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 FACIL: 50-250 Turkey Point Plant, Unit 3, Florida Power and Light C      05000250  
       50-251 Turkey Point Plant, Unit 4, Florida Power and Light C      05000251

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SUBJECT: Forwards rept of increase in peak clad temp of 146 F for  
 SBLOCA analysis, as identified in Westinghouse 950519 ltr to  
 FPL.

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L-95-155  
10 CFR 50.46

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Attn: Document Control Desk  
Washington, D.C. 20555

Re: Turkey Point Units 3 and 4  
Docket Nos. 50-250 and 50-251  
10 CFR 50.46, "Acceptance Criteria for  
Emergency Core Cooling Systems in  
Light Water Power Reactors"

Title 10 CFR 50.46 (a) (3) (ii) requires that licensees report to the Commission each change to, or error discovered in, an acceptable emergency core cooling system (ECCS) evaluation model, or in the application of such model, that affects the peak clad temperature calculation, and its effect on the limiting ECCS analysis. If the change results in a peak clad temperature (PCT) difference of more than 50°F, the licensee is required to provide the NRC with a report within 30 days and include with the report the actions required to show compliance with 10 CFR 50.46 requirements.

By letter L-94-301, dated December 15, 1994, Florida Power and Light Company (FPL) transmitted to the NRC the annual report of the ECCS analysis for Turkey Point Units 3 and 4. On May 19, 1995, Westinghouse transmitted to FPL the results of a recent reanalysis of the worst case large and small break Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) transients for Turkey Point. The Westinghouse letter identified an increase in the PCT of 146°F for the small break LOCA (SBLOCA) analysis. There is no change in the PCT for the large break LOCA (LBLOCA). While the Turkey Point LBLOCA analysis remains the limiting ECCS analysis, the change in the PCT for the SBLOCA results exceeds 50°F, and although not required by the regulations, FPL is providing the attached report for your information.

Should there be any questions, please contact us.

Very truly yours,

T. F. Plunkett  
Vice President  
Turkey Point Plant

OIH

Attachment

cc: S. D. Ebnetter, Regional Administrator, Region II, USNRC  
T. P. Johnson, Sr. Resident Inspector, USNRC, Turkey Point Plant

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ADD!

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ATTACHMENT

Re: Turkey Point Units 3 and 4  
Docket Nos. 50-250 and 50-251  
10 CFR 50.46, "Acceptance Criteria for Emergency Core  
Cooling Systems In Light Water Nuclear Power Reactors"

Small Break LOCA (SBLOCA)

By letter L-94-301, Florida Power and Light Company (FPL) reported a peak clad temperature (PCT) of 1817°F for the worst case SBLOCA transient analysis. This value was based upon a Turkey Point SBLOCA analysis performed by Westinghouse in 1991 using the NOTRUMP digital computer code. This value included a calculated PCT of 1749°F plus a 62°F benefit as reported by FPL in letter L-94-073, and a 130°F penalty as reported by FPL in letter L-94-301.

Due to incorrect entries for the cold leg and accumulator line diameters in the Input Modification Program (IMP) database, an increase in the PCT for the worst case SBLOCA of 106°F has been identified. Since the burst and blockage/time in life effect is a function of the base PCT, the burst and blockage/time in life effect has increased from 15°F to 55°F. The net change in PCT for the worst case SBLOCA is 146°F for a total PCT of 1963°F.

Large Break LOCA (LBLOCA)

By letter L-94-301 dated December 15, 1994, FPL reported a PCT of 2086°F for the worst case LBLOCA transient analysis. This value included a calculated PCT of 2082°F plus a 16°F penalty as reported by FPL in letter L-94-073, and a 12°F benefit as reported by FPL in letter L-94-301.

The LBLOCA analysis as described in the Updated Final Safety Analysis Report (UFSAR) was performed by Westinghouse in 1991 using the BART computer code assuming the presence of fuel assembly spacer grids. The LBLOCA analysis does not use the IMP database, therefore, the IMP database errors do not affect the results of the LBLOCA analysis.

Summary

The revised peak clad temperatures of 2086°F for the worst case LBLOCA and 1968°F for the worst case SBLOCA, correcting for the effects discussed above and summarized in the enclosed Tables 1 and 2, are below the 10 CFR 50.46 acceptance limit of 2200°F. Turkey Point Units 3 and 4 remain in compliance with the Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) performance criteria specified in 10 CFR 50.46(b).

TABLE 1  
TURKEY POINT UNITS 3 AND 4  
PREDICTED PEAK CLAD TEMPERATURES  
CURRENT LBLOCA EVALUATIONS  
THAT HAVE ASSESSED PCT PENALTIES

Analysis of Record	2082°F
Total LBLOCA PCT specified in FPL Letter L-94-301	2086°F
<u>Evaluations since issuance of FPL letter L-94-301</u>	
None	
Total Estimated LBLOCA PCT	2086°F

TABLE 2  
TURKEY POINT UNITS 3 AND 4  
PREDICTED PEAK CLAD TEMPERATURES  
CURRENT SBLOCA EVALUATIONS  
THAT HAVE ASSESSED PCT PENALTIES

Analysis of Record	1749°F
Total SBLOCA PCT specified in FPL Letter L-94-301	1817°F
<u>Evaluations since issuance of FPL letter L-94-301</u>	
IMP Database Error Correction	106°F
Burst and Blockage/Time in Life $\Delta$ PCT*	40°F
Total Estimated SBLOCA PCT	1963°F

- \* Burst and Blockage/Time in Life margin allocation specified in L-94-301, +15°F ; Current SBLOCA evaluation Burst and Blockage/Time in Life margin allocation, +55°F