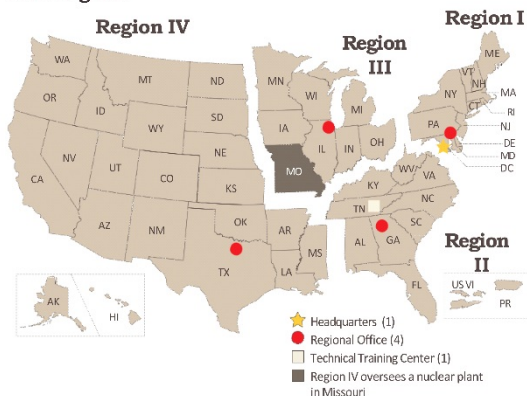


The Commission and NRC headquarters are located in Rockville, MD. The four regional offices are located in King of Prussia, PA; Atlanta, GA; Lisle, IL; and Arlington, TX.

NRC Regions



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Office of Investigations



*Promoting Safety and Security through
 Investigative Excellence with Integrity
 and Results*

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Office of Investigations

About NRC

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) was created as an independent agency by Congress in 1974 to ensure the safe use of radioactive materials for civilian purposes while also protecting people and the environment. The NRC regulates commercial nuclear power plants and other uses of nuclear materials, such as in nuclear medicine. The NRC is headed by five Commissioners appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate for 5-year terms. One Commissioner is designated Chairman by the President. The Commission is headquartered in Rockville, MD.

History

The Energy Reorganization Act, signed into law October 11, 1974, created the NRC as an independent agency. The Act simultaneously abolished the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC). The NRC, which took over the regulatory functions of the AEC, formally came into being on January 19, 1975. The Energy Research and Development Administration, also created by the Energy Reorganization Act, took over the other functions of the AEC and is now part of the U.S. Department of Energy.

Today

The NRC regulates the civilian uses of nuclear materials in the United States to protect public health and safety, the environment, and the common defense and security. The NRC accomplishes its mission through the following actions: licensing nuclear facilities and the possession, use, and disposal of nuclear materials; the development and implementation of requirements governing licensed activities; and inspection, investigation, and enforcement activities to assure compliance with these

requirements. In addition, the NRC is responsible for licensing the export and import of nuclear facilities, equipment, and materials.

About the Office of Investigations

In 1982, the NRC established the Office of Investigations (OI) as part of an agency effort to improve the quality of the agency's investigative work and to support the NRC's overall mission. OI's investigative authority is derived from Section 161 (c) of the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. § 2201 (c)) and Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 1, Section 1.36, "Office of Investigations."

The NRC's Office of Investigations is headed by a Director and a Deputy Director who both work at NRC Headquarters in Rockville, MD with the headquarters staff. Special agents who work as Federal criminal investigators (Federal job series 1811) staff offices in each of NRC's four regions under the supervision of a special agent in charge (SAIC). SAICs report directly to OI Headquarters. All OI special agents are graduates of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center or other Federal Law enforcement training academies and have extensive prior investigative service with other Federal law enforcement agencies.

As the law enforcement arm of the NRC, OI conducts and supervises investigations of allegations of wrongdoing by persons or entities within NRC jurisdiction and maintains proactive investigative efforts and liaison with other Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies. OI conducts and plans investigations of allegations of potential wrongdoing to determine willful or deliberate violations, as well as any criminal violations of the United States Code. OI conducts investigations in accordance with guidelines of the Council of Inspectors General on Integrity and

Efficiency (CIGIE) and Quality Standards for Investigations.

The Office of Investigations initiate investigations after the NRC receives information concerning potential wrongdoing. The NRC may receive this information either through an allegation from sources external to the NRC or as a result of inspections performed by agency personnel. In a typical case, the special agent will obtain preliminary information regarding the incident or allegation. The special agent will seek technical assistance, as needed, from NRC regional or HQ staff to obtain a thorough understanding of the technical and legal issues, and the regulatory requirements involved. The special agent will develop an investigative plan that is primarily comprised of conducting witness interviews, employing techniques of investigation, conducting extensive reviews of pertinent documents, and the collecting of relevant evidence. At times, a member of the NRC's technical staff may be called upon to participate as part of the investigative team to assist OI in addressing complex technical, safety, or security issues. After completing the investigation, OI management issues a report of investigation. NRC staff then reviews the report for civil enforcement. The agency refers substantiated willful wrongdoing investigations to the U.S. Department of Justice for prosecution determination.

