



FPL

AUG 6 2007

10 CFR § 50.73
L-2007-123

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Attn: Document Control Desk
Washington, D. C. 20555-0001

Re: Turkey Point Unit 3
Docket No. 50-250
Reportable Event: 2007-002-00
Date of Event: June 6, 2007
Completion of Shutdown Required by Technical Specifications due to Inoperable Rod
Position Indication for Two Control Rods in the Same Control Bank

The attached License Event Report 05000250/2007-002-00 is being submitted pursuant to the requirements of 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(i)(A) to provide notification of the subject event.

If there are any questions, please call Mr. James Connolly at (305) 246-6632.

Very truly yours,

William Jefferson, Jr.
Vice President
Turkey Point Nuclear Plant

SM

Attachment

cc: Regional Administrator, USNRC, Region II
Senior Resident Inspector, USNRC, Turkey Point Nuclear Plant

IE22

NRR

NRC FORM 366 (6-2004)		U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION		APPROVED BY OMB: NO. 3150-0104 Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 50 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Records and FOIA/Privacy Service Branch (T-5 F52), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by internet e-mail to infocollects@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0104), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.		EXPIRES: 06/30/2007								
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) (See reverse for required number of digits/characters for each block)														
1. FACILITY NAME				2. DOCKET NUMBER		3. PAGE								
Turkey Point Unit 3				05000250		1 OF 5								
4. TITLE Completion of Shutdown Required by Technical Specifications due to Inoperable Rod Position Indication for Two Control Rods in the Same Control Bank														
5. EVENT DATE			6. LER NUMBER			7. REPORT DATE			8. OTHER FACILITIES INVOLVED					
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REV NO.	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	FACILITY NAME	DOCKET NUMBER				
06	06	2007	2007	- 002 -	00	08	06	2007		05000				
									FACILITY NAME	DOCKET NUMBER				
										05000				
9. OPERATING MODE			11. THIS REPORT IS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF 10 CFR§: (Check all that apply)											
1			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2201(b)			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(3)(i)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(C)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(vii)		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2201(d)			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(3)(ii)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(vii)(A)		
100			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(1)			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(4)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(vii)(B)		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(i)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(1)(i)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(iii)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ix)(A)		
100			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(ii)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(1)(ii)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(x)		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(iii)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(2)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 73.71(a)(4)		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(iv)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.46(a)(3)(ii)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(B)			<input type="checkbox"/> 73.71(a)(5)		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(v)			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(A)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(C)			<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER		
			<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(vi)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B)			<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(D)			Specify in Abstract below or in NRC Form 366A		
12. LICENSEE CONTACT FOR THIS LER														
NAME								TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include Area Code)						
Stavroula Mihalakea- Licensing Engineer								305-246-6454						
13. COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR EACH COMPONENT FAILURE DESCRIBED IN THIS REPORT														
CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANU-FACTURER	REPORTABLE TO EPIX	CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANU-FACTURER	REPORTABLE TO EPIX					
B														
14. SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT EXPECTED								15. EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE		MONTH	DAY	YEAR		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES (If yes, complete 15. EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE) <input type="checkbox"/> NO										11	15	2007		
ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i.e., approximately 15 single-spaced typewritten lines)														
<p>On June 6, 2007, Turkey Point Unit 3 was operating at 100% power. At 0650, Operators observed that Rod Position Indication (RPI) for control rod F-4 in Control Bank C begun to oscillate above and below 218 steps. RPI for rod M-6 in Control Bank C had been inoperable since September 1, 2006. At 0745, unable to comply with Technical Specification (TS) 3.1.3.2 Action a., i.e., maximum of one analog rod position indication per bank inoperable, TS Limiting Condition for Operation (LCO) 3.0.3 was entered to place the Unit 3 in Hot Standby. At 0746, Operations initiated a plant shutdown. The cause of the failed RPIs is the incorrect application of the RPI seismic plate coil stack pigtail assembly connector insert material (neoprene) for the required environment (high temperatures). The root cause evaluation is ongoing. The Unit 3 RPI coil stack pigtail assembly connectors were removed and the RPI pigtail assembly wires were spliced to the RPI intermediate head cables. Turkey Point Unit 3 returned to service after RPI repairs were complete. Turkey Point Unit 4 had the same type of connectors installed. Unit 4 proactively shutdown to replace the connectors with qualified cable splices similar to Unit 3 repairs. A supplement to this LER will be submitted following the issuance of the final root cause evaluation.</p>														

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TEXT CONTINUATION

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		YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	
Turkey Point Unit 3	05000250	2007	- 002	- 00	Page 2 of 5

TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)**DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT**

On June 6, 2007, Turkey Point Unit 3 was operating at 100% power with no safety systems out of service. At 0650, Operators observed that Rod Position Indication (RPI) for control rod F-4 in Control Bank C begun to oscillate above and below 218 steps. At that time, Operations entered the off normal operating procedure for rod misalignment, declared control rod F-4 inoperable, and entered Technical Specification (TS) 3.1.3.1 Action d.1 to restore the inoperable rod to operable status. Operations confirmed that no control rod misalignment existed, and exited the 1 hour TS action.

Subsequently, at 0745 Operations entered the off normal operating procedure for rod position indication malfunction, declared the RPI for rod F-4 in Control Bank C inoperable and reviewed TS 3.1.3.2 for compliance. TS 3.1.3.2 allows continued operation with a maximum of one inoperable rod position indication per Control Bank provided the rod position is verified indirectly by the moveable incore detectors (i.e., flux map) every eight hours or power must be reduced to 75%. If more than one RPI is inoperable in the same Control Bank, entry into TS 3.0.3 is required to initiate a unit shutdown.

Prior to this event, there had been three RPI failures since September of 2006. Flux mapping was being performed for two control rods G-5 in Control Bank A and E-5 in Shutdown Bank B due to these two RPI failures that had recently occurred on May 1, 2007 for rod G-5 and on June 2, 2007 for rod E-5. The third RPI for rod M-6 in control Bank C had occurred September 1, 2006. Flux mapping was not being performed for rod M-6, since a Technical Specification change was approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), to allow an alternate method for monitoring the rod's position, i.e., by verifying gripper coil parameters of the control rod drive mechanism to determine it has not changed state.

At approximately 0745, with inoperable RPIs for rods F-4 and M-6 in the same control bank C, unable to comply with TS 3.1.3.2 Action a., i.e., maximum of one analog rod position indication per bank inoperable, Operations entered 1 hour action in accordance with TS 3.0.3 to place Unit 3 in Hot Standby. At approximately 0746, Operations initiated the Unit 3 shutdown. At 1152, reactor power was reduced below 25% and a manual reactor trip was performed in accordance with operating procedures. As such, at 1152, Operations exited TS 3.0.3. There were no abnormal indications observed during the duration of the Unit 3 shutdown. The RPI failures had no affect on the operation of any plant safety systems. There were no adverse effects on nuclear safety nor was the health and safety of the public compromised during this event.

This event was reported to the NRC on June 6, 2007 at 0932 pursuant to 10CFR50.72(b)(2)(i) due to initiation of a plant shutdown required by the plant Technical Specifications; and submitted event notification # 43408. FPL condition report 2007-17324 was originated. This event is reportable pursuant to the requirements of 10CFR50.73(a)(2) (i)(A) due to a completion of a plant shutdown required by Technical Specifications.

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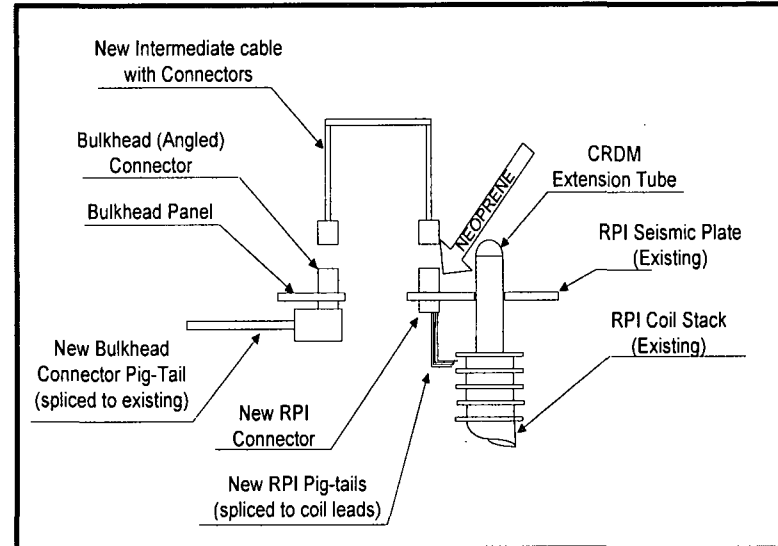
TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Turkey Point Unit 3 Reactor Vessel Closure Head (RVCH) was replaced during the Fall 2004 refueling outage. As part of the replacement effort, additional improvements were made to increase overall reactor vessel related system reliability, and enhance refueling/defueling operations. The RVCH was replaced with a new Integrated Head Assembly (IHA). This included all new IHA cable and connector assemblies for the Rod Position Indication, Control Rod Drive Mechanism, Core Exit Thermocouples, and Reactor Vessel Level Instrumentation System.

The RPI cable replacement included the following: a) replacement of cables surrounding the reactor cavity with new cable spliced into the existing cable, b) new bulkhead connector and panel on the refueling floor on the west end of the reactor cavity, c) new intermediate cables with connectors from the bulkhead connector panel to the RPI Seismic Plate Coil stack connectors. The existing Rod Position Indicator (RPI) coils were reused. The RPI coil stack seismic plate connectors were also replaced. Refer to Figure 1.

Figure 1: RPI Coil Stack Cable Connectors



The rod position detector is a linear variable transformer consisting of primary and secondary coils alternately stacked on stainless steel support tube. The Rod Control Cluster Assembly (RCCA) drive rod serves as the "core" of the transformer. The vertical position of the drive rod changes the primary to secondary coupling and produces a unique A.C. analog secondary voltage. The output voltage is an analog signal directly proportional to the position of the control rod.

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EVENT ANALYSIS

There have been four Turkey Point Unit 3 RPI failures since September 1, 2006 resulting in inoperable RPIs for rods M-6 in control Bank C, G-5 in Control Bank A, E-5 in Shutdown Bank B, and F-4 in Control Bank C. The number and chronology of failures was considered highly abnormal and potentially indicative of common cause failure. The symptoms of failure were similar amongst the four RPI detectors consisting of sudden erratic rod position indication without intentional rod movement.

The identified RPI failures were at the RPI coil stack seismic plate connection with the coil stack seismic plate-mounted male connector being the failure initiator/propagator. The RPI coil stack seismic plate connectors have been determined to have neoprene inserts based on part numbers, vendor documentation, insert material color, and laboratory testing of the failed dielectric from the M-6 RPI coil stack connector.

The cables and connectors installed in the vicinity of the reactor vessel must be able to maintain their physical and electrical insulation properties over many years under high temperature environmental conditions. The RPI coil stack seismic plate connector utilized neoprene rubber insert, instead of silicone rubber. The degradation of the neoprene rubber insert from the pigtail assembly connector contaminated and permeated the silicon rubber insert of the intermediate cable mating connector. The contamination of the intermediate cable connector resulted in a breakdown of its silicon rubber insert and caused it to become conductive. This conductivity resulted in shorting of conductor dielectric and caused the erratic RPI detector oscillations.

Based on the insulation resistance checks of all 45 RPI circuits, only the four RPIs identified previously were found with unacceptable resistance readings. The remaining 41 RPIs were capable of performing their function at the time of the Unit 3 shutdown.

CAUSE OF THE EVENT

Following the Unit 3 reactor shutdown, an Event Response Team was formed with the purpose of identifying and correcting any failures or problems discovered and evaluating the extent of condition. A Root Cause Team was also formed to investigate the cause of the RPI failures, the failure mode, the failure mechanism and effect of the failed components, as well as the human performance causes and circumstances including organizational, process and programmatic issues that led to the plant shutdown.

The cause of the failed RPIs is the incorrect application of the connector insert material (neoprene) for the required environment (high temperatures). A root cause evaluation including the human performance causes and circumstances that led to the use of the incorrect RPI pigtail assembly connector insert is ongoing. A supplement to this LER will be submitted following completion of the final root cause evaluation.

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TEXT (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form 366A) (17)**ANALYSIS OF SAFETY SIGNIFICANCE**

Unit 3 was shutdown in accordance to plant procedures due to multiple RPI failures. The multiple RPI failures had no adverse impact on the ability of the operators to shutdown the reactor. There were no instances of rod misalignment.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: EXTENT OF CONDITION

Only the RPI seismic plate stack coil pigtail assembly connectors had the neoprene inserts. Other head cable connector inserts were silicone rubber, which is the proper material for the application.

The Unit 4 installed RPI seismic plate stack coil pigtail assembly connectors had neoprene inserts.

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Turkey Point Unit 3 was shutdown and the RPI seismic plate coil stack connectors were removed. Because of parts unavailability and the long lead time to procure new connectors, the RPI coil stack pigtail assembly wires have been spliced to the RPI intermediate head cables as a corrective action which eliminates the failure mode by eliminating the unqualified portion of the RPI system.

Turkey Point Unit 4 was proactively shutdown on July 22, 2007 to remove these connectors and splice the RPI coil stack pigtail assembly wires to the RPI intermediate head cables.

Corrective actions to prevent reoccurrence may be implemented upon completion of the final root cause evaluation.

SIMILAR EVENTS: There is no record of past occurrences of this type of event at Turkey Point.