

REGULATORY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

ACCESSION NBR: 8205260069 DOC. DATE: 82/05/19 NOTARIZED: NO DOCKET #
 FACIL: 50-397 WPPSS Nuclear Project, Unit 2, Washington Public Power 05000397
 AUTH. NAME AUTHOR AFFILIATION
 BOUCHEY, G.D. Washington Public Power Supply System
 RECIP. NAME RECIPIENT AFFILIATION
 SCHWENCER, A. Licensing Branch 2

SUBJECT: Forwards revised response to NRC Question 361.016 re ground motion. Response informally transmitted on 820510 & will be incorporated into FSAR Amend 27.

DISTRIBUTION CODE: B001S COPIES RECEIVED: LTR 1 ENCL 1 SIZE: 35
 TITLE: PSAR/FSAR AMDTS and Related Correspondence

NOTES:

RECIPIENT ID CODE/NAME	COPIES LTR ENCL	RECIPIENT ID CODE/NAME	COPIES LTR ENCL
A/D LICENSNG	1 0	LIC BR #2 BC	1 0
LIC BR #2 LA	1 0	AULUCK, R. 01	1 1
INTERNAL: ELD/HDS2	1 0	IE FILE	1 1
IE/DEP EPDS 35	1 1	IE/DEP/EPLB 36	3 3
MPA	1 0	NRR/DE/CEB 11	1 1
NRR/DE/eqB 13	3 3	NRR/DE/GB 28	2 2
NRR/DE/HGEB 30	2 2	NRR/DE/MEB 18	1 1
NRR/DE/MTEB 17	1 1	NRR/DE/QAB 21	1 1
NRR/DE/SAB 24	1 1	NRR/DE/SEB 25	1 1
NRR/DHFS/HFEB40	1 1	NRR/DHFS/LQB 32	1 1
NRR/DHFS/OLB 34	1 1	NRR/DHFS/PTRB20	1 1
NRR/DSI/AEB 26	1 1	NRR/DSI/ASB 27	1 1
NRR/DSI/CPB 10	1 1	NRR/DSI/CSB 09	1 1
NRR/DSI/ETSB 12	1 1	NRR/DSI/ICSB 16	1 1
NRR/DSI/PSB 19	1 1	NRR/DSI/RAB 22	1 1
NRR/DSI/RSB 23	1 1	NRR/DST/LGB 33	1 1
REG FILE 04	1 1	RGN5	2 2
EXTERNAL: ACRS 41	16 16	BNL (AMDTs ONLY)	1 1
FEMA-REP DIV 39	1 1	LPDR 03	1 1
NRC PDR 02	1 1	NSIC 05	1 1
NTIS	1 1		

TOTAL NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED: LTR 63 ENCL 58

Washington Public Power Supply System

P.O. Box 968 3000 George Washington Way Richland, Washington 99352 (509) 372-5000

May 19, 1982
G02-82-454
SS-L-02-CDT-82-060

Docket No. 50-397


Mr. A. Schwencer, Chief
Licensing Branch No. 2
Division of Licensing
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20555

Dear Mr. Schwencer:

Subject: NUCLEAR PROJECT NO. 2
REVISED RESPONSE TO NRC QUESTION 361.016

Enclosed are sixty (60) copies of the revised response to NRC Question 361.016. This response was informally transmitted to the NRC on May 10, 1982, and will be incorporated into FSAR Amendment 27.

Very truly yours,



G. D. Bouche
Deputy Director, Safety and Security

CDT/jca
Enclosures

cc: R. Auluck - NRC
WS Chin - BPA
R. Feil - NRC Site

Boo1
S.11

8205260069
f

Question 361.16

Estimate the ground motion (including high frequencies) assuming a magnitude $M_L = 4.0$ (largest swarm event in the Columbia Plateau) occurred at a distance of 3 to 5 kilometers from the site. Compare the response spectra from this event to the SSE response spectra. Also, state your position on how large and close a potential swarm earthquake could come to the site.

RESPONSE

Maximum Swarm Event

Based on the analysis of the Columbia Plateau seismicity presented in Appendix 2.5J to the WNP-2 FSAR, the maximum magnitude associated with shallow seismicity that can be expected to occur within the Columbia River Basalts in close proximity to the site (<5 km) is approximately $M_C 3.0$. As requested, estimates of the ground motions resulting from a magnitude $M_L = 4.0$ earthquake occurring at a distance of 3 to 5 km from the site are provided below.

Approach

The ground motions at the WNP-2 site resulting from small magnitude near field earthquakes are estimated using an empirical approach. The approach used is as follows:

- A data set was developed of accelerograms recorded during magnitude $M_L 4.0 \pm 0.2$ earthquakes. The criteria used for selection were similar site conditions to the WNP-2 site (deep, stiff soils) and good quality data for earthquake magnitude and location.

- Using the selected data set, an attenuation relationship was developed for peak ground acceleration. This relationship was used to estimate the peak horizontal accelerations resulting from a magnitude 4 earthquake occurring at a distance of 3 to 5 km from the site.
- The spectral content of the ground motions was estimated by developing a median spectral shape for ground motions recorded at hypocentral distances less than approximately 10 km. This spectral shape was anchored to the estimated peak acceleration to provide an estimate of the spectral accelerations.

Selection of Data Set

In the last 7 years, a large number of small magnitude near field strong ground motion recordings have been obtained, primarily from recordings during 4 aftershock sequences: Oroville, 1975; Friuli, Italy, 1976; Imperial Valley, 1979; and Mammoth Lakes, 1980. Table 361.16-1 lists the available data sets of recordings for earthquakes of magnitude $M_L 4.0 \pm 0.2$. The recordings listed in Table 361.16-1 exist as either digitized but uncorrected accelerograms (including digital recordings) or undigitized film recordings.

All available digitized recordings were obtained for analysis. The accelerograms recorded at hypocentral distances less than approximately 10 km were corrected using standard processing techniques (Trifunac, 1970; Trifunac and Lee, 1973) to remove digitization and long period errors and to correct for instrument response. A time step of 0.005 seconds was used in correcting all of the records to capture the high-frequency motion content of the records. The high pass corner frequency was set at a nominal value of 0.4 Hz. The low pass corner frequency was set at 25 hz for the film recorded accelerograms and 35 Hz for the digitally recorded accelerograms.

1975 Oroville Earthquake. The Oroville earthquake occurred on August 1, 1975, in the western foothills of the Sierra Nevada, California. The main shock was magnitude M_L 5.7 and the focal mechanism was one of primarily normal faulting. Twenty-two recordings were obtained on soil sites for magnitude M_L 4.0 ± 0.2 aftershocks in the distance range of 8 to 15 km. The magnitudes and locations of the aftershocks are generally well constrained.

The site conditions at the recording stations located on soil range from shallow (10 m) stiff soil to deep granular alluvial deposits. All of the soil site records are considered applicable to the conditions at the WNP-2 site and were used in the analysis with the exception of those from station DJR. The soil conditions at the DJR station consist of very shallow (10 m) alluvium layer overlying rock (Toppozada et. al., 1975), which is substantially different from the deep soil deposit at WNP-2.

1976 Friuli, Italy Sequence. The Friuli earthquake sequence occurred during May - September, 1976 in northeastern Italy. The main shock was magnitude M_L 6.2 and three large aftershocks of $M_L \geq 5.9$ were recorded. The focal mechanism for the large events was strike slip. Site conditions at the recording stations located on soil generally consist of stiff soils of varying depths. Fifteen recordings were obtained on soil sites for magnitude M_L 4.0 ± 0.2 earthquakes. The location accuracy of the earthquakes is not well defined but may be of the order of ± 5 km. Because of the possible large errors in the location of the events, the recordings from Friuli were not used in the analysis.

1979 Imperial Valley Earthquake. The Imperial Valley earthquake (M_L 6.6, M_S 6.9) occurred on October 15, 1979. The primary focal mechanism for the main shock was strike slip. The recordings obtained for magnitude M_L 4 events are currently being digitized and processed by the USGS and are not yet available in digitized form. Only peak amplitudes scaled from the film traces are available.

The site conditions at the recording stations consist of very deep deposits of fine grained soils. The soil conditions in the Imperial Valley appear to be substantially softer than the soil profile at the WNP-2 site. Therefore, the recordings from the Imperial Valley were not used in this study.

1980 Mammoth Lakes Sequence. The Mammoth Lakes Sequence occurred during May - June, 1980, near Mammoth Lakes in the Sierra Nevada, California. The main shock was M_L 6.2 and four large aftershocks of $M_L \geq 5.7$ were recorded. The focal mechanism for the large events was strike slip with a large normal component. Fifty-six recordings were obtained from magnitude M_L 4.0 ± 0.2 earthquakes. The magnitudes and locations of the aftershocks are generally well constrained. The magnitudes used in the analysis consist of an average of the M_L values reported by Berkeley and Cal Tech. The differences between the two reported M_L values for each event are generally less than 1/4 magnitude unit.

The recording stations are underlain by generally coarse alluvial soils and/or glacial till. The depth to rock is not known at any one station but may range from a few meters at station CON to several hundred meters at station FIS. Stations FIS and HCF are located on deep deposits of dense alluvium. Station MGE is located in a narrow valley filled with glacial till and station CON is located at the edge of a narrow valley within 10 m horizontally of outcropping bedrock. Figure 361.16-1 compares the median spectral shapes for magnitude M_L 3.5 to 4.5 recordings at four of the Mammoth Lakes recording stations. The median spectral shape is generally similar for all recording stations except CON. The ground motion recordings obtained at CON generally have a much higher frequency content and also have, on an average, a much higher peak acceleration. The higher peak acceleration and frequency content may be due to site response as the soil deposit is probably only a few meters thick. However, because no direct subsurface information is available, the

recordings obtained at the CON station were conservatively included in the analysis.

In summary, on the basis of similar site conditions to that at the WNP-2 site and the quality of the magnitude and distance determinations, the soil site recordings from Mammoth Lakes and Oroville are considered the most applicable for evaluating ground motions at the WNP-2 site from small magnitude near field events. The records from the Oroville recording station DJR were excluded from the data set due to the shallow soil deposit (10 m). It is possible that records from the Mammoth recording station CON should also be excluded for the same reason. However, as the site conditions at CON have not been documented, the records were included in the analysis. The effects of excluding data from station CON were examined in a sensitivity analysis. The selected data set including CON consists of 76 recordings in the distance range of 4 to 26 km.. Figure 361.16-2 shows the variation of uncorrected peak acceleration with distance for the selected data set.

The entire data set was used to develop an attenuation relationship for magnitude M_L 4.0 earthquake ground motions. The near field spectral content of M_L 4.0 ground motions was evaluating using a subset of the selected data consisting of 37 recordings obtained at distances less than approximately 10 km.

Attenuation of Peak Horizontal Acceleration

The attenuation relationship for peak horizontal acceleration, a , for magnitude 4 earthquakes is assumed to be of the form:

$$\ln a = A + B \ln (R + C) \quad (1)$$

where R is hypocentral distance and A, B, and C are constants. Nonlinear regression techniques were used to fit equation (1) to the selected data set. The resulting attenuation equation is:

$$\ln a(g) = 40.58 - 10.03 R \text{ (km)} + 67.4 \quad (2)$$

with a standard deviation of $\ln a$ of 0.70. The above regression equation is superimposed on the data in Figure 361.16-3. At distances of 3 and 5 km, the median and 84th percentile peak accelerations obtained using equation (2) are:

Hypocentral Distance <u>(km)</u>	<u>Peak Acceleration (g's)</u>	
	<u>Median</u>	<u>84th percentile</u>
3	0.12	0.25
5	0.09	0.19

Because the data are available only in a relatively narrow distance band and there is a large dispersion in the measured accelerations, large variations in the parameters of the attenuation equation produce little change in the error of estimation. Since the available data do not adequately constrain the attenuation relationship, some constraints must be imposed based on previous experience in evaluating attenuation of ground motions. A logical choice is to constrain the far field rate of attenuation (parameter B) based on studies using data from a wider range of distances than available in the small magnitude data set selected for this study.

Appendix 2.5K to the WNP-2 FSAR presents a general attenuation relationship developed for seismic exposure analysis of the plant site from data in the magnitude range 4 to 7 and distances up to 100 km. The results of that study indicate that the far field slope of the attenuation relationship (parameter B) should be

-1.89. The regression analysis was repeated with parameter B fixed at -1.89. The resulting attenuation equation is:

$$\ln a = 2.02 - 1.89 \ln (R + 4.9) \quad (3)$$

with a standard deviation of 0.71. Figure 316.16-4 compares the median and 16th percentile attenuation equations with the recorded data. The predicted peak accelerations at 3 and 5 km are:

Hypocentral Distance (km)	Peak Acceleration (g's)	
	<u>Median</u>	<u>84th percentile</u>
3	0.15	0.31
5	0.10	0.20

These values represent uncorrected peak accelerations. Corrected peak accelerations are 6 percent lower on an average. The corrected accelerations corresponding to the above tabulated values were used to anchor the response spectrum shape described later in this response.

As discussed above, the site conditions at station CON probably consist of only a few meters of alluvium overlying rock, substantially different from those at WNP-2. The impact of the data from station CON on the predicted peak accelerations was examined by repeating the regression analysis with the 22 data points from station CON removed from the data set. The predicted peak accelerations at 3 and 5 km are reduced by approximately 20 percent for the reduced data set.

The sensitivity of the predicted peak accelerations to the imposed constraints was examined by utilizing constraints suggested by the results of three recent studies. Campbell (1981) suggests that the far field rate of attenuation for

magnitude 5 to 7.5 earthquakes should be constrained to -1.75. Idriss (1982) varies the rate of attenuation with magnitude, but imposes a constant value of parameter $C = 20$ for all magnitudes. Joyner and Boore (1981) impose a magnitude independent form which results in an increasing rate of attenuation with increasing distance. Using each of the above constraints, an attenuation equation was obtained for the M_L 4.0 data set. The predicted 84th percentile accelerations at distances of 3 and 5 km are tabulated below.

<u>Relationship</u>	<u>84th Percentile Peak Acceleration (g's)</u>	
	<u>3 km</u>	<u>5 km</u>
Campbell (1981) B = -1.75	0.31	0.20
Idriss (1982) C = 20.0	0.28	0.20
Joyner and Boore (1981)	0.15	0.12

The predicted peak accelerations are comparable or lower than the results obtained in this study.

Spectral Content

The spectral content of the ground motions was estimated by developing a median spectral shape for the near field recordings.

The effect of distance on spectral shape was examined by computing a median spectral shape for two distance bands, 5 to 7.5 km and 7.6 to 10.5 km. Only records from the Mammoth Lakes sequence were included in this comparison as there were no Oroville aftershocks recorded at distances less than 8 km for magnitude 4.0 ± 0.2 events. Figure 361.16-5 compares the two spectral shapes. As can be seen, they are essentially identical. Consequently, all records in the distance range 0 to 10.5 km were combined to derive a median spectral shape.

Figure 361.16-6 shows the median spectral shapes for the combined Oroville - Mammoth Lakes data set for damping ratios of 2 percent, 5 percent and 7 percent.

The estimated absolute spectral accelerations were obtained by multiplying the median spectral shapes shown in Figure 361.16-6 by the estimated corrected peak accelerations at distances of 3 and 5 km. The attenuation relationship given previously was developed for uncorrected peak acceleration. The average ratio of corrected to uncorrected peak acceleration for records in the distance range of 0 to 10.5 km is 0.94. The corresponding corrected peak accelerations at distances of 3 and 5 km are:

<u>Distance</u> <u>(km)</u>	<u>Corrected Peak Acceleration (g's)</u>	
	<u>Median</u>	<u>84th percentile</u>
3	0.14	0.29
5	0.09	0.19

Multiplying the above corrected accelerations by the median spectral shape, median and 84th percentile response spectra are obtained. Figures 361.16-7 through 361.16-9 compare the resulting response spectra at distances of 3 to 5 km with the 0.25 g SSE spectrum for 2 percent, 5 percent, and 7 percent spectral damping, respectively. As can be seen, the 0.25 g SSE spectrum is only exceeded for frequencies greater than 10 Hz. It is noted that multiplication of the median peak accelerations by the 84th percentile spectral shape results in lower absolute spectral accelerations than those shown on Figures 361.16-7 through 361.16-9 for periods less than 0.3 seconds. This is because the dispersion in peak acceleration is greater than the dispersion in spectral shape.

Energy Content

The severity of the ground motions from small magnitude earthquakes can be evaluated by comparing their frequency, energy content, and significant duration with the frequency, energy content and significant duration of motions recorded during a moderate-magnitude earthquake. Data from the 1971 M_L 6.4 San Fernando earthquake have been used for this comparison.

Figure 361.16-10 shows a plot of peak acceleration vs. total energy content (measured by the square of the acceleration integrated over the duration of shaking) for the M_L 4.0 ± 0.2 soil recordings at 4 to 10.5 km and soil site recordings from the M_L 6.4 San Fernando earthquake at distances of 7 to 40 km. For comparable levels of peak acceleration, the energy content of the M_L 4.0 recordings is an order of magnitude lower than the San Fernando recordings. This is due in large part to the short duration of shaking for the small magnitude earthquakes. The significant duration (defined as the time required to transmit 5 to 95 percent of the energy content of the accelerogram) ranges from 1 to 5 seconds for the M_L 4.0 recordings as compared to from 12 to 25 seconds for the San Fernando recordings.

The frequencies at which the recordings contain energy can be examined by passing the accelerograms through a low-pass filter having a corner frequency of 9 Hz. Computation of the energy of the filtered records indicates that nearly half of the energy content of the M_L 4.0 recordings is at frequencies greater than 9 Hz, while only 5 percent of the energy of the M_L 6.4 San Fernando recordings is at frequencies greater than 9 Hz.

The low energy content, short duration, and high frequency nature of ground motions from these small magnitude earthquakes indicate that they have a much lesser engineering significance than ground motions from moderate to large magnitude earthquakes.

Structural Response

The scope of this study involved the estimation of ground motions associated with a magnitude $M_L = 4.0$ earthquake occurring at distances of from 3 to 5 km from the WNP-2 site. The ground motion estimates are provided in terms of peak acceleration, spectral acceleration and energy content. In addition, analyses were performed to compare the response of the reactor building to the estimated M_L 4.0 ground motions with the response of the reactor building to the SSE design ground motion.

Two types of structural response analyses were performed: a response spectrum analysis and a time history analysis of the reactor building in the horizontal direction. For the response spectrum analysis, the input consists of the 84th percentile response spectra at a distance of 3 km (the upper solid curve in Figures 361.16-7 through 361.16-9). The input for the time history analysis consists of 3 accelerograms typical of small magnitude ground motions. The selected accelerograms are shown in Figures 361.16-11 through 361.16-13. Appropriate scaling factors were selected for each accelerogram such that the envelope of the response spectra corresponding to the three accelerograms completely envelopes the 84th percentile response spectra for a magnitude 4.0 earthquake at a distance of 3 km. The selected accelerograms were scaled to the following peak accelerations.

<u>Accelerogram</u>	<u>Scaled Peak Acceleration</u>
A05S00E	0.29g
N07N90E	0.31g
P05S55E	0.23g

The scaled response spectra for the three selected accelerograms are compared with the 84th percentile response spectra in Figure 361.16-14.

The lumped mass response spectrum analysis was used to calculate the moment, shears, and structural accelerations for the reactor building, and the finite element time history analysis was performed to calculate the floor response spectra in the reactor building. The results of these analyses indicate that the responses (moments, shears, accelerations, and the floor response spectra) are below the design basis loads.

REFERENCES

Campbell, K.W., 1981; "Near-Source Attenuation of Peak Horizontal Acceleration," Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America, v. 71, no. 6, pp. 2039-2070, December, 1981.

Idriss, I.M., 1982; "Earthquake Ground Acceleration and Velocities at Close Distances to the Source" paper presented at the 77th Annual Meeting of the Seismological Society of America, Anaheim, California, April 19-21, 1982.

Joyner, W.B., and Boore, D.M., 1981; "Peak Horizontal Acceleration and Velocity from Strong-Motion Records Including Records from the 1979 Imperial Valley, California, Earthquake," Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America, v. 71, no. 6, pp. 2011-2038, December 1981.

Topozada, T.R., Wells, W.M., Power, J.H., Hanks, T.C., 1975; "Strong Motion Accelerograms of the Aftershocks," in Oroville, California, Earthquake 1 August 1975, CDMG Special Report 124, pp. 101-107, 1975.

Trifunac, M.D., 1970; "Low Frequency Digitization Errors and New Method for Zero Base-Line Correction of Strong-Motion Accelerograms," Earthquake Engineering Research Laboratory, EERL 70-07, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California,

Trifunac, M.D., and Lee, V.W., 1973; "Routine Computer Processing of Strong Motion Accelerograms," Earthquake Engineering Research Laboratory, EERL 73-03, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California.

TABLE 361.16 - 1

AVAILABLE STRONG MOTION RECORDINGS FROM MAGNITUDE M_L 3.8 - 4.2 EARTHQUAKES

EARTHQUAKE	DATE			TIME			MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS SITE STAT NO	SITE CLAS	DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL	
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	MD	ML	MS					HYPOC (KM)	EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)			VOL 1 (G)	VOL 2 CM/S/8
OROVILLE AFTERS HOCK D	75	0	3	24	7	9		4.1		6.8	CDMG1 CDHG TEMP STAT 1 AT OROVILLE C	1	ADD	12.3	10.2		D01 N90E D01 N00E		.044 .065	38.2 59.7
											CDMG3 CDHG TEMP STAT 3 AT OROVILLE C	3	ADD	15.0	13.3		D03 N05W B03 S05W		.021 .027	18.6 22.2
											CDMG4 CDHG TEMP STAT 4 AT OROVILLE C	4	ACD	11.4	9.1		D04 N35W B04 S55W		.113 .007	101.1 79.6
											CDMG5 CDHG TEMP STAT 5 AT OROVILLE C	5	ACD	10.0	7.3		D05 S00E B05 N90E		.123 .113	107.3 107.5
											DMC OROVILLE MEDICAL CENTER TEMP	10	ABB	8.3	4.7		D10 N24W D10 S66W		.086 .140	80.6 146.7
											OAP OROVILLE AIRPORT TEMP STAT	11	ACD	12.0	9.9		D11 N90W D11 S00E		.103 .043	100.2 34.2
											EDH EARL BROADBECK HOUSE TEMP STAT OROV	13	ACC	0.0	5.5		D13 N90E D13 N00E		.154 .092	146.8 86.4
OROVILLE AFTERS HOCK P	75	01	6	54	0	9		4.0		0.0	CDMG1 CDHG TEMP STAT 1 AT OROVILLE C	1	ADD	12.2	8.4		P01 N90E P01 N00E		.120 .170	97.1 144.4
											CDMG4 CDHG TEMP STAT 4 AT OROVILLE C	4	ACD	11.5	7.4		P04 N35W P04 S55W		.040 .070	33.2 60.8
											CDMG5 CDHG TEMP STAT 5 AT OROVILLE C	5	ACD	10.4	5.5		P05 S00E P05 N90E		.053 .101	49.3 93.6
											CDMG7 CDHG TEMP STAT 7 AT OROVILLE C	7	ABB	9.0	1.7		P07 N90W P07 S00W		.071 .062	59.6 54.9
											DJR D. JOHNSON RANCH TEMP STAT OROV	9	AAD	10.2	5.2		P09 N90E P09 N00E		.159 .223	137.6 205.2
											DMC OROVILLE MEDICAL CENTER TEMP	10	ABB	9.8	4.4		P10 N24W P10 S66W		.099 .031	90.9 27.4
											OAP OROVILLE AIRPORT TEMP STAT	11	ACD	12.3	0.5		P11 N90W P11 S00E		.030 .030	31.0 32.4
											EDH EARL BROADBECK HOUSE TEMP STAT OROV	13	ACC	9.6	3.0		P13 N90E P13 N00E		.124 .070	116.6 66.3

TABLE 361.16 – 1 (continued)

EARTHQUAKE	DATE			TIME			MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS STAT NO	SITE CLAS	DISTANCE TO:			RUPT' (KM)	RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL	
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	MD	ML	MS					HYPOC (KM)	EPIC (KM)	VOL 1 (G)				VOL 2 CM/S/S	
OROVILLE AFTERS HOCK T	75	926	231	7	4.0		9.4	CDMG1 CDMG TEMP STAT 1 AT OROVILLE C	1	ADD	13.7	10.2				T01 N90E T01 N00E		.091 .079	51.3 67.8		
OROVILLE AFTERS HOCK T	75	926	231	7	4.0		9.4	CDMG4 CDMG TEMP STAT 4 AT OROVILLE C	4	ACD	12.8	8.7				T04 N35W T04 S55W		.050 .083	44.4 74.2		
								CDMG5 CDMG TEMP STAT 5 AT OROVILLE C	5	ACD	11.9	7.4				T05 S00E T05 N90E		.135 .143	97.1 123.2		
								D.R. D. JOHNSON RANCH TEMP STAT OROV	9	ADD	12.0	7.5				T09 N90E T09 N00E		.242 .163	238.8 142.4		
								DMC OROVILLE MEDICAL CENTER TEMP	10	ABD	9.8	2.8				T10 N24W T10 S66W		.081 .086	75.8 83.8		
								DAP OROVILLE AIRPORT TEMP STAT	11	ACD	12.7	8.6				T11 N90W T11 S00E		.051 .052	43.9 51.6		
								EDH EARL BROADBECK HOUSE TEMP STAT OROV	13	ACC	11.2	6.0				T13 N90E T13 N00E		.058 .091	51.7 70.1		
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	515	426	16	4.2		16.0	FORGARIA-CORN., ITALY	8014	ABB	26.5	21.1				F069 NORT F069 EAST		.015 .020			
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	6	1	172	4.2		1.0	FORGARIA-CORN., ITALY	8014	ABD	9.3	9.2				F074 NORT F074 EAST		.024 .023	22.5 21.8		
								TOLMEZZO, ITALY -- ENEL FIXED	8012	ABD	19.6	19.6				F076 NORT F076 EAST		.019 .021			
								TOLMEZZO, ITALY -- ENEL MODILE	8013	ABD	19.6	19.6				F075 NORT F075 EAST		.014 .015			
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	6	9	184	4.2		13.0	FORGARIA-CORN., ITALY	8014	ABD	13.7	4.4				F081 NORT F081 EAST		.072 .064			
								MAIANO A ,ITALY -- FREE FIELD	8016	ACD	16.3	9.8				F086 NORT F086 EAST		.015 .012			
								TOLMEZZO, ITALY -- ENEL FIXED	8012	ABB	18.8	13.6				F083 NORT F083 EAST		.034 .031			
								TOLMEZZO, ITALY -- ENEL MODILE	8013	ABD	18.8	13.6				F082 NORT F082 EAST		.034 .029			
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	714	539	20	4.2		15.0	TARCENTO, ITALY	8011	ABD	22.2	15.6				F113 NORT F113 EAST		.075 .066			
								MAIANO A ,ITALY -- FREE FIELD	8016	ACD	29.3	24.7				F116 NORT F116 EAST		.011 .008			

TABLE 361.16 - 1 (continued)

EARTHQUAKE	DATE		TIME		MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS SITE		DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL	
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	MD	ML	MS	STAT	CLAS	HYPOC (KM)	EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)			VOL 1 (G)	VOL 2 CM/8/8
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	7	15	12	59	0	3.8	1.0	TARCENTO, ITALY	0011	ABB	11.7	11.7		F119 NORT		.033	
															F119 EAST		.045	
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	9	6	19	20	12	4.0	1.0	TOLMEZZO, ITALY	8012	ABB	14.0	14.0		F120 NORT		.021	
									-- ENEL FIXED						F120 EAST		.022	
									DUJA, ITALY	0023	ABC	13.4	13.4		F122 NORT		.033	
															F122 EAST		.023	
FRIULI SEQUENCE	76	9	15	9	45	54	4.1	27.0	TOLMEZZO, ITALY	0013	ABB	33.3	19.5		F180 NORT		.029	
									-- ENEL MODILE						F180 EAST		.018	
									FORDARIA-CORN., ITALY	0014	ABB	27.0			F179 NORT		.029	
															F179 EAST		.044	
IMPERIAL AFTERS	79	10	15	16	10	39	3.0	5.0	DONDS CORNER	5054	ADD	32.2	31.0		A02A S50W		.029	
HOCK A02															A02A S40E		.129	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	942	ADD	11.6	10.5		A02B S50W		.167	
									# 6: HUSTON ROAD						A02B S40E		.113	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	5020	ADD	11.6	10.4		A02C S50W		.027	
									# 7: IMPERIAL VALLEY						A02C S40E		.021	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	950	ADD	12.3	11.3		A02D S50W		.042	
									# 0: 95 EAST CRUICKS						A02D S40E		.039	
									EL CENTRO DIFFERENTI	5165	ADD	13.8	12.9		A02F N00W		.047	
									AL ARRAY: DOGWOOD RD						A02F N90W		.051	
									HOLTVILLE POST	5055	ADD	20.9	20.3		A020 N45W		.026	
									OFFICE						A020 S45W		.037	
IMPERIAL AFTERS	79	10	15	16	25	53	4.0	0.1	DRAWLEY AIRPORT	5060	ADD	19.5	17.7		A05A N45W		.023	
HOCK A05															A05A S45W		.017	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	950	ADD	9.7	5.4		A05B S50W		.026	
									# 0: 95 EAST CRUICKS						A05B S40E		.022	
IMPERIAL AFTERS	79	10	15	16	55	3	4.2	5.0	DRAWLEY AIRPORT	5060	ADD	24.9	24.4		A07A N45W		.074	
HOCK A07															A07A S45W		.062	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	952	ADD	16.0	16.1		A07B S50W		.060	
									# 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD						A07B S40E		.059	
									EL CENTRO ARRAY	942	ADD	14.4	13.5		A07C S50W		.124	
									# 6: HUSTON ROAD						A07C S40E		.079	
IMPERIAL AFTERS	79	10	15	17	22	14	4.2	10.0	DRAWLEY AIRPORT	5060	ADD	10.6	3.5		A10A N45W		.170	
HOCK A10															A10A S45W		.167	

TABLE 361.16 – 1 (continued)

EARTHQUAKE	DATE		TIME		MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS STAT NO	SITE CLAS	DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL.	
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	MD					ML	MS	HYPOC (KM)			EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A10	79	10	15	17	22	14	4.2	10.0	CALIPATRIA FIRE STA (CT40)	5061	DDD	21.6	19.1		A10B N45W	.005		
									EL CENTRO ARRAY # 2: KEYSTONE ROAD	5115	ADD	10.1	15.1		A10C S50W	.010		
															A10C S40W	.017		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A16	79	10	15	18	39	3	4.0	2.0	DRAWLEY AIRPORT	5060	ADD	5.2	4.0		A16A N45W	.080		
															A16A S45W	.028		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A26	79	10	15	23	43	9	4.0	8.0	EL CENTRO ARRAY # 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD	952	ADD	12.1	9.1		A26A S50W	.040		
									EL CENTRO ARRAY # 8: 95 EAST CRUICKS	958	ADD	13.9	11.3		A26D S50W	.047		
															A26D S40E	.033		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A27	79	10	15	23	13	46	4.1	8.0	EL CENTRO ARRAY # 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD	952	ADD	13.2	10.5		A27A S50W	.077		
															A27A S40E	.053		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A32	79	10	16	02	32	4	4.2	9.0	EL CENTRO ARRAY # 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD	952	ADD	11.3	6.9		A32A S50W	.040		
															A32A S40E	.073		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A34	79	10	16	23	64	1	4.0	9.9	EL CENTRO ARRAY # 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD	952	ADD	14.3	10.3		A34A S50W	.077		
															A34A S40E	.047		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A36	79	10	16	5	14	6	4.0	14.4	EL CENTRO ARRAY # 2: KEYSTONE ROAD	5115	ADD	20.1	14.0		A36A S50W	.101		
									EL CENTRO ARRAY # 5: 2801 JAMES ROAD	952	ADD	15.0	4.3		A36D S50W	.137		
															A36D S40E	.153		
IMPERIAL AFTERS HOCK A43	79	10	17	12	14	38	4.1	15.9	DRAWLEY AIRPORT	5060	ADD	19.4	11.2		A43A N45W	.034		
															A43A S45W	.040		
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 9	80	5	27	23	41	4	3.9	7.2	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	8.2	4.0		M009 WEST	.126	115.6	
															M009 SOUT	.075	66.0	
									MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	9.0	5.4		M009 NORT	.060	57.1	
															M009 EAST	.059	56.3	
									FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	9.9	6.8		M009 NORT	.042	40.6	
															M009 EAST	.023	23.5	
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 10	80	5	27	23	57	43	3.9	3.2	FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	9.6	9.1		M010 NORT	.044	43.2	
															M010 EAST	.034	33.3	
									MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	10.4	9.9		M010 NORT	.011	10.9	
															M010 EAST	.014	13.8	
									CASHEAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	15.7	15.4		M010 NORT	.009		
															M010 EAST	.008		

TABLE 361.16 – 1 (continued)

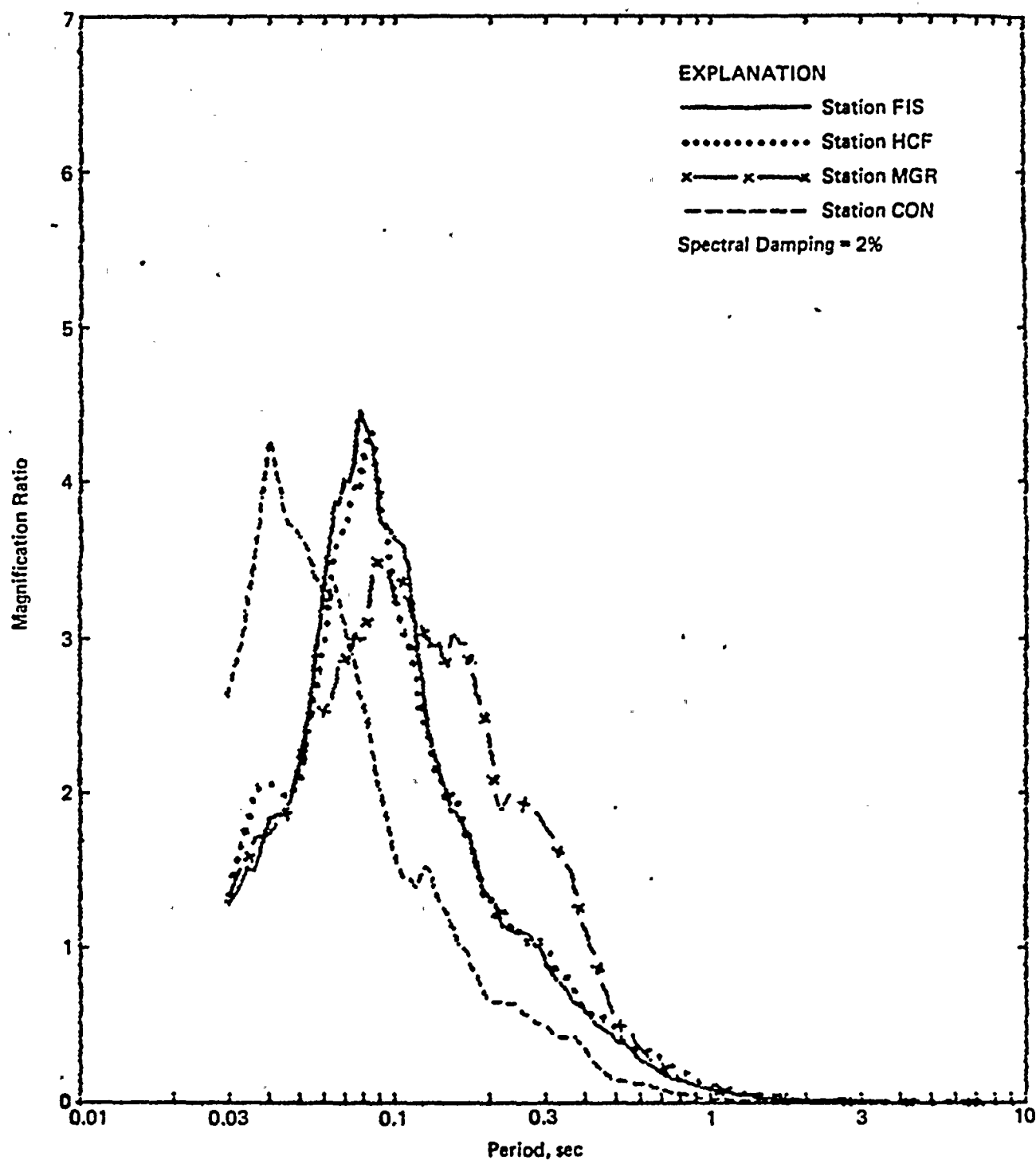
EARTHQUAKE	DATE		TIME	MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS STAT NO	SITE CLAS	DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL	
	Y	M	D	H	M	S					HYPOC (KM)	EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)			VOL 1 (G)	VOL 2 CH/G/S
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 11	80	528	4	258	3.0	4.7	MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	5.0	3.3		M011	NORT	.045	43.8	
													M011	EAST	.037	37.7	
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 11.	80	528	4	258	3.0	4.7	FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	6.4	4.3		M011	NORT	.081	79.3	
													M011	EAST	.081	78.6	
							NOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	9.0	7.7		M011	NORT	.022		
												M011	EAST	.023			
						CASHBAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	11.3	10.3		M011	NORT	.008			
												M011	EAST	.006			
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 12	80	528	422	10	3.0	3.2	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAD	11.8	11.4		M012	WEST	.035		
												M012	SOUT	.025			
							MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	17.1	16.8		M012	NORT	.007		
												M012	EAST	.008			
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 18	80	528	1154	37	4.2	3.4	MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	14.1	13.7		M018	NORT	.042		
												M018	EAST	.029			
							CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	16.3	15.9		M018	WEST	.006		
												M018	SOUT	.005			
							FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	18.9	18.6		M018	NORT	.014		
												M018	EAST	.016			
						CASHDAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	26.1	25.9		M018	NORT	.007			
												M018	EAST	.007			
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 21	80	529	418	52	4.0	11.4	MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	12.2	4.5		M021	NORT	.087		
												M021	EAST	.072			
							CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	13.4	7.2		M021	WEST	.203		
												M021	SOUT	.126			
							FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	14.7	9.3		M021	NORT	.020		
												M021	EAST	.042			
						CASHDAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	19.9	16.4		M021	NORT	.015			
												M021	EAST	.013			
MANHOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 26	80	529	1721	1	4.0	4.2	MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	8.3	7.1		M026	NORT	.052	51.6	
												M026	EAST	.060	57.6		
							CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAD	9.9	8.9		M026	WEST	.065	57.9	
												M026	SOUT	.044	40.4		
						CASHDAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	19.1	18.6		M026	NORT	.008			
												M026	EAST	.006			

TABLE 361.16 – 1 (continued)

EARTHQUAKE	DATE		TIME		MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS STAT NO	SITE CLAS	DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL				
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	MD					ML	MS	HYPOC (KM)			EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)	VOL 1 (G)	VOL 2 CM/G/S	
MANMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 38	80	530	1949	2	3.0	6.3	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	7.4	3.0			M030 WEST	.076	63.7					
														M030 SOUT	.103	92.3					
MANMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 38	80	530	1949	2	3.0	6.3	FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	9.5	7.1			M038 NORT	.028	27.3					
														M038 EAST	.015	13.4					
														MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	10.0	7.0	M030 NORT	.035	52.0
																			M030 EAST	.054	51.5
														HOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	11.2	9.3	M030 NORT	.042	
M030 EAST	.042																				
MANMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 42	80	531	101131	4.1	3.3	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	4.3	2.0			M042 WEST	.112	110.1						
													M042 SOUT	.152	146.8						
													MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	5.1	3.9	M042 NORT	.062	58.1	
																		M042 EAST	.059	58.2	
													FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	5.1	3.9	M042 NORT	.142	140.5	
																		M042 EAST	.055	51.7	
													HOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	0.0	7.3	M042 NORT	.054		
M042 EAST	.036																				
CASHBAUGH RANCH	CBR	ABC	11.6	11.1	M042 NORT	.015															
					M042 EAST	.012															
MANMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 51	80	531	152019	3.9	6.6	MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	7.6	3.7			M051 NORT	.064	60.2						
													M051 EAST	.049	48.3						
													FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	0.0	4.5	M051 NORT	.076	74.6	
																		M051 EAST	.065	61.3	
													CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	0.9	6.0	M051 WEST	.102	89.7	
																		M051 SOUT	.155	152.1	
CASHBAUGH RANCH	CBR	ABC	12.1	10.1	M051 NORT	.030															
					M051 EAST	.020															
MANMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 55	80	531	231529	3.9	11.4	FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	11.5	1.1			M055 NORT	.074							
													M055 EAST	.026							
													CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	11.6	2.3	M055 WEST	.095		
																		M055 SOUT	.067		
													MCGEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	13.2	6.6	M055 NORT	.040		
M055 EAST	.019																				
CASHBAUGH RANCH	CBR	ABC	14.1	0.2	M055 NORT	.047															
					M055 EAST	.045															

TABLE 361.16 - 1 (continued)

EARTHQUAKE	DATE		TIME		MAGNITUDE			DEPTH (KM)	RECORDING STATION	USGS SITE STAT CLAS NO	DISTANCE TO:			RECORD	COMP	PEAK ACCEL					
	Y	M	D	H	M	S	HYPOC (KM)				EPIC (KM)	RUPT (KM)	VOL 1 (G)			VOL 2 CM/S/D					
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 65	00	6	2	102220	4.1		4.6	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	7.4	5.0		M065 WEST M065 SOUT		.097	85.4				
																.083	80.2				
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 65	00	6	2	102220	4.1		4.6	FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	9.6	8.4		M065 NORT M065 EAST		.052	50.3				
								HOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	9.9	8.7		M065 NORT M065 EAST		.032					
								MCCEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	12.0	11.9		M065 NORT M065 EAST		.032	.018				
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 67	00	6	2	203414	3.9		5.0	CONVICT LAKE	CON	AAB	6.3	3.9		M067 WEST M067 SOUT		.113	96.5				
								FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	8.7	7.1		M067 NORT M067 EAST		.037	36.0				
								MCCEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	8.7	7.2		M067 NORT M067 EAST		.044	42.4				
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 112	00	6	7	231752	3.9		4.3	HOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	5.2	3.0		M112 NORT M112 EAST		.071					
								FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	6.0	4.2		M112 NORT M112 EAST		.029	27.0				
								CASHBAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	8.6	7.5		M112 NORT M112 EAST		.020	27.2				
MAMMOTH LAKES DIGITAL NO 113	00	6	8	62527	3.9		8.0	MCCEE CREEK	MGE	AAB	10.0	7.3		M113 NORT M113 EAST		.047					
								FISH AND GAME EXPERIMENTAL STATION	FIS	ABC	12.5	9.6		M113 NORT M113 EAST		.040					
								HOT CREEK FARM	HCF	ABC	14.7	12.4		M113 NORT M113 EAST		.071	.065				
							8.0	CASHBAUGH RANCH	CDR	ABC	10.6	16.0		M113 NORT M113 EAST		.022					

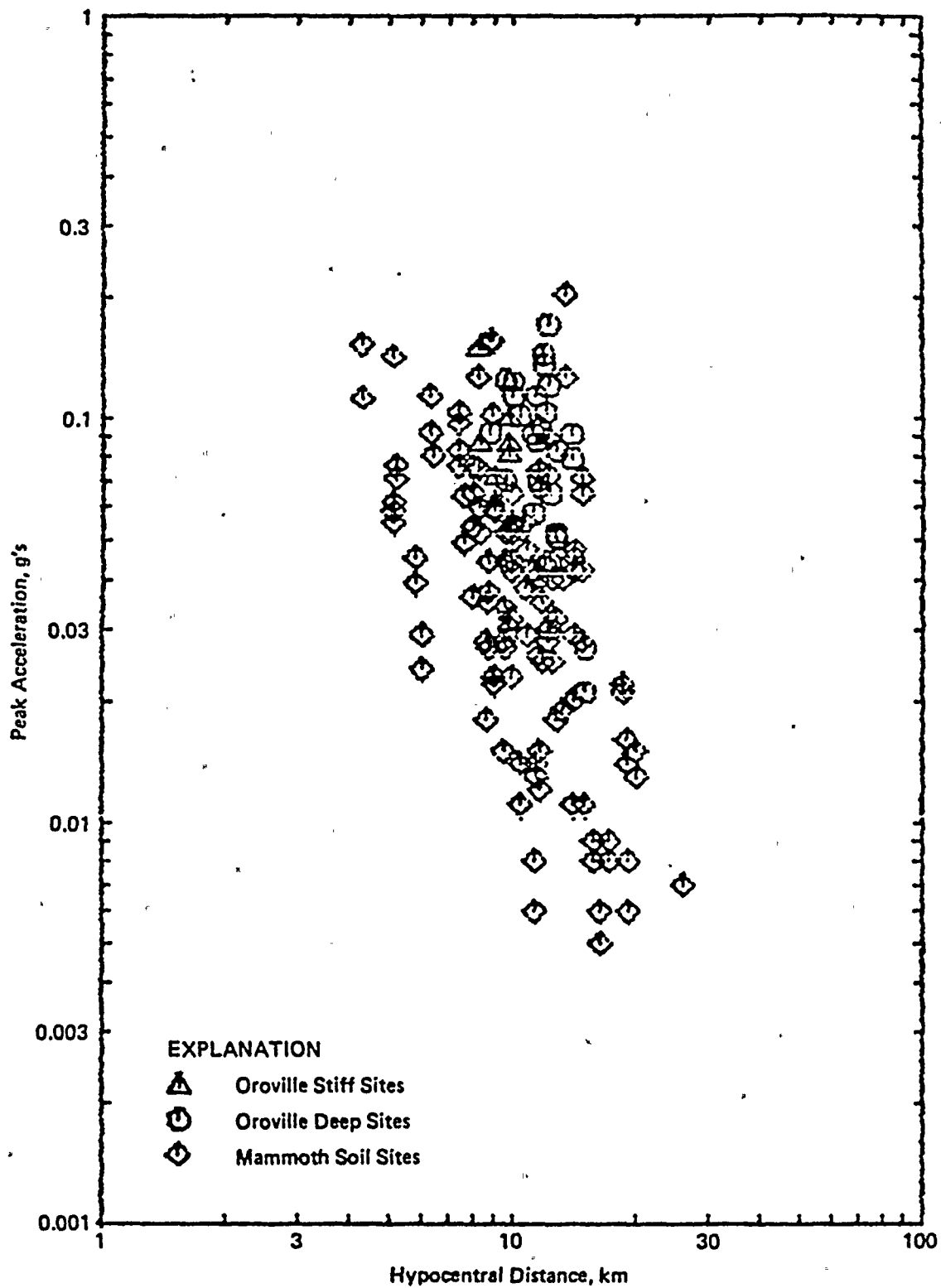


WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Nuclear Project No. 2

MEDIAN SPECTRAL SHAPES FOR
MAMMOTH LAKES RECORDING STATIONS:
 M_L 3.5—4.5, HYPOCENTRAL DISTANCE
0—10.5 km

Figure
361.16-1

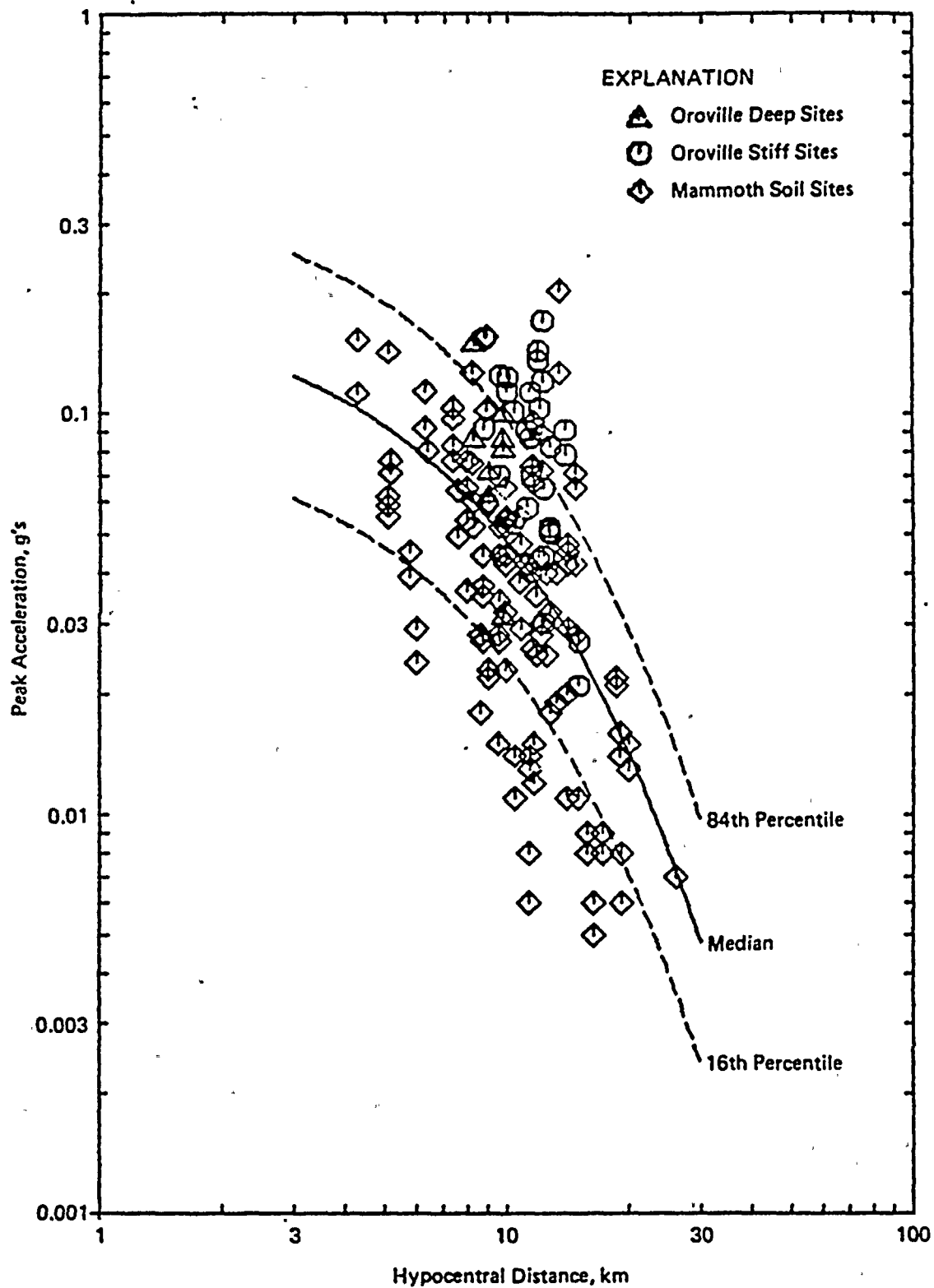


WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Nuclear Project No. 2

RECORDED PEAK ACCELERATIONS FOR
SELECTED DATA SET M_L 3.8-4.2,
SOIL SITES

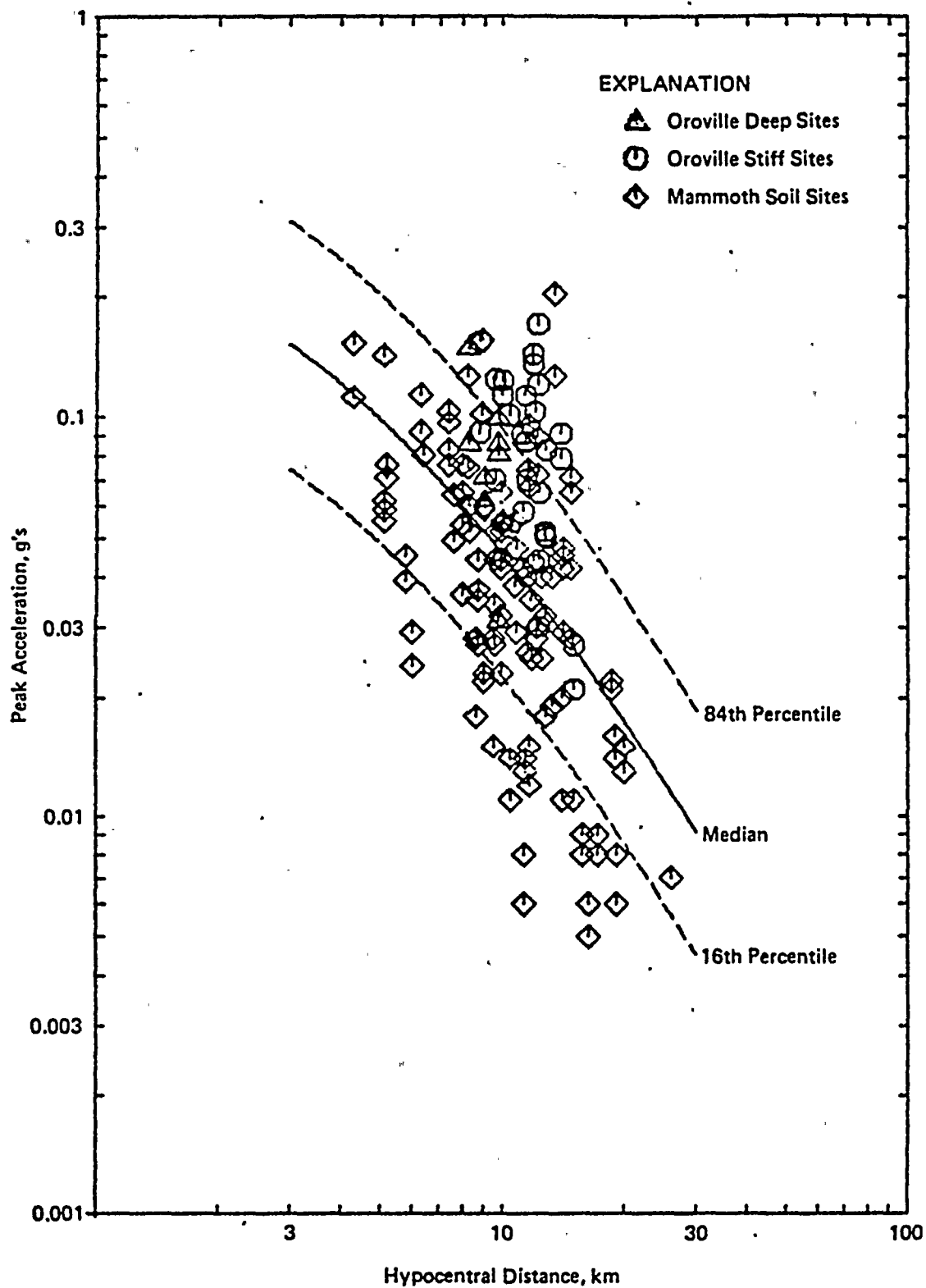
Figure
361.16-2



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

ATTENUATION RELATIONSHIP FOR
 M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKES OBTAINED
BY NONLINEAR REGRESSION

Figure
361.16-3

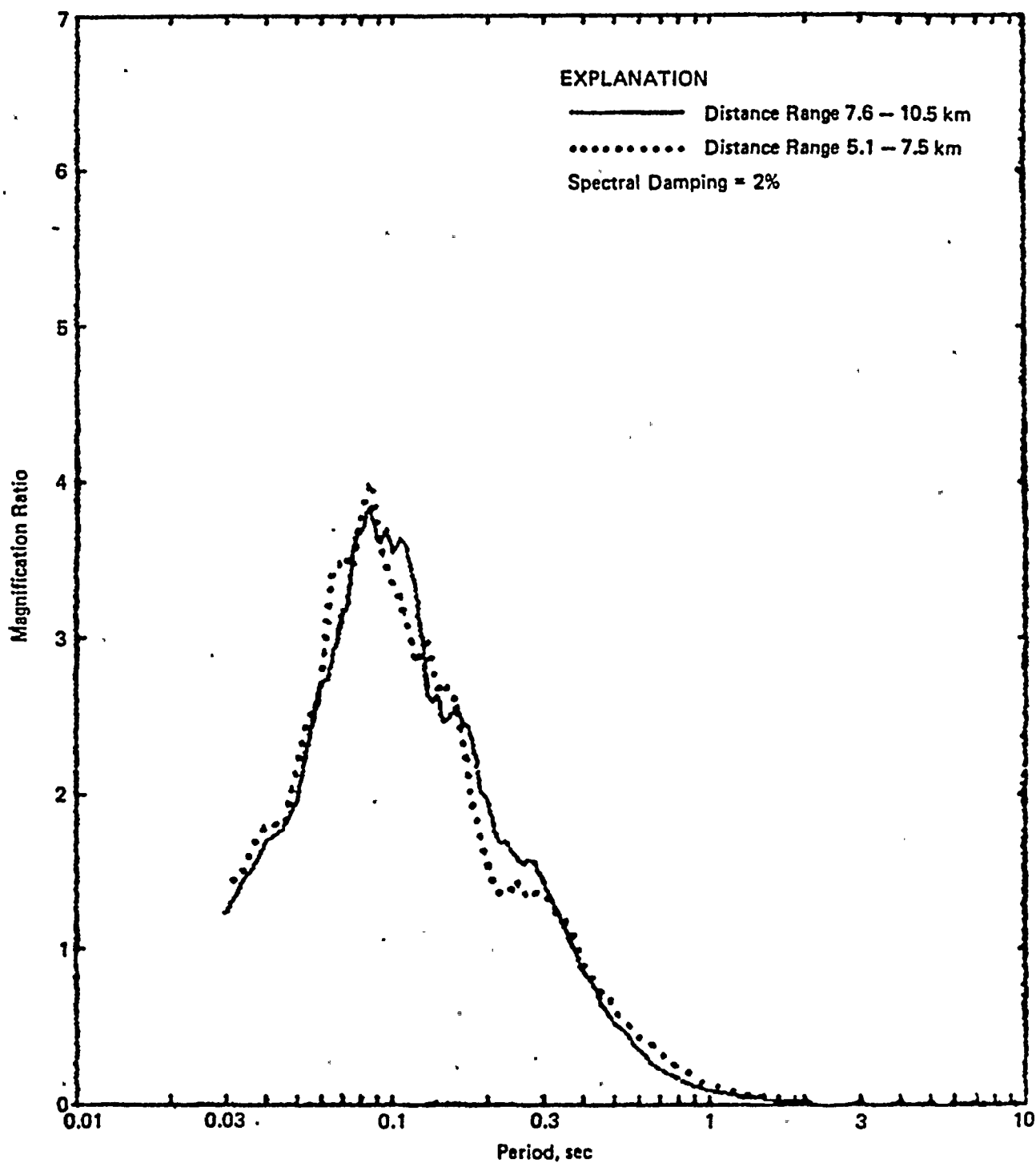


WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Nuclear Project No. 2

ATTENUATION RELATIONSHIP FOR
M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKES WITH
B CONSTRAINED TO - 1.89

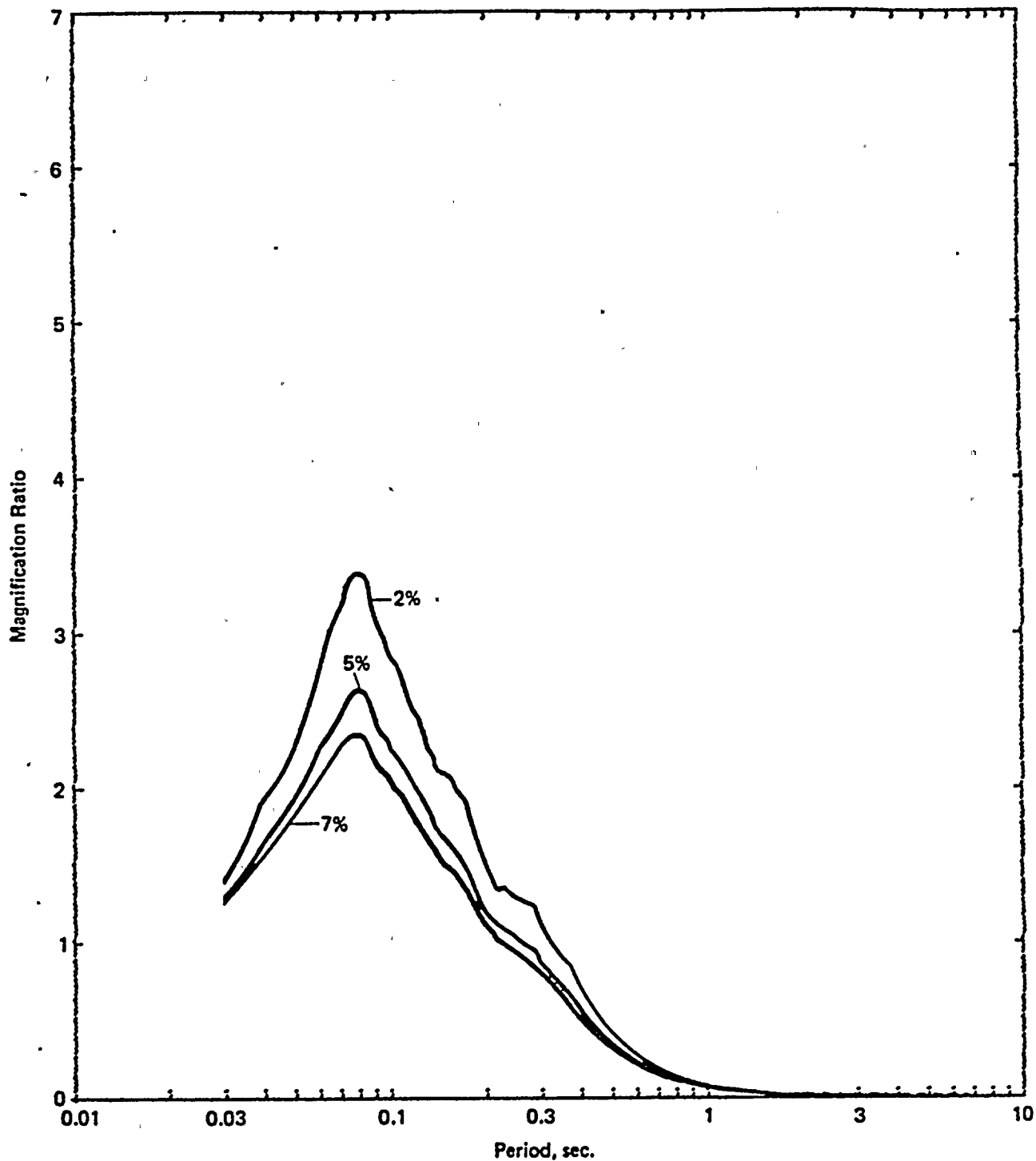
Figure
361.16-4



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

EFFECT OF HYPOCENTRAL DISTANCE ON
SPECTRAL SHAPES: MAMMOTH LAKES
RECORDINGS M_L 3.8-4.2

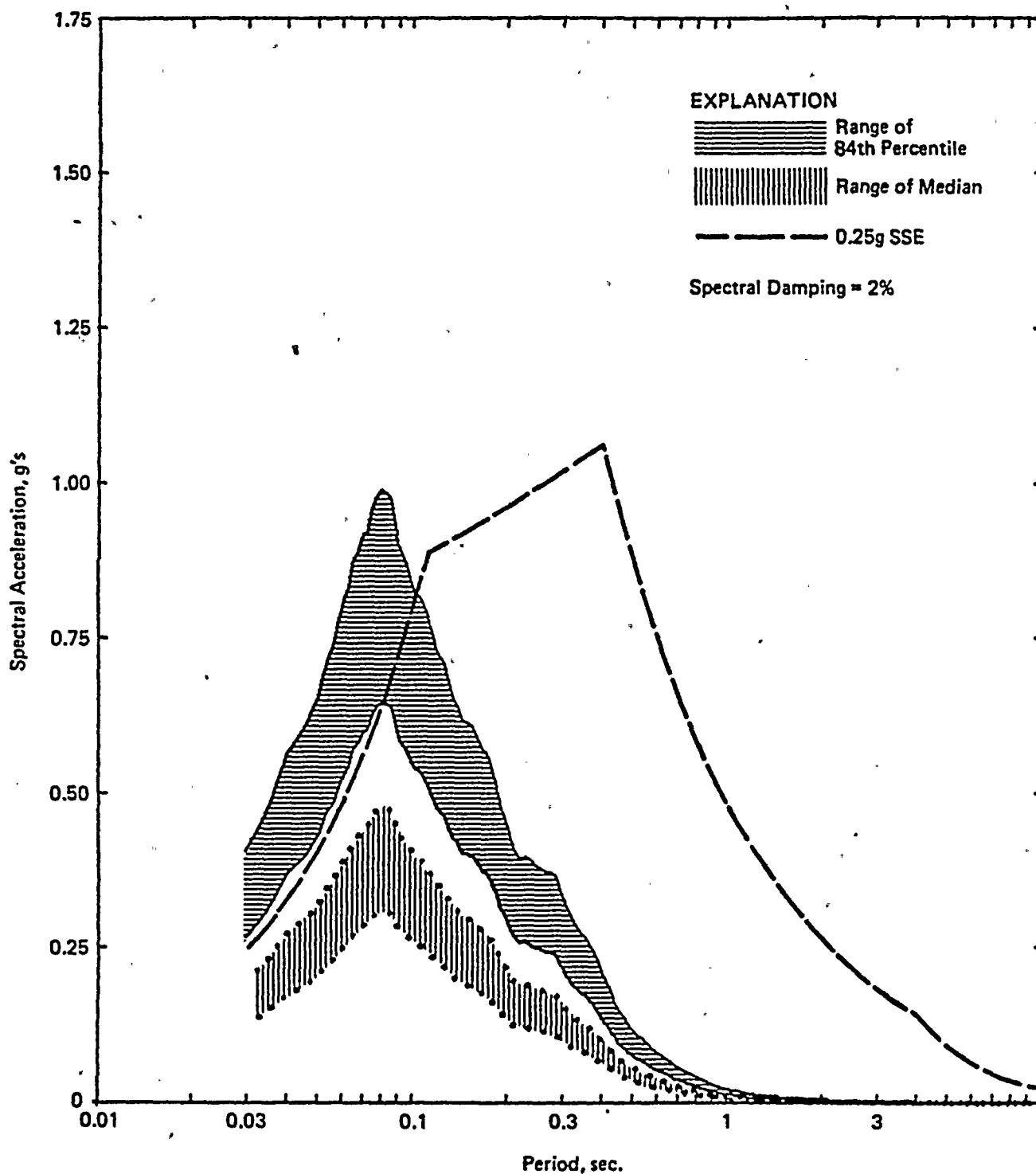
Figure
361.16-5



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

MEDIAN SPECTRAL SHAPES
FOR MAGNITUDE M_L 4 EARTHQUAKE:
2%, 5% AND 7% SPECTRAL DAMPING

Figure
361.16-6

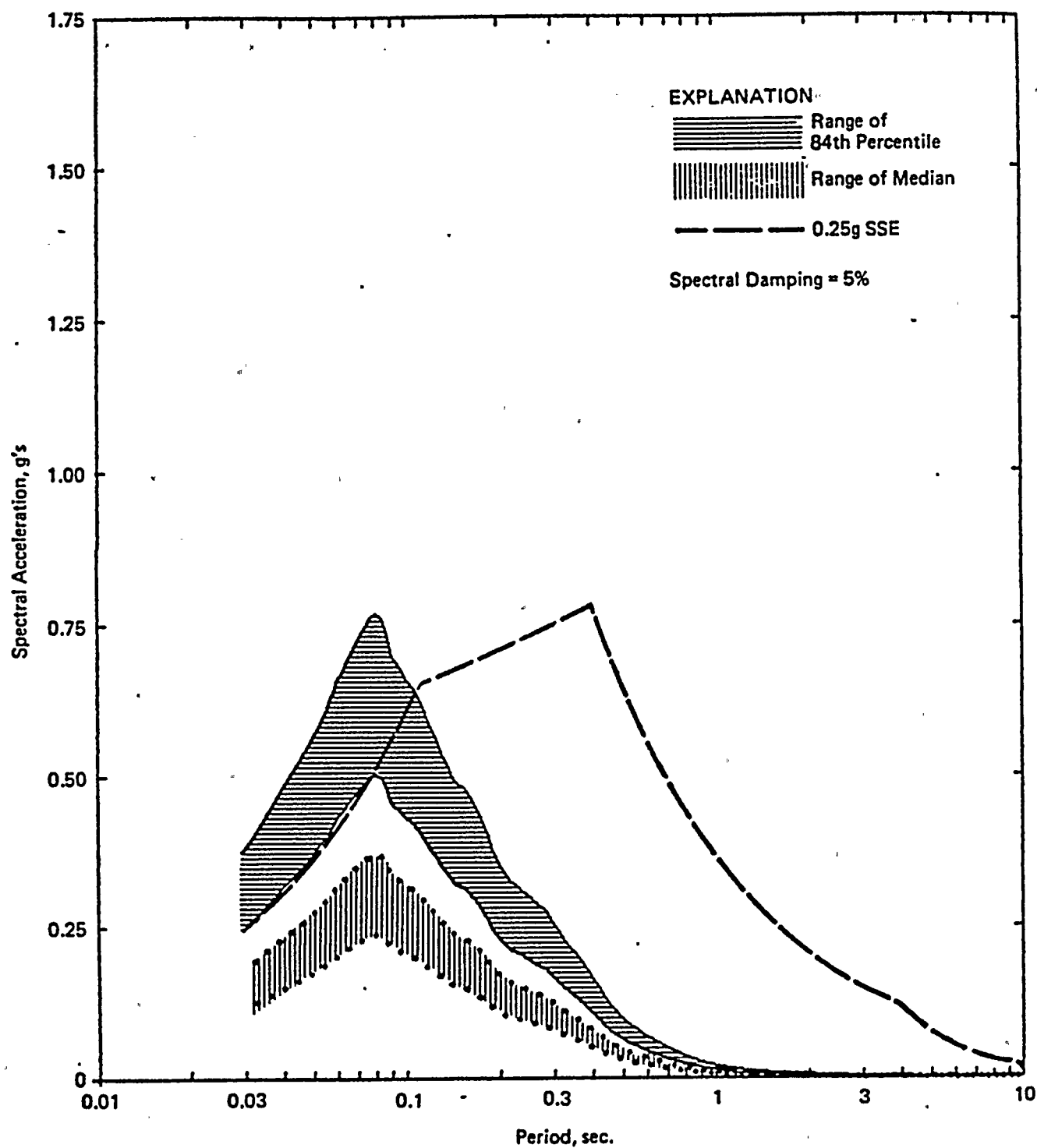


WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM

Nuclear Project No. 2

ESTIMATED RESPONSE SPECTRA FOR
M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKE IN DISTANCE
RANGE 3 – 5 km: 2% SPECTRAL DAMPING

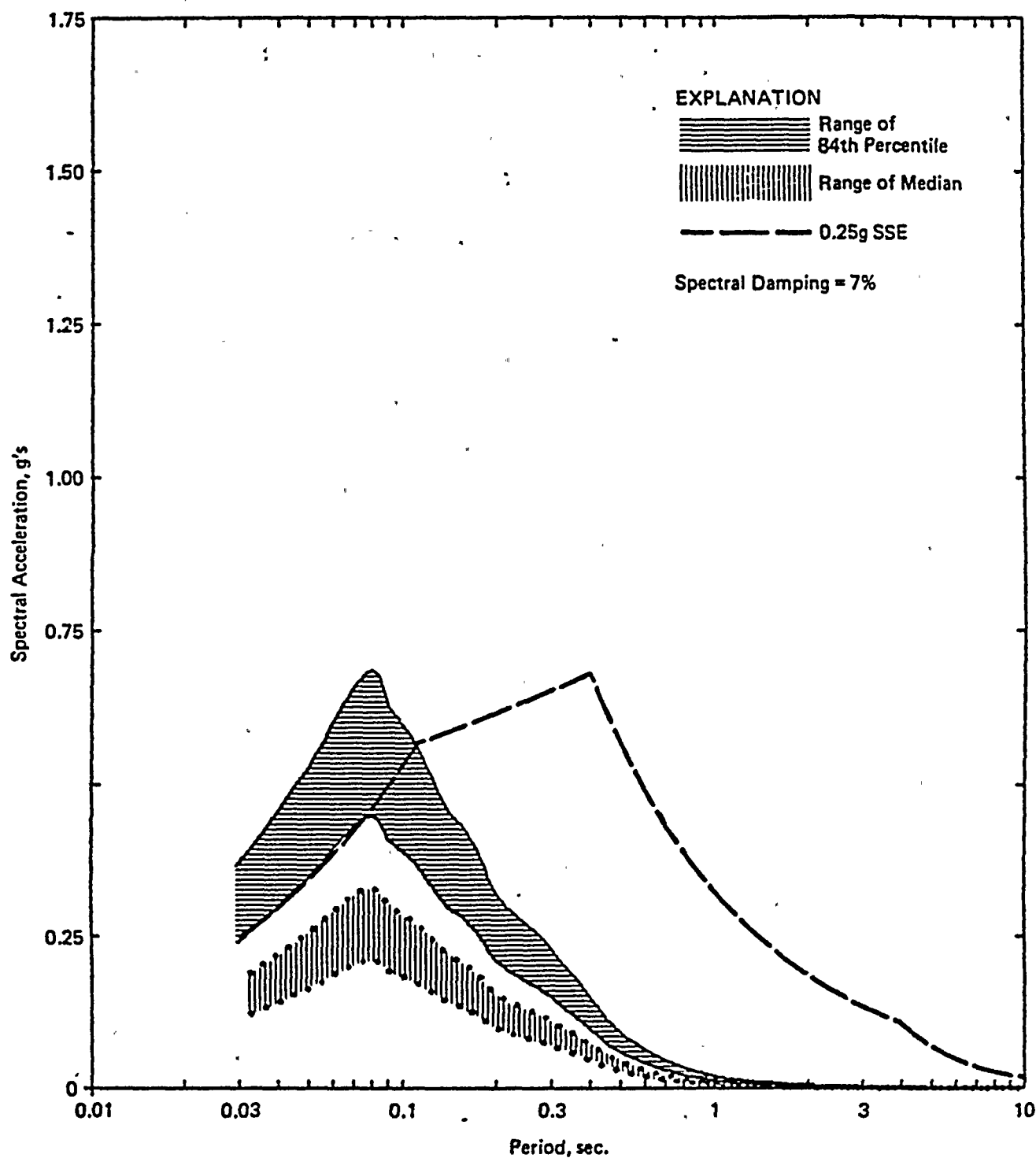
Figure
361.16-7



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

ESTIMATED RESPONSE SPECTRA FOR
M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKE IN DISTANCE
RANGE 3 — 5 km: 5% SPECTRAL DAMPING

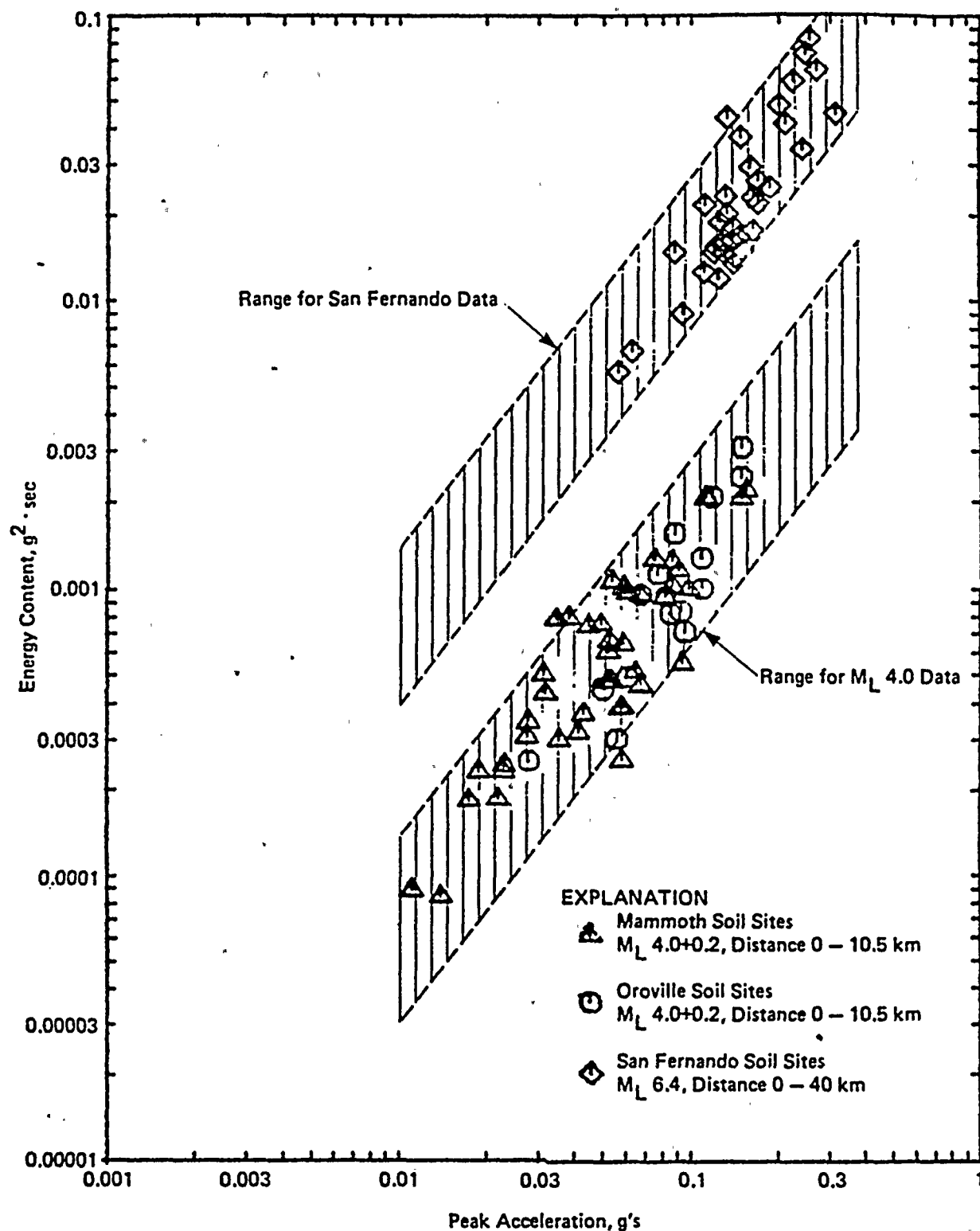
Figure
361.16-8



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

ESTIMATED RESPONSE SPECTRA FOR
M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKE IN DISTANCE
RANGE 3 – 5 km: 7% SPECTRAL DAMPING

Figure
361.16-9



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

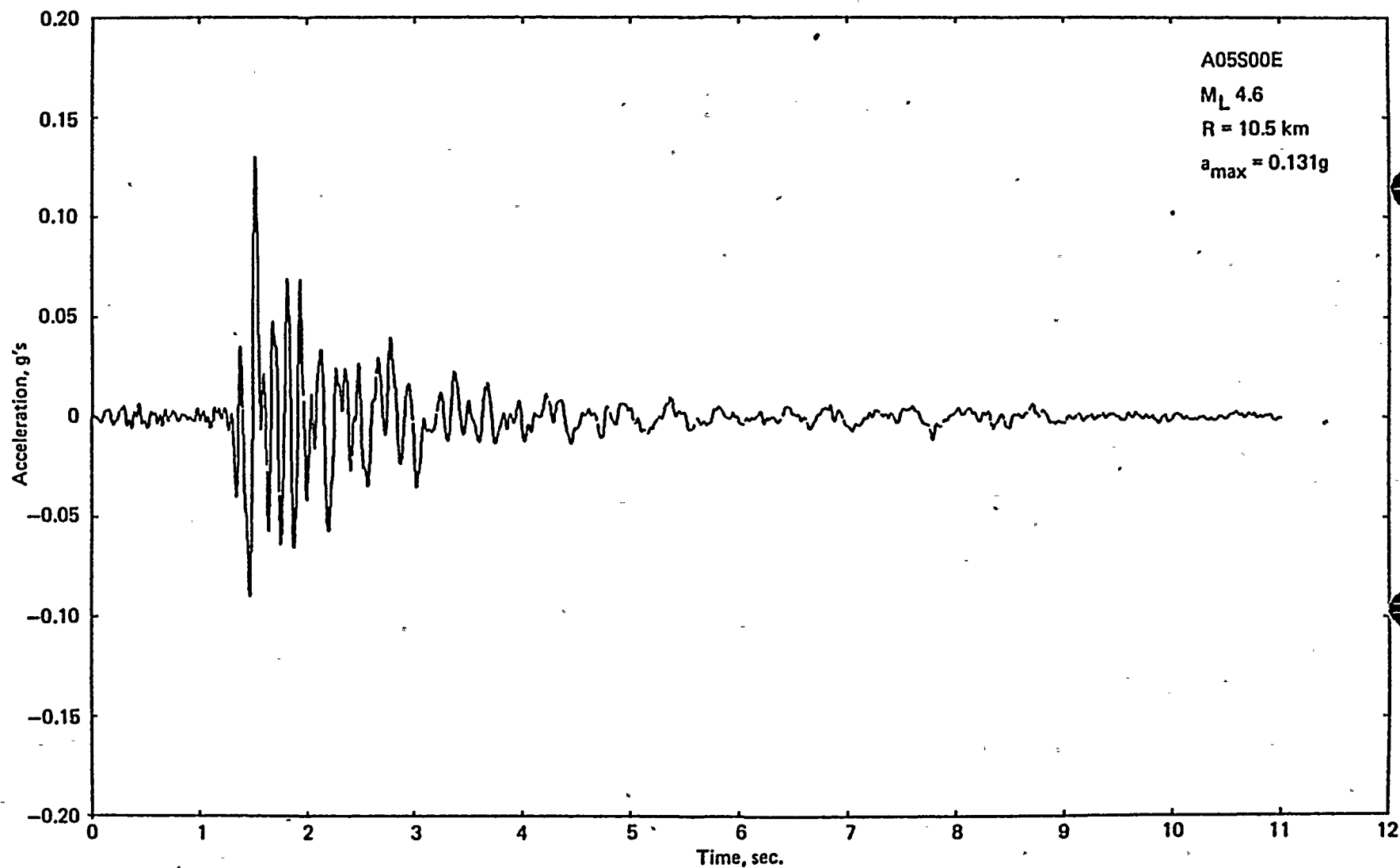
PEAK ACCELERATION VERSUS TOTAL
ENERGY CONTENT FOR M_L 4 AND 6.4
EARTHQUAKE RECORDINGS

Figure
361.16-10

WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

OROVILLE AFTERSHOCK
ACCELEROGRAM A05S00E

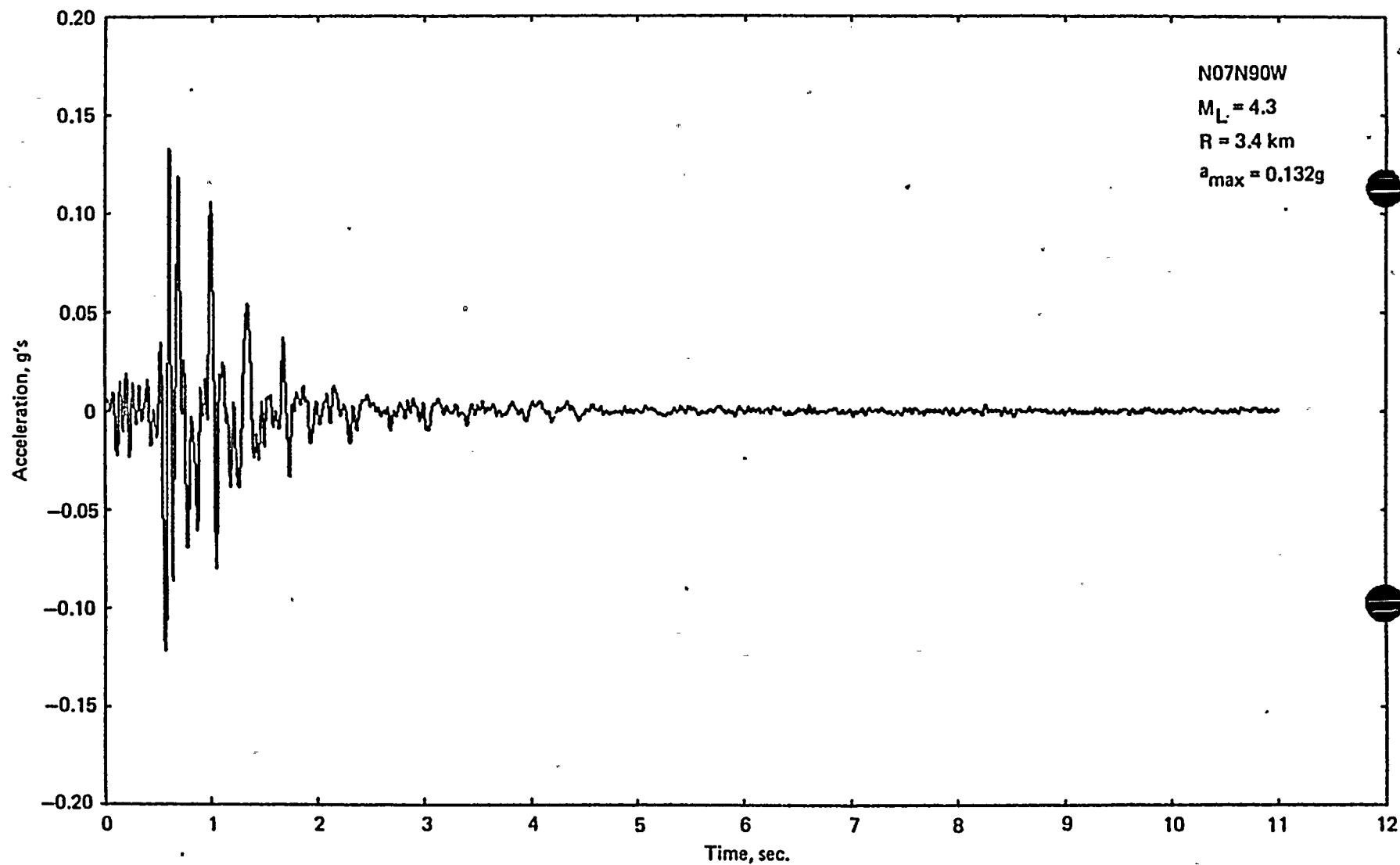
Figure
361.16-11



WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

OROVILLE AFTERSHOCK
ACCELEROGRAM N07N90W

Figure
361.16-12

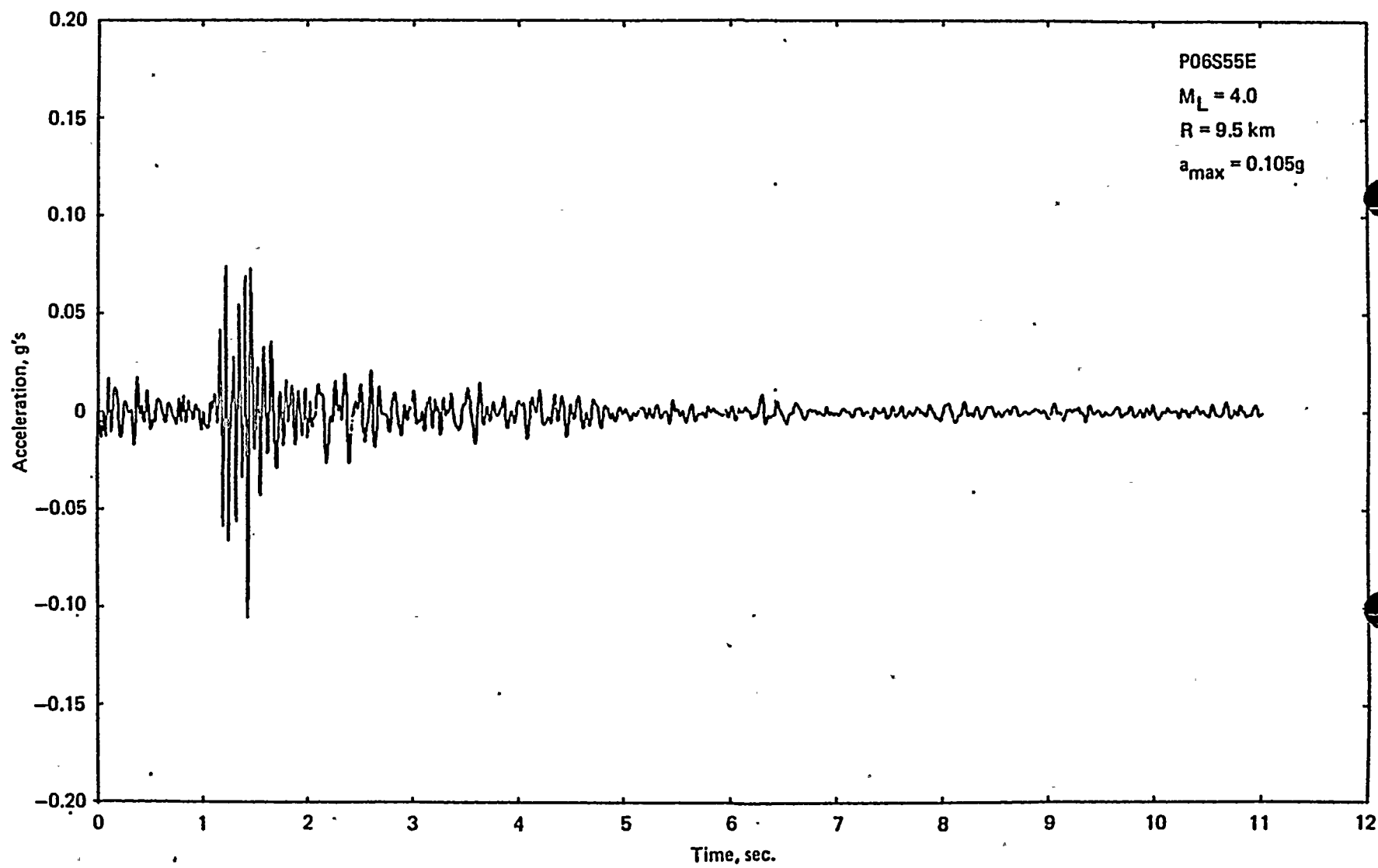


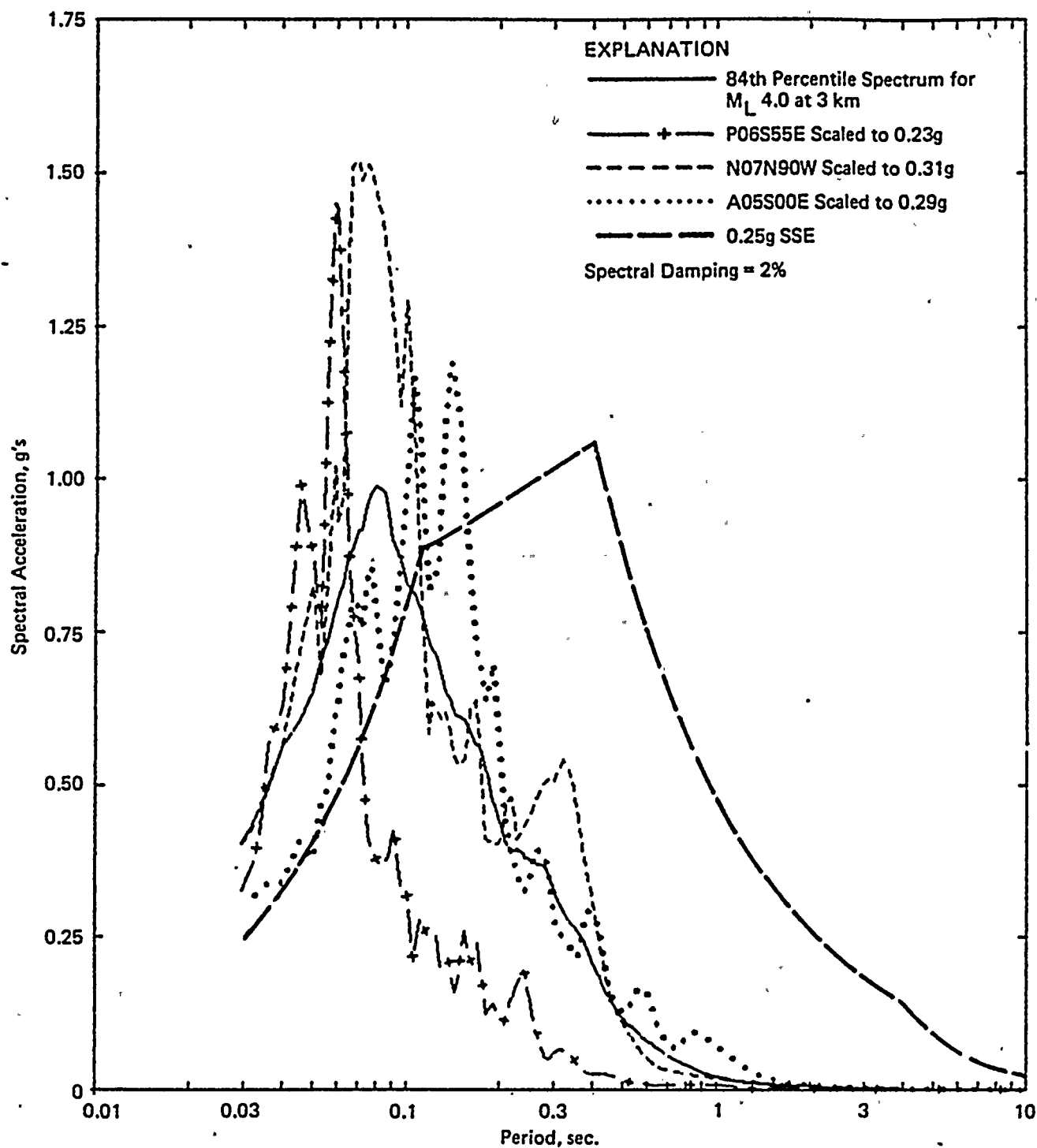


WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

OROVILLE AFTERSHOCK
ACCELEROGRAM P06S55E

Figure
361.16-13





WASHINGTON PUBLIC
POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM
Nuclear Project No. 2

COMPARISON OF SCALED OROVILLE
AFTERSHOCK SPECTRA WITH
84th PERCENTILE SPECTRUM
FOR M_L 4.0 EARTHQUAKE

Figure
361.16-14

