

## **NRCExecSec Resource**

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**From:** Timothy Margulies <t.margulies@gmail.com>  
**Sent:** Tuesday, July 23, 2019 12:12 PM  
**To:** NRCExecSec Resource  
**Subject:** [External\_Sender] File Transmittal  
**Attachments:** nuclearriskcompareRII.1.pdf

This message sends to a later version of the previously sent file.  
There's always more to do... Thank-you for your attention to this matter.

## **History & Regulation of Peaceful Uses of Atomic Power**

President Eisenhower's Speech: *Atoms for Peace* [Dec. 8, 1953]

Atomic Energy Act [1954]

Reactor Safeguards Committee [1947] Advisory Committee of Reactor Safeguards [1953]

International Atomic Energy Agency [1957]

Shippingport, Pennsylvania First Peacetime Power Reactor [1958]

Brookhaven Study Severe Accidents (WASH-740) [1957]

Price-Anderson Liability Act [1957]

National Environmental Policy Act [1970]

Nuclear Regulatory Commission Created [1974]

WASH-1400 Nuclear Power Risks (Rasmussen Report) [1975]

Risk Assessment Review Group [Lewis Report, 1978]

*Criteria for Preparation and Evaluation of Radiological Emergency Response Plans and Preparedness in Support of Nuclear Power Plants* [1980]

Nuclear Waste Policy Act [1982]

Safety Goals Policy Statement [1986]

NUREG-1150 Accident Risks for 5 plant designs [1990]

Generic Environmental Impact for License Renewal NUREG-1437 [2012]

License Renewals: Independent Plant Examinations (Probabilistic Risk Assessment)

H. A. Watson at Bell Labs is credited with development and an application first to an intercontinental ballistic missile system in 1962 which spread in the following years to other aerospace missiles preceding further use in civil aviation, in the commercial nuclear industry in 1975 Reactor Safety Study, and in chemical industries.

The Flood Control Act of 1939 initiated a Federal policy of Cost-benefit analysis to assess water resource projects to help decide whether or not a project provides sufficient benefits to justify the cost of allocating public funds. In particular, "the benefits to whomever they accrue [be] in excess of the estimated costs.

Executive Order 12866 in the United States requires benefit-cost analysis for any new regulation that is “economically significant,” which is defined as having “an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or adversely affect[ing] in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, ..[1993]. This was amended by E.O. 13258 and E.O. 13422. Executive Order 13497, signed January 30, 2009, revoked those amendments.

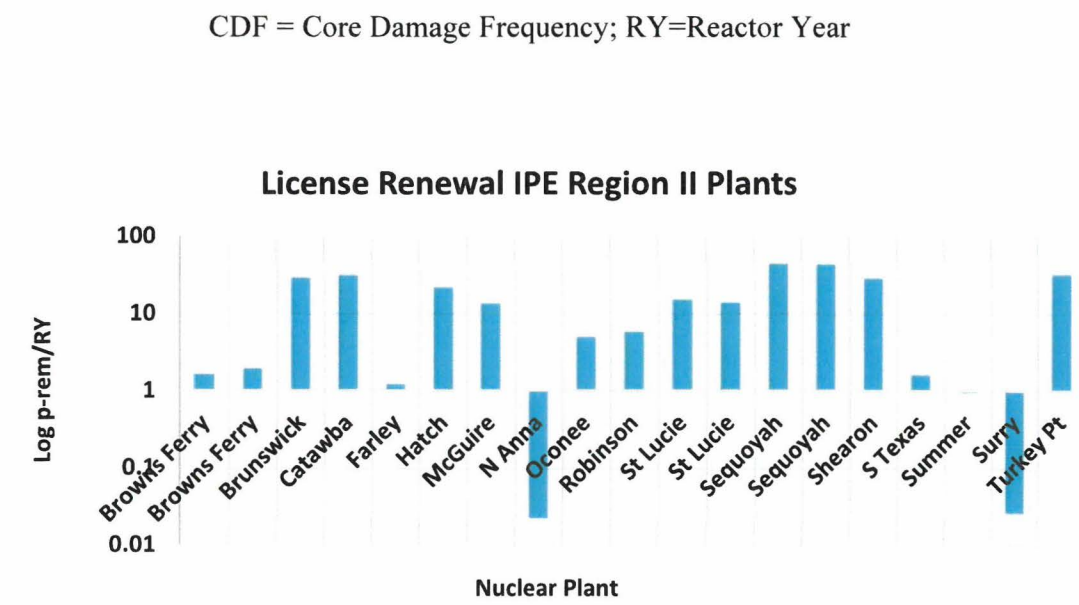
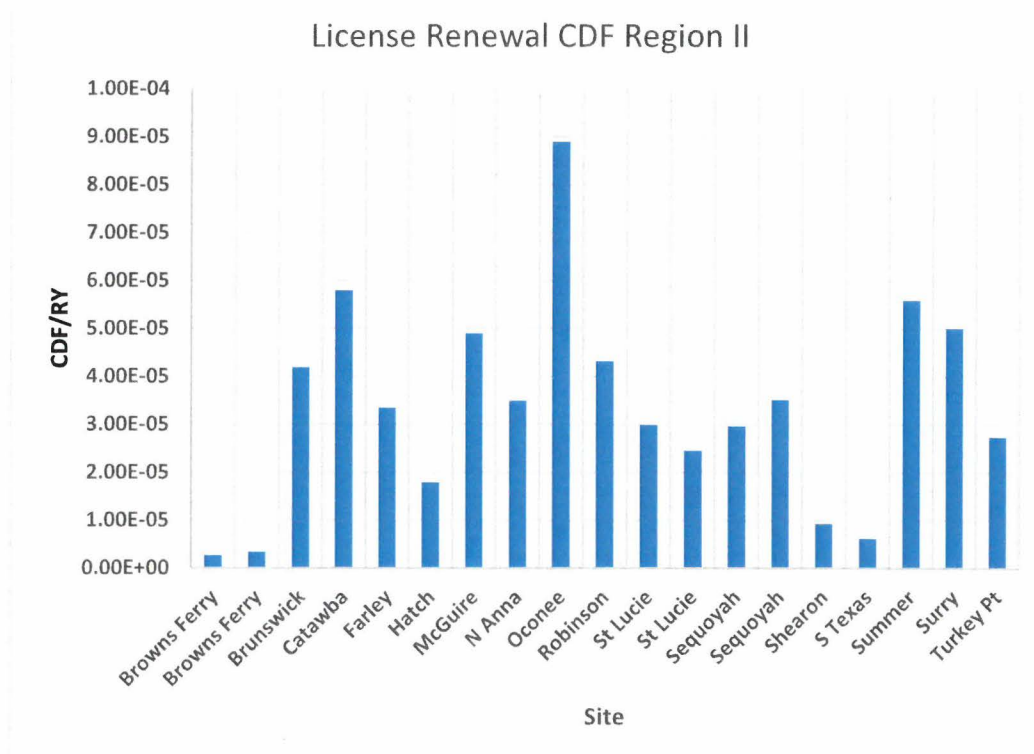
#### Nureg 1150 Assessment

Plant	Units	Power Mwe	Containment
Surry	2	788	Dry sub-atmospheric
Peach Bottom	1	1065	Mark I
Sequoyah	2	1148	Ice condenser
Grand Gulf	1	1250	Mark III
Zion	2	1100	Prestressed concrete, steel lined dry

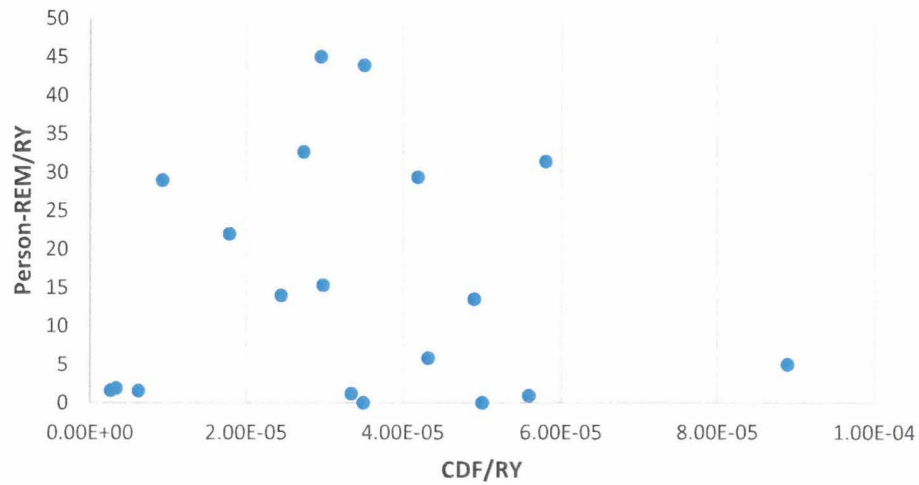
Plant	Type	Coolant Injection	Heat Removal	Diesels	Battery Time Hr
Surry	PWR 3 loop	3	2	2	2
Peach Bottom	BWR-4	7	3	4	12
Sequoyah	PWR-4 loop	3	2	4	2
Grand Gulf	BWR-6	9	3	2	12
Zion	PWR-4 loop	3	2	5	

Plant	CDF/RY	Maximum Early Fatalities
Surry	3.00E-05	1000
Peach Bottom	3.00E-06	3
Sequoyah	4.00E-05	3000
Grand Gulf	3.00E-06	30
Zion	2.00E-04	10000

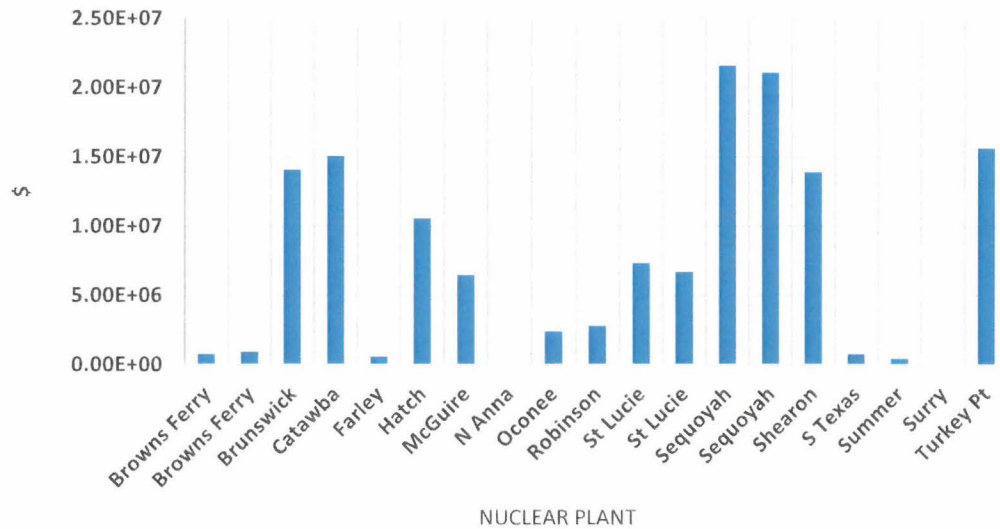
## Regional Commercial Nuclear Power Risk Perspectives



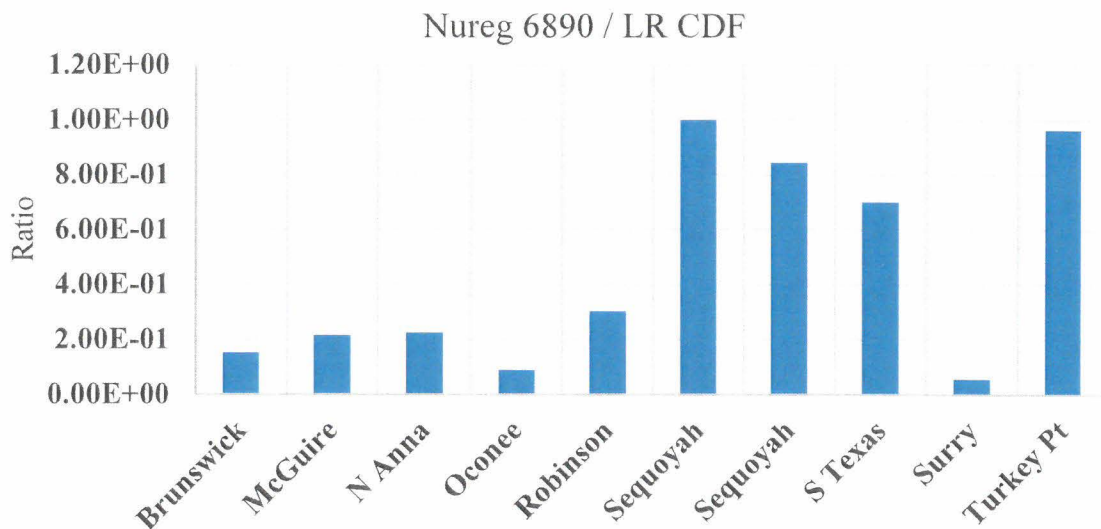
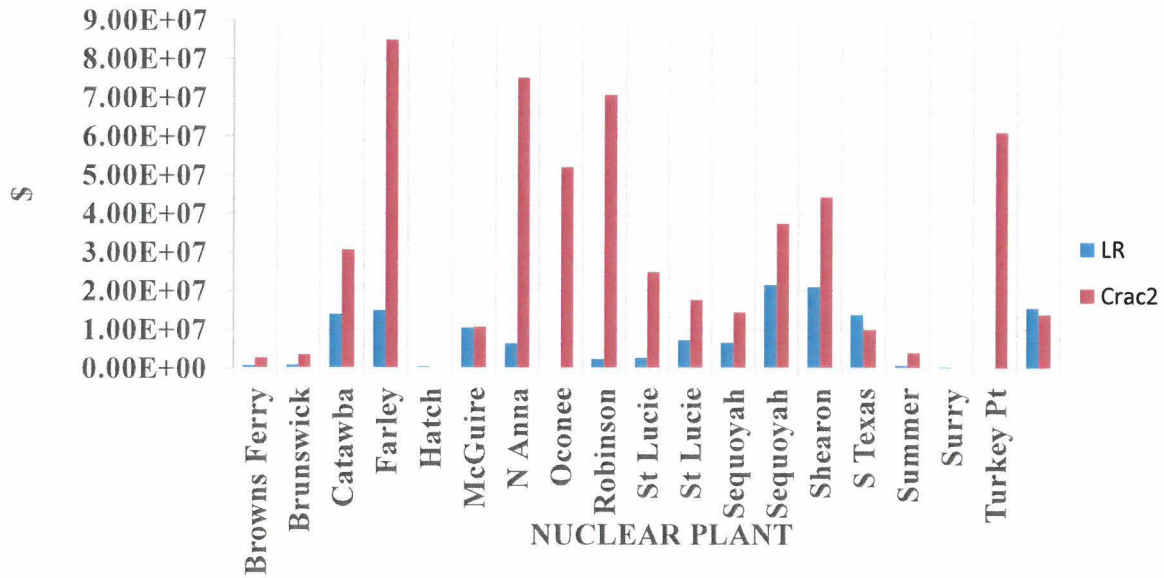
License Renewal CDF vs Person-REM Region II



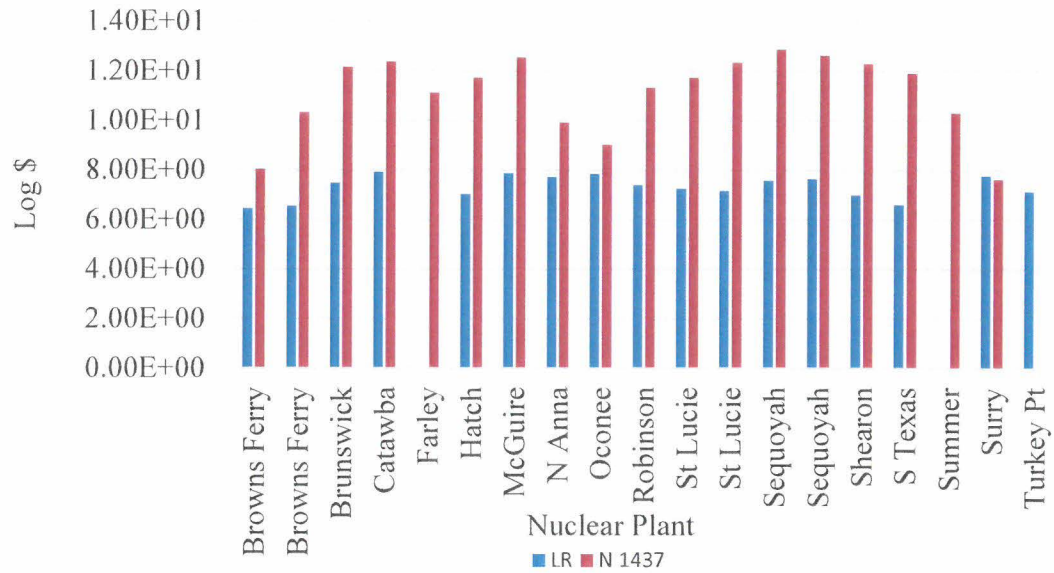
License Renewal IPE Region II Plants  
[\$24000 / Person-REM Averted\*20 Yr]



## License Renewal IPE Region II Plants [\$24000 / Person-REM Averted\*20 Yr]

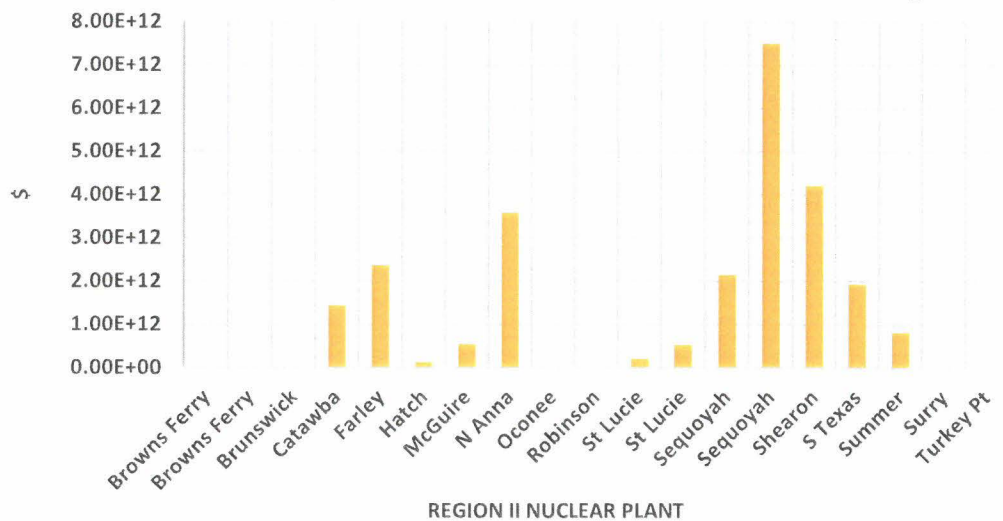


### License Renewal IPE vs Nureg 1437 Region II Plants



### License Renewal IPE CDF; Nureg 1437 Person-REM

[\$24000 / Person-REM Averted\*20 Yr ]



References:

*UNITED STATES NUCLEAR POWER SAFETY RISK*, Filename:  
NuclearPerspectives1234567p [Submittal to USNRC, June 1, 2108].

*Severe Accident Modeling for Design Objectives: Prevention or Mitigation*,  
Filename: TurkeyPtUnitsSevere Accident [Submittal to USNRC Jan. 17, 2019]

*Generic Environmental Impact for License Renewal* [NUREG/CR 1437, 2012]