

**NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance Program  
Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power  
Reactor**

NP-TR-1010-859-NP-A

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**NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance  
Program Description for Design Certification of  
the NuScale Power Reactor**

December 2011

Revision 1

Nonproprietary

Prepared by/date:

 12/15/11

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Dan Ramey

Quality Specialist

Reviewed by/date:

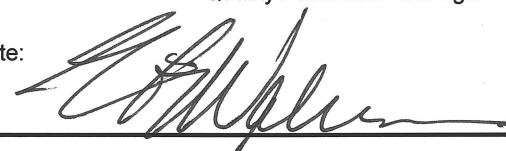
 12-15-11

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Robert Marshall

Quality Assurance Manager

Reviewed by/date:

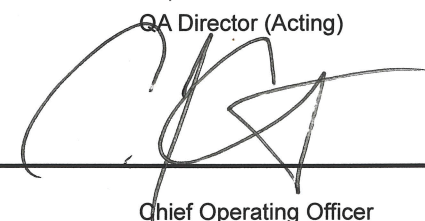
 12-15-11

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E.G. Wallace

QA Director (Acting)

Approved by/date:

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C.J. Colbert

Chief Operating Officer

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May 8, 2012

Mr. Edward Wallace, Senior Vice President  
Regulatory Affairs  
NuScale Power, LLC  
1100 NE Circle Blvd, Suite 350  
Corvallis, OR 97330

SUBJECT: FINAL SAFETY EVALUATION REGARDING THE REVIEW OF NUSCALE  
TOPICAL REPORT NP-TR-1010-859-NP, REVISION 1, "QUALITY  
ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION FOR DESIGN CERTIFICATION OF  
THE NUSCALE POWER REACTOR" (TAC NO. RX6242)

Dear Mr. Wallace:

By letter dated October 29, 2010, NuScale Power, Inc. (NuScale) submitted topical report (TR) NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor," for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff review (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) ML103210264). The topical report was submitted in accordance with the guidance of NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan (SRP) for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants," Section 17.5, "Quality Assurance Program Description-Design Certification, Early Site Permit and New License Applicants."

By letter dated March 7, 2011 (ADAMS ML110670208), NuScale responded to the NRC staff's request for additional information (RAI) (ADAMS ML110410508). By letter dated September 16, 2011, NuScale provided responses (ADAMS ML112620083) to a second set of RAIs. By letter dated December 15, 2011, NuScale provided Revision 1 of Topical Report (TR) NP-TR-1010-859-NP (ADAMS ML120370093). By letter dated February 9, 2012, an NRC draft safety evaluation (SE) regarding our approval of NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 1, was provided for you to identify any proprietary information and to clarify any factual inaccuracies (ADAMS ML120340493). By letter dated February 21, 2011, NuScale identified a document referenced inaccurately in the draft SE (ADAMS ML12053A030). The NRC staff has corrected the document reference in the final SE enclosed with this letter.

On the basis of its review, the NRC staff concludes that Revision 1 of the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP) TR for the Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor, as documented in the referenced letters, adequately describes the NuScale QAP. Accordingly, the NRC staff finds that the NuScale QAP complies with the applicable NRC regulations and industry standards.

The enclosed SE defines the basis for acceptance of the TR. Our acceptance applies only to material provided and we do not intend to repeat our review of the acceptable material described in the TR. When the TR appears as a reference in regulatory applications, our review will ensure that the material presented applies to the specific application involved.

Licensing requests that deviate from this TR will be subject to a plant- or site-specific review in accordance with applicable review standards.

We request that NuScale publish the accepted version of this TR within 3 months of receipt of this letter. The accepted version shall incorporate this letter and the enclosed SE after the title page. Also, the accepted version must contain historical review information, including NRC requests for additional information and your responses after the title page. The accepted versions shall include a "-A" (designating accepted) following the TR identification symbol.

As an alternative to including the RAIs and RAI responses behind the title page, if changes to the TR were provided to the NRC staff to support the resolution of RAI responses, and the NRC staff reviewed and approved those changes as described in the RAI responses, there are two ways that the accepted version can capture the RAIs:

1. The RAIs and RAI responses can be included as an Appendix to the accepted version.
2. The RAIs and RAI responses can be captured in the form of a table (inserted after the final SE) which summarizes the changes as shown in the approved version of the TR. The table should reference the specific RAIs and RAI responses which resulted in any changes, as shown in the accepted version of the TR.

If future changes to the NRC's regulatory requirements affect the acceptability of this TR, NuScale and/or licensee's referencing it will be expected to revise the TR appropriately, or justify its continued applicability for subsequent referencing.

If you have any questions, please contact Greg Cranston at (301) 415-0546 or Mike Jones at (301) 415-0189.

Sincerely,

**/RA/**

Michael E. Mayfield, Director  
Division of Advanced Reactors and Rulemaking  
Office of New Reactors

Project No.: 0769

Enclosure:  
Final Safety Evaluation

Licensing requests that deviate from this TR will be subject to a plant- or site-specific review in accordance with applicable review standards.

We request that NuScale publish the accepted version of this TR within 3 months of receipt of this letter. The accepted version shall incorporate this letter and the enclosed SE after the title page. Also, the accepted version must contain historical review information, including NRC requests for additional information and your responses after the title page. The accepted versions shall include a "-A" (designating accepted) following the TR identification symbol.

As an alternative to including the RAIs and RAI responses behind the title page, if changes to the TR were provided to the NRC staff to support the resolution of RAI responses, and the NRC staff reviewed and approved those changes as described in the RAI responses, there are two ways that the accepted version can capture the RAIs:

1. The RAIs and RAI responses can be included as an Appendix to the accepted version.
2. The RAIs and RAI responses can be captured in the form of a table (inserted after the final SE) which summarizes the changes as shown in the approved version of the TR. The table should reference the specific RAIs and RAI responses which resulted in any changes, as shown in the accepted version of the TR.

If future changes to the NRC's regulatory requirements affect the acceptability of this TR, NuScale and/or licensee's referencing it will be expected to revise the TR appropriately, or justify its continued applicability for subsequent referencing.

If you have any questions, please contact Greg Cranston at (301) 415-0546 or Mike Jones at (301) 415-0189.

Sincerely,

*/RA/*

Michael E. Mayfield, Director  
Division of Advanced Reactors and Rulemaking  
Office of New Reactors

Project No.: 0769

Enclosure:  
Final Safety Evaluation

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**NRO-002**

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FINAL SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NEW REACTORS

REGARDING THE NUSCALE TOPICAL REPORT

NP-TR-1010-859-NP, REVISION 1, "QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

FOR DESIGN CERTIFICATION OF THE NUSCALE POWER REACTOR"

PROJECT NO.: PROJ0769

1.0 INTRODUCTION

By letter dated October 29, 2010 (Reference 1), NuScale Power, LLC, (NuScale), submitted for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC, the Commission) staff review Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor," in accordance with the guidance of NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan (SRP) for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants," Section 17.5, "Quality Assurance Program Description - Design Certification, Early Site Permit and New License Applicants" (Reference 2). By letter dated March 7, 2011, NuScale responded to the NRC staff's request for additional information and provided Revision 1 of Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP (Reference 3). By letter dated September 16, 2011 (Reference 4), NuScale provided additional responses to a second set of requests for additional information from the NRC staff. In addition, by letter dated December 15, 2011 (Reference 5), NuScale submitted Revision 1 of Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, incorporating updates to the "Organization" section of the document in order to reflect the recent corporate restructuring of NuScale Power, Inc.

The NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) topical report addresses the activities associated with the Design Certification (DC) of a NuScale Power Reactor. The QAPD is based on the applicable portions of both Appendix B, "Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants and Fuel Reprocessing Plants," to Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 50 (10 CFR 50), "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities," and American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) NQA-1-2008, "Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities," with NQA-1a-2009 Addenda (Reference 6), as endorsed by NRC Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.28, Revision 4, "Quality Assurance Program Criteria (Design and Construction)" (Reference 7), relevant to the NuScale Power Reactor DC project.

2.0 REGULATORY EVALUATION

The Commission's regulatory requirements related to quality assurance programs are set forth in 10 CFR 52.47(a)(19) and Appendix B to 10 CFR 50 (Appendix B).

10 CFR 52.47(a) requires that a DC application contain the technically relevant information in a final safety analysis report (FSAR) that describes the facility, presents the design bases and the limits on its operation, and presents a safety analysis of the structures, systems, and components (SSCs) and of the facility as a whole. 10 CFR 52.47(a)(19) states that the FSAR must include a description of the quality assurance program to be applied to the design of the

Enclosure

SSCs of the facility. 10 CFR 52.47(a)(19) further requires that the description of the quality assurance program for a nuclear power plant include a discussion of how the applicable requirements of Appendix B will be satisfied.

Appendix B establishes quality assurance requirements for the design, fabrication, construction, and testing of SSCs for the facility. The pertinent requirements of Appendix B apply to all activities affecting the safety-related functions of those SSCs and include designing, purchasing, fabricating, handling, shipping, storing, cleaning, erecting, installing, inspecting, testing, operating, maintaining, repairing, refueling, and modifying SSCs.

### 3.0 EVALUATION

In evaluating the adequacy of the NuScale QAPD, the NRC staff utilized the guidance contained in NUREG-0800 (SRP), Section 17.5, which provides an outline of an acceptable quality assurance program template for design certification, early site permit, combined operating license, construction permit, and operating license applicants. Section 17.5 of the SRP is based on ASME standard NQA-1-1994 Edition, as supplemented by additional regulatory and industry guidance for nuclear operating facilities. ASME standard NQA-1-2008 and the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, upon which the NuScale QAPD is based, incorporates the supplemental guidance into a single document, and is therefore in alignment with Section 17.5 of the SRP. In addition, NQA-1-2008 and the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda are endorsed by NRC Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4.

#### 3.1 Quality Assurance Program Overview

Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 1, provides for the control of NuScale activities affecting the quality and performance of SSCs related to the design certification of the NuScale Power Reactor.

##### 3.1.1 Organization

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.A, for providing an organizational description that includes the organizational structure, functional responsibilities, levels of authority, and interfaces for establishing, executing, and verifying NuScale quality assurance program implementation. The NuScale QAPD establishes independence between the organization performing checking functions related to the QAP and the organization responsible for performing the function. In addition, the NuScale QAPD provides for applicable management to be responsible to size the QA organization commensurate with the duties and responsibilities assigned. Finally, responsibility and authority for planning, establishing, and implementing an effective overall quality assurance program are clearly described and defined.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 1, Sections 100 through 300, without further clarifications or exceptions.

##### 3.1.2 Quality Assurance Program

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.B, for establishing the necessary measures to implement a quality assurance program in order to ensure that the design of the NuScale Power Reactor is in accordance with governing regulations and license

requirements. The quality assurance program applies to those quality-related activities that involve the functions of safety-related SSCs associated with the design of the NuScale Power Reactor, and to the managerial and administrative controls to be used to assure the NuScale Power Reactor design complies with applicable regulatory requirements. Examples of design certification program safety-related activities include, but are not limited to, basic, applied, and developmental research; determination of SSC safety class; design configuration management; and document control.

A list or system identifying the SSCs and activities to which the NuScale QAPD applies is maintained for the design certification project. NuScale may delegate all or part of the activities for which they are responsible to others, but retains overall responsibility for quality assurance program effectiveness. The NuScale QAPD provides for measures to assess the adequacy of the quality assurance program and to ensure its effective implementation, at least once each year or at least once during the life of the activity, whichever is shorter. In addition, consistent with SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.B.8, the NuScale quality assurance program applies a grace period of 90 days to activities that must be performed on a periodic basis. The grace period does not allow the "clock" for a particular activity to be reset forward. However, the "clock" for an activity is reset backwards by performing the activity early.

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraphs II.S and II.T, for describing the necessary measures to establish and maintain formal indoctrination and training programs for personnel performing, verifying, or maintaining activities within the scope of the quality assurance program to assure that suitable proficiency is achieved and maintained. The NuScale QAPD provides the minimum training requirements for all personnel responsible for implementation of the NuScale quality assurance program.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Sections 100 through 500, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.3 Design Control

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.C.1, for establishing the necessary measures to control the design, design verification, and analysis activities of safety-related items and services that are subject to the provisions of the QAPD. The NuScale quality assurance program design process includes provisions to control design inputs, outputs, changes, interfaces, records, and organizational interfaces. These provisions ensure that the design inputs (such as design bases, performance and regulatory requirements, and codes and standards) are correctly translated into design outputs (such as analyses, specifications, drawings, procedures, and instructions). In addition, the NuScale QAPD provides for design documents to be reviewed by individuals knowledgeable in QA to ensure that the documents contain the necessary quality assurance requirements.

Consistent with SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.C.2, the NuScale design processes provide for design verification to ensure that items and activities subject to the provisions of the quality assurance program are suitable for their intended application and consistent with their effect on safety. Design changes are subject to these controls, which include verification measures commensurate with those applied to original plant design. The extent of the design verification required is a function of the importance to safety of the item under consideration, the complexity of the design, the degree of standardization, the state of the art, and the similarity with

previously proven designs. Verification methods may include, but are not limited to, design reviews, alternative calculations, and qualification testing.

The NuScale QAPD governs the development, procurement, testing, maintenance, and use of computer application and digital equipment software when used in safety-related applications and designated nonsafety-related applications. NuScale and its suppliers are responsible for developing, approving, and issuing procedures, as necessary, to control the use of such computer application and digital equipment software. The QAPD states that the procedures shall require that the application software be assigned a proper quality classification and that the associated quality requirements be consistent with this classification.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 3, Sections 100 through 900, as well as the standards for computer software contained in NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Subpart 2.7, without further clarifications or exceptions.

#### 3.1.4 Procurement Document Control

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.D, for establishing the necessary administrative controls and processes to ensure that applicable regulatory, technical, and QA program requirements are included or referenced in procurement documents.

Applicable technical, regulatory, administrative, quality, and reporting requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests, inspections, special processes, and 10 CFR Part 21, "Reporting of Defects and Noncompliance" (10 CFR 21)) are invoked for the procurement of items and services.

To the extent necessary, procurement documents shall require suppliers to have a documented QA program that is determined to meet the applicable requirements of Appendix B, as appropriate to the circumstances of procurement (or the supplier may work under the NuScale approved QA program). The scope of procurement includes engineering, design, and testing services, as well as the procurement of safety-related software. No equipment or components are being procured as part of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Sections 100 through 400, with the following exception:

- As an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 300, which requires procurement documents to be reviewed before award of the contract, the NuScale QAPD proposes to conduct the QA review of procurement documents through review of the applicable procurement specification, including the technical and quality procurement requirements, prior to bid or award of contract. In addition, procurement document changes (e.g., scope, technical, or quality requirements) will also receive a QA review.

The NRC staff evaluated this proposed alternative and determined that it provides for adequate QA review of procurement documents and the associated requirements before awarding the contract and after any change, which is consistent with the intent of NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 300, and Criterion IV of Appendix B. Therefore, the NRC staff concluded that this alternative is acceptable.

### 3.1.5 Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.E, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to ensure that activities affecting quality are prescribed by, and performed in accordance with, documented instructions, procedures, or drawings of a type appropriate to the circumstances and which, where applicable, include quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria to implement the QAPD.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 5, Section 100, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.6 Document Control

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.F, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to control the preparation, review, approval, issuance of, and changes to documents that specify quality requirements or prescribe how activities affecting quality, including organizational interfaces, are controlled. Measures are provided to assure that documents, including revisions or changes (other than those defined in implementing procedures as minor changes), are reviewed and approved by the same organization that performed the original review and approval, unless other organizations are specifically designated. A list of all controlled documents, identifying the current approved revision or date, is maintained so personnel can determine the appropriate document for use.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 6, Sections 100 through 300, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.7 Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.G, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to control the procurement of items and services to ensure conformance with specified requirements. The program provides measures for source evaluation and selection, evaluation of objective evidence of quality furnished by the supplier, source inspection, audit, and examination of items or services. The QAPD establishes and implements measures to assess the quality of purchased items and services, whether purchased directly or through contractors, at intervals and to a depth consistent with the item's or service's importance to safety, complexity, quantity, and frequency of procurement.

The NuScale QAPD provides measures for evaluating prospective suppliers and selecting only qualified suppliers, as well as auditing and evaluating suppliers to ensure that qualified suppliers continue to provide acceptable products and services. The scope of procurement includes engineering, design and testing services, as well as the procurement of safety-related software. No equipment or components are being procured as part of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project. Therefore, the controls associated with this section of the NuScale QAPD are limited to the control of applicable services.

The NuScale QAPD also outlines acceptance actions, such as source verification, receipt inspection, certificates of conformance, and review of documentation



(e.g., Certified Material Test Reports/Certificates) to ensure that the procurement, inspection, and test requirements have been satisfied before relying on the item to perform its intended safety function.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 7, Sections 100 through 800, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

- The NuScale QAPD proposes that other 10 CFR 50 licensees, authorized nuclear inspection agencies, the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), and other State and Federal agencies that may provide items or services to NuScale during the design certification phase are not be required to be evaluated or audited.

The NRC staff acknowledges that 10 CFR Part 50 licensees, authorized nuclear inspection agencies, the NIST, and other State and Federal agencies perform work under acceptable quality programs, and no additional audit or evaluation is required. The NRC staff determined that this exception is acceptable as documented in a letter to the Edwin Hatch Nuclear Power Station on March 20, 2000 (Reference 8).

However, NuScale is still responsible for ensuring that the items or services procured conform to the applicable Appendix B criteria, ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code requirements, and other regulatory requirements and commitments. NuScale is also responsible for ensuring that procured items or services are suitable for the intended application, as well as for documenting the associated evaluation. To this extent and on this basis, the NRC staff finds the proposed exception acceptable.

- The NuScale QAPD includes provisions consistent with the regulatory guidance provided in SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.L.8, for the procurement of commercial-grade calibration services for safety-related applications from a calibration laboratory. The NuScale QAPD proposes not to require procurement source evaluation and selection measures provided each of the following conditions are met:
  - a. Purchase documents impose additional technical and administrative requirements as necessary, to comply with the NuScale quality assurance program and technical provisions. At a minimum, the purchase document shall require that the calibration certificate/report include identification of the laboratory equipment and standard used.
  - b. Purchase documents require reporting as-found calibration data when calibrated items are found to be out of tolerance.
  - c. A documented review of the supplier's accreditation will be performed and will include a verification of the following:
    - 1. The calibration laboratory holds a domestic accreditation by any one of the following accrediting bodies, which are recognized by the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Mutual Recognition Arrangement:
      - i. National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, administered by NIST

- ii. American Association for Laboratory Accreditation
  - iii. ACLASS Accreditation Services
  - iv. International Accreditation Service
  - v. Laboratory Accreditation Bureau
  - vi. Other NRC-recognized laboratory accrediting bodies
2. The accreditation is based on ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025, "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories."
  3. The published scope of accreditation for the calibration laboratory covers the necessary measurement parameters, range, and uncertainties.

The NRC staff has approved the use of calibration laboratories that hold a domestic accreditation approved by certain accrediting bodies. This method for qualifying a calibration supplier and accepting its calibration services is applicable only to dedicating commercial-grade calibration services as defined by 10 CFR 21. The current regulatory position regarding the acceptability of procuring commercial-grade calibration services from NRC-recognized calibration laboratories is documented in SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.L.8, as well as associated letters to the NRC-recognized laboratories. On this basis, the NRC staff finds the proposed exception acceptable.

- The NuScale QAPD commits to the requirements of the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 7, Section 700, and Subpart 2.14, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Commercial Grade Items and Services," for establishing commercial-grade item requirements. These sections implement controls for the selection, determination of suitability of intended use (critical characteristics), evaluation, receipt, and acceptance of commercial-grade services or items to ensure they will perform satisfactorily in service. The NuScale QAPD also specifies that NuScale will hold its commercial suppliers accountable for quality requirements in the procurement documents, including the reporting of defects. As such, the NRC staff finds the proposed clarification acceptable.
- As an alternative to NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 7, Section 700, the NuScale QAPD proposes that NuScale will assume 10 CFR 21 reporting responsibility for all commercial items and services that NuScale dedicates for use in safety related applications.

The purpose of 10 CFR 21 states that any individual director or responsible officer of a firm constructing, owning, operating, or supplying the components of any licensed or regulated facility or activity, who obtains information reasonably indicating: (a) that the facility, activity or basic component supplied to such facility or activity fails to comply with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, or any applicable rule, regulation, order, or license of the Commission relating to substantial safety hazards; or (b) that the facility, activity, or basic component supplied to such facility or activity contains defects, which could create a substantial safety hazard, must immediately notify the Commission of



such failure to comply or such defect, unless he has actual knowledge that the Commission has been adequately informed of such defect or failure to comply.

Therefore, the alternative proposed in the NuScale QAPD, which ensures that 10 CFR 21 reportability requirements encompass all safety-related activities for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project, would continue to meet the intent of this requirement and is, therefore, acceptable to the NRC staff.

### 3.1.8 Identification and Control of Materials, Parts, and Components

This element is not applicable to the NuScale Power Reactor design certification application and has not been reviewed or approved by the NRC staff.

### 3.1.9 Control of Special Processes

This element is not applicable to the NuScale Power Reactor design certification application and has not been reviewed or approved by the NRC staff.

### 3.1.10 Inspection

The NuScale QAPD states that NuScale does not perform inspection activities as part of the development of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification. However, the NuScale QAPD describes the requirements for suppliers who perform inspection activities associated with the NuScale Power Reactor design certification. These requirements include measures to assure that items, services, and activities affecting safety meet established requirements and conform to applicable documented specifications, instructions, procedures, and design documents.

In addition, the NuScale QAPD states that inspection may also be applied to items, services, and activities affecting plant reliability and integrity. Types of inspections may include those verifications related to procurement, such as source, in-process, final, and receipt inspection activities. Inspections are carried out by properly qualified persons independent of those who performed or directly supervised the work. Inspection results are adequately documented.

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.J, by committing to require NuScale's suppliers and subcontractors to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 10, Sections 100 through 800, without clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.11 Test Control

The NuScale QAPD states that NuScale does not perform testing activities as part of the development of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification, except for computer software testing. However, the NuScale QAPD describes the requirements for suppliers who perform testing activities associated with the NuScale Power Reactor design certification. These requirements include a provision that the supplier either have a test control program meeting the applicable QA requirements or conduct testing under the NuScale quality assurance program.

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.K, by committing to implement the quality standards described in the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 11,

Sections 100 through 600, as they relate to establishing the provisions for testing, without further clarifications or exceptions.

In establishing provisions to ensure that the computer software used in applications affecting safety is prepared, documented, verified, tested, and used such that the expected outputs are obtained and configuration control maintained, the NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 11, Section 400, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Subpart 2.7, without clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.12 Control of Measuring and Test Equipment

The NuScale QAPD states that NuScale will not control measuring and test equipment (M&TE) as part of the development of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification. However, the NuScale QAPD describes the requirements for organizations that control measurement and test equipment associated with design verification of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification application. These requirements include a provision that the M&TE organization either have an M&TE control program meeting the applicable QA requirements or conduct M&TE control activities under the NuScale quality assurance program.

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.L, by committing to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarification:

- The NuScale QAPD clarifies that the out-of-calibration conditions described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.2, and the subsequent requirements to evaluate the validity of previous M&TE results, refer to cases where the measuring and test equipment is found to be out of the required accuracy limits (i.e., out of tolerance) during calibration versus simply overdue for calibration. The latter situation is addressed by NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303, and assumes that an overdue calibration does not automatically equate to an inaccurate measurement or test.

The NRC staff determined that the clarification for out-of-calibration conditions is consistent with the overall objective of NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.2, and Criterion XII of Appendix B, which require that M&TE used in activities affecting quality are properly controlled, calibrated, and adjusted at specified periods to maintain accuracy within necessary limits. Therefore, the NRC staff concluded that this clarification is acceptable.

### 3.1.13 Handling, Storage, and Shipping

This element is not applicable to the NuScale Power Reactor design certification application and has not been reviewed or approved by the NRC staff.

### 3.1.14 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status

This element is not applicable to the NuScale Power Reactor design certification application and has not been reviewed or approved by the NRC staff.

### 3.1.15 Nonconforming Materials, Parts, or Components

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.O, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to control items, including services that do not conform to specified requirements, in order to prevent inadvertent use. Controls provide for identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation (when practical), disposition of nonconforming items, and notification to affected organizations. Controls are also provided to address conditional release of nonconforming items for use on an at-risk basis prior to resolution and disposition of the nonconformance, including maintaining identification of the item and documenting the basis for such release.

Nonconformances are evaluated for impact on the operability of quality SSCs to ensure that the final condition does not adversely affect safety, operation, or maintenance of the item or service. Nonconformances to design requirements which are dispositioned “repair” or “use-as-is” are subject to design control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design. Nonconformance dispositions are reviewed for adequacy, analysis of quality trends, and reports provided to the designated management. Significant trends are reported to management in accordance with NuScale procedures, regulatory requirements, and industry standards.

In addition, the NuScale QAPD provides for establishing the appropriate interfaces between the quality assurance program for identification and control of nonconforming materials, parts, or components, and the non-QA reporting program in order to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR Part 52, Licenses, Certifications, and Approvals for Nuclear Power Plants (10 CFR Part 52) and 10 CFR 21.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 15, Sections 100 through 400, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.16 Corrective Action

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.P, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to promptly identify, control, document, classify, and correct conditions adverse to quality. The QAPD provides for procedures to ensure that corrective actions are documented and initiated following the determination of conditions adverse to quality in accordance with regulatory requirements and applicable quality standards.

The NuScale QAPD also requires personnel to identify known conditions adverse to quality. Reports of conditions adverse to quality are analyzed to identify trends. Significant conditions adverse to quality and significant adverse trends are documented and reported to responsible management. In the case of a significant condition adverse to quality, the cause is determined and actions to preclude recurrence are taken. In the case of suppliers working on safety-related activities, or other similar situations, NuScale may delegate specific responsibilities for corrective actions, but NuScale maintains overall responsibility for the effectiveness of corrective action measures and the corrective action program.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 16, Section 100, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.17 Quality Assurance Records

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.Q, for establishing the necessary measures to ensure that sufficient records of items and activities affecting quality are developed, reviewed, approved, issued, used, and revised to reflect completed work. The provisions of such procedures establish the scope of the records retention program for NuScale and include requirements for records administration including receipt, preservation, retention, storage, safekeeping, retrieval, access controls, user privileges, and final disposition.

The NuScale QAPD establishes measures to ensure that sufficient records of completed items and activities affecting quality are appropriately stored. The records and retention times are based on Regulatory Position C.1 of Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, and NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Non-mandatory Appendix 17A-1, Section 200, as applicable for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project. In all cases where state, local, or other agencies have more restrictive requirements for record retention, the NuScale QA provides that those more restrictive requirements will be met.

When using electronic records storage and retrieval systems, the NuScale QAPD provides for compliance with the NRC guidance contained in NRC Generic Letter 88-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks (Reference 9)," Regulatory Issue Summary (RIS) 2000-18, "Guidance on Managing Quality Assurance Records in Electronic Media (Reference 10)," and the associated Nuclear Information and Records Management Association, Inc. (NIRMA) Technical Guidelines (TG), including TG 11-1998, "Authentication of Records and Media," TG 15-1998, "Management of Electronic Records," TG 16-1998, "Software Configuration Management and Quality Assurance," and TG 21-1998, "Electronic Records Protection and Restoration."

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 17, Sections 100 through 800, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.1.18 Audits

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.R, for establishing the necessary measures and governing procedures to implement audits in order to verify that activities covered by the quality assurance program are performed in conformance with the requirements established. The audit programs are also themselves reviewed for effectiveness as part of the overall NuScale audit process.

The NuScale QAPD provides for conducting periodic internal and external audits. Internal audits are conducted to determine the adequacy of program and procedures, as well as to determine if they are meaningful and comply with the overall NuScale quality assurance program. Internal audits are performed (1) with a frequency commensurate with the safety significance of the activity and in a manner which assures that audits of safety-related activities are completed; and/or (2) with a frequency that ensures that an audit of all applicable quality assurance program elements is completed within a period of once per calendar year or at least once during the life of the activity, whichever is shorter.

External audits determine the adequacy of supplier or contractor quality assurance programs. The scope of the audit is determined by the quality status and safety importance of the activities

being performed. These audits are conducted by trained personnel not having direct responsibility in the area being audited and in accordance with preplanned and approved audit plans or checklists, under the direction of a qualified lead auditor and the cognizance of the NuScale quality assurance director.

The NuScale QAPD provides for all audit results to be documented and reviewed by responsible management. Management responds to all audit findings and initiates corrective actions where indicated. In addition, where corrective action measures are determined necessary, documented follow-up of applicable areas through inspections, review, re-audits, or other appropriate means, is conducted to verify the implementation and effectiveness of the assigned corrective actions.

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 18, Sections 100 through 800, without further clarifications or exceptions.

### 3.2 Nonsafety-Related SSC Quality Control

#### 3.2.1 Nonsafety-Related SSCs - Significant Contributors to Plant Safety

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.V.1, for establishing specific program controls to be applied to nonsafety-related SSCs that are significant contributors to plant safety, but for which Appendix B is not applicable.

The NuScale QAPD applies specific controls to such items in a selected manner, targeted toward those characteristics or critical attributes that render the SSC a significant contributor to plant safety, consistent with applicable sections of the NuScale quality assurance program.

The NRC staff has determined that this approach, as described in the NuScale QAPD, is acceptable to maintain alignment with SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.V.1.

#### 3.2.2 Nonsafety-Related SSCs Credited for Regulatory Events

In establishing the quality requirements for nonsafety-related SSCs credited for regulatory events, the NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.V.2, and NuScale commits to implement the following regulatory guidance:

- The quality requirements for the fire protection system in accordance with Regulatory Position 1.7, "Quality Assurance," in Regulatory Guide 1.189, Revision 2, "Fire Protection for Operating Nuclear Power Plants (Reference 11)," dated October 2009.
- The quality requirements for anticipated transient without scram (ATWS) equipment in accordance with NRC Generic Letter 85-06, "Quality Assurance Guidance for ATWS Equipment That Is Not Safety Related (Reference 12)," dated January 16, 1985.
- The quality requirements for station blackout (SBO) equipment in accordance with Regulatory Position 3.5, "Quality Assurance and Specific Guidance for SBO Equipment That Is Not Safety Related," and Appendix A, "Quality Assurance Guidance for

Non-Safety Systems and Equipment," in Regulatory Guide 1.155, "Station Blackout (Reference 13)," dated August 1988.

The NRC staff has determined that this approach, as described in the NuScale QAPD, is acceptable to maintain alignment with SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.V.2.

### 3.3 Regulatory Commitments

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.U, for establishing QA program commitments. Furthermore, NuScale commits to comply with the following NRC Regulatory Guides and other quality assurance standards to supplement and support the quality assurance program:

- Regulatory Guide 1.8, Revision 3, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants (Reference 14)," dated May 2000. Regulatory Guide 1.8 provides guidance regarding qualifications and training for nuclear power plant personnel.
- Regulatory Guide 1.26, Revision 4, "Quality Group Classification and Standards for Water, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants (Reference 15)," dated March 2007. Regulatory Guide 1.26 defines classification of systems and components.
- Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, "Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction)," dated June 2010. Regulatory Guide 1.28 describes a method acceptable to the NRC for complying with the provisions of Appendix B with regard to establishing and implementing the requisite QA program for the design of nuclear power plants.
- Regulatory Guide 1.29, Revision 4, "Seismic Design Classification (Reference 16)," dated March 2007. Regulatory Guide 1.29 defines systems required to withstand a safe shutdown earthquake (SSE).
- ASME NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications," Parts I and II, as described above in Sections 3.1.1 through 3.1.18 of this safety evaluation.
- Nuclear Information and Records Management Association, Inc. (NIRMA) Technical Guides, as described in Section 3.1.17 of this safety evaluation.

### 4.0 CONCLUSION

The NuScale QAPD delineates the policies, processes, and controls established by NuScale and associated implementing documents relative to U.S. domestic licensing requirements for nuclear power plants. Together, the quality assurance program documents defined in the QAPD provide for control of NuScale activities that affect the quality of safety-related nuclear plant structures, systems, and components and include all planned and systematic activities necessary to provide adequate confidence that such SSCs will perform satisfactorily in service.



The QAPD may also be applied to certain equipment and activities that are not safety-related, but support safe plant operations, or where other NRC guidance establishes program requirements.

The NuScale QAPD follows the NRC guidance contained within, and conforms to the format of, SRP Section 17.5. The NRC staff used the acceptance criteria of SRP Section 17.5 as the basis for evaluating the acceptability of the NuScale quality assurance program in conformance with the provisions of 10 CFR 52.47(a)(19) and Appendix B to 10 CFR 50. On the basis of its review of the NuScale QAPD, the NRC staff concludes that:

- The NuScale QAPD adequately describes the authority and responsibility of management and supervisory personnel, performance and verification personnel, and self-assessment personnel, in relation to activities to which the NuScale quality assurance program is applicable.
- The NuScale QAPD adequately provides for organizations and personnel to perform verification and self-assessment functions related to NuScale activities that affect the quality of safety-related nuclear plant SSCs, as well as select nonsafety-related SSCs, with these organizations and personnel having the authority and independence to conduct activities without undue influence from those directly responsible for costs and schedules.
- The NuScale QAPD adequately applies to activities and items that are important to safety.
- The NuScale QAPD adequately establishes controls that, when properly implemented, comply with the requirements of 10 CFR 52, Appendix B to 10 CFR 50, and 10 CFR 21, consistent with the criteria contained in SRP Section 17.5, as well as the relevant regulatory guidance.

On the basis of its review, the NRC staff determined that the NuScale QAPD adequately describes the NuScale quality assurance program. Accordingly, the NRC staff concludes that the NuScale quality assurance program complies with the applicable NRC regulations and industry standards and can be used by NuScale for design certification activities associated with the NuScale Power Reactor.

## 5.0 REFERENCES

1. Letter from Edward G. Wallace, NuScale Power, Inc., to the NRC Document Control Desk, "NuScale Power Submittal of NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor - Non-Proprietary (NRC Project No. 0769)," dated October 29, 2010 (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) Accession No. ML103210264)
2. NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants," Section 17.5, "Quality Assurance Program Description - Design Certification, Early Site Permit and New License Applicants," dated March 2007 (ADAMS Accession No. ML063190019)



3. Letter from Edward G. Wallace, NuScale Power, Inc., to the NRC Document Control Desk, "Request for Additional Information No. 5452 (NRC Project 0769)," dated March 7, 2011 (ADAMS Accession No. ML110670208)
4. Letter from Edward G. Wallace, NuScale Power, Inc., to the NRC Document Control Desk, "Request for Additional Information No. 5892 (NRC Project 0769)," dated September 16, 2011 (ADAMS Accession No. ML112620083)
5. Letter from Edward G. Wallace, NuScale Power, Inc., to the NRC Document Control Desk, "NuScale Power Submittal of NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) Revision 1 for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor - Non-Proprietary (NRC Project No. 0769)," dated December 15, 2011 (ADAMS Accession No. ML120370407)
6. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) NQA-1-2008, "Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities" (with a2009 Addenda), New York, NY, dated March 14, 2008
7. Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, "Quality Assurance Program Criteria (Design and Construction), dated June 2010 (ADAMS Accession No. ML100160003)
8. Letter from NRC to Southern Nuclear Operating Company, Edwin I. Hatch Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2, "RE: Approval of Relief Request RR-27, Third 10-Year Interval Inservice Inspection Program (TAC NOS. MA6163 and MA6164)," dated March 20, 2000 (ADAMS Accession No. ML003693241)
9. NRC Generic Letter 1988-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks," dated October 20, 1988
10. Regulatory Issue Summary 2000-18, "Guidance on Managing Quality Assurance Records in Electronic Media," dated October 23, 2000 (ADAMS Accession No. ML003739359)
11. Regulatory Guide 1.189, Revision 2, "Fire Protection for Operating Nuclear Power Plants," dated October 2009 (ADAMS Accession No. ML092580550)
12. NRC Generic Letter 1985-06, "Quality Assurance Guidance for ATWS Equipment That Is Not Safety Related," dated January 16, 1985
13. Regulatory Guide 1.155, "Station Blackout," dated August 1988
14. Regulatory Guide 1.8, Revision 3, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants," dated May 2000 (ADAMS Accession No. ML003706932)
15. Regulatory Guide 1.26, Revision 4, "Quality Group Classification and Standards for Water, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants," dated March 2007 (ADAMS Accession No. ML070290283)

16. Regulatory Guide 1.29, Revision 4, "Seismic Design Classification," dated March 2007 (ADAMS Accession No. ML070310052)

October 29, 2010

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

**SUBJECT:** NuScale Power Submittal of NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor - Non-Proprietary (NRC Project No. 0769)

**REFERENCE:** Letter from NuScale Power, Inc. to U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Updated Schedule for Third Quarter 2010 Pre-Application Submittals (NRC Project No. 0769), NP-LO-0910-121, September 23, 2010."

The enclosed topical report is submitted for NRC review and approval. This report provides NuScale Power's Quality Assurance Program Description (NP-TR-1010-859-NP), based on the guidance of NUREG 0800 Part 17.5 and NEI Template 06-14A, revision 7 as adapted to the Design Certification (DC) phase.

Consistent with common licensing practice, most of the application text is written in the present tense, active voice, including discussions of processes associated with advanced stages of the DC process. It should be understood, however, that statements regarding these processes typically address activities that may have not yet been performed and will not be performed until it is reasonable and appropriate to do so. Appropriate quality assurance processes will be in place in advance of the initial performance of any applicable activity.

This report is a non-proprietary document.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (541) 207-3931 or at [ewallace@nuscalepower.com](mailto:ewallace@nuscalepower.com).

Sincerely,



Edward G. Wallace  
Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs  
NuScale Power, Inc.

cc: Michael Mayfield, NRC, TWFN-6 E04  
Stuart Magruder, NRC, TWFN-6 E04  
Greg Cranston, NRC, OWFN-10-A1

Document components: NP-TR-1010-859-NP QA Program Description for Design Certification of NuScale Power Reactor.pdf, 4,262,438 byte size

**From:** Malave, Yanely  
**Sent:** Wednesday, February 09, 2011 8:26 AM  
**To:** 'Derick Botha'  
**Cc:** Magruder, Stewart; Cranston, Gregory; Shaikh, Samina  
**Subject:** NuScale Quality Assurance Topical Report - RAI 5452  
**Attachments:** RAI 5452 - NuScale QA Topical Report.pdf

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION LETTER NO.1 FOR THE REVIEW OF NUSCALE TOPICALREPORT: QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION FOR DESIGN CERTIFICATION OF THE NUSCALE POWER REACTOR (TAC NO. RN6086)

Dear Mr. Botha:

By letter dated October 29, 2010, NuScale submitted for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff review Topical Report (TR) NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor." The NRC staff is performing a detailed review of this document to enable the staff to ensure that the parameters for a procedurally sound information security program are addressed. The NRC staff has identified that additional information is needed to continue portions of the review. The staff's request for additional information (RAI) is contained in the enclosure to this letter. To support the review schedule, you are requested to respond by March 15, 2011. If changes are needed to the NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description, the staff requests that a revision be submitted with the RAI responses.

If you have any questions or comments concerning this matter, you may contact me at 301-415-1519.

Sincerely,  
/RA/

*Yanely Malave-Velez*

Project Manager  
US NRC - Office of New Reactors  
Advanced Reactor Branch 2

Docket No. PROJ0769  
eRAI Tracking No. 5452

2/3/2011

NuScale Pre-Application Activities

NuScale

Docket No. PROJ 0769

SRP Section: 17.5 - Quality Assurance Program Description - Design Certification, Early Site Permit and  
New License Applicants

Application Section: Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, "Quality Assurance Program Description for  
Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor"

QUESTIONS for Quality and Vendor Branch 1 (AP1000/EPR Projects) (CQVP)

17.5-1

During its review of the NuScale Topical Report, the NRC staff identified several inconsistencies in the document that appear to be typographical errors or inadvertent additions/omissions. Accordingly, please address the below items to clarify whether this assumption is correct and revise the topical report as necessary:

- a. Section 2.1.4.2 (Page 16 of 48) - There is additional text at the end of the section that does not appear to be consistent with the rest of the document.
- b. Section 2.4.1 (Page 24 of 48) - It appears that three exceptions/clarifications are made to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4; however, there are only two bullets in this section. Please clarify whether the second indented paragraph is an independent exception, or whether it is a part of the previous clarification.
- c. Section 2.6.3 (Page 27 of 48) - The NQA-1-2008 requirement number to which NuScale is committing is not present.
- d. Section 2.16.2 (Page 40 of 48) - In the NQA-1-2008 commitment section, the applicable section of Requirement 16 is omitted. Revising the text to read "...Requirement 16, Section 100" would be consistent with the rest of the QAPD.
- e. Section 2.17.1 (Page 41 of 48) - It is not stated that Non-mandatory Appendix 17A-1, Section 200, is associated with NQA-1-2008, and could be misconstrued as an appendix to Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4.
- f. Section 2.18.1 (Page 42 of 48) - The final sentence of the section reads: "Audits of suppliers of safety-related components and/or services are conducted as described in Section 2.7.1." Adding "in this document" to the end of the sentence would be consistent with the rest of the QAPD.

17.5-2

The acceptance criterion of SRP 17.5, Section C.1.q, states that quality assurance personnel are included in the documented review and concurrence of quality-related procedures associated with design consistent with the requirements of 10 CFR 50.34(f)(3)(iii)(C).

Please describe how this requirement is being met in the proposed NuScale QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project.

17.5-3

Section 2.7.1, "Acceptance of Item or Service," of the NuScale QAPD states that for the design certification project, verification actions include testing, as appropriate. However, Section 2.11, "Test Control," of the QAPD notes that NuScale does not perform test activities in the design certification phase, except for computer software testing. Instead, testing services will be performed by suppliers/contractors as necessary.

Please clarify the scope of testing services envisioned for procurement during the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project, as well as the role NuScale will play in testing associated with design verification, including the control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE).

17.5-4

Section 2.7.1, "Acceptance of Item or Service," of the NuScale QAPD states that provisions are made for accepting purchased items and services, such as source verification, receipt inspection, certificate of conformance (CofC), and document reviews (including certified material test reports/certificate (CMTR)).

Please explain why CofCs and CMTRs are within the scope of the QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project or delete them from the QAPD.

17.5-5

In Section 2.7.2, "NQA-1-2008 with NQA-1a 2009 Commitment / Exceptions," of the NuScale QAPD, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, Sections 100 through 800, with several clarifications and exceptions.

Please verify that this is the appropriate method for referencing the 2009 Addenda to NQA-1-2008, and that the reference should not instead be NQA-1-2008, with NQA-1a 2009, as is consistent with the rest of the NuScale QAPD.

17.5-6

Section 2.7.2, "NQA-1-2008 with NQA-1a 2009 Commitment / Exceptions," of the NuScale QAPD describes an exception to NQA-1-2008 (with a2009 Addenda) for purchasing commercial-grade calibration services. Commercial-grade calibration services appear to be outside the scope of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project since the majority of testing services will be performed by suppliers/contractors as necessary.

Please explain why this exception is applicable to the QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project.

17.5-7

Section 2.11, "Test Control," of the NuScale QAPD states that suppliers "...will be required to either have a test control program meeting the following requirements or conduct testing under the NuScale Quality Program."

Please clarify whether the "NuScale Quality Program" is equivalent to the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP), the Quality Management Plan (QMP), the Project Quality Plan (PQP), or some combination thereof.

Similarly, address this issue in Section 2.12, "Control of Measuring and Test Equipment," Section 3.1.11, "Test Control," and Section 3.1.12, "Control of Measuring and Test Equipment," of the NuScale QAPD.





UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

July 25, 2011

Mr. Edward G. Wallace, Vice President  
Regulatory Affairs  
NuScale Power, Inc.  
1000 NE Circle Blvd.  
Corvallis, Oregon 97330

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION LETTER NO. 2 THE REVIEW OF  
NUSCALE TOPICAL REPORT NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0 "QUALITY  
ASSURANCE PROGRAM FOR THE DESIGN CERTIFICATION OF THE  
NUSCALE POWER REACTOR (TAC NO. RN6086)

Dear Mr. Wallace:

By letter dated October 29, 2010, NuScale submitted for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff review Topical Report (TR) NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor," to the NRC staff for review (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) ML103210258 and ML103210261). The NRC staff is performing a detailed review of this topical report to enable the staff to reach a conclusion on the safety of the proposed application. The NRC staff has identified that additional information is needed to continue portions of the review. The staff's request for additional information (RAI) is contained in the enclosure to this letter.

To support the review schedule, you are requested to respond by September 19, 2011. If changes are needed to the topical report, the staff requests that a revision to TR 1010-859-NP, "Quality Assurance Program for the Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor," be submitted with the RAI responses. If you have any questions or comments concerning this matter, you may contact me at 301-415-5046.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Gregory V. Cranston", is positioned above the typed name.

Gregory V. Cranston, Senior Project Manager  
Advanced Reactor Branch 2  
Advanced Reactor Program  
Office of New Reactors

Docket No.: PROJ0769

eRAI Tracking No.: 5892

Enclosure:  
Request for Additional Information

Request for Additional Information No. 5892 Revision 1

NuScale Pre-Application Activities

NuScale

Docket No. PROJ 0769

SRP Section: 17.5 - Quality Assurance Program Description - Design Certification, Early Site  
Permit and New License Applicants

Application Section: QATR

QUESTIONS for Quality and Vendor Branch 1 (AP1000/EPR Projects) (CQVP)

17.5-\*\*\*

The NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Sections 100 through 500, with the following clarification:

As an alternative to the requirement of NuScale Quality Assurance (NQA)-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3, that prospective lead auditors must have participated in a minimum of five audits in the previous three years, the NuScale QAPD states that the prospective lead auditor shall demonstrate his or her ability to properly implement the audit process, as implemented by NuScale, to effectively lead an audit team, and to effectively organize and report results, including participation in at least one nuclear audit within the year preceding the date of qualification.

However, NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3 provides for participation in independent assessments as another means to satisfy the requisite number of quality assurance audits, and supplies the acceptance criteria for use of these activities toward lead auditor qualification.

As such, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff was unable to ascertain why this clarification to NQA-1-2008 is necessary for NuScale given that NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3, already contains an alternative means for qualifying prospective lead auditors beyond participation in a minimum of five audits in the previous three years. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

Enclosure



## 17.5-\*\*\*

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203, requires that QA program requirements be specified in procurement documents. The NuScale QAPD will require that procurement documents for commercial grade items that will be procured by NuScale for use as safety-related items shall contain technical and quality requirements such that the procured item can be appropriately dedicated. It is unclear to the NRC staff as to whether the above statement is a clarification or an exception to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203.

Technical and quality requirements are provided in Sections 202 and 203, respectively, and would be applicable to the dedication of commercial grade items for use as safety-related equipment. In addition, commercial grade items and services are addressed by NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, Section 700, and Subpart 2.14, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Commercial Grade Items and Services."

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an exception or clarification to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203, is necessary given that provisions regarding the information contained in the clarification/exception are contained elsewhere in NQA-1-2008 and its addenda. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

## 17.5-\*\*\*

As an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 7, Section 501, in terms of the requirement that documentary evidence that items conform to procurement requirements shall be available at the nuclear facility site prior to installation or use, the NuScale QAPD proposes that documents may be stored in approved electronic media under the applicant's or supplier's control and not physically located at the plant site, as long as they are accessible from the respective facility.

Based on the above provision, as well as the statement that the NuScale records management system will provide for timely retrieval of necessary records, the NRC staff determined that this alternative meets 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Criterion VII, "Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services." Criterion VII requires documentary evidence that items conform to procurement documents be available at the nuclear facility before installation or use. Therefore, this provision, which would allow for accessing and reviewing the necessary procurement documents at the site before installation or use, meets this requirement.

However, the NRC staff notes that NuScale did not include the latter part of the previously NRC approved alternative which states that "following completion of the construction period, sufficient as-built documentation will be turned over to [NuScale] to support operations. The [NuScale] records management system will provide for timely retrieval of necessary records." While the staff understands that the NuScale QAPD is only applicable to activities associated with the design certification of a NuScale Power Reactor, further clarification is necessary regarding the applicability of the second part of the alternative.

As such, please provide verification and/or clarification of whether the secondary clarification stated above is applicable to the NuScale design certification project.

## 17.5-\*\*\*

As an alternative to NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 7, Section 700, the NuScale QAPD proposes that NuScale will assume 10 CFR Part 21 reporting responsibility for all items and services that NuScale dedicates for use in safety related applications.

The alternative proposed by the NuScale QAPD, as written, is unacceptable to the NRC staff. The NRC expects that applicants planning to utilize commercial grade items or services commit to the quality assurance requirements specified in NQA-1a-2009, Subpart 2.14.

As such, please clarify the NuScale position regarding NQA-1a-2009, Subpart 2.14, and revise the above alternative as necessary.

## 17.5-\*\*\*

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.L, by committing to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

The NuScale QAPD clarifies that the out-of-calibration conditions described NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302, refer to cases where the measuring and test equipment is found to be out of the required accuracy limits (i.e., out of tolerance) during calibration.

However, the NRC staff notes that this clarification, as written, is not directly applicable to the constraints listed in NQA-1-2008 or NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 12, Section 302, regarding reference standards. Rather, NuScale's statement is a clarification of the methods that will be used when measuring and test equipment is found to be out of tolerance during calibration.

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302 is necessary. In addition, it is not clear to the staff as to why NuScale is not committing to NQA-1a-2009 for Requirement 12.

Please provide verification/explanation regarding whether the clarification stated above is applicable to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302, as well as further information as to whether NuScale is committing to NQA-1a-2009.



## 17.5-\*\*\*

As an alternative to the NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.6, calibration labeling requirements, the NuScale QAPD proposes that measuring and test equipment are not required to be marked with the calibration status where it is impossible or impractical due to equipment size or configuration (such as when the label will interfere with operation of the device), provided that the required information is maintained in suitable documentation traceable to the device.

However, the NRC staff notes that NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 12, Section 303.6, as written, already provides for measuring and test equipment to be "otherwise identified" to indicate calibration status and establish traceability to calibration records.

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.6 is necessary. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

## 17.5-\*\*\*

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.U, for establishing QA program commitments. However, the NRC staff notes that Regulatory Guide 1.8, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants," which contains provisions related to the qualification and training of quality assurance personnel, is not committed to by NuScale. Please clarify whether RG 1.8 is applicable to the NuScale design certification project.

March 07, 2011

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

**SUBJECT: Request for Additional Information No. 5452 (NRC Project 0769)**

**REFERENCE:**

- 1) Letter from NRC Requesting Additional Information No. 5452, dated February 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2011 (NRC Project 0769)**
- 2) NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor, Revision 0, October 2010 (NP-TR-1010-859-NP)**

NuScale hereby submits a response to the Request for Additional Information (RAI) No. 5452, dated February 3, 2011 (Reference 1). The RAI and this response pertain to NuScale Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP (Reference 2). Responses to specific questions from the RAI are provided in Enclosure 1. Enclosure 2 includes a marked up version of the Topical Report that incorporates the changes identified in Enclosure 1.

If you should have questions or concerns please direct them to Derick Botha at (541) 207-3931 or at [dbotha@nuscalepower.com](mailto:dbotha@nuscalepower.com).

Sincerely,



Edward G. Wallace  
Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

Enclosure 1: NuScale Power, Inc. Responses to NRC RAIs on NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Rev 0.  
Enclosure 2: Markup of NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor, Revision 0, October 2010 (NP-TR-1010-859-NP)

cc: Michael Mayfield, NRC TWFN-6 E04  
Stuart Magruder, NRC, TWFN-9 F27  
Greg Cranston, NRC, TWFN-9 F27

Document components:

1. NP-TR-1010-859-NP QA Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor.pdf, 474,054 byte size

## Enclosure 1

### NuScale Response to Request for Additional Information No. 5452

- **Question 17.5-1**

During its review of the NuScale Topical Report, the NRC staff identified several inconsistencies in the document that appear to be typographical errors or inadvertent additions/omissions. Accordingly, please address the below items to clarify whether this assumption is correct and revise the topical report as necessary:

- **Question 17.5-1a**

Section 2.1.4.2 (Page 16 of 48) - There is additional text at the end of the section that does not appear to be consistent with the rest of the document.

**NuScale Response**

The Topical Report has been revised to remove the text “Insert into document. Delete DCD Project Manager Section.”

- **Question 17.5-1b**

Section 2.4.1 (Page 24 of 48) - It appears that three exceptions/clarifications are made to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4; however, there are only two bullets in this section. Please clarify whether the second indented paragraph is an independent exception, or whether it is a part of the previous clarification.

**NuScale Response**

There are only two exceptions/clarifications. The second indented paragraph is a part of the first exception/clarification.

- **Question 17.5-1c**

Section 2.6.3 (Page 27 of 48) - The NQA-1-2008 requirement number to which NuScale is committing is not present.

**NuScale Response**

This section of the Topical Report has been revised to recite Requirement 6, Sections 100 through 300.



– **Question 17.5-1d**

Section 2.16.2 (Page 40 of 48) - In the NQA-1-2008 commitment section, the applicable section of Requirement 16 is omitted. Revising the text to read "...Requirement 16, Section 100" would be consistent with the rest of the QAPD.

**NuScale Response**

The Topical Report has been revised to read as follows:

"In establishing provisions for corrective action, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 16, Section 100."

– **Question 17.5-1e**

Section 2.17.1 (Page 41 of 48) - It is not stated that Nonmandatory Appendix 17A-1, Section 200, is associated with NQA-1-2008, and could be misconstrued as an appendix to Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4.

**NuScale Response**

The Topical Report has been revised to clarify that Appendix 17A-1 pertains to NQA-1, as follows:

"The records and retention times are based on Regulatory Position C.1 of Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, and NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Nonmandatory Appendix 17A-1, Section 200 as applicable for the DC project."

– **Question 17.5-1f**

Section 2.18.1 (Page 42 of 48) - The final sentence of the section reads: "Audits of suppliers of safety-related components and/or services are conducted as described in Section 2.7.1." Adding "in this document" to the end of the sentence would be consistent with the rest of the QAPD.

**NuScale Response**

The Topical Report, Section 2.18.1 has been revised to read as follows:

"Audits of suppliers of safety-related components and/or services are conducted as described in Section 2.7.1 in this document."

- **Question 17.5-2**

The acceptance criterion of SRP 17.5, Section C.1.q, states that quality assurance personnel are included in the documented review and concurrence of quality-related procedures associated with design consistent with the requirements of 10 CFR 50.34(f)(3)(iii)(C).

Please describe how this requirement is being met in the proposed NuScale QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project.

**NuScale Response**

The NuScale QA organization performs an independent review of quality related procedures identified and developed by NuScale. In Section 2.3 second paragraph of the Topical Report, it is stated “Design documents are reviewed by individual’s knowledge in QA to ensure the documents contain the necessary QA requirements”. This statement has been revised to read as follows:

“The development of quality-related procedures shall be reviewed and concurred by QA personnel before they are issued for implementation to ensure documents contain the necessary QA requirements.”

- **Question 17.5-3**

Section 2.7.1, “Acceptance of Item or Service,” of the NuScale QAPD states that for the design certification project, verification actions include testing, as appropriate. However, Section 2.11, “Test Control,” of the QAPD notes that NuScale does not perform test activities in the design certification phase, except for computer software testing. Instead, testing services will be performed by suppliers/contractors as necessary.

Please clarify the scope of testing services envisioned for procurement during the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project, as well as the role NuScale will play in testing associated with design verification, including the control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE).

**NuScale Response**

Section 2.11 is correct; NuScale will not directly perform testing, other than for computer software. Through procured test services, NuScale Power is performing design verification testing activities such as the Multi-Application Small Light Water Reactor (MASLWR) test facility program and fuel assembly design and performance tests. In these instances, NuScale Power is preparing the test program, preparing the appropriate test predictions, reviewing the test results and applying the results of the tests in the design certification program.

For procured services, the requirements in Topical Report Section 2.7.1 relative to the control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE) are imposed via procurement technical specifications as part of the purchase orders for these services.

- **Question 17.5-4**

Section 2.7.1, “Acceptance of Item or Service,” of the NuScale QAPD states that provisions are made for accepting purchased items and services, such as source verification, receipt inspection, certificate of conformance (CofC), and document reviews (including certified material test reports/certificate (CMTR)).

Please explain why CofCs and CMTRs are within the scope of the QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project or delete them from the QAPD.

**NuScale Response**

The design certification project includes testing services that are being purchased. Certificates of conformance or material test reports may be received for purchased items or services related to these testing services.

- **Question 17.5-5**

In Section 2.7.2, “NQA-1-2008 with NQA-1a 2009 Commitment / Exceptions,” of the NuScale QAPD, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, and Sections 100 through 800, with several clarifications and exceptions.

Please verify that this is the appropriate method for referencing the 2009 Addenda to NQA-1-2008, and that the reference should not instead be NQA-1-2008, with NQA-1a 2009, as is consistent with the rest of the NuScale QAPD.

**NuScale Response**

The appropriate method of referencing NQA-1 is NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 addenda. Section 2.7.2 “NQA-1-2008 with NAQ-1a 2009 Commitments / Exceptions” has been revised to read as follows:

“In establishing procurement verification controls, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Requirement 7, Sections 100 through 800, with the following clarifications and exceptions:”

- **Question 17.5-6**

Section 2.7.2, “NQA-1-2008 with NQA-1a 2009 Commitment / Exceptions,” of the NuScale QAPD describes an exception to NQA-1-2008 (with a2009 Addenda) for purchasing commercial-grade calibration services. Commercial-grade calibration services appear to be outside the scope of the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project since the majority of testing services will be performed by suppliers/contractors as necessary.

Please explain why this exception is applicable to the QAP for the NuScale Power Reactor design certification project.

**NuScale Response**

For procured test services, contractors may perform testing activities under the NuScale QAP that include procurement of commercial-grade calibration services. The requirements in Topical Report Section 2.7.2 relative to the purchasing of commercial-grade calibration services are imposed via procurement technical specifications as part of the purchase orders for these services.

- **Question 17.5-7**

Section 2.11, “Test Control,” of the NuScale QAPD states that suppliers “...will be required to either have a test control program meeting the following requirements or conduct testing under the NuScale Quality Program.”

Please clarify whether the “NuScale Quality Program” is equivalent to the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP), the Quality Management Plan (QMP), the Project Quality Plan (PQP), or some combination thereof.

Similarly, address this issue in Section 2.12, “Control of Measuring and Test Equipment,” Section 3.1.11, “Test Control,” and Section 3.1.12, “Control of Measuring and Test Equipment,” of the NuScale QAPD.

**NuScale Response**

The reference to “NuScale Quality Program” in Sections 2.11, 2.12, 3.1.11, and 3.1.12 has been revised to state “NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP)”, which consists of the Quality Management Plan (QMP), the Project Quality Plan (PQP) and associated implementing documents as stated in Section 1.1 of this Topical Report. Sections 2.11, 2.12, 3.1.11, and 3.1.12 have been revised to read as follows:

“...under the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP).”

**September 16, 2011**

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

**SUBJECT: Request for Additional Information No. 5892 (NRC Project 0769)**

**REFERENCE: 1) Letter from NRC Requesting Additional Information No. 5892, dated July 25, 2011 (NRC Project 0769)**  
**2) NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor, Revision 0, October 2010 (NP-TR-1010-859-NP)**

NuScale hereby submits a response to the Request for Additional Information (RAI) No. 5892, dated July 25, 2011 (Reference 1). The RAI and this response pertain to NuScale Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP (Reference 2). Responses to specific questions from the RAI are provided in Enclosure 1.

During the preparation of the response to this RAI, it was noted that NuScale answered question 17.5-2 of RAI No. 5452 improperly. This led to unnecessary revision of Section 2.3 of the NuScale Topical Report. Instead, the following text should have been added to Section 2.6.1:

"Procedures for design and installation are also reviewed by the quality group to ensure quality assurance measures have been appropriately applied. The documented review signifies concurrence."

The change to Section 2.3 has been reversed and the above text has been added to Section 2.6.1 of the NuScale Topical Report.

NuScale has identified organizational changes to the Topical Report that cannot be completed at this time due to a pending corporate restructuring. Therefore, NuScale is unable to provide a revised Topical Report at this time, but will provide the updated Topical Report when these changes are made.

Questions or concerns may be directed to Derick Botha at (541) 207-3931 or at [dbotha@nuscalepower.com](mailto:dbotha@nuscalepower.com).

Sincerely,



Edward G. Wallace  
Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

Enclosure 1: NuScale Power, Inc. Responses to NRC RAIs on NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Rev 0.

cc: Michael Mayfield, NRC TWFN-6 E04  
Stuart Magruder, NRC, TWFN-9 F27  
Greg Cranston, NRC, TWFN-9 F27



## Enclosure 1

### NuScale Response to Request for Additional Information No. 5892

- **Question 17.5-1**

The NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Sections 100 through 500, with the following clarification:

As an alternative to the requirement of NuScale Quality Assurance NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3, that prospective lead auditors must have participated in a minimum of five audits in the previous three years, the NuScale QAPD states that the prospective lead auditor shall demonstrate his or her ability to properly implement the audit process, as implemented by NuScale, to effectively lead an audit team, and to effectively organize and report results, including participation in at least one nuclear audit within the year preceding the date of qualification.

However, NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3 provides for participation in independent assessments as another means to satisfy the requisite number of quality assurance audits, and supplies the acceptance criteria for use of these activities toward lead auditor qualification.

As such, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff was unable to ascertain why this clarification to NQA-1-2008 is necessary for NuScale given that NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Section 303.3, already contains an alternative means for qualifying prospective lead auditors beyond participation in a minimum of five audits in the previous three years. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

#### **NuScale Response**

NQA-1-2008 Section 303.3 provides an alternative means to qualifying lead auditors. NuScale will update Section 2.2.6 by removing the clarification and will follow the alternative means provided in Requirement 2, Section 303.3 to qualify lead auditors.

- **Question 17.5-2**

The NuScale QAPD commits to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203, requires that QA program requirements be specified in procurement documents. The NuScale QAPD will require that procurement documents for commercial grade items that will be procured by NuScale for use as safety-related items shall contain technical and quality requirements such that the procured item can be appropriately dedicated.

It is unclear to the NRC staff as to whether the above statement is a clarification or an exception to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203. Technical and quality requirements are provided in Sections 202 and 203, respectively, and would be applicable to the dedication of commercial grade items for use as safety-related equipment. In addition, commercial grade items and services are addressed by NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, Section 700, and Subpart 2.14, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Commercial Grade Items and Services."

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an exception or clarification to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203, is necessary given that provisions regarding the information contained in the clarification/exception are contained elsewhere in NQA-1-2008 and its addenda. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

**NuScale Response**

There should be no exception or clarification to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Section 203. With the changes to Requirement 7, Section 700, and Subpart 2.14 in NQA-1a-2009 addenda, there is no need for an exception or clarification for commercial grade items. NuScale will remove this exception.

The answer to RAI 5452, 17.5-1b, has changed. The second indented paragraph will be deleted from the document as part of the response to this RAI. NQA-1a-2009, Subpart 2.14, Section 700 provides an exception that allows suppliers to work under NuScale's Quality Assurance Program for services.

- **Question 17.5-3**

As an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 7, Section 501, in terms of the requirement that documentary evidence that items conform to procurement requirements shall be available at the nuclear facility site prior to installation or use, the NuScale QAPD proposes that documents may be stored in approved electronic media under the applicant's or supplier's control and not physically located at the plant site, as long as they are accessible from the respective facility.

Based on the above provision, as well as the statement that the NuScale records management system will provide for timely retrieval of necessary records, the NRC staff determined that this alternative meets 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix B, Criterion VII, "Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services." Criterion VII requires documentary evidence that items conform to procurement documents be available at the nuclear facility before installation or use. Therefore, this provision, which would allow for accessing and reviewing the necessary procurement documents at the site before installation or use, meets this requirement.

However, the NRC staff notes that NuScale did not include the latter part of the previously NRC approved alternative which states that "following completion of the construction period, sufficient as-built documentation will be turned over to [NuScale] to support operations. The [NuScale] records management system will provide for timely retrieval of necessary records." While the staff understands that the NuScale QAPD is only applicable to activities associated with the design certification of a NuScale Power Reactor, further clarification is necessary regarding the applicability of the second part of the alternative.

As such, please provide verification and/or clarification of whether the secondary clarification stated above is applicable to the NuScale design certification project.

**NuScale Response**

NuScale has determined that in the Design Certification phase, there is no facility site. Therefore, this alternative does not apply to NuScale in the Design Certification phase and will be removed in its entirety from the Topical Report. NuScale will require procurement documents to be located at NuScale prior to the item being used.

- **Question 17.5-4**

As an alternative to NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, Requirement 7, Section 700, the NuScale QAPD proposes that NuScale will assume 10 CFR Part 21 reporting responsibility for all items and services that NuScale dedicates for use in safety related applications.

The alternative proposed by the NuScale QAPD, as written, is unacceptable to the NRC staff. The NRC expects that applicants planning to utilize commercial grade items or services commit to the quality assurance requirements specified in NQA-1a-2009, Subpart 2.14.

As such, please clarify the NuScale position regarding NQA-1a-2009, Subpart 2.14, and revise the above alternative as necessary.

**NuScale Response**

NuScale is committed to NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, including Subpart 2.14, as noted in Section 2.7.2. The statement concerning NuScale's assumption of 10 CFR 21 reporting responsibility is in reference to 10 CFR 21.7, Exemptions, that states, in part, "Suppliers of commercial grade items are exempt from the provisions of this part to the extent that they supply commercial grade items."

This is to clarify that NuScale, as the dedicating entity, assumes 10 CFR 21 reporting responsibilities and will hold its commercial suppliers commercially accountable for quality requirements in procurement documents, including the reporting of defects.

In Section 2.7.2 additional clarification was added with the following:

"In establishing commercial grade items requirements, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, Section 700 and Subpart 2.14."

The Section 2.7.2 statement for 10 CFR 21 reporting has also been updated with the following:

"NuScale will assume 10 CFR Part 21 reporting responsibility for commercial items and services that NuScale dedicates for use in safety-related applications."

- **Question 17.5-5**

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.L, by committing to implement the quality standards described in NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

The NuScale QAPD clarifies that the out-of-calibration conditions described NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302, refer to cases where the measuring and test equipment is found to be out of the required accuracy limits (i.e., out of tolerance) during calibration.

However, the NRC staff notes that this clarification, as written, is not directly applicable to the constraints listed in NQA-1-2008 or NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 12, Section 302, regarding reference standards. Rather, NuScale's statement is a clarification of the methods that will be used when measuring and test equipment is found to be out of tolerance during calibration.

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302 is necessary. In addition, it is not clear to the staff as to why NuScale is not committing to NQA-1a-2009 for Requirement 12.

Please provide verification/explanation regarding whether the clarification stated above is applicable to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 302, as well as further information as to whether NuScale is committing to NQA-1a-2009.

**NuScale Response**

This clarification should state Section 303.2, not Section 302. The topical report has been updated to state Section 303.2.

Requirement 12 of NQA-1 was not updated with the NQA-1a-2009 addenda, as noted in the summary of changes. It appears to be included because Requirement 11 was completely revised and replaced in NQA-1a-2009 addenda, which caused Requirement 12 to be printed on the back of Requirement 11 page. The commitment is still addressed as NQA-1-2008 for Requirement 12.



- **Question 17.5-6**

As an alternative to the NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.6, calibration labeling requirements, the NuScale QAPD proposes that measuring and test equipment are not required to be marked with the calibration status where it is impossible or impractical due to equipment size or configuration (such as when the label will interfere with operation of the device), provided that the required information is maintained in suitable documentation traceable to the device.

However, the NRC staff notes that NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 12, Section 303.6, as written, already provides for measuring and test equipment to be "otherwise identified" to indicate calibration status and establish traceability to calibration records.

As such, it is not clear to the staff why an alternative to NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Section 303.6 is necessary. Please provide a justification for this clarification.

**NuScale Response**

NuScale has removed this exception since NQA-1-2008, Section 303.6, already provides for this exception.

- **Question 17.5-7**

The NuScale QAPD follows the guidance of SRP Section 17.5, Paragraph II.U, for establishing QA program commitments. However, the NRC staff notes that Regulatory Guide 1.8, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants," which contains provisions related to the qualification and training of quality assurance personnel, is not committed to by NuScale. Please clarify whether RG 1.8 is applicable to the NuScale design certification project.

**NuScale Response**

Regulatory Guide 1.8, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants" is applicable to NuScale.

Section 4.1 has been updated to include RG 1.8 as a regulatory commitment.

December 15, 2011

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

**SUBJECT: NuScale Power Submittal of NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) Revision 1 for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor - Non-Proprietary (NRC Project No. 0769)**

**REFERENCE:** 1) NuScale Topical Report: Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor, Revision 0, October 2010 (NP-TR-1010-859-NP)  
2) Letter to NRC Response to Request for Additional Information No. 5452, dated March 7th, 2011 (NP-LO-0311-179)  
3) Letter to NRC Response to Request for Additional Information No. 5892, dated September 16, 2011 (NP-LO-0911-210)

The enclosed revised topical report NuScale Power's Quality Assurance Program Description Revision 1 (NP-TR-1010-859-NP) is submitted to the NRC for review and approval. This revision integrates the Responses to NRC RAI No. 5452 (Reference 2) and Responses to NRC RAI No. 5892 (Reference 3).

During the preparation of the changes to the QAPD for the company reorganization, it was noted that NuScale's answer to question 17.5-1a of RAI No. 5452 has changed. The section of the report that question 17.5-1a of RAI 5452 references has been deleted in its entirety and the residual duties relocated in section 2.1.3.3.

If you have any questions, please direct them to Derick Botha at (541) 207-3931 or [dbotha@nuscalepower.com](mailto:dbotha@nuscalepower.com).

Sincerely,



Edward G. Wallace  
Vice President, Regulatory Affairs  
NuScale Power, LLC

cc: Michael Mayfield, NRC, TWFN-6 E04  
Stuart Magruder, NRC, TWFN-6 E04  
Greg Cranston, NRC, OWFN-10-A1

Enclosures: NP-TR-1010-859-NP Rev 1 QA Program Description for Design Certification of NuScale Power Reactor.pdf 4,506,102 bytes size



UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

February 9, 2012

Mr. Edward Wallace, Senior Vice President  
Regulatory Affairs  
NuScale Power, LLC  
1100 NE Circle Blvd, Suite 350  
Corvallis, OR 97330

SUBJECT: DRAFT SAFETY EVALUATION REGARDING THE REVIEW OF NUSCALE  
TOPICAL REPORT NP-TR-1010-859-NP, REVISION 1, "QUALITY  
ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION FOR DESIGN CERTIFICATION OF  
THE NUSCALE POWER REACTOR" (TAC NO. RX6242)

Dear Mr. Wallace:

By letter dated October 29, 2010, NuScale Power, Inc. (NuScale) submitted topical report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 0, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor," for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff review (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) ML103210264). The topical report was submitted in accordance with the guidance of NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan (SRP) for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants," Section 17.5, "Quality Assurance Program Description-Design Certification, Early Site Permit and New License Applicants."

By letter dated March 7, 2011, (ADAMS ML ML110670208) NuScale responded to the NRC staff's request for additional information (RAI) (ADAMS ML110410508). By letter dated September 16, 2011, NuScale provided responses (ADAMS ML112620083) to a second set of RAIs. By letter dated December 15, 2011, NuScale provided Revision 1 of Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP (ADAMS ML120370093). Enclosed for NuScale review and comment is a copy of the NRC staff's draft safety evaluation (SE) for the Topical Report.

To support the review schedule, you are requested to provide your comments on any factual errors or clarity concerns contained in the draft SE by February 27, 2012. The final SE will be issued after making any necessary changes and will be made publicly available. The NRC staff's disposition of your comments on the draft SE will be discussed in the final SE.

To facilitate the NRC staff's review of your comments, please provide a marked-up copy of the draft SE showing proposed changes and provide a summary table of the proposed changes.

E. Wallace

-2-

If you have any questions, please contact Greg Cranston at (301) 415-0546 or Mike Jones at (301) 415-0189.

Sincerely,



Stewart L. Magruder, Branch Chief  
Projects Branch  
Division of Advanced Reactors and Rulemaking  
Office of New Reactors

Project No.: 0769

Enclosure:  
Draft Safety Evaluation

February 21, 2012

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
One White Flint North  
11555 Rockville Pike  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

**SUBJECT: NuScale Power, LLC (NuScale) comments on the NRC Staff's Draft Safety Evaluation Report for Topical Report NP-TR-1010-859-NP, Revision 1, "Quality Assurance Program Description for the Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor"**

In a letter dated February 9, 2012, the NRC provided a draft safety evaluation report (SER) on the NuScale Quality Assurance Program Description topical report for review.

As requested, NuScale has reviewed the draft SER for accuracy and clarity of content and agrees with the accuracy and clarity with the following suggested change.

Page 2, Section 3.0, Evaluation, of the SER currently reads

".... ASME standard NQA-1-2008 Edition, upon which the NuScale QAPD is based, incorporates the supplemental guidance into a single document, and is therefore in alignment with Section 17.5 of the SRP. In addition, NQA-1-2008 Edition is endorsed by NRC Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4."

To be in line with the opening paragraph of Regulatory Guide 1.28, Rev. 4, Section C and the NuScale topical report, the SER should read

".... ASME standard NQA-1-2008 and the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda, upon which the NuScale QAPD is based, incorporates the supplemental guidance into a single document, and is therefore in alignment with Section 17.5 of the SRP. In addition, NQA-1-2008 and the NQA-1a-2009 Addenda are endorsed by NRC Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4."

If you have any questions, please direct them to me at 541-207-3931 or [ewallace@nuscalepower.com](mailto:ewallace@nuscalepower.com).

Sincerely,



Edward G. Wallace  
Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

cc: Michael Mayfield, NRC, TWFN-6 E04  
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Greg Cranston, NRC, OWFN-10-A1



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## Revision History

Revision	Section(s) or Page (s)	Description of Change
0		Original Issue
1	All Pages	Revised revision number, Changed Inc. to LLC for NuScale Power
	Cover Page	Revised document revision number, preparer, reviewer, titles, date, copyright date, and company address.
	Page 4	Added revision history to document
	Abstract	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1; Added clarifying statements
	Table 1-1	Added additional abbreviations
	Table 1-2	Added additional definitions
	1.1	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1 and referenced Part III and IV of NQA-1
	1.1.1	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1
	2.1	Revised entire section including titles and responsibilities due to company restructure
	2.2	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1. Revised to read “in this document” for consistency in document.
	2.2.2	Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document
	2.2.4	Changed approval authority from Sr. VP regulatory affairs to COO.
	2.2.6	Revised exceptions per RAI 5892, 17.5-1; Deleted exceptions.
	2.3	Clarified statement for design document review by Quality Assurance
	2.3.4	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1
	2.4.1	Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-2; Deleted the first exception.
	2.5	Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document
	2.6.1	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-2; updated to include QA review of procedures
	2.6.3	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-1c; Added number 6 indicate which requirement referring to
	2.7.2	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-5; Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1
		Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-3; Deleted exception
		Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-4; Added clarification statement
	2.11	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-7; Added Assurance to specify referring to Quality Assurance Program. Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document.
	2.11.1	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1
	2.11.2	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1

2.12	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-7; Added Assurance to specify referring to Quality Assurance Program
2.12.1	Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-5; Updated NQA-1 section referenced. Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-6; Deleted exception.
2.15	Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document
2.15.1	Changed wording to read “items, including services”
2.15.2	Changed wording to read “items, including services”
2.16.2	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-1d; Added Section 100 to sentence
2.17.1	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-1e; added NQA-1 to sentence so properly understood where appendix 17A is located, and referenced NQA-1.
2.18.1	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-1f; added “in this document” for consistency of document Changed audit results reported to Sr. VP regulatory affairs to COO
3.1.11	Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-7; added Assurance to specify referring to Quality Assurance Program
3.1.12	Revised per RAI 5452, 17.5-7; added Assurance to specify referring to Quality Assurance Program
4.1	Revised per RAI 5892, 17.5-7; Added RG 1.8 as a commitment.
Standards	Revised to indicate proper referencing of NQA-1. Revised wording to read “in this document” for consistency in document

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## Abstract

This topical report provides a description of the NuScale Power, LLC Quality Assurance Program (QAP) for the design certification (DC) of the NuScale Power Reactor. For ease of reference, this topical report is referred to as the QAP Description (QAPD). The QAP has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 10, Part 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR 50), “Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities”, Appendix B, “Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants and Fuel Reprocessing Plants” and ASME NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, “Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities” as endorsed by Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, “Quality Assurance Program Criteria (Design and Construction).” This report was prepared consistent with the guidance in NUREG-0800, “Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants” and Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) 06-14A, Revision 7, “Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD)” template.

Adaptations from the NEI reference were necessary to conform to the most recent Nuclear Regulatory Commission endorsed version of NQA-1. The report scope is limited to the program activities associated with DC.

The topical report is divided into four parts: 1.0 Introduction and Scope; 2.0 Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) Details; 3.0 Nonsafety-Related Structures, Systems, and Components (SSC) Quality Control; and 4.0 Regulatory Commitments.

Consistent with common licensing practice, most of the application text is written in the present tense, active voice, including discussions of processes associated with advanced stages of the DC process. It should be understood, however, that statements regarding these processes typically address activities that may have not yet been performed and will not be performed until it is reasonable and appropriate to do so.

Table 1-1. Abbreviations

<b>Term</b>	<b>Abbreviation</b>
ATWS	anticipated transients without scram
CEO	chief executive officer
CFO	chief financial officer
CFR	code of federal regulations
COO	chief operating officer
DC	design certification
FSAR	Final Safety Analysis Report
M&TE	measuring and test equipment
NEI	Nuclear Energy Institute
NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
PEP	Project Execution Plan
PMP	Project Management Plan
PQP	Project Quality Plan
QAD	quality assurance director
QAM	quality assurance manager

<b>Term</b>	<b>Abbreviation</b>
QAP	Quality Assurance Program
QAPD	Quality Assurance Program Description
QMP	Quality Management Plan
RG	Regulatory Guide
SBO	station blackout
SSC	structures, systems, and components

Table 1-2. Definitions

The following definitions apply to the use of these terms in this report.

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Applied research	Research intended to solve a specific problem or meet a practical need.
Basic research	Research conducted to acquire new knowledge of a theoretical or experimental nature.
Design certification (DC)	The process of research and design activities that develop and support an application to the NRC for certification of a standard design nuclear power reactor.
Design process	Technical and management processes that commence with identification of design input and that lead to and include the issuance of design output documents.
Developmental research	Activities associated with the application of proven theory and experimental results and their extension to its end use, e.g., use in a design environment.
NuScale Power Reactor	A modular, scalable nuclear power plant consisting of 45 Megawatts electrical light water reactors developed and designed by NuScale Power, LLC
Project Quality Plan (PQP)	The primary, project specific quality assurance document that defines project scope; organizations; governing regulations, codes, and standards; processes; and methods applicable to control activities affecting the quality of the project's product or service.
Quality Assurance Program (QAP)	The NuScale quality assurance program as a whole, including the QMP, PQP, and all applicable sub-tier implementing documents.



Term	Definition
Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD)	The document that describes the policies, scope, organizations, objectives, processes, and methods that constitute the NuScale QAP relative to U.S. domestic licensing requirements for nuclear power plants. The QAPD document is entitled "Quality Assurance Topical Report" NP-TR-1010-859-NP-A, "Quality Assurance Program Description for Design Certification of the NuScale Power Reactor."
Quality Management Plan (QMP)	The top level policy document establishing the quality objectives and methods of NuScale Power, LLC
Research and Development Support Activities	Activities that are conventional in nature to the advancement of knowledge and development of technology, but allow the primary purpose of the work to be accomplished in a credible manner, e.g. calibration of measuring and test equipment.
Sub-tier Implementing Documents	Procedures, instructions, drawings, forms, and other forms of communicating prescribed methods, processes, sequences, authorization/authentication, quantitative /qualitative acceptance criteria, and required documentation necessary to assure and provide documented evidence of the quality of NuScale end products and services.

## NuScale Power

### Policy Statement

NuScale Power (NuScale) shall design nuclear plants in a manner that will assure the health and safety of the public and workers. These activities shall be performed in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations, the applicable Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) licensing requirements, and applicable laws and regulations of state and local governments.

The NuScale Design Certification Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) delineates the policies, processes, and controls established by the NuScale Quality Management Plan (QMP) and associated implementing documents relative to U.S. domestic licensing requirements for nuclear power plants. Together, the Quality Assurance Program (QAP) documents defined in this QAPD provide for control of NuScale activities that affect the quality of safety-related nuclear plant structures, systems, and components (SSC) and include all planned and systematic activities necessary to provide adequate confidence that such SSC will perform satisfactorily in service. The QAP may also be applied to certain equipment and activities that are not safety-related, but support safe plant operations, or where other NRC guidance establishes program requirements.

The QMP is the top-level policy document that establishes the manner in which quality is to be achieved and presents NuScale's overall philosophy regarding achievement and assurance of quality. Implementing documents assign more detailed responsibilities and requirements and define the organizational interfaces involved in conducting activities within the scope of the QMP. Compliance with the QMP and implementing documents is mandatory for NuScale Power personnel.

Signed



Paul Lorenzini

Chief Executive Officer

NuScale Power, LLC

Date: 12/01/2011

## **1.0 Part 1 - Introduction**

### **1.1 General**

NuScale Power's (NuScale) Quality Management Plan (QMP) is the top-level policy document that establishes the quality assurance policy and assigns major functional responsibilities for nuclear power reactor design certification (DC) activities conducted by or for NuScale. The QMP describes the methods and establishes quality assurance (QA) and administrative control requirements that meet 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and 10 CFR 52. The QMP is based on the requirements and recommendations of ASME NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications," Parts I and II, with specific reference to selected Part III and IV sections, as specified in this document.

The QA Program (QAP) described in this report consists of the QMP, the Project Quality Plan (PQP), and associated implementing documents. It is defined by Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, which endorses NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, which in turn describes the required QA elements. Procedures and instructions that control DC activities will be developed prior to commencement of those activities. Policies establish high-level responsibilities and authority for carrying out important administrative functions that are outside the scope of the QMP.

Procedures establish practices for certain activities that are common to all NuScale organizations performing those activities so that the activity is controlled and carried out in a manner that meets QMP requirements. Procedures specific to an organization or group establish detailed implementation requirements and methods, and may be used to implement policies or be unique to particular functions or work activities.

#### **1.1.1 Scope/Applicability**

The QMP applies to nuclear DC activities affecting the quality and performance of safety-related structures, systems, and components, including, but not limited to:

- designing
- procuring
- receiving
- testing
- training

Safety-related SSC, subject to the requirements of the QMP, are identified in design documents. The technical aspects of these items are considered when determining program applicability, including, as appropriate, the item's design safety function. The QMP may be applied to certain activities where regulations other than 10 CFR 50 and 10 CFR 52 establish QA requirements for activities within their scope.

The policy of NuScale is to assure a high degree of availability and reliability of nuclear plant(s) while ensuring the health and safety of its workers and the public. To this end, selected elements of the QMP are also applied to certain equipment and activities that are not safety-related, but support safe, economic, and reliable plant operations, or where other Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) guidance

establishes quality assurance requirements. Implementing documents establish program element applicability.

The definitions provided in NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Part I, Section 400, apply to select terms as used in this document.

## **2.0 Part II – Quality Assurance Program Description Details**

### **2.1 Organization**

This section describes the NuScale organizational structure, functional responsibilities, levels of authority, and interfaces for establishing, executing, and verifying QMP implementation. The organizational structure includes corporate and support functions for DC, including interface responsibilities for multiple organizations that perform quality related functions. Implementing documents assign more specific responsibilities and duties, and define the organizational interfaces involved in conducting activities and duties within the scope of the QMP. Management gives careful consideration to the timing, extent, and effects of organizational structure changes.

The NuScale quality assurance director is responsible to size the quality assurance staff commensurate with the duties and responsibilities assigned.

Design, engineering, and testing services are provided to NuScale by qualified contractors in accordance with their QAPs, or by contractors working under the NuScale QMP. These contractors are evaluated and approved prior to performing safety-related work.

The following sections describe the reporting relationships, functional responsibilities, and authorities for organizations implementing and supporting the NuScale DC QAP. The NuScale organization is shown in Figure 2-1.

#### **2.1.1 Chief Executive Officer**

The NuScale chief executive officer (CEO) is responsible for all aspects of design of the NuScale Power Reactor. The CEO is also responsible for all technical and administrative support activities provided by NuScale and its contractors. The CEO directs the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and the Chief Operating Officer (COO) in the fulfillment of their responsibilities. The CEO reports to the NuScale Board of Directors with respect to all company matters.

#### **2.1.2 Chief Financial Officer**

The NuScale chief financial officer (CFO) reports to the NuScale CEO and in addition to normal financial functions customarily managed, is responsible for other company wide administrative functions including the integration of company information technology controls and infrastructure, the development of company-wide system of policies and procedures, human resource functions, assuring that personnel are adequately trained and qualified prior to performing assigned activities, and the document control and record management system. CFO is also responsible to lead the development of an effective company-wide Safety Culture/Safety Conscious Work Environment program.

#### **2.1.3 Chief Operating Officer**

The NuScale chief operating officer (COO) is responsible for all areas of engineering, safety analysis, and project management consistent with regulatory requirements and procedural guidance. The COO is responsible for ensuring that engineering functional and project managers understand the implementing procedures, that their direct reports are adequately trained to those procedures, and that those direct reports develop their respective work products consistent with the requirements established by those procedures. The COO has the responsibility to develop and deploy integrated project schedules with associated budget and project management controls. The COO reports to the CEO.

#### **2.1.3.1 Director Plant Operations**

The NuScale director of plant operations reports to the COO and is responsible to insure the NuScale Power Reactor is designed to assure safe, simple and reliable operation with an optimized maintenance program. Director of plant operations is also responsible for insuring criteria are implemented in the design by participation in planned design reviews and studies, review of startup and test plans, review of technical specifications, develop plant operating procedures, and providing operational human factors design input to the control room design.

#### **2.1.3.2 Vice President, Program Management**

The NuScale vice president of program management reports to the COO and is responsible to develop and deliver supporting programs and services that are necessary to effectively and efficiently execute projects across the company in a consistent manner. This includes the development of project plans, scope, budgets and schedules by working in coordination with internal services and support organizations; problem anticipation, identification and resolution; and defining and delivering regular reports on project/program performance against budgets, schedules, and milestones and quality. The vice president of program management is responsible for establishing and executing a project risk management process and establishing mitigation strategies for significant project risks. For projects assigned to other departments, the vice president of program management will provide project controls resources to support the project execution.

#### **2.1.3.3 Vice President, Regulatory Affairs**

The NuScale vice president of regulatory affairs reports to the COO, is responsible for licensing activities associated with the NuScale Power Reactor and standard plant design and development. The licensing organization develops, implements, and monitors the NuScale licensing plan and provides licensing recommendations to senior management. This position is the single-point-of-contact with regulatory agencies for effective communications and ensures that licensing-related requirements and commitments are addressed and controlled in an effective manner.

#### **2.1.3.4 Vice President, Engineering**

The vice president of engineering reports to the COO and is responsible to issue and control drawings, specifications, calculations and other documents which define the NuScale design, accept such documents from others for incorporation into the NuScale design and delegate such authority to others. In this capacity, Engineering provides the fully integrated suite of engineering, design, safety analysis products and processes necessary to define the design and to manufacture, procure, install and test the NuScale Power Reactor to the requisite technical, safety, performance and quality standards.

#### **2.1.3.5 Vice President, Supply Chain**

The Vice President of supply chain reports to the COO and is responsible for development, evaluation, and administration of the NuScale supply chain. Responsibilities include interfacing with engineering and quality assurance functions to ensure that suppliers of safety-related services are evaluated prior to award and all applicable technical and quality requirements are effectively communicated through procurement documents.



#### **2.1.3.6 Quality Assurance**

The NuScale quality assurance organization is responsible for independently planning and performing activities to verify the development and effective implementation of the NuScale Quality Management Plan (QMP) and Project Quality Plans (PQP) including, but not limited to, NuScale Power Reactor engineering, document control, corrective action program, and procurement that support the DC process.

##### **2.1.3.6.1 Quality Assurance Director**

The quality assurance director (QAD) reports to the chief operating officer. The QAD is responsible for development, implementation, and maintenance of the QMP and is responsible for verifying that activities are in compliance with applicable regulatory, code, and industry standard requirements. If the QAD disagrees with actions taken by the NuScale organization and is unable to obtain resolution, the QAD shall inform the COO and has the authority to directly bring the matter to the attention of the CEO for final disposition.

##### **2.1.3.6.2 Quality Assurance Manager**

The NuScale quality assurance manager (QAM) reports to the NuScale QAD and is responsible for the development and verification of implementation of the PQP described in this document. The QAM is responsible for assuring compliance with regulatory requirements and procedures through audits and technical reviews; for monitoring organization processes to ensure conformance to commitments and licensing document requirements; and for ensuring that vendors providing quality services, parts, and materials to NuScale are meeting the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, through NuScale vendor evaluations, surveillances, and audits. The QAM has sufficient independence from other DC priorities to bring forward issues affecting safety and quality, and to make judgments regarding quality in all areas necessary regarding NuScale's DC activities. If the QAM disagrees with actions taken by the NuScale organization and is unable to obtain resolution, the QAM shall inform the QAD.

#### **2.1.4 Authority to Stop Work**

Quality assurance and inspection personnel have the authority, and the responsibility, to stop work in progress that is not being performed in accordance with approved procedures where safety or SSC integrity may be jeopardized. This extends to off-site work performed by suppliers that furnish safety-related materials and services to NuScale.

#### **2.1.5 Quality Assurance Organizational Independence**

For the DC phase, independence shall be maintained between the organizations performing the checking (quality assurance and control) functions and the organizations performing the functions. This provision is not applicable to design review verification.

#### **2.1.6 NQA-1-2008 Commitment**

In establishing its organizational structure, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 1, Sections 100 through 300.

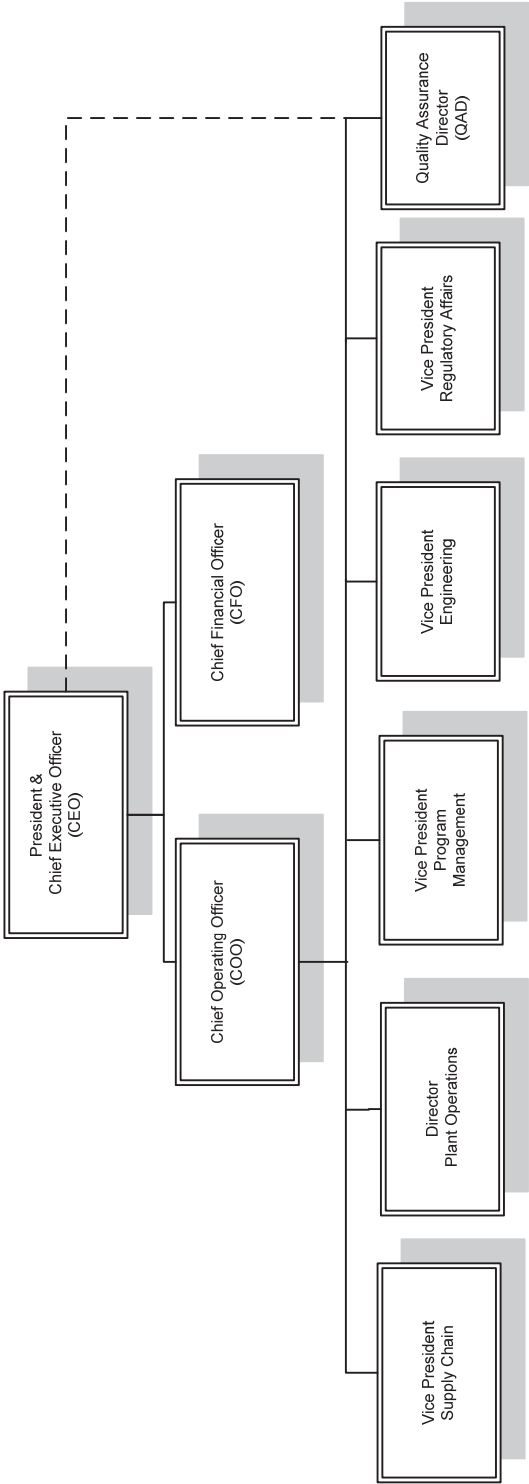


Figure 2-1 NuScale organization

## 2.2 Quality Assurance Program

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to implement the QAP as described in this document. NuScale is committed to implementing the QAP in all aspects of work that are important to the safety of the nuclear plant(s) as described and to the extent delineated in this document. Further, NuScale ensures through the systematic process described herein that its suppliers of safety-related equipment or services meet the applicable requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B. Senior management is regularly apprised of the adequacy of implementation of the QAP through the audit functions described in Section 2.18 in this document.

The objective of the QAP is to assure that NuScale Power Reactors are designed in accordance with governing regulations and DC requirements. The program is based on the requirements of ASME NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications," as further described in this document. The QAP applies to those quality-related activities that involve the functions of safety-related SSC associated with the design of the NuScale Power Reactor, and to the managerial and administrative controls to be used to assure the NuScale Power Reactor design complies with applicable regulatory requirements. Examples of DC program safety-related activities include, but are not limited to, basic, applied, and developmental research; determination of SSC safety class; design configuration management; and document control. A list or system that identifies SSC and activities to which this program applies is maintained at NuScale. Regulatory Guide 1.26 is used as the basis for this list or system. Cost and scheduling functions do not prevent proper implementation of the QAP.

As described in Section 3.0 of this document, specific program controls are applied to nonsafety-related SSC, for which 10 CFR 50, Appendix B is not applicable, that are significant contributors to plant safety. The specific program controls consistent with applicable sections of the QAP are applied to those items in a selected manner, targeted at those characteristics or critical attributes that render the SSC a significant contributor to plant safety.

Delegated responsibilities may be performed under a supplier's or principal contractor's QAP, provided the supplier or principal contractor has been approved as a supplier in accordance with the QAP. Periodic audits and assessments of supplier QA programs are performed to assure compliance with the supplier's or principle contractor's QAP and implementing procedures. In addition, routine interfaces with the supplier's personnel provide added assurance that quality expectations are met.

In general, the program requirements specified herein are detailed in implementing procedures that are either NuScale implementing procedures or supplier implementing procedures governed by a supplier quality assurance program.

A grace period of 90 days may be applied to provisions that are required to be performed on a periodic basis, unless otherwise noted. Annual evaluations and audits that must be performed on a triennial basis are examples where the 90 day general period could be applied. The grace period does not allow the "clock" for a particular activity to be reset forward. The "clock" for an activity is reset backwards by performing the activity early. Audit schedules are based on the month in which the audit starts.

### **2.2.1 Responsibilities**

Personnel who work directly or indirectly for NuScale are responsible for achieving acceptable quality in the work covered by the QAP. This includes the activities delineated in Section 1.1. NuScale personnel performing verification activities are responsible for verifying the achievement of acceptable quality. Activities governed by the QAP are performed as directed by documented instructions, procedures, and drawings that are of a detail appropriate for the activity's complexity and effect on safety. Instructions, procedures, and drawings specify quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria as applicable or appropriate for the activity, and verification is against these criteria. Provisions are established to designate or identify the proper documents to be used in an activity and to ascertain that such documents are being used. The NuScale Quality Assurance Director is responsible for verifying that processes and procedures comply with the QMP and other applicable requirements, that such processes or procedures are implemented, and that management appropriately ensures compliance.

### **2.2.2 Delegation of Work**

NuScale retains and exercises the responsibility for the scope and implementation of an effective QAP. Positions identified in Section 2.1 in this document, may delegate all or part of the activities of planning, establishing, and implementing the program for which they are responsible to others, but retain the responsibility for the program's effectiveness. Decisions affecting safety are made at the level appropriate for its nature and effect and with any necessary technical advice or review.

### **2.2.3 Periodic Review of the Quality Assurance Program**

Management of those organizations implementing the QA program, or portions thereof, assess the adequacy of that part of the program for which they are responsible to assure its effective implementation at least once each year or at least once during the life of the activity, whichever is shorter.

### **2.2.4 Issuance and Revision to Quality Assurance Program**

Administrative control of the QMP is in accordance with 10 CFR 50.55(f). Changes to the QMP are evaluated by the NuScale Quality Assurance Director to ensure that such changes do not degrade previously approved quality assurance controls. This document shall be revised, as appropriate, to incorporate additional QA commitments that may be established during the DC application process. New revisions to the document will be reviewed, at a minimum, by the NuScale Quality Assurance Director and approved by the COO.

### **2.2.5 Personnel Qualifications**

Personnel assigned to implement elements of the QAP shall be capable of performing their assigned tasks. To this end, NuScale establishes and maintains formal indoctrination and training programs for personnel performing, verifying, or managing activities within the scope of the QAP to assure that suitable proficiency is achieved and maintained. Sufficient managerial depth is provided to cover absences of incumbents. When required by code, regulation, or standard, specific qualification and selection of personnel is conducted in accordance with those requirements as established in the applicable NuScale procedures. Indoctrination includes administrative and technical objectives, requirements of the applicable codes and standards, and the QAP elements to be employed. Records of personnel training and qualification are maintained.

The minimum qualifications of the Quality Assurance Director are that he or she holds an engineering or related science degree and a minimum of four years of related experience including two years of nuclear power plant experience, one year of supervisory or management experience, and one year of the experience is in performing quality verification activities. Special requirements shall include management and supervisory skills and experience or training in leadership, interpersonal communication, management responsibilities, motivation of personnel, problem analysis and decision making, and administrative policies and procedures. Individuals who do not possess these formal education and minimum experience requirements are not eliminated automatically when other factors provide sufficient demonstration of their abilities. These other factors are evaluated on a case-by-case basis and approved and documented by senior management.

The minimum qualifications of the individuals responsible for planning, implementing, and maintaining the programs of the QAP are that each has a high school diploma, or equivalent, and has a minimum of one year of related experience. Individuals who do not possess these formal education and minimum experience requirements should not be eliminated automatically when other factors provide sufficient demonstration of their abilities. These other factors are evaluated on a case-by-case basis and approved and documented by senior management.

#### **2.2.6 NQA-1-2008 Commitment and Exceptions**

In establishing qualification and training programs, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 2, Sections 100 through 500.

## **2.3 Design Control**

NuScale has established and implements a process to control the design and design changes of items that are subject to the provisions of the QAP. The design process includes provisions to control design inputs, outputs, changes, interfaces, records, and organizational interfaces within NuScale and with suppliers. These provisions assure that design inputs (such as design bases and the performance, regulatory, quality, and quality verification requirements) are correctly translated into design outputs (such as analyses, specifications, drawings, procedures, and instructions) so that the final design output can be related to the design input in sufficient detail to permit verification. Design change processes and the division of responsibilities for design-related activities are detailed in NuScale and supplier procedures. The design control program includes interface controls necessary to control the development, verification, approval, release, status, distribution, and revision of design inputs and outputs. Design changes and disposition of nonconforming documents are reviewed and approved by the NuScale design organization or by other organizations so authorized by NuScale.

Design documents are reviewed by individuals knowledgeable and qualified in QA to ensure the documents contain the necessary QA requirements.

### **2.3.1 Design Verification**

NuScale design processes provide for design verification to ensure that items and activities subject to the provisions of the QAP are suitable for their intended application and consistent with their effect on safety. Design changes are subjected to these controls, which include verification measures commensurate with those applied to original plant design.

Design verifications are performed by competent individuals or groups other than those who performed the original design but who may be from the same organization. The verifier shall not have taken part in the selection of design inputs, the selection of design considerations, or the selection of a singular design approach, as applicable. This verification may be performed by the originator's supervisor provided the supervisor did not specify a singular design approach, rule out certain design considerations, and did not establish the design inputs used in the design, or if the supervisor is the only individual in the organization competent to perform the verification. If the verification is performed by the originator's supervisor, the justification of the need is documented and approved in advance by management.

The extent of the design verification required is a function of the importance to safety of the item under consideration, the complexity of the design, the degree of standardization, the state of the art, and the similarity with previously proven designs. This includes design inputs, design outputs, and design changes. Design verification procedures are established and implemented to assure that an appropriate verification method is used, the appropriate design parameters to be verified are chosen, the acceptance criteria are identified, and the verification is satisfactorily accomplished and documented. Verification methods may include, but are not limited to, design reviews, alternative calculations, and qualification testing. Testing used to verify the acceptability of a specific design feature demonstrates acceptable performance under conditions that simulate the most adverse design conditions expected for the item's intended use.

NuScale normally completes design verification activities before the design outputs are used by other organizations for design work and before they are used to support other activities such as procurement or testing. Procedures are established that require identification and control of any portion of the design where verification has not been completed. When such timing cannot be achieved, the design verification is completed before relying on the item to perform its intended design or safety function.



### **2.3.2 Design Records**

NuScale maintains records sufficient to provide evidence that the design was properly accomplished. These records include the final design output and any revisions thereto, as well as records of the important design steps (e.g., calculations, analyses, and computer programs) and the sources of input that support the final output.

Plant design drawings reflect the properly reviewed and approved configuration of the plant.

### **2.3.3 Computer Application and Digital Equipment Software**

The QAP governs the development, procurement, testing, maintenance, and use of computer application and digital equipment software when used in safety-related applications and designated nonsafety-related applications. NuScale and suppliers are responsible for developing, approving, and issuing procedures, as necessary, to control the use of such computer application and digital equipment software. The procedures require that the application software be assigned a proper quality classification and that the associated quality requirements be consistent with this classification. Each application software and revision thereto is documented and approved by authorized personnel. The QAP is also applicable to the administrative functions associated with the maintenance and security of computer hardware where such functions are considered essential in order to comply with other QAP requirements such as QA records.

### **2.3.4 NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Commitment**

In establishing its program for design control and verification, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Requirement 3, Sections 100 through 900, and the standards for computer software in NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Part II, Subpart 2.7.

## 2.4 Procurement Document Control

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to assure that purchased items and services are subject to appropriate quality and technical requirements. Procurement documents (e.g., statements of work to be included in contracts), and any changes thereto, shall be subject to the same degree of control as utilized in the preparation of the original documents. These controls include the following provisions:

- Where original technical or quality assurance requirements cannot be determined, an engineering evaluation is conducted and documented by qualified staff to establish appropriate requirements and controls to assure that interfaces, interchangeability, safety, fit, and function, as applicable, are not adversely affected or contrary to applicable regulatory requirements.
- Applicable technical, regulatory, administrative, quality, and reporting requirements (such as specifications, codes, standards, tests, inspections, special processes, and 10 CFR 21) are invoked for procurement of items and services. 10 CFR 21 requirements for posting, evaluating, and reporting shall be followed and imposed on suppliers when applicable. Applicable design bases and other requirements necessary to assure adequate quality shall be included or referenced in documents for procurement of items and services. To the extent necessary, procurement documents shall require suppliers to have a documented QA program that is determined to meet the applicable requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B as appropriate to the circumstances of procurements (or the supplier may work under NuScale's approved QA program).

Reviews of the technical and quality requirements for inclusion in procurement documents shall be performed by personnel who have access to pertinent information and who have an adequate understanding of those requirements and their intent.

### 2.4.1 NQA-1-2008 Commitment / Exceptions

In establishing controls for procurement, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

- NQA-1-2008, Requirement 4
  - Section 300 requires procurement documents to be reviewed prior to award of contract. The quality assurance review of procurement documents is satisfied through review of the applicable procurement specification, including the technical and quality procurement requirements, prior to award of contract. Procurement document changes (e.g., scope, technical, or quality requirements) will also receive the quality assurance review.

## **2.5 Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings**

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to ensure that activities affecting quality are prescribed by, and performed in accordance with, instructions, procedures, or drawings of a type appropriate to the circumstances and which, where applicable, include quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria to implement the QAP as described in this document. Such documents are prepared and controlled according to Section 2.6 in this document. In addition, means are provided to disseminate to the staff instructions of both general and continuing applicability, as well as those of short-term applicability. Provisions are included for reviewing, updating, and canceling such procedures.

### **2.5.1 Procedure Adherence**

NuScale's policy is that procedures are followed, and the requirements for use of procedures have been established in administrative procedures. Where procedures cannot be followed as written, provisions are established for making changes in accordance with Section 2.6 in this document. Requirements are established to identify the manner in which procedures are to be implemented, including identification of those tasks that require

- the written procedure to be present and followed step-by-step while the task is being performed.
- the user to have committed the procedure steps to memory.
- verification of completion of significant steps, by initials or signatures or use of check-off lists.

Procedures that are required to be present and referred to directly are those developed for extensive or complex jobs where reliance on memory cannot be trusted, tasks are infrequently performed, and tasks where steps must be performed in a specified sequence.

### **2.5.2 Procedure Content**

The established measures address the applicable content of procedures as described in the introduction to Part II of NQA-1-2008. In addition, procedures governing tests, inspections, operational activities, and maintenance will include, as applicable, initial conditions and prerequisites for the performance of the activity.

### **2.5.3 NQA-1-2008 Commitment**

In establishing procedural controls, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 5, Section 100.

## 2.6 Document Control

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to control the preparation of, issuance of, and changes to documents that specify quality requirements or prescribe how activities affecting quality, including organizational interfaces, are controlled to assure that correct documents are being employed. The control systems (including electronic systems used to make documents available) are documented and provide for the following:

- identification of documents to be controlled and their specified distribution
- a method to identify the correct document (including revision) to be used and control of superseded documents
- identification of assignment of responsibility for preparing, reviewing, approving, and issuing documents
- review of documents for adequacy, completeness, and correctness prior to approval and issuance
- a method for providing feedback from users to continually improve procedures and work instructions
- coordinating and controlling interface documents and procedures

The types of documents to be controlled include

- drawings, such as design.
- engineering calculations.
- design specifications.
- purchase orders and related documents.
- vendor-supplied documents.
- audit, surveillance, and quality verification/inspection procedures.
- inspection and test reports.
- instructions and procedures for activities covered by the QAP.
- technical specifications.
- nonconformance reports and corrective action reports.

### 2.6.1 Review and Approval of Documents

Documents are reviewed for adequacy by qualified persons other than the preparer. Procedures for design and installation are also reviewed by the quality group to ensure quality assurance measures have been appropriately applied. The documented review signifies concurrence. Prior to issuance or use, documents including revisions thereto, are approved by the designated authority. A listing of all controlled documents identifying the current approved revision or date, is maintained so personnel can readily determine the appropriate document for use.

### 2.6.2 Changes to Documents

Changes to documents, other than those defined in implementing procedures as minor changes, are reviewed and approved by the same organizations that performed the original review and approval, unless other organizations are specifically designated. The reviewing organization has access to pertinent background data or information upon which to base their approval. Minor changes to documents, such as inconsequential editorial corrections, do not require that the revised documents receive the same review and approval as the original documents. To avoid a possible omission of a required review, the type of

minor changes that do not require such a review and approval, and the persons who can authorize such a classification, shall be clearly delineated in implementing procedures.

### **2.6.3 NQA-1-2008 Commitment**

In establishing provisions for document control, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 6, Sections 100 through 300.

## **2.7 Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services**

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to control the procurement of items and services to assure conformance with specified requirements. Such control provides for the following, as appropriate: source evaluation and selection, evaluation of objective evidence of quality furnished by the supplier, source inspection, audit, and examination of items or services.

### **2.7.1 Acceptance of Item or Service**

NuScale establishes and implements measures to assess the quality of purchased items and services, whether purchased directly or through contractors, at intervals and to a depth consistent with the item's or service's importance to safety, complexity, quantity, and frequency of procurement. Verification actions include testing, as appropriate, during DC activities. Verifications occur at the appropriate phases of the procurement process, including, as necessary, verification of activities of suppliers below the first tier.

Measures to assure the quality of purchased items and services include the following, as applicable:

- Items are inspected, identified, and stored to protect against damage, deterioration, or misuse.
- Prospective suppliers of safety-related items and services are evaluated to assure that only qualified suppliers are used. Qualified suppliers are audited on a triennial basis. In addition, if a subsequent contract or a contract modification significantly enlarges the scope of, or changes the methods or controls for, activities performed by the same supplier, an audit of the modified requirements is conducted, thus starting a new triennial period. NuScale may utilize audits conducted by outside organizations for supplier qualification provided that the scope and adequacy of the audits meet NuScale requirements. Documented annual evaluations are performed for qualified suppliers to assure they continue to provide acceptable products and services. Industry programs such as those applied by ASME are used as input or the basis for supplier qualification whenever appropriate. The results of the reviews are promptly considered for effect on a supplier's continued qualification and adjustments made as necessary (including corrective actions, adjustments of supplier audit plans, and input to third-party auditing entities, as warranted). In addition, results are reviewed periodically to determine if, as a whole, they constitute a significant condition adverse to quality requiring additional action.
- Provisions are made for accepting purchased items and services, such as source verification, receipt inspection, certificates of conformance, and document reviews (including Certified Material Test Report/Certificate). Acceptance actions and documents are established by the purchaser with appropriate input from the supplier and are completed to ensure that procurement, inspection, and test requirements, as applicable, have been satisfied before relying on the item to perform its intended safety function.
- Controls are imposed for the selection, determination of suitability for intended use (critical characteristics), evaluation, receipt, and acceptance of commercial grade services or items to assure they will perform satisfactorily in service in safety-related applications.
- If there is insufficient evidence of implementation of a QA program, the initial evaluation is of the existence of a QA program addressing the scope of services to be provided. The initial audit is performed after the supplier has completed sufficient work to demonstrate that its organization is implementing a QA program.

## 2.7.2 NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009, Commitment / Exceptions

In establishing procurement verification controls, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Requirement 7, Sections 100 through 800, with the following clarifications and exceptions:

- NQA-1-2008, Sections 200 & 503(f)
  - NuScale considers that other 10 CFR 50 licensees, Authorized Nuclear Inspection Agencies, National Institute of Standards and Technology, or other State and Federal agencies that may provide items or services to NuScale during the DC phase are not required to be evaluated or audited.
  - When purchasing commercial grade calibration services from a calibration laboratory, procurement source evaluation and selection measures need not be performed, provided each of the following conditions are met:
    - a) The purchase documents impose any additional technical and administrative requirements, as necessary, to comply with the NuScale QA program and technical provisions. At a minimum, the purchase document shall require that the calibration certificate/report include identification of the laboratory equipment and standard used.
    - b) The purchase documents require reporting as-found calibration data when calibrated items are found to be out of tolerance.
    - c) A documented review of the supplier's accreditation will be performed and will include a verification of the following:
      - The calibration laboratory holds a domestic (United States) accreditation by any one of the following accrediting bodies that are recognized by the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA).
        - National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), administered by the National Institute of Standards & Technology
        - American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA)
        - ACLASS Accreditation Services (ACLASS)
        - International Accreditation Service (IAS)
        - Laboratory Accreditation Bureau (L-A-B)
        - Other NRC-approved laboratory accrediting body
      - The accreditation encompasses ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025, "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories."
      - The published scope of accreditation for the calibration laboratory covers the necessary measurement parameters, range, and uncertainties.
- In establishing commercial grade items requirements, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1a-2009, Requirement 7, Section 700, and Subpart 2.14.
- NuScale will assume 10 CFR Part 21 reporting responsibility for commercial items and services that NuScale dedicates for use in safety-related applications.



## **2.8 Identification and Control of Materials, Parts, and Components**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

## **2.9 Control of Special Processes**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

## **2.10 Inspection**

NuScale does not perform inspection activities during the DC phase. Suppliers will be required to perform this activity, where required by contract, as indicated in this section.

Suppliers shall establish the necessary measures and governing procedures to implement inspections that assure items, services, and activities affecting safety meet established requirements and conform to applicable documented specifications, instructions, procedures, and design documents. Inspection may also be applied to items, services, and activities affecting plant reliability and integrity. Types of inspections may include those verifications related to procurement, such as source, in-process, final, and receipt inspection activities. Inspections are carried out by properly qualified persons independent of those who performed or directly supervised the work. Inspection results are documented.

### **2.10.1 Inspection Program**

The inspection program establishes inspections (including surveillance of processes), as necessary, to verify quality

- at the source of supplied items or services.
- in-process during fabrication at a supplier's facility.
- for final acceptance of fabricated and/or installed items involved in design development (e.g. test fixture configuration).
- upon receipt of items involved in design development testing.

The inspection program establishes requirements for planning inspections, including the identification of the group or discipline responsible for performing the inspection, establishing inspection hold points, determining applicable acceptance criteria, determining the frequency of inspection to be applied, and identifying any special tools needed to perform the inspection. Inspection planning is performed by personnel qualified in the discipline related to the inspection and may include qualified inspectors or engineers. Inspection plans are based on, as a minimum, the importance of the item to the safety of the facility, the complexity of the item, technical requirements to be met, and design specifications. Where significant changes in inspection activities for the facilities are to occur, management responsible for the inspection programs evaluate the resource and planning requirements to ensure effective implementation of the inspection program.

Inspection program documents establish requirements for performing the planned inspections and documenting required inspection information such as rejection, acceptance, and re-inspection results, and the person(s) performing the inspection.

Inspection results are documented by the inspector, reviewed by authorized personnel qualified to evaluate the technical adequacy of the inspection results, and controlled by instructions, procedures, and drawings.

### **2.10.2 Inspector Qualification**

NuScale suppliers and subcontractors shall, where applicable, establish a qualification program for personnel performing quality inspections. The qualification program requirements are described in section

2.2 in this document. These qualification programs are applied to individuals performing quality inspections, regardless of the functional group where they are assigned.

#### **2.10.3 NQA-1-2008 Commitment / Exceptions**

NuScale commits to requiring suppliers and subcontractors to establish inspection requirements in accordance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 10, Sections 100 through 800.

## **2.11 Test Control**

NuScale does not perform test activities in the DC phase, except for computer software testing described in Section 2.11.2 in this document. Suppliers may perform testing services in support of DC phase activities such as applied and developmental research and where required by contract, and will be required to either have a test control program meeting the following requirements or conduct testing under the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP).

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to demonstrate that design concepts will perform satisfactorily in service. These measures and governing procedures include criteria for determining when testing is required to demonstrate that performance of plant systems is in accordance with design. Tests are performed according to applicable procedures that include, consistent with the effect on safety,

- instructions and prerequisites to perform the test.
- use of proper test equipment.
- acceptance criteria.
- mandatory verification points as necessary to confirm satisfactory test completion.

Test results are documented and evaluated by the organization performing the test and reviewed by a responsible authority to assure that the test requirements have been satisfied. If acceptance criteria are not met, re-testing is performed as needed to confirm acceptability following correction of the system or equipment deficiencies that caused the failure.

Tests are performed and results documented in accordance with applicable technical and regulatory requirements, including ensuring appropriate retention of test data in accordance with the records requirements of the QAP. Personnel who perform or evaluate tests are qualified in accordance with the requirements established in Section 2.2 in this document.

### **2.11.1 NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Commitment**

In establishing provisions for testing, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Requirement 11, Sections 100 through 600.

### **2.11.2 NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Commitment for Computer Program Testing**

NuScale establishes and implements provisions to assure that computer software used in applications affecting safety is prepared, documented, verified, tested, and used such that the expected output is obtained and configuration control maintained. To this end, NuScale commits to compliance with the requirements of NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Requirement 11, Section 400, and Subpart 2.7 to establish the appropriate provisions.

## **2.12 Control of Measuring and Test Equipment**

NuScale does not perform control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE) activities in the DC phase. Suppliers will perform M&TE controls in support of DC phase activities such as applied and developmental research and where required by contract, and will be required to either have an M&TE control program meeting the following requirements or conduct M&TE control activities under the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP).

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to control the calibration, maintenance, and use of M&TE that provides information important to safe plant operation. The provisions of such procedures cover equipment such as indicating and actuating instruments and gages, tools, reference and transfer standards, and nondestructive examination equipment. The suppliers of commercial grade calibration services are controlled as described in Section 2.7 in this document.

### **2.12.1 NQA-1-2008 Commitment / Exceptions**

In establishing provisions for control of measuring and test equipment, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 12, Sections 100 through 400, with the following clarification and exception:

- The out of calibration conditions described in Section 303.2 refers to when the M&TE is found out of the required accuracy limits (i.e., out of tolerance) during calibration.

### **2.13 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).



**2.14 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

## **2.15 Nonconforming Materials, Parts, or Components**

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to control items, including services, which do not conform to specified requirements to prevent inadvertent use. Instructions require that the individual discovering a nonconformance identify, describe, and document the nonconformance in accordance with the requirements of Section 2.16 in this document. Controls provide for identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation (when practical), disposition of nonconforming items, and notification to affected organizations. Controls are provided to address conditional release of nonconforming items for use on an at-risk basis prior to resolution and disposition of the nonconformance, including maintaining identification of the item and documenting the basis for such release.

Conditional release of nonconforming items requires the approval of management. Nonconformances are corrected or resolved before relying on the item to perform its intended safety function. Nonconformances are evaluated for impact on operability of quality structures, systems, and components to assure that the final condition does not adversely affect safety, operation, or maintenance of the item or service. Nonconformances to design requirements dispositioned repair or use-as-is are subject to design control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design. Nonconformance dispositions are reviewed for adequacy, analysis of quality trends, and reports provided to the designated management. Significant trends are reported to management in accordance with NuScale procedures, regulatory requirements, and industry standards.

### **2.15.1 Interface with the Reporting Program**

NuScale has appropriate interfaces between the QAP for identification and control of nonconforming items, including services, and the non-QA reporting program to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR 52 and 10 CFR 21 during the DC phase.

### **2.15.2 NQA-1-2008 Commitment**

In establishing measures for nonconforming items, including services, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 15, Sections 100 through 400.

## **2.16 Corrective Action**

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to promptly identify, control, document, classify, and correct conditions adverse to quality. NuScale procedures assure that corrective actions are documented and initiated following the determination of conditions adverse to quality in accordance with regulatory requirements and applicable quality standards. NuScale procedures require personnel to identify known conditions adverse to quality. When complex issues arise where it cannot be readily determined if a condition adverse to quality exists, NuScale documents establish the requirements for documentation and timely evaluation of the issue. Reports of conditions adverse to quality are analyzed to identify trends. Significant conditions adverse to quality and significant adverse trends are documented and reported to management. In the case of a significant condition adverse to quality, the cause is determined and actions to preclude recurrence are taken. In the case of suppliers working on safety-related activities, or other similar situations, NuScale may delegate specific responsibilities for corrective actions, but NuScale maintains responsibility for the effectiveness of corrective action measures.

### **2.16.1 Interface with the Reporting Program**

NuScale has appropriate interfaces between the QAP for corrective actions and the non-QA reporting program to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR 52 and 10 CFR 21 during the DC phase.

### **2.16.2 NQA-1-2008 Commitment**

In establishing provisions for corrective action, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 16, Section 100.

## **2.17 Quality Assurance Records**

NuScale has the necessary measures and governing procedures to ensure that sufficient records of items and activities affecting quality are developed, reviewed, approved, issued, used, and revised to reflect completed work. The provisions of such procedures establish the scope of the records retention program for NuScale and include requirements for records administration including receipt, preservation, retention, storage, safekeeping, retrieval, access controls, user privileges, and final disposition.

### **2.17.1 Record Retention**

Measures are established that ensure that sufficient records of completed items and activities affecting quality are appropriately stored. Records of activities for design, engineering, procurement, inspection, test, and audits and their retention times are defined in appropriate procedures. The records and retention times are based on Regulatory Position C.1 of Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Nonmandatory Appendix 17A-1, Section 200 as applicable for the DC project. In all cases where state, local, or other agencies have more restrictive requirements for record retention, those requirements will be met.

### **2.17.2 Electronic Records**

When using optical disks for electronic records storage and retrieval systems, NuScale complies with the NRC guidance in Generic Letter 88-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks." NuScale manages the storage of QA Records in electronic media consistent with the intent of RIS 2000-18 and associated NIRMA Guidelines TG 11-1998, TG15-1998, TG16-1998, and TG21-1998.

### **2.17.3 NQA-1-2008 Commitment and Exceptions**

In establishing provisions for records, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 17, Sections 100 through 800.

## **2.18 Audits**

NuScale has established the necessary measures and governing procedures to implement audits to verify that activities covered by the QAP are performed in conformance with the requirements established. The audit programs are themselves reviewed for effectiveness as a part of the overall audit process.

### **2.18.1 Performance of Audits**

Internal audits of selected aspects of the DC project activities are performed with a frequency commensurate with the safety significance of the activity and in a manner which assures that audits of safety-related activities are completed. During the early portions of DC activities, audits will focus on areas including, but not limited to, design, document control, procurement, and corrective action. Functional areas of an organization's QA program for auditing include, at a minimum, verification of compliance and effectiveness of implementation of internal rules and procedures (e.g., design, procurement, surveillance, test); regulations; programs for training, retraining, and personnel qualification; and corrective actions, including associated record keeping.

The audits are scheduled on a formal, preplanned audit schedule. The audit system is reviewed periodically and revised as necessary to assure coverage commensurate with current and planned activities. Additional audits may be performed as deemed necessary by management. The scope of the audit is determined by the quality status and safety importance of the activities being performed. These audits are conducted by trained personnel not having direct responsibilities in the area being audited and in accordance with preplanned and approved audit plans or checklists, under the direction of a qualified lead auditor and the cognizance of the NuScale QAD.

The NuScale QAD is responsible for conducting periodic internal and external audits. Internal audits are conducted to determine the adequacy of programs and procedures (by representative sampling), and to determine if they are meaningful and comply with the overall QAP. External audits determine the adequacy of supplier and contractor quality assurance programs.

The results of each audit are reported in writing to the COO and responsible functional manager, as appropriate. Additional internal distribution is provided to responsible management levels.

Management responds to all audit findings and initiates corrective action when determined necessary. When corrective action measures are determined to be necessary, documented follow-up of applicable areas through inspections, reviews, re-audits, or other appropriate means is conducted to verify implementation and effectiveness of corrective actions.

Audits of suppliers of safety-related components and/or services are conducted as described in Section 2.7.1 in this document.

### **2.18.2 Internal Audits**

Internal audits should be performed in such a manner as to assure that an audit of all applicable QA program elements is completed for each functional area at least once each year or at least once during the life of the activity, whichever is shorter.

Internal audits include verification of compliance and effectiveness of the administrative controls established for implementing the requirements of the QAP. These include regulations; provisions for training, retraining, qualification, and performance of personnel performing activities covered by the QAP; and observation of the performance of activities including associated record keeping.

#### **2.18.3 NQA-1-2008 Commitment.**

In establishing the independent audit program, NuScale commits to compliance with NQA-1-2008, Requirement 18, Sections 100 through 800.

### **3.0 Part III - Nonsafety-Related SSC Quality Control**

#### **3.1 Nonsafety-Related SSC - Significant Contributors to Plant Safety**

Specific program controls are applied to nonsafety-related SSC, for which 10 CFR 50, Appendix B is not applicable, that are significant contributors to plant safety. The specific program controls consistent with applicable sections of the QAP are applied to those items in a selected manner, targeted at those characteristics or critical attributes that render the SSC a significant contributor to plant safety.

The following clarify the applicability of the QAP to the nonsafety-related SSC and related activities, including the identification of exceptions to the QAP described in Sections 2.1 through 2.18 in this document, taken for nonsafety-related SSC.

##### **3.1.1 Organization**

The verification activities described in this section may be performed by the NuScale line organization. The QA organization described in Section 2.1 is not required to perform these functions.

##### **3.1.2 Quality Assurance Program**

NuScale QA requirements for nonsafety-related SSC are established in the QMP and appropriate procedures. Suppliers of these SSC or related services describe the quality controls applied in appropriate procedures. A new or separate QA program is not required.

##### **3.1.3 Design Control**

NuScale has design control measures to ensure that the established design requirements are included in the design. These measures ensure that applicable design inputs are included or correctly translated into the design documents and deviations from those requirements are controlled. Design verification is provided through the normal supervisory review of the designer's work.

##### **3.1.4 Procurement Document Control**

Procurement documents for items and services obtained by or for NuScale include or reference documents describing applicable design bases, design requirements, and other requirements necessary to ensure component performance. The procurement documents are controlled to address deviations from the specified requirements.

##### **3.1.5 Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings**

NuScale provides documents such as, but not limited to, written instructions, plant procedures, drawings, vendor technical manuals, and special instructions in work orders to direct the performance of activities affecting quality. The method of instruction employed provides an appropriate degree of guidance to the personnel performing the activity to achieve acceptable functional performance of the SSC.

##### **3.1.6 Document Control**

NuScale controls the issuance and change of documents that specify quality requirements or prescribe activities affecting quality to ensure that correct documents are used. These controls include review and approval of documents, identification of the appropriate revision for use, and measures to preclude the use of superseded or obsolete documents.



### **3.1.7 Control of Purchased Items and Services**

NuScale employs measures, such as inspection of items or documents upon receipt or acceptance testing, to ensure that all purchased items and services conform to appropriate procurement documents.

### **3.1.8 Identification and Control of Purchased Items**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

### **3.1.9 Control of Special Processes**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

### **3.1.10 Inspection**

NuScale does not perform inspection activities during the DC phase. Suppliers will be required to perform this activity, where required in contracts, as indicated in this section.

NuScale requires use of documented instructions to ensure necessary inspections are performed to verify conformance of an item or activity to specified requirements or to verify that activities are satisfactorily accomplished. These inspections may be performed by knowledgeable personnel in the line organization. Knowledgeable personnel can be from the same discipline and have experience related to the work being inspected.

### **3.1.11 Test Control**

NuScale does not perform test activities in the DC phase, except for computer software testing described in Section 2.11.2 in this document. Suppliers may perform testing services in support of DC phase activities such as applied and developmental research and where required in contracts. Suppliers shall be required to either have a test control program meeting the following requirements or conduct testing under the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP).

NuScale employs measures to identify required testing that demonstrates that equipment conforms to design requirements. These tests are performed in accordance with test instructions or procedures. The test results are recorded, and authorized individuals evaluate the results to ensure that test requirements are met.

### **3.1.12 Control of Measuring and Test Equipment**

NuScale does not perform control of measuring and test equipment (M&TE) activities in the DC phase. Suppliers will perform M&TE controls in support of DC phase activities such as applied and developmental research and will be required, where required in contracts, to either have an M&TE control program meeting the following requirements or conduct M&TE control activities under the NuScale Quality Assurance Program (QAP).

NuScale employs measures to control M&TE use, calibration, and adjustment at specific intervals or prior to use.

### **3.1.13 Handling, Storage, and Shipping**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

### **3.1.14 Inspection, Test, and Operating Status**

This section is not applicable at this time (DC Application).

### **3.1.15 Control of Nonconforming Items**

NuScale employs measures to identify and control items that do not conform to specified requirements to prevent their inadvertent installation or use.

### **3.1.16 Corrective Action**

NuScale employs measures to ensure that failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and nonconformances are properly identified, reported, and corrected.

### **3.1.17 Records**

NuScale employs measures to ensure records are prepared and maintained to furnish evidence that the above requirements for design, procurement, document control, inspection, and test activities have been met.

### **3.1.18 Audits**

NuScale employs measures for line management to periodically review and document the adequacy of processes, including taking any necessary corrective action. Audits independent of line management are not required. Line management is responsible for determining whether reviews conducted by line management or audits conducted by any organization independent of line management are appropriate. If performed, audits are conducted and documented to verify compliance with design and procurement documents, instructions, procedures, drawings, and inspection and test activities. Where the measures of this section (Section 3.0) are implemented by the same programs, processes, or procedures as the comparable activities of Section 2.0, the audits performed under the provisions of Section 2.0 may be used to satisfy the review requirements of this section (Section 3.1.18).

## **3.2 Nonsafety-Related Structure, System, and Components Credited for Regulatory Events**

The following criteria apply to fire protection (10 CFR 50.48), anticipated transients without scram (ATWS) (10 CFR 50.62), and the station blackout (SBO) (10 CFR 50.63) SSC that are not safety-related:

- NuScale implements quality requirements for the fire protection system in accordance with Regulatory Position 1.7, "Quality Assurance," in Regulatory Guide 1.189 Revision 2, October 2009, "Fire Protection for Operating Nuclear Power Plants."
- NuScale implements the quality requirements for ATWS equipment in accordance with Generic Letter 85-06, "Quality Assurance Guidance for ATWS Equipment That Is Not Safety Related."
- NuScale implements quality requirements for SBO equipment in accordance with Regulatory Position 3.5, "Quality Assurance and Specific Guidance for SBO Equipment That Is Not Safety Related," and Appendix A, "Quality Assurance Guidance for Nonsafety Systems and Equipment," in Regulatory Guide 1.155 Revision 0 August 1988, "Station Blackout."

## 4.0 Part IV - Regulatory Commitments

### 4.1 Nuclear Regulatory Commission Regulatory Guides and Quality Assurance Standards

This section identifies the NRC Regulatory Guides (RG) and the other quality assurance standards that have been selected to supplement and support the NuScale QAP. NuScale complies with these standards to the extent described or referenced. See Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR) Chapter 1 of the NuScale DC application for a full evaluation of conformance with the guidance in NRC RG in effect six months prior to the submittal date of the application. Commitment to a particular RG or standard does not constitute a commitment to other RGs or standards that may be referenced therein.

1. U.S Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants", Regulatory Guide 1.8, Revision 3, ADAMS Accession No. ML003706932.

Regulatory Guide 1.8 provides guidance that is acceptable to the NRC staff regarding qualifications and training for nuclear power plant personnel.

NuScale identifies conformance and exceptions for the applicable regulatory position guidance provided in this regulatory guide in FSAR Chapter 1.

2. U.S Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants," Regulatory Guide 1.26, Revision 4, ADAMS Accession No. ML070290283.

Regulatory Guide 1.26 defines classification of systems and components.

The NuScale power Reactor design is unique in configuration and safety feature functions. The design includes components not found in existing standard design reactors (e.g., containment pressure vessel) and does not include some components found in existing standard designs. Examples of features not found in the NuScale design include, but are not limited to, reactor coolant pumps, cold legs, hot legs, pressurizer surge line, core make-up tanks and piping, direct vessel injection lines, passive residual heat removal heat exchangers, in-containment storage tanks, and hydrogen recombiners. These unique design features and the equivalence of their design safety functions, including application to committed regulatory guidance, will be detailed in Chapter 3 of the FSAR.

3. NuScale identifies conformance and exceptions for the applicable regulatory position guidance as indicated in the NuScale DC FSAR, Chapter 1. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Design and Construction)," Regulatory Guide 1.28, Revision 4, ADAMS Accession No. ML100160003.

Regulatory Guide 1.28 describes a method acceptable to the NRC staff for complying with the provisions of Appendix B with regard to establishing and implementing the requisite quality assurance program for the design of nuclear power plants.

NuScale commits to the applicable regulatory position guidance as indicated in the NuScale DC FSAR, Chapter 1.

4. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Seismic Design Classification," Regulatory Guide 1.29, Revision 4, ADAMS Accession No. ML070310052.

Regulatory Guide 1.29 defines systems required to withstand a safe shutdown earthquake (SSE).

NuScale commits to the applicable regulatory position guidance as indicated in the NuScale DC FSAR, Chapter 1.

**Standards:**

1. American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications, ASME NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Edition, New York, NY.

NuScale commits to NQA-1-2008 and NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Parts I and II as described in Section 2.0 in this document with specific identification of exceptions or clarification. NuScale commits to NQA-1-2008 with NQA-1a-2009 addenda, Part III only as specifically noted in section 2.0 of this document.

2. Nuclear Information and Records Management Association, Inc. (NIRMA) Technical Guides (TGs).

NuScale commits to NIRMA TGs as described in Section 2.17 in this document.