

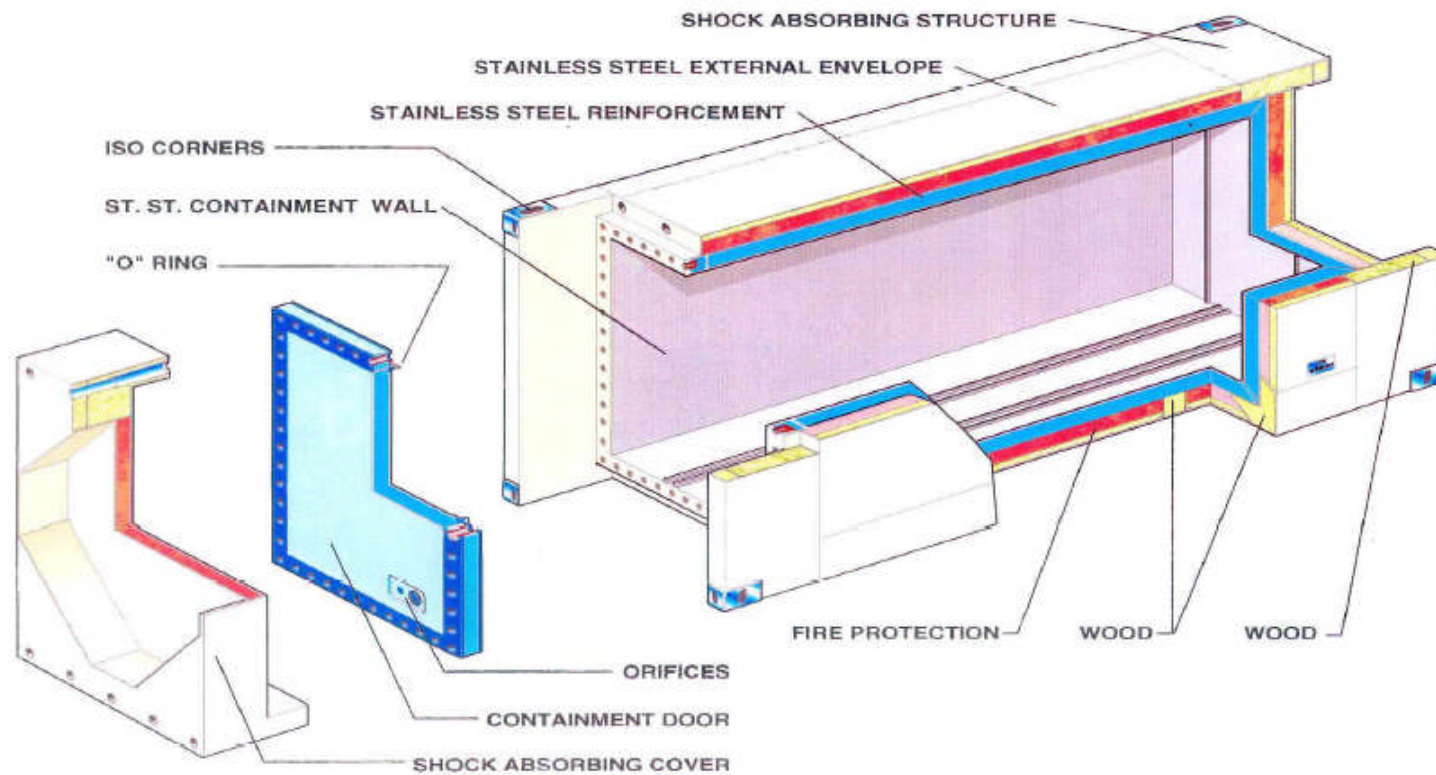
# Status of the TRUPACT-III and ARROW-PAK Applications



**Western Governor's Association  
WIPP Transportation Advisory Group  
October 5, 2005**

**Earl Easton  
Spent Fuel Project Office  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission**

# TRUPACT-III Transport Package



- Original TRUPACT-III application based on computer analysis and half scale tests.

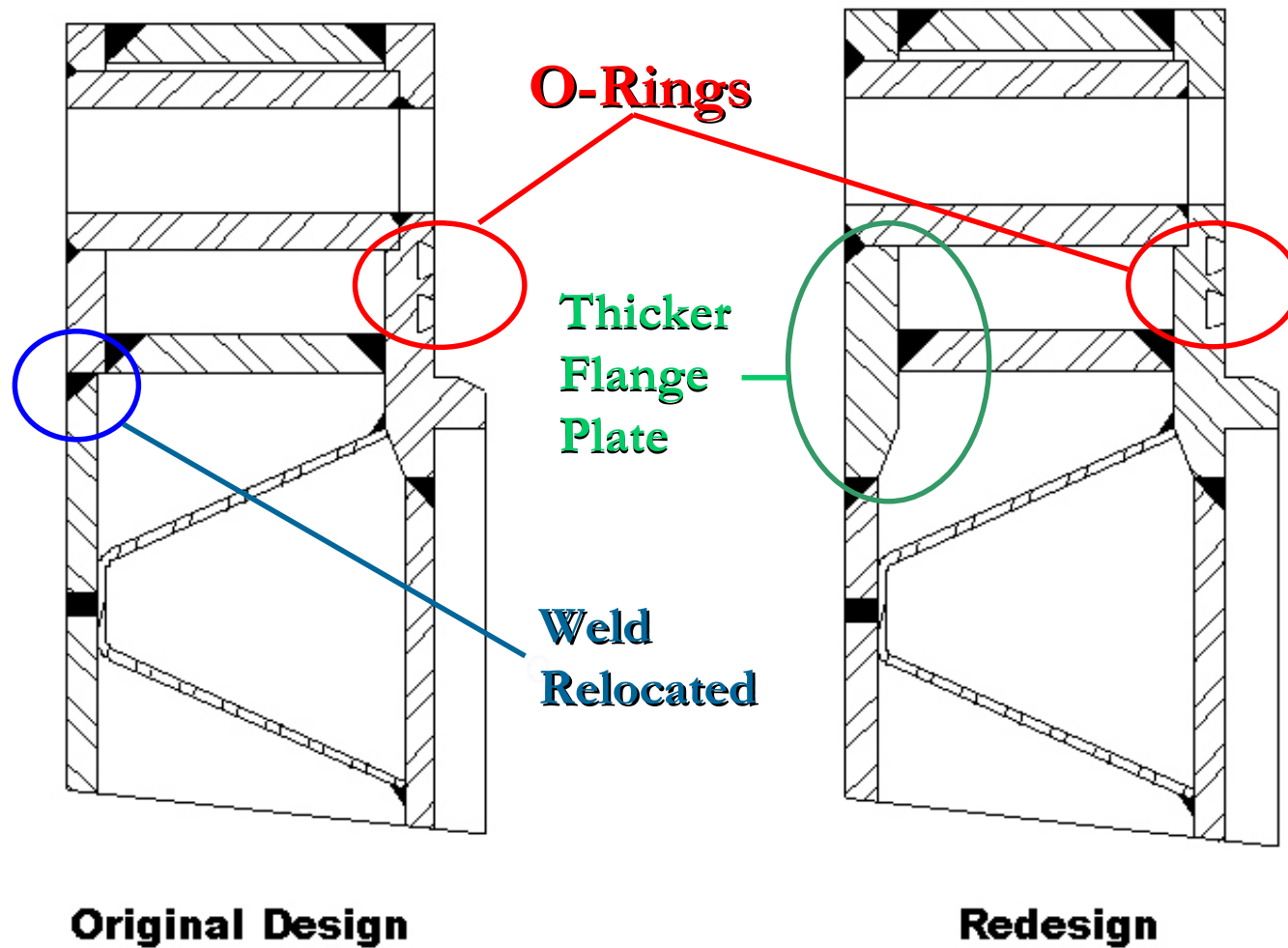


- Test models were leak tight after drop tests.
- However, computer modeling predicted yielding in seal region and insufficient code margins.

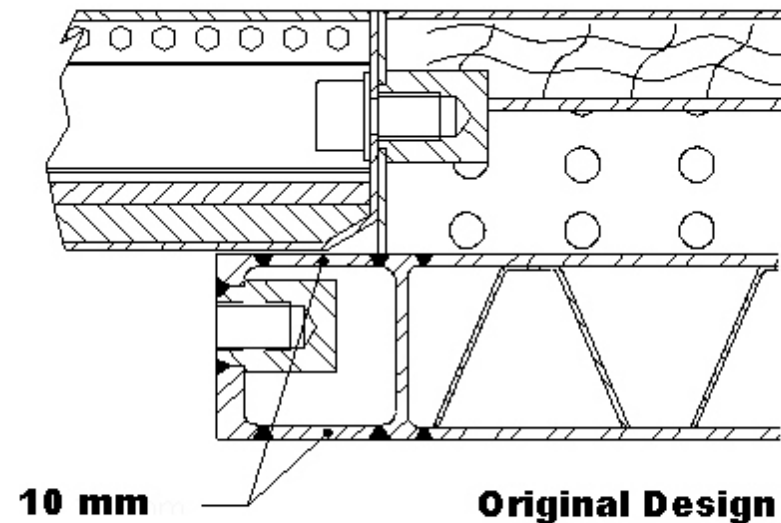
# Comparison between TRUPACT-III Designs

	TRUPACT-III	TRUPACT-III (redesign)
<b>External Dimensions</b> (L x W x H)	<b>20 x 8.2 x 8.7</b>	<b>14 x 8.2 x 8.7</b>
<b>Internal Dimensions</b> (L x W x H)	<b>14.8 x 6 x 6.6</b>	<b>9.1 x 6 x 6.6</b>
<b>Weight, empty</b>	<b>53,500 lbs.</b>	<b>43,800 lbs.</b>
<b>Weight, loaded</b>	<b>66,000 lbs.</b>	<b>55,100 lbs.</b>
<b>Payload</b>	<b>12,500 lbs.</b>	<b>11,300 lbs.</b>

# Closure Lid Flange Area



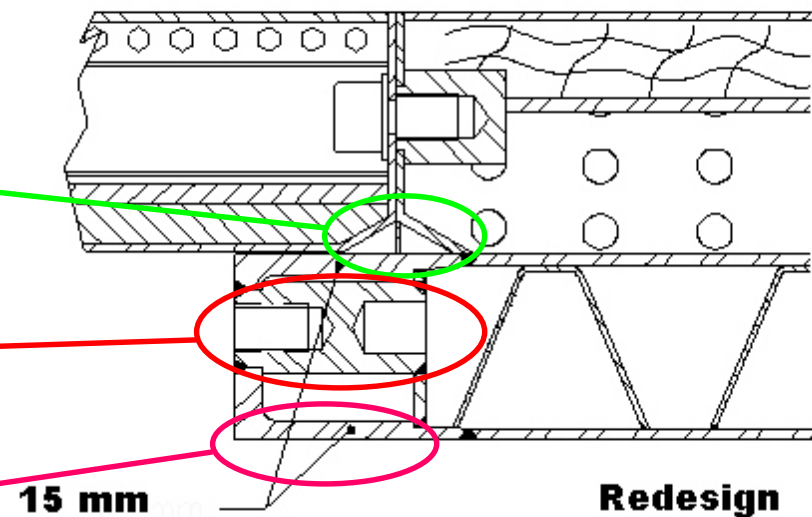
# Body Flange Region



Added Dogleg

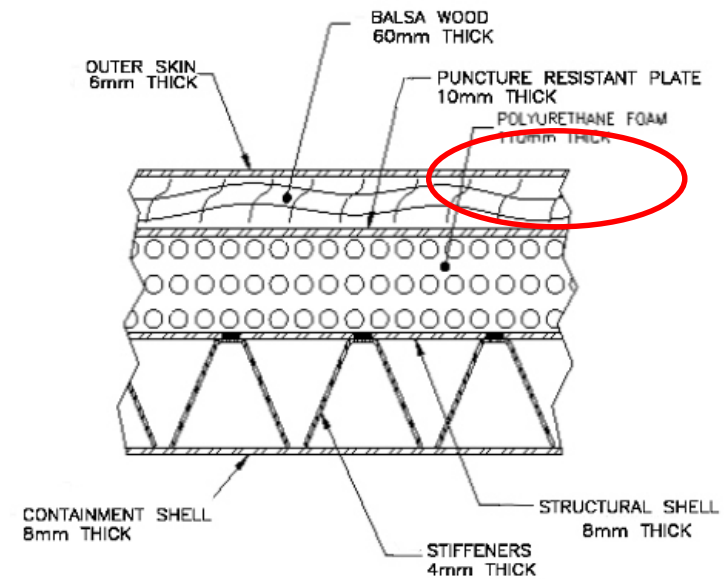
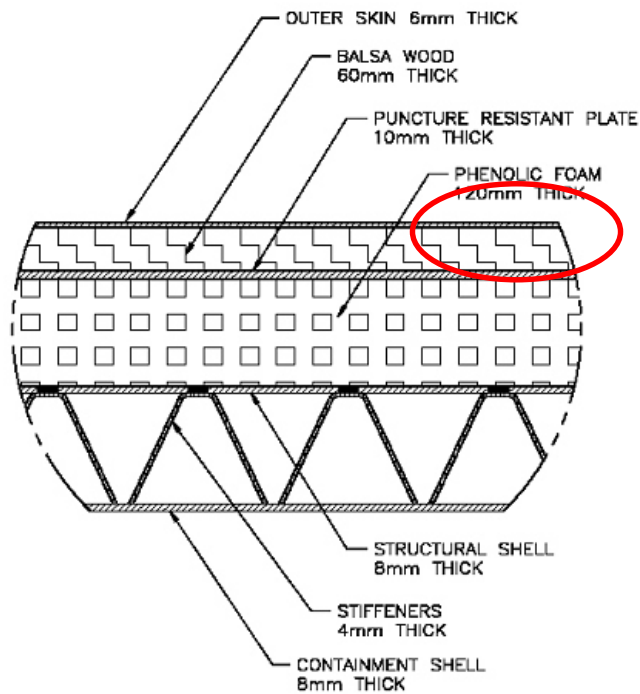
Extended Bolt Boss

Thicker Flange Plates





# Wall Cross Section



Foam changed to enhance impact strength.

# Application for TRUPACT-III Redesign

- Structural analysis and puncture evaluation based on full-scale testing
  - Four thirty foot drop tests
  - One NCT drop test (one foot)
  - Four puncture tests
  - Tests to be done on a single package; acceptance criteria is leaktight (ANSI 14.5)
- Thermal evaluation by analysis



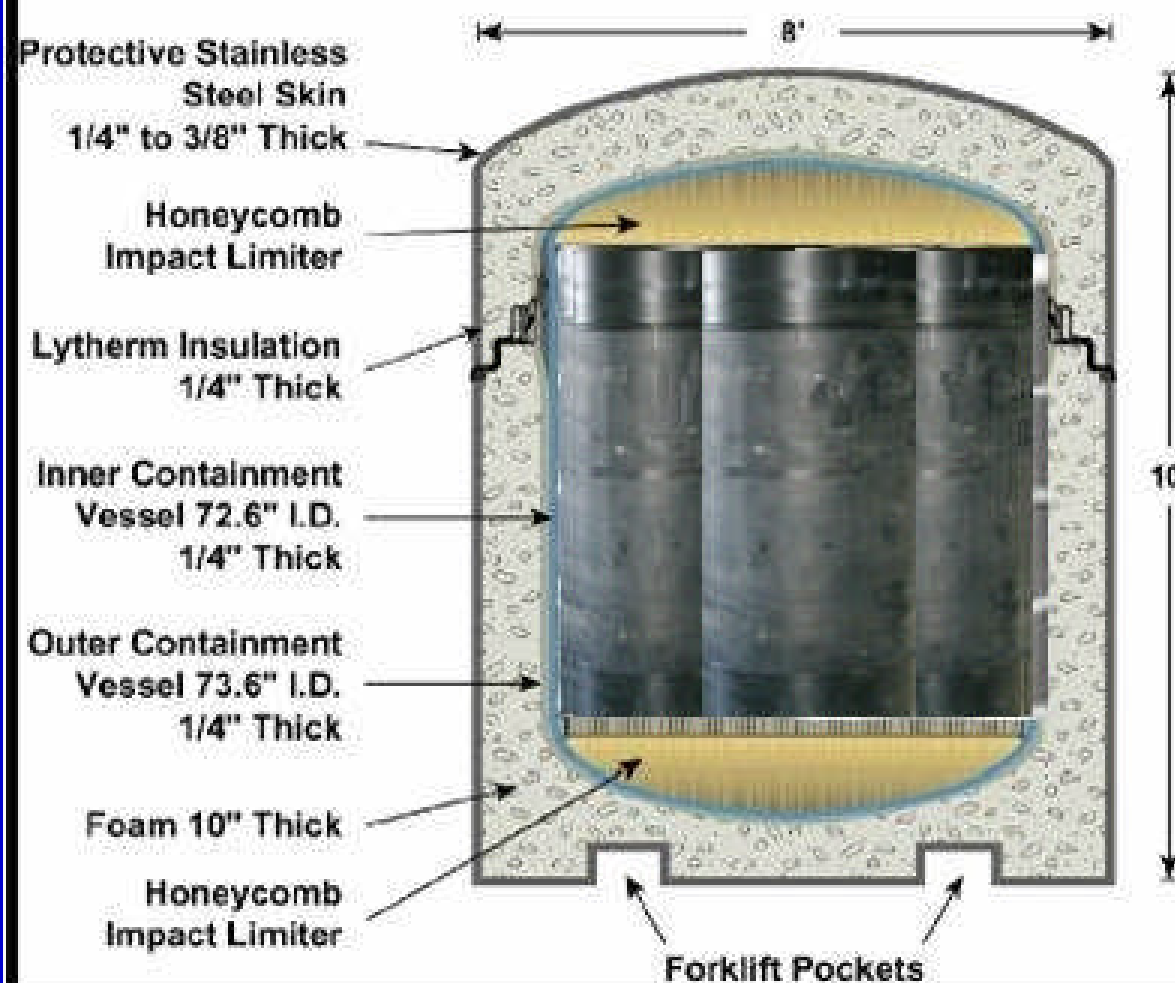
# Tentative Schedule for TRUPACT-III Application

- Development of detailed test plan – late 2005
- Full scale testing at SANDIA – May 2006
- Submittal of revised application – July 2006
- NRC decision on application – 6 to 12 months

# Status of ARROW-PAK Application

- Application submitted Jan. 31, 2005.
- ARROW-PAK would be used to ship waste that may generate higher amounts of hydrogen gas than currently allowed in TRUPACT-II (5% by volume).
- Requests exemption from 10 CFR § 71.43(d)
  - No significant chemical, galvanic, or other reaction among package components and contents.

# TRUPACT-II



## Weight

12,705 lbs. empty

19,250 lbs. loaded

## Material

Stainless Steel

Polyurethane Foam

Ceramic Fiber

Insulation

## ARROW-PAK

## Weight

525 lbs. empty

1,900 lbs. loaded

## Material

Extra-high Molecular Weight,  
High-density Polyethylene

# Status of ARROW-PAK Application

- Application based on:
  - Full-scale drop testing of ARROW-PAK containers.
  - Pressure testing of ARROW-PAK containers.



Above: Three ARROW-PAK containers loaded into the TRUPACT-II Inner Containment Vessel



Above: ARROW-PAK containers



Left: TRUPACT-II Inner Containment Vessel (ICV) with Bottom Stiffeners



Left: The TRUPACT-II Inner Containment Vessel after a thirty foot end drop.

Right: The TRUPACT-II Inner Containment Vessel after a thirty foot side drop.







Above: External view of ARROW-PAK containers after thirty foot drop tests

Right: ARROW-PAK container tested with 55-gallon drum



Above: ARROW-PAK container tested with concrete disks





# Pressure testing of ARROW-PAK containers

- ARROW-PAK Containers hydrostatically tested by injecting high pressure water.
- Containers pressurized four times up to 1000 psig. Burst occurred at 820 psig during pressure drop from 1000 psig.
- Rupture occurred as longitudinal split at center of sidewall.



High –Pressure Accumulator System

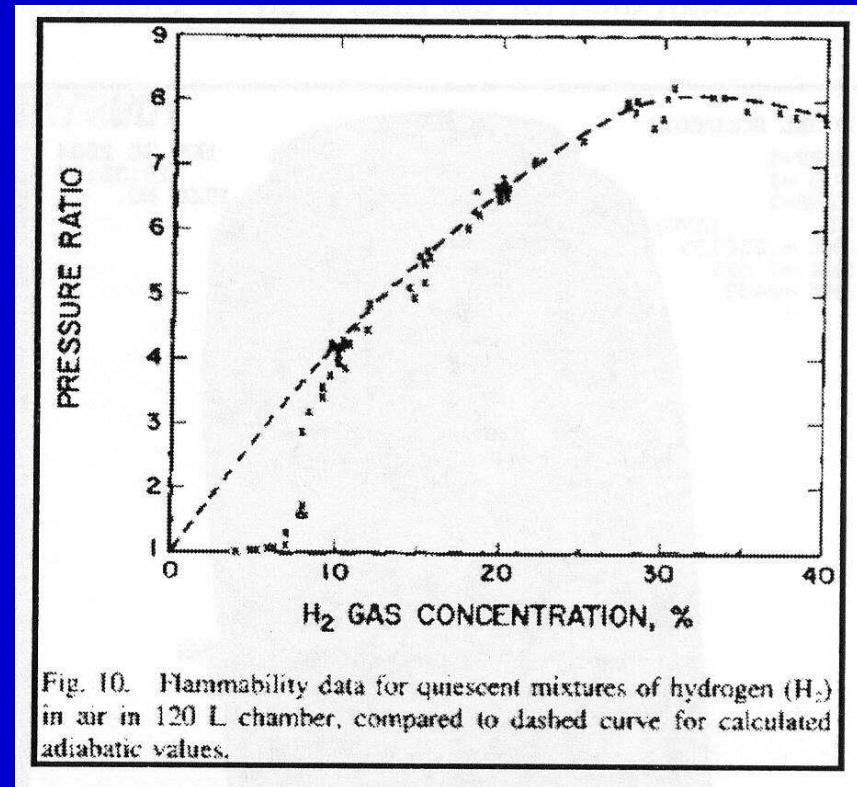
# Hydrostatic Testing of ARROW-PAK Container



## Theoretical Calculation of Maximum Internal Pressure due to An Hydrogen Deflagration Event

- Maximum pressure ratio of 8 occurs when a stoichiometric mixture of hydrogen and oxygen is present.
- Maximum internal pressure occurs for 75% hydrogen mixture

Percent Hydrogen	Liters of H <sub>2</sub> added	Pressure Ratio	Internal Pressure
33.3	237	8.0	153
50	564	5.8	156
75	1692	3.7	203

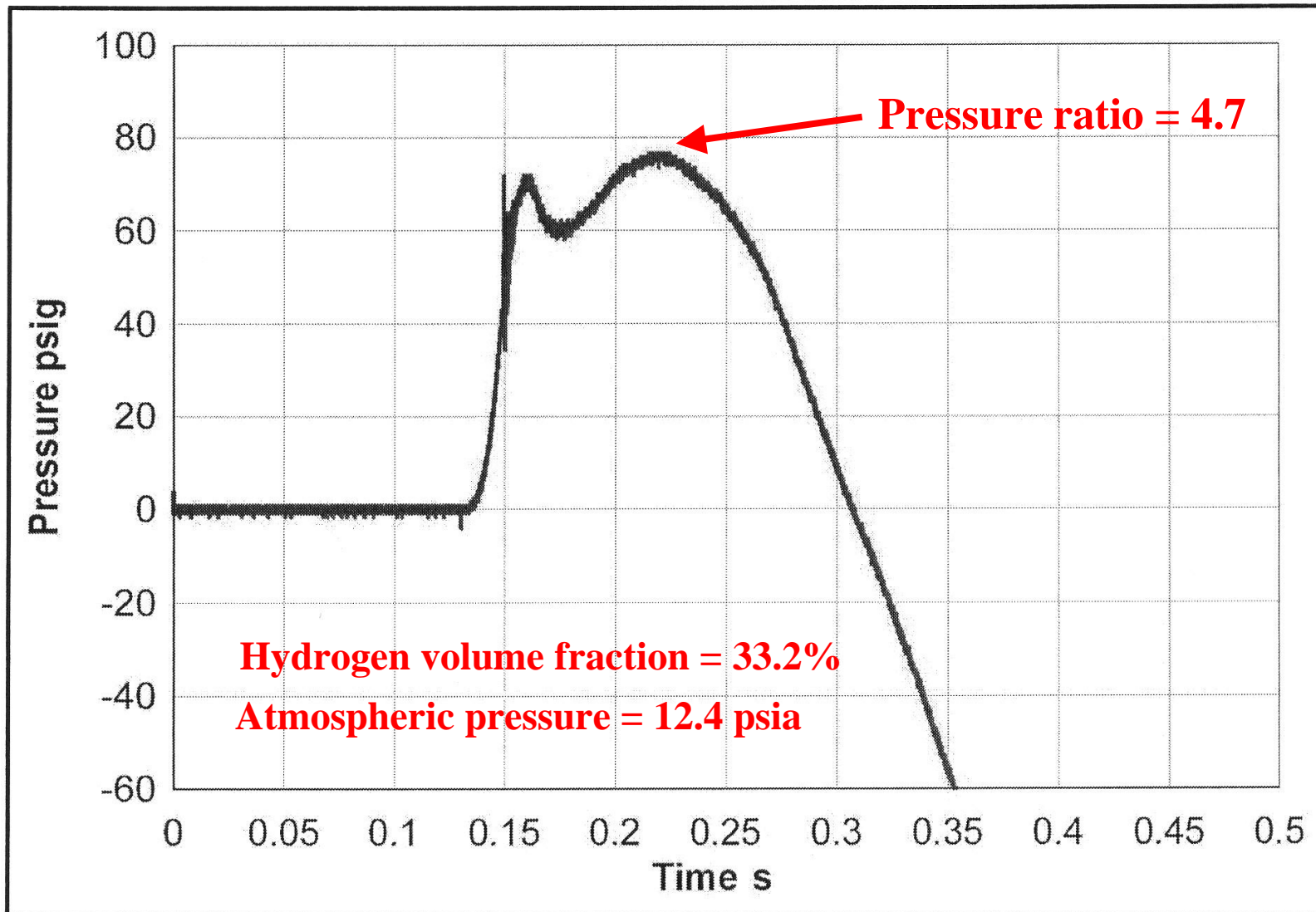


Volume of ARROW-PAK  
Container = 564 liters

445 liters of nitrogen  
119 liters of oxygen



# Experimental Results



- Maximum theoretical internal pressure at room temperature predicted to be 203 psig.
- Factor of two applied to account for 140 °F internal temperature of container,  $2 \times 203 = 406$  psig.

$$\text{Safety Margin} = \frac{820}{406} - 1 = 1.02$$

# Tentative Schedule for ARROW-PAK Application

- NRC request for additional information sent to applicant on July 8, 2005 (ML051890325).
- Public meeting with applicant - September 21, 2005.
- Applicant response expected by end of November, 2005.