

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**Title: BRIEFING ON BROWNS FERRY 3 RESTART -
PUBLIC MEETING**

Location: Rockville, Maryland

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Pages: 1 - 84

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1250 I St., N.W., Suite 300
Washington, D.C. 20005
(202) 842-0034

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1 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2 NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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4 BRIEFING ON BROWNS FERRY 3 RESTART

5 ***

6 PUBLIC MEETING

7 ***

8
9 Nuclear Regulatory Commission
10 Commissioners Conference Room
11 One White Flint North
12 11555 Rockville Pike
13 Rockville, Maryland

14
15 Thursday, November 9, 1995
16

17 The Commission met in open session, pursuant to
18 notice, at 2:00 p.m., the Honorable SHIRLEY A. JACKSON,
19 Chairman of the Commission, presiding.
20

21 COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:

22 SHIRLEY A. JACKSON, Chairman of the Commission
23 KENNETH C. ROGERS, Member of the Commission
24
25

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1 STAFF AND PRESENTERS SEATED AT THE COMMISSION TABLE:

2

3 J. HOYLE, SECY/NRC

4 K. CYR, OGC/NRC

5 O. KINGSLEY, TVA

6 R. MACHON, TVA

7 E. PRESTON, TVA

8 M. MEDFORD, TVA

9 L. WILLIAMS, Browns Ferry

10 C. CRANE, Browns Ferry

11 J. TAYLOR, EDO/NRC

12 W. RUSSELL, NRR/NRC

13 S. EBNETER, Region II/NRC

14 J. JOHNSON, Region II/NRC

15 F. HEBDON, NRR/NRC

16 P. NARBUT, NRR/NRC

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P R O C E E D I N G S

[2:00 p.m.]

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. The purpose of this meeting is for the Tennessee Valley Authority, TVA, and for the NRC staff to brief the Commission on the readiness of Browns Ferry Unit 3 to restart.

I understand that TVA and the staff will also very briefly discuss the status of the license application for Watts Bar unit 1 since TVA has informed the NRC they have completed the work to load fuel and begin low power operations at Watts Bar Unit 1.

So I would like to welcome all of you who are representatives of TVA here today. The Commission was last briefed by the staff on the status of Browns Ferry on July 12 of this year and I understand that the TVA portion of the meeting will include site and plant readiness and independent assessment results and the staff briefing will cover licensing evaluations, the restart approval process, the NRC's independent operational readiness team inspection and the power ascension test program.

I believe I am right that copies of the presentations are available at the entrance to the meeting. Commissioner Rogers, do you have any opening comments?

COMMISSIONER ROGERS: No, I don't. Thank you.

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1 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: The Commission will hear first
2 from you representing TVA management and so Mr. Kingsley,
3 you may proceed.

4 MR. KINGSLEY: Thank you very much, Chairman
5 Jackson. Good afternoon. Chairman Jackson and Commissioner
6 Rogers, I am Oliver Kingsley, President of TVA Nuclear. We
7 are extremely pleased to be here today to request permission
8 to restart Browns Ferry Unit 3 and provide you our bases
9 supporting readiness to restart and operate unit 3.

10 We were also here, Chairman Jackson, approximately
11 two months ago and we gave you a detailed briefing on our
12 Watts Bar plant and I would like to bring you up to date on
13 that plant at the end of our presentation. I would like to
14 have slide one, please.

15 [SLIDE.]

16 MR. KINGSLEY: I would like to review the agenda
17 and make some appropriate introductions. I will provide an
18 overview and some history of the Browns Ferry site. Rick
19 Machon seated to my immediate left is our site vice
20 president. He is going to discuss site recovery and site
21 readiness.

22 Gene Preston seated at his left is our plant
23 manager. He will discuss plant readiness. Chris Crane, our
24 assistant plant manager, is at the table, does not have a
25 formal part of our presentation but Chris is totally

1 dedicated to unit 3 restart and does have full
2 responsibility reporting up through Gene for that at this
3 period of time.

4 Dave Stinson seated behind me, not at the table,
5 was our unit 3 recovery manager. We had this in a project
6 fashion since 1993 and Dave did have total project
7 responsibility for engineering and construction.

8 We also have Mark Medford here, our vice president
9 of engineering and technical services and he will discuss
10 the independent assessments and their conclusions on the
11 Browns Ferry Unit 3.

12 Lee Williams is our site engineering and materials
13 manager, also at the table, does not have formal
14 presentation but can respond to any engineering and a number
15 of technical programs that we have affected properly on the
16 Browns Ferry Unit 3 and any materials questions that you
17 might have.

18 We also have a number of other knowledgeable
19 managers seated behind us who can respond to technical
20 questions or other questions as necessary. May I have slide
21 two, please?

22 [SLIDE.]

23 MR. KINGSLEY: Chairman Jackson, as you know from
24 your visit to Browns Ferry in July, our plant is located in
25 north Alabama. It is on the Tennessee River. It is a three

1 unit site, GE BWR 4 nuclear steam supply system with a MARK
2 I containment.

3 Currently our unit 1 is in extended shutdown laid-
4 up condition. Unit 2 is operating at full power and, of
5 course, we are here today to discuss unit 3. I would like
6 the next slide, please.

7 [SLIDE.]

8 MR. KINGSLEY: This slide gives you an overview, a
9 little bit of some historical dates, with respect to Browns
10 Ferry and what we are interested in talking about. Unit 2
11 was shutdown in the fall of 1984. We restarted that unit in
12 the spring of 1991 and after a successful restart and period
13 of sustained operation we were removed from the NRC watch
14 list in June of 1992.

15 Unit 3 was shutdown on a voluntary basis in the
16 spring of 1985. Projected restart is later this month and
17 we are prepared to discuss that in detail pending your
18 approval. May I have slide four, please?

19 [SLIDE.]

20 MR. KINGSLEY: The NRC Commissioners are very
21 familiar with a number of fundamental problems that we had
22 at the Browns Ferry site. I am not going into detail and
23 discuss those. Rich Machon when he is discussing site
24 readiness and site recovery will touch on a number of these
25 and the associated corrective actions that we put in place

1 to ensure that Browns Ferry Unit 3 operates properly.

2 We have made a number of fundamental changes in
3 our nuclear operation. All of these changes have resulted
4 in improved performance. We touched on a number of aspects
5 of our business and changed it.

6 In the areas of operations, training, maintenance,
7 engineering, quality assurance, we have made these very
8 fundamental changes and we have touched all aspects of our
9 business. We significantly raised our standards on our
10 plants and our operating plants continue to improve and
11 benefit from these changes we have made.

12 The same standards that we put in place and
13 successfully demonstrated on unit 2 have been fully put in
14 place on unit 3 and we will discuss that when we talk about
15 the site and the plant later in our presentation. May I
16 have slide five, please?

17 [SLIDE.]

18 MR. KINGSLEY: Browns Ferry Unit 2 was restarted
19 after I came to TVA. We are extremely proud of its
20 performance. It has a capacity factor of slightly greater
21 than 80 percent over these approximately four and a half
22 years that it has been operating.

23 It has a good nuclear safety record. The plant is
24 also in very good material condition. The site management
25 team that is here today and that we also have in place at

1 the site has been together performing as a team for
2 approximately two years.

3 They have significant experience, proven expertise
4 and a proven track record in operating Browns Ferry 2 and in
5 the significant recovery that we have been about for the
6 last two years on unit 3.

7 I am very confident that this site organization
8 can handle this additional responsibility and we look
9 forward to demonstrate that to the general public, to the
10 TVA employees and to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. May
11 I have slide six, please?

12 [SLIDE.]

13 MR. KINGSLEY: As I had mentioned earlier, Unit 3
14 followed a number of significant recovery improvements and
15 precedents that we put in place on unit 2. We have also had
16 the benefit of taking lessons learned over this four and a
17 half year period and putting them in place and ensuring that
18 the improvements that we had to bring about on unit 2 over
19 this period of time were taken care of to the best of our
20 ability in advance.

21 We have also ensured that we have the right people
22 in place, we have the right programs and we have the right
23 procedures to handle the multi-unit operation down through
24 the operations, the engineering, the maintenance
25 organizations, all the way down and made a number of

1 procedure changes in order to properly support that.

2 We have adequate resources available both from a
3 money standpoint, both from a people standpoint and a
4 support standpoint to operate these units. We have had a
5 number of independent assessments and Mark Medford will talk
6 about that which confirm our readiness.

7 When you put all of this together, it definitely
8 confirms and gives us strong confidence that we are ready to
9 restart unit 3 and demonstrate we can operate unit 2 and
10 unit 3 successfully.

11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Mr. Kingsley, when you speak of
12 independent assessments, has INPO been involved in that
13 regard?

14 MR. KINGSLEY: Yes. They sent a special team in.
15 This team had been quite involved in the Cooper restart and
16 took essentially the same people from an INPO standpoint and
17 I also asked them to get as many people from the industry
18 who had trouble plant experience, who had multi-unit
19 operation and they came in and did a quite thorough assist
20 visit and we are prepared to talk about that when Mark gives
21 us presentation.

22 We also had an independent high level team that we
23 chartered to come in and assess the readiness on the site.
24 I would now like to turn and introduce Rick Machon who will
25 discuss site recovery and site readiness. Rick.

1 MR. MACHON: Thank you, Oliver. Chairman Jackson,
2 Commissioner Rogers, I am Rick Machon, site vice president
3 for Browns Ferry. I am responsible for the safe and
4 reliable operation of the site and I am here to discuss the
5 recovery efforts that we went through.

6 Unit 2's restart and subsequent two plus cycles of
7 operation provided the foundation for unit 3's recovery. A
8 lot of the lessons learned that has been incorporated into
9 unit 3. Some examples of that are single point
10 accountability for each phase of the project so we know
11 where to focus, consolidated our engineering walkdowns and
12 programs which facilitated not only implementation but
13 closure, efficient testing of components and systems,
14 anticipation of experience problems and reconciling them in
15 the design, for example, like thermal expansion. We believe
16 we have a lot of that taken care of prior to restarting this
17 plant up as well as increased flushing for laid-up systems
18 to make sure that they are ready to go.

19 Could I have slide seven by the way?

20 [SLIDE.]

21 MR. MACHON: I might have gotten ahead of myself.
22 Our review of each system was thorough and it ensures that
23 it will perform as expected. Our regulatory issues have all
24 been addressed and closed with the exception of some
25 required by plant condition that we are going to demonstrate

1 during the startup.

2 Design basis requirements have been defined and
3 met and translated into the test procedures which have been
4 written, implemented and surveillance instructions and
5 successfully performed show that they can meet their design
6 criteria.

7 We have also completed several equipment
8 reliability enhancements as a result of our experience
9 operating the second unit. The condensate system has been
10 upgraded which will enhance our chemistry performance. We
11 have implemented mods on unit 3 to minimize unplanned trips
12 during operation and we have improved body-to-bonnet
13 gasketing surfaces on major balance of plant valves so we
14 shouldn't experience some of the leakage that we saw.

15 Our plant material condition has significantly
16 improved. Plant areas are clean, painted. We have replaced
17 the recirc pipe, control room upgrade. I think some of
18 these things you saw when you were there with us and we have
19 even removed the stellite rollers from our blades which will
20 minimize cobalt and radiation levels within the plant.

21 We continue to drive towards operational
22 excellence. The site and each department has developed a
23 plan that goes beyond restart that will help us achieve
24 operational excellence in the future with multi-unit
25 operations. May I have slide eight, please?

1 [SLIDE.]

2 MR. MACHON: As we learned from both the unit 2
3 restart and visits to other multi-unit facilities, the
4 recovery organization is turned over to the operations
5 department of the plant that has low backlogs and low
6 backlogs in all the key areas.

7 Our regulatory requirements are going to be met by
8 startup. In fact, we will be with the best of the industry.
9 We are not throwing any issues over the fence with regard to
10 restart.

11 Our engineering backlog is low. Design changes
12 have been implemented and the documentation is in the vault.
13 The critical drawings are all updated in the control room
14 ready to support operation. The secondary drawings are
15 scheduled to be completed sometime in the early spring and
16 temporary alternations within the plant are being kept to a
17 minimum as we do on unit 2.

18 We have devoted significant effort to ensuring
19 that our procurement process is becoming more efficient and
20 that spare parts are available to support dual unit
21 operation and not just single unit operation.

22 Our operations backlog and by that I mean nuisance
23 alarms, operator workarounds, LED annunciators in the
24 control room will be maintained at the standard that we have
25 set at unit 2 and we try to achieve zero or a black board

1 from an operations standpoint and I believe we had five
2 operator workarounds on unit 2. We are looking to have four
3 when we restart unit 3.

4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Not zero?

5 MR. MACHON: We are moving towards zero. In fact
6 all the things that we need to do to eliminate the ones on
7 unit 2 are going to be implemented in the next outage. Our
8 maintenance backlogs are also very low both in the
9 corrective and minor maintenance area.

10 Lastly, we have cleaned the plant from a radiation
11 standpoint down to an area of one to two percent of the
12 total area is contaminated and controlled at this time.
13 More importantly our goal is not just to restart the plant
14 with these numbers but to keep these numbers down.

15 We have the performance monitoring systems in
16 place to assure that we direct the resources to the right
17 areas when we start to see the numbers either increase or
18 decrease as appropriate.

19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Can you be a little more
20 explicit? Can you address what the basic elements of the
21 performance monitoring system are?

22 MR. MACHON: In a work order world it would be how
23 many did I receive that week, how many did I work off and
24 what is left.

25 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you have a way to track

1 them?

2 MR. MACHON: Yes, exactly. Also as part of our
3 performance monitoring with regards to getting the plant
4 ready and the organizations ready we used a tiered approach
5 that evaluated our organization, our processes and the plant
6 material condition or system health as we call it in a
7 windows format that measured against a criteria that INPO
8 uses for near term operating license and also the NRC
9 restart criteria and critically assessed our performance in
10 these areas and the completion of that, in fact, was just
11 two weeks ago.

12 All the windows now support us being ready to
13 restart and more importantly operate two units at the same
14 time at the site. We have met the objectives that we set
15 out for ourselves when we were moving forward.

16 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Have you had much turnover in
17 personnel? Who are the people who are there today compared
18 to the people who were there at the time when you shutdown?

19 MR. MACHON: In 1985?

20 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Yes.

21 MR. MACHON: I can only speak to the last two
22 years and we have not had much turnover in the last two
23 years other than you know TVA offered an early out
24 assignment. I believe the last time we looked at the
25 roster, Gene, it was 700 people still at the site that were

1 there when there were multiple units operating.

2 MR. PRESTON: A lot of experience in our crafts
3 level and the technicians level and engineering, most of the
4 managers are all recent of TVA in the last two to three
5 years.

6 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: There are two ways to look at
7 personnel. One is to say that you have a number of years of
8 accumulated experience. Another is that if you had problems
9 in the past, how have you changed if your workforce is the
10 same.

11 MR. MACHON: The 700 represents and there are
12 normally about 1,500 and something total on site so that
13 would be first in the area it is only half of the people.

14 MR. KINGSLEY: Let me speak to that just a little
15 bit. Let's take the area of operations. All of our
16 operators who were there at the shutdown had to be re-
17 licensed either directly by the Nuclear Regulatory
18 Commission or in a monitored exam and we went through a
19 series of four exams prior to restart on unit 2 and over
20 half of the licensed operators lost their license over that
21 period of time or either resigned.

22 We also put a little rule in that if you did lose
23 that license, you didn't stay at Browns Ferry unless you had
24 the right character, the right demeanor, the right safety
25 ethic and we eliminated some others.

1 In the area of maintenance, we took all of our
2 mechanics, our electricians, our I&C technicians and put
3 them back through the INPO accredited training and required
4 them to re-certify.

5 We also brought in essentially a new first line of
6 supervision in maintenance. We brought a number of people
7 out of the nuclear shipyards throughout the country. We
8 brought in some others that had worked for some vendors. We
9 brought in some technicians that we had hired so we changed
10 that out, Chairman Jackson.

11 We did put in a new management. We put in a
12 number of new engineers in our tech support group. Our
13 engineering organization was a poor performer in 1985. It
14 was part of the root cause, not the only root cause, of the
15 Browns Ferry shutdown.

16 We changed the management. We had to put the
17 right procedures and systems in place and we significantly
18 improved that over this period of time. As an example, our
19 engineering organization is second to none.

20 So we turned this plant over significantly. That
21 was under the leadership of Ike Zeringue primarily and the
22 team that we put in there at the site. So I am confident
23 that we have purged some of the old habits out of the plant.

24

25 We also put our people through a significant kind

1 of self-awareness program similar to what Peach Bottom used
2 a number of years ago which put the right ethic in and how
3 you treat things, how you report things and we are satisfied
4 that we have the right staff and team there at the site.

5 Rick and Gene just didn't happen to be there
6 during that long process that we went through prior to start
7 up of unit 2.

8 MR. MACHON: Could I have slide nine, please?

9 [SLIDE.]

10 MR. MACHON: As Oliver just talked about we have
11 an experienced and stable site organization and all of the
12 key managers that you see here have been in place as part of
13 this team for about two years now through the operation of
14 unit 2 and the final stages of recovery of unit 3.

15 We have introduced Gene and Chris over here and
16 Lee is the engineering and materials manager. Behind me is
17 tim Shriver who is the Nuclear Assurance and Licensing
18 manager on the site. The Business and Work Performance
19 manager is Dave Nye and Steve Rudge our Site Support manager
20 are back at the plant taking care of business if you will.

21 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: What is the significance of
22 the dotted lines here in your flow chart?

23 MR. MACHON: They are a matrixed organization to
24 me, that there is a corporate presence both in engineering
25 and materials that provides the guidance to the engineering

1 function on the site and they report to me to deliver the
2 product on the schedule and the same with nuclear assurance
3 and licensing. That is a matrixed organization as well.

4 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: I see. Thank you.

5 MR. MACHON: If there aren't any further
6 questions, I will turn it over to Gene.

7 MR. PRESTON: Thank you, Rick. Good afternoon,
8 Chairman Jackson and Commissioner Rogers. I am Gene
9 Preston, plant manager for Browns Ferry and I have overall
10 responsibility for the safe operation and maintenance of the
11 plant and I am here today to discuss the readiness of our
12 plant organizations to restart unit 3 and return Browns
13 Ferry to a multi-unit operating state. I would like to ask
14 to have slide ten, please.

15 [SLIDE.]

16 MR. PRESTON: Chris Crane here on my left is my
17 right-hand man and as stated by Mr. Kingsley he has overall
18 unit 3 recovery responsibility and is dedicated full time on
19 unit 3 thereby allowing me to concentrate on the overall
20 plant status and our readiness to accommodate the second
21 unit out there.

22 I would like to review each of my departments with
23 you, their experience and their readiness to restart unit 3
24 and again to safely and reliably operate dual unit
25 operations out there.

1 As we said earlier our management team has been in
2 place for better than two years in tact. Our departments
3 are staffed with experienced people. I will go over each of
4 those departments on the chart.

5 The maintenance manager is a group that is
6 comprised of about 250 individuals. They have
7 responsibility for maintaining the plant, modifying the
8 plant and responsibility for the plant facilities.

9 The maintenance manager was previously the design
10 engineering manager for the site so he has a very good
11 background not only in maintaining the plant but also in the
12 design basis.

13 We are real proud of our crafts skill level. We
14 have what we believe to be some of the best craftsmen in the
15 country and I think that our operating record and the
16 reliability of our equipment attests to that as well.

17 Our technical support group is the next one. Our
18 tech support is comprised primarily of the system engineers
19 and component level engineers and these are the folks who
20 have captured the unit 2 lessons learned during its startup
21 testing and have placed into the plan for unit 3's return to
22 service those lessons learned and we think that that will
23 result in improved unit 3 performance.

24 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Can you tell me a little bit
25 about your system engineers, how experienced they are and

1 how many systems each system engineer has charge of?

2 MR. PRESTON: Yes, sir. We are very fortunate in
3 that most of our system engineers were 'also the system
4 engineers during the recovery of unit number 2 back in 1991
5 so they for the most part went through the startup test
6 phase of unit 2, the initial checkout and operation of the
7 equipment as it was readied from construction and then they
8 went through the startup of the unit. So I would say that
9 on an average there is probably six or seven years
10 experience with them.

11 The group is comprised of three basic areas: NSSS
12 or nuclear steam supply system, balance of plant and an I&C
13 electrical group. The systems are approximately broken into
14 three systems per system engineer, however, the system
15 engineers are also back up to others.

16 So they will have primary responsibility for three
17 systems on average and they will be backup for an additional
18 one or two systems. That again depends on the importance
19 and the size of the system. The system engineer responsible
20 for say the residual heat removal system which is a large
21 and involved system will not have but that one but on
22 average around three.

23 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Thank you.

24 MR. PRESTON: I will skip the Operations group for
25 now. The Radiations Chemistry group, that is a consolidated

1 radiation protection and radiological chemistry organization
2 that is responsible for maintaining a reactor coolant system
3 chemistry and the chemistry in the entire plant as well as
4 providing day-to-day radiation protection for workers in the
5 station.

6 We are extremely proud of their day-to-day
7 performance and I think it also has been recognized by your
8 staff. This particular group has received SALP one ratings
9 for three consecutive reviews.

10 Next is my Training department. The training
11 manager has a dedicated training staff to ensure that the
12 training is relevant. We also use a rotational assignment
13 where we send people over from the power plant on a one year
14 basis to help augment the permanent training staff.

15 This also includes operations and, in fact, just
16 recently we have provided additional training simulator
17 scenarios in preparation for our dual unit operation. These
18 scenarios are challenging.

19 They involve multiple unit participation and, in
20 fact, we have taken some scenarios and moved the shift
21 supervisor from the control room and had him communicate via
22 telephone or with the operators in the room as he just
23 watches the parameters from a computer screen.

24 We have also trained the operators in our new
25 emergency operating instructions and these had to be revised

1 as we brought unit 3 ready for operation and we have
2 included such important aspects as the use our unit cross-
3 ties and given them instructions on when they could and
4 could not depend on the other unit to supply a service to
5 them.

6 Now I would like to the core and that is the
7 operations group. As Mr. Machon said a few moments ago the
8 recovery organization has provided the operating department
9 at Browns Ferry with a very complete and very good plant to
10 start and operate.

11 We have also done, I think, a very good job in
12 readying the staff to operate the second unit. Our
13 operations manager has been at Browns Ferry since 1987. He
14 has previously held positions in training. He was a
15 training operations manager. He has worked on shift as a
16 shift technical advisor. He worked as the operations
17 superintendent for a number of years and just two years ago
18 we made him the Ops manager.

19 As we looked at unit 3 and tried to understand
20 what were some of the challenges that we faced in operating
21 unit 3 compared to just operating the unit 2, one of the
22 striking differences is that unit 1 and 2 are common control
23 rooms. Unit 3 is a separate control room.

24 Up until the recovery of unit 3 if one of the
25 control room operators had the need for information or

1 direction from the shift supervisor, he or she would merely
2 spin around in their desk and talk to the person that was in
3 the room with them. That won't be as easy in unit 3. It
4 will be a separate room.

5 So we looked at the impact of that on the
6 organization and how we would expect our people to grow into
7 that if you will. We decided to put a shift operations
8 supervisor mentor on shift and that is the shaded block with
9 the dashed lines on it.

10 That is a person that has experience as an SOS,
11 that is a senior reactor operator and shift supervisor's
12 position at a multi-unit operating site. We are fortunate
13 in that all of these individuals happen to have been
14 previously licensed as Browns Ferry SOSs and are now not
15 associated with the shift organization but in the higher
16 management positions at the site and what we have been able
17 to do is to draft them into service to help us as we go back
18 to multi-unit operation.

19 So we have asked these people to join us at the
20 time that we go from initial criticality in the unit until
21 the power ascension phase is completed. They will be
22 providing direct feedback to the operations manager and a
23 weekly report to myself and when we are all comfortable with
24 the performance of our people and we all concur, then we
25 will remove them.

1 The other one I would like to point out is if you
2 can look at the unit 3 organization down in the shaded area
3 we have a control room SRO SOS qualified person. What that
4 is is essentially a mentor to our ASOS or assistant shift
5 operations supervisor.

6 In unit 3, you will see there is an ASOS and the
7 additional SRO SOS level person will go in and be with that
8 shift and be with those guys until they again are
9 comfortable in making decisions and know when they can make
10 decisions independent of the SOS, when they have to get
11 permission prior to making those decisions and just help
12 them as they again join the second unit in operation.

13 The only other thing that I would like to point
14 out on that chart is that the shaded area depicts all of the
15 personnel that we normally have on a shift and they are all
16 above the minimum levels required by our technical
17 specifications. We put a shift clerk on duty for instance
18 to prevent adding any additional administrative burden or
19 reduce the administrative burden on the part of the
20 operating crews.

21 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Just before you leave that,
22 the SOS is going to be focusing his or her attention on unit
23 3 during this period of time, this startup time. How are
24 the functions of that office being discharged with respect
25 to unit 2 during that period?

1 MR. PRESTON: Commissioner Rogers, we have
2 provided the exact same work station in unit 3 for the shift
3 supervisor as he has in unit 2. He has the ability to go to
4 whichever the two units that he has a desire to go to. We
5 also have provided a camera that allows him to just observe
6 the overall level of activity in the room that he is not in
7 and an intercom system.

8 We do not see any real diminished ability to
9 communicate or maintain cognizance of the other unit. As we
10 said earlier, we have augmented the permanent staff with
11 these temporary positions in unit 3 to help have a set of
12 additional eyes and ears and to provide additional guidance
13 during this transition period as well when we get to
14 discussing the power ascension phase, there will always be a
15 test director that reports directly to the shift supervisor
16 and keeps him or her cognizant of where we are at with these
17 planned evolutions.

18 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Thank you.

19 MR. PRESTON: May I have slide 11, please?

20 [SLIDE.]

21 MR. PRESTON: A little more about our operations
22 staff. This group is experienced and we believe well
23 qualified. More than a third of them are degreed and over a
24 third of them have operated at Browns Ferry when Browns
25 Ferry last operated more than one unit.

1 The operators are licensed on all three units and
2 they rotate assignments between these units. Our planning
3 and our training to support dual unit operation has been
4 thorough and was long ranged. We visited other reactor
5 plants, other multi-unit sites, learned from their
6 experiences.

7 For example, we were careful not to create a
8 separate recovery operations organization. Our organization
9 for recovery was formed from within using the existing
10 organization and just augmenting it.

11 Our operators are a part of unit 2 and unit 3.
12 There is not a separate group of people so we don't have the
13 problem in the end of trying to figure out how to bring them
14 back together. As well, it keeps the experience and the
15 lessons learned in-house.

16 We also found in our visits to these other power
17 plants that they have experienced numerous occasions or
18 events that were associated with the wrong unit, the wrong
19 train, the wrong component.

20 We took this and turned it around and stressed it
21 as a positive; positive control of our work, making sure we
22 are working on the right unit, the right train, the right
23 component and that is part of our overall strategy for
24 managing the additional unit in the plant.

25 We as well implemented a new policy at the plant

1 that we are calling "STA2R," stop, think, ask questions
2 before you act and then when you are done review, that is,
3 to check one last time that you have done what you are
4 supposed to have done.

5 We obviously tried to stress individual
6 responsibility and accountability with all of our people as
7 well. Could I have the next slide, please?

8 [SLIDE.]

9 MR. PRESTON: Now "STA2R" is just one of the
10 components of our organize for success philosophy. We are
11 structured to ensure that multi-unit work is coordinated and
12 controlled.

13 For example, our unit separation controls have
14 been established. We are using color-coded boundary
15 drawings. Work order folders are color-coded for the unique
16 color of that unit. Our procedures and our equipment in the
17 areas have been color-coded.

18 If you were look at our unit number 2, it is
19 painted gold and all of the equipment in it is gold and unit
20 3 was blue and so if you are out in the plant doing a work
21 activity and you have a blue folder and you are in a gold
22 part of the plant, then you know that you probably need to
23 look at that more carefully to make sure that you are where
24 you should be.

25 We have also controlled for formalized control of

1 our common systems. There are a lot of shared systems in
2 the station and we have proceduralized that to make certain
3 that there is a single point of control for all the common
4 systems so in the event that unit 2 has a need for a device
5 that is part of the common part of the system, they will go
6 to the unit that has responsibility for that common system,
7 that requests will go through them.

8 We have strengthened communications up and down
9 the operations organization as well as between the units.
10 As I mentioned earlier we have installed monitors and
11 intercoms to help facilitate communications in the room.

12 To ensure that the coordination of work activities
13 is done properly we have implemented a single site wide 12-
14 week rolling schedule. Now all work will be routed, from
15 all plant systems will be routed in accordance with this
16 planned and scheduled system and that will help to ensure
17 that people aren't somewhere where they shouldn't be as well
18 and that the plant can accommodate that without having any
19 decrease in its control.

20 Now during our readiness reviews each of my
21 departments has had to personally come in and evaluate their
22 readiness and when they felt that they were ready to
23 accommodate the second unit each department head had to come
24 in and convince me, Mr. Machon and Tim Shriver, the nuclear
25 assurance and licensing manager, that they were ready and

1 that ready means people, processes, resources and
2 programmatic procedures. We have completed these self-
3 assessments and our assessment is that we are ready. Next
4 slide, please.

5 [SLIDE.]

6 MR. PRESTON: The power ascension testing program
7 as comprehensive and systematic. Once we receive your
8 permission to restart Browns Ferry Unit 3 we have a
9 comprehensive test program developed. This program has been
10 reviewed, approved and is administratively controlled.

11 It ensures that a thorough integrated system
12 testing is accomplished on the unit before it is allowed to
13 exceed or move on to the next plateau. We have established
14 systematic hold points and criteria have been established to
15 ensure that our people as well as the plant performance is
16 at a level that ensures that we are ready to operate at that
17 next level.

18 That concludes my presentation this afternoon and
19 unless there are any questions for me, I would like to turn
20 it over to Mark Medford.

21 MR. MEDFORD: Thank you, Gene. Chairman Jackson
22 and Commissioner Rogers, I am Mark Medford, TVA vice
23 president of engineering and technical support. I am here
24 to discuss the independent assessments of Browns Ferry
25 readiness to restart unit 3 and commence multi-unit

1 operation. May I have slide 14, please?

2 [SLIDE.]

3 MR. MEDFORD: There were four assessments
4 performed independent of line management. The first of
5 these were performed by the TVA Nuclear Assurance and
6 Licensing organization both site and corporate. There was
7 also an assist visit by INPO which we discussed briefly
8 earlier. There was an assessment by an outside Operational
9 Readiness Review Team and finally there was an assessment by
10 TVA's Nuclear Safety Review Board.

11 Let me first talk about TVA's Nuclear Assurance
12 and Licensing organization's assessments. Relative to unit
13 3 restart there were 12 overall site assessments, 32 unit 3
14 recovery specific reviews and 45 reviews of Watts Bar
15 construction deficiencies for applicability to Browns Ferry.
16 In the main, those 45 reviews indicated a lack of
17 applicability and where there was any applicability we
18 followed up on that.

19 In addition, they reviewed corrective action
20 documents for restart applicability, made an independent
21 review of employee concerns for appropriate closure and
22 performed control room observations.

23 One open issue was identified in their September
24 13th status report to Mr. Kingsley that needed to be
25 addressed prior to restart. That issue involved achieving a

1 full understanding by employees of the requirements of
2 multi-unit operation and proper sensitivity to the resulting
3 increase in complexity of operations.

4 As a result of that finding, site wide and
5 departmental training was conducted on multi-unit
6 operational sensitivity issues and operator training was
7 conducted on multi-unit transients, the PSA, system
8 differences and system interactions.

9 Closure was verified by an assessment of personnel
10 sensitivity which was performed between October 15th and
11 October 17th. This included interviews with 66 personnel.
12 The results indicated sufficient understanding of
13 requirements and sensitivity.

14 Corporate Nuclear Assurance performed a two-phased
15 review of the site nuclear assurance and licensing readiness
16 assessment plan and implementation results. These reviews
17 were performed in May and September.

18 There were no findings identified as a result of
19 these reviews and it was concluded that the readiness
20 assessment plan was being thoroughly implemented and would
21 determine adequacy to safely operate two units.

22 Chairman Jackson, you asked earlier about the
23 involvement of INPO in our restart assessment activities.
24 There was an assist visit which was conducted between August
25 28th and September 1st. It was performed by a 14-member

1 team supplemented by two Browns Ferry peers.

2 As Oliver indicated earlier we stressed in the
3 membership of this team having people who had experience
4 with multi-site operation and people who had been involved
5 from a positive aspect in the restart of trouble facilities.

6 The Cooper plant manager was a member of the team.
7 In addition, there were key personnel from Oconee, Comanche
8 Peak and South Texas. There were no items identified in
9 this review which would preclude restart.

10 The third assessment I would like to talk about is
11 the operational readiness review team which was chartered by
12 Oliver Kingsley to perform independent evaluations and
13 assessments of the Browns Ferry management, personnel,
14 programs, procedures and physical plant condition.

15 The initial review was performed in May of this
16 year with follow-up assessments beginning in August. The
17 membership included Warren Peabody as team leader, Solomon
18 Levy and Ken Harris. Ken is the nuclear advisor to the TVA
19 board. In addition, there were six other TVA and industry
20 experts on the team.

21 This group identified four prerequisites to
22 restart. First, completion of remaining system turnovers;
23 second, training on unit differences and interdependencies;
24 third, personnel sensitivity to dual unit operation and
25 finally, completion of emergency operating instruction

1 revisions associated with two unit operations. Completion
2 of each of these prerequisites has been verified by the team
3 leader.

4 The final assessment was that performed by the
5 Nuclear Safety Review Board. That board is composed of TVA
6 vice presidents and senior TVA and industry personnel. The
7 purpose of this review was to overview the adequacy and
8 quality of preparedness for unit 3 restart and dual unit
9 operations and to provide an independent restart readiness
10 recommendation to Oliver Kingsley.

11 The Nuclear Safety Review Board's conclusion was
12 similar to the other assessments that I mentioned and was
13 equally positive with respect to readiness of unit 3 for
14 restart.

15 In summary, these four independent assessments
16 concluded that programs, procedures, management and staff
17 are ready to support unit 3 restart and multi-unit
18 operation. I would now like to turn it over to Oliver
19 Kingsley for concluding remarks.

20 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Just before you do, when was
21 the last meeting of these different review teams?

22 MR. MEDFORD: The Nuclear Safety Review Board's
23 final meeting was Monday of this week. That was not the
24 first meeting in which we covered restart readiness but it
25 was the last.

1 As I mentioned earlier the operational readiness
2 review team started the second phase of their activities in
3 August and concluded late in the month of September. I
4 don't know the precise date.

5 The Site Nuclear Assurance and Licensing
6 organization, of course, has been conducting ongoing reviews
7 throughout the recovery process and the INPO visit, I will
8 have to refer back to my notes.

9 MR. MACHON: It was the end of August, the first
10 of September.

11 MR. MEDFORD: Right. That was just the one visit.

12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Can you edify us as to any
13 significant findings of the Operational Readiness Review
14 Team and whether there were any corrective actions put into
15 place and more importantly, if there were corrective
16 actions, how you evaluated the effectiveness of those?

17 MR. MEDFORD: There was a similarity in the
18 findings of the Operational Readiness Review Team and the
19 findings of the Site Nuclear Assurance and Licensing
20 organization and it centered on the adequacy of the training
21 relative to two unit operation.

22 There was a large number of interviews conducted
23 to assess, number one, the adequacy of training and also the
24 adequacy of personnel sensitivity to the challenges that
25 dual unit operation afford.

1 There were two entities involved in that. One was
2 the site NA&L organization and the other as far as the
3 Operational Readiness Review Team was concerned, the team
4 leader, Warren Peabody, personally participated in this
5 assessment to assure himself that site personnel were ready
6 for dual unit operation.

7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Mr. Machon.

8 MR. MACHON: I was just going to add on to that a
9 little bit. The evaluation was actually a process in that a
10 team would in at the beginning, find an issue and also came
11 back at the tail end of the evaluation and would look at the
12 progress and the close out particularly on these four
13 issues.

14 When we got beyond the closure and submittal of
15 the report which was the last week in September, Warren
16 Peabody, the team leader, came back and in the area of
17 training did a detailed review of the lesson plans that were
18 provided and how they were distributed to each of the
19 departments and this is not necessarily operations. You
20 would have operations involved. You would have maintenance
21 involved and tech support involved.

22 They went out and personally interfaced down to
23 the craft level with the individuals and actually developed
24 a questionnaire based on the lesson plan to ensure in this
25 case that he was getting the information back from the craft

1 that it had stuck with them. We went through each one of
2 those and verified them using that process.

3 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: With respect to the craft and
4 your personnel generally, they have been trained to unit
5 differences and not just sensitivity and not just labeling
6 but actual training to unit differences?

7 MR. MACHON: Yes, ma'am, they have. Cause and
8 effect.

9 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Have you established a
10 mechanism for periodically reassessing corrective actions or
11 actions that related to the findings and for making
12 adjustments on a going forward basis as necessary?

13 MR. MEDFORD: That is one of the charges of the
14 Site Nuclear Assurance and Licensing organization to do
15 exactly that.

16 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: All right. So you take that as
17 one aspect of your charter.

18 MR. MEDFORD: Yes.

19 MR. MACHON: In addition to that although there
20 were four items identified as restart issues, there were a
21 number of items that were identified and when I talk about
22 achieving operational excellence, we have captured all of
23 those whether it be from INPO or our own assessments in the
24 ORRT assessments and incorporated them into our excellence
25 plan so each department has a plan to start addressing these

1 past restart into the future.

2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So this is a living plan?

3 MR. MACHON: Yes, it is.

4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: All right.

5 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: I have one area that I
6 didn't hear anything about and that is physical security. I
7 wonder if you can say anything about the status of your
8 physical security program and whether the new requirements
9 for vehicular intrusion which NRC will expect to be
10 finished, I guess, in place early next year where you stand
11 on that, whether that has been taken care of yet or not.

12 MR. KINGSLEY: Rick, do you want to address that?

13 MR. MACHON: We are presently on schedule to
14 complete our security mods and upgrades including vehicle
15 barrier by the end of January.

16 MR. KINGSLEY: Let me edify on that. We put a
17 completely new security system in at Browns Ferry. Our
18 system was old. We put new surveillance equipment state-
19 of-the-art on the protected area boundary. We put a new
20 cast, new entrance facilities in. We have implemented a new
21 hand geometry that we are signaling with there which is a
22 very positive identification.

23 The vehicular bomb which will go in in late
24 January is being incorporated --

25 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You don't have to go into great

1 detail.

2 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: The prevention of.

3 MR. KINGSLEY: Yes, I mean the prevention.

4 [Laughter.]

5 MR. KINGSLEY: Thank you for clarifying that.

6 Prevention of that type of threat so we have overhauled the
7 security entirely at the site.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are there any issues still to
9 be addressed that you see as being on the critical path for
10 restart?

11 MR. KINGSLEY: There are several. We have a few
12 NRC commitments. We are working off the same list on that.
13 We are in paper closure. We are in total agreement with the
14 staff about what those are. We have a few administrative
15 items that we have to put in place.

16 I have a couple of things that I am tracking in
17 addition to the formal items that Mr. Medford mentioned,
18 making sure that we have adequate configuration control and
19 that we are properly sensitized, that we are not going too
20 fast.

21 We have another review of that on the 17th of
22 November and then there is a little bit of physical work.
23 We did complete the integrated leak rate test on the
24 containment earlier this week.

25 We are in the process of pressurizing for the

1 reactor vessel hydro and we have had a couple of control rod
2 drives that have not operated properly. We think we have
3 the root cause and in order to correct that we are going to
4 have to go back in the reactor pressure vessel, remove the
5 internals package and there are some lower support castings
6 that are going to have to be moved just a little bit,
7 Chairman Jackson. So we are going to do that and then make
8 sure that everything is totally in place, do all of our
9 configuration control, all the valve line-ups, all the
10 surveillance checks and probably have a little time out to
11 make sure we are totally ready and calibrated properly to
12 assume this additional restart responsibility.

13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are there any issues that
14 remain to be addressed concerning allegations or safety
15 concerns from within your organization and do any of them
16 require if they exist resolution prior to restart and if so,
17 how are you tracking them?

18 MR. KINGSLEY: To our knowledge there aren't any.
19 Mark Medford has specifics on that.

20 MR. MEDFORD: We went through a fairly detailed
21 process of evaluating the employee concerns issues. There
22 are a total of about 12 employee concerns relative to unit 3
23 which were judged not to be required for restart. We went
24 through a very rigorous process.

25 Mike Harding who is the Corporate Concerns

1 Resolution program manager and reports to me and several
2 members of his staff evaluated each of these individually.
3 They were, in turn, reviewed by the site management to
4 assure that they agreed. Through the restart process we
5 have carefully tracked resolution of employee concerns
6 issues to make sure that that was done properly.

7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What is the status of your tech
8 specs? Are you using the improved format?

9 MR. MEDFORD: We are right in the middle of
10 developing improved standard tech specs for Browns Ferry 2
11 and 3. We plan to submit in June of next year and following
12 NRC approval plan to implement about a year after that. We
13 are going to improve standard tech specs across the valley.
14 Watts Bar will start up with improved standards and Sequoyah
15 is about a year behind Browns Ferry.

16 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Where are you with respect to
17 readiness for the implementation or the effective date of
18 the maintenance rule?

19 MR. KINGSLEY: Rick or Gene, do you want to take
20 that?

21 MR. PRESTON: We have developed a steering
22 committee and a group for implementation of the maintenance
23 rule. We have made certain that we didn't go out and create
24 a new organization to implement the maintenance rule.

25 We really looked at and understood its

1 requirements. We have added only one person to our staff
2 and the implementation is actually transparent to the rest
3 of the organization. We are just using information that was
4 already available to us. We have always used, for instance,
5 the PSA or PRA in our day-to-day scheduling of maintenance.

6
7 So all we have done in addition to that now is
8 these critical significant risk components and the
9 structure, systems and components have all been added to
10 that and they will be included in this matrix that we use
11 for deciding what maintenance has to be performed. We are
12 on schedule for implementation mid next year.

13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: At the risk of sounding
14 somewhat repetitive, I know a great deal of effort has been
15 put into coming to a point to ensure that Browns Ferry 3 is
16 ready to restart but it has been ten years.

17 MR. KINGSLEY: That is correct.

18 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So are there any areas of
19 vulnerability that you think you have to be particularly
20 mindful of as you restart and how are you prepared to
21 address them?

22 MR. KINGSLEY: We have reviewed this many times.
23 We believe we have a very thorough startup test program.
24 However, there are parts of this plant that haven't seen any
25 live steam in over ten years.

1 It hasn't been exercised. We have done a great
2 deal to do static checks and do operational checks
3 throughout not only the nuclear steam supply system but all
4 the safety systems, the BOP.

5 We are in the power business so we don't need to
6 unnecessarily challenge the nuclear steam supply system but
7 we are going to have to be extremely cautious and extremely
8 thorough in the startup and really monitor how this entire
9 plant behaves under live conditions. That is why we have
10 the plateaus and we are going to very carefully monitor
11 that.

12 In addition, we are going to have to see this
13 organization work live with the two unit operation. They
14 have worked well in the startup and recovery but that is a
15 different situation. So we have to be mindful of both of
16 those and we are going to have careful monitoring and
17 oversight by the Nuclear Assurance and Licensing as to how
18 we are doing in these areas.

19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do we have any further
20 questions on Browns Ferry?

21 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: You say that units 2 and 3
22 are essentially identical but there are some differences.
23 What are those differences?

24 MR. KINGSLEY: Gene, do you want to address that?

25 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Let me put it this way.

1 What are the most significant features that are different?

2 MR. PRESTON: The unit 3 plant is being started up
3 as I mentioned earlier, Commissioner, with the benefit of
4 having the hindsight of the unit 2. For instance, we noted
5 that the reactor scrams that have occurred on unit 2 this
6 cycle were due to balance of plant turbine trip circuitry.

7 We went in and evaluated that and in large part
8 those were single channel, single devices, exceeding a
9 parameter causing us to close the turbine valves and trip
10 the reactor. Unit 3 will come up with those trips already
11 redesigned and they will have multiple inputs or redundancy
12 required before it will cause the unit to trip. That is a
13 difference.

14 Unit 3 also will come up with an improved
15 condensate demineralizer panel and has improved components
16 and also a digital computer interface for the operators and
17 that same modification won't be put in on unit 2 until March
18 of 1996 when we shut it down for the next refueling.

19 Most of the other differences do not affect
20 functionality and therefore they are not a difference to the
21 operators in the control room.

22 MR. MACHON: There is one addition, the reactor
23 water clean-up isolation that has been implemented on unit 3
24 that we will be catching up on unit 2 at the next cycle.
25 Those are the major functional differences between the

1 units.

2 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: thank you.

3 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are you going to give us a
4 brief update status on Watts Bar?

5 MR. KINGSLEY: Do you have any other questions on
6 Browns Ferry?

7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Not on Browns Ferry. If you
8 could just give us a brief update on Watts Bar.

9 MR. KINGSLEY: I will be happy to give you a brief
10 status on Watts Bar. As you mentioned earlier, Chairman
11 Jackson, last Friday, November 3, I signed a letter coming
12 to the NRC certifying that we are ready from a work
13 standpoint to load fuel and to operate at low power Watts
14 Bar Unit 1.

15 All work necessary to support fuel load has been
16 completed. We do have some last minute surveillances that
17 we are in the process of running, re-running again. They
18 have certain periodicity requirements and so those will be
19 periodically affected.

20 We have had our key nuclear power and site
21 managers who have certified that the critical elements of
22 this site are complete. These elements cover engineering,
23 construction, quality assurance, testing and the operational
24 readiness portions of the facility. ,

25 When we talked with you on September 11th we did

1 have a fairly large number of work items left. We have been
2 very systematic, very thorough, very deliberate. You
3 cautioned us about going too fast and so we have heeded that
4 advice.

5 But I am happy to report that our work is now
6 complete. I talked to the site around 12:30 today and we do
7 have those surveillances to run. We had a noise problem
8 that we are investigating on one source range channel. We
9 believe that is tied into some welding. But all
10 programmatic issues, the CAP, the special programs have been
11 finished.

12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: All of those have been
13 completed?

14 MR. KINGSLEY: Yes, ma'am, everything. We have
15 start-up teams ready to go. We have the independent
16 monitoring. We have the operating team and they are there
17 ready to go. We talked to you about backlog targets and we
18 made, I think, appropriate attention to that and we set
19 those targets and now we have met those targets. So I think
20 we are ready in all respects for Watts Bar.

21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So for whatever backlog items
22 still exist having met your targets obviously you have then
23 done your safety grading.

24 MR. KINGSLEY: Yes. We are totally governed by
25 the technical specifications and all of the major

1 programmatic issues whether it be welding, whether it be
2 electrical issues or cable issues, seismic, civil, some 28
3 which go throughout that plant, they are finished.

4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: All right.

5 MR. KINGSLEY: You had also asked some questions
6 about the effect on the entire organization and I would like
7 to address that. I think we have a very good staff in place
8 at Watts Bar. This staff has grown tremendously.

9 Ike and I were talking about that late last week
10 and he says they have improved ten-fold from the standpoint
11 of being able to recognize a problem, solve a problem,
12 analyze a problem, get right into a problem and I certainly
13 concur.

14 They have grown a great deal during the number of
15 special evolutions and I believe this hot functional test
16 too was extremely positive from that standpoint because we
17 got a chance to really practice whereas on the other
18 stations that I have worked on we never did that. You kind
19 of went live and there you were.

20 We are going to keep Ike there and some other key
21 managers. He is not here today. He is there taking care of
22 business and monitoring that site. I also have a great deal
23 of confidence in these people here, Lee Williams and the
24 people behind us to do a good job on Browns Ferry Unit 2 and
25 3.

1 I am going to pay a lot of attention to that.
2 Rick works directly for me and until we can get through
3 these startups and we have a good corporate support team and
4 we will be carefully monitoring that and watching these
5 units come up in conjunction with the Nuclear Regulatory
6 Commission and the hold points that we have in that.

7 So I believe we are ready to receive the license
8 and take this plant and load fuel safely and take it up to
9 five percent. We will be back with you on the 8th of
10 December and we look forward to giving you a full report
11 when we are discussing Watts Bar Unit 1 full power license
12 and telling you how we are doing on both sites and what the
13 progress is and what the strengths and weaknesses and where
14 we need to shore things up or take additional corrective
15 actions.

16 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Since you have already
17 addressed the issue of the potential impact of restarting
18 Browns Ferry Unit 3 as well as fuel load and low power
19 operations for Watts Bar.

20 MR. KINGSLEY: Correct.

21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You are prepared to tell me
22 today that we don't have to worry about nomadic management.

23 MR. KINGSLEY: That's correct.

24 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: That you are not going to take
25 key people from one site or one unit to another?

1 MR. KINGSLEY: No. We have no intention. We are
2 going to keep these staffs in place. We don't have any
3 personnel changes that we are anticipating. We have no
4 major reorganizations. We are going to focus on these five
5 operating units but this site team has been in place. We
6 are going to keep them there.

7 We have strengthened it by taking a person like
8 Chris Crane and adding him to it and we have done some
9 similar things on Watts Bar to make sure that we have a
10 little more than what you would normally bring a site up
11 like that.

12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I have to ask you this now.
13 Since you last briefed the Commission, have there been any
14 changes in TVA's financial condition that would be pertinent
15 to a decision by the Commission regarding your facilities?

16 MR. KINGSLEY: None whatsoever. We did close our
17 fiscal year 1995 books. We are in good shape. We have gone
18 back into the bond market. We are very successful in
19 refinancing some older debt. We are holding to our
20 financial targets, our fiscal targets and we are in
21 exceptionally good shape.

22 So we can definitely support both units. We can
23 support Watts Bar and the Board has assured me any number of
24 times and I have had to go back that the money is there and
25 it is available to safely operate both of these units and

1 the Sequoyah units and Browns Ferry Unit 2.

2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Commissioner Rogers.

3 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Nothing, thank you.

4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you, Mr. Kingsley. I
5 think we are prepared to hear from the NRC staff at this
6 point.

7 MR. KINGSLEY: Thank you.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Mr. Taylor. Although it says,
9 "Mr. Kingsley" I think I recognize you.

10 [Laughter.]

11 MR. TAYLOR: Good afternoon. This as the Chairman
12 noted is an update for a previous briefing on Browns Ferry
13 and with me at the table and in sequence of appearance or
14 discussion I should say are Fred Hebdon who is here from NRR
15 talking some licensing issues.

16 Jon Johnson from Region II will talk on inspection
17 issues from the regional perspective. Paul Narbut will talk
18 to you about our operational readiness assessment team
19 results and finally Stu Ebnetter and Bill Russell will wind
20 up with some management comments. So I will ask Fred Hebdon
21 to begin.

22 MR. HEBDON: May I have slide number two, please?

23 [SLIDE.]

24 MR. HEBDON: In 1985 the NRC requested that TVA
25 submit information about its plans for correcting problems

1 at its nuclear facilities including Browns Ferry. In
2 response, TVA submitted Volume One of its Nuclear
3 Performance Plan which addressed the root cause of the
4 problems with TVA's corporate management of its nuclear
5 program and described TVA's plans to correct those problems.

6 Subsequently, TVA submitted Volume Three of the
7 Nuclear Performance Plan which addressed problems specific
8 to Browns Ferry and defined actions planned for correcting
9 those problems.

10 The NRC staff issued a Safety Evaluation Report
11 addressing Volume One of the Nuclear Performance Plan in
12 1987. In this SER the staff concluded that TVA had
13 adequately addressed the corporate level concerns raised by
14 the 50.54(f) letter.

15 In 1989 and 1991 the NRC staff issued a Safety
16 Evaluation Report and supplements addressing the site
17 specific issues from the Browns Ferry Nuclear Performance
18 Plan. These reports concluded that TVA had adequately
19 addressed the concerns raised by the 50.54(f) letter as they
20 applied to Browns Ferry Unit 2.

21 At a Commission meeting in 1991 the Region II
22 administrator was authorized to allow Browns Ferry Unit 2 to
23 restart. Unit 2 was restarted in May of 1991 and is
24 currently in its third fuel cycle since restart.

25 After Unit 2 restart, TVA submitted its corrective

1 action plan for returning Browns Ferry Units 1 and 3 to
2 service. In general, TVA adopted the same methods and
3 criteria and technical positions for Unit 3 that had been
4 previously approved for unit 2.

5 The staff concluded that TVA's plans were
6 acceptable for returning units 1 and 3 to service. In
7 addition, the staff concluded that TVA had adequately
8 addressed the concerns raised by the 50.54(f) letter as they
9 applied to Browns Ferry Unit 3.

10 For issues where TVA deviated from unit 2
11 precedent, TVA submitted descriptions of the revised
12 programs and the NRC staff reviewed approved TVA's revised
13 program for each topic. There are currently no open
14 licensing issues related to Browns Ferry Unit 3 restart.
15 The next speaker will be Jon Johnson from Region II.

16 MR. JOHNSON: Thank you. Chairman Jackson and
17 Commissioner Rogers, the NRC's Browns Ferry Unit 3 restart
18 panel made up of regional and NRR staff has continued to
19 meet regularly to review the status of TVA's recovery
20 activities for unit three as well as to assess the results
21 of NRC inspections and the status of licensing actions.

22 Since our last Commission status briefing, TVA has
23 completed until 3 plant modifications and refurbishment of
24 plant equipment and is nearing completion of system testing.
25 Fuel loading began on October 18th and was well controlled.

1 May I have slide three, please?

2 [SLIDE.]

3 MR. JOHNSON: Recent NRC inspections have focused
4 on verification of proper installation and testing of plant
5 modifications which address TVA's Nuclear Performance Plan
6 corrective actions and generic issues such as Three Mile
7 Island action items, NRC generic letters and bulletins.

8 In addition, NRC inspections have reviewed the
9 station's operational readiness activities and TVA's
10 measures to properly control plant startup and the power
11 ascension test program. Slide four, please?

12 [SLIDE.]

13 MR. JOHNSON: NRC inspections of hardware have
14 included a broad sample of TVA activities. For example,
15 inspection areas included electrical power supplies,
16 distribution cabling, structural supports for piping and
17 instrumentation, fire protection modifications and
18 radiological monitoring equipment.

19 Results of these hardware inspections indicate
20 that the overall quality of plant design and construction is
21 very good. Deficiencies identified by the NRC have been
22 limited in safety significance and were not programmatic.

23 Preoperational system testing and equipment
24 turnovers from construction to operations have been well
25 controlled. NRC inspections have focused on testing of

1 safety systems; that is, reactor protection and emergency
2 core cooling systems such as the high pressure coolant
3 injection, the reactor core isolation cooling and low
4 pressure coolant injection.

5 NRC inspections have also verified proper
6 preoperational testing of selected support systems and
7 secondary balance of plant systems.

8 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Excuse me. Mr. Kingsley
9 mentioned the control rod drive problem that is going to be
10 corrected. Would you have looked at that in your
11 preoperational system testing?

12 MR. JOHNSON: Yes. We observed the testing of the
13 control room drive and scram discharge testing. One of the
14 tests that is conducted is a friction test and what TVA has
15 identified is two control rods that have looked like they
16 exhibit some additional friction and they believe that it
17 relates to some control rod casting supports. I don't know
18 the details. I can get back with any additional inspections
19 or information that our individual inspectors might have.

20 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: But that deficiency did turn
21 up in the preoperational system testing?

22 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: We are going to be following
23 through on that.

24 MR. JOHNSON: Yes. This is an item that needs to
25 be reviewed before completion of the restart panel. This

1 has shown up in TVA's preoperational testing. I don't know
2 exactly which inspector of ours identified that.

3 The Browns Ferry plant design includes several
4 shared and cross-connected systems. Our inspectors have
5 observed testing of multi-unit systems such as residual heat
6 removal, service water, emergency equipment cooling water,
7 control air systems and the emergency diesel generators.

8 Our staff has inspected and verified that
9 equipment condition and operator actions are appropriate to
10 support operation of those two plants. These inspections
11 have concluded that unit 3 design and construction are
12 essentially complete. There are nine open restart panel
13 inspection items to verify prior to restart. There are also
14 four items that need testing during restart. May I have
15 slide five, please?

16 [SLIDE.]

17 MR. JOHNSON: NRC inspections of operational
18 readiness have included the status of licensed operator
19 training and qualification, support department readiness as
20 well as the adequacy of procedures and oversight programs.

21 Browns Ferry control room operators are licensed
22 to operate and stand watch on all three units. In addition
23 to site requalification and simulator training as well as
24 routine operation of unit 2, operators have received
25 specific unit differences training.

1 TVA station management augmented the number of
2 licensed operators in unit 3 to support the added activity
3 of preoperational testing over the last three months. We
4 have inspected TVA's emergency operating instructions to
5 verify technical adequacy and the ability of their staff to
6 use safe shutdown equipment at remove locations.

7 Although instances of personnel errors have
8 occurred, they were of limited consequence. Subsequent TVA
9 actions have strengthened oversight and control of plant
10 operations. NRC has also closely reviewed the licensee's
11 self-assessment activities to assure readiness of support
12 departments such as engineering, maintenance and radiation
13 protection and chemistry.

14 TVA conducted station audits of support
15 departments to verify readiness to support two unit
16 operation. Multi-unit sensitivity training was conducted on
17 a departmental basis as well as during shift turnover
18 briefings.

19 The operations staff has included lessons learned
20 from other sites as well as activities at Browns Ferry.
21 Independent of the NRC's resident and region-based
22 inspections, an 11-member NRC operational readiness
23 assessment team inspection was conducted by the Office of
24 NRR.

25 The results of this inspection will be discussed

1 by Mr. Narbut shortly. Slide six, please.

2 [SLIDE.]

3 MR. JOHNSON: The NRC has plans in place to
4 closely monitor plant restart and the associated power
5 ascension test program. This will include the use of
6 additional NRC shift inspectors to augment the normal
7 resident inspection staff.

8 TVA has established power ascension testing
9 assessment points at which to stop and monitor results.
10 These are at criticality, prior to the run mode
11 approximately 12 percent, 35 percent power, 55 percent power
12 and full power test completion. At these points the NRC
13 will also assess the performance of plant equipment, the
14 adequacy of operations and oversight prior to recommending
15 concurrence with further escalation in power.

16 Finally, in addition to those generic issues
17 inspected prior to plant restart, final confirmation of post
18 restart items will be completed for four items requiring
19 operations to test. This is similar to other plants and
20 includes the safety parameter display system and the post
21 accident sampling system.

22 In conclusion, pending completion of final
23 inspections the NRC restart panel has not identified any
24 obstacles to recommending to the regional administrator
25 restart readiness for unit 3. Are there any questions?

1 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I notice there is a post
2 restart items list and one of them had to do with the
3 instrumentation for detection of inadequate core cooling.

4 MR. RUSSELL: Yes.

5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you are going to pay a lot
6 of attention to that one.

7 MR. RUSSELL: Yes. Generally these are
8 instruments that in order to perform the calibrations or to
9 have sufficient activity so that you can the radiological
10 analysis, these are consistent with other plants and it
11 requires the plant to be operational in order to perform the
12 testing and we will be watching those closely. I would like
13 to have the discussion of the operational readiness team
14 inspection which was conducted by NRR and then we will come
15 back to additional questions on Browns Ferry.

16 [SLIDE.]

17 MR. NARBUT: Good afternoon, Chairman Jackson and
18 Commissioner Rogers. My name is Paul Narbut. I am from the
19 Special Inspection Branch at NRR and I was the team leader
20 for the operational readiness inspection at Browns Ferry.

21 The team consisted of ten inspectors and a team
22 leader. The team was experienced, independent and
23 objective. The inspection was conducted for a two-week
24 period in October of 1995.

25 The purpose of the inspection was to assess the

1 readiness of the licensee to restart unit 3. to do this we
2 assessed the functional areas of management, operations,
3 maintenance, surveillance testing, engineering, fire
4 protection, safety assessment and quality verification.

5 The team made performance based observations of
6 in-plant activities such as maintenance testing and
7 operations. It had 24 hour continuous coverage of control
8 activities for a period of four days. We observed crew
9 performance in simulator exercises and we performed
10 walkdowns of five systems. In all, we performed about 1100
11 hours of direct inspection.

12 The results of the inspection are as follows. In
13 management, we found management at Browns Ferry to be a
14 strength. Management personnel are well qualified and bring
15 experience from plants outside of the TVA system.

16 We observed management to be aggressive in problem
17 resolution and we saw good involvement with plant staff.
18 Management was well aware of their weaker performance areas
19 and were working to strengthen those areas.

20 They arranged for outside entities to perform
21 tough, critical assessments of their readiness for operation
22 and they also had well-structured and detailed self-
23 assessments. They had good management systems in place to
24 monitor performance and trends.

25 In the operations area, we found performance to be

1 adequate. Operator staffing on each shift exceeds NRC
2 minimum requirements. Operators are knowledgeable as
3 evidenced by their high pass rates on exams and as
4 demonstrated by their good performance in event response and
5 at the simulator exercises.

6 Operator behavior was professional. We saw good
7 turnovers, good annunciator response, good knowledge of
8 system and hardware status. On the other hand, we observed
9 some individual performance errors.

10 For instance, some operators failed to log
11 occurrences such as pump starts as is required by their
12 procedure for logs. We also observed some errors in
13 trouble-shooting procedures but should have been caught
14 before the procedures were performed.

15 The licensee's actions in response to these errors
16 were timely and appropriate. We considered the overall
17 performance of routine shift activities was adequate for
18 operations and typical of other operating plants.

19 In the area of maintenance and testing, we found
20 the overall performance levels to be adequate. Staffing and
21 craft skills were good. We saw good performance in a
22 majority of our observations and record reviews.

23 Craft used proper materials and tools and
24 maintained good housekeeping and work controls. Problems
25 that were encountered were properly documented for

1 resolution. We observed some examples of minor problems in
2 some procedures and work practices.

3 What we observed didn't affect the end product and
4 appropriate corrective action was taken by the licensee.
5 The quality of the maintenance we observed was in keeping
6 with other operating power plants.

7 We found engineering to be an overall strong area.
8 The licensee has a large, qualified engineering staff with a
9 lot of site specific experience. We found good support for
10 operations and maintenance and we found the drawing control
11 was good. We identified no significant drawing errors.

12 Fire protection, we found the fire protection
13 program to be strong. The licensee has a staff of full-
14 time professional firefighters and a good fire-fighting
15 facility. These attributes are both well above NRC
16 requirements.

17 The fire protection systems are in good condition
18 and the control of combustibles and hot work permits was
19 good. We identified an example of a procedure weakness
20 concerning a ventilation damper isolation. However, the
21 licensee took prompt and adequate corrective action on that
22 item.

23 We found the area of safety assessment and quality
24 verification to be adequate. The on-site and off-site
25 safety review committees were reviewed and met the

1 requirements. We observed active management and QA
2 oversight.

3 We noted that just prior to 1995 the licensee
4 revised and strengthened their problem reporting program to
5 encourage the open identification and resolution of
6 problems. This has resulted in a six-fold increase in the
7 number of problem reports written to date in 1995 as
8 compared to all of 1994. We observed the QA audits and
9 surveillances were in depth and performance based and had
10 meaningful findings.

11 The team concluded that the licensee has programs,
12 personnel and procedures that are adequate for unit 3
13 restart and we observed safe operation of unit 3 during
14 testing and that was in conjunction with the concurrent
15 operation of unit 2 at power utilizing essentially the same
16 programs, procedures and people that would be used on unit
17 3.

18 That concludes my presentation. Are there any
19 questions?

20 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Yes.

21 MR. NARBUT: I would assume.

22 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Remind me of the make-up of
23 your team?

24 MR. NARBUT: The make-up was ten inspectors and
25 myself. We had four former senior residents, five residents

1 current or former.

2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: From the region?

3 MR. NARBUT: The residents were from the region
4 and from headquarters mixed and we had two people that were
5 former licensed operators of the plant and two people that
6 are license examiners and we had other specialists.

7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I noticed that in some
8 instances you used the word "adequate" and in some you used
9 the word "good" and "excellent." Was there meant to be a
10 differentiation?

11 MR. NARBUT: There was, yes. We tried to
12 differentiate between the programs we found to be strong and
13 the programs we found to be adequate for operations.

14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Given that and since the
15 "adequate" adjective was used in some operational areas, the
16 question I would have is, what type of NRC oversight is
17 planned both for the restart and post restart of the Browns
18 Ferry Unit 3?

19 MR. RUSSELL: Broadly we will continue the process
20 that we have been using. As was mentioned by Jon Johnson
21 there is a power ascension test program. We will be
22 augmenting this with additional coverage at times, 24 hours
23 a day, with additional inspectors brought in essentially a
24 week at a time to augment the on-site staff.

25 There will be formal evaluations at the various

1 assessment points with results from the company evaluating
2 performance to that point and any corrective actions that
3 are taken. We will be similarly assessing our observations
4 of performance at that point.

5 There will then be meetings to discuss those
6 results to understand what corrective actions if any are
7 needed and this will be a phased very controlled activity
8 wrapping up with a final assessment after full power is
9 reached with a period of time of operation at full power and
10 through that process we will be making judgments on adequacy
11 of resources and whether there are different specialty areas
12 that are needed.

13 So it is a process that we have used on each of
14 the category three facilities. We started following this
15 process with Peach Bottom and Pilgrim and some of the other
16 plants in Region I. We have used it at other facilities.
17 It is similar to the process that was used for Browns Ferry
18 Unit 2 restart.

19 We have in our internal procedures codified and
20 learned the lessons of the past from these so that we
21 actually have checklists that we use that are generic from
22 which we then develop a plant specific list of activities to
23 be accomplished but generally the power ascension with the
24 evaluation at various assessment points is closer to what is
25 done for a new plant with a power ascension test program

1 with an evaluation both of hardware and people.

2 So what you typically see would be power would be
3 increased to that next plateau. There would be a period of
4 time of observation and generally during time of power
5 change and testing is the time that we would be in 24 hour
6 coverage. That is broadly the program that is planned to be
7 conducted for Browns Ferry Unit 3.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Then going forward this plant
9 for some period of time is going to have increased focus?

10 MR. RUSSELL: Should the Commission reach a
11 decision to change the status of this plant from a Category
12 Three to a Category Two, it would still be considered on the
13 list of problem facilities.

14 It will continue to receive agency-wide monitoring
15 including evaluation at senior management meetings and we
16 would want to see a period of time of two unit operation
17 that is satisfactory for a period of time before the senior
18 management would be prepared.

19 We have a very rigorous process that we go through
20 to evaluate performance and make judgments as to whether
21 performance is satisfactory. Again, this has been
22 proceduralized.

23 We have a matrix of specific questions we go
24 through to make judgments as to when it may be time to
25 remove a plant from the problem plant list. The decision is

1 to move from Category Three which requires a Commission
2 decision to allow restart.

3 Once that permission has been granted, the staff
4 still continues to monitor and the senior managers still
5 continue to monitor performance until we are satisfied and
6 it meets the criteria for coming off the problem facilities
7 list.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You mentioned the open items
9 list and just the four that require essentially restart to
10 evaluate.

11 MR. RUSSELL: Yes.

12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But presumably there is still a
13 backlog of items and you have reviewed those and concur that
14 none of them have any safety significance that would require
15 their being completed prior to restart?

16 MR. RUSSELL: There are, I believe, nine yet to be
17 done for restart plus they must meet the facility technical
18 specification requirements which would require
19 surveillances. There are a number of activities which must
20 be performed in accordance with plant procedures.

21 So there are quite a number of things to be done.
22 I would not expect that those could be completed
23 satisfactorily much before the middle to the latter part of
24 this month. So there are things to be done and we could
25 certainly provide an update status as we get closer and

1 those things are completed. That is something that we have
2 done in the past.

3 What we wanted to do was give you an overview as
4 to where it is now. We are down to a relatively short list
5 compared to where we have been but there is still a short
6 list for the company.

7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And they will be done.

8 MR. RUSSELL: They will be done. Many of them are
9 governed by facility technical specifications so they must
10 be done in accordance with their license. There are some
11 other issues that are open that are inspection items that
12 they have committed to do and there have been meetings going
13 on to make sure that there is agreement on what is on the
14 list that is necessary to be done and why.

15 So we review that continually. Things may be
16 added as events are identified, for example, going in
17 lifting the head necessarily is going to require some
18 additional work to be done, procedures to be followed. We
19 will be inspecting those as well.

20 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What is the status of
21 allegations or safety concerns raised by TVA employees or
22 others to the NRC on Browns Ferry Unit 3 and how are they
23 being resolved and in what timeframe?

24 MR. RUSSELL: When I was on site the end of
25 October, I went through with the panel, both the regional

1 staff and the headquarters staff, each allegation that was
2 open at that time. I also have gone through that again
3 today.

4 At this point there are no allegations which would
5 be a bar to restart. There is one which I would like Stu to
6 address which we have had an enforcement conference on which
7 may result in escalated enforcement but we also believe that
8 that is not a bar to restart based upon the age and some of
9 the circumstances associated with it.

10 MR. EBNETER: The item that Bill is referring to
11 is listed there on the bottom, one pending escalated
12 enforcement action for H&I. This is a DOL case that we
13 recently received from the Secretary of Labor. He made a
14 decision and order that supported a worker foreman or a
15 contractor at Browns Ferry that he had been discriminated
16 against.

17 We had an enforcement conference on that panel
18 with TVA. That is pending. It is in decision making within
19 the agency at this time. But in our view there is no bar to
20 restart here.

21 There is no safety issue with it and it does not
22 involve any significant level of management. So we do not
23 think it is significant. It is significant from the
24 standpoint that it is H&I and if escalated enforcement does
25 occur, it could become more visible.

1 MR. RUSSELL: There was earlier a question also
2 about corrective maintenance backlogs. When we were on site
3 we went through the status of the various backlogged items
4 and there are some that are governed by technical
5 specifications which would have to be completed prior to but
6 in general the characterization of the backlogs are small is
7 correct.

8 This plant physically looks good. They have made
9 major improvements both in the safety related systems, the
10 material condition of the facility as well as in the balance
11 of plant.

12 It has really made a very substantial change and I
13 was quite pleased when I was on site with what I saw and
14 absence of leaks, material condition of the rotating
15 machinery was quite impressive and we were able to get
16 essentially everywhere in street clothes.

17 I observed turnovers and operations in the control
18 room and they didn't stage it but they actually had a fuel
19 bundle that they could not fully seat that stopped about six
20 inches from seating and so they actually had an operational
21 issue with refueling that was going on at the time.

22 I interviewed the senior reactor operator on the
23 refueling floor that was responsible for planning the
24 activities in real time. He had a very good plan to address
25 it consistent with procedures. The communications with the

1 control room was effective.

2 By the end of the day they had implemented the
3 program to address the issue. So I was quite comfortable
4 with the conduct of activities and the quality of what I saw
5 from turnovers. I did comment to the Company that I thought
6 the turnovers were long.

7 It was well in excess of an hour to complete the
8 shift turnover and I thought that possibly my being there to
9 observe it may have caused it to be a little longer but it
10 was quite thorough and well done and this was consistent
11 with some of their own observations that they need to make
12 that process more efficient and they have gone to visit some
13 other facilities to see how it is done so that the process
14 could be conducted of equal quality but more efficiently.

15 But I was quite satisfied with what I had seen at
16 Browns Ferry and would recommend in the future a Commission
17 decision to allow the regional administrator when these
18 items are completed to proceed with restart of the facility.

19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Mr. Ebnetter, you are the
20 regional administrator.

21 MR. EBNETER: Yes, ma'am.

22 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do you have any additional
23 comments you would like to make?

24 MR. EBNETER: Not particularly. I agree with
25 everything that was said. I think TVA has done a good job

1 and I think our staff has done a good job in overseeing it.
2 We will verify those open items.

3 We do have an inspection plan in draft form for
4 the augmented startup and that should be signed out probably
5 next week. So we are prepared to go forward with it and I
6 concur with Bill's comments that we would recommend that the
7 Commission make the decision for authorization of restart.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Has the staff considered the
9 effect the restart of Unit 3 may have on Unit 2 operations?

10 MR. EBNETER: Yes, we have and that was a
11 considerable part of our inspection activities throughout
12 the recent efforts of training and observation of activities
13 at the site. We think it needs to be continually watched.

14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What do you have in place or in
15 mind relative to post restart?

16 MR. EBNETER: Post restart, part of our augmented
17 inspection plan, a dedicated senior resident will be
18 dedicated to oversight with Jon Johnson and his division
19 overseeing that but each unit will have a dedicated resident
20 inspector and they will augmented by regional staff as
21 necessary for specialties and that will be further augmented
22 by around-the-clock coverage on specific items.

23 Most of the time throughout this probably 40 to 45
24 day startup and power ascension but it will definitely be
25 around-the-clock coverage and we will be completing log

1 books and overseeing all of the operations and control
2 rooms. There are two control rooms so it does take
3 dedicated inspectors for each room.

4 MR. RUSSELL: Let me comment on one aspect that
5 hasn't come up before and that is the issue of shared
6 systems. This station has quite a number of shared systems.
7 You can use residual heat removal from unit 1 to provide
8 cooling for unit 2.

9 These kinds of inter-ties while they provide
10 additional capability also raise some new issues. As a
11 result, the IPE was reviewed and it was looked at in the
12 context of multiple unit operation.

13 We have completed a preliminary review of that and
14 from that we gained some lessons learned, some areas to be
15 aware of and I would guess probably the service water system
16 inter-ties are the most significant from that review. So
17 that is an area that we have paid attention to.

18 We have completed that preliminary review. We
19 have plans to complete the full review with the IPE later in
20 1996 but we have done a sufficient review to identify the
21 areas of concern and those have been fed back into the
22 inspection process.

23 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Commissioner Rogers, do you
24 have any questions?

25 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: A couple. I wonder, Mr.

1 Ebnetter, how you would compare and I know it is probably
2 just a little bit early to be able to be totally definitive
3 on this but the number of NRC inspection hours that have
4 gone into getting ready for unit 3 restart compared to unit
5 2?

6 MR. EBNETER: I don't have the figures but Bill
7 Russell does so I will turn to Bill.

8 MR. RUSSELL: I anticipated that that could come
9 up.

10 MR. EBNETER: They are rather large.

11 MR. RUSSELL: The effort started to substantially
12 increase with the recovery actions after 1990 but for Browns
13 Ferry 3 in the current year and this is based upon what has
14 been entered into the computer so it may be two weeks out of
15 date but we are up to 8,900 hours for Browns Ferry 3 and the
16 total effort during the recovery period, I didn't add them
17 up, but I would estimate, let's see from 1990 it was 2,200
18 hours, 1,600 hours in 1991, almost 4,000 in 1992, 2,600 in
19 1993, 2,700 in 1994 and almost 9,000 in 1995.

20 So it has been a substantial inspection effort
21 during the recovery process. We will have augmented
22 inspections. So this is consistent with other facilities
23 that have been in the category of requiring close agency-
24 wide monitoring.

25 There is one other aspect that I think it is

1 unique and senior managers from NRR and those in the region
2 that have seen this, it has been fairly remarkable. The
3 Company laid out a plan of activities and a schedule over a
4 year go as to what they were going to do and what would be
5 done when.

6 This is one of the rare cases where they have
7 essentially met or bettered the schedule. At the time they
8 tell us things are done and completed, when we go in and
9 look we find that they have been done and completed. That
10 is a very different situation from what some of the early
11 history has been on other facilities.

12 So we have been pleased all along this process.
13 It is not just the end with these satisfactory results.
14 They have essentially told us what they were going to do and
15 then they did it which is, I think, commendable.

16 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Yes. I have one other
17 question. Mr. Narbut, you mentioned that the drawings were
18 in good condition. What is the status of the design basis
19 documentation? Have we reviewed that?

20 MR. NARBUT: We did not specifically look at their
21 design basis documentation.

22 MR. EBNETER: Yes, we have.

23 MR. NARBUT: Not out team.

24 MR. EBNETER: The Agency has. The regional staff
25 has reviewed that extensively as part of the recovery and we

1 found that to be acceptable and they did a good job on that.

2 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Good.

3 MR. RUSSELL: That is also a key issue that feeds
4 into the technical specification conversion because of the
5 extensive amount of information that has to go into the
6 bases of the technical specifications and the adequacy of
7 that so that is usually the area that the most work goes
8 into to support a conversion.

9 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: I guess I have just one
10 other question. What public meetings have been held in the
11 vicinity of the site and what has been the public interest
12 in the startup of this unit?

13 MR. EBNETER: I don't have an exact total of them,
14 Commissioner, but we held regular meetings there. ACRS held
15 a meeting there. Fred, do you know of any others? I have
16 another one scheduled for the 17th just before startup, a
17 public meeting just to keep the public informed. But we
18 have had regular meetings. His meetings are open to the
19 public and we regularly have media there for the oversight
20 board.

21 MR. NARBUT: The team exit was public as well.

22 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: Generally speaking, how many
23 people would attend one of those?

24 MR. EBNETER: My guess is that we didn't get an
25 awful lot from the public but we always had media attention,

1 probably three or four regular attendees from Birmingham,
2 Huntsville and the Athens area. They were pretty well
3 attended media-wise.

4 MR. RUSSELL: That is the same result I had with
5 the meeting I had on site and then meeting with the press
6 afterwards, print media but not much public interest.

7 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: It sounds very encouraging.

8 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me just ask the questions
9 about Watts Bar and then if you want to make any summary
10 comments, I am happy to have them. What issues need to be
11 completed prior to the staff authorizing fuel load and low
12 power testing?

13 MR. RUSSELL: All of the inspection activities
14 have been completed. We only completed this morning the
15 last of the inputs for Supplement 19 of the Safety
16 Evaluation Report. The matters that are being addressed in
17 that Supplement relate to an Appendix J exemption and I
18 would like to cover that because the status has changed
19 since we last briefed the Commission. When we briefed the
20 Commission back in September the Appendix J rule change had
21 not been finalized.

22 That rule became final on October 27th. The first
23 facility that will address the changes to the technical
24 specifications and the license conditions necessary to
25 implement the performance based testing will likely be the

1 Ginna facility. We have been working with the industry.
2 This will also go into the standard technical
3 specifications.

4 We did not have sufficient time to implement that
5 with the proposed technical specifications for Watts Bar.
6 We are proposing now instead of a lifetime exemption on
7 Appendix J, that there be a schedular exemption only until
8 the first refueling outage which would provide an
9 opportunity for them to develop the program and to gain some
10 experience which is what you need on a plant specific basis
11 with performance of various penetrations such that you can't
12 implement the new rule.

13 We would look at then a license amendment request
14 coming from the Company sometime during the first cycle
15 which would be reviewed and processed as a normal license
16 amendment. But the exemption for airlock testing would
17 expire with the startup from the first refueling outage.

18 So after that period of time they would either
19 have the new program approved through the amendment process
20 or they would perform the testing as it is currently
21 required under option A of the Appendix J rule.

22 The second area that I briefed the Commission on
23 at the last meeting was the issue related to fire
24 penetration seals. They have done the testing. We have
25 witnessed the testing and we issued Supplement 18 to the

1 Safety Evaluation Report which was approximately 150 pages
2 addressing fire protection issues at the facility.

3 The aspects of the testing though basically is in
4 the form of a trip report. That is, our witnessing of the
5 testing and what we found acceptable about it, that is being
6 documented in this Safety Evaluation Report.

7 That was the last item to come together. That has
8 been under review in parallel in the staff and has just
9 recently gone to General Counsel's Office. So that review
10 needs to be completed to support issuing Supplement 19.

11 We have also completed the input that is necessary
12 to support issuance of the technical specifications. The
13 camera ready copies have been certified. Consistent with
14 the design the inspections have been done, the reviews are
15 completed but that last element is in Supplement 19.

16 We expect that these issues can come together and
17 be addressed yet this afternoon because we have done a lot
18 of parallel review effort prior to this so it is entirely
19 possible that I would be prepared to issue a low power
20 license for fuel load and operation up to five percent power
21 on Watts Bar yet this afternoon.

22 It may be late this afternoon or it may be early
23 evening but we are in the last stages of documenting the
24 results. The work has been done. We are now in the
25 documentation stage.

1 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What has the staff done to
2 evaluate whether TVA has adequate resources to handle the
3 possible simultaneous activities associated with the Browns
4 Ferry unit 3 restart and Watts Bar initial fuel load and low
5 power operation along with the operations of all their other
6 plants?

7 The activities for preparation of completion of
8 actions, the CAP, the special programs, and the amount of
9 work that has gone on recently at Watts Bar has been quite
10 intense. In fact, when you move from completion of
11 construction and certification into operations, there are
12 actually fewer people involved and so I would expect that
13 there could actually be some reduction in staffing on site.

14 The management oversight has been essentially
15 independent. Obviously it comes together in the Director of
16 Engineering and Licensing and the senior levels in the
17 Corporation but the activities on site have been essentially
18 conducted with the people on site. That is true for Browns
19 Ferry and it is true for Watts Bar.

20 We similarly have organized ourselves to be able
21 to do these independently. There is a separate review team
22 for Browns Ferry from the activities that we have organized
23 for overseeing Watts Bar.

24 We may have to pull in resources on the NRC side
25 from other regions or others to support the two activities

1 going on in parallel, but I don't see a problem at this
2 point with either sufficient resources on the Company's side
3 or the NRC side to oversee the activities.

4 Both sites recognize that the important issue is
5 the quality of what is done, how problems which arise are
6 addressed and addressing them early. There is not a
7 pressure scheduler-wise to proceed on either site. Both are
8 taking time to do it right the first time because they
9 understand the implications of something not being done well
10 and that that has a much more serious effect.

11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And they meet our financial
12 assurance requirements?

13 MR. RUSSELL: Yes, they do.

14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Both of them.

15 MR. RUSSELL: We have had allegations related to
16 that which has caused us to recently re-review the issue
17 both with respect to funds to operate and decommission. So
18 those issues are being addressed.

19 You asked me earlier and we sent you information
20 on the status of allegations and because this is an initial
21 licensing decision we have gone through some additional
22 steps and I would like to review with you what those are.

23 We met in September and in September I was briefed
24 by the TVA IG on the status of investigations related to
25 Watts Bar. We also had meetings with OI briefing me on the

1 status of our ongoing cases within our Office of
2 Investigations and we also had information from our
3 Inspector General on information that they may have
4 received.

5 I followed up and I had a meeting with them again
6 today and I met with the IG's office, with OI and in
7 addition, met with the Office of Enforcement to ensure if
8 there were any issues that were pending enforcement that I
9 would understand that status.

10 In addition, I had the staff brief me on the
11 status of all outstanding allegations that are not closed
12 and we have gone through those individually.

13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Including any new allegations?

14 MR. RUSSELL: We have two new ones that were not
15 on the list for some late allegations that were filed and I
16 have reviewed those as well and we are treating those as
17 late filed allegations.

18 One could be considered supplemental information
19 on an earlier allegation that relates to radiation monitors
20 and the Region has addressed that and we are going to handle
21 that as a late filed allegation but based upon the
22 inspection activities that we have conducted, we believe
23 that that allegation does not raise an issue that will be a
24 bar to licensing.

25 We also had some allegations that were received

1 that were late filed related to fire protection and based
2 upon the extensive work that we have recently done, we were
3 able to receive and close that allegation today. We have
4 paneled that in NRR and went through the process.

5 So at this time there are no allegations that I am
6 aware of which would be a bar to proceeding with the
7 licensing decision. Many of them will need to be
8 necessarily followed up in the normal process but none would
9 be an impact on proceeding with low power licensing or fuel
10 load and low power physics testing up to five percent power.

11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What special resources or
12 attention are you planning to give during the fuel loading
13 and low power operations period assuming that decision is
14 made?

15 MR. RUSSELL: The approach is similar to what we
16 described. We have a dedicated management oversight with a
17 dedicated regional branch chief. We have been following
18 essentially the 350 process for facility startup because of
19 the prior troubled history and our wanting to be assured
20 that the activities are conducted safely.

21 We have an inspection plan. We will be prepared
22 to brief the Commission on the details of that plan. Right
23 now we are going to be focusing on fuel load activity and
24 physics testing and we have not finalized the plan but I
25 would expect that the elements of the plan would be very

1 similar for Watts Bar to what we described will be done for
2 Browns Ferry.

3 That is, there will be periods of time where power
4 ascension will occur. There are required tests which are
5 more extensive on Watts Bar than on Browns Ferry because it
6 is the initial Reg Guide 186 power ascension testing. There
7 are specific tests such as shutdown from outside the control
8 room, load reject from 100 percent power, that the NRC will
9 witness. So we have to be staged with appropriate people
10 around the plant to witness those tests. There will be
11 periods of time when we will monitor operations from the
12 control room 24 hours a day.

13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: This is all part of the low
14 power?

15 MR. RUSSELL: No. You asked me about beyond low
16 power.

17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: No. I was asking about low
18 power.

19 MR. RUSSELL: For low power, we are planning --

20 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Because you have to come back
21 to the Commission for full power.

22 MR. RUSSELL: Absolutely. What I was trying to do
23 was give you a flavor for what we would be telling you when
24 we come back. We don't have that plan finalized yet but it
25 would be similar to what we have done in other facilities.

1 MR. EBNETER: I do have a draft plan in my
2 briefcase and that is in preparation. We do have the staff
3 to cover it and in addition, we will retain some of our
4 construction inspector dedication to cope with any problems
5 that we may encounter similar to the South Texas or Comanche
6 Peak type things. Sometimes construction issues arise or
7 emerge so we are going to keep some of that staff available
8 also.

9 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Commissioner Rogers.

10 COMMISSIONER ROGERS: No, I have nothing more.

11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I would like to thank the
12 representatives of TVA and the NRC staff for an informative
13 meeting. It has been a long meeting. The material
14 presented today will provide added insights that will assist
15 the Commission when considering the authorization of the
16 restart of Browns Ferry Unit 3.

17 With respect to Watts Bar, as I perhaps was giving
18 you the hint in my comment a minute ago, we are at the fuel
19 load low power operations stage. Let's not put the cart
20 before the horse. You have to come back to the Commission
21 and let us know how that has gone.

22 I want to take this opportunity, the staff has
23 obviously been impressed by your laying out your goals and
24 sticking to them but I just want to emphasize and I am sure
25 you know that the need to maintain continuous and close

1 oversight of your nuclear operations and the importance of
2 self-assessment which you seem to have strongly grabbed hold
3 of and learning from experience.

4 It is important that TVA's self-assessment
5 programs be strongly supported by management and that any
6 issues that are raised be thoroughly and promptly
7 investigated and resolved and an area that is a general
8 concern to me and doesn't relate to TVA, it is a broader
9 one, that as economic pressures increase there also is the
10 potential for adverse safety impacts.

11 So I know you want you move to improve the
12 economics of your operations, you have said as much, but it
13 is important to ensure that the safety margins are
14 maintained and that a safe operating culture exists.

15 In coming to the Commission to restart Browns
16 Ferry which has been shutdown for more than ten years and at
17 virtually the same time coming for the Watts Bar low power
18 license, you are effectively asking to be starting two
19 plants new at the same time. So I think you appreciate my
20 comments.

21 Unless Commissioner Rogers has any additional
22 comments, we stand adjourned.

23 [Whereupon, at 4:00 p.m., the meeting was
24 adjourned.]

25

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached description of a meeting of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission entitled:

TITLE OF MEETING: BRIEFING ON BROWNS FERRY 3 RESTART -
PUBLIC MEETING

PLACE OF MEETING: Rockville, Maryland

DATE OF MEETING: Thursday, November 9, 1995

was held as herein appears, is a true and accurate record of the meeting, and that this is the original transcript thereof taken stenographically by me, thereafter reduced to typewriting by me or under the direction of the court reporting company

Transcriber: Marilynn Estep

Reporter: Marilynn Estep

BROWNS FERRY NUCLEAR PLANT

UNIT 3

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

BRIEFING

NOVEMBER 9, 1995



NRC BRIEFING AGENDA

INTRODUCTION

OLIVER KINGSLEY

SITE RECOVERY AND READINESS

RICK MACHON

PLANT READINESS

GENE PRESTON

INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS

MARK MEDFORD

CONCLUSION

OLIVER KINGSLEY

BROWNS FERRY NUCLEAR PLANT

- **LOCATED ON THE TENNESSEE RIVER IN NORTHERN ALABAMA**
- **THREE UNIT SITE (GE BWR 4)**
- **EACH UNIT LICENSED TO OPERATE AT STEADY STATE REACTOR CORE POWER LEVELS OF 3,293 MW THERMAL**
- **UNIT 1 IN EXTENDED SHUTDOWN
UNIT 2 IN OPERATION
UNIT 3 READY FOR OPERATION**

BROWNS FERRY HISTORY

- **COMMERCIAL OPERATION DATES:**
 - **UNIT 1 ON AUGUST 1, 1974**
 - **UNIT 2 ON MARCH 1, 1975**
 - **UNIT 3 ON MARCH 1, 1977**
- **UNIT 2**
 - **SHUTDOWN DATE - SEPTEMBER 15, 1984**
 - **RESTART DATE - MAY 23, 1991**
 - **CAME OFF WATCH LIST IN JUNE 1992**
- **UNIT 3**
 - **SHUTDOWN DATE - MARCH 10, 1985**
 - **PROJECTED RESTART - LATER THIS MONTH, PENDING APPROVAL**

TVA NUCLEAR HAS FUNDAMENTALLY IMPROVED

- **IMPROVED HOW WE DO BUSINESS**
- **RAISED STANDARDS OF QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE**
- **OPERATING UNITS CONTINUE TO IMPROVE**
- **BROWNS FERRY UNIT 3 HAS BENEFITED FROM THESE CHANGES**

BROWNS FERRY UNIT 2 HAS STRONG OPERATING RECORD

- **CUMULATIVE CAPACITY FACTOR GREATER THAN 80%
SINCE RESTART**
- **NUCLEAR SAFETY RECORD IS GOOD**
- **PLANT MATERIAL CONDITION IS GOOD**
- **SITE TEAM HAS EXPERIENCE, EXPERTISE, AND PROVEN
TRACK RECORD**

BROWNS FERRY IS READY FOR MULTI-UNIT OPERATION

- **UNIT 3 FOLLOWED UNIT 2 RECOVERY PRECEDENT WITH THE BENEFIT OF LESSONS LEARNED**
- **THE RIGHT PERSONNEL, PROGRAMS AND PROCEDURES ARE IN PLACE**
- **ADEQUATE FINANCIAL RESOURCES HAVE BEEN AND WILL CONTINUE TO BE PROVIDED FOR SUCCESS**
- **EXTENSIVE INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS AGREE THAT BROWNS FERRY IS READY FOR MULTI-UNIT OPERATION**

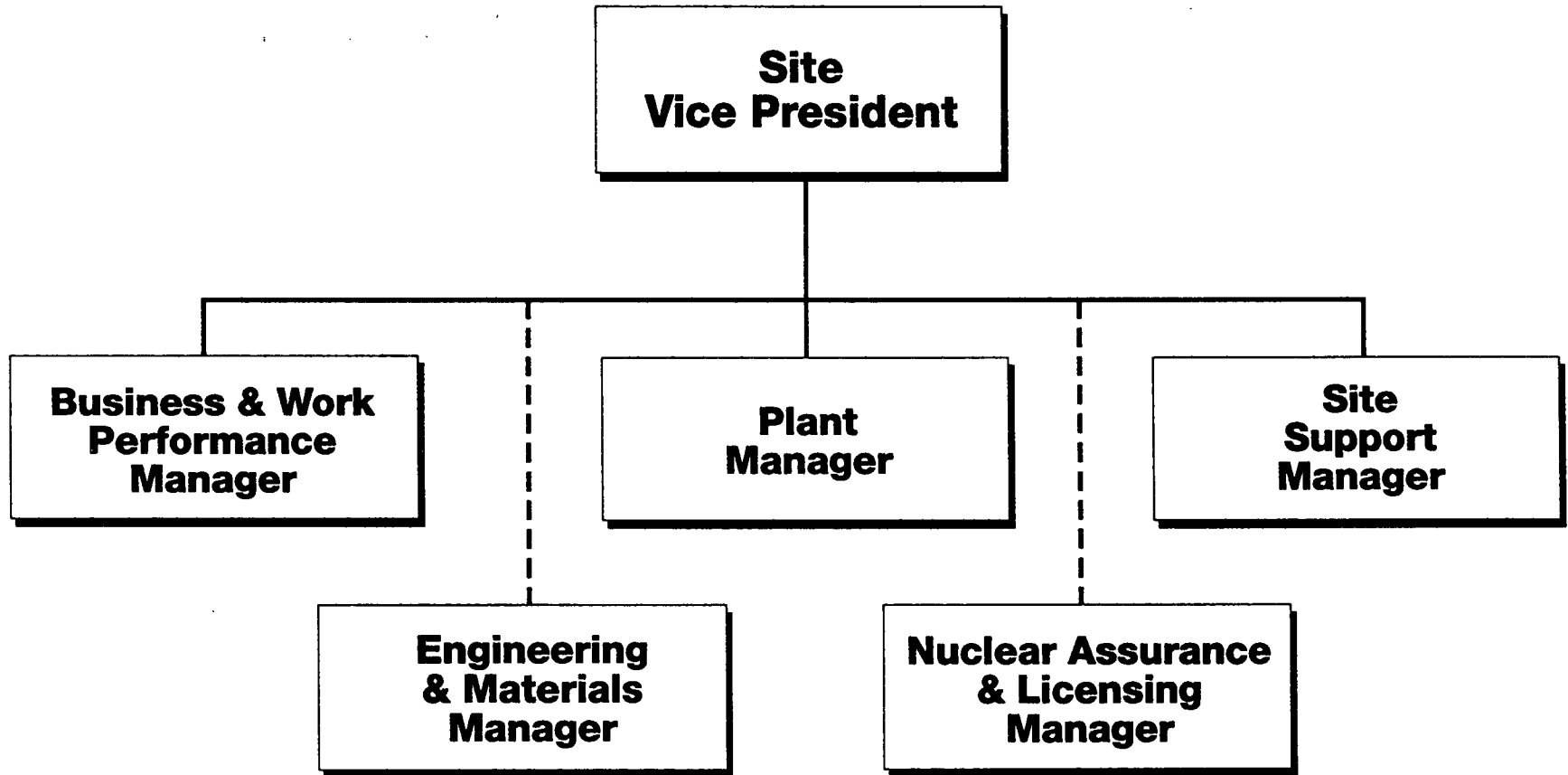
PLANT RECOVERED IN A QUALITY MANNER

- **UNIT 3 BUILT ON SUCCESSFUL UNIT 2 PERFORMANCE AND LESSONS LEARNED**
- **THOROUGH SYSTEM ASSESSMENTS PERFORMED**
 - **REGULATORY ISSUES CLOSED**
 - **EQUIPMENT RELIABILITY AND ENHANCEMENTS IMPLEMENTED**
- **PLANT MATERIAL CONDITION SIGNIFICANTLY IMPROVED**
- **DRIVING TOWARDS OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE**

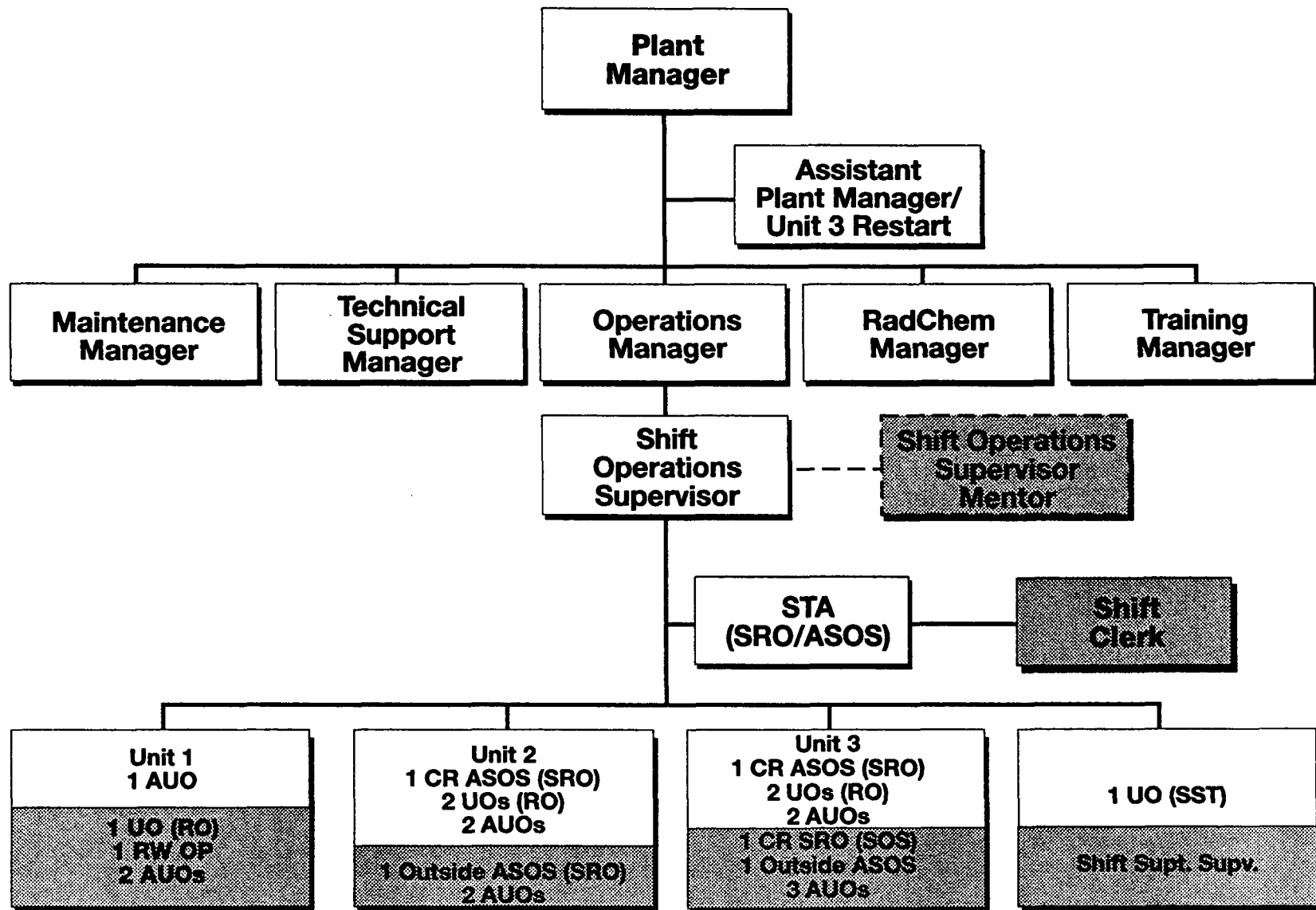
UNIT 3 RECOVERY IS COMPLETE

- **LOW BACKLOGS**
 - **REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**
 - **ENGINEERING**
 - **PROCUREMENT**
 - **OPERATIONS**
 - **MAINTENANCE**
 - **RADIATION CONTROL**
- **PERFORMANCE MONITORING SYSTEM IN PLACE**

BROWNS FERRY IS ORGANIZED TO SUCCEED



BROWNS FERRY IS ORGANIZED TO SUCCEED



NOTE: Positions designated in shaded boxes are above Technical Specification minimum shift crew requirements.

PLANT STAFF IS READY

- **OPERATIONS STAFF IS EXPERIENCED**
- **OPERATORS ARE LICENSED ON ALL THREE UNITS**
- **PLANNING AND TRAINING SUPPORT DUAL UNIT OPERATION**
 - **VISITED OTHER MULTI-UNIT SITES AND INCORPORATED LESSONS LEARNED**
 - **TRANSITION FROM RECOVERY ORGANIZATION TO EXISTING OPERATIONS ORGANIZATION**
 - **RIGHT UNIT, RIGHT TRAIN, RIGHT COMPONENT**
 - **STOP, THINK, ASK, ACT, REVIEW (STA2R) TRAINING**

MULTI-UNIT WORK IS COORDINATED AND CONTROLLED

- **UNIT SEPARATION CONTROLS ESTABLISHED**
- **CONTROL OF COMMON SYSTEMS PROCEDURALIZED**
- **STRONG COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN UNITS**
- **SITE WIDE 12-WEEK ROLLING SCHEDULE IN PLACE**
- **SELF-ASSESSMENTS INDICATE THE PLANT IS READY TO PROCEED WITH UNIT 3 RESTART AND DUAL UNIT OPERATION**

POWER ASCENSION TESTING PROGRAM IS COMPREHENSIVE AND SYSTEMATIC

- **THOROUGH INTEGRATED SYSTEM TESTING**
- **SYSTEMATIC MANAGEMENT REVIEW AND ASSESSMENT**

INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS CONFIRM READINESS

- **NUCLEAR ASSURANCE AND LICENSING**
- **INSTITUTE OF NUCLEAR POWER OPERATIONS**
- **OPERATIONAL READINESS REVIEW TEAM**
- **NUCLEAR SAFETY REVIEW BOARD**
- **CONCLUDED THAT PROGRAMS, PROCEDURES,
MANAGEMENT AND STAFF ARE READY TO SUPPORT
UNIT 3 RESTART AND MULTI-UNIT OPERATION**

CONCLUSION

- **CONFIDENT THE BROWNS FERRY SITE IS READY TO SUPPORT UNIT 3 RESTART AND DUAL UNIT OPERATION**
- **STRONG BASIS FOR CONFIDENCE**
 - **PLANT PHYSICAL CONDITION IS GOOD**
 - **PROCEDURES AND PROGRAMS ARE IN PLACE AND EFFECTIVE**
 - **EXPERIENCED AND PROVEN SITE STAFF**
 - **LESSONS HAVE BEEN LEARNED AND IMPLEMENTED**
 - **EXTENSIVE SELF AND INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS**
- **WE UNDERSTAND AND ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFE AND RELIABLE PLANT OPERATION**
- **BROWNS FERRY IS READY**



BROWNS FERRY UNIT 3 RESTART

**Frederick J. Hebdon, Jon R. Johnson, Paul P. Narbut
Stewart D. Ebnetter, William T. Russell**

November 9, 1995

BROWNS FERRY UNIT 3 RESTART

- **Licensing Evaluations**
 - **Exhaustive Review of Nuclear Performance Plan for Unit 2 Restart - NUREG-1232, Volume 3**
 - **Unit 3 Substantially the Same as Unit 2**
 - **In General, TVA Adopted the Same Methods, Criteria, and Technical Positions**
 - **Differences From Unit 2 Were Reviewed by NRC Staff**

NRC PROCESS FOR BROWNS FERRY UNIT 3 RESTART APPROVAL

- **Recent NRC Inspections**
 - **Nuclear Performance Plan Corrective Actions**
 - **TMI Action Items, Generic Letters, Bulletins**
- **Operational Readiness Reviews**
- **Power Ascension Test Program**

NRC INSPECTIONS OF HARDWARE

- **Inspection Areas**
- **Preoperational System Testing**
- **Shared Systems**
- **Open Items**

NRC INSPECTIONS OF OPERATIONAL READINESS

- **Licensed Operators**
- **Ability To Use Safe Shutdown Equipment**
- **Audits Of Station Support Departments**
- **Operational Readiness Assessment Team**

POWER ASCENSION TEST PROGRAM

- **Augmented NRC Inspection Program**
- **Power Ascension Testing Assessment Points**
- **Confirmation of Post Restart Items**

OPERATIONAL READINESS ASSESSMENT TEAM INSPECTION

- **INDEPENDENT INSPECTION**
- **ASSESSED MANAGEMENT, OPERATIONS,
MAINTENANCE AND TESTING, ENGINEERING,
FIRE PROTECTION, SAFETY ASSESSMENT
AND QUALITY VERIFICATION**
- **PERFORMANCE ADEQUATE FOR AN
OPERATING REACTOR**
- **DEMONSTRATED SAFE OPERATION**