



COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
MONITORING PROGRAM

1992 ANNUAL REPORT

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T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM
1992 ANNUAL REPORT

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
I. INTRODUCTION.....	1
A Site and Station Description	2
B Objectives and Overview of the CPSES Monitoring Program	2
II. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	6
A Sample Locations	7
B Sampling Methods and Procedures.....	8
1. Direct Radiation.....	8
2. Air Particulates and Air Iodine	9
3. Milk	9
4. Water.....	10
5. Fish	11
6. Shoreline Sediment.....	12
7. Food Products.....	12
8. Broadleaf Vegetation	12
C Interlaboratory Comparison Program	13
III. SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF 1992 ANALYTICAL RESULTS	14
A Direct Radiation.....	15
B Air Particulates and Air Iodine	17
C Milk	18
D Water	18

E.	Fish	20
F.	Shoreline Sediments	20
G.	Food Products.....	21
H.	Broadleaf Vegetation.....	21
IV.	CONCLUSIONS.....	23
V.	REFERENCES.....	25
VI.	DATA TABLES.....	27

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A	EPA Cross-Check Program.....	A-1
APPENDIX B	Synopsis of Analytical Procedures.....	B-1
APPENDIX C	Exceptions to the 1992 REMP.....	C-1
APPENDIX D	Exceeded Reporting Levels	D-1
APPENDIX E	Land Use Census.....	E-1

LIST OF TABLES

<u>TABLE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1	CPSES Radiological Environmental..... Monitoring Program	28
2	Direct Radiation -- Thermoluminescent Dosimetry.....	32
3	Concentrations of Iodine-131 in Filtered Air.....	34
4	Concentrations of Gross Beta Emitters in Air Particulates.....	37
5	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Air Particulate Filters.....	40
6	Concentrations of Iodine-131 in Milk.....	42
7	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Milk.....	43
8	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Groundwater.....	45
9	Concentrations of Tritium in Groundwater.....	46
10	Concentrations of Gross Beta in Water-Surface/Drinking.....	47
11	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Water-Surface/Drinking..	48
12	Concentrations of Iodine-131 in Water-Surface/Drinking.....	50
13	Concentrations of Tritium in Water-Surface/Drinking.....	51
14	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Surface Water.....	52
15	Concentrations of Tritium in Surface Water.....	54
16	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Fish.....	55
17	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Sediment.....	56
18	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Food Products.....	57
19	Concentrations of Gamma Emitters in Broadleaf Vegetation.....	59
20	Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program Summary - January 1 to December 31, 1992.....	61

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>FIGURE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1	Radiological Environmental Monitoring Locations.....	30

INTRODUCTION

I. INTRODUCTION

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program for the Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station was conducted under contract with T U Electric. This report covers the period from January 1, 1992 through December 31, 1992 and summarizes the results of measurements and analyses of data obtained from samples collected during this interval.

A. Site and Station Description

Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station (CPSES) consists of two PWR units, each designed to operate at a power level of about 1150 megawatts (electrical). The station is located on Squaw Creek Reservoir in Somervell County about forty miles southwest of Fort Worth, Texas. Unit 1 received a low power operating license February 8, 1990 and achieved initial criticality on April 3, 1990. A full power license for Unit 1 was issued on April 17, 1990, and commercial operation was declared on August 13, 1990. Unit 2 is still under construction with completion estimated in 1993.

B. Objectives and Overview of the CPSES Monitoring Program

The United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission (USNRC) regulations require that nuclear power plants be designed, constructed, and operated to keep levels of radioactive material in effluents to unrestricted areas as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA) (10 CFR 50.34). To assure that these criteria are met, each license authorizing reactor operation includes technical specifications (10 CFR 50.36a) governing the release of radioactive effluents.

In-plant monitoring is used to assure that these predetermined release limits are not exceeded. However, as a precaution against

unexpected and undefined processes which might allow undue accumulation of radioactivity in any sector of the environment, a program for monitoring the plant environs is also included.

Sampling locations were selected on the basis of local ecology, meteorology, physical characteristics of the region, and demographic and land use features of the site vicinity. The radiological environmental monitoring program was designed on the basis of the USNRC Branch Technical Position on radiological environmental monitoring issued by the Radiological Assessment Branch, Revision 1 (November 1979)⁽¹⁾, the CPSES Technical Specifications⁽⁴⁾ and the CPSES Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM)⁽⁵⁾.

In 1992, the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program included the measurement of ambient gamma radiation by thermoluminescent dosimetry; the determination of gamma emitters in sediment and fish; the determination of airborne gross beta, gamma emitters, and iodine-131; the measurement of tritium and gamma emitters in surface water; the measurement of tritium and gamma emitters in groundwater; the measurement of gross beta, tritium, iodine-131 and gamma emitters in drinking water; the determination of gamma emitters and iodine-131 in milk; and the measurement of gamma emitters in food products and gamma emitters and iodine-131 in broadleaf vegetation. Samples were collected by CPSES Environmental Personnel. Sample analyses were performed by Teledyne Isotopes.

The regulations governing the quantities of radioactivity in reactor effluents allow nuclear power plants to contribute, at most, only a few percent increase above normal background radioactivity.

Background levels at any one location are not constant but vary with time as they are influenced by external events such as cosmic ray bombardment, weapons test fallout, and seasonal variations. These levels also can vary spatially within relatively short distances reflecting variations in geological composition. To differentiate between background radiation levels and increases resulting from operation of CPSES, the radiological surveys of the plant environs are divided into preoperational and operational phases. The preoperational phase of the program permits a general characterization of the radiation levels and concentrations prevailing prior to plant operation along with an indication of the degree of natural variation to be expected. The operational phase of the program obtains data which, when considered along with the data obtained in the preoperational phase, assist in the evaluation of the radiological impact of plant operation.

Preoperational measurements were conducted at CPSES from 1981 to 1989. These preoperational measurements were performed to:

1. Evaluate procedures, equipment and techniques.
2. Identify potentially important pathways to be monitored after the plant is in operation.
3. Measure background levels and their variations along potentially important pathways in the area surrounding the plant.
4. Provide baseline data for statistical comparison with future operational analytical results.

The operational Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program is conducted to:

1. Verify that measurable concentrations of radioactive materials and levels of radiation are not higher than expected on the basis of the effluent measurements and modeling of the environmental exposure pathways.
2. Verify the effectiveness of in-plant measures used for controlling the release of radioactive materials.
3. Identify changes in the use of areas at and beyond the site boundary that may impact the principal pathways of exposure.

This report documents the third year of operational measurements and is submitted in accordance with the requirements of the CPSES Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Part I, Administrative Control 6.9.1.3.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

II. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

A. Sample Locations

Seventy-five locations within a radius of 20 miles from the CPSES site were included in the monitoring program for 1992. The number and location of monitoring points were determined by considering the locations where the highest off-site environmental concentrations have been predicted from plant effluent source terms, site hydrology, and site meteorological conditions. Other factors considered were applicable regulations, population distribution, ease of access to sampling stations, availability of samples at desired locations, security and future program integrity. Additionally an annual land use census is conducted to identify changes in the use of areas surrounding the plant. If changes are identified that impact the principal pathways of exposure, appropriate changes to the radiological environmental monitoring program are implemented. The results of the 1992 Land Use Census are provided in Appendix E. Deletion of one milk sampling location was required based on the 1992 Land Use Census.

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program for Comanche Peak is summarized in Table 1. Figure 1 shows the locations of the various sampling points.

B. Sampling Methods and Procedures

To derive meaningful and useful data from the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, sampling methods and procedures are required which will provide samples representative of potential pathways of the area. The methods and procedures used for each pathway monitored are described below.

1. Direct Radiation

Thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) were used to determine the direct (ambient) radiation levels at monitoring points. Sampling locations were chosen according to the criteria given in the USNRC Branch Technical Position on Radiological Monitoring (Revision 1, November 1979)(1). The area around the station was divided into 16 radial sectors of 22-1/2 degrees each. TLDs were placed in all sectors. Thermoluminescent dosimeters were located in two rings around the station. An inner ring was located at the site boundary and an outer ring was located at a distance of 4 to 6 miles from the station. Eleven additional TLDs were located at points of special interest, including two control locations. For routine TLD measurements, two dosimeters of $\text{CaSO}_4:\text{Dy}$ in teflon cards were deployed at each selected location. One set of dosimeters was exchanged on a quarterly basis and the second set was exchanged on an annual basis. Additional sets of dosimeters were shipped with each exchange cycle to serve as in-transit controls.

Individual dosimeters were calibrated by exposure to an accurately known radiation field from a calibrated Cs-137

source.

2. Air Particulates and Air Iodine

Air particulate and air iodine samples were collected from the eight locations described in Table 1.

Each air particulate sample was collected by drawing air through a 47 millimeter diameter glass-fiber filter. Air iodine was collected by drawing air through a TEDA impregnated charcoal cartridge which was connected in series behind the filter. The filters and charcoal cartridges were collected weekly by CPSES staff. In the laboratory, air particulate filters were analyzed for gross beta activity and were composited quarterly for gamma spectrometry analysis. Charcoal cartridges were analyzed for iodine-131.

3. Milk

Milk samples were collected by CPSES staff monthly for the period January through April. May through September samples were collected bimonthly, except for June when three sets of samples were collected. October, November and December samples were collected monthly. There were two milk sampling locations: one indicator location (SSE-2.2) and one control location (SW-13.5). Upon arrival at the laboratory, the milk samples were promptly analyzed for gamma emitters and for I-131 by utilizing radiochemistry techniques. One milk sample location (SSE-2.2) was deleted due to the closing of the dairy and its deletion from the environmental monitoring program

was performed.

4. Water

The CPSES staff collected water at 11 locations. Surface water was collected at four locations (N-19.3, ESE-1.4, N-1.5 and NE-7.4). Location N-1.5 provides samples representative of Squaw Creek Reservoir surface water at a location beyond significant influence of the plant discharge. Location ESE-1.4 provides samples representative of discharges from Squaw Creek Reservoir downstream to Squaw Creek and to Lake Granbury via the return line. Location NE-7.4 provides samples of Lake Granbury surface water down stream of the discharge from the return line from Squaw Creek Reservoir. A control sample is obtained from the Brazos River, upstream of Lake Granbury at location N-19.3.

Surface water samples from Squaw Creek Reservoir locations were collected weekly and composited for monthly gamma isotopic analysis. Samples from Lake Granbury locations were collected monthly and analyzed by gamma spectroscopy. All surface water samples were also composited quarterly by location for tritium analysis.

Surface-drinking water was collected at two locations (N-9.9 and NNW-0.1). Samples of Squaw Creek Reservoir water were collected at location NNW-0.1. Samples from this location were analyzed pursuant to the drinking water requirements even though Squaw Creek Reservoir is not used as a potable water supply. Location N-9.9 was used to

sample surface water from Lake Granbury near the intake of the City of Granbury potable water plant.

Surface-drinking water samples were collected weekly and composited for iodine-131 analysis every two weeks and gamma isotopic and gross beta analyses monthly. Tritium analyses were performed quarterly.

There are five groundwater locations (SSE-4.6, W-1.2, WSW-0.1, N-1.45 and N-9.8). ODCM Table 3.1, Note (3) states that groundwater supplies in the site area are not affected by plant effluents and are sampled only to provide confirmation that groundwater is not affected by plant discharges.

Groundwater samples were collected quarterly. Gamma isotopic and tritium analyses were performed by location.

5. Fish

Fish samples were collected at two locations for the 1992 program. An area 2.0 miles east-northeast of the site in Squaw Creek Reservoir was chosen as the indicator location, and a location at Lake Granbury (NNE-8) was chosen as a control location. Fish sampling was conducted in April and October for both sample locations.

Fish were collected by CPSES staff. Available edible species were gutted at the time of collection. Samples were then frozen and shipped to the laboratory for analysis. Fish were filleted in the laboratory and the edible portion analyzed by gamma spectrometry.

6. Shoreline Sediment

Shoreline sediment samples were collected in February and August from Squaw Creek Reservoir at location NNE-1.0. Samples were also collected on the same dates from Lake Granbury at the control location N-9.9, and location NE-7.4, which is downstream of the discharge of the return line from Squaw Creek Reservoir. CPSES staff collected the sediment samples and shipped them to the laboratory for analysis by gamma spectrometry.

7. Food Products

During the period of May through November 23 samples were collected from two indicator sampling locations (E-4.2, ENE-9.0) and from the control stations (SW-12.2, SW-13.5). A total of 14 different types of food products were collected during this sampling period. Food product samples were collected by the CPSES staff and shipped to the laboratory where they were analyzed for gamma emitters.

8. Broadleaf Vegetation

Broadleaf vegetation was collected from the control location (SW-13.5) and two indicator stations (N-1.45 and SW-1.0) near the site boundary. Collection of broadleaf vegetation started in April 1992. Broadleaf samples consisted primarily of available tree leaves; if tree leaves were unavailable, native grasses and weeds were substituted. Gamma isotopic and iodine-131 analyses were performed for all broadleaf vegetation samples.

C. Interlaboratory Comparison Program

To demonstrate that the results of the environmental analyses are valid, the CPSES Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program requires that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive materials in environmental sample matrices be performed. To fulfill this requirement, Teledyne Isotopes participates in the environmental sample cross-check program conducted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

The purpose of the interlaboratory comparison program is to provide an independent check on the laboratory's analytical procedures and to alert it to any possible problems. Participant laboratories measure the concentrations of specified radionuclides and report them to the issuing agency. The agency then furnishes the known values to the participant laboratory and specifies the control limits. Results consistently higher or lower than the known values or outside the control limits indicate a need to check the instruments or procedures used.

The results of Teledyne Isotopes' participation in the U.S. EPA Interlaboratory Comparison Program for 1992 are provided in Appendix A.

**SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF
1992 ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

III. SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF 1992 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Data from the radiological analyses of environmental media collected during the report period are tabulated and discussed below. The procedures and specifications followed in the laboratories for these analyses are as required in the Teledyne Isotopes Quality Assurance Manual IWL-0032-395 and are detailed in Teledyne Isotopes Analytical Procedures Manual. A synopsis of analytical procedures is contained in Appendix B of this report.

Radiological analyses of environmental media characteristically approach and frequently fall below the detection limits of state-of-the-art measurement methods as discussed in NCRP Report No. 50⁽²⁾. The use of "<" in the data tables symbolizes that the result is less than the lower limit of detection (LLD) as defined in Appendix B. Not Detected, "ND", is used periodically in the tables presenting gamma analysis results for various media. It primarily appears under the "Others" column, and indicates that no other detectable gamma emitting nuclides were identified. The Teledyne Isotopes analytical methods meet the LLD requirements addressed in the CPSES Offsite Dose Calculation Manual.

Tables 2 through 19 give the radioanalytical results for individual samples. A statistical summary of the results appears in Table 20. The reported averages are based only on concentrations above the limit of detection. In table 20, the fraction (f) of the total number of analyses with detectable activity follows in parentheses. Also given in parentheses are the minimum and maximum values of detectable activity during the report period.

A. Direct Radiation

Environmental radiation dose rates determined by thermolumines-

cent dosimeters (TLDs) are given in Table 2. Thermoluminescent dosimetry badges with four readout areas each were deployed at each location on quarterly and annual cycles. The mean values of four readings (corrected individually for response to a known dose and for in-transit exposure) are reported.

A statistical summary of the 1992 data is included in Table 20. For the quarterly analyses the average dose rate of the control locations was 0.17 mR/day with a range of 0.15-0.19 mR/day. The average of the indicator locations for the quarterly samples was 0.16 mR/day with a range of 0.10 to 0.21 mR/day. For the annual samples, the average dose rate for the control samples was 0.16 mR/day. The indicator locations had an average of 0.16 mR/day with a range of 0.12-0.20 mR/day.

Oakley⁽³⁾ calculates an ionizing background radiation dose equivalent of 82.2 mR/year for Fort Worth including a terrestrial component of 45.6 mR/year and an ionizing cosmic ray component of 36.6 mR/year (excludes neutron component). Since Oakley's values represent averages covering wide geographical areas, the measured ambient radiation average of 58 mR/year for the immediate locale of CPSES is consistent with Oakley's observations. Significant variations occur between geographical areas as a result of geological composition and altitude differences. Temporal variations result from changes in cosmic ray intensity, local human activities, and factors such as ground cover and soil moisture.

Anomalies in the 1992 measured doses relative to preoperational data were not noted. For 1989, the averages for the indicator locations were 0.16 mR/day (range of 0.11 to 0.22) and 0.13 mR/day

(range of 0.11 to 0.17), for the quarterly and annual samples respectively. The 1988 averages for the quarterly and annual indicator locations were 0.16 mR/day (range of 0.10 to 0.20) and 0.15 mR/day (range of 0.12 to 0.18) respectively.

B. Air Particulates and Air Iodine

A total of 413 charcoal cartridges were analyzed for airborne iodine-131 by gamma spectrometry. No iodine-131 was detected at any of the sampling stations. Results of these measurements are presented in Table 3.

A total of 413 air particulate filters were collected and analyzed for gross beta activity. For 1992 the average gross beta activity for the control location was 0.020 pCi/m³ with a range from 0.009 to 0.044 pCi/m³. For the seven indicator locations the yearly average was 0.021 pCi/m³ with a range from 0.0068 to 0.049 pCi/m³. The gross beta analysis data are presented in Table 4. Anomalies in gross beta measurements relative to preoperational data were not noted.

Air filters were composited quarterly and then analyzed by gamma spectrometry. The gamma spectrometry data is presented in Table 5. Cosmogenic beryllium-7 was detected in all 32 samples; potassium-40, a naturally occurring nuclide, was measured in seven samples. The average beryllium-7 activity for the control location was 0.066 pCi/m³ with a range of 0.062 to 0.076 pCi/m³. For the indicator locations, the average beryllium-7 activity was 0.071 pCi/m³ with a range of 0.0055 to 0.102 pCi/m³. The average potassium-40 for the control location was 0.0096 pCi/m³ with a range of 0.0094-0.0098. The average potassium-40 activity for the indicator

locations was 0.012 pCi/m³ with a range of 0.007-0.021.

C. Milk

A total of 34 milk samples were collected in 1992. Fifteen samples were collected from the indicator location and 19 from the control location. All samples were analyzed for iodine-131 by radiochemistry and for other gamma emitting isotopes by gamma spectrometry. Results of these measurements are presented in Table 6.

No iodine-131 was found in any of the milk samples. The lower limits of detection can be found in Table 6.

Results of the gamma spectrometry measurements are presented in Table 7. Naturally occurring potassium-40 was detected in all of the milk samples. The average activity for the control location was 1375 pCi/l with a range of 1260 to 1500 pCi/l. For the indicator location the average activity was 1226 pCi/l with a range of 924 to 1370 pCi/l. Cesium-137 was not detected in any of the samples.

D. Water

Groundwater samples were collected from five locations during 1992. The samples were analyzed for gamma emitters and tritium on a quarterly basis, pursuant to the ODCM requirements for groundwater. Twenty samples were analyzed for gamma emitters by gamma spectrometry. Potassium-40 was detected in two indicator stations with an average activity of 103 pCi/l and a range of 46 to 161 pCi/l. The average activity for the control station was 77 pCi/l with only one sample having a positive result. Quarterly composites for each sampling location were analyzed for tritium; no tritium was detected. Results of these analyses are contained in

Table 8 and 9 respectively.

Surface-drinking water was collected from two stations. All samples were analyzed for gamma emitters; results were below the lower limit of detection. Twenty-six samples were analyzed for gross beta activity. The indicator station had an average activity of 13 pCi/l with a range of 5.8 to 17 pCi/l. The control station had an average activity of 14 pCi/l with a range of 7.7 to 57 pCi/l. Eight quarterly composites were analyzed for tritium. The indicator station had an average activity of 3425 pCi/l with a range of 2600 to 4500 pCi/l. The control station showed no tritium activity above the lower limit of detection.

Iodine-131 analyses by radiochemistry were performed on 54 samples of surface-drinking water; there was no measurable activity. Results of these analyses are contained in Tables 10-13.

Surface water was sampled from four locations during 1992. Samples were analyzed for gamma isotopic on a monthly basis and tritium composites on a quarterly basis, per the ODCM requirements for surface water. Fifty-two samples were analyzed by gamma spectrometry. Potassium-40 was detected in one sample at an average activity of 75 pCi/l. Sixteen composited surface water samples were analyzed for tritium. The indicator stations had an average activity of 3013 pCi/l with a range of 2000-3800 pCi/l. The tritium detected in Squaw Creek Reservoir samples is attributed to liquid effluent discharges from CPSES which corresponds to an annual dose of approximately 0.01 mrem, which is less than one half of one percent of the annual allowable dose limit. The results of these analyses can be found in Table 14 and 15 respectively.

E. Fish

The results of gamma isotopic analyses of fish samples collected during 1992 are presented in Table 16. A total of five samples were analyzed, two from the indicator location (ENE-2) and three from the control location (NNE-8). Sampling efforts concentrated on the larger edible species of commercial and/or recreational importance.

Cesium-137 was detected in one of the samples with an average activity of 26 pCi/kg wet. This level of cesium-137 is similar to levels seen in preoperational measurements. In 1989 cesium-137 was detected in one sample at 13 pCi/kg. In 1988 three positive measurements were observed with an average activity of 16.9 pCi/kg with a range of 9.9 to 25.1 pCi/kg.

Naturally occurring potassium-40 was detected in all samples. The average potassium-40 concentration for the two indicator samples is 3020 pCi/kg wet with a range of 2700 to 3340 pCi/kg wet. The average concentration for the control location is 3257 pCi/kg wet with a range of 3230 to 3270 pCi/kg wet.

F. Shoreline Sediments

The processes by which radionuclides and stable elements are concentrated in bottom sediments are complex, involving physiochemical interaction in the environment between the various organic and inorganic materials from the watershed. These interactions can proceed by a myriad of steps in which the elements are absorbed in or displaced from the surfaces of colloidal particles enriched with chelating organic materials. Biological action of bacteria and other

benthic organisms also contribute to the concentration of certain elements and in the acceleration of the sedimentation process.

Results of the gamma isotopic analyses of the sediments sampled from the CPSES environment are given in Table 17. For 1992 three locations, one control and two indicators, were sampled semiannually. The average, fraction of detectables, and range of radionuclide concentrations are summarized in Table 20.

Naturally occurring gamma emitters found in detectable concentrations were K-40, Pb-212, Bi-214, Pb-214, Ra-226 and Th-228. Cesium-137 was measured in one sample from an indicator location with an activity of 49 pCi/kg. Cesium-137 was measured in 1989 at the same location with an activity of 20.6 pCi/kg.

G. Food Products

Results of gamma isotopic analyses of food samples are contained in Table 18. A total of 23 samples were analyzed from four locations. Potassium-40, a naturally occurring isotope, was found in all 23 samples. For the indicator locations the average potassium-40 activity was 2638 pCi/kg wet with a range of 1400 to 5140 pCi/kg wet. Naturally occurring beryllium-7 was detected in one sample from control station SIV 12.2; the activity was 425 pCi/kg wet. No I-131, Cs-134 or Cs-137 were detected in food products during 1992.

H. Broadleaf Vegetation

Results of gamma isotopic analyses of broadleaf vegetation samples are contained in Table 19. A total of 24 samples were analyzed from three locations. Potassium-40, a naturally occurring isotope, was found in all samples. The average potassium-40 activity for the

control location was 6851 pCi/kg wet with a range of 5950 to 7690 pCi/kg wet. For the indicator locations the average potassium-40 activity was 5227 pCi/kg wet with a range of 1830 to 9830 pCi/kg wet. Naturally occurring beryllium-7 was detected in sixteen indicator samples with an average activity of 1381 pCi/kg wet; the range was 396 to 2850 pCi/kg wet. The eight samples from control station SW-13.5 were found to have beryllium-7 with an average activity of 1681 pCi/kg wet and a range of 784-4360 pCi/kg wet.

Iodine-131, Cs-134 and Cs-137 were below the lower limit of detection in all samples.

CONCLUSIONS

IV. CONCLUSIONS

It is concluded from the levels obtained in environmental samples during 1992 and comparison of these levels to preoperational measurements and operational controls, that the operation of CPSES in 1992 resulted in no changes in measurable levels of radiation or radioactive materials in the environment except the tritium detected in Squaw Creek has increased from an average of 2393 pCi/l in 1991 to 3425 pCi/l in 1992. The atmospheric environment was sampled for airborne particulate matter, radioiodine, and direct radiation. The terrestrial environment was sampled for milk, groundwater, surface-drinking water, food products and broadleaf vegetation. The aquatic environment was sampled for surface water, fish and shoreline sediment. The analyses of these samples provided results which were either below the measurement detection limits or were indicative of natural terrestrial and cosmic ray radiation levels, except for the tritium in the surface water of Squaw Creek Reservoir which was far below the 20,000 pCi/l reporting levels for radioactivity concentrations in environmental samples.

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V. REFERENCES

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DATA TABLES

TABLE 1
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM -- 1992

Media	Number of Locations	Identification by Sector and Distance (Miles)	Sampling Frequency (a)	Analyses	Analytical Frequency (a)
Gamma Exposure	43	N-1.45; N-4.4; N-6.5; N-9.4; NNE-1.1 NNE-5.65; NE-1.7; NE-4.8; ENE-2.5; ENE-5.0; E-0.5; E-1.9; E-3.5; E-4.2; ESE-1.4; ESE-4.7; SE-1.3; SE-3.85; SE-4.6; SSE-1.3; SSE-4.4; SSE-4.5; S-1.5; S-4.2; SSW-1.1; SSW-4.4; SW-0.9; SW-4.8; SW-12.3; WSW-1.0; WSW-5.35; WSW-7.0; W-1; W-2; W-5.5 WNW-1; WNW-5.0; WNW-6.7; NW-1; NW-5.7; NW-9.9; NNW-1.35; NNW-4.6	Q.A	Thermoluminescent Dosimetry	Q.A
Air Particulate Air Iodine	8	N-9.4 E-3.5; SSE-4.5 SW-12.3; NW-1.0; N-1.45; SW/WSW-0.95 S/SSW-1.2	W	Gross Beta Gamma Spectrometry Filter Gamma Spectrometry Charcoal Cartridge	W QC W
Surface Water	4	N-19.3; ESE-1.4; N-1.5 NE-7.4	M (b)	Gamma Spectrometry Tritium	M QC
Groundwater	5	SSE-4.6 W-1.2; WSW-0.1 N-9.8; N-1.45	Q	Gamma Spectrometry Tritium	Q Q
Water-Surface Drinking	2	NNW-0.1; N-9.9	SM (c)	Gross Beta Gamma Spectrometry Iodine-131 Tritium	M M SM QC

TABLE 1
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM -- 1992

Media	Number of Locations	Identification by Sector and Distance (Miles)	Sampling Frequency (a)	Analyses	Analytical Frequency (a)
Sediment	3	N-9.9; NNE-1; NE-7.4	SA	Gamma Spectrometry	SA
Fish	2	NNE-8; ENE-2	SA	Gamma Spectrometry	SA
Milk	2	SW-13.5; SSE-2.2	SM, (d)	Iodine-131	SM (d)
				Gamma Spectrometry	SM (d)
Food Products	3	E-4.2; SW-13.5; ENE-9.0 SW-12.2	MH	Gamma Spectrometry	MH
				Iodine-131	MH
Broadleaf Vegetation	3	N-1.45; SW-1.0; SW-13.5	M	Gamma Spectrometry	M
				Iodine-131	M

(a) Frequency Codes Are: W = Weekly
M = Monthly
Q = Quarterly
QC = Quarterly Composite
SM = Semimonthly (i.e., once per 2-week period)
MH = Monthly during availability for harvest
SA = Semiannual
A = Annual

(b) Surface water samples from Squaw Creek Reservoir are monthly composites of weekly grab samples. Samples from Lake Granbury are monthly composites of weekly grab samples when Lake Granbury is receiving letdown from Squaw Creek Reservoir; otherwise they are monthly grab samples.

(c) Drinking water samples are a composite of weekly grab samples over a 2-week period when I-131 analysis is performed; otherwise they are monthly composites of weekly grab samples.

(d) Milk sample collection and analysis frequency is semimonthly when animals are on pasture. Otherwise samples are collected and analyzed monthly.

FIGURE 1

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL
MONITORING LOCATIONS

(Page 1 of 2)

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FIGURE 1

(Page 2 OF 2)

KEY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

SAMPLING POINT	LOCATION (SECTOR-MILES)	SAMPLE TYPE*	SAMPLING POINT	LOCATION (SECTOR-MILES)	SAMPLE TYPE*
A 1	N-1.45	A	R28	SW-4.8	R
A 2	N-9.4	A	R29	SW-12.3	R
A 3	E-3.5	A	R30	WSW-1.0	R
A 4	SSE-4.5	A	R31	WSW-5.35	R
A 5	S/SSW-1.2	A	R32	WSW-7.0	R
A 6	SW-12.3	A	R33	W-1.0	R
A 7	SW/WSW-0.95	A	R34	W-2.0	R
A 8	NW-1.0	A	R35	W-5.5	R
			R36	WNW-1.0	R
			R37	WNW-5.0	R
			R38	WNW-6.7	R
			R39	NW-1.0	R
			R40	NW-5.7	R
			R41	NW-9.9	R
R 1	N-1.45	R	R42	NNW-1.35	R
R 2	N-4.4	R	R43	NNW-4.6	R
R 3	N-6.5	R	SW1	N-1.5	SW
R 4	N-9.4	R	SW2	N-9.9	SW/DW
R 5	NNE-1.1	R	SW3	N-19.3	SW
R 6	NNE-5.65	R	SW4	NE-7.4	SW
R 7	NE-1.7	R	SW5	ESE-1.4	SW
R 8	NE-4.8	R	SW6	NNW-0.1	SW/DW
R 9	ENE-2.5	R	GW1	W-1.2	GW/DW
R10	ENE-5.0	R	GW2	WSW-0.1	GW/DW
R11	E-0.5	R	GW3	SSE-4.6	GW/DW
R12	E-1.9	R	GW4	N-9.8	GW/DW
R13	E-3.5	R	GW5	N-1.45	GW/DW
R14	E-4.2	R	SS1	NNE-1.0	SS
R15	ESE-1.4	R	SS2	N-9.9	SS
R16	ESE-4.7	R	SS3	NE-7.4	SS
R17	SE-1.3	R	M1	SSE-2.2	M
R18	SE-3.85	R	M4	SW-13.5	M
R19	SE-4.6	R	F1	ENE-2.0	F
R20	SSE-1.3	R	F2	NNE-8.0	F
R21	SSE-4.4	R	FP1	ENE-9.0	FP
R22	SSE-4.5	R	FP2	E-4.2	FP
R23	S-1.5	R	FP3(deleted)	SW-13.5	FP
R24	S-4.2	R	FP4	SW-12.2	FP
R25	SSW-1.1	R	BL1	N-1.45	BL
R26	SSW-4.4	R	BL2	SW-1.0	BL
R27	SW-0.9	R	BL3	SW-13.5	BL

*TYPES:

A - Air Sample
 R - Direct Radiation
 SW - Surface Water
 DW - Drinking Water

GW - Groundwater
 SS - Shoreline Sediment
 M - Milk

F - Fish
 FP - Food Product
 BL - Broadleaf Vegetation

TABLE 2
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
Direct Radiation - Thermoluminescent Dosimetry
Results in mR/day \pm 2 s. d.

Station	FIRST QUARTER 01/98-04/08/92	SECOND QUARTER 04/98-07/09/92	THIRD QUARTER 07/99-10/07/92	FOURTH QUARTER 10/07/92-01/13/93	AVERAGE \pm 2 S.D.	ANNUAL 01/08/92-01/13/93
N-1.45	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.008	0.15 \pm 0.008
N-4.4	0.18 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.19 \pm 0.009	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.01
N-6.5	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.01	*
N-9.4	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.005	0.17 \pm 0.007	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.007
NNE-1.1	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.004	0.19 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.03
NNE-5.65	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.19 \pm 0.05	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02	*
NE-1.7	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.14 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.004	0.14 \pm 0.005	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.04
NE-4.8	0.18 \pm 0.04	0.12 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.03	0.15 \pm 0.03	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.02
ENE-2.5	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.18 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.01
ENE-5	0.18 \pm 0.03	0.14 \pm 0.06	0.21 \pm 0.02	0.18 \pm 0.008	0.18 \pm 0.03	0.17 \pm 0.009
E-0.5	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.002	0.16 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.03
E-1.9	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.002	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.12 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.005
E-3.5	0.16 \pm 0.03	0.20 \pm 0.009	0.21 \pm 0.007	0.19 \pm 0.008	0.19 \pm 0.02	0.20 \pm 0.01
E-4.2	0.18 \pm 0.01	0.19 \pm 0.01	0.19 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.18 \pm 0.008	0.18 \pm 0.01
ESE-1.4	0.16 \pm 0.003	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.009	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02
ESE-4.7	*	0.17 \pm 0.009	0.18 \pm 0.001	0.17 \pm 0.004	0.17 \pm 0.008	*
SE-1.3	0.16 \pm 0.007	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.005	0.16 \pm 0.007	0.17 \pm 0.02
SE-3.85	0.15 \pm 0.009	0.16 \pm 0.009	0.17 \pm 0.005	0.14 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02
SE-4.6	0.16 \pm 0.003	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.13 \pm 0.03	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.12 \pm 0.008
SSE-1.3	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.05	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.04	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.14 \pm 0.01
SSE-4.5	0.15 \pm 0.007	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.13 \pm 0.05	0.15 \pm 0.01	*
SSE-4.4	0.16 \pm 0.007	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.003

*TLD missing.

TABLE 2
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
Direct Radiation - Thermoluminescent Dosimetry
Results in mR/day \pm 2 s. d.

Station	FIRST QUARTER 01/08-04/08/92	SECOND QUARTER 04/08-07/09/92	THIRD QUARTER 07/09-10/07/92	FOURTH QUARTER 10/07/92-01/13/93	AVERAGE \pm 2 S.D.	ANNUAL 01/08/92-01/13/93
S-1.5	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.13 \pm 0.008	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.14 \pm 0.01
S-4.2	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.007	0.18 \pm 0.007	0.13 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.05
SSW-1.1	0.16 \pm 0.03	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.11 \pm 0.005	0.15 \pm 0.03	0.15 \pm 0.008
SSW-4.4	0.17 \pm 0.02	0.18 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.007	0.12 \pm 0.005	0.16 \pm 0.03	0.17 \pm 0.007
SW-0.9	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.005	0.11 \pm 0.005	0.15 \pm 0.03	0.17 \pm 0.003
SW-4.8	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.19 \pm 0.09	0.13 \pm 0.04	0.16 \pm 0.03	*
SW-12.3	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.2	0.19 \pm 0.04	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.03
WSW-1	0.16 \pm 0.04	0.17 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.009	0.14 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.04
WSW-5.35	0.16 \pm 0.007	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.14 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.009
WSW-7	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.007	0.18 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.008	0.16 \pm 0.01	*
W-1	0.14 \pm 0.008	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.10 \pm 0.05	0.13 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.009
W-2	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.11 \pm 0.005	0.15 \pm 0.004	0.13 \pm 0.03	0.14 \pm 0.02	0.14 \pm 0.008
W-5.5	0.16 \pm 0.03	0.12 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.004	0.14 \pm 0.03	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.15 \pm 0.02
WNW-1	0.18 \pm 0.005	0.17 \pm 0.003	0.17 \pm 0.007	0.12 \pm 0.004	0.16 \pm 0.03	0.14 \pm 0.008
WNW-5	0.19 \pm 0.02	0.22 \pm 0.06	0.18 \pm 0.007	0.11 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.05	0.17 \pm 0.02
WNW-6.7	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.007	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.14 \pm 0.08	0.15 \pm 0.01	*
NW-1	0.16 \pm 0.009	0.15 \pm 0.02	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.003
NW-5.7	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.02	0.16 \pm 0.007	0.16 \pm 0.02
NW-9.9	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.005	0.13 \pm 0.02	0.14 \pm 0.01	0.13 \pm 0.02
NNW-1.35	0.14 \pm 0.002	*	0.14 \pm 0.005	0.16 \pm 0.005	0.15 \pm 0.01	0.16 \pm 0.005
NNW-4.6	0.18 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.19 \pm 0.01	0.17 \pm 0.01	0.18 \pm 0.008	0.17 \pm 0.01

*TLD missing

TABLE 3
(PAGE 1 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF I-131 IN FILTERED AIR
Results in Units of pCi/m³ ± 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
JANUARY								
12/31-01/07/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
01/07-01/14/92	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.06	<0.06	<0.06	<0.05
01/14-01/21/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
01/21-01/28/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
FEBRUARY								
01/28-02/04/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
02/04-02/11/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
02/11-02/18/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
02/18-02/26/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
02/26-03/03/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
MARCH								
03/03-03/09/92	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
03/09-03/17/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
03/17-03/24/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.03	<0.02	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
03/24-03/31/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
APRIL								
03/31-04/07/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	*
04/07-04/14/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
04/14-04/21/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
04/14-04/21/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
04/21-04/28/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.02	<0.02	<0.03

*Sample not collected - pump failure.

TABLE 3
(PAGE 2 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF I-131 IN FILTERED AIR
Results in Units of pCi/m³ ± 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
MAY								
04/28-05/05/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.03	<0.04
05/05-05/12/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.03	<0.04
05/12-05/19/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
05/19-05/26/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
05/26-06/02/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
JUNE								
06/02-06/09/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
06/09-06/16/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
06/16-06/24/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.009	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
06/24-06/30/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04
JULY								
06/30-07/07/92	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.06	<0.06	<0.06	<0.06
07/07-07/14/92	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
07/14-07/21/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
07/21-07/28/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
AUGUST								
07/28-08/05/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
08/05-08/12/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
08/12-08/19/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
08/19-08/25/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
08/25-09/01/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
SEPTEMBER								
09/01-09/08/92	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
09/08-09/15/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.05	<0.04
09/15-09/22/92	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05
09/22-09/29/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03

TABLE 3
(PAGE 3 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF I-131 IN FILTERED AIR
Results in Units of pCi/m³ ± 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
<u>OCTOBER</u>								
09/29-10/06/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
10/06-10/13/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
10/13-10/20/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
10/20-10/27/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
10/27-11/03/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.05	<0.03
<u>NOVEMBER</u>								
11/03-11/10/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.02	<0.02	*	<0.02
11/10-11/17/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
11/17-11/24/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
11/24-12/01/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
<u>DECEMBER</u>								
12/01-12/08/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
12/08-12/15/92	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.04	<0.03
12/15-12/23/92	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
12/23-12/29/92	<0.02	<0.01	<0.01	<0.02	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

*Not collected - pump unplugged electrically.

TABLE 4
(PAGE 1 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GROSS BETA EMITTERS IN AIR PARTICULATES
Results in Units of 10^{-3} pCi/m³ \pm 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
<u>JANUARY</u>								
12/31-01/07/92	33 \pm 4	33 \pm 4	32 \pm 4	38 \pm 4	27 \pm 3	34 \pm 4	34 \pm 4	34 \pm 4
01/07-01/14/92	19 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	20 \pm 3
01/14-01/21/92	20 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	18 \pm 3
01/21-01/28/92	23 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	20 \pm 3
<u>FEBRUARY</u>								
01/28-02/04/92	20 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	27 \pm 4	24 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
02/04-02/11/92	25 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	27 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
02/11-02/18/92	21 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	20 \pm 3
02/18-02/26/92	18 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	*	17 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	17 \pm 3
02/26-03/03/92	18 \pm 4	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	18 \pm 3
<u>MARCH</u>								
03/03-03/09/92	15 \pm 4	11 \pm 3	13 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	13 \pm 3	12 \pm 3
03/09-03/17/92	22 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	14 \pm 2	23 \pm 3	16 \pm 2
03/17-03/24/92	16 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	15 \pm 3
03/24-03/31/92	20 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	18 \pm 3
<u>APRIL</u>								
03/31-04/07/92	17 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	**
04/07-04/14/92	21 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
04/14-04/21/92	13 \pm 3	11 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	13 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	10 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	17 \pm 3
04/21-04/28/92	19 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	18 \pm 3

* Sample not collected; filter bypassed.
** Sample not collected - pump failure

TABLE 4
(PAGE 2 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GROSS BETA EMITTERS IN AIR PARTICULATES
Results in Units of 10^{-3} pCi/m³ \pm 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
MAY								
04/28-05/05/92	21 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	18 \pm 3
05/05-05/12/92	19 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	26 \pm 4	19 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
05/12-05/19/92	15 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	17 \pm 3
05/19-05/26/92	10 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	11 \pm 3	11 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	7.8 \pm 2.4	13 \pm 3	11 \pm 3
05/26-06/02/92	14 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	10 \pm 3	9.9 \pm 2.6	13 \pm 3	10 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	13 \pm 3
JUNE								
06/02-06/09/92	14 \pm 3	13 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	12 \pm 3
06/09-06/16/92	16 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	18 \pm 3
06/16-06/24/92	13 \pm 2	11 \pm 2	15 \pm 2	13 \pm 2	13 \pm 2	13 \pm 2	18 \pm 2	11 \pm 2
06/24-06/30/92	14 \pm 4	11 \pm 4	16 \pm 4	15 \pm 4	18 \pm 4	12 \pm 4	11 \pm 4	12 \pm 4
JULY								
06/30-07/07/92	18 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
07/07-07/14/92	21 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	23 \pm 3
07/14-07/21/92	13 \pm 2	17 \pm 3	16 \pm 2	14 \pm 2	18 \pm 3	13 \pm 2	16 \pm 3	16 \pm 3
07/21-07/28/92	11 \pm 4	12 \pm 3	13 \pm 4	16 \pm 4	12 \pm 4	10 \pm 3	27 \pm 4	18 \pm 4
AUGUST								
07/28-08/05/92	15 \pm 2	13 \pm 2	18 \pm 3	15 \pm 2	16 \pm 2	15 \pm 2	17 \pm 3	15 \pm 2
08/05-08/12/92	9.4 \pm 2.7	9.9 \pm 2.8	11 \pm 3	8.8 \pm 2.8	13 \pm 3	6.8 \pm 2.7	14 \pm 3	9.7 \pm 2.8
08/12-08/19/92	24 \pm 3	29 \pm 3	30 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	31 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	27 \pm 3	27 \pm 3
08/19-08/25/92	30 \pm 4	29 \pm 4	31 \pm 4	31 \pm 4	30 \pm 4	32 \pm 4	35 \pm 4	30 \pm 4
08/25-09/01/92	18 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	20 \pm 3
SEPTEMBER								
09/01-09/08/92	8.6 \pm 2.5	10 \pm 3	11 \pm 3	8.7 \pm 2.5	12 \pm 3	9.4 \pm 2.5	12 \pm 3	11 \pm 3
09/08-09/15/92	17 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	12 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	14 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	17 \pm 3
09/15-09/22/92	19 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	16 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	17 \pm 3
09/22-09/29/92	20 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	18 \pm 3

TABLE 4
(PAGE 3 OF 3)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GROSS BETA EMITTERS IN AIR PARTICULATES
Results in Units of 10^{-3} pCi/m³ \pm 2 s.d.

STATION COLLECTION DATE	NW-1.0	SW/WSW-0.95	S/SSW-1.2	SW-12.3	SSE-4.5	E-3.5	N-1.45	N-9.4
OCTOBER								
09/29-10/06/92	25 \pm 3	28 \pm 3	29 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	30 \pm 4	28 \pm 3	32 \pm 4	20 \pm 3
10/06-10/13/92	26 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	30 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	27 \pm 3	29 \pm 4
10/13-10/20/92	32 \pm 4	31 \pm 3	35 \pm 4	31 \pm 3	37 \pm 4	32 \pm 4	34 \pm 4	31 \pm 3
10/20-10/27/92	30 \pm 4	29 \pm 4	32 \pm 4	26 \pm 3	35 \pm 4	36 \pm 4	37 \pm 4	32 \pm 4
10/27-11/03/92	31 \pm 3	33 \pm 3	32 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	34 \pm 3	34 \pm 3	47 \pm 5	31 \pm 3
NOVEMBER								
11/03-11/10/92	24 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	*	21 \pm 3
11/10-11/17/92	22 \pm 3	21 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	27 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	21 \pm 3
11/17-11/24/92	20 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	17 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	22 \pm 3	15 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	19 \pm 3
11/24-12/01/92	34 \pm 4	31 \pm 3	32 \pm 3	33 \pm 4	38 \pm 4	33 \pm 4	35 \pm 4	27 \pm 3
DECEMBER								
12/01-12/08/92	26 \pm 3	25 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	26 \pm 3	30 \pm 4	26 \pm 3	30 \pm 4	25 \pm 3
12/08-12/15/92	20 \pm 3	18 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	19 \pm 3	23 \pm 3	24 \pm 3	20 \pm 3	20 \pm 3
12/15-12/23/92	42 \pm 4	45 \pm 4	47 \pm 4	44 \pm 4	49 \pm 4	46 \pm 4	48 \pm 4	43 \pm 4
12/23-12/29/92	40 \pm 4	37 \pm 4	37 \pm 4	35 \pm 4	41 \pm 4	40 \pm 4	38 \pm 4	38 \pm 4

*Sample not collected - pump unplugged electrically.

TABLE 5
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
Results in Units of E-03 pCi/m³ ± 2 s.d.

LOCATION	COMPOSITE PERIOD	Be-7	K-40	RU-103	Cs-134	CS-137
<u>FIRST QUARTER</u>						
NW-1.0	12/31/91-03/31/92	63.1±6.9	<8	<0.7	<0.6	<0.6
SW/WSW-0.95	12/31/91-03/31/92	54.5±5.4	11.8±4.3	<0.6	<0.5	<0.4
S/SSW-1.2	12/31/91-03/31/92	66.2±6.9	<20	<0.8	<0.6	<0.6
SW-12.3	12/31/91-03/31/92	62.9±6.5	<9	<0.5	<0.4	<0.5
SSE-4.5	12/31/91-03/31/92	65.5±6.6	9.1±4.3	<0.6	<0.5	<0.5
E-3.5	12/31/91-03/31/92	67.6±7.3	<9	<0.7	<0.4	<0.5
N-1.45	12/31/91-03/31/92	55.1±5.5	<8	<0.5	<0.4	<0.5
N-9.4	12/31/91-03/31/92	61.4±7.9	<10	<0.7	<0.6	<0.6
<u>SECOND QUARTER</u>						
NW-1.0	03/31/92-06/30/92	67.2±6.9	<9	<0.6	<0.5	<0.6
SW/WSW-0.95	03/31/92-06/30/92	63.6±6.4	<10	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
S/SSW-1.2	03/31/92-06/30/92	78.7±7.9	<20	<0.7	<0.6	<0.5
SW-12.3	03/31/92-06/30/92	63.1±6.3	9.35±3.51	<0.6	<0.4	<0.5
SSE-4.5	03/31/92-06/30/92	70.6±7.1	<10	<0.6	<0.6	<0.6
E-3.5	03/31/92-06/30/92	72.4±7.5	<10	<0.6	<0.5	<0.5
N-1.45	03/31/92-06/30/92	69.5±7.0	<8	<0.5	<0.4	<0.4
N-9.4	03/31/92-06/30/92	68.6±8.8	<10	<0.8	<0.6	<0.6

*All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

TABLE 5
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
Results in Units of E-03 pCi/m³ ± 2 s.d.

LOCATION	COMPOSITE PERIOD	Be-7	K-40	RU-103	Cs-134	CS-137
<u>THIRD QUARTER</u>						
NW-1.0	06/30/92-09/29/92	60.4±6.3	<10	<0.7	<0.5	<0.6
SW/WSW-0.95	06/30/92-09/29/92	76.4±7.6	<20	<0.7	<0.6	<0.6
S/SSW-1.2	06/30/92-09/29/92	89.7±9.0	<8	<0.5	<0.4	<0.3
SW-12.3	06/30/92-09/29/92	76.0±7.6	9.8±4.1	<0.6	<0.5	<0.5
SSE-4.5	06/30/92-09/29/92	102±10	7.4±4.1	<0.7	<0.5	<0.6
E-3.5	06/30/92-09/29/92	57.5±6.2	<8	<0.5	<0.4	<0.4
N-1.45	06/30/92-09/29/92	101±10	<10	<0.7	<0.7	<0.6
N-9.4	06/30/92-09/29/92	69.1±6.9	<20	<0.6	<0.5	<0.5
<u>FOURTH QUARTER</u>						
NW-1.0	09/29/92-12/29/92	74.1±7.4	8.37±4.4	<0.5	<0.4	<0.5
SW/WSW-0.95	09/29/92-12/29/92	63.8±6.4	21.2±5.4	<0.6	<0.5	<0.5
S/SSW-1.2	09/29/92-12/29/92	84.9±8.5	<9	<0.6	<0.4	<0.6
SW-12.3	09/29/92-12/29/92	61.8±6.2	<7	<0.5	<0.4	<0.4
SSE-4.5	09/29/92-12/29/92	89.1±8.9	<10	<0.7	<0.6	<0.6
E-3.5	09/29/92-12/29/92	61.1±6.4	<20	<0.6	<0.6	<0.5
N-1.45	09/29/92-12/29/92	79.8±8.0	<10	<0.7	<0.6	<0.8
N-9.4	09/29/92-12/29/92	62.2±6.3	<10	<0.6	<0.4	<0.6

*All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

TABLE 6
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF I-131 IN MILK
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

MONTH	COLLECTION DATE	SW-13.5	SSE-2.2
JANUARY	01/14/92	<0.3	<0.3
FEBRUARY	02/11/92	<0.2	<0.2
MARCH	03/09/92	<0.3	<0.3
APRIL	04/07/92	<0.3	<0.3
MAY	05/05/92	<0.1	<0.2
	05/19/92	<0.2	<0.2
JUNE	06/02/92	<0.2	<0.2
	06/16/92	<0.2	<0.2
	06/30/92	<0.5	<0.2
JULY	07/14/92	<0.6	<0.4
	07/28/92	<0.2	<0.2
AUGUST	08/12/92	<0.2	<0.1
	08/25/92	<0.4	<0.5
SEPTEMBER	09/08/92	<0.3	<0.3
	09/22/92	<0.5	<0.2
OCTOBER	10/06/92	<0.7	
	10/20/92	<0.3	*
NOVEMBER	11/17/92	<0.2	*
DECEMBER	12/15/92	<0.2	*

*Sample not collected - dairy closed.

TABLE 7
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN MILK
Results in Units of pCi/liter \pm 2 s.d.

LOCATION	COLLECTION DATE	K-40	Cs-134	Cs-137	La-140/Ba-140
<u>STATION SW-13.5</u>					
JANUARY	01/14/92	1390 \pm 140	<4	<4	<9
FEBRUARY	02/11/92	1420 \pm 140	<4	<4	<8
MARCH	03/09/92	1260 \pm 130	<4	<4	<5
APRIL	04/07/92	1370 \pm 140	<4	<4	<9
MAY	05/05/92	1500 \pm 150	<4	<4	<5
	05/19/92	1460 \pm 150	<4	<5	<6
JUNE	06/02/92	1450 \pm 150	<4	<4	<6
	06/16/92	1410 \pm 140	<4	<4	<6
	06/30/92	1360 \pm 140	<4	<4	<6
JULY	07/14/92	1280 \pm 130	<4	<5	<6
	07/28/92	1360 \pm 140	<4	<4	<6
AUGUST	08/12/92	1410 \pm 140	<4	<4	<8
	08/25/92	1350 \pm 130	<5	<5	<10
SEPTEMBER	09/08/92	1400 \pm 140	<4	<4	<8
	09/22/92	1260 \pm 130	<4	<4	<6
OCTOBER	10/06/92	1430 \pm 140	<5	<5	<10
	10/20/92	1310 \pm 130	<4	<4	<7
NOVEMBER	11/17/92	1440 \pm 140	<4	<4	<5
DECEMBER	12/15/92	1270 \pm 130	<4	<4	<7

*All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

TABLE 7
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN MILK
Results in Units of pCi/liter \pm 2 s.d.

LOCATION	COLLECTION DATE	K-40	Cs-134	Cs-137	La-140/Ba-140
<u>STATION SSE-2.2</u>					
JANUARY	01/14/92	1120 \pm 110	<4	<4	<9
FEBRUARY	02/11/92	1260 \pm 130	<4	<5	<8
MARCH	03/09/92	1260 \pm 130	<4	<4	<6
APRIL	04/07/92	1290 \pm 130	<4	<4	<8
MAY	05/05/92	1370 \pm 140	<3	<3	<4
	05/19/92	1330 \pm 130	<4	<4	<5
	06/02/92	1170 \pm 120	<3	<3	<4
JUNE	06/16/92	1370 \pm 140	<5	<4	<7
	06/30/92	1110 \pm 110	<4	<4	<6
	07/14/92	1200 \pm 120	<4	<5	<6
JULY	07/28/92	924 \pm 92	<3	<3	<4
	08/12/92	1130 \pm 110	<5	<4	<9
	08/25/92	1290 \pm 130	<4	<4	<8
AUGUST	09/08/92	1260 \pm 130	<3	<3	<7
	09/22/92	1310 \pm 130	<4	<4	<9
SEPTEMBER	10/20/92	**			
OCTOBER	11/17/92	**			
NOVEMBER	12/15/92	**			
DECEMBER					

*All other gamma emitters are <LLD.

**Sample not collected - dairy closed.

TABLE 8
(PAGE 1 OF 1)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN GROUNDWATER
Results in Units of pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb/Zr-95	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba/La-140
<u>STATION N-1.45</u>									
01/07/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<4	<3	<3	<6
04/07/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<8
07/07/92	<4	<4	<9	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<9
10/06/92	<4	<4	<7	<3	<7	<4	<4	<4	<7
<u>STATION W-1.2</u>									
01/07/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<9	<4	<4	<4	<8
04/08/92	<3	<3	<8	<3	<8	<4	<3	<4	<7
07/07/92	<4	<4	<9	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<9
10/06/92	<3	<4	<7	<3	<6	<3	<3	<3	<6
<u>STATION SSE-4.6</u>									
01/07/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<8
04/07/92	<2	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<3	<6
07/07/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<9
10/06/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<3	<3	<7
<u>STATION N-9.8</u>									
01/08/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<5	<6
04/08/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<7
07/07/92	<4	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<8
10/06/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<6	<4	<3	<4	<6
<u>STATION WSW-0.1</u>									
01/07/92	<4	<5	<10	<4	<10	<5	<5	<5	<8
04/08/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<6	<3	<3	<3	<5
07/07/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<9
10/06/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<3	<5

*All other gamma emitters were LLD.

TABLE 9
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF TRITIUM IN GROUNDWATER
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

QUARTER	COLLECTION PERIOD	LOCATION	TRITIUM ACTIVITY
1	01/07/92	N-1.45	<600
	02/26/92	N-1.45	<600
	01/07/92	W-1.2	<600
	01/07/92	SSE-4.6	<600
	01/07/92	N-9.8	<600
	01/07/92	WSW-0.1	<600
2	04/07/92	N-1.45	<600
	04/08/92	W-1.2	<600
	04/07/92	SSE-4.6	<500
	04/08/92	N-9.8	<600
	04/08/92	WSW-0.1	<600
3	07/07/92	N-1.45	<1000
	07/07/92	W-1.2	<1000
	07/07/92	SSE-4.6	<1000
	07/07/92	N-9.8	<1000
	07/07/92	WSW-0.1	<1000
4	10/06/92	N-1.45	<1000
	10/06/92	W-1.2	<1000
	10/06/92	SSE-4.6	<1000
	10/06/92	N-9.8	<1000
	10/06/92	WSW-0.1	<1000

TABLE 10
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
GROSS BETA CONCENTRATIONS IN WATER-SURFACE/DRINKING
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

MONTH	COLLECTION DATE	NNW-0.1	N-9.9
JANUARY	12/24/91-01/14/92	5.8 \pm 2	10 \pm 3
FEBRUARY	01/21/92-02/11/92	15 \pm 3	12 \pm 3
MARCH	02/12/92-03/09/92	12 \pm 3	9.9 \pm 2.8
	03/17/92-04/07/92	12 \pm 3	8.6 \pm 2.9
APRIL	04/14/92-05/05/92	12 \pm 3	8.2 \pm 2.7
MAY	05/12/92-06/02/92	12 \pm 3	12 \pm 3
JUNE	06/09/92-06/30/92	9.0 \pm 2.4	12 \pm 3
JULY	07/07/92-07/28/92	16 \pm 3	9.5 \pm 2.8
AUGUST	08/04/92-08/25/92	16 \pm 3	8.5 \pm 2.3
SEPTEMBER	09/01/92-09/22/92	7.9 \pm 1.5	7.7 \pm 1.6
OCTOBER	09/29/92-10/20/92	13 \pm 3	16 \pm 3
NOVEMBER	10/27/92-11/17/92	17 \pm 4	12 \pm 4
DECEMBER	11/24/92-12/15/92	16 \pm 3	57 \pm 5

TABLE 11
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
C. MANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN WATER SURFACE/DRINKING
Results in Units of pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE**	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb/Zr-95	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba/La-140
STATION NNW-0.1									
12/24/91-01/14/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<8
01/21/92-02/11/92	<2	<2	<5	<3	<5	<5	<3	<4	<5
02/12/92-03/09/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<9	<4	<4	<4	<6
03/17/92-04/07/92	<3	<4	<7	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<9
04/14/92-05/05/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<6
05/12/92-06/02/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<3	<3	<4	<6
06/09/92-06/30/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<5
07/07/92-07/28/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<6
08/04/92-08/25/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<4	<8
09/01/92-09/22/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<8	<3	<4	<5	<8
09/29/92-10/20/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<7	<4	<3	<4	<8
10/27/92-11/17/92	<4	<3	<8	<3	<7	<3	<3	<4	<6
11/26/92-12/15/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6

* All other gamma emitters were LLD.

** Samples are composites of weekly grab samples collected over a 4 week period.

TABLE 11
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN WATER SURFACE/DRINKING
Results in Units of pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE**	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb/Zr-95	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba/La-140
STATION N-9.9									
12/24/91-01/14/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<9	<4	<3	<4	<9
01/21/92-02/11/92	<2	<2	<5	<3	<5	<3	<3	<3	<4
02/12/92-03/09/92	<4	<4	<10	<5	<10	<5	<5	<5	<7
03/17/92-04/07/92	<3	<4	<8	<3	<8	<4	<3	<4	<8
04/14/92-05/05/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<5
05/12/92-06/02/92	<4	<4	<8	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<5
06/09/92-06/30/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<4
07/07/92-07/28/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<8	<3	<4	<4	<7
08/04/92-08/25/92	<4	<5	<10	<5	<9	<5	<5	<5	<10
09/01/92-09/22/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<6	<4	<3	<5	<8
09/29/92-10/20/92	<5	<5	<10	<5	<10	<5	<5	<5	<9
10/27/92-11/17/92	<4	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
11/24/92-12/15/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<7

* All other gamma emitters were LLD.

** Samples are composites of weekly grab samples collected over a 4 week period.

TABLE 12
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF I-131 IN WATER-SURFACE/DRINKING
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

MONTH	COLLECTION DATE*	NNW-0.1	N-9.9
JANUARY	12/24/91-01/14/92	<0.5	<0.5
	01/21/92-01/28/92	<0.2	<0.2
FEBRUARY	01/21/92-02/11/92	<0.5	<0.5
	02/12/92-03/09/92	<0.6	<0.9
	02/18/92-02/26/92	<0.2	<0.2
MARCH	03/17/92-03/24/92	<0.2	<0.2
	03/17/92-04/07/92	<0.8	<0.6
APRIL	04/14/92-04/21/92	<0.4	<0.4
	04/14/92-05/05/92	<0.2	<0.3
MAY	05/12/92-05/19/92	<0.3	<0.3
	05/12/92-06/02/92	<0.2	<0.3
JUNE	06/09/92-06/16/92	<0.2	<0.3
	06/09/92-06/30/92	<0.8	<0.7
JULY	07/07/92-07/14/92	<0.2	<0.2
	07/07/92-07/28/92	<0.8	<0.6
AUGUST	08/05/92-08/12/92	<0.2	<0.2
	08/04/92-08/25/92	<0.2	<0.2
SEPTEMBER	09/01/92-09/08/92	<0.5	<0.6
	09/01/92-09/22/92	<1	<0.8
OCTOBER	09/29/92-10/06/92	<0.5	<0.4
	09/29/92-10/20/92	<0.4	<0.5
	10/27/92-11/03/92	<0.3	<0.2
NOVEMBER	10/27/92-11/17/92	<0.5	<0.4
	11/24/92-12/01/92	<0.2	<0.2
DECEMBER	12/23/92-12/29/92	<0.3	<0.3

*Samples are composites of weekly grab samples collected over a 2 or 4 week period as indicated.

TABLE 13
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF TRITIUM IN WATER-SURFACE/DRINKING
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

QUARTER	COLLECTION PERIOD	NNW-0.1	N-9.9
1	12/24/91-03/24/92	2600 \pm 900	<1000
2	03/17/92-06/30/92	3100 \pm 1000	<1000
3	07/07/92-09/22/92	4500 \pm 900	<1000
4	09/29/92-12/15/92	3500 \pm 200	<100

TABLE 14
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN SURFACE WATER
Results in Units of pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE**	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb/Zr-95	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba/La-140
STATION ESE-1.4									
12/24/91-01/14/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<10
01/21/92-02/11/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<4	<5
02/18/92-03/09/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<7
03/17/92-04/07/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<6	<4	<3	<5	<8
04/14/92-05/05/92	<3	<4	<7	<4	<7	<3	<4	<4	<6
05/12/92-06/02/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<4	<4	<4	<5
06/09/92-06/30/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<5
07/07/92-07/28/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<4	<4	<5
08/04/92-08/25/92	<3	<3	<8	<3	<7	<4	<4	<3	<8
09/01/92-09/22/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<9	<4	<3	<3	<7
09/29/92-10/20/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<3	<4	<4	<6
10/27/92-11/17/92	<4	<4	<9	<5	<9	<5	<5	<5	<6
11/24/92-12/15/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<3	<3	<4	<6
STATION N-1.5									
12/24/91-01/14/92	<4	<4	<9	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<8
01/21/92-02/11/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<4	<7
02/18/92-03/09/92	<4	<4	<9	<5	<10	<5	<5	<5	<7
03/17/92-04/07/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<3	<4	<7
04/14/92-05/05/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<7
05/12/92-06/02/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<3	<4	<6
06/09/92-06/30/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<8	<3	<4	<3	<6
07/07/92-07/28/92	<4	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<5
08/04/92-08/25/92	<3	<3	<8	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<8
09/01/92-09/22/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<5	<3	<3	<3	<6
09/29/92-10/20/92	<4	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<7
10/27/92-11/17/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<5
11/24/92-12/15/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<5

* All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

** Samples from Squaw Creek Reservoir (ESE-1.4 and N-1.5) are composites of weekly grab samples collected over a 4 week period.
Samples from Lake Granbury (NE-7.4 and N-19.3) are grab samples collected on the date indicated.

TABLE 14
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC

COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN SURFACE WATER
Results in Units of pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE**	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Nb/Zr-95	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba/La-140
<u>STATION NE-7.4</u>									
01/14/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<7
02/11/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<3	<3	<4	<6
03/09/92	<3	<3	<8	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
04/08/92	<4	<4	<10	<4	<9	<5	<4	<5	<9
04/14/92-05/05/92	<4	<4	<8	<3	<3	<4	<4	<4	<7
05/12/92-06/02/92	<4	<3	<8	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
06/30/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<4	<4	<6
07/28/92	<4	<3	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<7
08/25/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<9
09/22/92	<4	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<8
10/20/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<7
11/17/92	<4	<4	<7	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
12/15/92	<3	<4	<7	<4	<9	<4	<4	<4	<6
<u>STATION N-19.3</u>									
01/14/92	<3	<4	<8	<3	<6	<4	<3	<4	<8
02/11/92	<2	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<4	<5
03/09/92	<3	<4	<8	<4	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
04/07/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<3	<4	<9
04/14/92-05/05/92	<3	<4	<7	<4	<7	<3	<3	<5	<7
05/12/92-06/02/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<4	<3	<5	<6
06/30/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<5
07/28/92	<3	<3	<7	<4	<7	<3	<4	<5	<6
08/25/92	<3	<3	<7	<3	<7	<4	<4	<5	<8
09/22/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<7	<3	<3	<3	<6
10/20/92	<3	<4	<7	<3	<8	<4	<4	<4	<6
11/17/92	<3	<3	<6	<4	<6	<3	<4	<4	<7
12/15/92	<3	<3	<6	<3	<6	<3	<3	<3	<4

* All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

** Samples from Squaw Creek Reservoir (ESE-1.4 and N-1.5) are composites of weekly grab samples collected over a 4 week period. Samples from Lake Granbury (NE-7.4 and N-19.3) are grab samples collected on the date indicated.

TABLE 15
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF TRITIUM IN SURFACE WATER
Results in pCi/l \pm 2 s.d.

QUARTER	COLLECTION PERIOD	ESE-1.4	N-1.5	NE-7.4	N-19.3
1	12/24/91-03/09/92	2700 \pm 700	2000 \pm 700		
1	01/14/92-03/09/92			<1000	<1000
2	03/17/92-06/30/92	2700 \pm 1000	3200 \pm 1000		
2	04/08/92-06/30/92			<1000	
2	04/07/92-06/30/92				<1000
3	07/07/92-09/22/92	3000 \pm 200	3100 \pm 200		
3	07/28/92-09/22/92			<100	<100
4	09/29/92-12/15/92	3800 \pm 200	3600 \pm 200		
4	10/20/92-12/15/92			<100	<100

TABLE 16
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN FISH
Results in pCi/Kg (wet) \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE	STATION	DESCRIPTION	K-40	Mn-54	Co-58	Fe-59	Co-60	Zn-65	Cs-134	Cs-137
04/22/92	ENE-2.0	Catfish	3340 \pm 330	<20	<20	<30	<20	<40	<20	<20
10/15/92	ENE-2.2	BB CCF WH	2700 \pm 270	<10	<10	<30	<9	<30	<10	26 \pm 8
04/23/92	NNE-8.0	Sand Bass	3270 \pm 330	<20	<20	<40	<20	<40	<20	<20
04/23/92	NNE-8.0	Catfish	3270 \pm 340	<30	<30	<80	<30	<70	<40	<40
10/15/92	NNE-8.0	CRP CCF HY	3230 \pm 320	<8	<10	<30	<8	<20	<10	<9

*All other gamma emitters were LLD.

TABLE 17
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN SEDIMENT
Results in pCi/kg (dry) \pm 2 s.d.

COLLECTION DATE	Be-7	K-40	Cs-134	Cs-137	Pb-212	Bi-214	Pb-214	Ra-226	Th-228
<u>STATION N-9.9</u>									
02/11/92	<300	6180 \pm 620	<30	<30	347 \pm 35	394 \pm 50	475 \pm 57	881 \pm 439	338 \pm 34
08/12/92	<200	881 \pm 191	<20	<20	127 \pm 36	446 \pm 50	458 \pm 83	993 \pm 321	<50
<u>STATION NE-7.4</u>									
02/11/92	<200	2600 \pm 260	<20	<20	142 \pm 18	194 \pm 37	208 \pm 34	<300	140 \pm 18
08/12/92	<300	6540 \pm 650	<40	<40	392 \pm 59	393 \pm 67	260 \pm 125	<900	384 \pm 48
<u>STATION NNE-1.0</u>									
02/11/92	<200	2110 \pm 290	<20	<20	135 \pm 21	229 \pm 41	244 \pm 43	<400	131 \pm 21
08/12/92	<200	1650 \pm 240	<30	49 \pm 20	147 \pm 23	426 \pm 49	468 \pm 81	994 \pm 326	144 \pm 22

*All other gamma emitters were LLD.

TABLE 18
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC

COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN FOOD PRODUCTS
Results in Units of pCi/kg (wet) \pm 2 s.d.

STATION	DESCRIPTION	COLLECTION						
		DATE	Be-7	K-40	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	
SW-13.5	FP-3	01/14/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected***					
E-4.2	FP-2	01/14/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		04/07/92	Sample Not Collected***					
	FP-2 Trnpgrns	05/05/92	425±63	4630±460	<20	<8	<8	
	FP-2 Peas	05/05/92	<60	2770±280	<20	<7	<7	
	FP-2 Trnpgrns	05/05/92	<40	2060±210	<10	<5	<5	
	FP-2 Cucumber	06/02/92	<30	1770±180	<8	<3	<4	
	FP-2 Turnips	06/02/92	<40	2370±240	<10	<5	<5	
	FP-2 Cucumber	06/30/92	<40	2040±200	<10	<4	<4	
	FP-2 Cucumber	07/28/92	<60	2070±210	<20	<6	<6	
	FP-2 Cucumber	08/25/92	<40	1400±140	<20	<4	<4	
	FP-2 Cucumbers	09/22/92	<40	2040±200	<10	<4	<4	
	FP-2 Cucumbers	10/20/92	<60	2270±230	<20	<7	<7	
	FP-2 Pumpkin	10/20/92	<100	5140±510	<30	<10	<10	
	FP-2 Squash	10/20/92	<50	1930±190	<20	<6	<6	
	FP2	11/17/92	Sample Not Collected***					
	FP2	12/15/92	Sample Not Collected***					
SW-12.2	FP4	01/14/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected***					
		04/07/92	Sample Not Collected***					
	FP-4 Lettuce	05/05/92	<200	4800±480	<50	<20	<20	
	FP-4 Tomatoes	06/02/92	<80	3560±360	<20	<9	<9	
	FP-4 Polebean	06/02/92	809±81	10800±1100	<20	<9	<9	
	FP-4 Tomatoes	06/30/92	<70	3230±320	<20	<7	<8	
	FP-4 Grn Beans	06/30/92	<100	4100±410	<30	<10	<10	
	FP-4 Watermelon	07/28/92	<60	2300±230	<20	<6	<6	
	FP-4 Cantaloup	07/28/92	<60	2280±230	<20	<7	<6	
	FP-4 Peas	08/25/92	<100	3490±350	<50	<10	<10	
	FP-4 Potatoes	09/22/92	<50	4580±460	<20	<6	<6	

* All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

***Sample not collected. Samples not available due to seasonal availability.

TABLE 18
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN FOOD PRODUCTS
Results in Units of pCi/kg (wet) \pm 2 s.d.

STATION	DESCRIPTION	COLLECTION	Be-7	K-40	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137
		DATE					
SW-12.2	FP-4 Okra	09/22/92	<100	2490 \pm 250	<40	<10	<20
	FP-4	11/17/92 Sample Not Collected***					
	FP-4	12/15/92 Sample Not Collected***					
ENE-9.0	FP-1 Pecan	11/17/92	<90	3810 \pm 380	<20	<10	<10

* All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

***Sample not collected. Samples not available due to seasonal availability.

TABLE 19
(PAGE 1 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC

COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN BROADLEAF VEGETATION
Results in Units of pCi/kg (wet) \pm 2 s.d.

STATION	DESCRIPTION	COLLECTION					
		DATE	Be-7	K-40	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137
SW-13.5 (BL3)		01/14/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected**				
	Bloodweed	04/07/92	1480±0.150	6650±660	<20	<9	<9
	Bloodweed	05/05/92	784±86	6850±690	<20	<9	<9
	Bloodweed	06/02/92	1310±130	5950±590	<7	<10	<10
	Bloodweed	06/30/92	1530±150	7020±700	<9	<5	<5
	Vegetation	07/28/92	1250±120	7680±770	<20	<5	<5
	Bloodweed	08/25/92	1250±120	7690±770	<30	<8	<8
	Bloodweed	09/22/92	1480±150	6360±640	<9	<9	<9
	Broadleaf	10/20/92	4360±440	6610±660	<50	<30	<30
		11/17/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		12/15/92	Sample Not Collected**				
N-1.45 (BL1)		01/14/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		04/07/92	Sample Not Collected**				
	Tree Lvs	05/05/92	1670±170	5000±500	<5	<20	<20
	Sumac Lvs	06/02/92	1100±120	4010±400	<10	<10	<10
	Tree Lvs	06/30/92	2850±180	5190±520	<10	<20	<20
	Vegetation	07/28/92	1480±150	6450±650	<30	<20	<20
	Sumac Lvs	08/25/92	1620±160	4370±440	<40	<10	<9
	Tree Lvs	09/22/92	2620±260	4350±430	<10	<10	<10
	Broadleaf	10/20/92	819±125	4400±440	<40	<10	<20
	Cottonwood	11/17/92	1320±130	2070±210	<6***	<10	<10
		12/15/92	Sample Not Collected**				

* All other gamma emitters are LLD

** Sample Not Collected. Samples not available due to seasonal availability.

*** By Radiochemical Analysis

TABLE 19
(PAGE 2 OF 2)
T U ELECTRIC
COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
CONCENTRATIONS OF GAMMA EMITTERS* IN BROADLEAF VEGETATION
Results in Units of pCi/kg (wet) \pm 2 s.d.

STATION	DESCRIPTION	COLLECTION					
		DATE	Be-7	K-40	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137
SW-1.0 (BL2)		01/14/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		02/11/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		03/09/92	Sample Not Collected**				
	Cottonwood	04/07/92	396±91	5040±500	<9	<10	<10
	Cottonwood	05/05/92	486±97	4570±460	<6	<10	<10
	Cottonwood	06/02/92	1840±180	4580±460	<9	<10	<10
	Sunflower	06/30/92	957±96	8710±870	<20	<8	<7
	Vegetation	07/28/92	580±58	8900±890	<20	<6	<5
	Sunflower	08/25/92	1110±110	9830±980	<20	<7	<7
	Cottonwood	09/22/92	1430±140	1830±180	<10	<9	<9
	Broadleaf	10/20/92	1810±180	4330±430	<40	<10	<10
		11/17/92	Sample Not Collected**				
		12/15/92	Sample Not Collected**				

* All other gamma emitters were <LLD.

** Sample not collected. Samples not available due to seasonal availability.

TABLE 20

(PAGE 1 OF 5)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMARY

T U ELECTRIC - COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

Medium of Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Analysis and Total Number of Analysis Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (1)	All Indicator Locations Mean Range	Location with Highest Name Distance and Direction	Mean Mean (f)(2) Range	Control Locations Mean (f)(2) Range	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
TLDs (Quarterly) (mR/day)	Gamma (170)		0.16(162/162) (0.10-0.21)	E-3.5	0.19(4/4) (0.16-0.21)	0.17(8/8) (0.15-0.19)	0
TLDs (Annual) (mR/day)	Gamma (36)		0.16(35/35) (0.12-0.20)	E-3.5	0.20(1/1) --	0.16(1/1) --	0
Air Iodine-131 (10 ⁻³ pci/m ³)	I-131(413)	70	-(0/361) --	NA	NA	-(0/52) --	0
Air Particulate (10 ⁻³ pci/m ³)	Gross (413) Beta	10	21(361/361) (6.8-49)	N-1.45	23(51/51) (11-48)	20(52/52) (8.7-44)	0
	Gamma (32)						
	Be-7	-	71(28/28) (55-102)	SSE-4.5	82(4/4) (66-102)	66(4/4) (62-76)	0
	K-40	-	12(5/28) (7.4-21)	SW/WSW-0.95	17(2/4) (12-21)	9.6(2/4) (9.4-9.8)	0
	Ru-103	-	-(0/28)	N/A	N/A	-(0/4)	0
	Cs-134	-	-(0/28)	N/A	N/A	-(0/4)	0
	Cs-137	-	-(0/28)	N/A	N/A	-(0/4)	0

(1) LLD is lower limit of detection as defined and required in USNRC Branch Technical Position on an Acceptable Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program., Revision 1, November 1979.

(2) (f) is the ratio of positive results to the number of samples analyzed for the parameter of interest, means are of positive results only.

TABLE 20

(PAGE 2 OF 5)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMARY

T U ELECTRIC - COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

Medium of Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Analysis and Total Number of Analysis Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (1)	All Indicator Locations Mean Range	Location with Highest Name Distance and Direction	Mean Mean (f)(2) Range	Control Location Mean (f)(2) Range	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
Milk (pCi/l)	I-131 (34) (BY RADIOCHEMISTRY)	-	-(0/15) --	NA	NA	-(0/19) --	0
	Gamma (34)						
	K-40	-	1226(15/15) (924-1370)	SW-13.5	1375(19/19) (1260-1500)	1375(19/19) (1260-1500)	0
Surface Water (pCi/l)	Cs-137	-	-(0/15) --	NA	NA	-(0/19) --	0
	Gamma (52)						
	K-40		75(1/39) --	ESE-1.4	75(1/13) --	-(0/13) --	0
Ground Drinking Water (pCi/l)	Tritium (16)	-	3013(8/12) (2000-3800)	ESE-1.4	3050(4/4) (2700-3800)	-(0/4) --	0
	Gamma (20)	-					
	K-40	-	103(2/16) (46-161)	WSW-0.1	161(1/4) --	77(1/4) --	0
	Tritium (20)	-	-(0/16) --	NA	NA	-(0/4) --	0

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TABLE 20

(PAGE 3 OF 5)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMARY

T U ELECTRIC - COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

Medium of Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Analysis and Total Number of Analysis Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (1)	All Indicator Locations Mean Range	Location with Highest Name Distance and Direction	Mean Mean (1)(2) Range	Control Location Mean (1)(2) Range	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
Water-Surface Drinking (pCi/l)	Gamma (26)	-	-(0/13)	NA	NA	-(0/13)	
			--			--	
	Tritium (8)	-	3425(4/4) (2600-4500)	NNW-0.1	3425(4/4) (2600-4500)	-(0/4) --	0
	Gross Beta (26)	-	13(13/13) (5.8-17)	N-9.9	14(13/13) (7.7-57)	14(13/13) (7.7-57)	0
Fish (pCi/kg/dry)	I-131 (54) (BY RADIOCHEMISTRY)	-	-(0/27) --	NA	NA	-(0/27) --	0
	Gamma (5)						
	K-40	-	3020(2/2) (2700-3340)	NNE-8.0	3257(3/3) (3230-3270)	3257(3/3) (3230-3270)	0
	Cs-137		26(1/2) --	ENE-2.0	26(1/2) --	-(0/3) --	0
Shoreline Sediments (pCi/kg dry)	Gamma (6)						
	K-40	-	3225(2/4) (1650-6540)	NE-7.4	4570(2/2) (2600-6540)	3531(2/2) (881-6180)	0
	Cs-137	-	49(1/4) --	NNE-1.0	49(1/2) --	-(0/2) --	0
	Pb-212	-	204(4/4) (135-392)	NE-7.4	267(2/2) (142-392)	237(2/2) (127-347)	0

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TABLE 20

(PAGE 4 OF 5)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMARY

T U ELECTRIC - COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

Medium of Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Analysis and Total Number of Analysis Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (1)	All Indicator Locations	Location with Highest	Mean	Control Location	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
			Mean Range	Name Distance and Direction	Mean (f)(2) Range	Mean (f)(2) Range	
Shoreline Sediments (pCi/kg dry)	Gamma (6)						
	Bi-214	-	311(4/4) (194-426)	N-9.9	420(2/2) (394-446)	420(2/2) (394-446)	0
	Pb-214	-	295(4/4) (208-468)	N-9.9	467(2/2) (458-475)	467(2/2) (458-475)	0
	Ra-226	-	994(1/4) --	NNE-1.0	994(1/2) --	937(2/2) (881-993)	0
	Th-228	-	200(4/4) (131-384)	N-9.9	338(1/2) --	338(1/2) --	0
Broadleaf Vegetation (pCi/kg wet)	Gamma (24)						
	Be-7	-	1381(16/16) (396-2850)	N-1.45	1685(8/8) (819-2850)	1681(8/8) (784-4360)	0
	K-40	-	5227(16/16) (1830-9830)	SW-13.5	6851(8/8) (5950-7690)	6851(8/8) (5950-7690)	0
	I-131	-	-(0/16) --	NA	NA --	-(0/8) --	0
	Cs-134	-	-(0/16) --	NA	NA --	-(0/8) --	0
	Cs-137	-	-(0/16) --	NA	NA --	-(0/8) --	0

(1) LLD is lower limit of detection as defined and required in USNRC Branch Technical Position on an Acceptable Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program., Revision 1, November 1979.

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TABLE 20

(PAGE 5 OF 5)

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM SUMMARY

T U ELECTRIC - COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1992

Medium of Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Analysis and Total Number of Analysis Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (1)	<u>All Indicator Locations</u>	<u>Location with Highest</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Control Location</u>	Number of Nonroutine Reported Measurements
			Mean Range	Name Distance and Direction	Mean (f)(2) Range	Mean (f)(2) Range	
Food Products (pCi/kg wet)	Gamma (23)						
	Be-7	-	425(1/13) --	SW-12.2	809(1/10) --	809(1/10) --	0
	K-40	-	2638(13/13) (1400-5140)	SW-12.2	4163(10/10) (2280-10800)	4163(10/10) (2280-10800)	0
	I-131	-	-(0/13) --	NA	NA --	-(0/10) --	0
	Cs-134	-	-(0/13) --	NA	NA --	-(0/10) --	0
	Cs-137	-	-(0/13) --	NA	NA --	-(0/10) --	0

(1) LLD is lower limit of detection as defined and required in USNRC Branch Technical Position on an Acceptable Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program., Revision 1, November 1979.

(2) (f) is the ratio of positive results to the number of samples analyzed for the parameter of interest, means are of positive results only.

APPENDIX A
EPA CROSS-CHECK PROGRAM

US EPA INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM 1992

Collection Date	Media	Nuclide	EPA Result(a)		Teledyne Isotopes Result(b)	
01/17/92	Water	Sr-89	51.0 ±	5.0	45.67 ±	1.53
		Sr-90	20.0 ±	5.0	18.67 ±	1.53
01/24/92	Water	Pu-239	16.8 ±	1.7	14.00 ±	0.00 (c)
01/31/92	Water	Gr-Alpha	30.0 ±	8.0	25.00 ±	4.00
		Gr-Beta	30.0 ±	5.0	31.67 ±	0.58
02/07/92	Water	I-131	59.0 ±	6.0	61.00 ±	1.73
02/14/92	Water	Co-60	40.0 ±	5.0	38.00 ±	2.65
		Zn-65	148.0 ±	15.0	145.00 ±	1.73
		Ru-106	203.0 ±	20.0	191.00 ±	21.66
		Cs-134	31.0 ±	5.0	29.00 ±	2.00
		Cs-137	49.0 ±	5.0	53.67 ±	2.52
		Ba-133	76.0 ±	8.0	75.67 ±	7.51
02/21/92	Water	H-3	7904.0 ±	790.0	7800.00 ±	100.00
03/06/92	Water	Ra-226	10.1 ±	1.5	5.30 ±	0.95 (d)
		Ra-228	15.5 ±	3.9	20.00 ±	2.00
03/13/92	Water	U	25.3 ±	3.0	25.40 ±	1.97
03/27/92	Air Filter	Gr-Alpha	7.0 ±	5.0	11.33 ±	0.58
		Gr-Beta	41.0 ±	5.0	43.00 ±	1.00
		Sr-90	15.0 ±	5.0	12.67 ±	0.58
		Cs-137	10.0 ±	5.0	11.00 ±	1.73
04/14/92	Water	Gr-Beta	140.0 ±	21.0	98.00 ±	2.00 (e)
		Sr-89	15.0 ±	5.0	16.00 ±	1.00
		Sr-90	17.0 ±	5.0	14.33 ±	1.15
		Co-60	56.0 ±	5.0	55.00 ±	1.73
		Cs-134	24.0 ±	5.0	22.67 ±	1.53
		Cs-137	22.0 ±	5.0	24.67 ±	3.06
		Gr-Alpha	40.0 ±	10.0	34.33 ±	2.08
		Ra-226	14.9 ±	2.2	13.33 ±	2.08
		Ra-228	14.0 ±	3.5	15.33 ±	0.58
		U	4.0 ±	3.0	3.77 ±	0.06

US EPA INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM 1992

Collection Date	Media	Nuclide	EPA Result(a)		Teledyne Isotopes Result(b)	
04/24/92	Milk	Sr-89	38.0 ±	5.0	36.00 ±	4.58
		Sr-90	29.0 ±	5.0	26.00 ±	0.00
		I-131	78.0 ±	8.0	71.67 ±	4.04
		Cs-137	39.0 ±	5.0	46.67 ±	2.31
		K	1710.0 ±	86.0	1680.00 ±	72.11
05/08/92	Water	Sr-89	29.0 ±	5.0	24.00 ±	1.73
		Sr-90	8.0 ±	5.0	6.33 ±	0.58
05/15/92	Water	Gr-Alpha	15.0 ±	5.0	10.00 ±	1.00
		Gr-Beta	44.0 ±	5.0	44.67 ±	1.15
06/05/92	Water	Co-60	20.0 ±	5.0	21.33 ±	0.58
		Zn-65	99.0 ±	10.0	107.00 ±	3.61
		Ru-106	141.0 ±	14.0	127.00 ±	11.53
		Cs-134	15.0 ±	5.0	15.00 ±	1.00
		Cs-137	15.0 ±	5.0	16.00 ±	1.00
		Ba-133	98.0 ±	10.0	93.33 ±	6.03
06/19/92	Water	H-3	2125.0 ±	347.0	2100.00 ±	0.00
07/17/92	Water	Ra-226	24.9 ±	3.7	23.33 ±	1.15
		Ra-228	16.7 ±	4.2	17.33 ±	0.58
07/24/92	Water	U	4.0 ±	3.0	3.93 ±	0.06
08/07/92	Water	I-131	45.0 ±	6.0	43.33 ±	6.03
08/21/92	Water	Pu-239	9.0 ±	0.9	8.23 ±	0.06
08/28/92	Air Filter	Gr-Alpha	30.0 ±	8.0	27.33 ±	0.58
		Gr-Beta	69.0 ±	10.0	69.00 ±	1.00
		Sr-90	25.0 ±	5.0	22.67 ±	1.15
		Cs-137	18.0 ±	5.0	16.67 ±	2.31
		Co-60	10.0 ±	5.0	11.00 ±	1.00
		Zn-65	148.0 ±	15.0	156.67 ±	0.58
		Ru-106	175.0 ±	18.0	164.33 ±	7.51
		Cs-134	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Cs-137	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Ba-133	74.0 ±	7.0	75.67 ±	9.29

(f)

US EPA INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM 1992

Collection Date	Media	Nuclide	EPA Result(a)		Teledyne Isotopes Result(b)	
09/18/92	Water	Gr-Alpha	45.0 ±	11.0	45.00 ±	2.00
		Gr-Beta	50.0 ±	5.0	45.00 ±	1.73
09/11/92	Water	Sr-89	20.0 ±	5.0	16.00 ±	1.00
		Sr-90	15.0 ±	5.0	13.00 ±	1.0
09/25/92	Milk	Sr-89	15.0 ±	5.0	16.00 ±	2.00
		Sr-90	15.00 ±	5.0	12.67 ±	1.15
		I-131	100.0 ±	10.0	99.00 ±	7.21
		Cs-137	15.0 ±	5.0	15.67 ±	1.15
		K	1750.0 ±	88.0	1660.00 ±	85.44
10/09/92	Water	Co-60	10.0 ±	5.0	11.00 ±	1.00
		Zn-65	148.0 ±	15.0	156.67 ±	0.58
		Ru-106	175.0 ±	18.0	164.33 ±	7.51
		Cs-134	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Cs-137	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Ba-133	74.0 ±	7.0	75.67 ±	9.29
10/20/92	Water	Gr-Beta	53.0 ±	10.00	49.00 ±	2.65
		Sr-89	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Sr-90	10.0 ±	5.0	8.00 ±	1.00
		Co-60	15.0 ±	5.0	15.00 ±	1.00
		Cs-134	5.0 ±	5.0	5.00 ±	0.00
		Cs-137	8.0 ±	5.0	8.67 ±	0.58
		Gr-Alpha	29.0 ±	7.0	27.33 ±	4.16
		Ra-226	7.4 ±	1.1	7.23 ±	0.68
		Ra-228	10.0 ±	2.5	10.33 ±	0.58
10/23/92	Water	U	10.2 ±	3.0	11.00 ±	0.00
		H-3	5962.0 ±	596.0	5666.67 ±	57.74
11/11/92	Water	Ra-226	7.5 ±	1.1	5.27 ±	0.40 (g)
		Ra-228	5.0 ±	1.3	6.07 ±	0.47
11/13/92	Water	U	15.2 ±	3.0	15.33 ±	0.58

Footnotes:

- (a) EPA Results-Expected laboratory precision (1 sigma). Units are pCi/liter for water and milk except K is in mg/liter. Units are total pCi for air particulate filters.
- (b) Teledyne Results - Average \pm one sigma. Units are pCi/liter for water and milk except K is in mg/liter. Units are total pCi for air particulate filters.
- (c) There is no apparent reason for the low Pu-239 result. The results of three reanalyses in May were 16 ± 2 , 17 ± 2 , and 15 ± 2 . There is no corrective action due at this time since initial results were within ± 3 sigma.
- (d) All lab data sheets were verified for accuracy. Three different detectors were used with aliquot ingrowth times of 9 and 19 days. Results ranged from 4 to 6 pCi/l. Dilution error has been determined to be the probable cause for the deviation from the spike value. Internal biweekly spike analyses have been in control. Corrective action includes implementation of a dilution form to record aliquot and solvent volumes. Entries will be made by the technician and reviewed by the supervisor.
- (e) There was large fraction of low energy beta emitters (Co-60 and Cs-134) in the sample. Detector efficiency decreases with decreasing energy. We are required to calibrate with the high energy beta emitters (Cs-137 and Sr-90). No corrective action necessary.
- (f) There is no apparent reason for the high Cs-137 results. The sample geometry and detector efficiencies were verified to be correct. The Total K and I-131 by gamma spectroscopy were in good agreement with EPA values. There is no trend and results were within ± 3 sigma so no action taken.
- (g) An investigation is being conducted; the results will be available shortly.

APPENDIX B
SYNOPSIS OF ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

APPENDIX B
APPLICABLE PROCEDURES

NUMBER	TITLE	DATE	PAGE
PRO-032-1	Determination of Gross Alpha and/or Gross Beta in Water Samples	03/21/86	B-3
PRO-042-5	Determination of Gamma Emitting Radioisotopes	11/11/86	B-5
PRO-032-10	Determination of Gross Beta in Air Particulate Filters	03/01/87	B-7
PRO-032-11	Determination of Radiiodine in Milk and Water Samples	12/15/92	B-8
PRO-032-12	Determination of Radioiodine in Vegetation Samples	12/15/82	B-9
PRO-342-17	Environmental Thermoluminescent Dosimetry (TLD)	09/04/87	B-10
PRO-032-35	Determination of Tritium in Water by Liquid Scintillation	08/15/92	B-11

**DETERMINATION OF GROSS ALPHA
AND/OR GROSS BETA
IN WATER SAMPLES**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The procedures described in this section are used to measure the overall radioactivity of water samples without identifying the radioactive species present. No chemical separation techniques are involved.

One liter of the sample is evaporated on a hot plate. Different volumes may be used if the sample has a significant salt content as measured by a conductivity meter, or if unusual sensitivity is desired. If requested by the customer, the sample is filtered through No. 54 filter paper before evaporation, removing particles greater than 30 microns in size.

After evaporating to a small volume in a beaker, the sample is rinsed into a 2-inch diameter stainless steel planchet which is stamped with a concentric ring pattern to distribute residue evenly. Final evaporation to dryness takes place under heat lamps. Samples which appear to be hygroscopic are dried again under heat lamps just prior to counting.

Residue mass is determined by weighing the planchet before and after mounting the sample. The planchet is counted for alpha and/or beta activity on an automatic proportional counter. Results are calculated using empirical self-absorption curves which allow for the change in effective counting efficiency caused by the residue mass.

2.0 DETECTION CAPABILITY

Detection capability depends upon the sample volume actually

represented on the planchet, the background and the efficiency of the counting instrument, and upon self-absorption of alpha and beta particles by the mounted sample. Because the radioactive species are not identified, no decay corrections are made and the reported activity refers to the counting time.

The minimum detectable level (MDL) for water samples is nominally 1.6 picocuries per liter for gross beta at the 4.66 sigma level (1.0 pCi/l at the 2.83 sigma level), assuming that 1 liter of sample is used and that 1/2 gram of sample residue is mounted on the planchet. These figures are based upon a nominal counting time of 50 minutes and upon representative values of counting efficiency and background of 0.2 and 1.2 cpm, respectively. The MDL for gross alpha activity is nominally 2.3 picocuries per liter at the 4.66 sigma level (1.4 pCi/l at the 2.83 sigma level) also assuming that 1 liter of sample is used and 1/2 gram of sample residue is mounted on the planchet. These figures are based upon a nominal 200 minute counting time and upon a representative efficiency of 0.02 and a background of 0.1 cpm.

The MDL becomes significantly lower as the mount weight decreases because of reduced self-absorption. At a zero mount weight, the 4.66 sigma MDL for gross beta is 0.9 picocuries per liter and the MDL for gross alpha is 0.3 picocuries per liter. These values reflect a beta counting efficiency of 0.38 and an alpha counting efficiency of 0.18.

DETERMINATION OF GAMMA EMITTING RADIOISOTOPES

Milk and Water

A 1.0 liter Marinelli beaker is filled with a representative aliquot of the sample. The sample is then counted for at least 1000 minutes with a shielded Ge(Li) detector coupled to a mini-computer-based data acquisition system which performs pulse height analysis.

Dried Solids Other Than Soils and Sediments

A large quantity of the sample is dried at a low temperature, less than 100°C. As much as possible (up to the total sample) is loaded into a tared 1-liter Marinelli and weighed. The sample is then counted for at least 1000 minutes with a shielded Ge(Li) detector coupled to a mini-computer-based data acquisition system which performs pulse height analysis.

Fish

As much as possible (up to the total sample) of the edible portion of the sample is loaded into a tared Marinelli and weighed. The sample is then counted for at least 1000 minutes with a shielded Ge(Li) detector coupled to a mini-computer-based data acquisition system which performs pulse height analysis.

Soils and Sediments

Soils and sediments are dried at a low temperature, less than 100°C. The soil or sediment is loaded fully into a tared, standard 300 cc container and weighed. The sample is then counted for at least six hours with a shielded Ge(Li) detector coupled to a mini-computer-based data acquisition system which performs pulse height analysis.

Charcoal Cartridges (Air Iodine)

Charcoal cartridges are counted up to five at a time, with one positioned on the face of a Ge(Li) detector and up to four on the side of the Ge(Li) detector. Each Ge(Li) detector is calibrated for both positions. The detection limit for I-131 of each charcoal cartridge can be determined (assuming no positive I-131) uniquely from the volume of air which passed through it. In the event I-131 is observed in the initial counting of a set, each charcoal cartridge is then counted separately, positioned on the face of the detector.

Air Particulate

The four or five (depending on the calendar month) air particulate filters for a monthly composite for each field station are aligned one in front of another and then counted for at least six hours with a shielded Ge(Li) detector

A mini-computer software program defines peaks by certain changes in the slope of the spectrum. The program also compares the energy of each peak with a library of peaks for isotope identification and then performs the radioactivity calculation using the appropriate fractional gamma ray abundance, half-life, detector efficiency, and net counts in the peak region. The calculation of results, two sigma error and the lower limit of detection (LLD) in pCi/volume or pCi/mass:

DF = decay factor from the collection to the counting date

DETERMINATION OF GROSS BETA IN AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS

Air Particulates

After a delay of five or more days, allowing for the radon-222 and radon-220 (thoron) daughter products to decay, the filters are counted in a gas-flow proportional counter. An unused air particulate filter, supplied by T U Electric, is counted as the blank.

Calculations of the results, the two sigma error and the lower limit of detection (LLD), are performed as follows:

$$\text{RESULT (pCi/m}^3\text{)} = ((S/T) - (B/t))/(2.22 \text{ V E})$$

$$\text{TWO SIGMA ERROR (pCi/m}^3\text{)} = 2((S/T^2 + (B/t^2))^{1/2}/(2.22 \text{ V E}))$$

$$\text{LLD (pCi/m}^3\text{)} = 4.66(B/t/T)^{1/2}/(2.22 \text{ V E})$$

where:	S	=	Gross counts of sample including blank
	B	=	Counts of blank
	E	=	Counting efficiency
	T	=	Number of minutes sample was counted
	t	=	Number of minutes blank was counted
	V	=	Sample aliquot size (cubic meters)
	2.22	=	dpm/pCi

DETERMINATION OF RADIOIODINE IN MILK AND WATER SAMPLES

Two liters of sample are first equilibrated with stable iodide carrier. A batch treatment with anion exchange resin is used to remove iodine from the sample. The iodine is then stripped from the resin with sodium hypochlorite solution, is reduced with hydroxylamine hydrochloride and is extracted into toluene as free iodine. It is then back-extracted as iodide into sodium bisulfite solution and is precipitated as palladium iodide. The precipitate is weighed for chemical yield and is mounted on a nylon planchet for low level beta counting. The chemical yield is corrected by measuring the stable iodide content of the milk or the water with a specific ion electrode.

Calculation of results, two sigma error and the lower limit of detection (LLD) in pCi/l, are performed as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = (N/\Delta t - B)/(2.22 E V Y DF)$$

$$\text{TWO SIGMA ERROR} = 2((N/\Delta t + B)/\Delta t)^{1/2} (2.22 E V Y DF)$$

$$\text{LLD} = 4.66(B/\Delta t)^{1/2}/(2.22 E V Y DF)$$

where: N = total counts from sample (counts)

Δt = counting time for sample (min)

B = background rate of counter (cpm)

2.22 = dpm/pCi

V = volume or weight of sample analyzed

Y = chemical yield of the mount or sample counted

DF = decay factor from the collection to the counting date

E = efficiency of the counter for I-131, corrected for self absorption effects by the formula:

$$= E_S(\exp-0.0085M)/(\exp-0.0085M_S)$$

E_S = efficiency of the counter determined from an I-131 standard mount

M_S = mass of PdI_2 on the standard mount, mg

M = mass of PdI_2 on the sample mount, mg

DETERMINATION OF RADIOIODINE IN VEGETATION SAMPLES

Broadleaf Vegetation

This procedure presents radiochemical methods for determining the I-131 activity in vegetation samples. Stable iodide carrier is first added to 25-100 grams of the chopped sample. The sample is then leached with sodium hydroxide solution, evaporated to dryness and fused in a muffle furnace. The melt is dissolved in water, filtered and treated with sodium hypochlorite. The iodine is then reduced with hydroxylamine hydrochloride and is extracted into toluene. It is then back-extracted as iodide into sodium bisulfite solution and is precipitated as palladium iodide. The precipitate is weighed for chemical yield and is mounted on a nylon planchet for low level beta counting.

Calculation of results, two sigma error and the lower limit of detection (LLD) in pCi/l, are performed as follows:

$$\text{RESULT} = (N/\Delta t - B)/(2.22 E V Y DF)$$

$$\text{TWO SIGMA ERROR} = 2((N/\Delta t + B)/\Delta t)^{1/2}/(2.22 E V Y DF)$$

$$\text{LLD} = 4.66(B/\Delta t)^{1/2}/(2.22 E V Y DF)$$

where:	N	= total counts from sample (counts)
	Δt	= counting time for sample (min)
	B	= background rate of counter (cpm)
	2.22	= dpm/pCi
	V	= volume or weight of sample analyzed
	Y	= chemical yield of the mount or sample counted
	DF	= decay factor from the collection to the counting date
	E	= efficiency of the counter for I-131, corrected for self absorption effects by the formula: $= E_S(\exp(-0.0085M))/(\exp(-0.0085M_S))$
	E_S	= efficiency of the counter determined from an I-131 standard mount
	M_S	= mass of PdI_2 on the standard mount, mg
	M	= mass of PdI_2 on the sample mount, mg

ENVIRONMENTAL THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETRY (TLD)

Teledyne Isotopes uses a $\text{CaSO}_4:\text{Dy}$ thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) which the company manufactures. This material has a high light output, negligible thermally induced signal loss (fading), and negligible self dosing. The energy response curve (as well as all other features) satisfies NRC Reg. Guide 4.13. Transit doses are accounted for by use of separate TLDs.

Following the field exposure period the TLDs are placed in a Teledyne Isotopes Model 8300. One fourth of the rectangular TLD is heated at a time and the measured light emission (luminescence) is recorded. The TLD is then annealed and exposed to a known Cs-137 dose; each area is then read again. This provides a calibration of each area of each TLD after every field use. The transit controls are read in the same manner.

Calculation of results and the two sigma error in net milliRoetgen (mR) are performed as follows:

RESULT $D = (D_1 + D_2 + D_3 + D_4) / 4$

TWO SIGMA ERROR $= 2((D_1 - D)^2 + (D_2 - D)^2 + (D_3 - D)^2 + (D_4 - D)^2 / 3)^{1/2}$

where:

D_1	=	the net mR of area 1 of the TLD, and similarly for D_2 , D_3 , and D_4
	=	$I_1 K / R_1 - A$
I_1	=	the instrument reading of the field dose in area 1
K	=	the known exposure by the Cs-137 source
R_1	=	the instrument reading due to the Cs-137 dose on area 1
A	=	average dose in mR, calculated in similar manner as above, of the transit control TLDs

DETERMINATION OF TRITIUM IN WATER BY LIQUID SCINTILLATION

Ten milliliters of water is added to 10 ml of liquid scintillation solution in a 25 ml vial. The sample is inserted into a Liquid Scintillator and counted for 100 minutes.

Calculations of the results, the two sigma error and the lower limit of detection (LLD), are performed as follows:

$$\text{RESULT (pCi/l)} = (N-B)/(2.22 \text{ V E})$$

$$\text{TWO SIGMA ERROR (pCi/l)} = 2((N + B)/\Delta t)^{1/2}/(2.22 \text{ V E})$$

$$\text{LLD (pCi/l)} = 4.66(B/\Delta t)^{1/2}/(2.22 \text{ V E})$$

where:

N	=	the gross cpm of the sample
B	=	the background of the detector in cpm
2.22	=	conversion factor changing dpm to pCi
V	=	volume of the sample in ml
E	=	efficiency of the detector
Δt	=	counting time for the sample

APPENDIX C
EXCEPTIONS TO THE 1992 REMP

APPENDIX C

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXCEPTIONS FOR SCHEDULED SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS DURING 1992

LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	DATE OF SAMPLING	REASONS FOR LOSS/ EXCEPTION
N-9.4	Air Charcoal	03/31-04/07	Pump failure
N-1.45	Air Charcoal	11/03-11/10	Pump found unplugged electrically
S/SSW-1.2	Air Filter	02/18-02/26	Filter Bypassed
N-9.4	Air Filter	03/31-04/07	Pump failure
N-1.45	Air Filter	11/03-11/10	Pump found unplugged electrically
SW-13.5	Food Product	01/14/92	Sample not available
E-4.2	Food Product	01/14/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	01/14/92	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Food Product	02/11/92	Sample not available
E-4.2	Food Product	02/11/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	02/11/92	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Food Product	03/09/92	Sample not available
E-4.2	Food Product	03/09/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	03/09/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	04/07/92	Sample not available
E-4.2	Food Product	04/07/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	11/17/92	Sample not available
E-4.2	Food Product	11/17/92	Sample not available
SW-12.2	Food Product	12/15/92	Sample not available

LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	DATE OF SAMPLING	REASONS FOR LOSS/ EXCEPTION
E-4.2	Food Product	12/15/92	Sample not available
SSE-2.2	Milk	10/20	Sample not collected; dairy closed
SSE-2.2	Milk	11/17	Sample not collected; dairy closed
SSE-2.2	Milk	12/15	Sample not collected dairy closed
ESE-4.7	TLD	01/08-04/08	TLD missing
NNW-1.35	TLD	07/09-07/20	In the field less than 2 weeks
All stations	TLD	07/09-10/07	TI used average transit control (3.8) result from the first and second quarter of 1992
N-6.5, NNE-5.65, ESE-4.7, SSE-4.5, SW-4.8, WSW-7, WNW-6.7	TLD	01/08/92- 01/13/93	TLDs missing
SW-13.5	Vegetation	01/14	Sample not available
N-1.45	Vegetation	01/14	Sample not available
SW-1.0	Vegetation	01/14	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Vegetation	02/11	Sample not available
N-1.45	Vegetation	02/11	Sample not available
SW-1.0	Vegetation	02/11	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Vegetation	03/09	Sample not available
N-1.45	Vegetation	03/09	Sample not available
SW-1.0	Vegetation	03/09	Sample not available

LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	DATE OF SAMPLING	REASONS FOR LOSS/ EXCEPTION
N-1.45	Vegetation	04/07	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Vegetation	11/17	Sample not available
SW-1.0	Vegetation	11/17	Sample not available
SW-13.5	Vegetation	12/15	Sample not available
N-1.45	Vegetation	12/15	Sample not available
SW-1.0	Vegetation	12/15	Sample not available

APPENDIX D
EXCEEDED REPORTING LEVELS

APPENDIX D
EXCEEDED REPORTING LEVELS

1992	None of the analytical measurements exceeded any notification level.
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APPENDIX E
LAND USE CENSUS



TUELECTRIC

CPSES-9230978

October 26, 1992

No Response Required

TO: D. M. Bozeman 003

SUBJECT: COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
LAND USE CENSUS

SUPERSEDES: CPSES-9125956

The Land Use Census identifies receptors within a five (5) mile radius of the plant in each of the sixteen (16) meteorological sectors. The Land Use Census includes the following items:

1. Population by Sector and Distance
2. Nearest Resident by Sector and Distance
3. Nearest Garden by Sector and Distance
4. Nearest Milk Animal by Sector and Distance
5. A Map with an Accompanying Map Legend

Listed below are public use areas within the five (5) mile radius and the approximate attendance for the areas in 1991:

1. Camp Arrowhead - 3,000
2. Dinosaur State Park - 269,000
3. Glen Lake Camp - 10,000
4. Cedar Brake Girl Scout Camp - 180
5. Squaw Creek Park - 45,000
6. Kellers Camp - 7,200 March to November
7. Tres Rios Camp - 40,000
8. Oakdale Camp & Fish - 5,000
9. Oakdale Park - 100,000
10. Creation Science Museum - 13,000
11. Texas Amphitheater - Glen Rose - 70,000
12. CPSES Visitors Center - 20,000

Listed below are public use areas within the ten (10) mile radius and the approximate attendance for the areas in 1991:

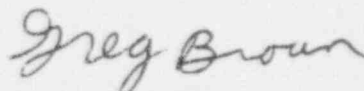
1. Fossil Rim Wildlife Ranch - 80,000
2. Granbury Opra House - 70,000
3. Granbury Queen - 38,000
4. Other Fishing Camps - 10,000
5. Stevens Ranch Girl Scout Camp - 2,800

COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
P.O. Box 2300 Glen Rose, Texas 76043-1147

As required by commitment 22585 and Memo NE-24059, reference shipment and storage of liquified chlorine gas within 5 miles of CPSES, the following conditions were found.

1. No new areas of usage of chlorine gas was found within 5 miles of CPSES.
2. The TV Electric DeCordova Plant has discontinued use of chlorine gas with the last container being removed in July, 1991.
3. The following places were called to assure any changes or uses of chlorine gas within their areas. These areas reported no change in uses as reported in letter THP-88-0040, December 20, 1988.

Happy Hills Farm
Oakdale Park
Glen Lake Camp
City of Stephenville
City of Glen Rose



Greg Brown T04
Sr. Environmental Technician

GB/sm

ATTACHMENT (S)

cc: CCS E06 OL, 1A

Population (*) By Sector and Distance

<u>Sector</u>	<u>Distance (Miles)</u>					<u>Total</u>
	0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	
N	-	-	3	29	75	107
NNE	-	-	11	90	21	122
NE	-	-	50	80	210	340
ENE	-	-	51	11	24	86
E	-	-	21	181 (1)	37 (2)	239
ESE	-	2	11	96	117	226
SE	-	-	51	29	27	107
SSE	-	21	40	19	1961	2041
S	-	21	8	40	125	194
SSW	-	3	5	3	43	54
SW	-	69	3	35	21	128
WSW	-	112	3	8	-	123
W	-	82	5	27	8	122
WNW	-	-	3	24	69	96
NW	-	-	3	-	3	6
NNW	-	-	3	32	8	43
TOTAL	-	310	271	704	2749	4034**

* Based on an average of 2.66 residents per house. (Obtained from North Central Texas Council of Governments), 1992 based on an average from 2.57 for Hood County and 2.74 for Somervell County.

(1) Includes permanent residents at Happy Hills Children's Home.

(2) Includes permanent residents at Camp Arrowhead.

** Population decrease for 1992 Census is due to using an estimate for Glen Rose on 1991 Census, and plant workload decreases.

Nearest Resident by Sector and Distance

<u>Sector</u>	<u>Distance (Miles)</u>
N	2.2
NNE	2.3
NE	2.3
ENE	2.4
E	2.4
ESE	2.0
SE	2.1*
SSE	1.6
S	1.6
SSW	1.9
SW	1.0
WSW	1.0
W	1.5
WNW	2.95*
NW	2.7
NNW	2.7

* Denote change from previous year

Nearest Garden by Sector and Distance

<u>Sector</u>	<u>Distance (Miles)</u>
N	4.3*
NNE	2.4
NE	2.5*
ENE	2.5
E	2.8*
ESE	2.3
SE	2.5
SSE	1.7
S	1.8
SSW	4.8*
SW	3.2*
WSW	1.2*
W	1.5
WNW	3.7*
NW	None
NNW	3.7*

* Denotes change from previous year

Nearest Milk Animal by Sector and Distance

<u>Sector</u>	<u>Distance (Miles)</u>
NNW	4.4*
NE	4.5*
SSE	2.2

* Denotes change from previous year.





Map Legend

N-1.0	to 2.5	Squaw Creek Park
N-3.3	50	SC
N-3.5	30	Goats
N-4.2		Garden
N-4.4	3SC	Business
N-4.7		Business
N-4.9	5SC	
NNE-2.3		Garden
NNE-2.4		Gardens, 15SC
NNE-3.2	5SC	
NNE-3.3	6	SC
NNE-3.4	8SC	
NNE-3.7		Business with 6 Cabins
NNE-3.8	100	SC Gardens
NNE-4.4		Garden
NNE-4.6	130	SC, Gardens
NE-2.3	6SC	
NE-2.7		Gardens
NE-3.0		Business with RV Park
NE-3.2	5	SC
NE-3.8	10	SC Gardens
NE-4.1		Gardens
NE-4.3	Garden 3	SC 6DG
NE-4.3	to 4.9	Gardens
NE-4.9	30	SC 25 DG
ENE-2.5		Garden
ENE-2.6		Garden
ENE-2.8	Garden 6	SC
ENE-2.9	1	SC
ENE-3.2	30	SC
ENE-3.8		Garden
ENE-4.0		Business Sand & Gravel
ENE-4.3		Pecan Orchard
ENE-4.5	30SC	
ENE-4.7	50	SC
E-2.8		Garden
E-3.5	Garden	(Happy Hills Children's Home)
E-3.8		Garden
E-3.9		Business Oakdale Camp and Fish - RV Park
E-4.0		Kellers Camp, RV Park
E-4.3		Truck Garden
E-4.8	Camp Arrowhead	250 SC
ESE-2.0		T.U. Electric, "Somervell Training Center"
ESE-2.3		Garden
ESE-2.4		Garden
ESE-2.8	50	SC
ESE-3.2	15	SC
ESE-3.3	to 3.4	Businesses
ESE-3.5		Garden
ESE-3.7	to 3.9	Gardens 50 SC
ESE-4.2		Garden

ESE-4.7 to 4.9 Gardens
ESE-4.7 Business
SE-2.5 Gardens
SE-2.7 Garden
SE-2.8 Amphitheater Glen Rose
SE-3.9 15 SC
SE-4.5 New Glen Rose Golf Course
SE-5.0 Camp Tres Rios
SSE-1.7 Garden
SSE-2.2 Dairy 125 DC Garden
SSE-3.2 Garden
SSE-3.9 Garden
SSE-4.4 Garden
SSE-4.5 Glen Rose City
SSE-4.7 Oakdale Park
SSE-4.8 Glen Lake Camp
S-1.8 Gardens
S-2.4 20 SC
S-4.0 Business
S-4.6 10 SC
S-4.9 Business Day Care Center Garden 20 SC
SSW-3.0 to 4.0 Dinosaur Valley State Park
SSW-2.2 10 SC
SSW-4.5 SSC
SSW-4.8 Creation Evidences Museum
SSW-4.9 Garden 100 SC
SW-1.4 Garden Trailer Park 9 Goats 1 SC
SW-1.7 Business
SW-2.2 56 SC
SW-2.4 30 SC
SW-2.9 50 SC
SW-3.3 Garden
SW-3.5 Garden
SW-3.9 Garden
SW-4.6 Cedar Brake Girl Scout Camp
SW-4.9 Garden 31 SC
WSW-1.3 2 SC Gardens
WSW-1.5 Gardens
WSW-1.6 Trailer Park Gardens
WSW-2.9 Gardens 10 SC
WSW-1.8 Garden
WSW-3.1 Garden
W-1.5 Gardens 10 Goats 2 SC
W-1.9 Garden
W-3.4 Garden 10 SC
W-3.6 Gardens
W-3.8 Garden, Hill City
WNW-1.7 15 SC
WNW-3.7 Garden, Church
WNW-3.9 20 SC
WNW-4.3 1 SC
WNW-4.6 Garden 94 SC
WNW-4.9 Business, 30SC
NW- Squaw Creek Ranching Area
NNW-2.5 to 2.9 Squaw Creek Ranching Area 200 SC
NNW-3.6 6 SC

NNW-3.7 Garden
NNW-4.4 50 SC
NNW-4.6 Garden 5 DC 3 SC
NNW-4.8 20 SC
NNW-4.9 35 SC

DC - Dairy Cattle
SC - Stocker Cows
O - Occupied Residence
! - Unoccupied House or Mobile Home
* - Institutions/Recreational Areas

 - Business
 - Dairy
 - Truck Farm
 - Gardens

Evaluation of the 1992 Land Use Census

Page 1 of 2

The results of the 1992 Land Use Census were reviewed for impact on the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP). The specific areas reviewed, that could be affected by changes found in the land use census, were the sampling requirements for Milk, Broadleaf Vegetation and Food Products.

Reviewing the milk sampling requirements from the ODCM Table 3.12-1 reveals that samples are to be obtained from milking animals in three locations within a 5 km distance having the highest potential dose. If none are available, samples are acceptable from milking animals in locations 5 to 8 km distance where doses are calculated to be greater than 1 mrem per year. A sample is also required at a control location.

Currently, due to one dairy closure, the only location where milk samples are collected is at a control location (SW-13.5). There are currently no identified milking animals (cow or goat) within the specified distances. Changes will be made to eliminate the previously identified dairy (SSE-2.2) from the REMF.

Since not all milk samples are available the broadleaf vegetation sampling specified in ODCM Table 3.12-1 is being performed. Broadleaf sample requirements are such that samples of broadleaf vegetation are to be collected from each of two offsite locations of highest predicted annual average D/Q if milk sampling is not performed at all required locations.

Currently, broadleaf vegetation samples are collected at two indicator locations (N-1.45 and SW-1.0) and one control location (SW-13.5). These locations are near the site boundary in sectors where broadleaf vegetation is available and D/Q is greatest. Therefore, no changes to the broadleaf sampling program are required.

Food Product sample requirements of ODCM Table 3.12-1 requires that one sample of each principal class of food product be collected from any area that is irrigated with water in which liquid plant wastes have been discharged. Of the gardens identified in the land census, no new gardens were located in an area that irrigate with water in which liquid plant wastes are discharged. Currently, food products are sampled from two indicator locations (ENE-9.0, pecans; E-4.2, vegetables) and one control location (SW-12.2). Therefore, no changes are required in the Food Product sampling program.

In summary, the 1992 Land Use Census did not identify any new locations that are available for sampling and would yield a calculated dose greater than at the current sampling locations. The loss of the milk animal location (SSE-2.2) will require a change in the REMP sampling locations described in ODCM, Part II Section 3.1.

In addition to reviewing the sampling location requirements for milk, broadleaf and food products, changes to the controlling receptor locations and pathways and associated atmospheric dispersion parameters given in ODCM, Part II, Table 2.4 were reviewed. This table will also require revision as these parameters are used in dose calculations required by Radiological Effluent Control 4.11.2.3. Table 2.4 will be revised to reflect the 1992 Land Use Census data changes.

Besides the required reviews and changes mentioned above the census pointed out that the permanent resident population in the census zone has decreased significantly, approximately 44 percent, while the public use attendance has increased approximately 20 percent due to increased tourism in the area.

Evaluation performed by: Edwin T. Lloyd Date: 11-30-92