following conditions are satisfied:

- a. The inoperable channel is placed in the tripped condition within 6 hours,
- b. The Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement is met; however, the inoperable channel may be bypassed for up to 4 hours for surveillance testing of other channels per Specification 4.3.1.1, and
- c. Either, THERMAL POWER is restricted to less than or equal to 75% of RATED THERMAL POWER and the Power Range Neutron Flux Trip Setpoint is reduced to less than or equal to 85% of RATED THERMAL POWER within 4 hours; or, the QUADRANT POWER TILT RATIO is monitored at least once per 12 hours per Specification 4.2.4.2.

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TABLE 3.3-1 (Continued)
ACTION STATEMENTS (Continued)

ACTION 3 - With the number of channels OPERABLE one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement and with the THERMAL POWER level:

- a. Below the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux Interlock) Setpoint, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the P-6 Setpoint,
- b. Above the P-6 (Intermediate Range Neutron Flux Interlock) Setpoint but below 10% of RATED THERMAL POWER, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above 10% of RATED THERMAL POWER.

ACTION 4 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, suspend all operations involving positive reactivity changes.

ACTION 5.1 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or within the next hour open the reactor trip breakers and suspend all operations involving positive reactivity changes. With no channels OPERABLE complete the above actions within 4 hours.

~~ACTION 5.2 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, restore the inoperable channel to OPERABLE status within 48 hours or within the next hour verify either valve CS-8455 or valves CS-8560, FGV-111B, CS-8439, CS-8441, and CS-8453 are closed and secured in position, and verify this position at least once per 14 days thereafter. With no channels OPERABLE, complete the above actions within 4 hours and verify the positions of the above valves at least once per 14 days thereafter.~~

ACTION 6 - With the number of OPERABLE channels one less than the Total Number of Channels, STARTUP and/or POWER OPERATION may proceed provided the following conditions are satisfied:

- a. The inoperable channel is placed in the tripped condition within 6 hours, and
- b. The Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement is met; however, the inoperable channel may be bypassed for up to 4 hours for surveillance testing of other channels per Specification 4.3.1.1.

ACTION 7 - With less than the Minimum Number of Channels OPERABLE, within 1 hour determine by observation of the associated permissive annunciator window(s) that the interlock is in its required state for the existing plant condition, or apply Specification 3.0.3.

~~*Boron Dilution Flux Doubling requirements become effective for Unit 1 six months after criticality for Cycle 3 and for Unit 2 six months after initial criticality.~~

TABLE 4.3-1
REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

FUNCTIONAL UNIT	CHANNEL CHECK	CHANNEL CALIBRATION	ANALOG CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST	TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST	ACTUATION LOGIC TEST	MODES FOR WHICH SURVEILLANCE IS REQUIRED
1. Manual Reactor Trip	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	R(14)	N.A.	1, 2, 3 ^a , 4 ^a , 5 ^a
2. Power Range, Neutron Flux						
a. High Setpoint	S	D(2, 4), M(3, 4), Q(4, 6), R(4, 5)	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2
b. Low Setpoint	S	R(4)	S/U(1)	N.A.	N.A.	1 ^c , 2
3. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Positive Rate	N.A.	R(4)	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2
4. Power Range, Neutron Flux, High Negative Rate	N.A.	R(4)	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2
5. Intermediate Range, Neutron Flux	S	R(4, 5)	S/U(1)	N.A.	N.A.	1 ^c , 2
6. Source Range, Neutron Flux	S	R(4, 13)	S/U(1), Q(9)	N.A. R(12)	N.A.	2 ^b , 3, 4, 5
7. Overtemperature N-16	S	D(2, 4), M(3, 4), Q(4, 6), R(4, 5)	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2
8. Overpower N-16	S	D(2, 4), R(4, 5)	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2
9. Pressurizer Pressure--Low	S	R	Q(8)	N.A.	N.A.	1 ^d
10. Pressurizer Pressure--High	S	R	Q	N.A.	N.A.	1, 2

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TABLE 4.3-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATIONS (Continued)

- (9) Quarterly surveillance in MODES 3^a, 4^a, and 5^a shall also include verification that permissives P-6 and P-10 are in their required state for existing plant conditions by observation of the permissive annunciator window. ~~Quarterly surveillance shall include verification of the Boron Dilution Alarm Setpoint of less than or equal to an increase of twice the count rate within a 10-minute period.*~~
- (10) Setpoint verification is not applicable.
- (11) The TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST shall independently verify the OPERABILITY of the undervoltage and shunt trip attachments of the reactor trip breakers.
- (12) ~~At least once per 18 months during shutdown, verify that on a simulated Boron Dilution Flux Doubling test signal the normal CVCS discharge valves close and the centrifugal charging pumps suction valves from the RWST open.*~~
Deleted
- (13) With the high voltage setting varied as recommended by the manufacturer, an initial discriminator bias curve shall be measured for each detector. Subsequent discriminator bias curves shall be obtained, evaluated and compared to the initial curves.
- (14) The TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST shall independently verify the OPERABILITY of the undervoltage and shunt trip circuits for the Manual Reactor Trip Function. The test shall also verify the OPERABILITY of the Bypass Breaker trip circuit(s).
- (15) Local manual shunt trip prior to placing breaker in service.
- (16) Automatic undervoltage trip.

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ENCLOSURE 1 to TXX-93098

NSAC-183
RISK OF PWR REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS
DURING SHUTDOWN AND REFUELING
DECEMBER 1992