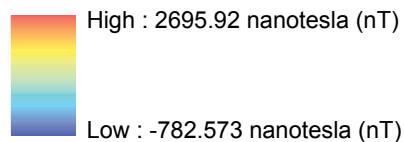


## LEGEND

— Coastal Plain boundary

Magnetic Field Data (Reference 2.5.1-138)



Mesozoic basins (Reference 2.5.1-15)

□ Exposed □ Covered

- ① Newark Basin
- ② Gettysburg Basin
- ③ Culpeper Basin
- ④ Taylorsville Basin
- ⑤ Richmond Basin
- ⑥ Buena Basin

Projection: U.S. Contiguous Equidistant Conic

United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Official Hearing Exhibit

In the Matter of: PSEG POWER, LLC AND PSEG NUCLEAR, LLC  
(Early Site Permit Application)



ASLBP #: 15-943-01-ESP-BD01  
Docket #: 05200043  
Exhibit #: PSEG004H-MA-BD01  
Admitted: 03/24/2016  
Rejected:  
Other:

Identified: 03/24/2016  
Withdrawn:  
Stricken:

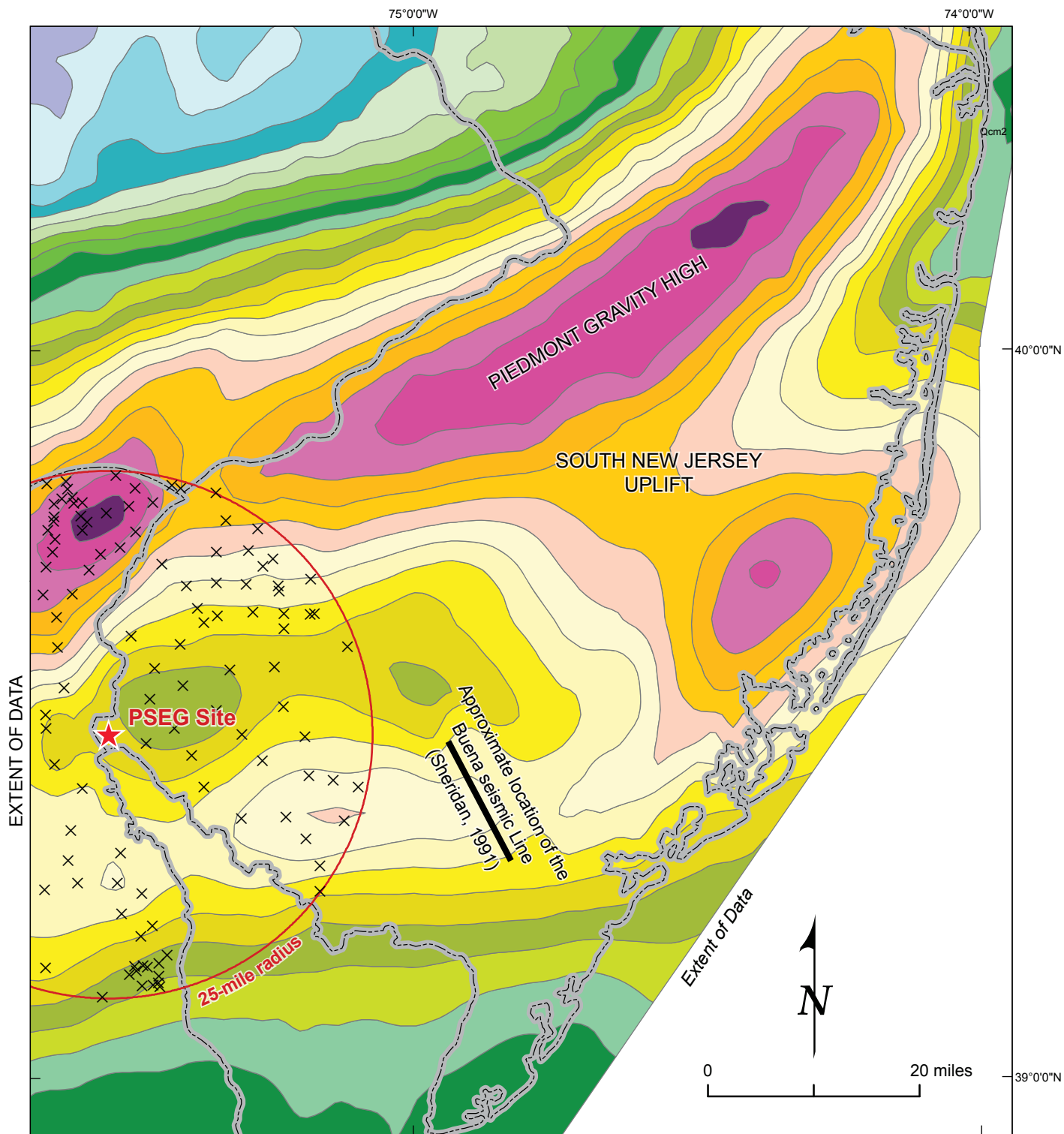
PSEG Power, LLC

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Site Region Magnetic Field  
with Mesozoic Basins

FIGURE 2.5.1-22c

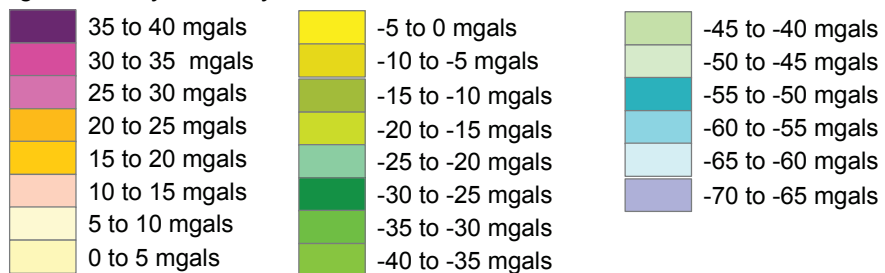
Rev 0



## LEGEND

× Gravity Station within 25-mile radius of site

### Bouguer Gravity Anomaly



Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone18N  
Gravity data from Ghatge, S.L., Reference 2.5.1-74

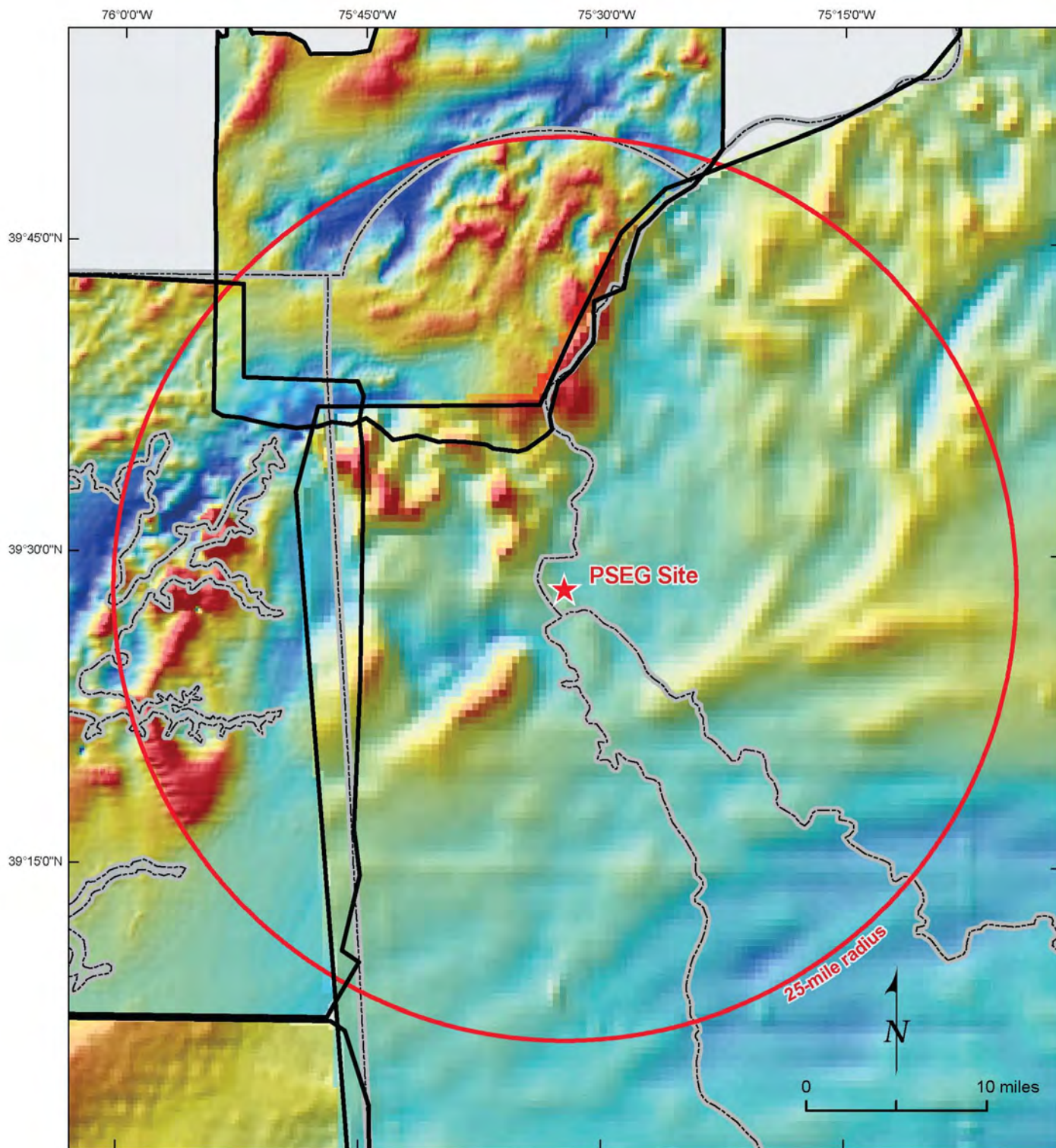
PSEG Power, LLC  
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Site Vicinity Gravity Map

FIGURE 2.5.1-23

Rev 0





Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone18N

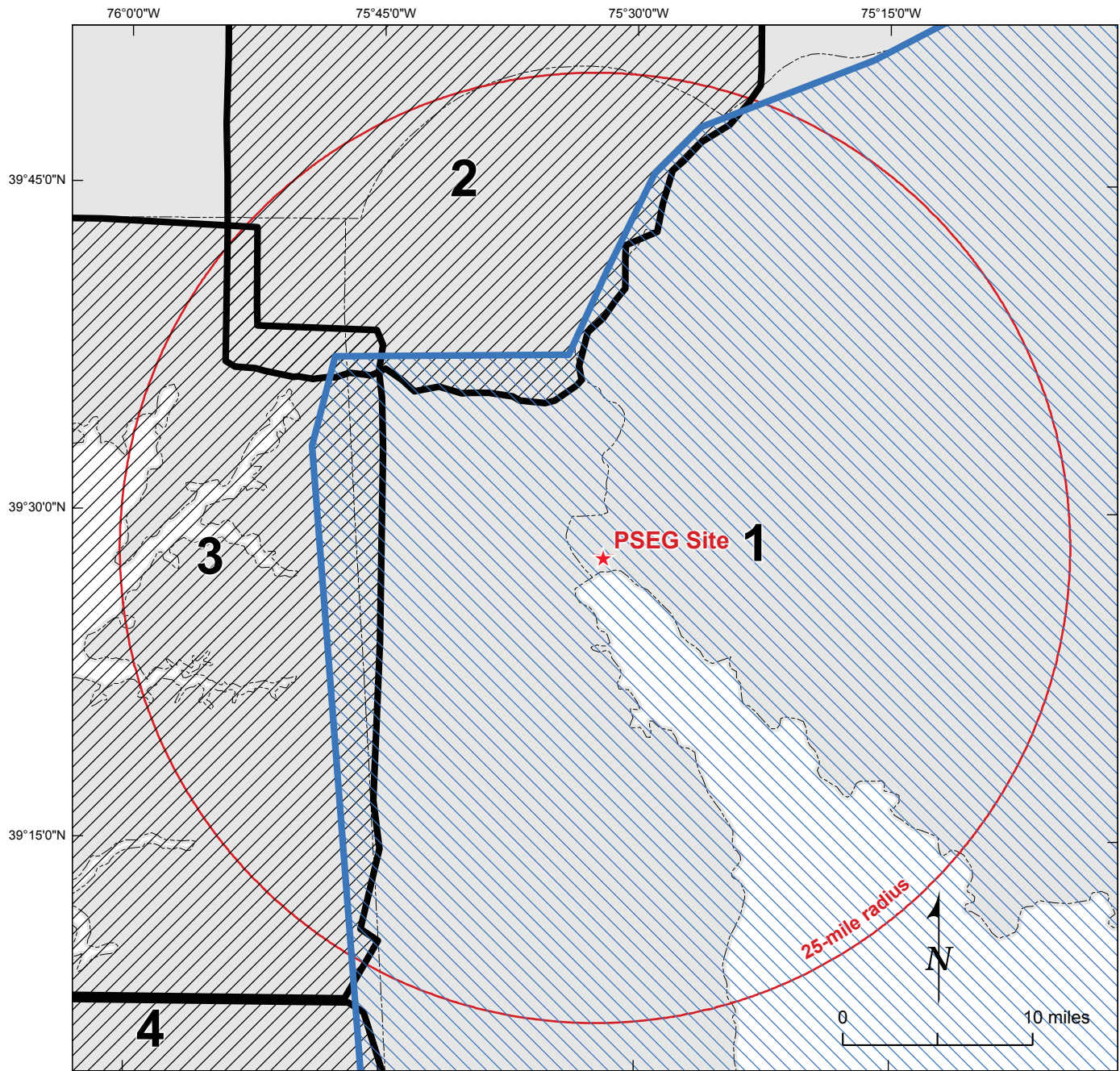
See Figure 2.5.1-24b for explanation and data sources

PSEG Power, LLC  
PSEG Site ESPA  
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Site Vicinity Magnetic Anomaly Map

FIGURE 2.5.1-24a

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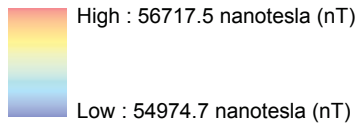
## LEGEND

### 1. Reference 2.5.1-234

Spacing: 8 km

Dir: E-W

Altitude: 994 ft RA/1791 B

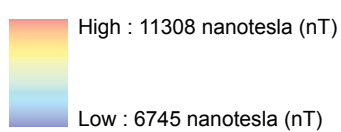


### 3. Reference 2.5.1-235

Spacing: 0.5 mi.

Dir: E-W

Altitude: 400 AG

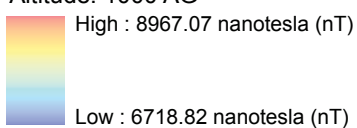


### 2. Reference 2.5.1-237

Spacing: 0.5 mi.

Dir: N-S

Altitude: 1000 AG

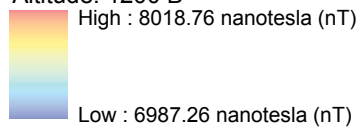


### 4. Reference 2.5.1-236

Spacing: 1 mi.

Dir: E-W

Altitude: 1200 B



1. Reference 2.5.1-234

2. Reference 2.5.1-237

3. Reference 2.5.1-235

4. Reference 2.5.1-236

PSEG Power, LLC

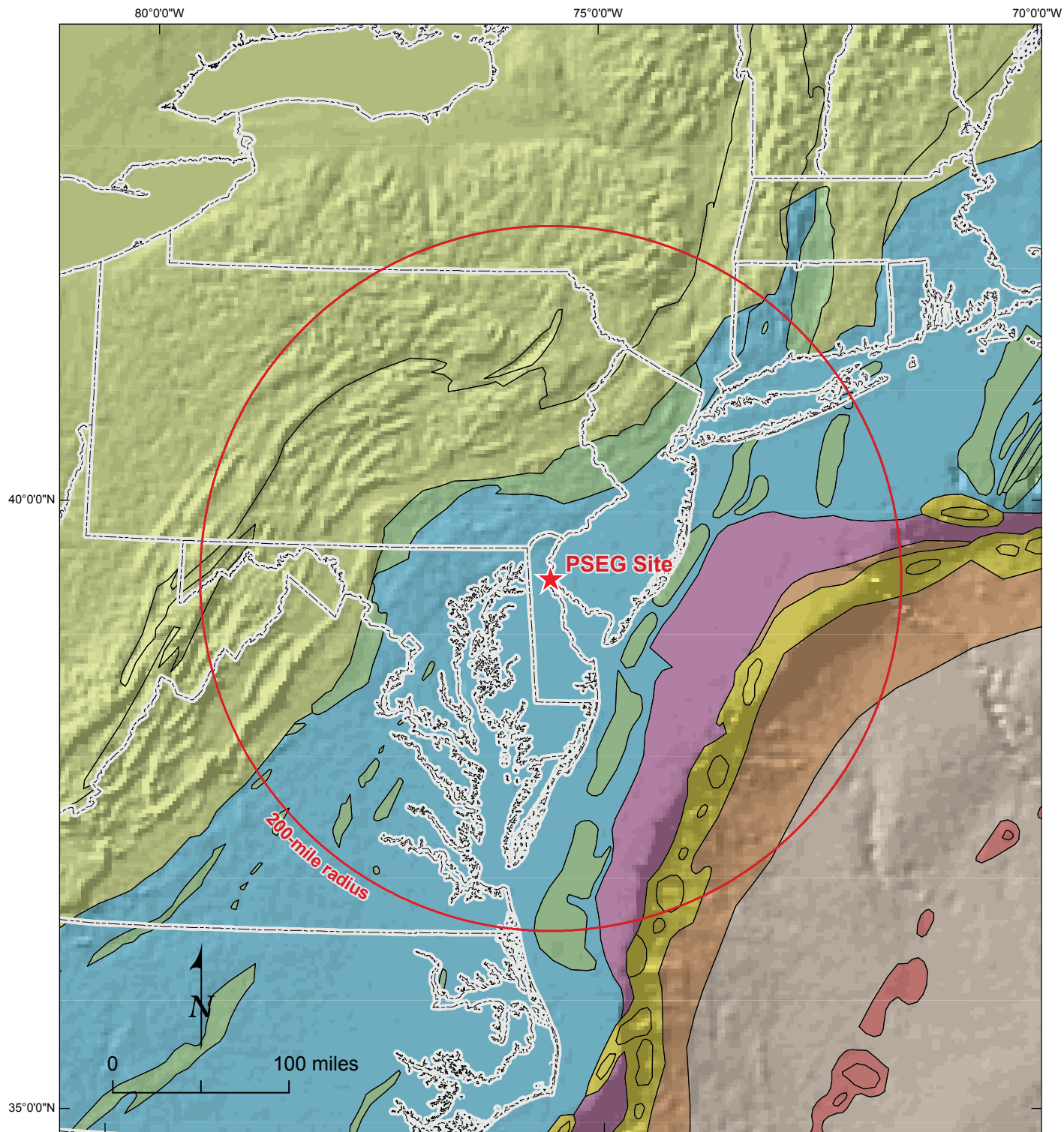
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Site Vicinity Magnetic Anomaly Map  
Explanation

FIGURE 2.5.1-24b

Rev 0













Projection: U.S. Contiguous Equidistant Conic

## LEGEND

Crustal Zones (Reference 2.5.1-206)

	Blake Spur Magnetic Anomaly		Oceanic Crust
	Continental Crust		Rift Basin
	East Coast Magnetic Anomaly		Rift Stage Crust
	Marginal Oceanic Crust		Rifted Continental Crust

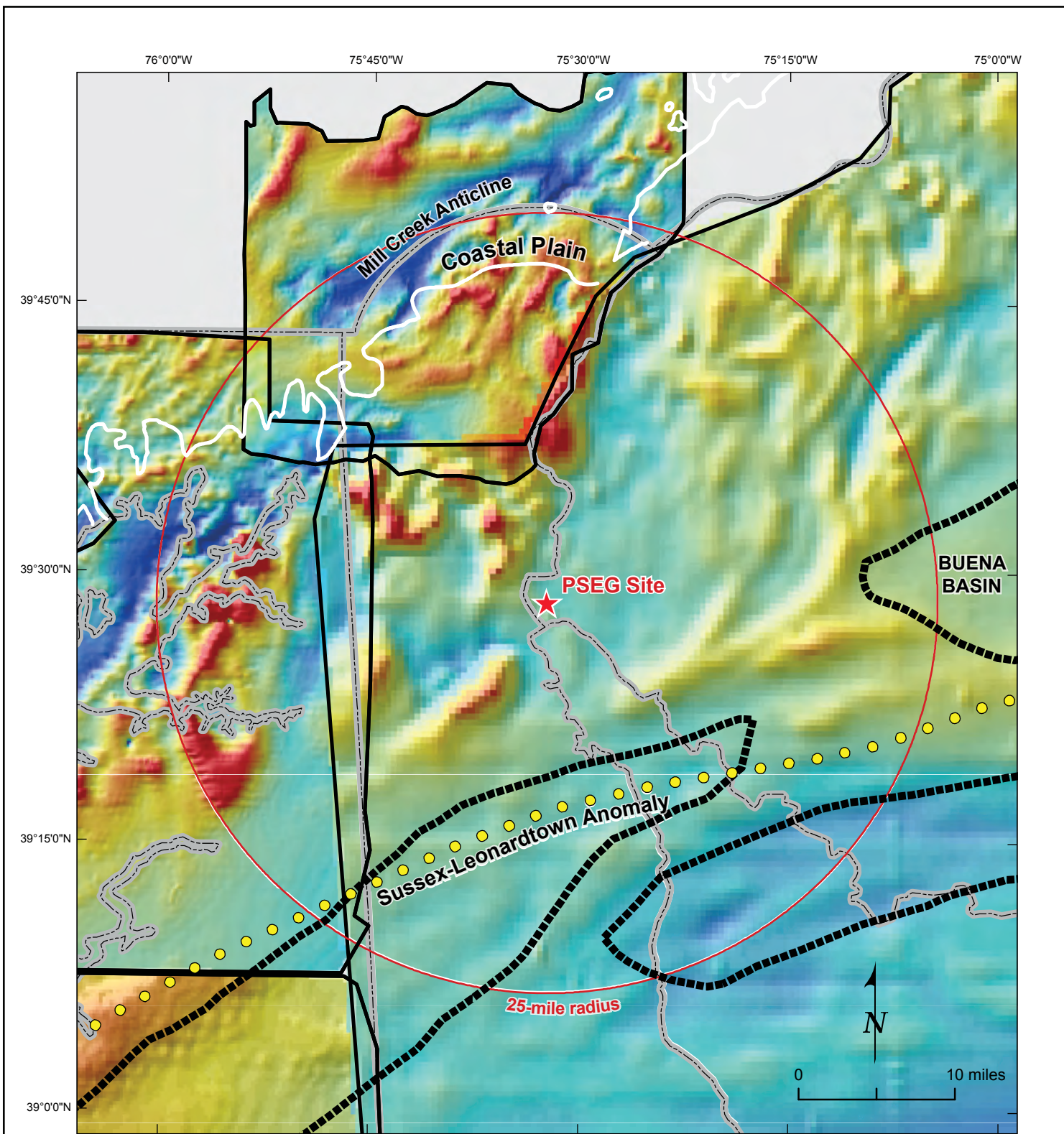
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Site Region Crustal Zones

FIGURE 2.5.1-25

Rev 0



Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone18N

# **LEGEND**

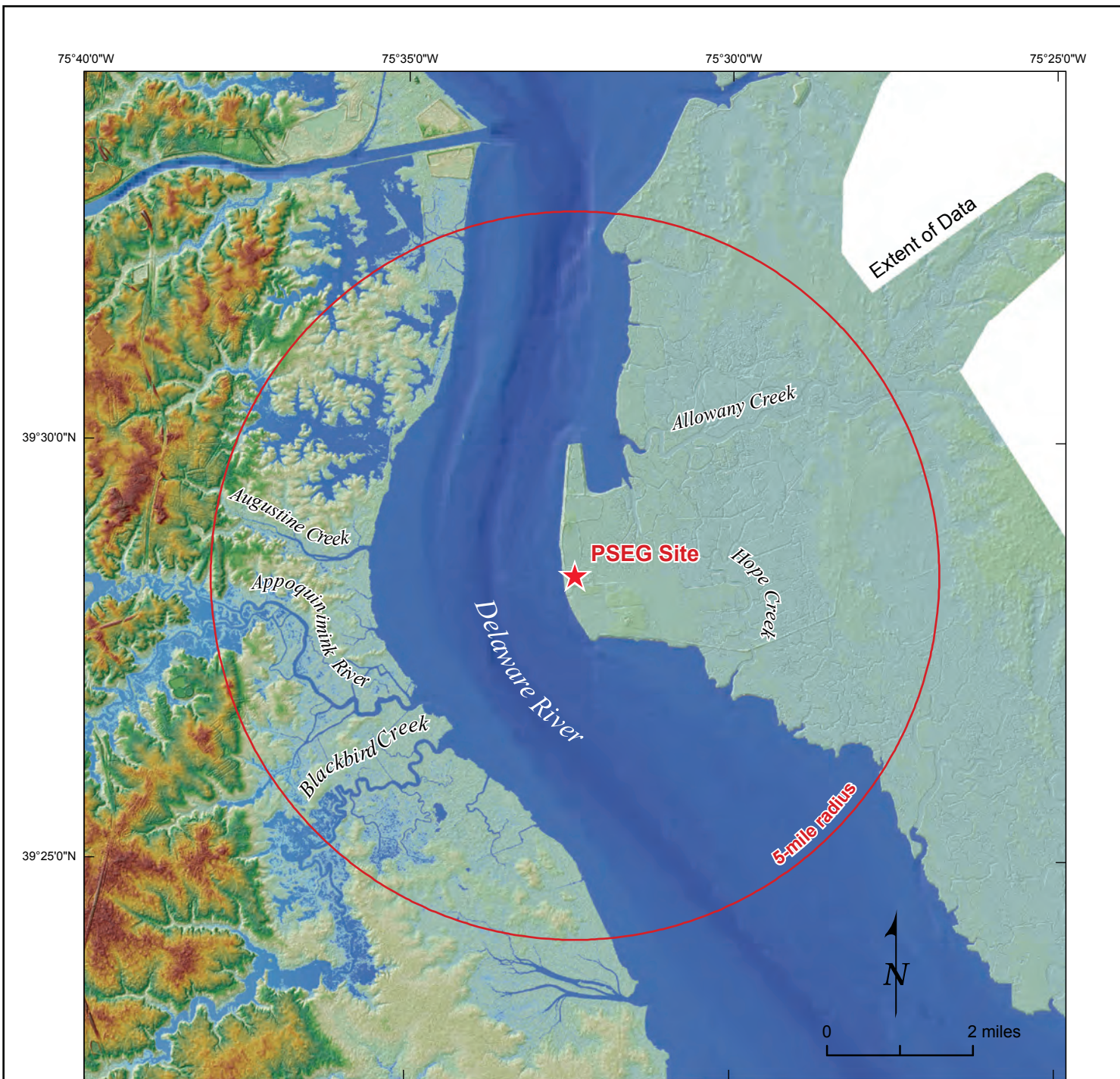
Mesozoic basins (Reference 2.5.1-15)

- Exposed
- Buried

For explanation of magnetic data see Figure 2.5.1-24b

<p>PSEG Power, LLC</p> <p>PSEG Site ESPA</p> <p>Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report</p>
<p>Site Vicinity Magnetic Anomaly</p> <p>Map Features</p> <p>FIGURE 2.5.1-26</p> <p>Rev 0</p>





Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N  
New Jersey LIDAR from Reference 2.5.1-140

## LEGEND

### Elevation (feet)

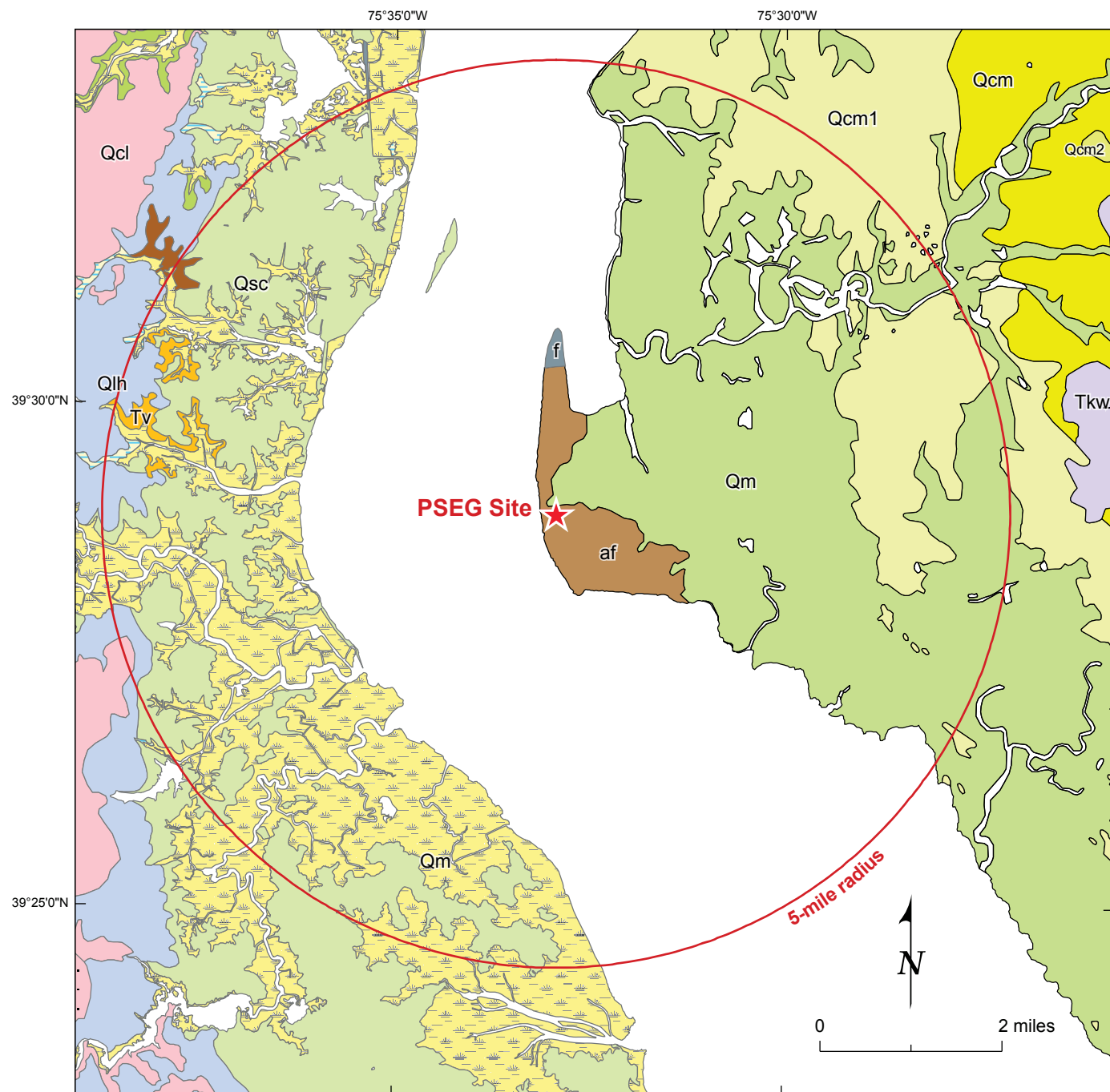
0 - 1	29 - 33	58 - 61
1 - 4	33 - 37	61 - 65
4 - 8	37 - 41	65 - 69
8 - 13	41 - 45	69 - 73
13 - 17	45 - 49	73 - 76
17 - 21	49 - 52	76 - 80
21 - 25	52 - 55	80 - 83
25 - 29	55 - 58	83 - 87

Note: explanation shows only elevations above sea level

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Site Area Topography  
and Physiography  
FIGURE 2.5.1-27

Rev 0



## LEGEND

### Delaware Geology

f	Fill
Qsw	Swamp deposits
Qm	Marsh deposits
ud	Undrained depressions in Qcl
Qcl	Columbia Formation
Qsc	Scotts Corners Formation
Qlh	Lynch Heights Formation
Tv	Vincentown Formation
KTh	Homerstown Formation
Kml	Mount Laurel Formation

### New Jersey Geology

af	Artificial fill
Qm	Salt-marsh deposits
Qcm1	Cape May Formation, Unit 1
Qcm2	Cape May Formation, Unit 2
Qcm	Cape May Formation, undivided
Tkw	Kirkwood Formation

Delaware geology from Reference 2.5.1-181  
New Jersey geology from Reference 2.5.1-144

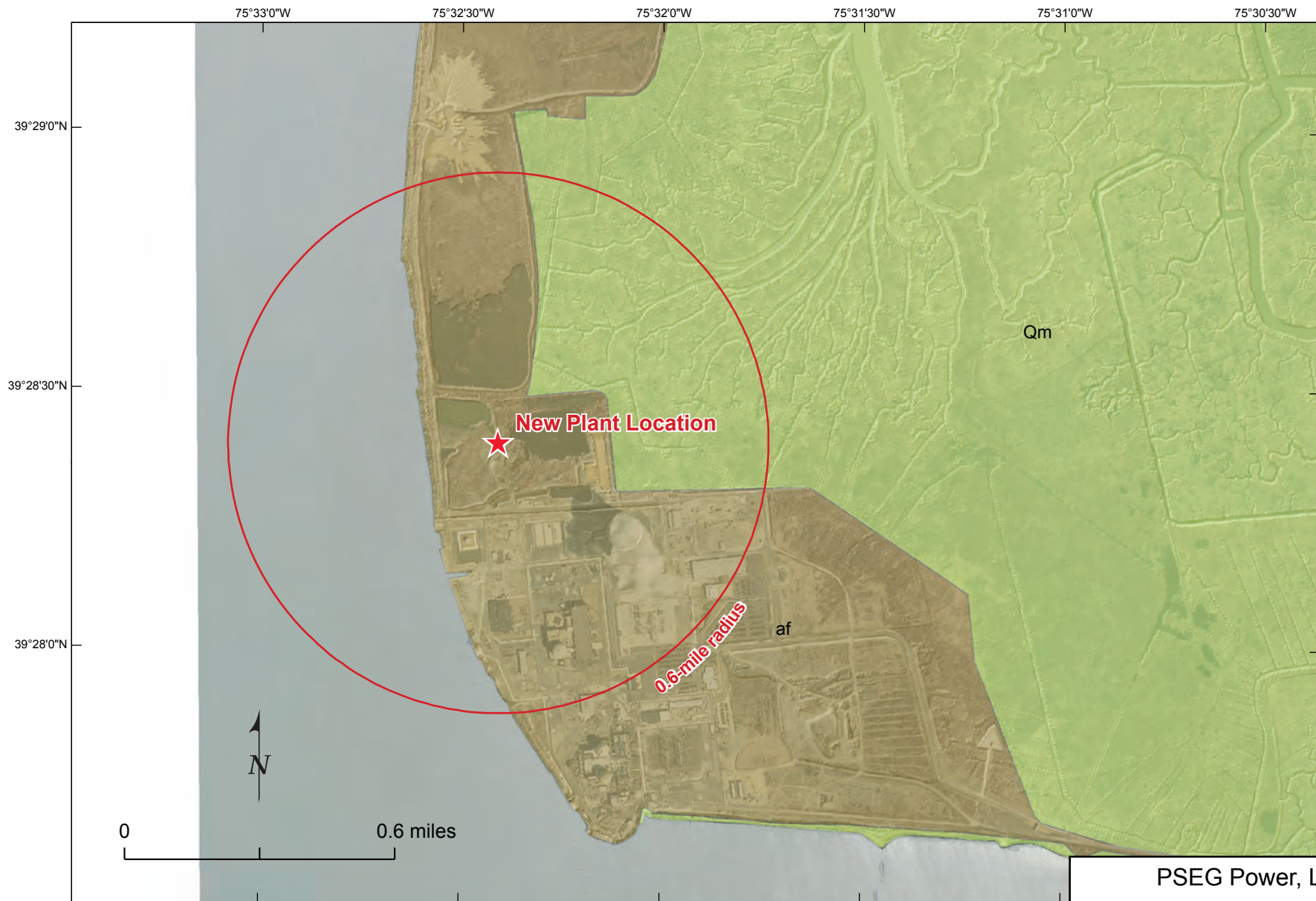
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Site Area Geologic Map

FIGURE 2.5.1-28

Rev 0





## LEGEND

- af Artificial fill
- Qm Salt marsh deposits

Geologic contact between Qm and af determined by elevation data;  
Qm defined as elevations less than +6 feet Mean Sea Level

Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18 N

2007 air photos from Reference 2.5.1-143  
Geology modified from Reference 2.5.1-144

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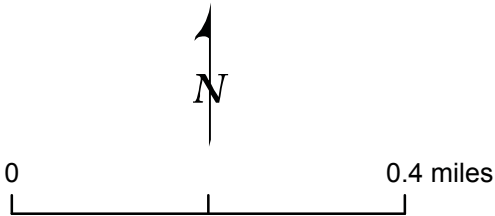
New Plant Location Geology

FIGURE 2.5.1-29

Rev 0

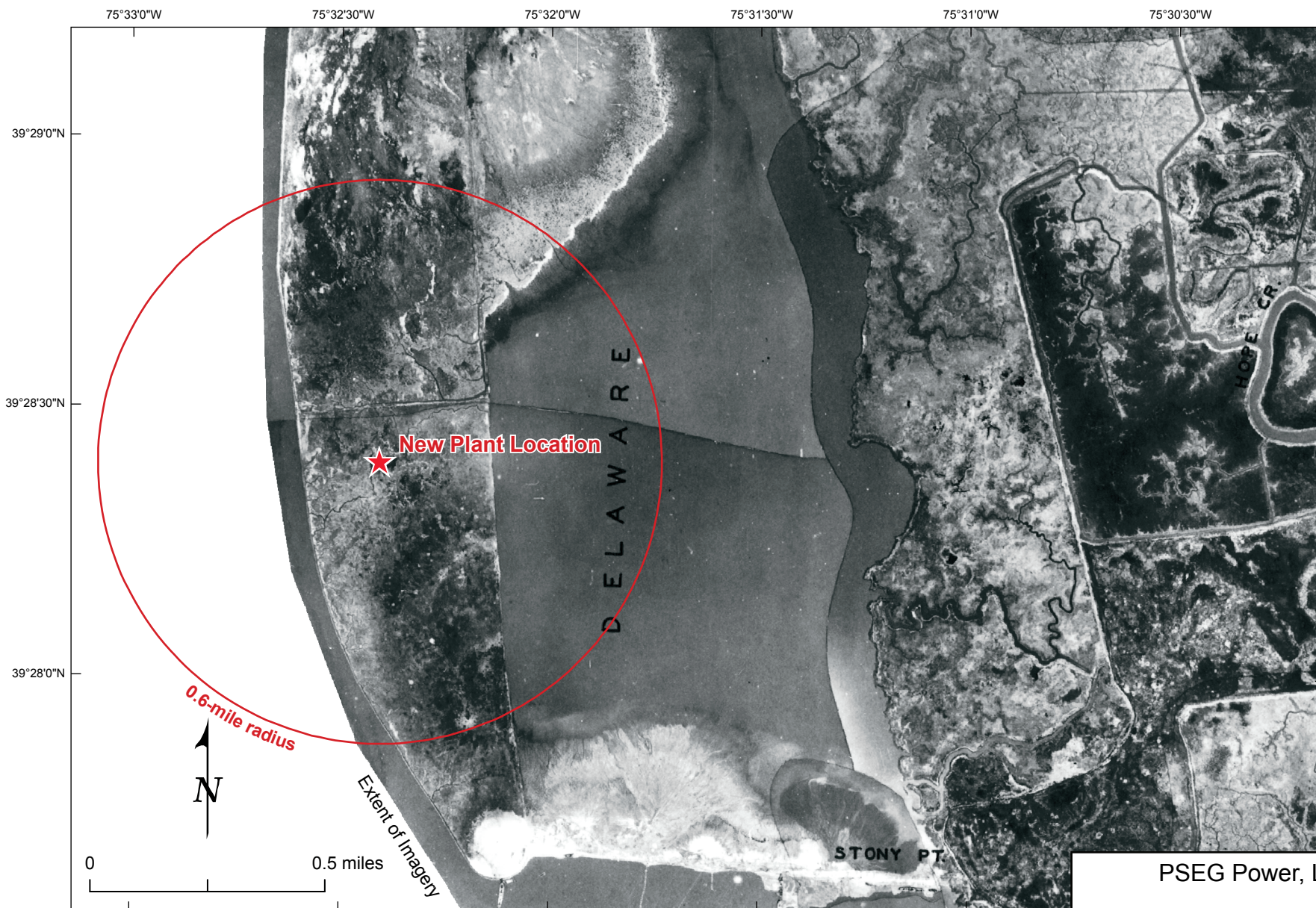


Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18 N  
2007 imagery from Reference 2.5.1-143



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New Plant Location	
Aerial Photography	
FIGURE 2.5.1-30	
Rev 0	





1930's imagery from Reference 2.5.1-142

Note: As stated in the metadata: "The digital product has not been corrected for distortion or vertical displacement. This data does not meet National Standard for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA)."

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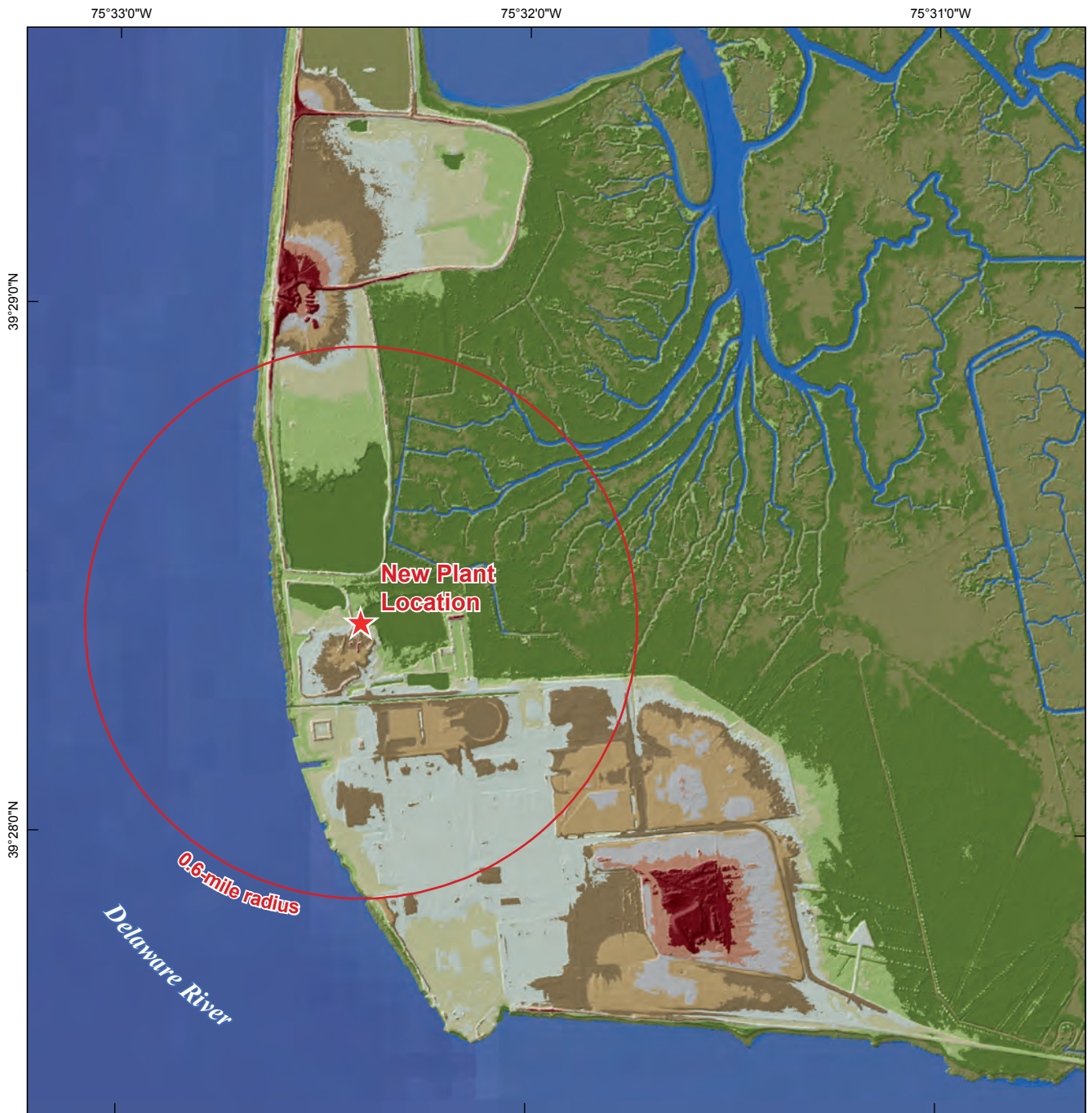
PSEG Site ESPA  
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Site Location Historical  
Aerial Photography

FIGURE 2.5.1-31

Rev 0















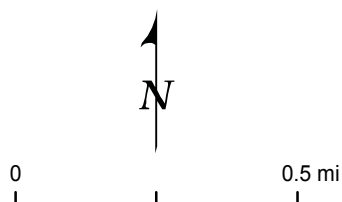


Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18 N  
New Jersey LIDAR from Rederence 2.5.1-140

## LEGEND

### Elevation (feet)

	< 0.0		10.0 - 11.9
	0 - 1.9		12.0 - 13.9
	2.0 - 3.9		14.0 - 15.9
	4.0 - 5.9		16.0 - 17.9
	6.0 - 7.9		18.0 - 19.9
	8.0 - 9.9		> 20.0



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Site Topography

FIGURE 2.5.1-32

Rev 0



			Formation/Unit		Primary Lithologies		Geologic Conditions	Unit Thickness	Occurrence in Site Area	
CENOZOIC	Quaternary	Holocene	Quaternary Marsh deposits		muck and peat; silt, sand and clay		aggradation of Delaware Bay estuary	variable thickness	present over most of the site area in low lying areas	
		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~								
		Pleistocene	DELAWARE		NEW JERSEY	estuarine terrace deposits with coarse to fine sand and pebbles with concentrations of heavy minerals; peat; isolated fluvial deposits?	transgressive and regressive cycles	variable thickness	outcrops in eastern and western portions of the site area	
			Delaware Bay Group	Scotts Corners Formation						
				~~ unconformity ~~	Cape May Formation					
				Lynch Heights Formation						
		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~			~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		regression and erosion			
		Tertiary	Upper Tertiary (Miocene)	Kirkwood Formation		clay silt and sand deposited in two or three marine cycles		polycyclic transgression and regression phases	90 feet at southern portions of site area; pinches out northward	subcrop only
				~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		regression and erosion		
			Lower Tertiary	Shark River Formation		glauconitic sand and mudstone		low sediment input	70 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	subcrop only
	~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~			~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		regression and erosion				
	Manasquan Formation			lower glauconitic member; upper clayey sand to silt member		low sediment input and bioturbation	40 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	subcrop only		
	~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~			~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		regression and erosion				
	Vincentown Formation			quartz sand to quartz-rich calcareous sand with bryozoians and foraminifera		low sediment input and extreme bioturbation	90 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	outcrops in NW site area		
Hornerstown Formation				highly glauconitic sand with distinctive green color			30 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)			
MESOZOIC	Cretaceous	Upper Cretaceous	Navesink		fossiliferous, clayey glauconitic sand		transgression to midshelf conditions	20 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	subcrop only	
			Mount Laurel Formation		thinly bedded clays and sands with cross-bedding; thin pebbly sands		regressive pulse; low sediment input	100 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	subsurface only	
			Wenonah Formation		clayey, silty, slightly glauconitic fine sand					
			Marshalltown Formation		intensely burrowed, very silty fine sand with glauconite		transgression; low sediment input	20 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)		
			Englishtown Formation		micaceous silt to very fine sand		regressive pulse	25 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)		
			Woodbury Formation		micaceous, chloritic, silty clay					
			Merchantville Formation		glauconitic sand to micaceous silty clay		transgression and establishment of widespread marine conditions; low sediment rates	120 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)		
			Magothy Formation		beach and estuarine deposits of cross-bedded sand, with clay and silt layers; some lignite		transition to marine conditions	50 feet, pinches out north of site location (Reference 2.5.1-17)		
			~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		regression and erosion			
			Lower Cretaceous	Potomac Group (Formation)		white, gray and red interbedded silts, clays, and quartose sand		aggrading alluvial plain; thermal subsidence	800 to 1650 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17)	
		~~~~~ pre-Cretaceous unconformity ~~~~~		~~~~~ pre-Cretaceous unconformity ~~~~~		uplift and erosion				
		Triassic	Upper Triassic	Basement Complex				Amalgamation of Pangea followed by rifting to form North America		
				Triassic Basin?		Fanglomerates and lacustrine sediments; diabase volcanics				
PRECAMBRIAN? PALEOZOIC?		Proterozoic? Paleozoic?	NeoProterozoic to Silurian?	Carolina Superterrane?	Philadelphia Terrane?	meta mafic to felsic plutons and volcanics with sediments, and ultramafic components	aluminous to quartz-rich schist with interbedded amphibolites (Wissahickon Formation) with ultramafic components; Wilimington Complex felsic to mafic arc complex		undetermined	

		Formation/Unit	Lithologies	Thickness
QUATERNARY	Holocene (recent)	Artificial fill	clays, silts, and sands of various proportions along with clayey and silty gravels	4.1 ± 5.1 feet
		Hydraulic fill	soft clayey silts, sandy silts and organic clays	33.5 ± 12.3 feet
	Pleistocene	Alluvium	fine to coarse sand and gravel; peat and organic rich soils; silt and clay near base	12.7 ± 12.3 feet
		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		
TERTIARY	Upper Tertiary (Neogene)	Kirkwood Formation	<i>Upper member:</i> greenish-gray, silty, fine sand, fine sand and greenish-gray to brown organic clay with organic material and shell fragments; <i>Lower member:</i> fine to coarse sand and gravel with variable amounts of silt and clay	<i>Upper member:</i> 14.5 ± 7.7 feet; <i>Lower member:</i> 7.2 ± 7.8 feet
		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		
	Lower Tertiary (Paleogene)	Vincentown Formation	greenish-gray, fine to medium grained silty sand with some zones of clayey sand; variably glauconitic; cemented zones	52.0 ± 26.1 feet
		Hornerstown Formation	greenish-gray to dark green silty and clayey quartz and glauconitic sand with indurated zones	18.6 ± 3.2 feet
CRETACEOUS	Upper Cretaceous	Navesink Formation	fossiliferous, dark green to greenish-black glauconitic sand; pelecypod fragments	24.3 ± 2.3 feet
		Mount Laurel Formation	brownish gray to dark green, fine to coarse grained sand; variable amounts of silt and clay; coarsening upward sequence	10.3 ± 3.5 feet
		Wenonah Formation	sandy clay with clayey sand	15 feet
		Marshalltown Formation	glauconitic, silty and clayey fine sand	25 feet
		Englishtown Formation	dark gray to black sandy clay to clayey sand with shell fragments grades to black silt with trace amounts of mica and glauconite	44 feet
		Woodbury Formation	black, micaceous clay	36 feet
		Merchantville Formation	dark greenish-black glauconitic silts and clays with variable amounts of sand	30 feet
		Magothy Formation	interbeds of gray to dark gray, locally mottled silts and clays that are interbedded with sands; trace amounts of lignite and carbonaceous material	52 feet
		~~~~~ unconformity ~~~~~		
	Lower Cretaceous	Potomac Group (Formation)	red, gray, and white mottled clay	1300 feet (Reference 2.5.1-17) PSEG No. 6 Production Well
		~~~~~ pre-Cretaceous unconformity ~~~~~		
PRECAMBRIAN TO PALEOZOIC	NeoProterozoic to Paleozoic	<b>Basement Complex</b>		
		Philadelphia Terrane	Wissahickon Schist – reported as residual clay (PSEG No. 6 Production Well)	undetermined

PSEG Power, LLC

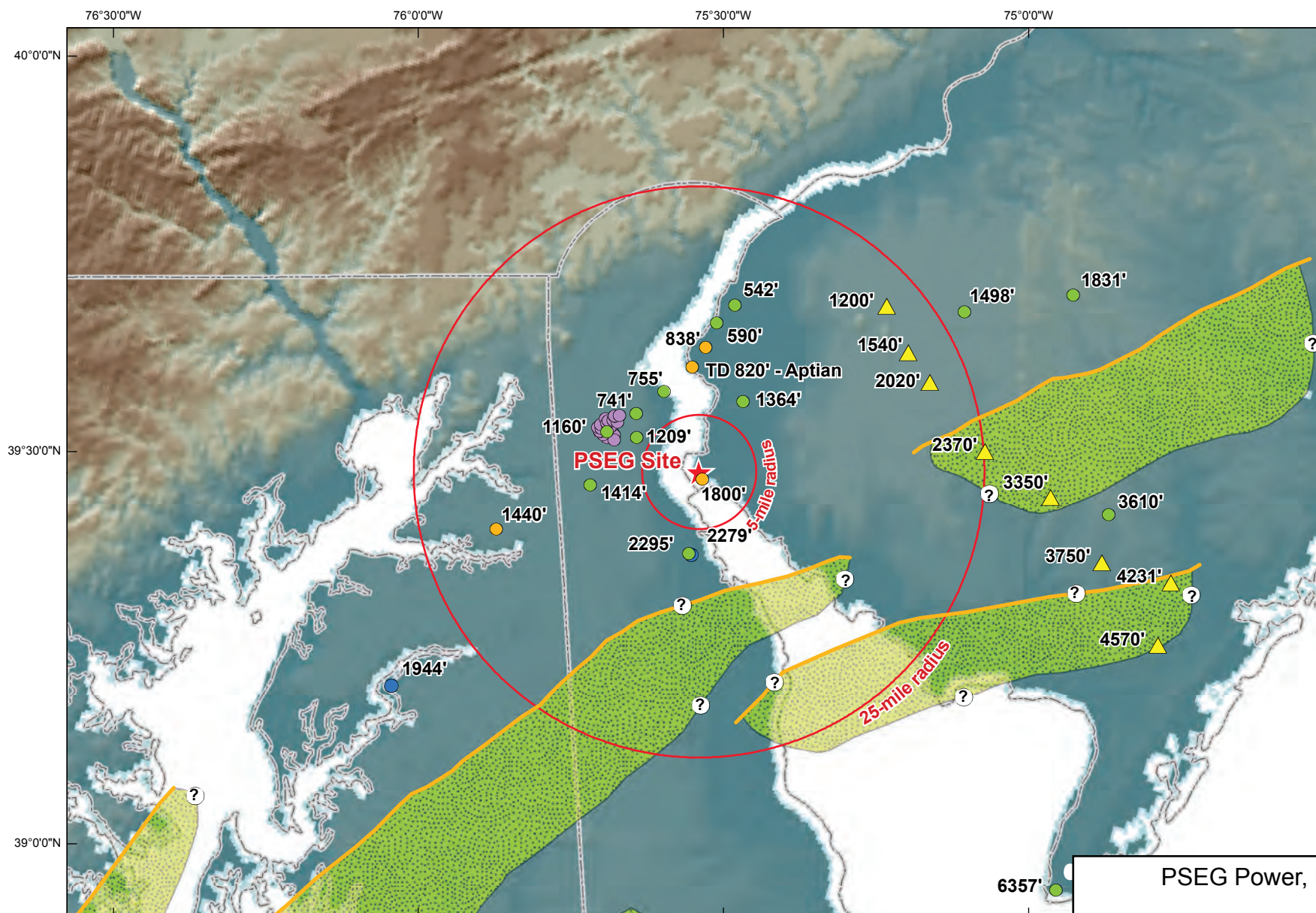
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Site Location Stratigraphy

FIGURE 2.5.1-34

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## LEGEND

- ▲ Seismic refraction point, Volkert (Reference 2.5.1-244)
- Boring, Volkert (Reference 2.5.1-244)
- Well, Benson (Reference 2.5.1-18)
- Well, Hansen (Reference 2.5.1-79)
- Well, Summit Site (Reference 2.5.1-56)

## Mesozoic Basins and Faults (Reference 2.5.1-15)

- ⊙ Questionable location
- Faults
- Covered Basin

0 20 miles



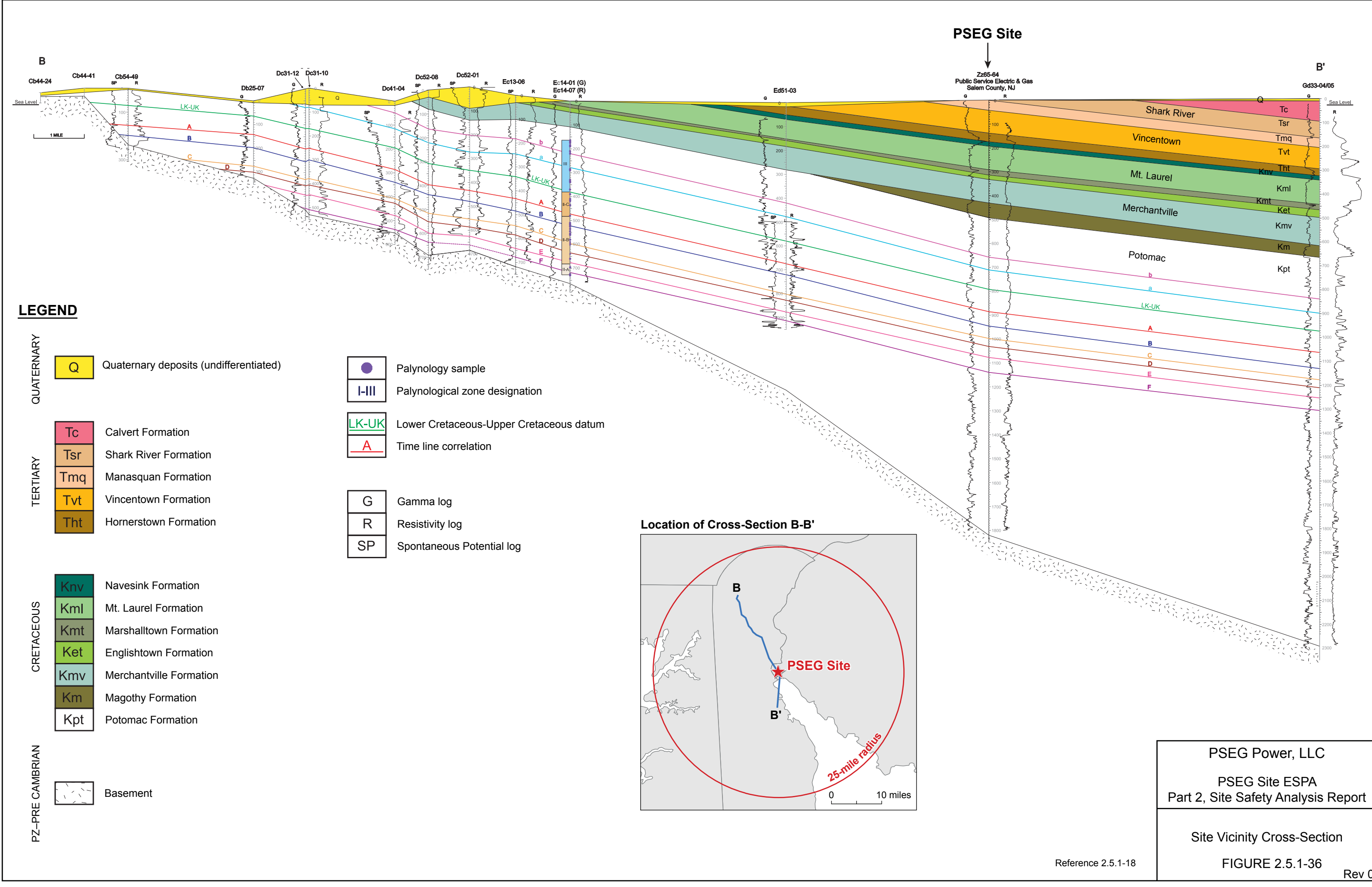
PSEG Power, LLC

PSEG Site ESPA  
Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report

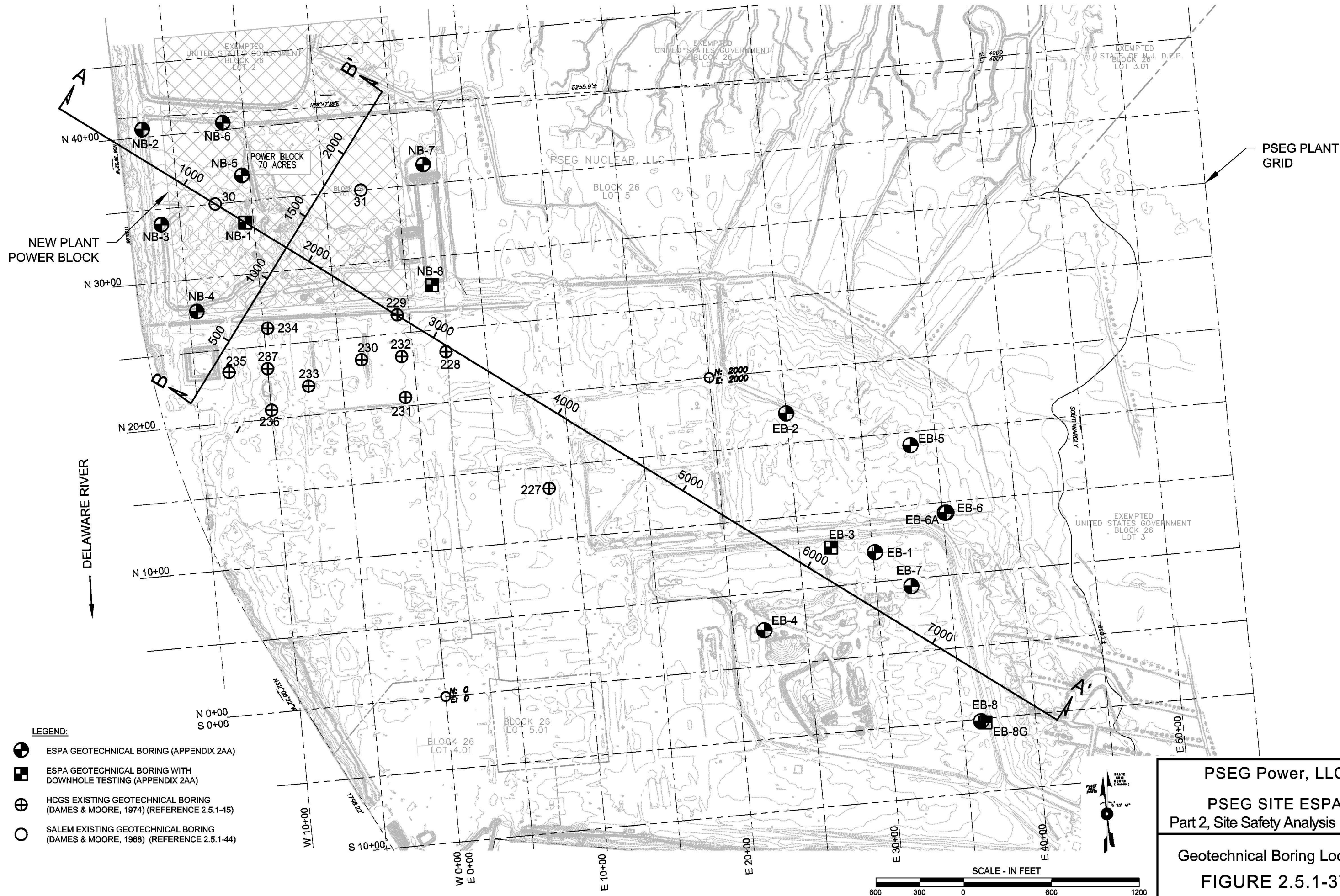
Depth to Basement

FIGURE 2.5.1-35

Rev 0



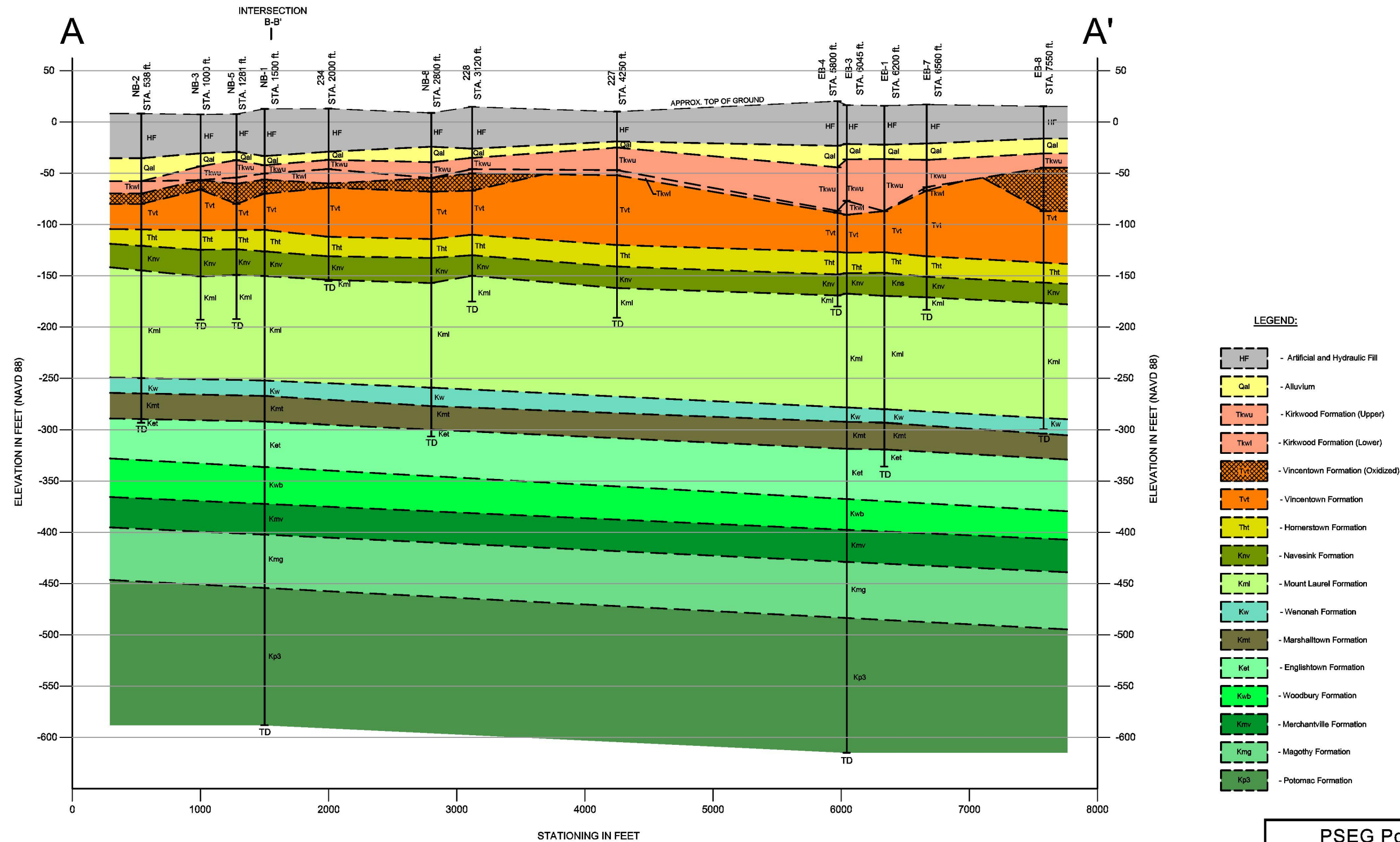




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PSEG SITE ESPA  
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Geotechnical Boring Location  
FIGURE 2.5.1-37

NW

SE

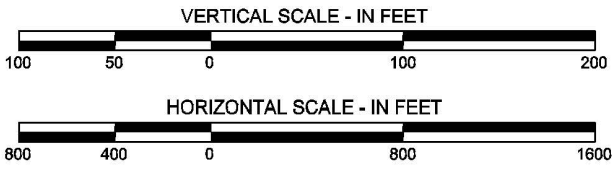


LEGEND:

- HF - Artificial and Hydraulic Fill
- Qal - Alluvium
- Tkww - Kirkwood Formation (Upper)
- Tkwl - Kirkwood Formation (Lower)
- Tvw - Vincenttown Formation (Oxidized)
- Tvt - Vincenttown Formation
- Tht - Hornerstown Formation
- Knv - Navesink Formation
- Kml - Mount Laurel Formation
- Kw - Wenonah Formation
- Kmt - Marshalltown Formation
- Ket - Englishstown Formation
- Kwb - Woodbury Formation
- Kmv - Merchantville Formation
- Kmg - Magothy Formation
- Kp3 - Potomac Formation

NOTES:

- BORINGS 227, 228, AND 234 (DAMES & MOORE, 1974) (REFERENCE 2.5.1-45)
- EB AND NB SERIES BORINGS COMPLETED FOR ESPA (APPENDIX 2AA)
- TD = TERMINATION DEPTH
- SEE FIGURE 2.5.1-37 FOR SECTION LOCATION.
- BORINGS PROJECTED ORTHOGONALLY TO SECTION LINE.
- SOME BORINGS SHOWN ON FIG-2.5.1-37 NOT INCLUDED DUE TO SHALLOW DEPTH OR PROXIMITY TO OTHER BORINGS.



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PSEG SITE ESPA

Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report

Cross-Section A-A'

FIGURE 2.5.1-38 Rev 0

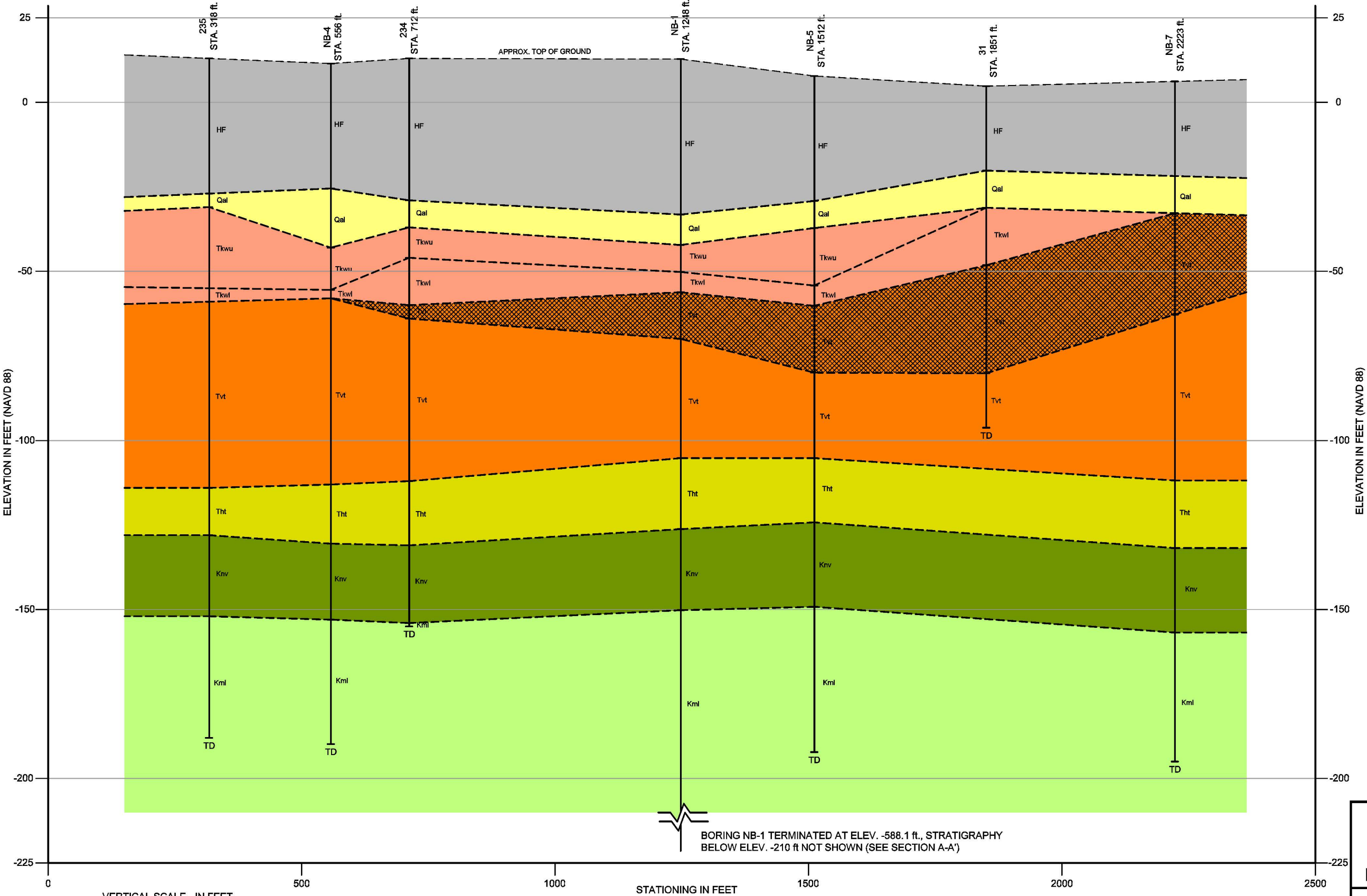


SW

B

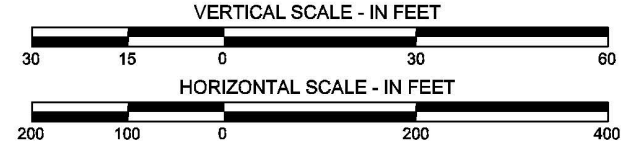
NE

B'



LEGEND:

- HF - Artificial and Hydraulic Fill
- Qal - Alluvium
- Tkwu - Kirkwood Formation (Upper)
- Tkwl - Kirkwood Formation (Lower)
- Tvt - Vincentown Formation (Oxidized)
- Tvt - Vincentown Formation
- Tht - Hornerstown Formation
- Knv - Navesink Formation
- Kml - Mount Laurel Formation



NOTES:

- BORING 31 (DAMES & MOORE, 1968) (REFERENCE 2.5.1-44)
- BORINGS 234 AND 235 (DAMES & MOORE, 1974) (REFERENCE 2.5.1-45)
- EB AND NB SERIES BORINGS COMPLETED FOR ESPA (APPENDIX 2AA)
- TD = TERMINATION DEPTH

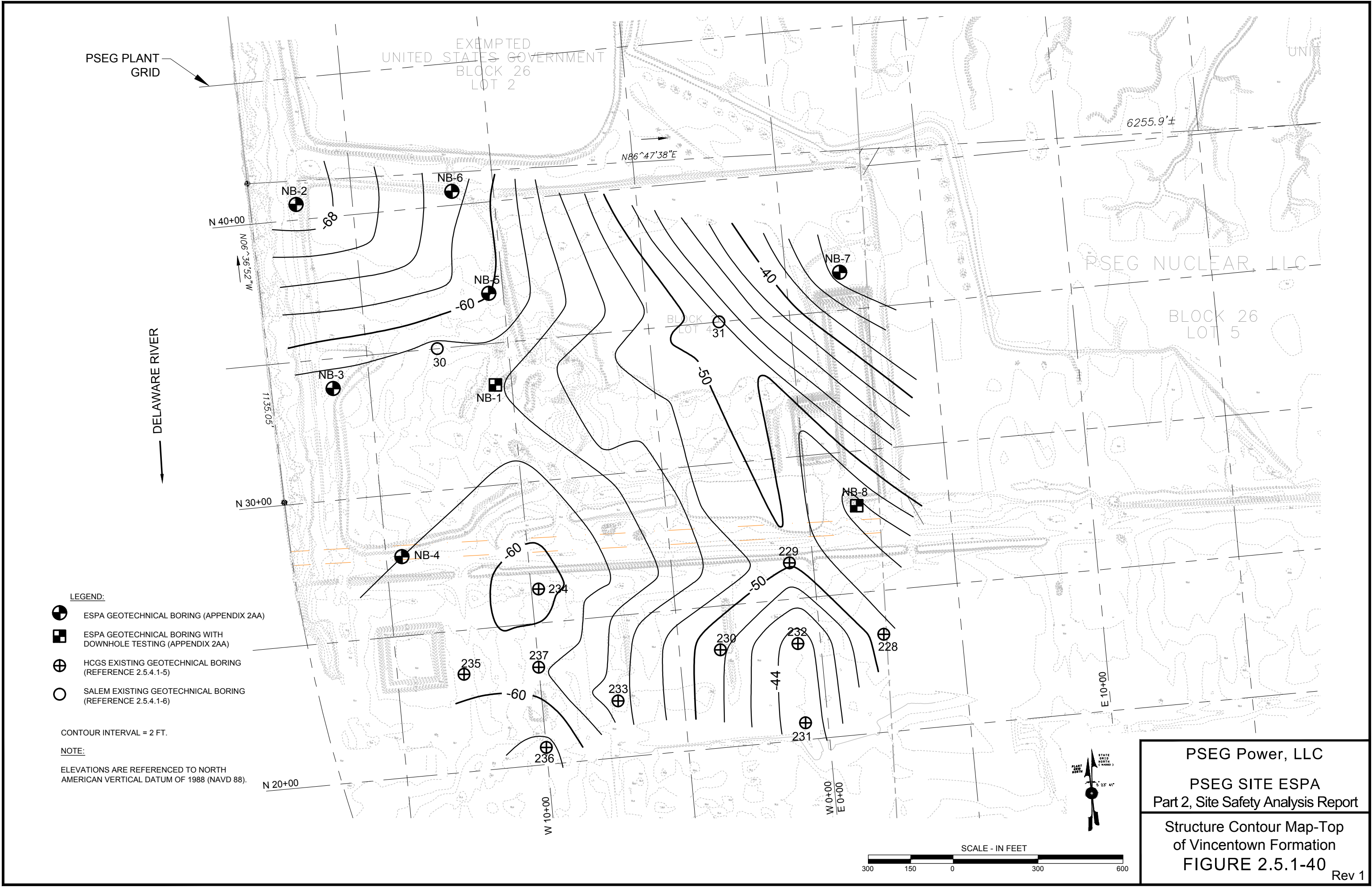
NOTES (continued):

- SEE FIGURE 2.5.1-37 FOR SECTION LOCATION
- BORINGS PROJECTED ORTHOGONALLY TO SECTION LINE.
- SOME BORINGS SHOWN ON FIG-2.5.1-37 NOT INCLUDED DUE TO SHALLOW DEPTH OR PROXIMITY TO OTHER BORINGS.

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PSEG SITE ESPA  
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Cross-Section B-B'  
FIGURE 2.5.1-39

Rev 0



- LEGEND:**
- ESPA GEOTECHNICAL BORING (APPENDIX 2AA)
  - ESPA GEOTECHNICAL BORING WITH DOWNHOLE TESTING (APPENDIX 2AA)
  - HCGS EXISTING GEOTECHNICAL BORING (REFERENCE 2.5.4.1-5)
  - SALEM EXISTING GEOTECHNICAL BORING (REFERENCE 2.5.4.1-6)

CONTOUR INTERVAL = 2 FT.

**NOTE:**

ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88).

PSEG Power, LLC

PSEG SITE ESPA

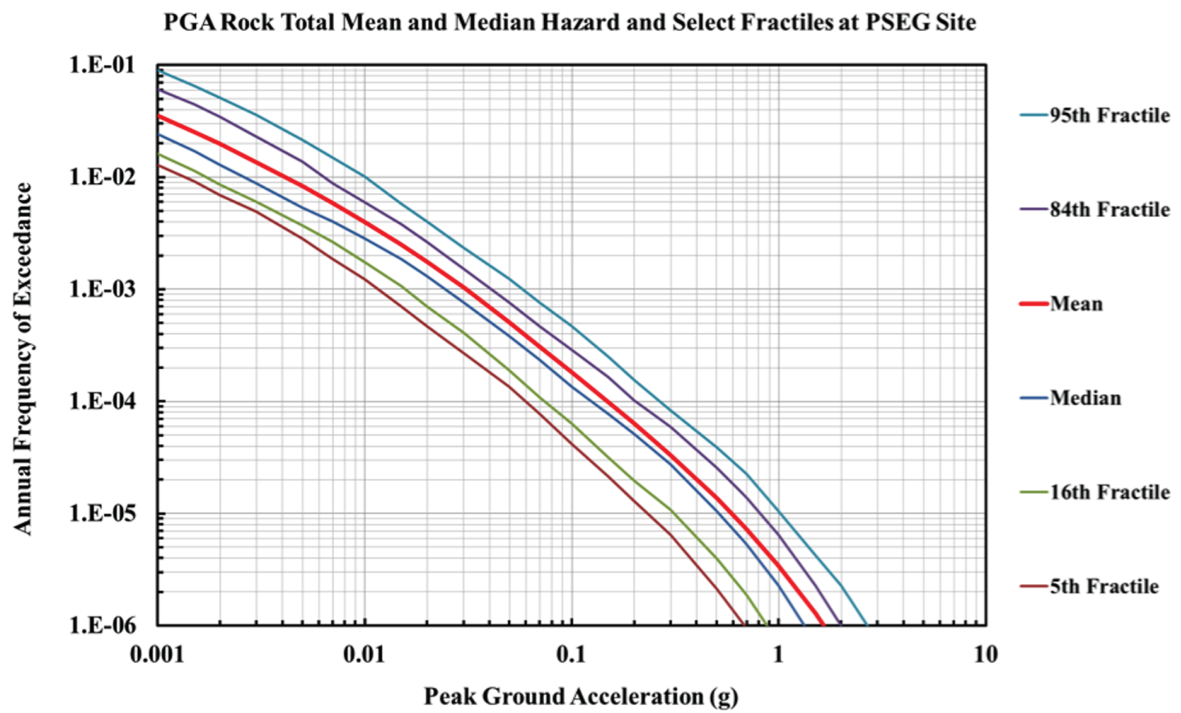
Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report

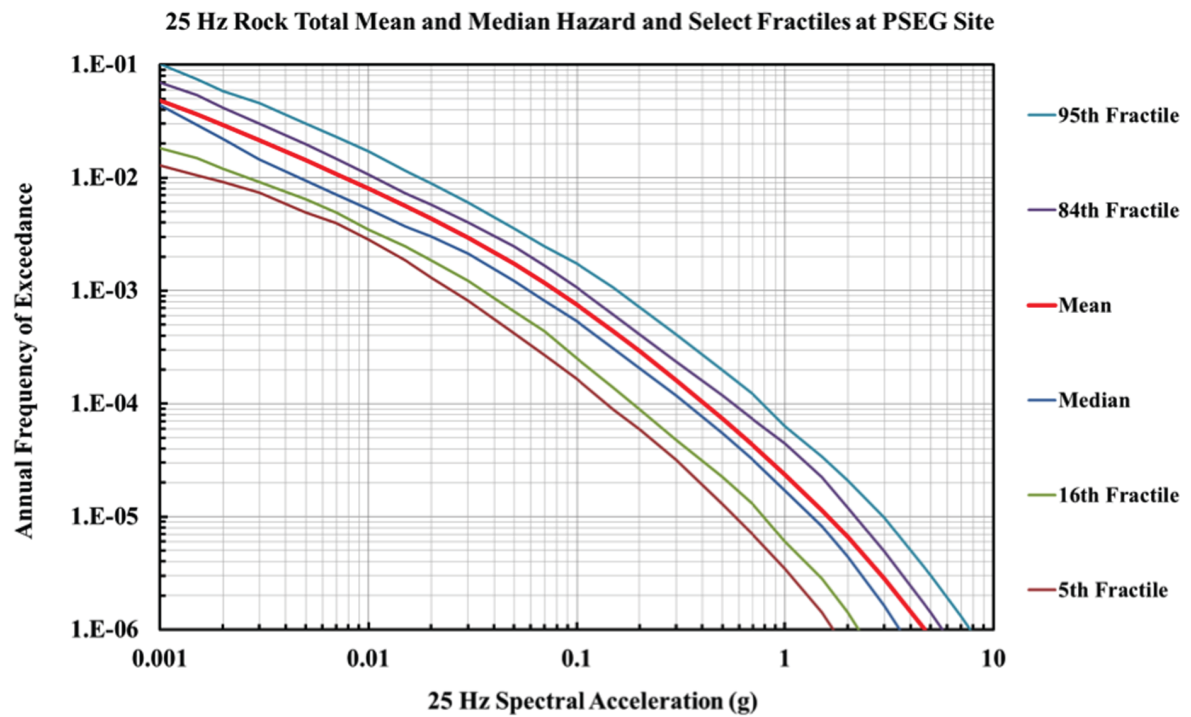
Structure Contour Map-Top of Vincentown Formation

FIGURE 2.5.1-40

Rev 1







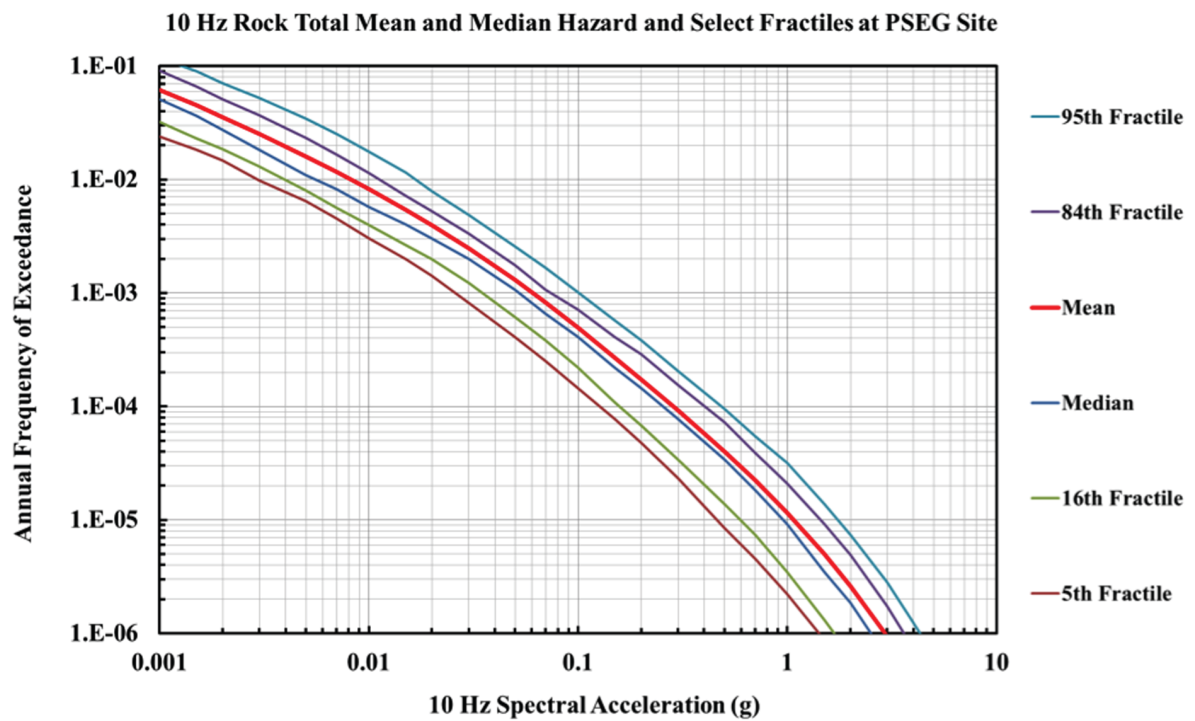
PSEG Power, LLC

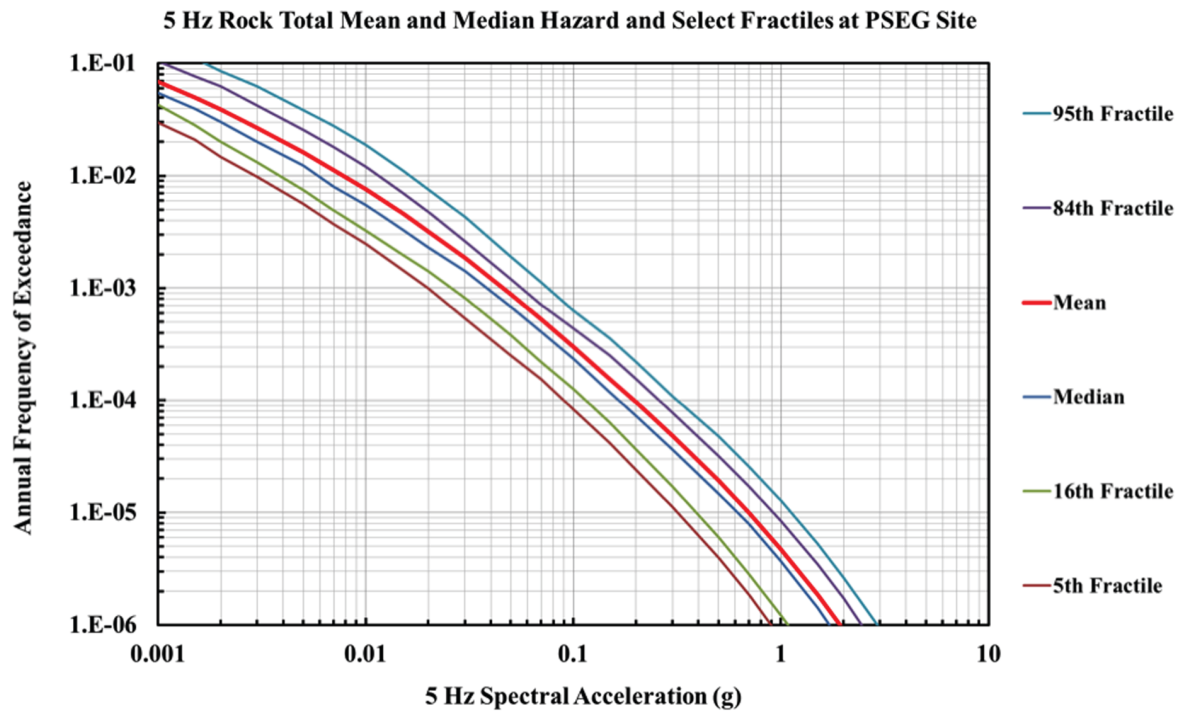
PSEG Site ESPA  
Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report

Mean and Fractile  
Rock Seismic Hazard Curves  
for 25 Hz Spectral Acceleration  
FIGURE 2.5.2-19

Rev 1







PSEG Power, LLC

PSEG Site ESPA  
Part 2, Site Safety Analysis Report

Mean and Fractile  
Rock Seismic Hazard Curves  
for 5 Hz Spectral Acceleration

FIGURE 2.5.2-21

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