86 Crow Butte Road P.O. Box 169 Crawford, Nebraska 69339-0169

(308) 665-2215 (308) 665-2341 - FAX

April 3, 2018

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

40-8943

Attn: Document Control Desk, Director Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Request for Alternate Decommissioning (Groundwater Restoration) Schedule License SUA-1534 (November 2014)

Dear Director:

In accordance with 10 CFR 40.42 and 10 CFR 40.44, Cameco Resources, Crow Butte Operation is submitting a license amendment request on NRC Form 313 for an alternate decommissioning (groundwater restoration) schedule for MUs 2-6. The schedule changes reflect current projections for completion of restoration activities in these mine units.

Enclosed is a license amendment request on NRC Form 313 for an alternate decommissioning schedule for MUs 2-6.

If there are any further questions or concerns feel free to contact me at (308) 665–2215 ext. 122.

Sincerely,

Bob Tiensvold Restoration Manager

Enclosure

NMSSOI



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Document Control Desk, Director April 3, 2018 Page 2

cc: Deputy Director Division of Decommissioning Uranium Recovery and Waste Programs Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Mail Stop T-8F5 11545 Rockville Pike Two White Flint North, Rockville, MD 20852-2738

CBO-File

ec: CR-Electronic File

NRC FORM 313	U.S. N		LATORY COMMISS	ION	APPROVE	D BY OMB: NO. 3150-0120	EXP	IRES: (MM/DD/YYYY)									
(M-YYYY) 10 CFR 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, and 4()			Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request. 4.3 hours. Submittal of the application is necessary to determine that the applicant is qualified and that adequate procedures exist to protect the public health and safety. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Information Services Branch (T-5 F53), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Washington. DC 20555-0001. or by													
APPLIC	ATION FO	R MATERI	ALS LICENS	E	internet e-mail to Infocollects.Resource@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0120), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB contro number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.												
INSTRUCTIONS SEND TWO CO	5: SEE THE AP PIES OF THE E	PROPRIATE LIC INTIRE COMPLI	ENSE APPLICATI	ON GU N TO 1	IDE FOR THE NRC	DETAILED INSTRUCTION OFFICE SPECIFIED BELO	s for completi W.	NG APPLICATION.									
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ALL OTHER PERSO	INS FILE APPLICAT	IONS AS FOLLOWS:		2443 WARRENVILLE ROAD, SUITE 210 LISLE, IL 60532-4352													
IF YOU ARE LOCAT	ED IN:																
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B. AMEN	DMENT TO LICENS	ENUMBER SU	A-1534		Cameco Resources												
					Glenrock WV 82637												
3. ADDRESS WHER	E LICENSED MATE	RIAL WILL BE USED	OR POSSESSED		4. NAME OF	F PERSON TO BE CONTACTED AB	IOUT THIS APPLICATION	l									
Crow Butte R	esources, Inc.				BUSINESS TELEPHONE NUMBER BUSINESS CELLULAR TELEPHONE NUMBER												
86 Crow Butte	Road				BCOINECO	(307) 358-6541	(308) 4	30-1908									
P.O. Box 169 Crawford NE	60330				BUSINESS EMAIL ADDRESS												
	09339				doug_pavlick@cameco.com												
SUBMIT ITEMS 5 TH	ROUGH 11 ON 8-1/	2 X 11" PAPER. THE	TYPE AND SCOPE OF IN	FORMAT	ION TO BE I	PROVIDED IS DESCRIBED IN THE	LICENSE APPLICATION	GUIDE.									
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9. FACILITIES AND	EQUIPMENT.				10. RADIATION SAFETY PROGRAM.												
11. WASTE MANAG	EMENT.				12. LICENS	E FEES (See 10 CFR 170 and Sect	tion 170.31)										
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13. CERTIFICATION UPON THE APP	I. (Must be complete LICANT.	d by applicant) THE A	APPLICANT UNDERSTAN	DS THAT	ALL STATE	MENTS AND REPRESENTATIONS	MADE IN THIS APPLICA	TION ARE BINDING									
		ECUTING THIS CER	TIFICATION ON BEHALF	OF THE	APPLICANT,	NAMED IN ITEM 2, CERTIFY THAT	THIS APPLICATION IS F										
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ANY DEPARTMENT	OR AGENCY OF TH	E UNITED STATES A	S TO ANY MATTER WITH	IN ITS J	URISDICTIO	V.											
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Attachment to NRC Form 313 Request for License Amendment

Request to Amend License Condition 10.6 Alternate Decommissioning (Groundwater Restoration) Schedule License SUA-1534 (November 2014)

Based on the conditions that are included in the following summary of the restoration activities, CBO is requesting a revision to the approved restoration dates and an amendment to License Condition 10.6.

Mine Unit #2

History

The restoration plan for this mine unit was submitted to NDEQ on December 5, 1995 and was approved by NDEQ in a letter dated December 15, 1995. Injection of lixiviant into this mine unit ceased on January 2, 1996. Since that time period, the mine unit has been in IX and RO treatment and stability monitoring with the following exception.

On August 9, 2007 the entire restoration circuit was shut down so that changes could be made to increase the flow through IX and RO treatment. During this time period the mine unit was in recirculation to maintain a hydrologic bleed until April 1, 2009, when IX treatment resumed in this mine unit. On May 26, 2009, the RO circuit was restarted and this mine unit was placed back into RO treatment.

In February 2009, Crow Butte contracted with a third party hydrogeologist to develop a restoration flow model for Mine Units 2 through 5. The groundwater flow at the facility was simulated using MODFLOW2000, a three-dimensional groundwater flow model developed by the United States Geological Survey. The groundwater flow model was calibrated to pre-mining conditions using water level data collected prior to the mining activities in January 1983. Initial estimates of aquifer properties and boundary water levels were adjusted slightly as part of the model calibration process in order to achieve the best possible match between observed and simulated water levels. The calibrated groundwater flow model is currently being used to optimize restoration in Mine Units 2 through 5 given certain practical limitations on treatment rates, disposal capacity, and existing well injection and extraction rates. The model is calibrated periodically to reflect current mine conditions. Based on this model, eight additional restoration wells were installed to remediate the excursion of lixiviant along the perimeter monitor wells PR-8,



Document Control Desk, Director April 3, 2018 Page 2

PR-15, and IJ13-P. On February 1, 2010 the Safety Environmental Review Panel approved the startup of these additional wells.

Based on these conditions, it was estimated that Mine Unit 2 would be placed into stability monitoring by July 1, 2012. By letter dated August 20, 2009 and Technical Evaluation Report dated August 5, 2009, the NRC approved CBO's request to complete groundwater restoration in Mine Unit 2 by July 1, 2012.

Current Status

On May 23, 2013, CBO submitted to the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) data supporting the successful restoration of the groundwater in Mine Unit #2. By letter June 10, 2013, the NDEQ indicated that the data had been reviewed and determined that stabilization could begin. Stability monitoring and sampling was initiated in June 2013 and continued through September 2014. The data indicates that all the monitored constituents have stabilized and have been returned to the approved NDEQ restoration standards. However, a few of the monitored constituents do not meet the concentration limits under 10 CFR 40, Appendix A, Criterion 5B(5). As a result of this, CBO has collected coring data from this mine unit and anticipates submitting an application requesting an alternate concentration limit (ACL) for these constituents. Because of the small size, geographic proximity, and similar water quality between Mine Unit #2 and Mine Unit #3, CBO plans to prepare and submit the ACL application for these mine units together, which will defray significant cost in preparation of the submittal. CBO projects that this application will be submitted during the fourth quarter of 2020 and that regulatory review will be completed by the fourth quarter of 2022.

Mine Unit #3

History

The restoration plan for this mine unit was submitted to NDEQ on March 24, 1999 and was amended and approved by NDEQ in a letter dated February 13, 2008. Injection of lixiviant into this mine unit ceased on July 22, 1999. Since that time period, the mine unit has been in IX and RO treatment and stability monitoring with the following exception.

On August 9, 2007 the entire restoration circuit was shut down so that changes could be made to increase the flow through IX and RO treatment. During this time period the mine unit was in recirculation to maintain a hydrologic bleed until April 1, 2009, when IX treatment resumed in this mine unit. On May 26, 2009, the RO circuit was restarted and this mine unit was placed back into RO treatment.



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In February 2009, Crow Butte contracted with a third party hydrogeologist to develop a restoration flow model for Mine Units 2 through 5. The groundwater flow at the facility was simulated using MODFLOW2000, a three-dimensional groundwater flow model developed by the United States Geological Survey. The groundwater flow model was calibrated to pre-mining conditions using water level data collected prior to the mining activities in January 1983. Initial estimates of aquifer properties and boundary water levels were adjusted slightly as part of the model calibration process in order to achieve the best possible match between observed and simulated water levels. The calibrated groundwater flow model is currently being used to optimize restoration in Mine Units 2 through 5 given certain practical limitations on treatment rates, disposal capacity, and existing well injection and extraction rates. The model is calibrated periodically to reflect current mine conditions. Based on this model, eight additional restoration wells PR-8, PR-15, and IJ13-P. On February 1, 2010 the Safety Environmental Review Panel approved the startup of these additional wells.

Based on these conditions, it was estimated that Mine Unit 3 would be placed into stability monitoring by July 1, 2013. By letter dated August 20, 2009 and Technical Evaluation Report dated August 5, 2009, the NRC approved CBO's request to complete groundwater restoration in Mine Unit 3 by July 1, 2013.

On May 23, 2013, CBO submitted to the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ) data supporting the successful restoration of the groundwater in Mine Unit #3. By letter June 10, 2013, the NDEQ indicated that the data had been reviewed and determined that stabilization could begin. Stability monitoring and sampling was initiated in June 2013 and continued through September 2014. The data indicates that all the monitored constituents have stabilized and have been returned to the approved NDEQ restoration standards. However, a few of the monitored constituents do not meet the concentration limits under 10 CFR 40, Appendix A, Criterion 5B(5). As a result of this, CBO has collected coring data from this mine unit and anticipates submitting an application requesting an ACL for these constituents.

Current Status

On September 15, 2017, spot treatment of P246 in Mine Unit 3 was reinitiated after inhouse samples indicated that the uranium levels in the well had increased significantly. Additional sampling indicated that the likely source of the elevated uranium levels in the well was an incursion of solutions from neighboring Mine Unit 7. In addition to spot treating the well, CBO initiated a conductivity monitoring program utilizing downhole trolls around the Mine Unit 2 and 3 perimeters that interface with active Mine Units 4, 5, and 7. CBO anticipates that spot treatment of P246 will be completed by the end of the



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third quarter of 2020, and an ACL application will be submitted during the fourth quarter of 2020 with regulatory review finished during the fourth quarter of 2022.

Mine Unit #4

History

The restoration plan for this mine unit was submitted to NDEQ on March 4, 2003 and was approved by NDEQ in a letter dated August 26, 2003. Injection of lixiviant into this mine unit ceased on October 31, 2003. Since that time period the mine unit has been in IX and RO treatment with the same exceptions as Mine Unit 2. On April 1, 2009, IX and RO treatment was resumed in this mine unit. Based on these conditions, it was estimated that Mine Unit 4 would be placed into stability monitoring by January 1, 2015. By letter dated August 20, 2009 and Technical Evaluation Report dated August 5, 2009, the NRC approved CBO's request to complete groundwater restoration in Mine Unit 4 by January 1, 2015.

Current Status

The mine unit is currently in IX and RO treatment. Based on the MODFLOW2000 model, stability monitoring of the mine unit should begin in the first quarter of 2019. If an ACL is required, CBO anticipates this submitting the application during the first quarter of 2021. It is estimated that the regulatory review will be completed during the first quarter of 2023.

Mine Unit #5

History

The restoration plan for this mine unit was submitted to NDEQ on July 9, 2007 and was approved by NDEQ in a letter dated August 6, 2007. Injection of lixiviant into this mine unit ceased on August 14, 2007. Since that time period the mine unit has been in IX and RO treatment with the same exceptions as Mine Unit 2. On April 1, 2009, IX and RO treatment was resumed in this mine unit. Based on these conditions, it was estimated that Mine Unit 5 would be placed into stability monitoring by July 1, 2016. By letter dated August 20, 2009 and Technical Evaluation Report dated August 5, 2009, the NRC approved CBO's request to complete groundwater restoration in Mine Unit 5 by July 1, 2016.

Current Status

The mine unit is currently in IX and RO treatment. Based on the MODFLOW2000 model, stability monitoring of the mine unit should begin in the first quarter of 2019. If an ACL is required, CBO anticipates this submitting the application during the first



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quarter of 2021. It is estimated that the regulatory review will be completed during the first quarter of 2023.

Mine Unit #6

History

On October 28, 2010, CBO permanently ceased injection of lixiviant into the mine unit. By letter dated December 21, 2010, CBO provided notice of cessation of mining in Mine Unit #6. As specified in 10 CFR Part 40.42(h)(l), CBO must also complete mine unit restoration within 24 months after restoration is initiated. If the mine unit requires more than 24 months to complete, CBO must notify the NRC and request an alternate schedule for completion of decommissioning, along with adequate justification for the request. The following table was submitted displaying the schedule and timeline for the various phases of restoration for the mine unit.

IX Treatment	<u>Flow</u>
November 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014 (3 pore volumes)	100 GPM
<u>RO 1 reatment</u>	
July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2016 (6 pore volumes)	400 GPM
Recirculation	
$\frac{1}{1} = 1 201(4h + h) = 1 D_{1} = 1 2014(2h + h) = 1 D_{2} = 1 D$	
July 1, 2016 through December 31, 2014 (2 pore volumes)	200 GPM
Stability and Regulatory Approval	
Subinty and regulatory approval	27/1
January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2019	N/A

Current Status

In reviewing the currently approved alternate decommissioning schedule, it appears that the timelines CBO proposed for Mine Unit 5 and 6 may have been switched. Mine Unit 6 is currently in IX and RO treatment. Based on the MODFLOW2000 model, stability of the mine unit should begin during the first quarter of 2021. If an ACL is required, CBO anticipates submitting the application during the first quarter of 2023. It is estimated that the regulatory review will be completed during the fourth quarter of 2024.

Conclusion

Attached is a schedule that displays the timeline for the various phases of restoration for each mine unit. This schedule is based on the flow capacity through the IX and RO circuits, the volume of waste water generated in these circuits, the pore volume of each mine unit and regulatory review. The size of the mine units, flow and piping capacity of



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the restoration circuit, deepwell disposal capacity, and the need to maintain a hydrologic balance between the mining and restoration units creates a technical barrier for restoring each mine unit in a two year period. CBO believes that the alternate schedule is technically feasible and will not be detrimental to the public health and safety and is otherwise in the public interest.

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