

U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**LICENSEE EVENT REPORT**

EXHIBIT A

[illegible]

if the start was sluggish the lockout relay would trip (Note: "Sluggish does not infer that the start would have been slower than the Tech Spec requirement of 15 seconds, only that some starts are faster than others). The relay blocking device was inserted, on March 4, 1981, during an 18 month surveillance test as directed by the procedure. On 3/7/81, during an ESAS Even Channel Test, the "B" EDG lockout relay tripped. Cause was thought to be due to dirty contacts. The contacts were cleaned and three successful starts were made. On 3/27/81, one local EDG start for training and one start for monthly surveillance testing were successfully completed. These successful starts indicate that the EDG could be started, however reliability was degraded. The 18 month surveillance procedure was revised to insure removal of the relay blocking device following the completion of the test. A visual inspection was completed on other relays to verify that no other blocking devices were installed.