

AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant

RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

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ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM
FOR
DONALD C. COOK NUCLEAR PLANT
AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER SERVICE CORPORATION

ANNUAL REPORT
JANUARY - DECEMBER 1982

Reported by
EBERLINE LABORATORIES
ALBUQUERQUE, NM

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SECTION 1 .

PREFACE

ABSTRACT

This report presents the data obtained from the analyses of environmental samples collected for the American Electric Power Service Corporation Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station Environmental Radiological Surveillance Program for the period 01 January 1982 through 31 December 1982.

The activity present above the detection limits in the routinely collected sample media was observed to be of natural and atmospheric origin. In no case did radioactivity from the Cook Nuclear Plant exceed the design objectives of the Cook Radiological Environmental Technical specifications.

INTRODUCTION

The Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station of American Electric Power Service Corporation consists of two Westinghouse PWR units (Unit 1 and Unit 2). Each unit consists of a pressurized water reactor (PWR) which generates about 3250 megawatts (MW) of heat to generate about 1100 MW of electricity. The station is located in Benton Harbor, Michigan.

The D.C. Cook Plant utilizes a pressurized water reactor with a radwaste hold-up and treatment system that has been designed to keep radioactive releases to as low as is practicable levels. However, small quantities of noble gases and radioiodine may be released to Lake Michigan. The quantities of radionuclides released to the environment are expected to be miniscule and insignificant as a source of potential exposure to flora and fauna in the area. However, direct radiation exposure to man and radionuclide accumulations in various components of food chains to man will be carefully monitored.

The environmental radiological monitoring program is intended to serve the following purposes:

- a) To yield average values of radiation levels and concentrations of radioactive material in various media of the environment.
- b) To identify sample locations and/or types of samples that deviate from the averages.
- c) To document seasonal variations that could be erroneously interpreted when the power station is operating.
- d) To indicate the range of values that should be considered "background" for various types of samples.

The basic approach for the Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant is to control the release of radioactive material at levels far below that which would be expected to cause detrimental impact on the environment. The environmental radioactivity surveillance program will be closely coordinated with conditions of plant operation and subject to periodic review.

Levels of environmental radioactivity are subject to change for reasons in no way related to the operation of the D.C. Cook Nuclear Plant. Therefore, the radioactivity surveillance program has been designed to include reference or "background" stations as well as "indicator" stations. The program is summarized in Table I.

This report contains a compilation of the results of analyses of various types of samples collected during the period January 1982 through December 1982.

SECTION 2

SAMPLING PROGRAM

All samples are collected by Eberline personnel and shipped to the Eberline Laboratory in West Chicago, Illinois during the first half of the year. The samples collected during the second half of the year were shipped to Eberline, Albuquerque Laboratory in New Mexico. The sample collection procedures remained the same as those detailed in the semi-annual report for the period 01 January through 30 June 1973.

Upon receipt of the samples, the Laboratory staff enters the samples in a log book identifying them as to sample type, collection date, and sample code number of location, then verifies the specific analyses to be performed on each sample. The samples are then stored, awaiting analysis, on shelves expressly for this purpose to assure accountability through the Laboratory processes.

Table 1 lists the sample analysis program - sample type, frequency, and the type of analysis required.

Table 2 lists the LLD's (Lower Limits of Detection) for the analytical program. These LLD's are based on the Regulatory Guide 4.8. For analyses not listed in Regulatory Guide 4.8, Federal EPA, former requirements for similar programs or other appropriate guides are used. The LLD's are calculated at the 3σ (99% confidence) level.

The Guide specifically states that the LLD's are priori, not a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement. When however, RG 4.8 or other LLD's have not been achieved, a footnote giving a brief explanation has been inserted.

Maps of sampling locations are shown on pages 11-13. Figure I gives the air sampling locations, Figure II shows other sampling locations and TLD monitoring locations.

TABLE 1
ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM
DONALD C. COOK NUCLEAR PLANT

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>No. Station Ind. - Bkg.</u>		<u>Collection Frequency</u>	<u>Analysis Frequency</u>	<u>Type Analysis</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Air Particulate	6	4	Weekly	Weekly	Gross Beta	
				Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
				Quarterly	Sr-89, Sr-90	
Airborne I-131	6	4	Weekly	Weekly	Gamma Isotopic	
Precipitation	6	4	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
				Semi-annual	Sr-89, Sr-90 Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
Lake Water	3	4	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
				Quarterly	Tritium Composite, 2 Samples	By indicator and background samples.
Well Water	4	3	Every 18 wks.	Every 18 wks.	Gamma Isotopic Tritium	
Fish	2	2	2 per year	2 per year	Gamma Isotopic Sr-89, Sr-90	Edible portion only.

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

DONALD C. COOK NUCLEAR PLANT

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>No. Stations</u> <u>Ind. - Bkg.</u>		<u>Collection Frequency</u>	<u>Analysis Frequency</u>	<u>Type Analysis</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Aquatic Organisms	2	2	2 per year	2 per year	Gamma Isotopic Sr-89, Sr-90	When available
Milk	3	2	Monthly	Monthly	Gamma Isotopic Sr-89, Sr-90 I-131	
Sediment	2	2	2x per year	2x per year	Gamma Isotopic Sr-89, Sr-90	
TLD	9	14	Quarterly	Quarterly	Total Dose	
Food Crops	1	1	Annually	Annually	Gamma Isotopic	

Table 2

LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION
(LLD's)

<u>Sample Class</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>LLD</u>	<u>Units</u>
Air Particulates	Gross Beta	0.01	pCi/m ³
	Gamma Isotopic	0.01	pCi/m ³
	Sr-89	0.002	pCi/m ³
	Sr-90	0.001	pCi/m ³
Airborne Iodine	I-131	0.01	pCi/m ³
Milk	I-131	0.05	pCi/l
	Gamma Isotopic	10	pCi/l
	Sr-89	5	pCi/l
	Sr-90	1	pCi/l
Well Water	LS Tritium	1000	pCi/l
	Gamma Isotopic	10	pCi/l
Precipitation	Gamma Isotopic	10	pCi/l
	Sr-89	2	pCi/l
	Sr-90	1	pCi/l
Lake Water	Gamma Isotopic	10	pCi/l
	Enriched Tritium	0.2	pCi/ml
Aquatic Organisms	Gamma Isotopic	1	pCi/g wet
	Sr-89	0.05	pCi/g wet
	Sr-90	0.005	pCi/g wet
Sediment	Gamma Isotopic	1	pCi/g dry
	Sr-89	0.05	pCi/g dry
	Sr-90	0.005	pCi/g dry
Fish	Gamma Isotopic	1	pCi/g wet
	Sr-89	0.05	pCi/g wet
	Sr-90	0.005	pCi/g wet
Food Crops	Gamma Isotopic	1	pCi/g wet
Background Radiation (TLD)	Gamma Dose	-	mR/week

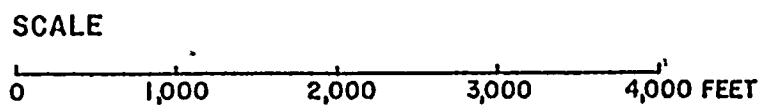
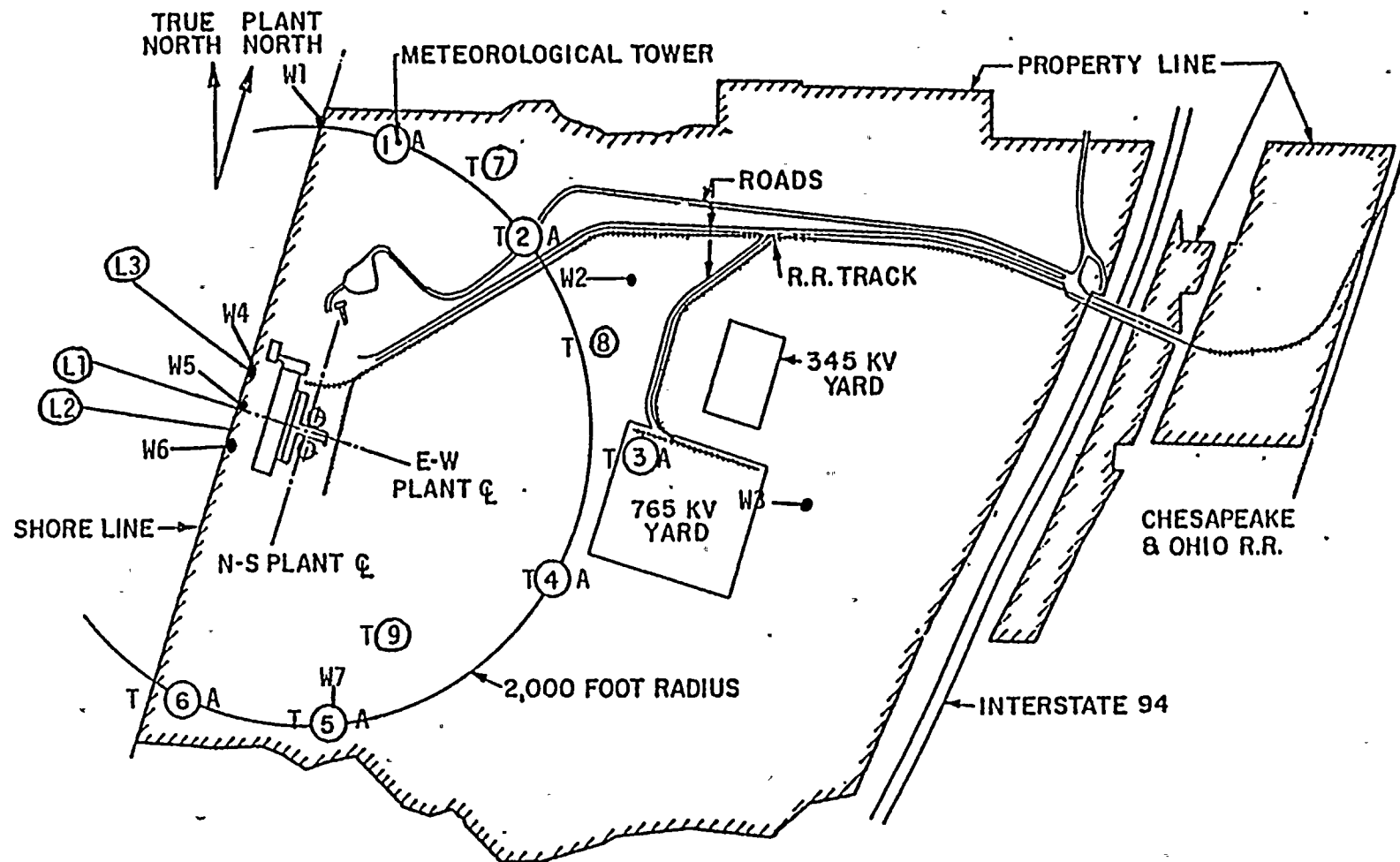


FIGURE I

LOCATIONS
OF INDICATOR AIR SAMPLING STATIONS

- A Air, Precipitation
- T TLD Station
- W Well Water
- L Lake Water (taken at shoreline)

A - Air, Precipitation, TLD Stations
 L - Lake Water Sample Stations
 M - Milk Sample Stations

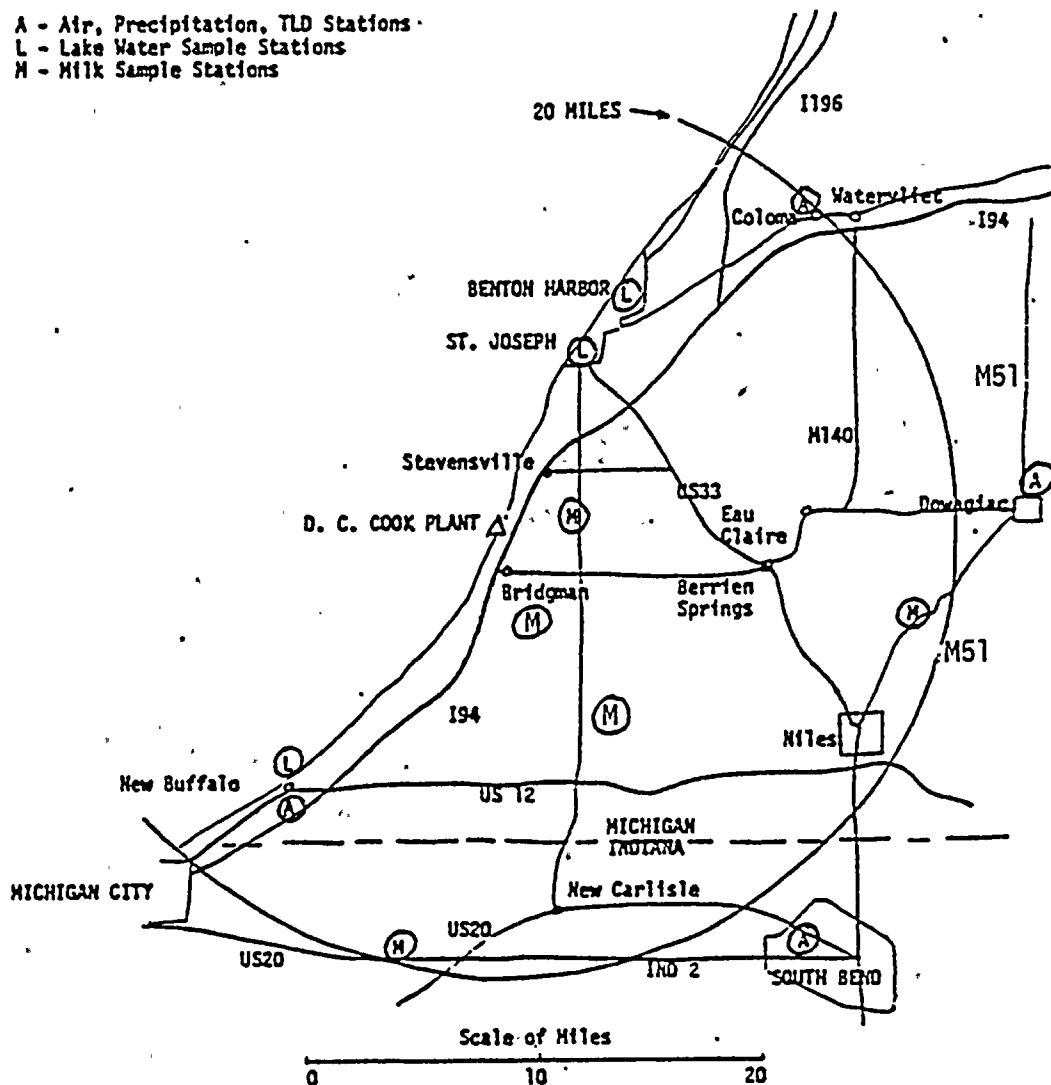
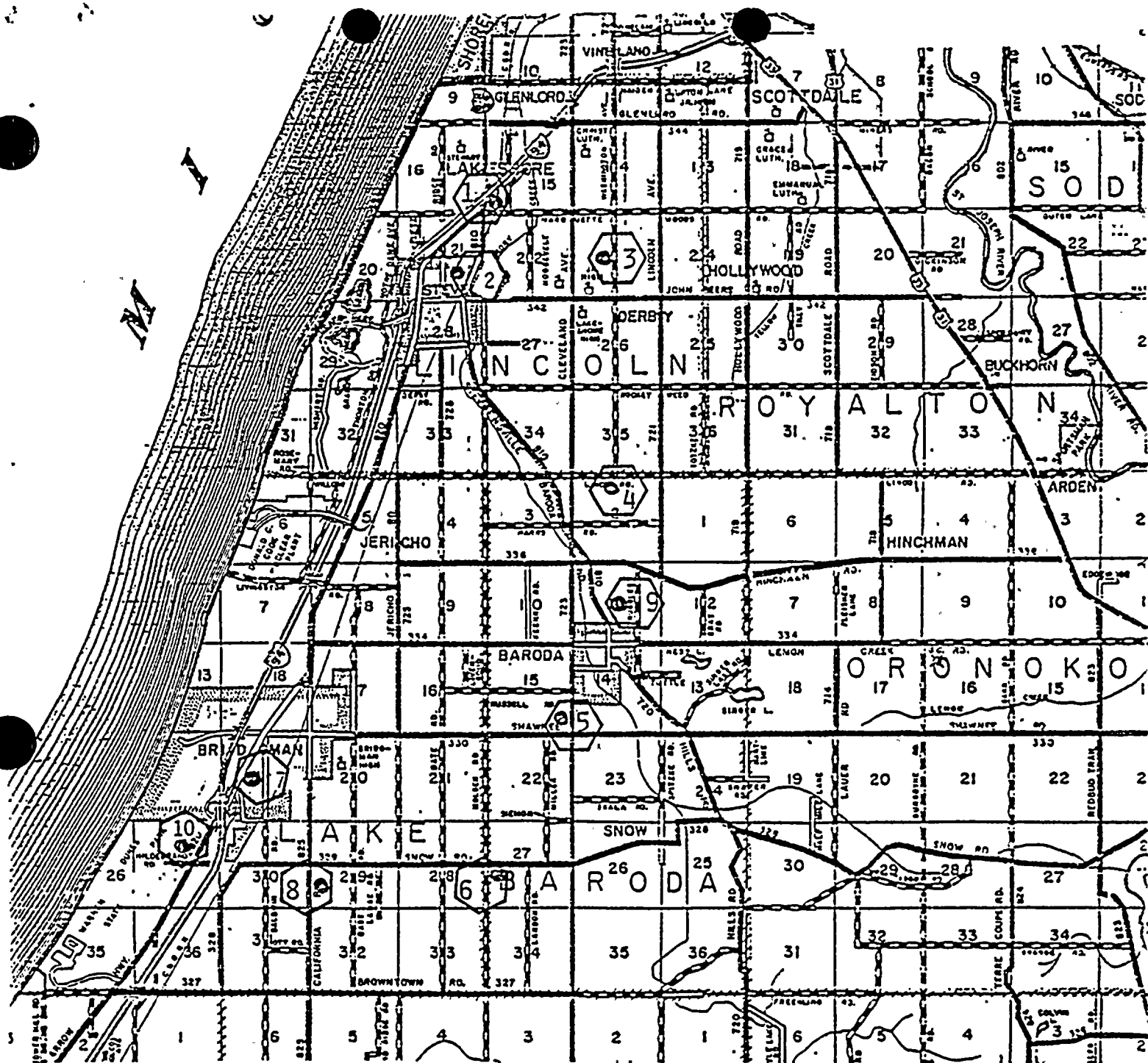


FIGURE II
 OFF-SITE
 LOCATIONS OF SAMPLING STATIONS



1. Red Arrow Highway and vicinity of I-94 overpass.
2. Stevensville Sub Station.
3. Washington Avenue midway between Brentwood Drive and Kingman Drive.
4. Washington Avenue and Linco Road.
5. Cleveland Avenue and Shawnee Road.
6. Holden Road and Snow Road.
7. Bridgman Sub Station.
8. California Road between Browntown and Snow Roads.
9. Ruggles Road between Hinchman and Lemon Creek Roads.
10. At intersection of Hildebrant Road and Red Arrow Highway.

FIGURE III

TLD MONITOR LOCATIONS
LOCATED ON THE FIVE MILE
RADIUS FROM THE PLANT

SECTION 3

ANALYSIS PROGRAM

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Samples received at the laboratory are analyzed for the various radioactive components by standard radiochemical methods. These methods are equal to, and in most cases, identical with, those of the U.S.D.O.E.¹ or those of the Federal E.P.A.²

Brief descriptions of analytical procedures are available in the Laboratory Procedures Manual available at the Cook Nuclear Plant and the radioanalytical contractor's laboratory.

AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS

Gross Beta - Exposed air particulate filters are counted in low background Geiger or proportional flow beta counters using anti-coincidence background suppression after the short-lived naturally occurring radon and thoron daughters have decayed. Filters are counted long enough to ensure that the required sensitivity (LLD) is met.

Gamma Isotopic - Monthly composites of air particulate filters grouped by indicator and background stations into two samples are counted in high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometers for periods of time long enough to ensure that the required program sensitivity (LLD) is met.

Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 - After carrier strontium is added to semiannual composite samples of air particulate filters, the strontium is then separated and purified by either ion exchange chromatography (EPA method) or straight wet chemistry (HASL method). The chemical

¹HASL Procedures Manual, edited by John H. Harley, Health and Safety Laboratory, US Atomic Energy Commission, 1972 edition, revised annually.

²National Environmental Research Center, Environmental Protection Agency; Handbook of Radiochemical Analytical Methods. Program Element IHA 325. Office of Research and Development, Las Vegas, Nevada 89114.

yield for strontium is determined by atomic absorption spectrometry or gravimetric methods. After a suitable period (usually 14 days) to allow for ingrowth of Y-90, the sample is counted in a low background beta counter (equilibrium or total Sr count). The strontium is next put into solution, carrier yttrium added, and the strontium and yttrium fractions separated. The yttrium is counted and, from the Y-90 (Sr-90 daughter) count, the Sr-90 concentration can be determined. The difference between the total strontium concentration as determined by the equilibrium count and the Sr-90 concentration as determined from the Y-90 count is the Sr-89 concentration. Equations are available to permit calculation of Sr-89 and Sr-90 by counting the purified strontium fraction at two points during ingrowth of the Sr-90 daughter Y-90. While either method is acceptable, we find the former method provides more consistent results.

WATER SAMPLES (Includes Lake, Well, Precipitation)

Gamma Isotopic - A measured aliquot of the sample is evaporated to a small controlled volume and counted in a standard geometry in a high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer long enough to ensure meeting the sensitivity requirements of the program. See also the Introduction to Data Tables.

Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 - Stable strontium carrier is added to a measured aliquot of sample. The strontium is then treated from this point on in the same manner as are air particulate samples.

Tritium - Tritium as tritiated water is analyzed by liquid scintillation counting after distillation. If high sensitivity is not required (ie. LLD ~500 pCi/l) the sample is distilled, mixed with the appropriate counting phosphors and counted with no further

treatment. If higher sensitivity is required (ie. <300 pCi/l) the sample is isotopically enriched in tritium concentration prior to liquid scintillation counting. Isotopic enrichment is done by the classical method of Ostlund which involves alkaline electrolysis of a purified aliquot of sample under controlled conditions of temperature and electrode current density.

MILK SAMPLES

I-131 - Measured amounts of carrier iodide are added to a known volume of milk and the iodine extracted on anion exchange resin. The iodine is recovered and purified by classical iodine chemistry methods which are similar to those given in former Regulatory Guide 4.3. The yield or recovery of iodine is measured gravimetrically and the precipitated sample is mounted and counted in a low level beta detector for a long enough period to ensure that the required LLD is met.

Gamma Isotopic - A measured aliquot of sample is evaporated and oven-dried to a standard volume and counted in a fixed geometry in a high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer for a long enough period to ensure that the required LLDs are reached (see also Introduction to Data Tables).

Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 - Stable strontium carrier is added to an aliquot of the sample which is then dried and ashed at high temperature ($>700^{\circ}\text{C}$). The ash is dissolved and the solution treated from this point on in the same manner as are air particulate samples.

ORGANIC SAMPLES (Aquatic Organisms, Food Crops, Fish)

Gamma Isotopic - A measured aliquot of sample is oven-dried or ashed as appropriate, placed in a controlled geometry and counted in a high

resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometer for a period long enough to ensure that the LLDs of the program will be set (see also Introduction to Data Tables).

Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 - Stable strontium carrier is added to a weighed aliquot of the sample and the sample is ashed at high temperature ($>700^{\circ}\text{C}$). The ashed sample is then dissolved and processed in the same manner as are air particulate samples.

SEDIMENT SAMPLES

Gamma Isotopic - The sample is oven-dried to facilitate handling and then sieved to remove pieces of stone and/or other large pieces of material. An appropriate sized, weighed aliquot of the sample is then transferred into a standard geometry container and counted for a period long enough to ensure that the LLDs of the program will be met: (See also Introduction to Data Tables.)

Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 - A sample is ashed until free of carbon. The ash, with carriers added, is dissolved in hydrochloric acid, then processed in the same manner as are air particulate samples.

THERMOLUMINISCENT DOSIMETERS

Environmental radiation doses are measured using badges comprising five chips sealed in plastic protective holders having a density of 50 mg/cm². The TLD chips are 1/8" x 1/8" x 1/32 LiF (thallium activated) known commercially as Harshaw-100. The chips are all selected to provide uniform response to within five percent of the mean for the batch.

Prior to installation, the chips are annealed by a standard cycle of 60 minutes at 400^oC and immediate cooling to ambient temperature by placing the tray containing the annealed chips on an aluminum block

12" x 12" x 1".

After exposure the chips are read on an Eberline Instrument Corporation Model TLR-6 reader. The system employs a preheat cycle which removes low temperature peaks and integrates and digitizes only the light output in a selected temperature range.

The dose is calculated from the average light output for the five chips and the statistical uncertainty is the standard deviation of the five readings. Control badges are used to detect any unusual exposure to the badge which might occur during shipment.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

A. Design of Plan

Quality of product or service has always been a primary key to increase sales, customer satisfaction, and profit. The management of Eberline Instrument Corporation recognizes the ever increasing demand for higher quality and reliability for services related to protection of workers and the environment. It is our firm belief that in order to judge the worth of a support service, one must know the philosophy behind it. Eberline will provide only those services for which it is qualified and these will be provided in a manner that is reliable, with a quality assurance program that maintains a high degree of client confidence. This quality assurance program has been prepared consistent with the following specifications, per the Technical and Quality Assurance Requirements for Special Purposes.

ANSI-N45.2, American National Standard Institute
NRC Branch Technical Position of November 1979
NRC Regulatory Guide 4.15, Revision 1 of February 1979.

B. Intercomparison Program

Results of Eberline's Midwestern Facility (1st half of 1982) and Albuquerque Laboratory (2nd half of 1982) participation in the USEPA's Crosscheck Program are included in the monthly and annual reports provided to the client. Other intercomparisons in which we routinely participate include:

Environmental Protection Agency
Environmental Measurement Lab DOE Quality Assessment Program
Battelle Northwest Laboratories
IAEA Analytical Quality Control Service
US National Bureau of Standards

Each of the laboratory managers is responsible for preparing spikes and blanks to be run routinely. Every tenth sample is a spike, a blank, or a split sample.

Regular QC reports are prepared by a laboratory manager on a monthly

schedule and forwarded to each client. Each report routinely includes:

results from EIC interlaboratory comparison,
results from EPA Crosscheck program, and
results from other intercomparison programs.

Results are reviewed by the laboratory manager. If a problem is indicated by the data, the nature of the problem is investigated and corrective steps taken immediately. A copy of each report is also provided to the Quality Assurance Manager of the Nuclear Services Division.

C. Quality Assurance Plan

The Quality Assurance Program follows the requirements of Company and Division Manuals. The discussion below outlines Quality Assurance Programs as conducted in the laboratory and as required in our QA Manual.

Procedure Approval

Each procedure goes through a vigorous evaluation and review process before it is incorporated into the EIC Procedures Manual. Established procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or the Environmental Measurements Laboratory of the US Department of Energy (EML) are used unless thorough testing has demonstrated that an alternate procedure is equal to or better than the EPA or EML procedure. Uniform procedures are used at both laboratories to the fullest extent possible, except when deviations are necessary to meet the specific requirements of the client. The manager of each laboratory and the quality assurance manager review and approve significant procedural changes before they are implemented.

Equipment Calibration and Maintenance

Equipment used for qualitative or quantitative measurements is carefully calibrated and maintained with records of each calibration or maintenance action kept in appropriate logbooks. To the extent possible, certified standards are used for all primary calibrations. The following standards are used for the application indicated:

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Calibration Standard</u>
Gross Beta	Solution of Standard ^{137}Cs certified by NBS or Amersham Searle
Tritium	Solution standard of ^3H certified by NBS
Gamma Spectrometry	Solution standards of various gamma emitters certified by NBS or Amersham Searle. Standards are used to calibrate each counting geometry used.
Strontium-89 and 90	Solution standards of ^{90}Sr certified by Amersham Searle or NBS
Gross Alpha	Solution standards of ^{239}Pu certified by NBS or Amersham Searle.
Radiation Dose	^{137}Cs gamma source cross-referenced with NBS using R-meters. ^{226}Ra is used for some special application.

When suitable standards are not available for a specific gamma emitter, quantitative gamma isotopic analysis is based on an energy calibration of the gamma spectrometer and the gamma energy and abundance information provided in Table of Isotopes, Sixth Edition by Lederer, Hollander, and Perlman.

The results of the Quality Control Programs are summarized in Section 6.

SECTION 4

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Environmental Radiological Monitoring ProgramName of Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear StationDocket Number: 50-315 and 50-316Location of Facility: Berrien Michigan
County StateReporting Period: January - December 1982

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Location with Highest Mean		Control Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported Measurements
				Name	Mean (Range)		
Air Particulates (pCi/m ³)	Gross β 515	0.01	0.03 (270/311) 0.01-0.08	On Sites 3, 5, and 6	0.04 0.01-0.08	0.03 (186/204) 0.01-0.10	0
	Ce-144 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Zr-95 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Nb-95 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Ce-141 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Ru-103 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Other γ 24	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Sr-89 8	0.002	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
	Sr-90 8	0.001	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
Airborne Iodine (pCi/m ³)	I-131 515	0.01	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
Well Water (pCi/l)	Tritium 21	1000	1767 (3/12) 1100-2100	On Sites 4 and 5	2100 (a)	ALL LLD	0
	γ Spec. 21	10	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0

¹ Mean and range based on detectable measurements only. Fractions indicated in parentheses.

(a) Data is not reported as only are detectable measurements were available

Table 3 (continued)

Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed		Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Location with Highest Mean		Control Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported Measurements
					Name	Mean (Range)		
Milk (pCi/l)	I-131	58	0.05	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-89	58	5	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-90	58	1	4.2 (35/35) 1-12	Bridgman	4.2 (12/12) 1-12	4.6 (23/23) 1-11	0
	γ Spec.	58	10	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
Precipitation (pCi/l)	γ Spec.	24	10	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-89	4	2	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-90	4	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		4 (1/2) 4	0
Lake Water (pCi/l)	γ Spec.	20	10	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Tritium	8	200	300 1/4 (a)	Not Applicable		200 (1/4) (a)	0
Aquatic Organisms (pCi/g wet)	Ce-144	8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Nb-95	8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Zr-95	8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Cr-51	8	1	All LLD	Not applicable		All LLD	0
	Ce-141	8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Other γ	8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0

¹ Mean and range based on detectable measurements only. Fractions indicated in parentheses.

(a) Range is not reported as only one detectable measurement was available

Table 3 (continued)

Facility: Donald C. Cook Nuclear Station

Medium or Pathway Sampled (Unit of Measurement)	Type and Total Number of Analyses Performed	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)	All Indicator Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Location with Highest Mean		Control Locations Mean ¹ (Range)	Number of Non-routine Reported Measurements
				Name	Mean (Range)		
Aquatic Organisms (pCi/g wet)	Sr-89 8	0.05	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-90 8	0.005	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
Sediment (pCi/g dry)	γ Spec. 12	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-89 12	0.05	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-90 12	0.005	ALL LLD	Not Applicable		ALL LLD	0
Food Crops (pCi/g wet)	γ Spec. 4	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
Fish (pCi/g wet)	γ Spec 8	1	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-89 8	0.05	All LLD	Not Applicable		All LLD	0
	Sr-90 8	0.005	0.019 (2/4) 0.017-0.020	On Site, South	0.020 (1/2) (a)	0.022 (2/4) 0.016-0.027	0
Background Radiation (TLD) (mR/week)	γ Dose 91	0.1	1.1 (35/35) 0.6-1.7	On-Site 1.3 (4/4) 1.1-1.7		1.2 (56/56) 0.8-1.8	0

(a) Range is not reported as only are detectable measurement was available.

¹ Mean and range based on detectable measurements only. Fractions indicated in parentheses.

Results of all the analyses for January through December 1982 are presented in full in section 5, Data Tables pages 32 through 46.

Table 3 summarizes the range and average concentrations for measurements at the indicator and control locations with the highest annual mean.

Specific finding for the various environmental media are discussed below.

AIR PARTICULATE SAMPLES

Atmospheric particulate matter at a field location is accumulated for a one-week on a glass fiber filter using a low-volume air sampler at a collection rate of one cubic foot per minute. This particulate matter contained on the filter is counted for beta activity in a low background counting system after the short-lived naturally-occurring radon and thoron daughters have decayed.

The average gross beta concentration for the year for all indicator stations was 0.03 pCi/m^3 , and was 0.03 pCi/m^3 for the background stations. Data for analyses of individual filters are given on page 35 through 38 in Section 5.

The following table summarizes the average gross beta concentrations for both indicator and background stations for each year from 1973 through 1982. The preoperational data were collected in 1973 and 1974; operational data were collected from 1975 through the present.

TABLE 3		<u>Indicator</u>	<u>Background</u>
		pCi/m^3	
	Preoperational		
	1973	0.04	0.04
	1974	0.16	0.16
	Operational		
	1975	0.08	0.09
	1976	0.09	0.08
	1977	0.22	0.22

	<u>Indicator</u>	<u>Background</u>
	<u>pCi/m³</u>	
Operational		
1978	0.12	0.11
1979	0.04	0.04
1980	0.04	0.04
1981	0.12	0.11
1982	0.03	0.03

The elevated levels of gross beta activity at both indicator and background locations during preoperational and operational phases from 1974 through 1982 were mainly the result of nuclear test explosions in the atmosphere by the people's republic of China. Such tests took place on 27 June 1973, 17 June 1974, 23 January 1976, 26 September 1976, 17 November 1976, 17 September 1977, 13 March 1978, 14 December 1978 and October 1980.

The data indicate that there is significantly no difference between the levels of gross beta activity measured at the indicator and background locations for the operational and preoperational phases of the program¹. The activity detected are not attributable to the operation of the Cook Plant.

Airborne I-131 concentration was less than 0.1 pCi/m³ for all samples received.

The gamma spectrometry data for monthly composites of air particulate files begins on page 39. Be-7, a naturally occurring nuclide formed by the cosmic ray interaction with nuclei in the upper atmosphere, was detected in the composites. These were generally in the range to be expected from measurement of this nuclide in this medium. No other gamma emitters were detected.

¹ See Annual Environmental Monitoring Reports for D.C. Cook Plant from previous years for details.

Quarterly composites of air particulate filters were analyzed for Sr-89 and Sr-90. Sr-89 concentrations were below the detection limit of 0.002 pCi/m^3 , and Sr-90 were also below the detection limit of 0.001 pCi/m^3 for both indicator and background locations. Data are presented on page 39.

MILK SAMPLES

Milk samples were collected monthly and were analyzed for I-131, Sr-89, Sr-90, and gamma emitters.

Sr-89 concentrations measured below the detection limit of 5 pCi/l in all samples collected during the year. Sr-90 concentrations continued to display considerable variation, which is typical for this type of sample. This nuclide is attributable to worldwide fallout from both recent and older nuclear test programs. Data are given on page 40.

I-131 concentrations were below the detection limits of the program. Data are presented on page 40.

Gamma emitters other than those which occur in nature were not detected in all samples at a measurement sensitivity of 10 pCi/l . Data are given on page 41.

PRECIPITATION SAMPLES

Gamma isotopic analyses of monthly precipitation samples from indicator and background locations indicate the presence of no gamma emitters in concentrations exceeding 10 pCi/l ($<3000 \text{ pCi/m}^2$). Sr-89 and Sr-90 concentrations were below the detection limits of the program. Data are presented on page 42.

WELL WATER SAMPLES

Well water is collected from seven locations at 18 week intervals during the year and analyzed for tritium and gamma emitters. Low concentrations of tritium were detected in samples from three indicator stations during January-February 1982. It is possible that the tritium found in these samples is a result of plant operations. Gamma emitters were below the detection limit in all

samples analyzed. Data are presented on page 43.

LAKE WATER SAMPLES

Samples of water from Lake Michigan are composited by indicator and background locations and analyzed for gamma emitters on a monthly basis. Quarterly composites of the monthly composites are analyzed for tritium.

The gamma emitters in the monthly composites were measured to be less than the detection limit of 10 pCi/l per nuclide for all samples.

The tritium concentrations in the quarterly composites were in the range of <200 to 300 pCi/l for in indicator locations and <200 to 200 pCi/l for the background locations. These concentrations are in the range to be expected from measurements of this nuclide in this medium. Data is presented on page 44.

AQUATIC ORGANISM SAMPLES

Aquatic organisms were collected twice during the year from areas north and south of the plant, at on-site and off-site locations. The samples were analyzed for gamma emitters, Sr-89, and Sr-90. Data is presented on page 44.

No gamma emitters were detected in all samples collected during the year below the detection limit 1 pCi/g.

Sr-89 and Sr-90 were not detected in any of the samples above the detection limit of 0.05 pCi/g (wet) for Sr-89 and 0.005 pCi/g (wet) for Sr-90.

SEDIMENT SAMPLES

Sediment samples were collected twice during the year from areas north and south of the plant, at the on-site and off-site locations. The samples were analyzed for gamma emitters, Sr-89, and Sr-90.

The gamma emitters were below the detection limit of 1 pCi/g (dry) in all samples. Sr-89 and Sr-90 were also below the detection limit, 0.05 pCi/g (dry) for Sr-89 and 0.005 pCi/g (dry) for Sr-90. Data are given on page 45.

FISH SAMPLES

Fish samples collected from areas north and south of the plant, both on-site and off-site locations, were analyzed for gamma emitters, Sr-89 and Sr-90.

For all samples, gamma emitters were below the detection limit of 1 pCi/g (wet), and Sr-89 was below the detection limit of 0.05 pCi/g (wet). Sr-90 ranged in concentration from 0.016 to 0.027 pCi/g (wet). The concentrations observed were attributable to worldwide fallout and were generally in the range to be expected from measurements of this nuclide in this medium. Data are given on page 45.

FOOD CROP SAMPLES

Grapes and grape leaves were collected during the fall harvest period from on-site and off-site locations and were analyzed for gamma emitters. They were found to be below the detection limit of 1 pCi/g (wet) at both on-site and off-site locations. Data are given on page 45.

GAMMA DOSE

Gamma radiation dose was measured with Thermoluminescent Dosimeters (TLDS) on a quarterly schedule. A total of 23 field locations (9 indicator and 14 background) were monitored during the year.

Throughout the year, there was no statistically significant difference in dose rates between indicator and background locations, nor do they differ significantly from dose rates measured in previous years. Data are presented on page 46.

SECTION 5

DATA TABLES

INTRODUCTION TO THE DATA TABLES

The following information will be helpful in understanding the presentation of the data in the tables in this section.

Wet Weight	a reporting unit used with organic tissue samples such as vegetation and animal samples in which the amount of sample is taken to be the weight as received from the field with no moisture removed.
Dry Weight	a reporting unit used for soil and sediment in which the amount of sample is taken to be the weight of the sample after removal of moisture by drying in an oven at about 110° for about 15 hours.
pCi/m ³	a reporting unit used with air particulate and radioiodine data which refers to the radioactivity content expressed in picocuries of the volume of air expressed in cubic meters passed through the filter and/or the charcoal trap. Note that the volumes are not corrected to standard conditions.
Gamma Emitters or Gamma Isotopic	samples were analyzed by high resolution (GeLi) gamma spectrometry. The resulting spectrum is analyzed by a computer program which scans from about 50 to 2000 kev and lists the energy peak of any nuclides present in concentrations exceeding the sensitivity limits set for that particular experiment.
NA, NS, NR	used in place of a concentration when a sample was not available (NS), or when a sample was not analyzed for some specific measurement (NA), or when an analysis is not required (NR).
Error Terms	figures following "±" are error terms based on counting uncertainties at the 2σ (95% confidence) level. Values preceded by the "<" symbol were below the stated concentration at the 3σ (99% confidence) level.
Exponents	Exponents necessary to prevent data tables from being cumbersome are handled in the conventional manner of including them in the column headings.
Sensitivity	In general, all analyses meet the sensitivity requirements of the program as given in Table 3. For the few samples that do not (because of inadequate sample quantities, analytical interferences, etc.) the sensitivity actually obtained in the analysis is given.
<u>Comment</u>	when all analyses of a particular type during the period resulted in concentrations below the sensitivity limits, a <u>statement</u> is made on the appropriate table rather than presenting a whole page of "<" data. If all but one or two data points are below the sensitivity limits, the previously mentioned convention is followed and the finite data are given as footnotes.

COOK
LISTING OF MISSED SAMPLES
1982

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Expected Collection Date</u>	<u>Reason</u>
AP/CC	DOW, COL	01/09/82	Weather conditions
AP/CC	SBN, COL	01/23/82	Weather conditions- frozen locks
Lake Water	All points	02/06/82	Lake frozen
AP/CC	ONS-1	08/31/82	No power to unit
Milk	SBN	09/04/82	Not available
Milk	GAL	11/06/82	Not available

DONALD C. COOK

AIRBORNE IODINE-131* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
(Weekly Collections)

Collection Date	Gross Beta 10^{-2} pCi/m ³									
	ON-SITE 1		ON-SITE 2		ON-SITE 3		ON-SITE 4		ON-SITE 5	
	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β
01/04/82	340	<1	380	1±1	370	5±1	395	5±1	335	6±1
01/11-12/82	400	2±1	470	1±1	385	4±1	505	1±1	410	8±1
01/18/82	350	1±1	290	1±1	395	1±1	375	1±1	390	1±1
01/26/82	390	<1	370	1±1	410	6±1	485	6±1	495	6±1
02/02/82	360	1±1	325	1±1	360	6±1	465	2±1	475	6±1
02/09/82	360	1±1	305	1±1	360	6±1	430	5±1	485	7±1
02/16/82	340	<1	445	1±1	355	7±1	435	6±1	485	4±1
02/23/82	390	<1	305	1±1	310	4±1	435	3±1	385	4±1
03/02/82	380	1±1	275	1±1	315	3±1	450	2±1	395	5±1
03/09/82	380	<1	250	<1	310	5±1	420	5±1	415	5±1
03/16/82	205	<1	360	<1	305	4±1	410	4±1	415	5±1
03/23/82	345	<1	505	<1	315	2±1	325	<1	335	1±1
03/30/82	370	<1	500	1±1	395	3±1	350	2±1	350	4±1
04/06/82	345	<1	495	1±1	390	3±1	330	3±1	360	3±1
04/13/82	340	<1	500	2±1	400	5±1	340	5±1	360	5±1
04/20/82	415	<1	375	1±1	410	3±1	335	2±1	390	4±1
04/27/82	495	<1	345	1±1	415	6±1	385	5±1	370	7±1
05/04/82	485	<1	350	<1	390	4±1	380	4±1	375	6±1
05/11/82	365	<1	380	<1	415	5±1	425	4±1	460	5±1
05/18/82	275	<1	375	1±1	415	4±1	435	4±1	370	5±1
05/25/82	335	<1	215	1±1	340	2±1	485	<1	365	3±1
06/01/82	325	<1	335	1±1	340	3±1	280	3±1	335	3±1
06/08/82	280	1±1	320	2±1	330	3±1	280	3±1	320	2±1
06/15/82	275	1±1	315	3±1	340	4±1	460	3±1	320	5±1
06/22/82	330	1±1	310	2±1	340	3±1	455	2±1	340	3±1
06/29/82	355	1±1	285	2±1	350	4±1	440	3±4	330	5±1

* Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m³ unless otherwise noted.

DONALD C. COOK

AIRBORNE IODINE-131* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
(Weekly Collections)

Collection Date	Gross Beta 10^{-2} pCi/m ³									
	ON-SITE 1		ON-SITE 2		ON-SITE 3		ON-SITE 4		ON-SITE 5	
	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β	Volume (m ³)	Gross β
07/06/82	360	1 \pm 1	290	2 \pm 1	340	4 \pm 1	435	4 \pm 1	340	2 \pm 1
07/13/82	330	2 \pm 1	275	5 \pm 1	360	4 \pm 1	535	2 \pm 1	340	7 \pm 1
07/20/82	305	3 \pm 1	270	2 \pm 1	380	5 \pm 1	685	5 \pm 1	350	7 \pm 1
07/27/82	435	<1	290	1 \pm 1	385	5 \pm 1	565	<1	345	<1
08/03/82	430	1 \pm 1	320	3 \pm 1	385	5 \pm 1	630	3 \pm 1	380	5 \pm 1
08/10/82	375	1 \pm 1	360	2 \pm 1	390	4 \pm 1	600	3 \pm 1	365	5 \pm 1
08/17/82	365	1 \pm 1	345	2 \pm 1	385	3 \pm 1	485	2 \pm 1	375	3 \pm 1
08/24/82	400	1 \pm 1	340	1 \pm 1	410	2 \pm 1	310	2 \pm 1	350	2 \pm 1
08/31/82	(a)	-	335	1 \pm 1	420	4 \pm 1	310	5 \pm 1	335	4 \pm 1
09/07/82	385(b)	4 \pm 1	335	3 \pm 1	405	3 \pm 1	275	4 \pm 1	345	4 \pm 1
09/14/82	295	1 \pm 1	380	3 \pm 1	415	3 \pm 1	310	4 \pm 1	395	5 \pm 1
09/21/82	330	<1	280	2 \pm 1	315	2 \pm 1	310	2 \pm 1	375	2 \pm 1
09/28/82	370	1 \pm 1	295	4 \pm 1	345	3 \pm 1	335	3 \pm 1	375	4 \pm 1
10/05/82	385	1 \pm 1	315	2 \pm 1	345	5 \pm 1	315	3 \pm 1	405	5 \pm 1
10/12/82	380	<1	350	<1	350	3 \pm 1	315	2 \pm 1	390	4 \pm 1
10/19/82	360	<1	290	2 \pm 1	335	2 \pm 1	300	1 \pm 1	380	2 \pm 1
10/26/82	345	1 \pm 1	270	3 \pm 1	320	4 \pm 1	295	<1	440	4 \pm 1
11/02/82	355	1 \pm 1	355	3 \pm 1	315	4 \pm 1	260	4 \pm 1	360	4 \pm 1
11/09/82	340	<1	370	<1	315	3 \pm 1	235	3 \pm 1	325	3 \pm 1
11/16/82	385	1 \pm 1	365	1 \pm 1	280	4 \pm 1	315	<1	380	3 \pm 1
11/23/82	280	4 \pm 1	360	2 \pm 1	290	6 \pm 1	270	5 \pm 1	385	<1
11/30/82	295	<1	335	4 \pm 1	295	5 \pm 1	235	2 \pm 1	395	4 \pm 1
12/07/82	320	<1	365	3 \pm 1	350	3 \pm 1	265	3 \pm 1	375	2 \pm 1
12/14/82	305	<1	395	<1	345	4 \pm 1	375	3 \pm 1	355	5 \pm 1
12/21/82	300	2 \pm 1	280	2 \pm 1	340	5 \pm 1	305	4 \pm 1	300	6 \pm 1
12/28/82	295	1 \pm 1	315	1 \pm 1	345	3 \pm 1	325	3 \pm 1	245	2 \pm 1

* Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m³ unless otherwise noted.

(a) See Listing of Missed Samples page.

No power. Data based on an estimated average volume for the week.

DONALD C. COOK

AIRBORNE IODINE-131* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
(Weekly Collections)

Collection Date	Gross Beta 10 ⁻² pCi/m ³										
	ON-SITE 6		Collection Date	NEW BUFFALO		SOUTH BEND		DOWAGIAC		COLOMA	
	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta		Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta
01/04/82	345	5±1	01/02/82	380	7±1	335	5±1	370	6±1	335	7±1
01/12/82	395	8±1	01/09/82	365	6±1	310	5±1	(a)		(a)	
01/18/82	350	3±1	01/17/82	450	5±1	335	10±1	720	3±1	670	2±1
01/26/82	400	5±1	01/23/82	330	6±1	(a)		370	4±1	(a)	
02/02/82	375	6±1	01/30/82	390	4±1	600	2±1	385	1±1	660	5±1
02/09/82	390	7±1	02/06/82	380	4±1	365	4±1	385	1±1	350	3±1
02/16/82	385	2±1	02/13/82	410	5±1	375	7±1	395	<1	345	1±1
02/23/82	380	5±1	02/20/82	360	3±1	365	3±1	405	5±1	295	2±1
03/02/82	380	5±1	02/27/82	385	3±1	385	4±1	470	3±1	345	3±1
03/09/82	385	4±1	03/06/82	370	3±1	345	2±1	440	1±1	345	2±1
03/16/82	375	4±1	03/13/82	345	5±1	380	5±1	335	4±1	315	3±1
03/23/82	360	1±1	03/20/82	330	1±1	325	1±1	300	1±1	385	1±1
03/30/82	365	4±1	03/27/82	375	2±1	365	3±1	315	2±1	425	<1
04/06/82	360	3±1	04/03/82	360	1±1	340	2±1	325	3±1	370	1±1
04/13/82	375	5±1	04/10/82	445	5±1	375	5±1	325	6±1	440	4±1
04/20/82	340	3±1	04/17/82	355	2±1	360	3±1	340	2±1	405	3±1
04/27/82	330	6±1	04/24/82	390	6±1	320	6±1	320	5±1	495	4±1
05/04/82	335	5±1	05/01/82	355	4±1	330	<1	345	3±1	470	2±1
05/11/82	335	4±1	05/08/82	345	3±1	330	3±1	330	5±1	515	1±1
05/18/82	345	5±1	05/15/82	350	5±1	335	1±1	365	4±1	580	2±1
05/25/82	370	2±1	05/21/82	340	2±1	335	1±1	325	2±1	360	2±1
06/01/82	345	3±1	05/29/82	365	2±1	330	1±1	325	2±1	415	1±1
06/08/82	315	3±1	06/05/82	310	3±1	360	3±1	320	3±1	420	3±1
06/15/82	300	4±1	06/12/82	325	3±1	355	3±1	365	3±1	405	3±1
06/22/82	310	2±1	06/19/82	340	3±1	340	4±1	360	3±1	340	3±1
06/29/82	310	4±1	06/26/82	340	3±1	315	3±1	395	1±1	390	2±1

* Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m³ unless otherwise noted.
(a) See Listing of Missed samples page.

DONALD C. COOK

AIRBORNE IODINE-131* and GROSS BETA in AIR PARTICULATE FILTERS
(Weekly Collections)Gross Beta 10^{-2} pCi/m³

ON-SITE 6			NEW BUFFALO			SOUTH BEND		DOWAGIAC		COLOMA	
Collection Date	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Collection Date	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta	Volume (m ³)	Gross Beta
07/06/82	320	4±1	07/03/82	335	4±1	405	5±1	410	4±1	420	5±1
07/13/82	325	5±1	07/10/82	340	4±1	375	5±1	415	4±1	445	6±1
07/20/82	330	4±1	07/17/82	355	4±1	385	4±1	405	4±1	625	3±1
07/27/82	335	5±1	07/24/82	400	2±1	380	3±1	405	2±1	625	2±1
08/03/82	360	4±1	07/31/82	375	4±1	310	4±1	430	3±1	640	3±1
08/10/82	365	4±1	08/07/82	385	4±1	400	5±1	435	4±1	690	3±1
08/17/82	555	1±1	08/14/82	385	1±1	465	<1	415	2±1	640	2±1
08/24/82	605	2±1	08/21/82	395	3±1	570	2±1	505	2±1	455	3±1
08/31/82	620	3±1	08/28/82	370	2±1	590	3±1	475	4±1	265	3±1
09/07/82	565	2±1	09/07/82	420	1±1	510	1±1	415	3±1	320	4±1
09/14/82	610	1±1	09/11/82	440	4±1	600	3±1	455	5±1	360	4±1
09/21/82	235	1±1	09/18/82	305	2±1	300	1±1	295	2±1	350	1±1
09/28/82	230	5±1	09/25/82	300	2±1	285	<1	255	<1	280	<1
10/05/82	240	3±1	10/02/82	295 (a)	<1	315	3±1	310	5±1	265	2±1
10/12/82	240	2±1	10/09/82	400	2±1	335	2±1	340	4±1	310	<1
10/19/82	280	2±1	10/16/82	630	<1	335	<1	360	<1	300	1±1
10/26/82	265	2±1	10/23/82	475	2±1	325	2±1	375	1±1	340	<1
11/09/82	345 (a)	<1	11/06/82	480	2±1	330	1±1	345	2±1	340	3±1
11/12/82	275	4±1	10/30/82	510	2±1	330	3±1	390	<1	310	3±1
11/16/82	360	4±1	11/13/82	415	5±1	290	3±1	320	5±1	380	4±1
11/23/82	405	5±1	11/20/82	400	<1	250	1±1	345	3±1	320	5±1
11/30/82	445	1±1	11/27/82	355	5±1	350 (a)	2±1	360	2±1	450	<1
12/07/82	410	2±1	12/04/82	325	3±1	310	5±1	340	1±1	360	3±1
12/14/82	375	4±1	12/11/82	340	3±1	375	3±1	345	<1	355	2±1
12/21/82	390	4±1	12/18/82	350	2±1	485	1±1	360	1±1	210	3±1
12/28/82	425	2±1	12/25/82	335	4±1	410	3±1	350	<1	320	5±1

* Iodine cartridges are sampled weekly. Concentrations are <0.10 pCi/m³ unless otherwise noted.
(a) Power failure. Date based on an estimated average weekly volume.

1982
DONALD C. COOK

GAMMA ISOTOPIC ANALYSIS OF MONTHLY AIR PARTICULATE COMPOSITES

Month	Indicator Stations		Background Stations	
	pCi/m ³		pCi/m ³	
	Be-7	Other γ	Be-7	Other γ
January	0.06±0.01	<0.01	0.09±0.01	<0.01
February	0.07±0.01	<0.01	0.12±0.01	<0.01
March	0.09±0.01	<0.01	0.07±0.01	<0.01
April	0.09±0.01	<0.01	0.18±0.02	<0.01
May	0.10±0.01	<0.01	0.13±0.02	<0.01
June	0.19±0.10	<0.01	0.20±0.12	<0.01
July	0.21±0.11	<0.01	0.14±0.09	<0.01
August	0.09±0.05	<0.01	0.14±0.09	<0.01
September	<0.07	<0.01	0.11±0.04	<0.01
October	<0.1	<0.01	<0.2	<0.01
November	<0.1	<0.01	<0.2	<0.01
December	0.03±0.01	<0.01	0.07±0.02	<0.01

STRONTIUM 89 AND STRONTIUM 90 ANALYSIS OF
QUARTERLY AIR PARTICULATE COMPOSITES

Collection Period	Indicator Stations		Background Stations	
	pCi/m ³		pCi/m ³	
	Sr-89	Sr-90	Sr-89	Sr-90
1st Quarter	<0.002	<0.001	<0.002	<0.001
2nd Quarter	<0.002	<0.001	<0.002	<0.001
3rd Quarter	<0.002	<0.001	<0.002	<0.001
4th Quarter	<0.002	<0.001	<0.002	<0.001

DONALD C. COOK

Sr-89*/90 and I-131 CONCENTRATIONS in MILK SAMPLES
(Monthly Collection)

Collection Site:	Indicator Stations			Background Stations	
	Bridgman K2	Stevensville K1	Gallien	Dowagiac K1	South Bend K1
Collection Date	I-131 pCi/l				
01/09/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
02/06/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
03/06/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
04/17/82	<0.6(a)	<0.7(a)	<0.7(a)	<0.7(a)	<0.7(a)
05/08/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
06/12/82	<0.9(a)	<0.9(a)	<0.9(a)	<0.9(a)	<0.9(a)
07/10/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
08/07/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
09/04/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	(b)
10/09/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
11/06/82	<0.5	<0.5	(b)	<0.5	<0.5
12/04/82	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5
Sr-90 pCi/l					
01/09/82	2±1	1±1	1±1	2±1	3±1
02/06/82	2±1	2±1	2±1	5±1	2±1
03/06/82	3±2	4±1	3±2	6±1	2±1
04/17/82	2±1	2±1	4±1	5±1	2±1
05/08/82	2±1	2±1	3±1	7±1	3±1
06/12/82	3±1	2±1	2±1	2±1	3±1
07/10/82	12±1	7±1	8±1	1±1	1±1
08/07/82	1±1	3±1	2±1	2±1	1±1
09/04/82	3±1	4±1	4±1	4±1	(b)
10/09/82	9±1	9±1	6±1	11±1	10±1
11/06/82	5±1	12±1	(b)	11±1	7±1
12/04/82	6±1	8±1	7±1	7±1	8±1

* Sr-89 was determined on each sample and was <5 pCi/l unless otherwise noted.

(a) Too much decay for lower sensitivity requirement between collection date and receipt of samples at lab.

(b) Sample not available see listing of missed.

DONALD C. COOK

RADIONUCLIDES in MILK SAMPLES
(Monthly Collections)

Collection Site:	Indicator Stations			Background Stations	
	Bridgman K2	Stevensville K1	Galien	Dowagiac K1	South Bend K1
Collection Date	Cs-137 pCi/l				
01/09/82	<10	<10	<10	16±3	<10
02/06/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
03/06/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
04/17/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
05/08/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
06/12/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
07/10/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
08/07/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
09/04/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	(a)
10/09/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
11/06/82	<10	<10	(a)	<10	<10
12/04/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Other Gamma Emitters pCi/l					
01/09/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
02/06/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
03/06/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
04/07/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
05/08/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
06/12/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
07/10/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
08/07/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
09/04/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	(a)
10/09/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
11/06/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
12/04/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

(a) Sample was not available. See listing of missed samples.

1982
DONALD C. COOK

GAMMA ISOTOPIC ANALYSIS OF PRECIPITATION SAMPLES
(Monthly Collections)

Collection Sites:	<u>Indicator</u>		<u>Background</u>	
<u>Collection Period</u>	<u>pCi/l</u>	<u>nCi/m²</u>	<u>pCi/l</u>	<u>nCi/m²</u>
January	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.4
February	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.5
March	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.3
April	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.2
May	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.2
June	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.2
July	<10	<0.2	<10	<0.2
August	<10	<0.3	<10	<0.3
September	<10	<0.2	<10	<0.2
October	<10	<0.2	<10	<0.2
November	<10	<0.2	<10	<0.2
December	<10	<0.2	<10	<0.2

RADIOSTRONTIUM CONCENTRATIONS IN PRECIPITATION SAMPLES
(Semiannual Analysis on Composites of Monthlys)

<u>Collection Period</u>	<u>Indicator</u>		<u>Background</u>	
	<u>pCi/l</u>		<u>pCi/l</u>	
	<u>Sr-89</u>	<u>Sr-90</u>	<u>Sr-89</u>	<u>Sr-90</u>
1st semi annual 82	<2	<1	<2	<1
2nd semi annual 82	<2	<3*	<2	<2*

*lower sensitivity due to low chemical recovery

DONALD C. COOK

RADIONUCLIDES IN WELL WATER SAMPLES
(18-week Interval Collections)

Collection Site:	Background Stations			Indicator Stations			
	<u>ONS 1</u>	<u>ONS 2</u>	<u>ONS 3</u>	<u>ONS 4</u>	<u>ONS 5</u>	<u>ONS 6</u>	<u>ONS 7</u>
<u>Collection Date</u>	<u>Gamma Emitters pCi/l</u>						
01/28,02/04/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
06/03/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
10/14/82	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10

	<u>Tritium pCi/l</u>						
01/28, 02/04/82	<1000	<1000	<1000	2100±400	2100±400	1100±400	<1000
06/03/82	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000
10/14/82	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000	<1000

1982
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GAMMA EMITTERS IN LAKE WATER SAMPLES
(Monthly Composites of Indicator and Background Stations)

Month	Gamma Emitters pCi/l/nuclide	
	Indicator Composite	Background Composite
January	<10	<10
March	<10	<10
April	<10	<10
May	<10	<10
June	<10	<10
July	<10	<10
August	<10	<10
September	<10	<10
October	<10	<10
November	<10	<10
December	<10	<10

TRITIUM IN LAKE WATER SAMPLES
(Quarterly Composites of Monthly Samples)

Quarter	Tritium pCi/l	
	Indicator Stations	Background Stations
1st	300±100	200±100
2nd	<200	<200
3rd	<200	<200
4th	<200	<200

RADIONUCLIDES IN AQUATIC ORGANISMS
(Semiannual Collections when Available)

Location	Collection Date	pCi/g (wet)			
		Sr-89	Sr-90	Ce-144	Other γ
North - on-site	05/25/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
North - off-site	05/25/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
South - on-site	05/25/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
South - off-site	05/25/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
North - on site	10/22/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
North - off site	10/22/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
South - on site	10/26/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1
South - off site	10/26/82	<0.05	<0.005	<1	<1

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RADIONUCLIDES IN SEDIMENT SAMPLES
(Semiannual Collections)

Collection Site	Collection Date	pCi/g (dry)		
		Gamma Emitters	Sr-89	Sr-90
N ONS	04/27/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S ONS	04/27/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N OFS	04/27/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S OFS	04/27/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S OFS	05/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S ONS	05/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N OFS	05/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N ONS	05/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N ONS	10/12/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S ONS	10/12/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N OFS	10/12/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S OFS	10/12/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005

RADIONUCLIDES IN FISH SAMPLES
(Semiannual Collections)

Collection Site	Collection Date	pCi/g (wet)		
		Gamma Emitters	Sr-89	Sr-90
N ONS	04/14/82	<1	<0.05	0.017±0.012
S ONS	04/14/82	<1	<0.05	0.020±0.007
N OFS	04/14/82	<1	<0.05	0.016±0.013
S OFS	04/14/82	<1	<0.05	0.027±0.016
N ONS	10/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S ONS	10/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
N OFS	10/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005
S OFS	10/25/82	<1	<0.05	<0.005

RADIONUCLIDES IN FOOD CROPS
(Annual Fall Harvest Collection)

Collection Site:		ON Site	OFF Site
Collection Date	Sample Type	pCi/g (wet)	
		Gamma Emitters	
09/82	Grapes		<1
09/82	Leaves		<1
09/82	Grapes	<1	
09/82	Leaves	<1	

DONALD C. COOK

GAMMA RADIATION
(Quarterly)

(Measured using Thermoluminiscent Dosimeters)

Date Annealed:
Date Read:

12/16/81
04/06-08/82

03/17/82
07/01-02/82

06/16/82
10/07/82

09/15/82
01/07/83

1st Qtr.		2nd Qtr.		3rd Qtr.		4th Qtr.	
Main	Backup	Main	Backup	Main	Backup	Main	Backup
TLD	TLD	TLD	TLD	TLD	TLD	TLD	TLD

Location	Measured mR/week							
Indicator Stations								
On-Site 1	1.2±0.1	1.5±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.2±0.2	1.0±0.3	0.8±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.3
On-Site 2	1.5±0.4	1.3±0.2	1.3±0.1	1.1±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.2	1.1±0.3	1.1±0.2
On-Site 3	1.4±0.4	1.5±0.3	1.3±0.3	1.1±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.2
On-Site 4	1.3±0.4	1.2±0.3	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.2	0.8±0.1	0.6±0.2	0.9±0.2	0.9±0.1
On-Site 5	1.3±0.4	1.3±0.1	1.2±0.1	1.2±0.3	0.9±0.1	0.9±0.1	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.1
On-Site 6	1.2±0.3	1.4±0.5	1.3±0.2	missing	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.1
On-Site 7	1.6±0.9	1.4±0.4	missing	missing	0.9±0.2	0.9±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.1±0.1
On-Site 8	1.3±0.3	1.2±0.2	1.0±0.1	1.1±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.0±0.1
On-Site 9	1.7±0.5	1.4±0.5	1.2±0.3	1.0±0.2	1.2±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.0±0.2
Background Stations								
Coloma	1.6±0.9	1.4±0.1	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.4	0.9±0.2	0.8±0.1	1.0±0.1	0.9±0.1
Dowagiac	1.5±0.5	1.7±0.7	1.3±0.4	1.1±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.0±0.2	0.9±0.1
New Buffalo	1.7±1.0	1.3±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.0±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.0±0.1
South Bend	1.8±0.9	1.2±0.2	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.2	0.9±0.1	1.0±0.2	1.0±0.1	1.1±0.1
Off-Site- 1	1.5±0.5	1.6±1.5	1.1±0.3	1.1±0.2	0.8±0.2	0.8±0.2	1.1±0.1	1.0±0.2
Off-Site- 2	1.1±0.4	1.3±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.1±0.3	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.0±0.1	1.1±0.1
Off-Site- 3	1.5±0.2	1.5±0.4	1.2±0.5	1.0±0.3	0.9±0.1	0.8±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.0±0.2
Off-Site- 4	1.6±0.5	1.5±0.4	1.1±0.1	1.2±0.1	1.1±0.1	0.9±0.2	1.0±0.1	1.1±0.3
Off-Site- 5	1.4±0.4	1.4±0.5	1.0±0.3	1.2±0.2	0.9±0.1	0.9±0.2	1.1±0.1	1.1±0.2
Off-Site- 6	1.6±0.8	1.4±0.2	1.2±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.1	0.9±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.2
Off-Site- 7	1.7±0.5	1.4±0.4	1.1±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.1	0.9±0.1	1.3±0.1	1.1±0.2
Off-Site- 8	1.3±0.3	1.4±0.1	1.2±0.2	1.1±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.3±0.1	1.2±0.1
Off-Site- 9	1.3±0.3	1.4±0.3	1.1±0.2	1.2±0.1	1.0±0.2	1.0±0.2	1.2±0.3	1.2±0.2
Off-Site-10	1.4±0.4	1.4±0.5	1.0±0.1	1.0±0.2	0.8±0.2	0.9±0.2	1.0±0.1	1.1±0.2

SECTION 6

QUALITY ASSURANCE DATA

TLD Intercomparison Badges
Irradiated by Battelle Northwest Labs

1982

Badge	Total mR less transportation control					
	1st Qtr		2nd Qtr		3rd and 4th Qtr	
	Known	Measured	Known	Measured	Known	Measured
A	22	19.9±7.5	11	9.0±3.3	30	29±4
B	30	26.5±4.2	11	11.5±3.8	30	28±4
C	43	39.2±9.4	27	24.7±3.2	51	49±12
D	62	59.5±9.3	27	25.3±3.8	51	46±7
E	75	72.6±4.4	42	40.7±4.8	73	68±16
F	75	70.0±9.5	42	42.6±5.0	73	64±14
G	80	81.1±18.2	73	69±8	91	90±9
H	80	77.0±13.1	73	72±8	91	88±13
J	100	94.5±13.1	89	80±9	100	95±22
K	100	115.8±10.4	89	80±9	100	96±14

TABLE 3.2

1982 USEPA - EBERLINE INTERCOMPARISON PROGRAM

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Value (EPA)</u>	<u>Value (EIC)</u>	<u>Units</u>
Air Filter	Alpha	25±11	27±2	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Beta	52±8.7	58±2	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Sr-90	16±2.6	24±3	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Cs-137	19±8.7	32±7	pCi/Filter
Air Filter	Alpha	32±8	24±19	pCi/Sample
Air Filter	Beta	67±5	77±10	pCi/Sample
Air Filter	Sr-90	20±1.5	17±4	pCi/Sample
Air Filter	Cs-137	27±5	27±9	pCi/Sample
Food	Sr-89	38±5	15±4	pCi/kg
Food	Sr-90	23±1.5	21±2	pCi/kg
Food	Co-60	30±5	46±16	pCi/kg
Food	Cs-137	33±5	54±14	pCi/kg
Food	K	2730±137	2870±290	pCi/kg
Food	Ba-140	0	<114	pCi/kg
Water	Alpha	21±9.1	20±3	pCi/l
Water	Beta	23±8.7	15±2	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	24±10	22±2	pCi/l
Water	Beta	32±8.7	30±2	pCi/l
Water	Cr-51	34±8.7	44±25	pCi/l
Water	Co-60	22±8.7	24±3	pCi/l
Water	Zn-65	24±8.7	23±4	pCi/l
Water	Ru-106	0	<26	pCi/l
Water	Cs-134	21±8.7	20±2	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	32±8.7	36±3	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	80±35	73±7	pCi/l
Water	Beta	111±8.7	107±6	pCi/l
Water	Co-60	0	<1	pCi/l
Water	Sr-89	21±8.7	25±4	pCi/l
Water	Sr-90	14.4±2.6	16±2	pCi/l
Water	Cs-134	12±8.7	10±2	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	15±8.7	15±2	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	12.7±3.3	11.7±3.5	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	9.2±2.4	12.9±1.6	pCi/l
Water	Gross U	15±10	15±1	pCi/l
Water	Cr-51	0	<58	pCi/l
Water	Co-60	20±9	20±3	pCi/l
Water	Zn-65	15±9	16±4	pCi/l
Water	Ru-106	20±9	<25	pCi/l
Water	Cs-134	22±9	22±2	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	23±9	27±2	pCi/l
Water	I-131	8.4±1.5	<75	pCi/l
Water	Uranium	35±6	26±6	pCi/l
Water	H-3	1820±590	1990±690	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	10±2	11±3	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	9±1	13±2	pCi/l

<u>Sample Type</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Value (EPA)</u>	<u>Value (EIC)</u>	<u>Units</u>
Water	Pu-239	6.7±1.2	5.8±0.2	pCi/l
Water	Sr-89	21±8.7	17±4	pCi/l
Water	Sr-90	12±2.6	10±2	pCi/l
Water	H-3	2860±620	1890±600	pCi/l
Water	ALpha	16±5	16±3	pCi/l
Water	Beta	23±5	16±7	pCi/l
Water	H-3	1830±340	1760±510	pCi/l
Water	H-3	2890±380	2830±820	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	13.4±2.0	13.6±4.0	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	8.7±1.3	9.4±3.6	pCi/l
Water	I-131	4.4±0.7	5.5±1.8	pCi/l
Water	I-131	87±8.7	67±14	pCi/l
Water	Cr-51	23±5	<59	pCi/l
Water	Co-60	29±5	31±3	pCi/l
Water	Zn-65	26±5	29±10	pCi/l
Water	Ru-106	0	<25	pCi/l
Water	Cs-134	35±5	36±3	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	25±5	28±3	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	10.5±1.6	8.4±2.5	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	11.0±1.7	17.7±14.7	pCi/l
Water	Uranium	30±6	24±4	pCi/l
Water	Pu-239	6.9±0.7	7.2±0.4	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	19±8.7	8±4	pCi/l
Water	Beta	24±8.7	24±5	pCi/l
Water	Alpha	55±24	27±13	pCi/l
Water	Beta	81±8.7	64±6	pCi/l
Water	Cs-134	1.8±8.7	<10	pCi/l
Water	Cs-137	20±8.7	16±7	pCi/l
Water	Ra-226	12.5±3.2	11.8±3.5	pCi/l
Water	Ra-228	3.6±0.9	3.4±1.9	pCi/l
Water	Gross Uranium	16±10	9±1	pCi/l
Milk	Sr-89	25±5	12±7	pCi/l
Milk	Sr-90	16±1.5	13±3	pCi/l
Milk	Co-60	30±5	51±9	pCi/l
Milk	Cs-137	28±5	39±19	pCi/l
Milk	Ba-140	0	<489	pCi/l
Milk	K	1500±75	1310±120	mg/l
Milk	I-131	5.4±0.8	6.7±3.1	pCi/l

TABLE 3.4

1982 Quality Control Analyses Summary

The tables below summarize results of samples run for process quality control purposes during the subject year. These listings are in addition to such measurements as detector backgrounds, check source values, radiometric-gravimetric comparisons, system calibrations etc. Detailed listings of each measurement are maintained at the laboratory and are available for inspection if required.

Blank Samples

<u>Nuclide Analyzed</u>	<u>Number of Determinations</u>	<u>Number of Analyses Exceeding the LLD for that Analysis</u>
Gross Alpha	47	0
Gross Beta	37	0
Tritium	75	0
Sr-89-90	26	0
I-131	*	
Am-241	12	0
Pb-210	27	0
Po-210	2	0
Pu-239	37	0
Ra-226	44	0
Fe-55	3	0
Isotopic Uranium	38	0
Isotopic Thorium	17	0

* Blank I-131 analyses are performed with each batch of samples processed.
All blank data were below the detection limit.

Spiked Samples

<u>Nuclide Analyzed</u>	<u>Number of Det'ns</u>	<u>Within 2σ of known</u>	<u>Within 3σ of known</u>	<u>Differing from known by $> 3\sigma$</u>
Gross Alpha	47	47	-	-
Gross Beta	37	37	-	-
Tritium	75	75	-	-
Sr-89-90	26	26	-	-
Am-261	12	12	-	-
Pb-210	27	27	-	-
Po-210	2	2	-	-
Pu-239	37	37	-	-
Ra-226	44	44	-	-
Fe-55	3	3	-	-
Isotopic Uranium	38	38	-	-
Isotopic Thorium	17	17	-	-

Split Samples

<u>Nuclide Analyzed</u>	<u>Number of Det'ns</u>	<u>No. Agreeing Within 2σ</u>	<u>No. Agreeing Within 3σ</u>	<u>No. Differing by $> 3\sigma$</u>
Gross Alpha	17	17	-	-
Gross Beta	20	20	-	-
Tritium	20	20	-	-
Sr-89-90	7	7	-	-
I-131	2	2	-	-
Gamma Emitters	14	14	-	-
Pb-210	4	4	-	-
Po-210	2	2	-	-
Pu-239	3	3	-	-
Am-241	2	2	-	-
Isotopic Thorium	3	3	-	-
Isotopic Uranium	16	16	-	-
Ra-226	13	13	-	-