

REGULATORY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

SUBJECT: Forwards application for amend to Licenses NPF-10 & NPF-15.

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Southern California Edison Company

23 PARKER STREET
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92718

HAROLD B. RAY
VICE PRESIDENT

TELEPHONE
714-458-4400

December 1, 1989

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Attention: Document Control Desk
Washington, D.C. 20555

Gentlemen:

Subject: Docket Nos. 50-361 and 50-362
Amendment Applications Nos. 66 and 52
San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station
Units 2 and 3

Reference: 1. SCE to NRC letter, dated September 5, 1989, regarding PCN 266
and PCN 267

This letter provides Amendment Application No. 66 to Facility Operating License NPF-10 and Amendment Application No. 52 to Facility Operating License NPF-15 for San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station, Units 2 and 3, respectively. These Amendment Applications consist of Proposed Technical Specification Change NPF-10/15-268 (PCN-268).

PCN-268 is a request to revise San Onofre Units 2 and 3 Technical Specifications 3/4.3.2, "Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System Instrumentation," and 3/4.3.3.1, "Radiation Monitoring Instrumentation." The proposed change will revise the surveillance interval for the Containment Airborne Radiation Monitors to support a nominal 24 month fuel cycle operation. This revision would extend the 18 month surveillance interval to an interval at least once per refueling.

The same approach is used to support this proposed change as was recently submitted, by Reference 1, in support of Proposed Change Notices 266 and 267. These proposed changes requested a similar surveillance interval extension for the Containment Area and Containment High Range Radiation Monitors. Approval of PCN 268 is requested since the surveillance for the Containment Airborne Radiation Monitors, addressed by this change, is performed in conjunction with the surveillance for the Containment Area Radiation Monitors, addressed by PCN 266.

A maintenance history review was conducted for the Containment Airborne Monitors for the period from August 5, 1983 to August 1, 1989. The review of all 18 month channel calibrations performed verified that no inoperable conditions were detected by the unique portions of the channel calibration. The 31 day channel functional test provides a sufficient alternate means of

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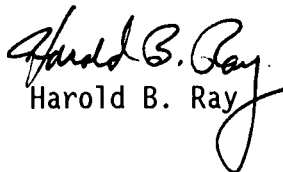
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detection of problems found by the 18 month surveillance. A review of all corrective maintenance actions taken on these monitors revealed that all problems that affected operability were detected, or would have been detected, by either the 31 day test, alarms or indications to the operator. These alternate detection means provide assurance of monitor operability. The extension of the 18 month surveillance interval to a nominal 24 months, or maximum 30 months, will not have an adverse affect on Technical Specification operability requirements. The 30 month interval is the maximum 25% extension of the surveillance interval permitted by Technical Specification 4.0.2.

The date that the surveillance for Airborne Radiation Monitor 3RI-7807-2 becomes past due is April 3, 1990. Your approval of this proposed change is requested prior to this date.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please call me.

Very truly yours,


Harold B. Ray

Enclosures

cc: J. B. Martin, Regional Administrator, NRC Region V
C. Caldwell, NRC Senior Resident Inspector, San Onofre Units 1, 2 and 3