

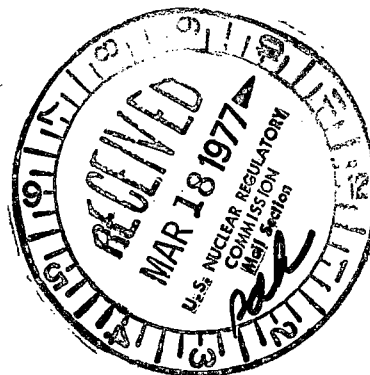
David J. Bardin, Commissioner
Department of Environmental Protection
P. O. Box 1390
Trenton, N. J. 08625

Stanley C. Van Ness, N. J. Public Advocate
143 E. State Street
Trenton, N. J. 08608

Congressman William J. Hughes
327 Cannon House Office Building
Washington, D. C. 20515

35 "K" Drive
Pennsville, N. J. 08070

March 13, 1977



Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D. C. 20555

REGULATORY DOCKET FILE COPY

Gentlemen:

SPIILLS AT SALEM I & II NUCLEAR GENERATING FACILITY

I realize a great many problems plague the Atomic Industry at the present time. I am deeply concerned about all of them.

Since start-up of Salem I at the end of 1976 several incidents have been found out by the public. I am sure the public is not being told all it should know about what's going on down there, but be that as it may most of the time the information leaks. For this we are all most grateful.

Each time there is an incident we are (as expected) assured there is no danger and that what has happened is a normal occurrence.

There is one thing I find we are not told. THAT IS EXACTLY WHAT THE CONTAMINANT IS. I would appreciate knowing exactly what the different contaminants that have escaped (at least the ones we found out about) are and precisely how much of each of the contaminants was. I am not interested in total amounts of water that contained contaminants. I am interested in the contaminant itself.

Very truly yours,

Eleanor G. Coleman
Eleanor G. Coleman

770780050

DISPOSAL ISSUE FIRST

There are
10 states
in West
Germany.

The most industrialized is
North Rhine-Westphalia. A
few weeks ago that state
announced it would permit
no more nuclear plants to
be built within its bor-
ders until the problem of
what to do with atomic
waste has been solved.

Of the 13 nuclear power
plants in West Germany,
four are operating in
North Rhine-Westphalia,
where a typical nuclear
reactor discharges approx-
imately 30 tons of spent
fuel consisting of plu-
tonium, uranium, strontium
and other radioactive
material.

In past years the Ger-
mans have sent used mate-
rial to Great Britain or
France, where it has been
reprocessed into fuel
rods. The material has
also been buried in salt
mines near the East German
border. But government ex-
perts believe these meth-
ods or sites will not take
care of the increasing
waste from the reactors.

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THIS PROBLEM IS NOT UNIQUE IN OTHER
COUNTRIES - THIS APPLIES TO THE
UNITED STATES

If - and I mean a big If -
all other things were going well
with this industry - such as was not
polluting air with radiation, or not
overburdening utility consumers with
higher bills than they could pay,
etc. - THERE WOULD STILL BE THIS
HORRIBLE WASTE PROBLEM WHICH I AM
AT THIS POINT CONVINCED WILL NEVER
BE SOLVED.

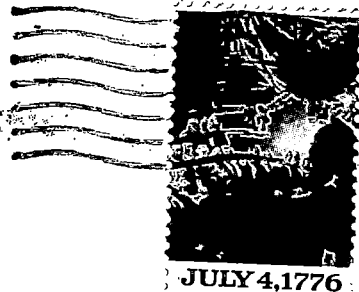
I feel NUCLEAR FACILITIES ON LINE
ALREADY PRODUCING ENERGY SHOULD BE
PHASED OUT.

THOSE NOT YET ON LINE SHOULD BE
STOPPED.

Yes, jobs are very much a problem
especially here in South Jersey
but these people have technical
expertise that can certainly be put
to use in other ways that will be
more useful to society and certainly
not as destructful.

*Hape Creek I + II
application now
under consideration
Should Not be approve*

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