

Docket: J-36(M)
Project: S-8

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Source & Special Nuclear Materials Br.

November 14, 1962

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UNITED NUCLEAR (CHEMICAL DIVISION), DOCKET 70-35

- References: (1) Application dated October 24, 1962
(2) CEB memo to SSMME, November 1, 1962
(3) Telecon with L. J. Swallow, November 15, 1962

We had recommended against the 5.25" ID shipping container as exceeding the 5" ID maximum for an infinite cylinder for uranium solutions or uranium compounds (maximum density 5.2 g/l), for any moderation, any enrichment and full water reflection (reference 2).

13E1483
4/10/27/65

Mr. Swallow (reference 3) stated he had taken credit for cylinder height, as permitted by Table IV, TID-7019. We accept this table as a criterion for the materials described in paragraph 1 above, and agree that 5.25" ID is a safe diameter for the 36 1/2" height.

Attachment:
Draft ltr-JJLane, 11/15/62

By CDZ 3/9/64
Loading
 $785(5.25) \times 36.5 = 791 \text{ in}^3$
 $\times 16.4 = 13,000 \text{ cc}$
or 13L
max wt = $13 \times 3.2 = 41.6 \text{ kg}$
or 91 lb.

of outer leak out
of 5.25" dia inner
cont. into 55 gal drum
of leak
Vol = $13,000 \text{ cc} = 16.4 \text{ in}^3$
 $t = \frac{13,000}{16.4 \times 398} = 1.99 \text{ in}$
or $t = 36.5 \times \frac{5.25}{22.5} = 1.99 \text{ in}$

Note: See CDZ
Notebook for proof of
solid angle calc.

DLR:MS:CEB
CDLuke/vj
11/14/62

$$(D_{cyl,s} - 5) \text{ vs. } (H_{cyl,s} - 1.5)$$

11-19-62
2.6.200
RF

Safe Values

Graphs of Table IV, p. 15, TID-7019

U^{235} enriched U salts & solutions
full water reflector - any enrichment
or moderation (homogeneous)

Cyl. Diam, inch	Height, inch
5.0	∞
5.5	33.7
6	17.6
7	8.5
8	6.2
9	5.0
10	4.2
11	3.7
12	3.3
15	2.6
36	1.7
∞	1.5

for 5.25 in diam cyl.
 $H = 70 + 1.5 = 71.5$ in

Cylinder Height - 1.5, Inches

Subject - United States - (Mallinckrodt)
 To confirm acceptance of 5.25 in
 dia. cyl. of height 36.5 in

11-14-62
~~RTS~~
 Docket 70-36
 appl. date Oct. 29, 1962

Constant-buckling conversion

$$\frac{(2.4048)^2}{(R + \lambda)^2} + \frac{\pi^2}{(H + 2\lambda)^2} = \frac{(2.4048)^2}{(R' + \lambda')^2}$$

$\lambda = 6.15 \text{ cm.}$ ($H/D = 36.5/5.4$) from LAMS-2415, fig. 27

$\lambda' = 6.35 \text{ cm.}$ (inf. cyl.)

$R' = 5.4 \times 2.54 / 2 \text{ cm.}$ (inf. cyl. radius critical)

$H = 36.5 \times 2.54 \text{ cm.}$

$R = ?$

$$\frac{5.78}{(R + 6.15)^2} + \frac{9.87}{(92.7 + 12.3)^2} = \frac{5.78}{(6.85 + 6.35)^2}$$

$$(R + 6.15)^2 = 5.78 / 0.0323 = 179$$

$$R + 6.15 = 13.38$$

$$R = 7.23 \text{ cm}$$

$$D_c = 14.46 \text{ cm or } 5.69 \text{ in}$$

$$D_s = 5.7 \left(\frac{5.0}{5.4} \right) = \underline{\underline{5.27 \text{ in}}}$$