

Central Regional  
Community Fact Book

Ocean County Edition

New Jersey Department of Labor  
and Workforce Development

Division of Labor Market and  
Demographic Research

NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF

LWD

LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
nj.gov/labor

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## Preface

The Regional Community Fact Book for Ocean County provides a snapshot of its people and its economy. Included are facts and figures on current industry trends, population, unemployment and income. The Fact Book also provides a look into the future and provides the latest population, labor force, industry and occupational projections.

The Regional Community Fact Book series is meant to be a reference for use in local and regional economic development planning and for employment and training providers. Fact Books will be published annually for New Jersey's 21 counties, grouped into three regions (northern, central and southern).

## Acknowledgements

This publication was prepared by Michael Dugan and Vin Samuel of the Bureau of Labor Market Information, Division of Labor Market and Demographic Research. Layout was done by Chester S. Chinsky.

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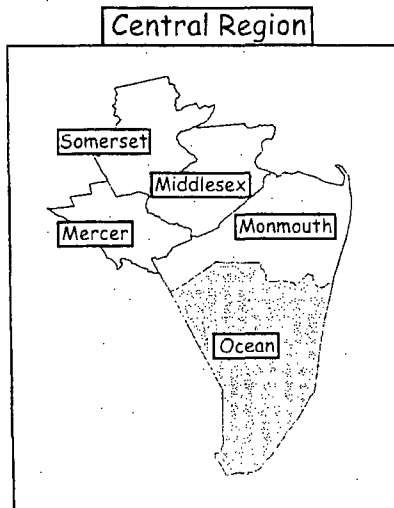
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## County Snapshot



**Population (2004 estimate): 553,300**

Change from Census 2000: +42,300 or + 8.3%

Percent of New Jersey Total: 6.4%

**Total Private Sector**

**Employment (2004): 118,500**

Percent of New Jersey Total: 3.6%

Change from 1999: +14,800

**Largest Industry (2004): Retail Trade**

Retail Trade Employment: 26,700

Percent of Total County Employment: 22.5%

**Private Sector Wage (2004, annual average): \$32,000**

Percent of New Jersey Average: 67.2%

Change From 1999: +\$5,200

**Industry With Highest Average Annual**

**Wage (2003): Utilities: \$82,400**

**Per Capita Personal Income (2003): \$31,800**

Percent of New Jersey Per Capita Income: 80.3%

**Number of Unemployment Insurance Claimants (2004, annual average): 5,093**

**Unemployment Rate (2004, annual average): 4.9%**

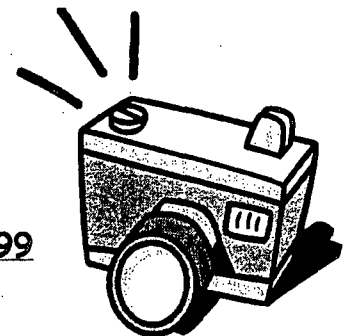
5-year High (2003): 5.7%

5-year Low (2000): 3.8%

New Jersey Rate (2004): 4.8%

**Building Permits (single-family residential, 2004): 3,299**

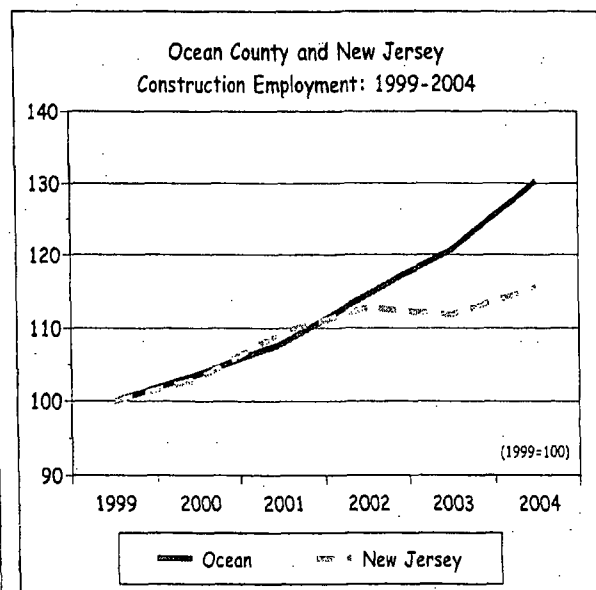
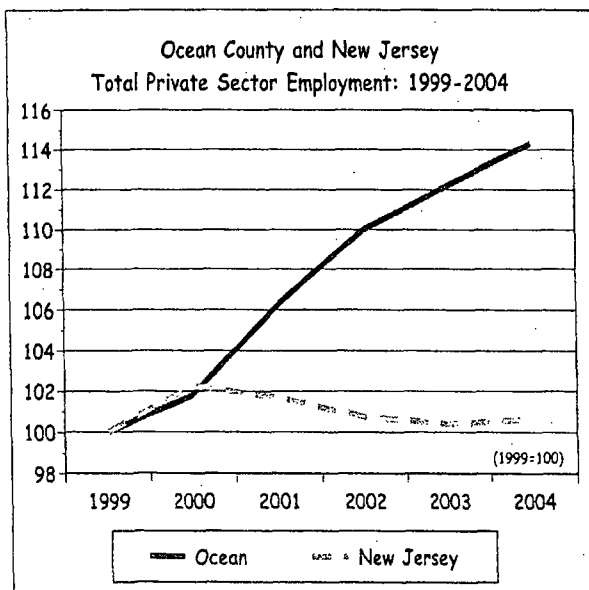
Rank Among New Jersey Counties: 1



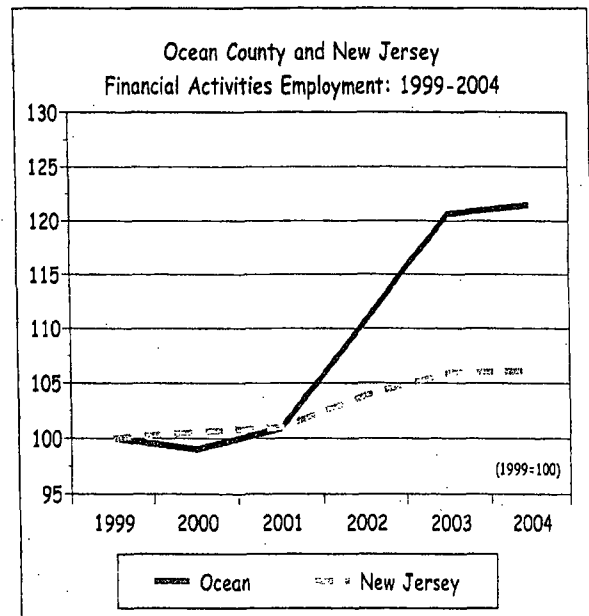
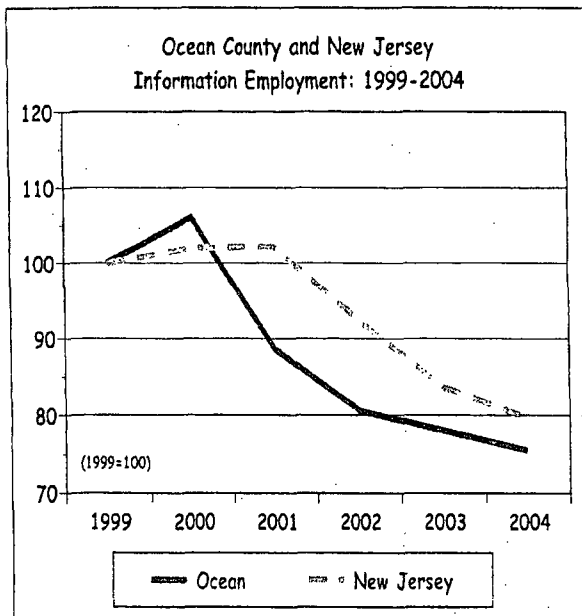
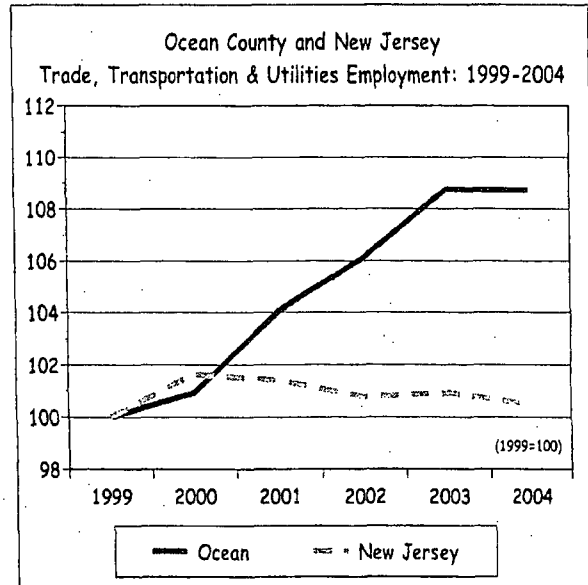
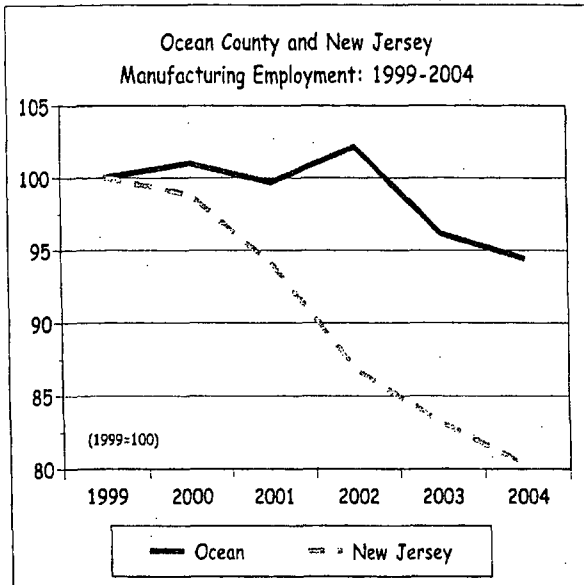
## Industry Trends, Ocean vs. New Jersey

- While New Jersey trended toward recession in 2000, Ocean County employment advanced rapidly through 2002 then slowed slightly in 2003 and 2004. The county's payrolls increased by 12.3 percent compared with a decline of 1.6 percent for the state from 2000 to 2004.
- Since 2000, education and health services and trade, transportation and utilities employment were some of the sectors in Ocean County that continually outpaced the state. With the county leading the state in single-family residential building permits, employment in these service industries grew to meet the increasing population demands.
- Although employment in Ocean County's manufacturing sector experienced modest upturns in 2000 and 2002, overall, factory levels dropped 5.6 percent from 1999 to 2004 vs. a 19.8 percent decline for the state. The county's manufacturing sector has benefited from the establishment of an urban enterprise zone (UEZ) in Lakewood and the city's successful industrial park.
- Except for 2003, employment in the county's professional and business service sector grew at a faster rate than that of the state since 1999. This sector covers a broad range of businesses from providers of legal, accounting, computer and engineering services to janitorial, security and temporary help services.

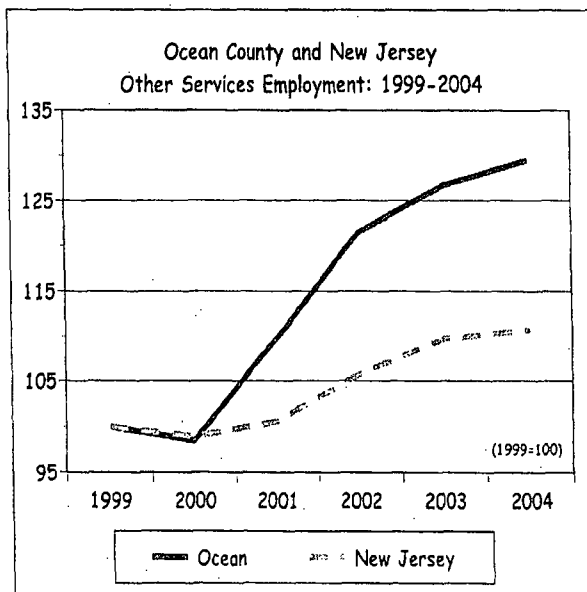
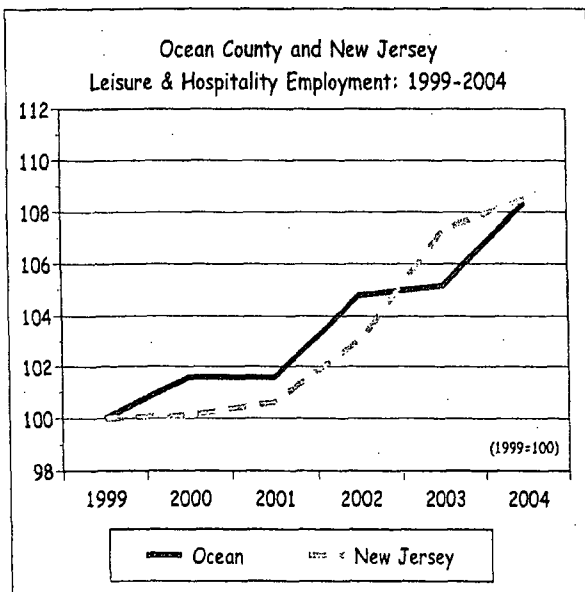
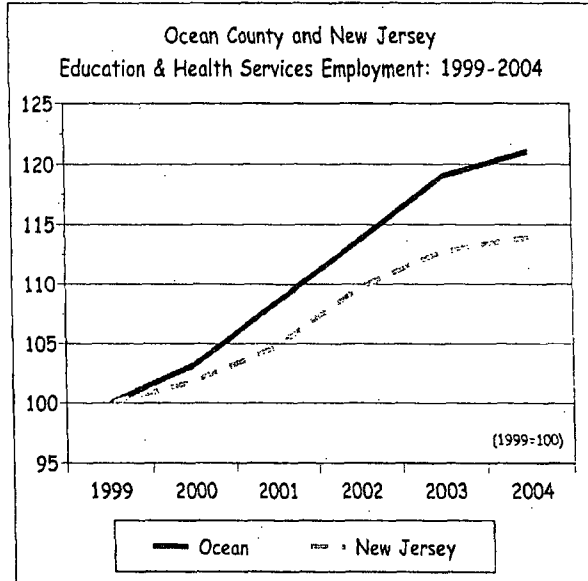
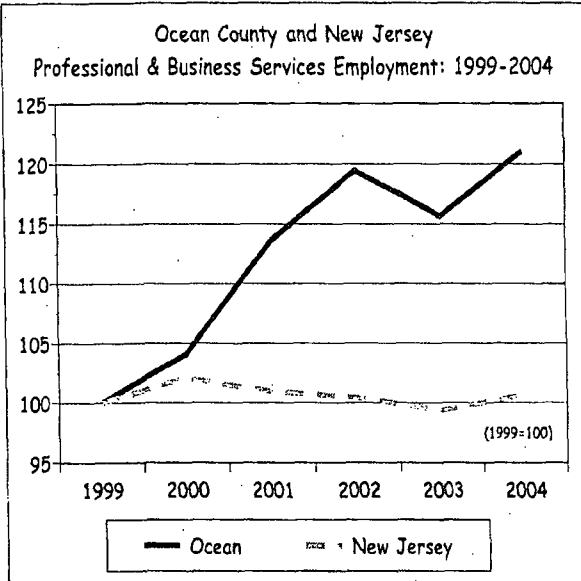
*Note: Use of an index facilitates comparison between two separate data elements.*



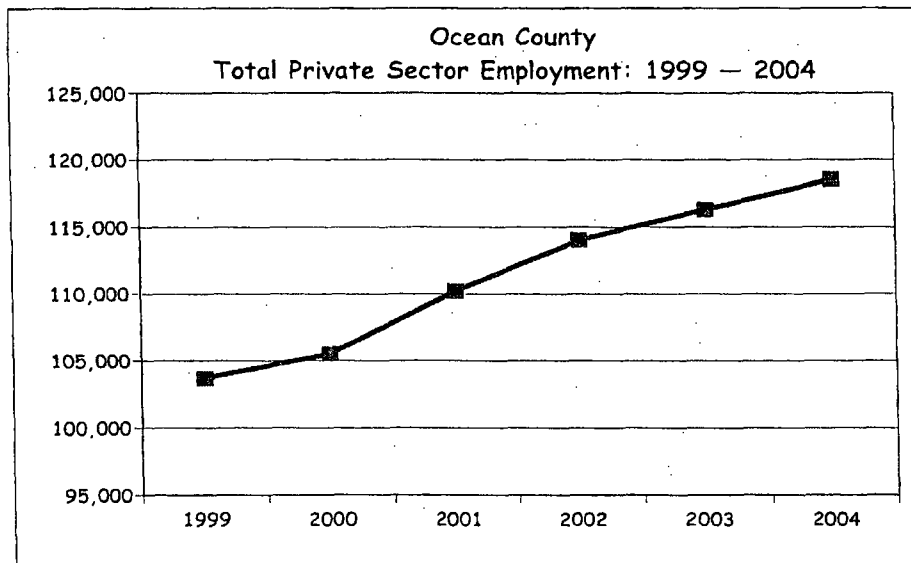
## Industry Trends, Ocean vs. New Jersey



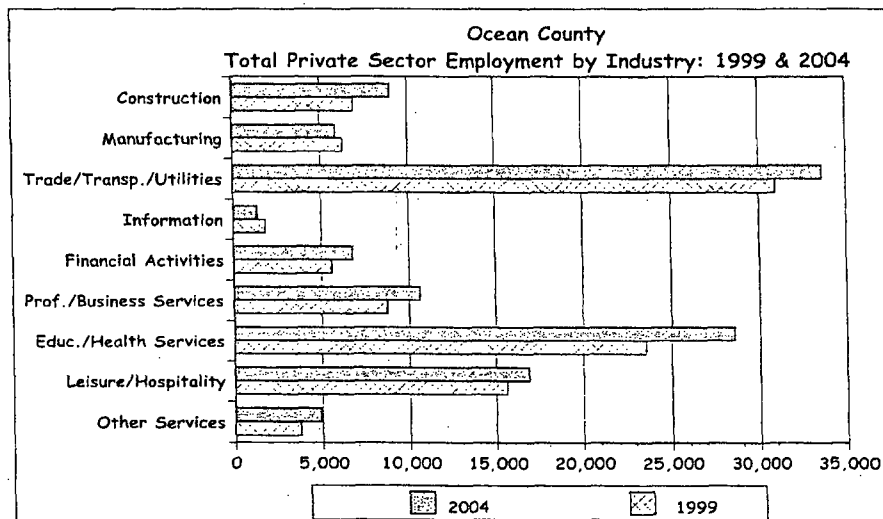
## Industry Trends, Ocean vs. New Jersey



## Employment



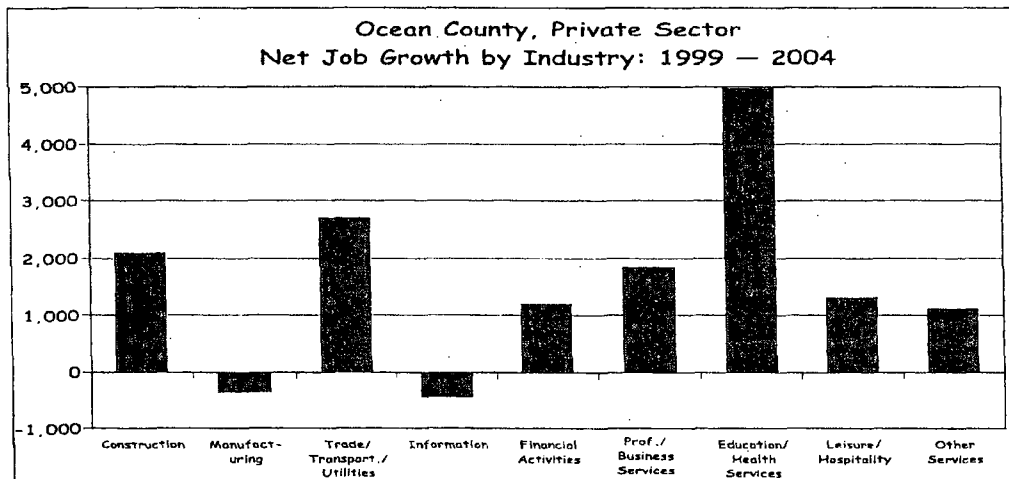
- Ocean County's growing and older population continued to attract new service-providing businesses. Private-sector nonagricultural employment in Ocean County increased by 14,800 from 1999 to reach 118,500 jobs in 2004.



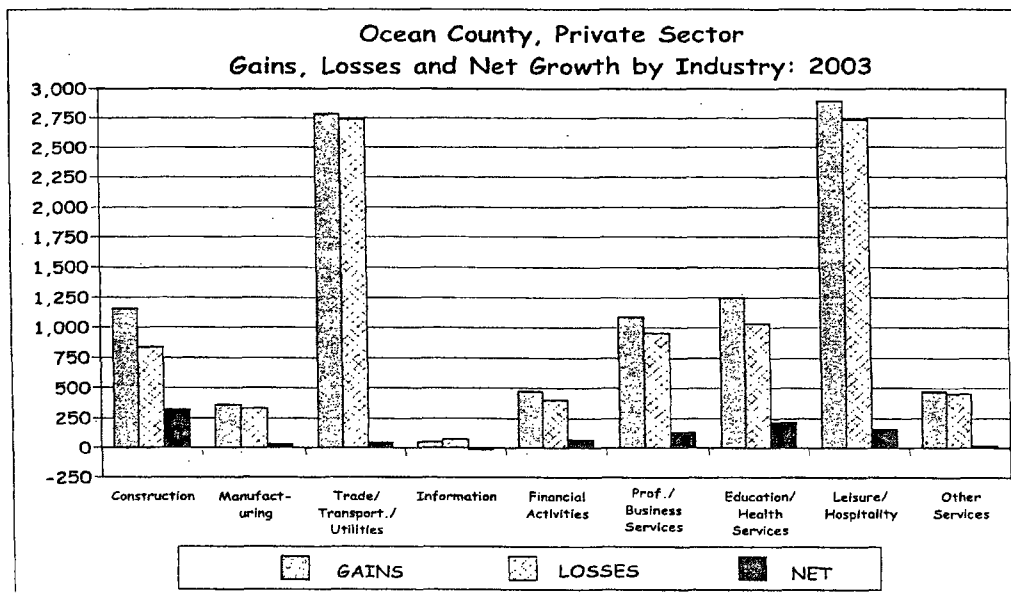
- Due to the great presence of retail establishments in the county, trade, transportation and utilities employment was the largest sector (33,700) in 2004 followed by education and health services (28,500) and leisure and hospitality (16,900). The information sector (1,400) was the smallest.



## Employment Gains and Losses



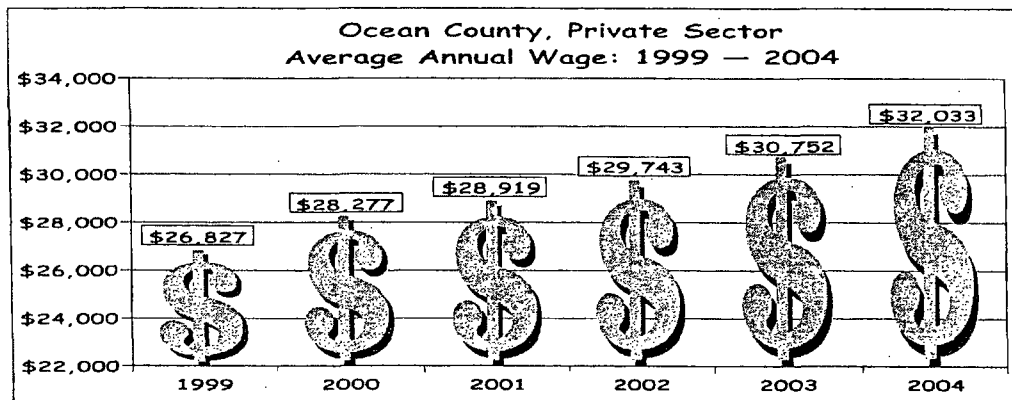
- The county's service-providing sector accounted for the majority of the increase in jobs from 1999 to 2004 with education and health services (+5,000) and trade, transportation and utilities (+2,700) leading the way. Information decreased the most (-450).



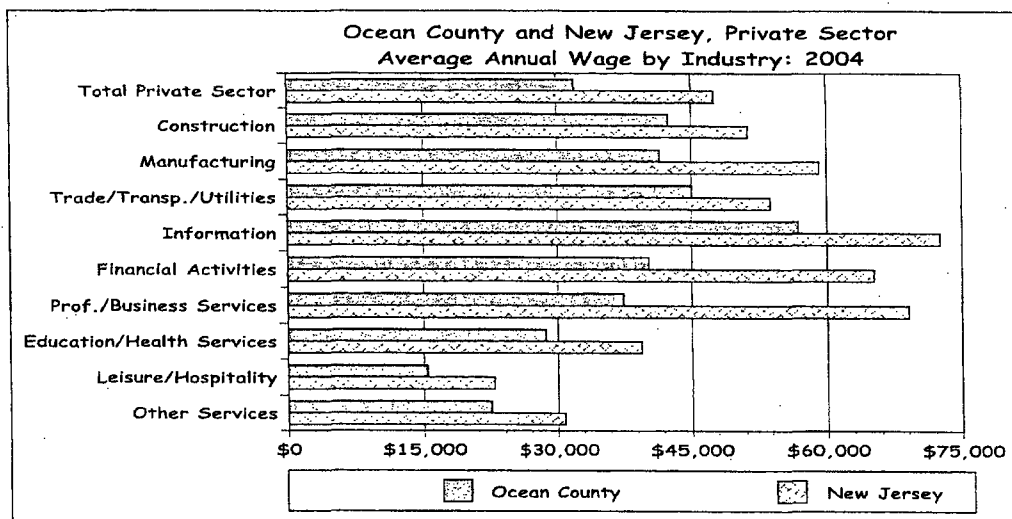
Source: Local Employment Dynamics (LED) data from the US Census Bureau.

- Despite only small net gains during a year, industries can generate significant number of job openings. In 2003 (latest data available), trade, transportation and utilities, and leisure and hospitality created a large number of openings.

## Wages



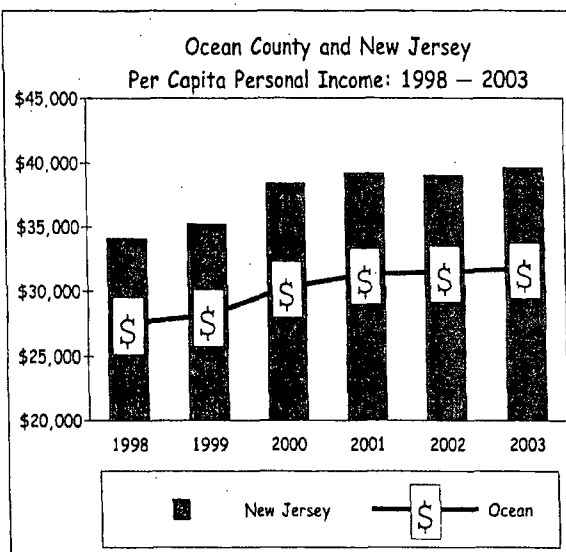
- Ocean County's annual average private sector wage rose to \$32,033 in 2004, an increase of 19.4 percent from 1999. In comparison, the state's annual wage increased to \$47,600 in 2004, a jump of 16.7 percent. Two industries are largely responsible for the county's annual average wage being lower than the state's: the county has greater percentages of its employment in the retail trade industry (22.5% for the county vs. 14.2% for the state) and in leisure and hospitality (14.2% vs. 9.8%). Wages in these industries tend to be lower than the average.



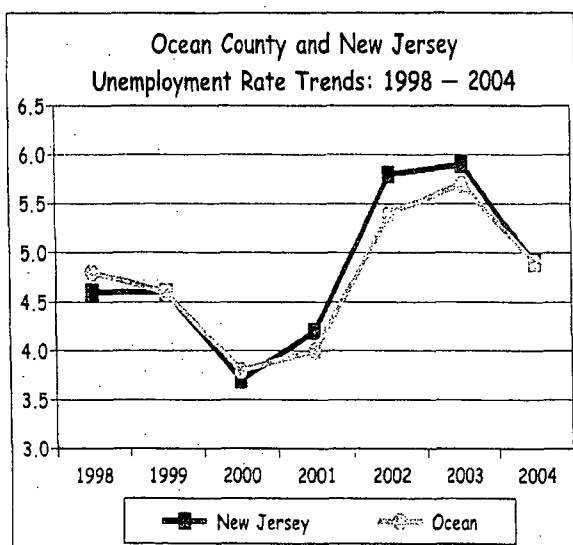
- Private sector wages in Ocean lagged the state in every category. Workers in the information sector received the highest annual earnings (\$56,800), followed by trade, transportation and utilities (\$45,100). Reasons for the higher salaries in these two industries are high-skill job requirements (e.g., AmerGen's Oyster Creek nuclear generation station) and union representation, particularly in transportation and utilities. Construction (\$42,600) requires specialized skills, but not necessarily education beyond high school. Workers in the leisure and hospitality industry had the lowest earnings (\$15,300) due to the part-time nature of many of the jobs.

## Per Capita Personal Income

- In 2003, Ocean had a per capita personal income (PCPI) of \$31,800, ranking 16th in the state. The county's PCPI was 80 percent of the state average of \$39,600, and 101 percent of the national average of \$31,500. The 2003 PCPI increased 0.8 percent from 2002. The 2002-2003 state change was 1.5 percent and the national change was 2.2 percent.
- All three major components of personal income performed better than the state: net earnings increased 3.8 percent countywide (+3.4%, statewide); dividends, interest and rent decreased 2.5 percent (-2.6%, statewide) and personal current transfer receipts (such as welfare benefits, social security and veteran's benefits) increased 3.9 percent (+2.1%, statewide). Even though all of Ocean County's personal income component's outperformed the state, its PCPI was lower than the state due to a lower average wage and higher population growth rate (+1.7% vs. +0.7%, statewide) from 2002-2003.



## Unemployment Rates



- Ocean County's average rate of unemployed generally paralleled the state's rate from 1998 to 2004. Only in 1998 and 2000 did the county marginally exceed the state's rate.
- From 1998 to 2004, the county's labor force expanded by 31,900 or 15.0 percent, compared with a growth rate of 3.9 percent for the state. Strong population growth in Ocean County was the major factor increasing the size of its civilian labor force.

## Characteristics of the Unemployed

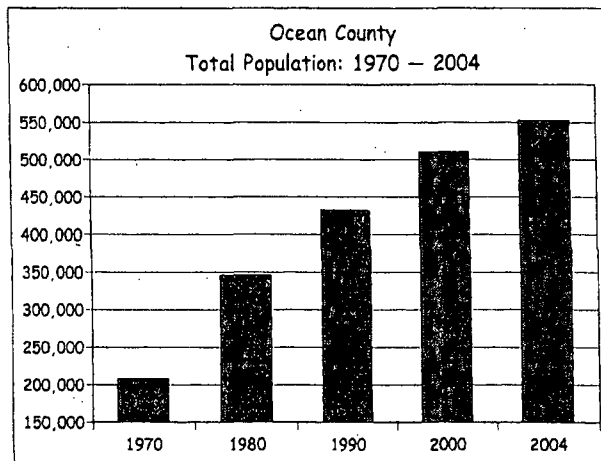
### Ocean County Unemployment Insurance Claimants: 2003-2004

Category	2003	2004	Change 2003-2004	
	Annual Average	Annual Average	Number	Percent
Total Insured Unemployed	5301	5093	-208	-3.9
<b>By Gender</b>				
Male	3168	3015	-154	-4.8
Female	2133	2078	-55	-2.6
<b>By Race</b>				
White	4621	4491	-130	-2.8
Black	274	252	-22	-8.1
Asian	63	43	-20	-32.0
Other	342	307	-36	-10.4
<b>By Ethnicity</b>				
Hispanic	576	390	-185	-32.2
Not Hispanic	4468	4475	8	.2
Chose Not To Answer	257	227	-31	-11.9
<b>By Age of Claimant</b>				
Under 25	256	380	124	48.3
25 through 34	1077	1033	-45	-4.1
35 through 44	1436	1292	-144	-10.0
45 through 54	1222	1155	-67	-5.5
55 through 64	900	864	-36	-4.0
65 and over	409	370	-40	-9.7
<b>By Industry</b>				
Construction	871	886	15	1.7
Manufacturing	380	365	-15	-4.0
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	1097	1118	22	2.0
Wholesale Trade	245	210	-35	-14.4
Retail Trade	679	720	41	6.0
Information	133	165	32	23.9
Financial Activities	236	286	50	21.3
Professional and Business Services	699	637	-62	-8.9
Educational and Health Services	613	579	-34	-5.5
Leisure and Hospitality	430	438	8	1.9
Other Services	117	133	15	13.1
Government and Other	725	486	-239	-33.0

- As the economy improved, the number of Ocean County unemployment insurance claims dropped by 208 from 2003 to 2004. This represented an improvement of almost four percent. Declines in the number of claims by males (-154 or -4.8%), whites (-130 or -2.8%) and 35 through 44-year olds (-144 or -10.0%) led the way.
- The largest improvement in the number of unemployment insurance claims from 2003 to 2004 occurred in the following industries: "government and other" (-239 or -33%), professional and business services (-62 or -8.9%) and education and health services (-34 or -5.5%). There was an increase of 50 unemployment claims in the financial activities industry.

## Population

- From 1970 through 2004, Ocean County's population grew by 344,781 to reach a total of 553,300, outpacing, by far, the growth rate of the state (165.4% vs. 21.3%). Over the past four years, the county's rapid population growth resulted from receiving the most domestic immigrants in the state (+39,600). Due to its large proportion of elderly residents, deaths exceeded births by a narrow margin (320).



Ocean County Racial/Hispanic Origin: 2000 - 2004		
Race	Percent in 2000	Percent in 2004
White	93.0	94.1
Black	3.0	3.3
Asian	1.3	1.4
Multiracial	1.3	0.8
American Indian/Alaska Native	0.1	0.2
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.0	0.0
Total*	100.0	100.0
Hispanic Origin (may be of any race)	5.0	6.1

\* May not add to 100% due to rounding

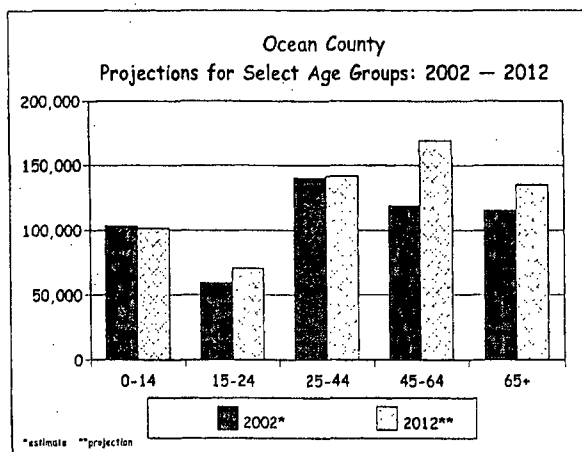
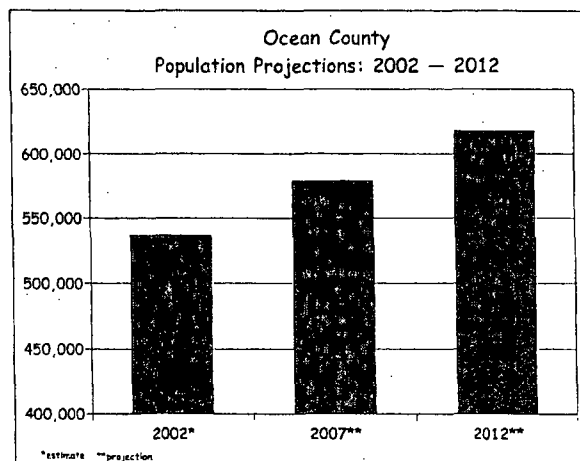
- In Ocean County, whites comprised 94.1 percent of the 2004 population compared with 76.9 percent for the state. Blacks represented 3.3 percent of the county population compared with 14.5 percent in New Jersey. Hispanics made up 6.1 percent of the county population while holding 14.9 percent of the state's population.

- Traditionally a resort-tourist area, the county evolved into one with an increasing year-round population which includes the state's largest concentration of retirement communities. Dover, Brick and Lakewood townships led the way with the largest overall populations in the county.

Ocean County Ten Largest Municipalities		
Rank	Municipality	Population
1	Dover Township	94,320
2	Brick Township	78,474
3	Lakewood Township	66,661
4	Jackson Township	51,607
5	Berkeley Township	42,527
6	Manchester Township	42,112
7	Lacey Township	26,221
8	Stafford Township	24,944
9	Point Pleasant Borough	19,821
10	Little Egg Harbor Township	19,334

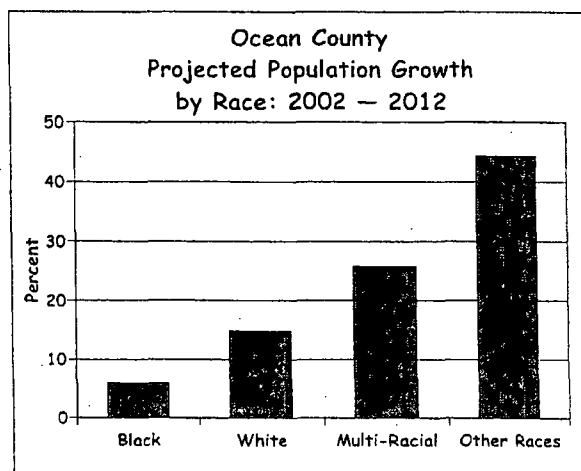
## Population Projections

- Ocean County's population is expected to increase by 80,800 from 2002 to 2012. The county is projected to grow at a faster rate than the state (15.1% vs. 8.1%), and as a result, will rank as the sixth most populous county in the state by 2012.



- The 45-64 age group is expected to grow the fastest (+42.2%) accounting for a total of 168,900 in 2012. The smallest size age group in the county, 15-24 years, is projected to increase the second fastest at 19.1 percent. The youngest age group, 0-14 years, is the only group expected to decline (-2,000 or -2.0%).

- From 2002 to 2012, Ocean County's population is expected to become increasingly diverse. The population of both the small "other races" (+44.3%, includes Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander) and multi-racial (+25.9%) are projected to grow much faster than their white (+14.8%) and black (+6.0%) counterparts.



## Industry Projections

### Ocean County, 2002 - 2012 Ten Industries with the Greatest Employment Growth

Industry Title	2002 Jobs	2012 Jobs	Change: 2002-2012		
			Number	Percent	
				Total	Annual
Ambulatory health care services	8,700	13,600	4,900	56.5	4.4
Professional and technical services	6,100	8,250	2,150	35.2	3.0
Nursing and residential care facilities	6,600	8,750	2,150	32.2	2.8
Food services and drinking places	10,750	12,700	1,950	18.0	1.6
Specialty trade contractors	5,550	7,300	1,750	31.1	2.7
Social assistance	2,750	4,350	1,550	57.2	4.4
Administrative and support services	4,500	5,750	1,250	27.6	2.4
Food and beverage stores	7,400	8,550	1,150	15.2	1.4
Hospitals	8,250	9,350	1,100	13.7	1.3
Local government educational services	12,050	13,050	1,000	8.5	0.8

- From 2002 to 2012, Ocean County is projected to add over 26,100 new jobs. Total nonfarm employment is expected to increase 17.9 percent compared with the 12.0 percent increase projected for New Jersey.
- The 10 industries shown in the table will account for 19,100 or over 73 percent of Ocean County's new jobs from 2002 to 2012.

### Ocean County, 2002 - 2012 Ten Industries with the Greatest Employment Declines

Industry Title	2002 Jobs	2012 Jobs	Change: 2002-2012		
			Number	Percent	
				Total	Annual
Federal government, excluding postal service	1,800	1,600	-200	-10.4	-1.1
Chemical manufacturing	1,300	1,100	-150	-12.5	-1.3
Food manufacturing	850	800	-100	-8.6	-0.9
Machinery manufacturing	500	450	-50	-7.2	-0.7
Publishing industries, except Internet	300	250	-50	-20.5	-2.3
Accommodation	950	900	-50	-5.8	-0.6
Postal service	1,150	1,100	-50	-3.8	-0.4
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	150	150	0	-8.5	-0.9
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	350	350	0	-2.0	-0.2
Gasoline stations	850	850	0	-1.4	-0.1

- Half of the top 10 industries projected to experience declines in employment during 2002-2012 are in manufacturing.
- The industries that have large projected percent declines have a relatively small employment base.

## Projected Occupational Demand

### Ocean County Occupations With The Most Projected Job Openings, 2002-2012

Occupation	Annual Average Job Openings			2004 Annual	Skill	Outlook
	Total <sup>1</sup>	Growth	Replacements	Wage	Level <sup>2</sup>	
Cashiers	450	120	340	\$18,150	Low	Good
Retail Salespersons	380	120	260	24,580	Low	Good
Registered Nurses	210	130	80	59,440	High	Good
Combined Food Prep & Srvng Wrkrs, inc. Fast Food	200	70	130	15,890	Low	Good
Waiters and Waitresses	200	50	150	16,090	Low	Good
Medical Secretaries	140	90	50	27,240	Moderate	Average
Receptionists & Information Clerks	120	70	50	22,640	Low	Good
Nursing Aides, Orderlies & Attendants	110	70	30	24,840	Low	Good
Office Clerks, General	110	30	70	24,100	Low	Good
Food Preparation Workers	100	40	60	18,560	Low	Good
Teacher Assistants	90	50	40	19,110	Low	Good
First-Line Supervisors/ Mgrs of Retail Sales Workers	90	40	50	44,740	Moderate	Average
Medical Assistants	80	70	10	24,670	Low	Good
Janitors & Cleaners, Except Maids & Housekeeping Clnrs	80	30	50	23,110	Low	Good
Child Care Workers	70	30	40	18,470	Low	Average
Home Health Aides	60	50	10	21,110	Low	Good
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	60	30	30	43,490	Moderate	Good
Carpenters	60	30	30	49,900	Moderate	Good
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	60	30	30	23,280	Moderate	Good
General & Operations Mngrs	60	30	30	113,800	High	Good

1. "Growth" and "Replacements" may not add to "Total" due to rounding.

2. High Skills: Associate's degree or higher.

Moderate Skills: Long-term on-the-job training, work experience or post secondary/vocational/technical training.

Low Skills: Short-term or moderate-term on-the-job training, including up to 12 months of on-the-job experience and informal training.

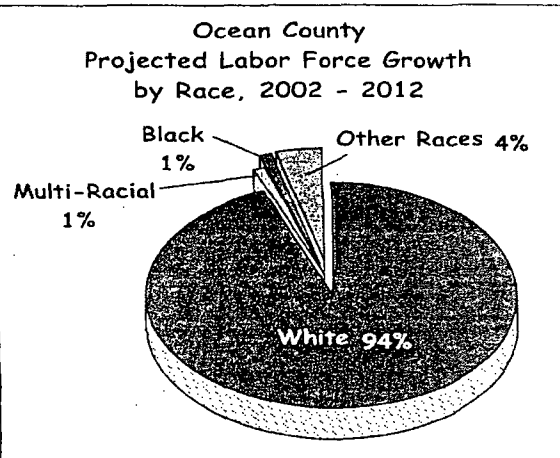
- Ocean County is projected to have over 6,700 annual job openings per year through 2012, or 4.4 percent of statewide annual openings. The county's top twenty ranked occupations by annual job openings are anticipated to account for over 40 percent of all Ocean's annual job openings.
- The table shows that most of the occupations having high replacement needs tend to have lower skills and lower wages. At the same time, jobs such as cashiers, retail salespersons and waiters and waitresses are in demand in the county and have a good outlook. In comparison, the two high skill jobs listed earn the highest annual wage of the top 20 occupations with the most projected job openings from 2002-2012.



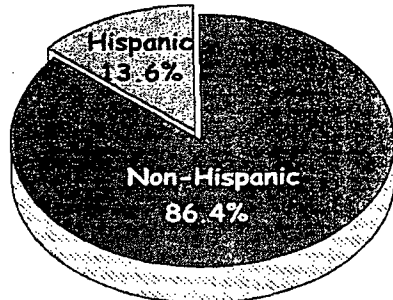
## Labor Force Projections

- Whites are expected to account for the majority (94%) of the change to Ocean County's labor force between 2002 and 2012 (38%, statewide). The number of white females in the labor force is expected to increase by 22.4 percent compared with the state's 5.0 percent.

Note: Multi-racial refers to persons who are of two or more races. "Other races" includes Asian, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander.



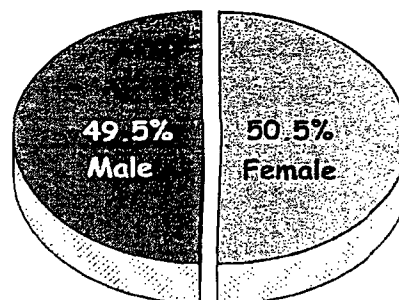
**Ocean County**  
Projected Labor Force Growth by  
Hispanic Origin, 2002 - 2012



- More non-Hispanic than Hispanic persons will be added to the county's labor force from 2002 to 2012 (86.4% vs. 13.6%). New Jersey's labor force growth is projected to be nearly split in half between non-Hispanic and Hispanic persons (50.1% vs. 49.9%).

- Just over half (50.5%) of the net addition to Ocean County's labor force growth is projected to be female from 2002 to 2012. The projected growth rate in the county's female labor force is 23.5 percent versus 10.5 percent in the state.

**Ocean County**  
Projected Labor Force Growth by  
Gender, 2002 - 2012





## Regional Economic Accounts

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### CA25 - Total full-time and part-time employment by industry

[Data Table Options](#)

[Tools Options](#)



CA25 Total full-time and part-time employment by industry -- Ocean, NJ  
(number of jobs)

Code	Item	1970	1980	1990	2000
	<i>Employment by place of work</i>				
<a href="#">010</a>	<a href="#">Total full-time and part-time employment</a>	61,083	103,417	153,073	183,975
	<i>By type</i>				
<a href="#">020</a>	<a href="#">Wage and salary employment</a>	49,279	83,831	120,358	144,259
<a href="#">040</a>	<a href="#">Proprietors employment</a>	11,804	19,586	32,715	39,716
<a href="#">050</a>	<a href="#">Farm proprietors employment</a>	166	202	190	234
<a href="#">060</a>	<a href="#">Nonfarm proprietors employment 2/</a>	11,638	19,384	32,525	39,482
	<i>By industry</i>				
<a href="#">070</a>	<a href="#">Farm employment</a>	249	289	291	338
<a href="#">080</a>	<a href="#">Nonfarm employment</a>	60,834	103,128	152,782	183,637
<a href="#">090</a>	<a href="#">Private employment</a>	47,372	82,202	127,437	157,308
<a href="#">100</a>	<a href="#">Agricultural services, forestry, fishing and other 3/</a>	748	1,276	1,698	2,290
<a href="#">200</a>	<a href="#">Mining</a>	295	338	171	127
<a href="#">300</a>	<a href="#">Construction</a>	6,066	6,839	10,953	13,682
<a href="#">400</a>	<a href="#">Manufacturing</a>	4,943	6,181	6,763	7,212
<a href="#">500</a>	<a href="#">Transportation and public utilities</a>	2,881	3,856	5,813	7,058

610	?	Wholesale trade	1,401	3,075	4,005	5,456
620	?	Retail trade	14,353	24,512	34,396	41,590
700	?	Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,840	9,595	15,823	17,803
800	?	Services	11,845	26,530	47,815	62,090
900	?	Government and government enterprises	13,462	20,926	25,345	26,329
910	?	Federal, civilian	1,857	2,768	3,791	3,155
920	?	Military	3,271	2,115	2,153	1,736
930	?	State and local	8,334	16,043	19,401	21,438
931	?	State government	(N)	1,140	1,315	1,717
932	?	Local government	(N)	14,903	18,086	19,721

## Footnotes for Table CA25 (SIC)

1. The estimates of employment for 1969–74 based on 1967 *Standard Industrial Classification* (SIC). The estimates for 1975–87 are based on the 1972 SIC. The estimates for 1988–2000 are based on the 1987 SIC.
2. Excludes limited partners.
3. "Other" consists of the number of jobs held by U.S. residents employed by international organizations and foreign embassies and consulates in the United States.
4. Cibola, NM was separated from Valencia in June 1981, but in these estimates Valencia includes Cibola through the end of 1981.
5. La Paz County, AZ was separated from Yuma County on January 1, 1983. The Yuma, AZ MSA contains the area that became La Paz County, AZ through 1982 and excludes it beginning with 1983.
6. Estimates for 1979 forward reflect Alaska Census Areas as defined by the Census Bureau; those for prior years reflect Alaska Census Divisions as defined in the 1970 Decennial Census. Estimates from 1988 forward separate Aleutian Islands Census Area into Aleutians East Borough and Aleutians West Census Area. Estimates for 1991 forward separate Denali Borough from Yukon-Koyukuk Census Area and Lake and Peninsula Borough from Dillingham Census Area. Estimates from 1993 forward separate Skagway-Yakutat-Angoon Census Area into Skagway-Hoonah-Angoon Census Area and Yakutat Borough.
7. Shawano, WI and Menominee, WI are combined as Shawano (incl. Menominee), WI for the years prior to 1989.

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### CA25 - Total full-time and part-time employment by industry

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CA25 Total full-time and part-time employment by industry -- New Jersey  
(number of jobs)

Code	Item	1970	1980	1990	2000
	<i>Employment by place of work</i>				
<a href="#">010</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Total full-time and part-time employment	3,124,572	3,608,064	4,344,458	4,755,379
	By type				
<a href="#">020</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Wage and salary employment	2,800,562	3,214,235	3,755,915	4,100,287
<a href="#">040</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Proprietors employment	324,010	393,829	588,543	655,092
<a href="#">050</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm proprietors employment	9,309	9,114	7,882	9,216
<a href="#">060</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm proprietors employment 2/	314,701	384,715	580,661	645,876
	By industry				
<a href="#">070</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm employment	19,836	20,103	15,710	18,594
<a href="#">080</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm employment	3,104,736	3,587,961	4,328,748	4,736,785
<a href="#">090</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Private employment	2,634,456	3,022,783	3,728,901	4,132,742
<a href="#">100</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Agricultural services, forestry, fishing and other 3/	13,038	20,425	28,951	39,707
<a href="#">200</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Mining	4,378	4,755	4,597	2,894
<a href="#">300</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Construction	150,166	144,069	204,341	212,758
<a href="#">400</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Manufacturing	881,352	799,461	603,503	484,165
<a href="#">500</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Transportation and public utilities	199,061	213,720	255,151	302,807

610	?	Wholesale trade	153,992	235,170	292,995	305,660
620	?	Retail trade	472,222	548,879	657,389	723,317
700	?	Finance, insurance, and real estate	192,206	250,219	413,173	444,551
800	?	Services	568,041	806,085	1,268,801	1,616,883
900	?	Government and government enterprises	470,280	565,178	599,847	604,043
910	?	Federal, civilian	70,633	71,839	79,992	67,937
920	?	Military	92,656	46,400	42,545	28,852
930	?	State and local	306,991	446,939	477,310	507,254
931	?	State government	(N)	103,619	125,695	139,500
932	?	Local government	(N)	343,320	351,615	367,754

## Footnotes for Table CA25 (SIC)

1. The estimates of employment for 1969–74 based on 1967 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). The estimates for 1975–87 are based on the 1972 SIC. The estimates for 1988–2000 are based on the 1987 SIC.
2. Excludes limited partners.
3. "Other" consists of the number of jobs held by U.S. residents employed by international organizations and foreign embassies and consulates in the United States.
4. Cibola, NM was separated from Valencia in June 1981, but in these estimates Valencia includes Cibola through the end of 1981.
5. La Paz County, AZ was separated from Yuma County on January 1, 1983. The Yuma, AZ MSA contains the area that became La Paz County, AZ through 1982 and excludes it beginning with 1983.
6. Estimates for 1979 forward reflect Alaska Census Areas as defined by the Census Bureau; those for prior years reflect Alaska Census Divisions as defined in the 1970 Decennial Census. Estimates from 1988 forward separate Aleutian Islands Census Area into Aleutians East Borough and Aleutians West Census Area. Estimates for 1991 forward separate Denali Borough from Yukon-Koyukuk Census Area and Lake and Peninsula Borough from Dillingham Census Area. Estimates from 1993 forward separate Skagway-Yakutat-Angoon Census Area into Skagway-Hoonah-Angoon Census Area and Yakutat Borough.
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### CA25N - Total full-time and part-time employment by industry

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#### CA25N Total full-time and part-time employment by industry -- Ocean, NJ

(number of jobs)

Code	Item	2001	2004
<a href="#">0010</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Total employment	189,311	205,819
<a href="#">0020</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Wage and salary employment	147,276	158,049
<a href="#">0040</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Proprietors employment	42,035	47,770
<a href="#">0050</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm proprietors employment	239	239
<a href="#">0060</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm proprietors employment 2/	41,796	47,531
<a href="#">0070</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm employment	333	350
<a href="#">0080</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm employment	188,978	205,469
<a href="#">0090</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Private employment	162,345	176,981
<a href="#">0100</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Forestry, fishing, related activities, and other 3/	(D)	(D)
<a href="#">0200</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Mining	(D)	(D)
<a href="#">0300</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Utilities	1,238	1,038
<a href="#">0400</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Construction	14,351	16,317
<a href="#">0500</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Manufacturing	6,904	6,569
<a href="#">0600</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Wholesale trade	4,181	4,529
<a href="#">0700</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Retail trade	31,255	32,732
<a href="#">0800</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Transportation and warehousing	3,718	3,999



<u>0900</u>	?	Information	2,157	1,887
<u>1000</u>	?	Finance and insurance	7,517	8,229
<u>1100</u>	?	Real estate and rental and leasing	11,221	13,375
<u>1200</u>	?	Professional and technical services	10,774	11,603
<u>1300</u>	?	Management of companies and enterprises	313	346
<u>1400</u>	?	Administrative and waste services	7,441	8,374
<u>1500</u>	?	Educational services	3,470	4,722
<u>1600</u>	?	Health care and social assistance	27,742	30,195
<u>1700</u>	?	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	6,851	7,544
<u>1800</u>	?	Accommodation and food services	12,361	13,134
<u>1900</u>	?	Other services, except public administration	10,203	11,760
<u>2000</u>	?	Government and government enterprises	26,633	28,488
<u>2001</u>	?	Federal, civilian	2,820	2,760
<u>2002</u>	?	Military	1,788	1,701
<u>2010</u>	?	State and local	22,025	24,027
<u>2011</u>	?	State government	1,749	1,844
<u>2012</u>	?	Local government	20,276	22,183

## Footnotes for Table CA25 (NAICS)

1. The estimates of employment for 2001-2004 are based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).
2. Excludes limited partners.
3. "Other" consists of the number of jobs held by U.S. residents employed by international organizations and foreign embassies and consulates in the United States.
4. Broomfield County, CO, was created from parts of Adams, Boulder, Jefferson, and Weld counties effective November 15, 2001. Estimates for Broomfield county begin with 2002.

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### CA25N - Total full-time and part-time employment by industry

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#### CA25N Total full-time and part-time employment by industry -- New Jersey (number of jobs)

Code	Item	2001	2004
<a href="#">0010</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Total employment	4,789,296	4,890,392
<a href="#">0020</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Wage and salary employment	4,099,979	4,106,238
<a href="#">0040</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Proprietors employment	689,317	784,154
<a href="#">0050</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm proprietors employment	9,367	9,388
<a href="#">0060</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm proprietors employment 2/	679,950	774,766
<a href="#">0070</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Farm employment	18,529	17,496
<a href="#">0080</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Nonfarm employment	4,770,767	4,872,896
<a href="#">0090</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Private employment	4,158,047	4,227,253
<a href="#">0100</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Forestry, fishing, related activities, and other 3/	6,607	6,274
<a href="#">0200</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Mining	3,090	2,980
<a href="#">0300</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Utilities	16,461	15,220
<a href="#">0400</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Construction	226,454	238,964
<a href="#">0500</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Manufacturing	410,358	350,027
<a href="#">0600</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Wholesale trade	259,217	248,729
<a href="#">0700</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Retail trade	535,187	548,112
<a href="#">0800</a>	<a href="#">?</a> Transportation and warehousing	200,132	191,635

<u>0900</u>	<u>?</u>	Information	136,055	110,194
<u>1000</u>	<u>?</u>	Finance and insurance	275,661	280,353
<u>1100</u>	<u>?</u>	Real estate and rental and leasing	165,991	197,234
<u>1200</u>	<u>?</u>	Professional and technical services	402,822	394,445
<u>1300</u>	<u>?</u>	Management of companies and enterprises	66,335	67,070
<u>1400</u>	<u>?</u>	Administrative and waste services	296,558	314,467
<u>1500</u>	<u>?</u>	Educational services	95,084	107,211
<u>1600</u>	<u>?</u>	Health care and social assistance	478,685	518,712
<u>1700</u>	<u>?</u>	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	82,276	92,510
<u>1800</u>	<u>?</u>	Accommodation and food services	275,416	295,983
<u>1900</u>	<u>?</u>	Other services, except public administration	225,658	247,133
<u>2000</u>	<u>?</u>	Government and government enterprises	612,720	645,643
<u>2001</u>	<u>?</u>	Federal, civilian	64,200	61,225
<u>2002</u>	<u>?</u>	Military	28,454	26,565
<u>2010</u>	<u>?</u>	State and local	520,066	557,853
<u>2011</u>	<u>?</u>	State government	142,165	152,787
<u>2012</u>	<u>?</u>	Local government	377,901	405,066

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