



Consumers
Power
Company

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March 23, 1976

Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
Att: Mr Robert A. Purple, Chief
Operating Reactor Branch No 1
US Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555



DOCKET 50-255, LICENSE DPR-20
PALISADES PLANT, CORRECTION TO XN-76-4 AND
ANSWER TO NRC QUESTION ON POSTULATED BROKEN
LOOP ACCUMULATOR FLOW BEHAVIOR FOR 1.0 DEG/PD CASE

In a telephone conversation March 1, 1976, the NRC staff requested an explanation for the sudden decrease in calculated core flooding tank flow rate for the accumulator connected to the broken loop for the DEG/PD case with $C_D = 1.0$ as shown in Figure 2.48 of XN-76-4. The cause of the sudden decrease was determined to be a pressurization of the break volume due to an inadvertent trip signal which opened the valve between the guillotine break volumes on a restart at 14.2 seconds.

Additional calculations have been made to determine the effects of the valve trip on the LOCA ECCS analysis for the 1.0 DEG/PD case. The RELAP4-EM blowdown case was restarted and run out to end-of-bypass. End-of-bypass temperatures were estimated from the blowdown results and the power distribution. An additional TODDEE2 heatup calculation was run conservatively using the time to refill and reflood rates from the initial RELAP4-EM/FLOOD calculation. The use of previous refill and reflood results is conservative since the earlier end-of-bypass will result in higher injection rates and a longer duration of accumulator flow.

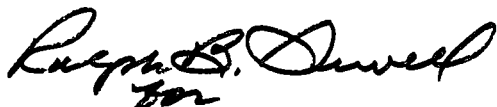
Results of the blowdown calculation compared to the base case originally submitted are attached and results from the TODDEE2 calculation are also given (Figures 1 through 6.) The calculated change from the base case is shown to be minor except for the broken loop accumulator flow rate which is calculated to go out the break anyway. End-of-bypass was calculated at 27.77 seconds or 0.46 seconds earlier than the base case. A PCT of 2065°F was calculated at 171.7 seconds with a local metal-water reaction of less than 10%. Rupture was calculated at 45.7 seconds. The hot spot temperature is estimated to be

11.3°F higher than the base case at end-of-bypass and 23°F higher at PCT. Location of rupture was 7.70 feet, and PCT was 8.20 from the bottom of the core.*

In conclusion, the questioned decrease in accumulator flow was caused by an unintentional opening of the valve between the breaks on restart for the DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$ case. Additional calculations to determine the effect of this inadvertent trip were performed, and the results are attached (Figures 1 through 6). The trip had only a minor effect on the overall LOCA ECCS Analysis. End-of-bypass was calculated 0.46 seconds earlier and PCT was estimated to increase by 23°F.

The 1.0 DEG/PD case remains the limiting case and even with a 23°F increase in the DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$ case the guillotine break spectrum results are consistent and remain within the ECCS criteria.

*Locations given in Table 2.4 of XN-76-4 should be corrected to read 8.20 feet in place of 8.32 and 7.70 instead of 7.78. A revised table showing the corrections is attached.



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CC: JGKepler, USNRC

TABLE 2.4

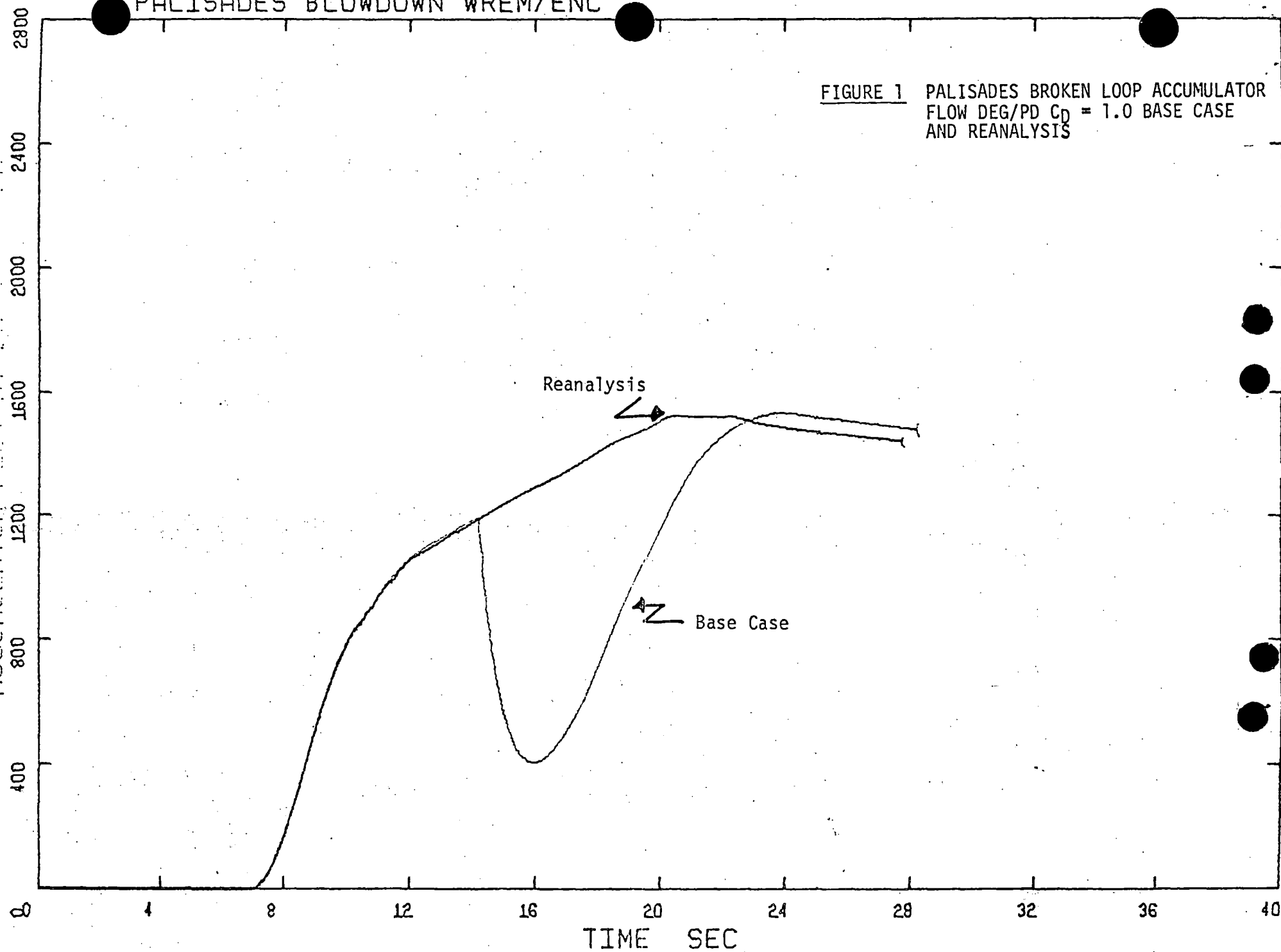
PALISADES

LARGE BREAK RESULTS

	DEG/PD ($C_D = 1.0$)	DEG/PD ($C_D = 0.8$)	DEG/PD ($C_D = 0.6$)	1.0 DES/PD (9.818ft ²)	0.8 DES/PD (7.854ft ²)	0.6 DES/PD (5.891ft ²)
Peak Cladding Temperature, °F	2042.	2036.	1966.	2100.	1994.	1977.
Peak Temperature Location, ft	8.20	8.20	8.20	8.20	8.20	8.20
Local Zr/H ₂ O Reaction (Max.),	< 9%	< 8%	< 7%	< 10%	< 8%	< 6%
Local Zr/H ₂ O Location, ft	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70
Total Zr/H ₂ O	<< 1.0%	<< 1.0%	<< 1.0%	<< 1.0%	<< 1.0%	<< 1.0%
Hot Rod Burst Time, sec	47.8	45.9	49.9	49.9	54.1	60.1
Hot Rod Burst Location, ft	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70	7.70

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FIGURE 1 PALISADES BROKEN LOOP ACCUMULATOR
FLOW DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$ BASE CASE
AND REANALYSIS



SYSTEM PRESSURE - PSIA AP8

2800

2400

2000

1600

1200

800

400

0

4

8

12

16

20

24

28

32

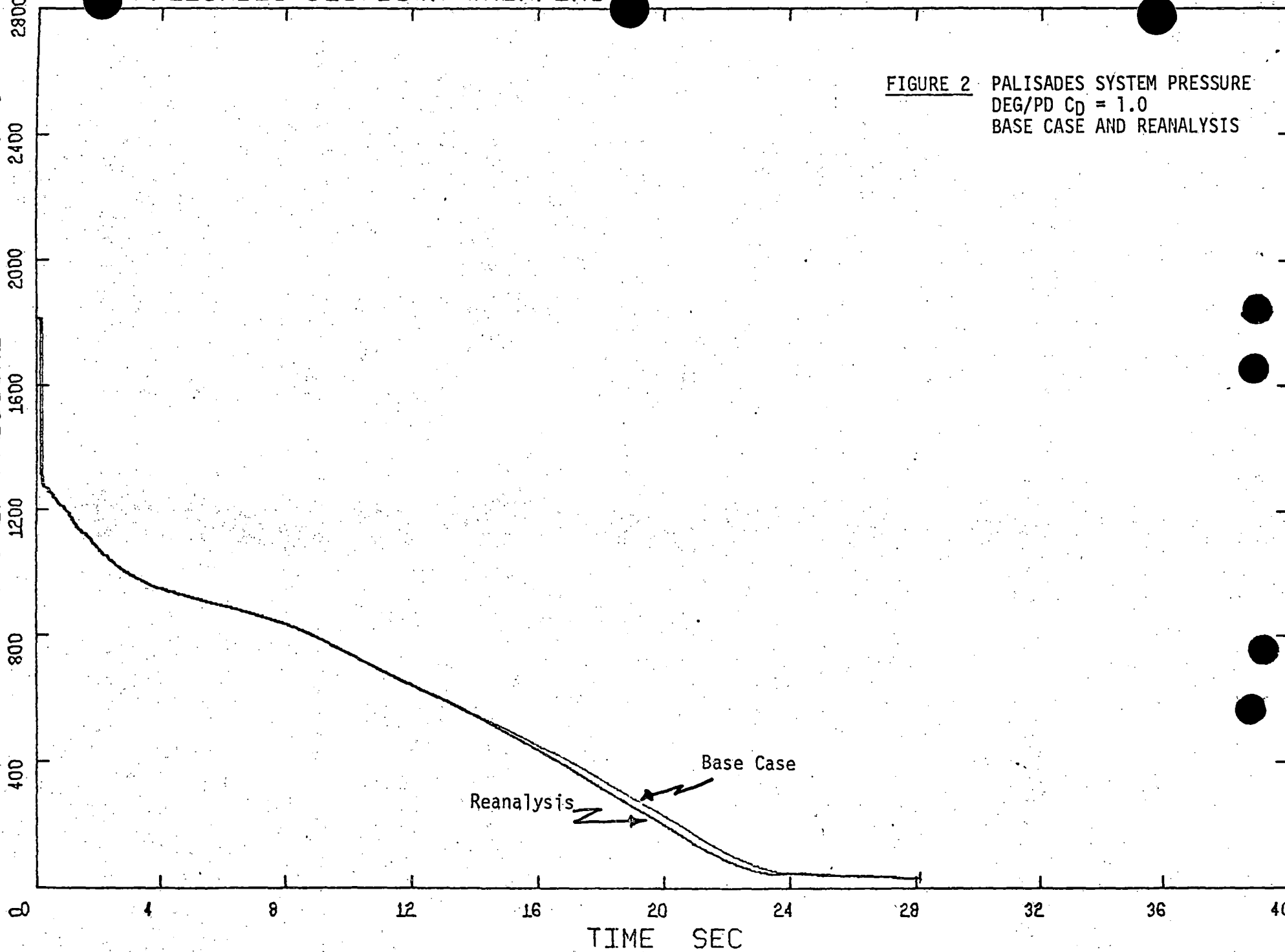
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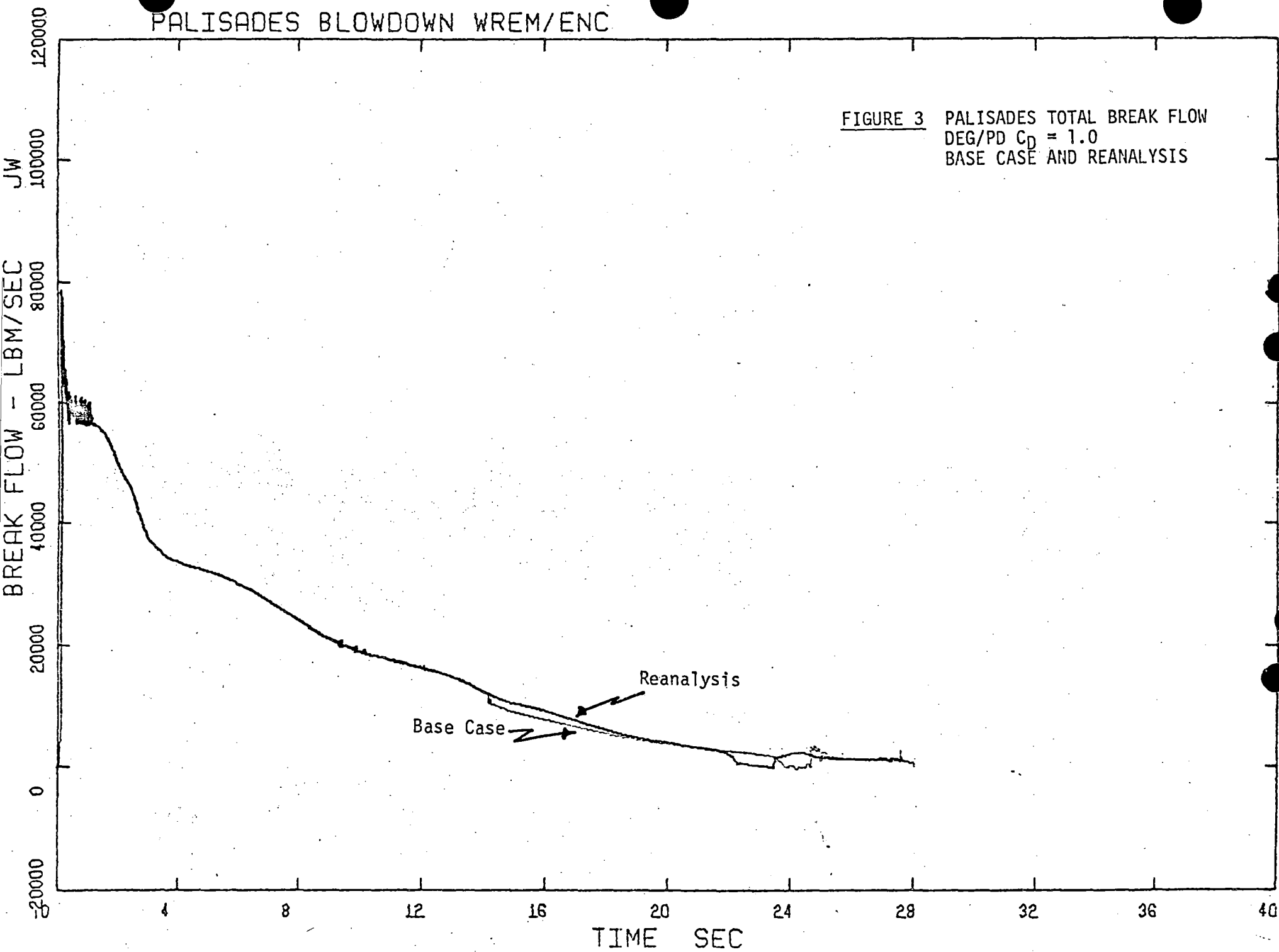
TIME SEC

FIGURE 2 PALISADES SYSTEM PRESSURE
DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$
BASE CASE AND REANALYSIS

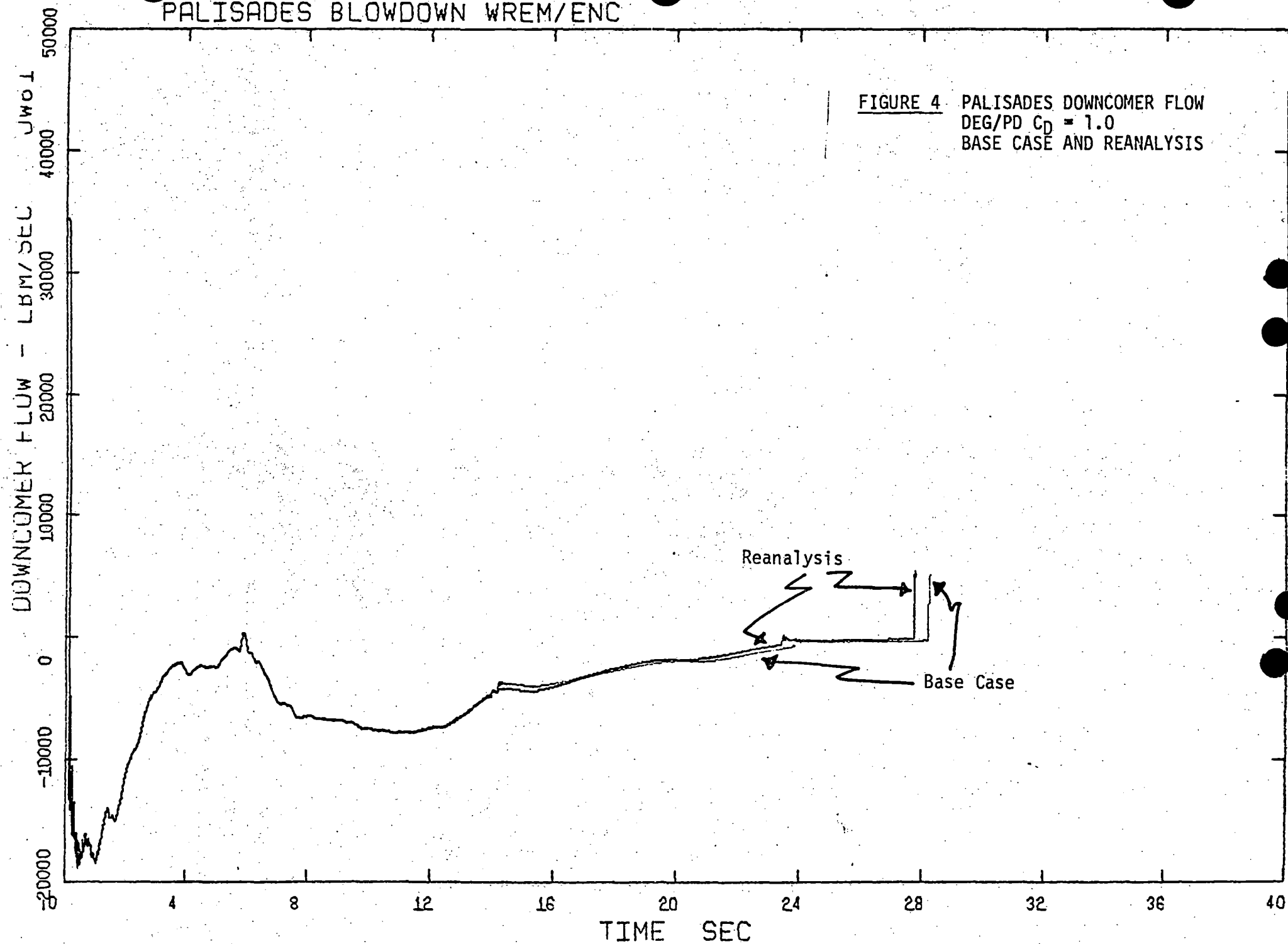
Base Case
Reanalysis



PALISADES BLOWDOWN WREM/ENC



PALISADES BLOWDOWN WREM/ENC



PALISADES BLOWDOWN WREM/ENC

SK5
2000

CLAD TEMPERATURE HOT NODE - DEG F

1800

1600

1400

1200

1000

800

600

4

8

12

16

20

24

28

32

36

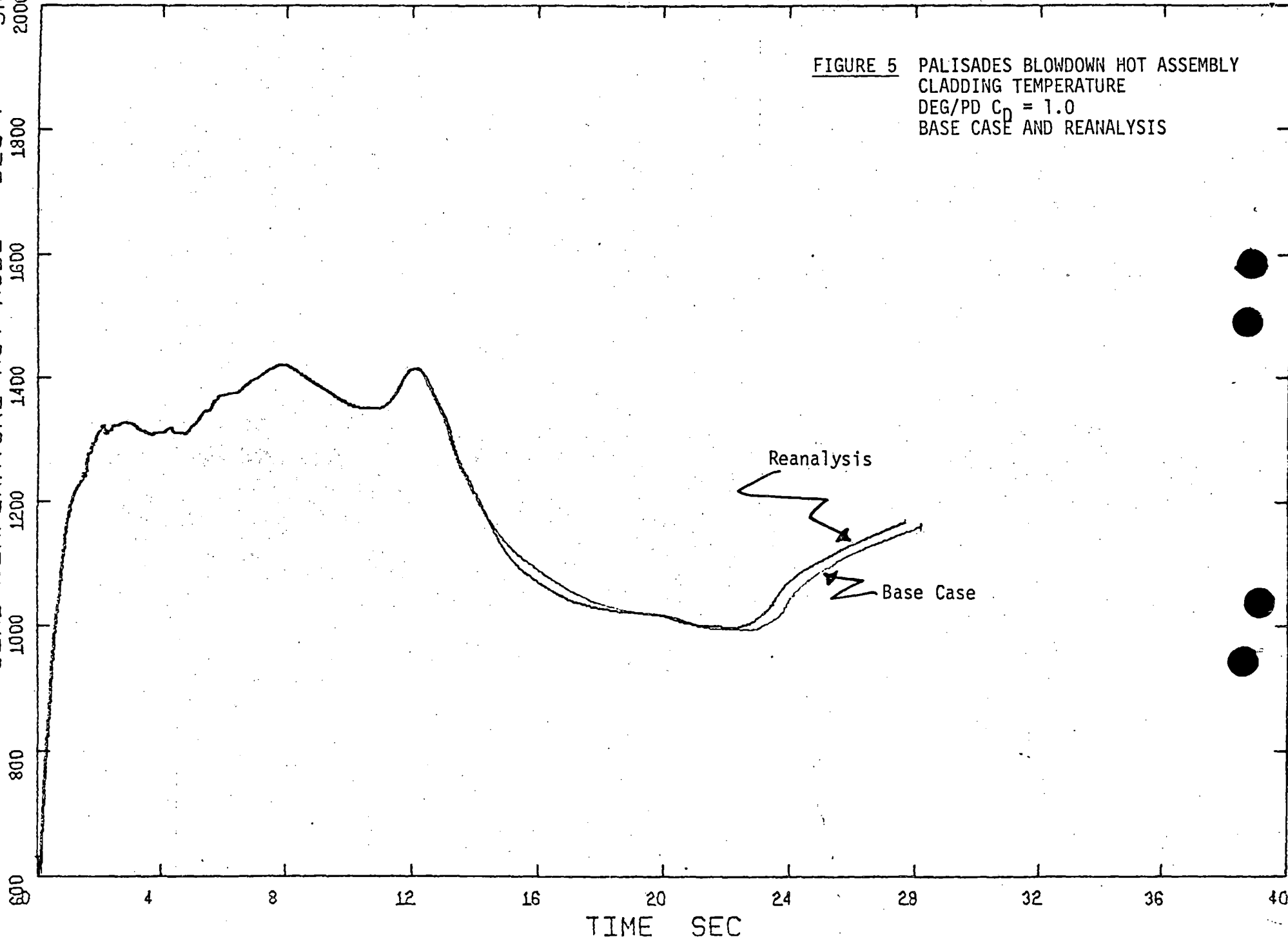
40

TIME SEC

FIGURE 5 PALISADES BLOWDOWN HOT ASSEMBLY
CLADDING TEMPERATURE
DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$
BASE CASE AND REANALYSIS

Reanalysis

Base Case



PALISADES DEG/PD $C_D = 1.0$ HOT ROD 3/8/76

