

SCIENTIFIC NOTEBOOK

by

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EVALUATION OF ABAQUS AS A COMPLIANCE
DETERMINATION COMPUTER CODE
(CNWRA 95-016)

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Center for Nuclear Waste Regulatory Analyses
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TASK 2.3 PROBLEM SET 4:
FRACTURE FLOW ANALYSES

EVALUATION OF COMPUTER CODE ABAQUS FOR COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION—PHASE II PROBLEM SETS

G10 Beg/lon

1 DESCRIPTION OF PROBLEM SETS

PROBLEM SET 4: LEAK-OFF FROM PARTIALLY FILLED FRACTURE

This problem set examines the capabilities of ABAQUS in modeling moisture flow through unsaturated fractured rock. A fixed volume of water Q_0 is introduced at the top of a vertical fracture in unsaturated rock; and the advance of water in the fracture and absorption into the rock matrix are monitored. The geometry of the problem is illustrated in Figure 4-1. Fracture flow and matrix imbibition will be monitored in terms of the following:

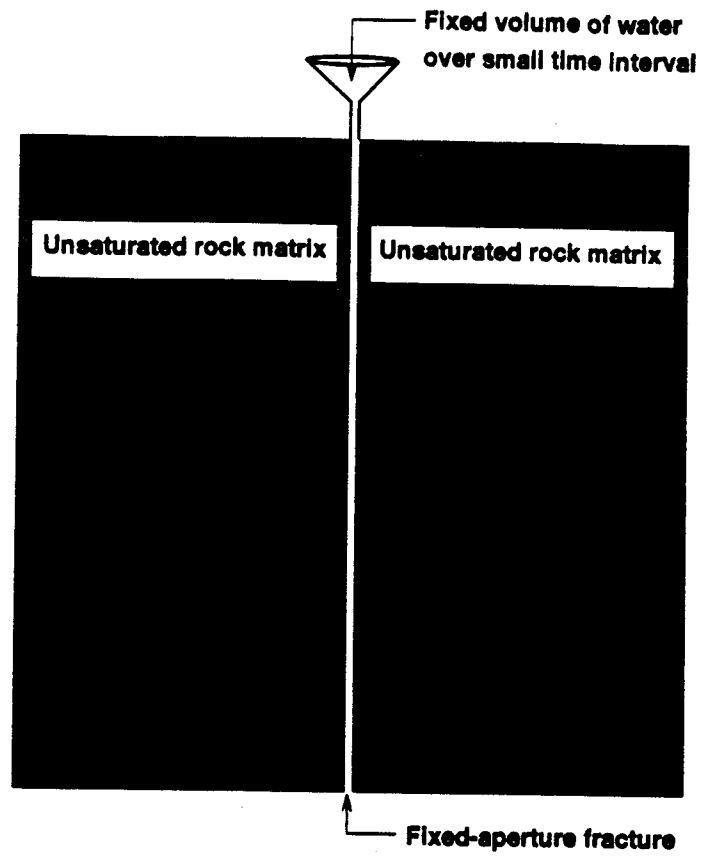
- Leading edge of water in the fracture, as a function of time.
- Trailing edge of water in the fracture, as a function of time.
- Maximum travel distance in the fracture, as a function of the volume Q_0 .
- Location of the wetting front in the rock matrix.

This problem will be solved using ABAQUS, V-TOUGH, and PORFLO for the two groups of material parameters used in Problem Set 1 (*Transient Infiltration*), which are listed in Table 4-1. The properties of water will be set as follows: density, $\rho=1,000 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$; dynamic viscosity, $\eta=10^{-3} \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{s}$. The value of gravitational acceleration will be set to $10 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$.

G10
10⁻³

Table 4-1. Material and model parameter specifications for Problem Set 4

Material and Model Parameters	Value for Topopah Spring Welded Tuff	Value for Higher Permeability Material
Initial pressure head in rock matrix (m)	-1,000	-2.5
Initial saturation in rock matrix	0.274	0.288
Saturated hydraulic conductivity ($\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$)	6.693×10^{-12}	1.625×10^{-5}
Porosity	0.0925	0.3
Gardner permeability parameter, $\alpha \text{ (m}^{-1}\text{)}$	0.0177	7.3
Residual saturation, S_r	0.0724	0.1833
van Genuchten parameter, $\beta \text{ (m}^{-1}\text{)}$	0.0072	2.9227
van Genuchten parameter, n	1.7664	2.0304



Input Files

df902.inp

Model as described
previously

df903.inp

Fracture-wall rock modeled
as fracture-zone 1 material
(see attached Moisture-retention
curves).

Sorption, exsorption and relative-permeability
input data generated using C code
SorptionInput.C, which is based on the
Van Genuchten moisture-retention law, ~~the~~ ^{GW} and
Mualem-van Genuchten ~~permeability~~ ^{GW} Gardner
permeability functions. The Gardner function
was not used ^{GW} for this problem set.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

main()
{
    float porosity,satPerm,unitWeight;
    float beta,n,m,lambda,rsat,rDrainSat,alpha;
    double *ph,*imbibSat,*drainSat,*relPerm,sat,se,term1;
    int i,numPoints,maxNumPoints;

    maxNumPoints = 121;
    ph = (double *)malloc(maxNumPoints*sizeof(double));
    imbibSat = (double *)malloc(maxNumPoints*sizeof(double));
    drainSat = (double *)malloc(maxNumPoints*sizeof(double));
    relPerm = (double *)malloc(maxNumPoints*sizeof(double));
    if (!ph || !imbibSat || !drainSat || !relPerm){
        printf("\n      Memory allocation error\n");
        return;
    }

    /*
    This codes prepares sorption, exsorption, and relative-permeability
    input data for ABAQUS analyses, for six different materials. It is
    currently setup for fracture-zone 2 material. The code can be setup
    for any of the six materials identified by removing/inserting
    comment markers as necessary
    */

    /* Higher permeability material (Material 2) */
    /*
    lambda = 0.0;
    unitWeight = 10.0;
    porosity = 0.3;
    satPerm = 1.625e-5;
    rsat = 0.055/porosity;
    rDrainSat = 0.065/porosity;
    beta = 2.9227;
    alpha = 7.3;
    n = 2.0304;
    m = 1.0 - 1.0/n;
    numPoints = 40;

    ph[0] = -5.5;
    ph[1] = -5.0;
    for (i=2; i<11; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.5;
    for (i=11; i<30; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.025;
    for (i=30; i<39; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.0025;
    ph[39] = 0.0;
    */

    /* Topopah Spring Welded */
    /*
    lambda = 0.0;
    satPerm = 6.693e-12;
    unitWeight = 10.0;
    porosity = 0.0925;
    rsat = 0.0067/porosity;
    rDrainSat = 0.0077/porosity;
    beta = 0.0072;

    alpha = 0.0177;
    n = 1.7664;
    m = 1.0 - 1.0/n;
    numPoints = 34;

    ph[0] = -2000.0;
    ph[1] = -1000.0;
    for (i=2; i<11; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 100.0;
    for (i=11; i<20; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 10.0;
    for (i=20; i<29; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 1.0;
    for (i=29; i<34; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.2;
    */

    /* Fracture zone 1 */
    /*
    lambda = 0.0;
    unitWeight = 10.0;
    satPerm = 6.06e-4;
    porosity = 0.09255;
    rsat = 0.274087;
    rDrainSat = 0.284087;
    beta = 1.0;
    alpha = 0.1;
    n = 5.0;
    m = 1.0 - 1.0/n;
    numPoints = 77;

    ph[0] = -2000.0;
    ph[1] = -1000.0;
    ph[2] = -100.0;
    for (i=3; i<22; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 5.0;
    for (i=22; i<71; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.1;
    for (i=71; i<76; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.01;
    ph[77] = 0.0;
    */

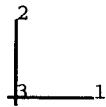
    /* Fracture zone 2 */
    /*
    lambda = 0.0;
    unitWeight = 10.0;
    satPerm = 6.06e-4;
    porosity = 0.0925;
    rsat = 0.274087;
    rDrainSat = 0.284087;
    beta = 0.1;
    alpha = 0.1;
    n = 4.0;
    m = 1.0 - 1.0/n;
    numPoints = 77;

    ph[0] = -2000.0;
    ph[1] = -1000.0;
    ph[2] = -100.0;
    for (i=3; i<22; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 5.0;
    for (i=22; i<71; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.1;
    for (i=71; i<76; i++) ph[i] = ph[i-1] + 0.01;
    ph[77] = 0.0;
    */

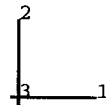
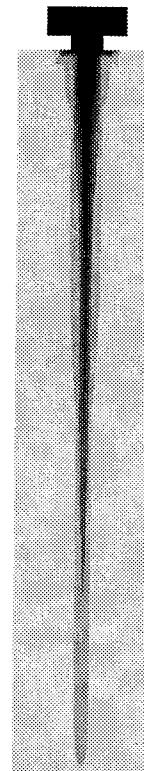
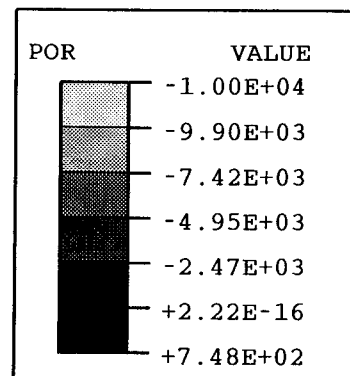
    /* Fracture zone 3 in Material 2 */
    /*
    lambda = 0.0;

```

ABAQUS



ABAQUS



dp902, after 6000 s

Post-processing for pore-pressure history

The files

df9021pthist.dat
df9022pthist.dat

df9031pthist.dat
df9032pthist.dat

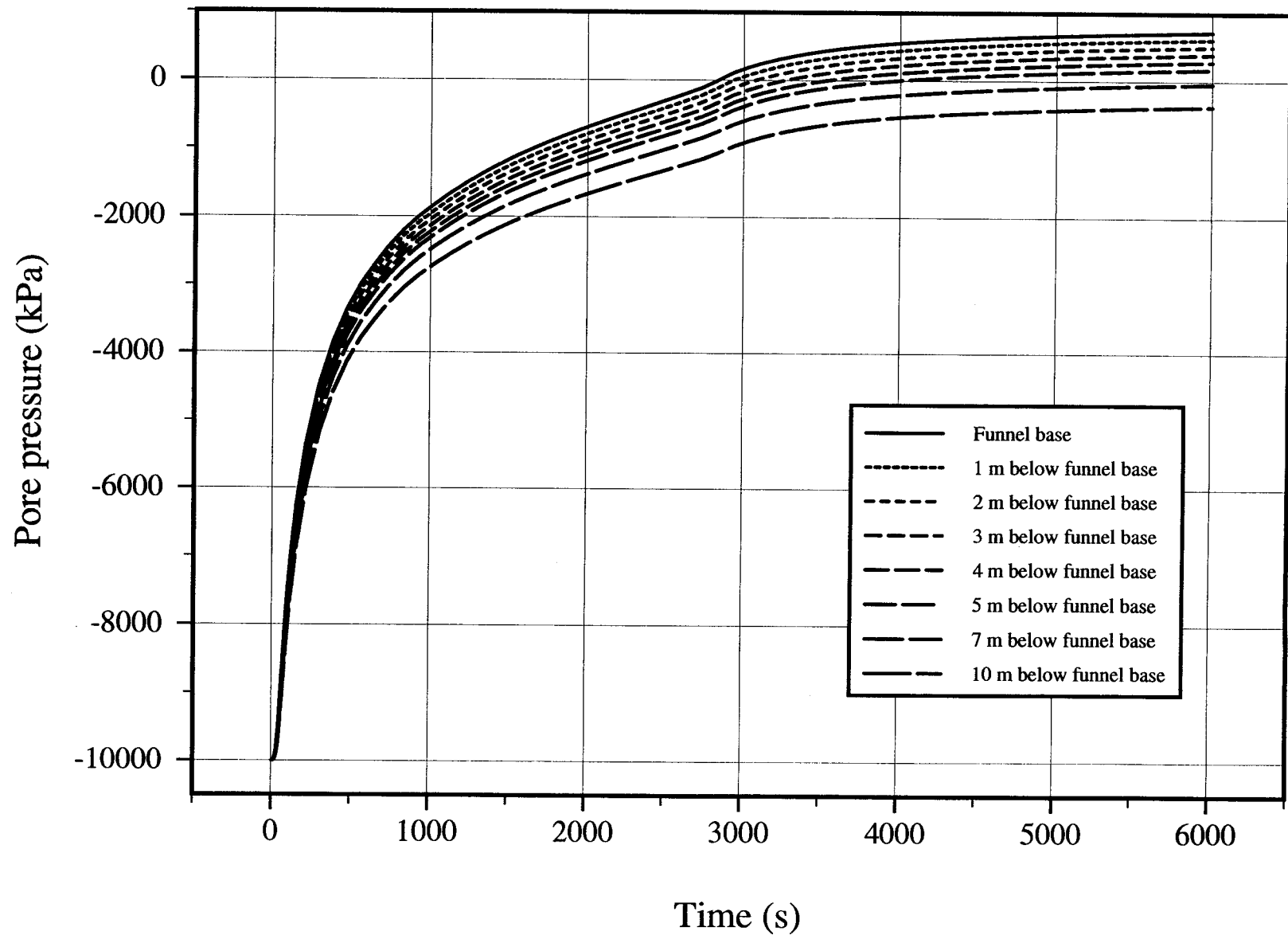
were obtained using ABAQUS commands
"READ CURVE" and "PRINT CURVE" in ABAQUS/POST
sessions on jobs df902 and ~~df903~~ df903.
(710)

Run the XPLOT batch files

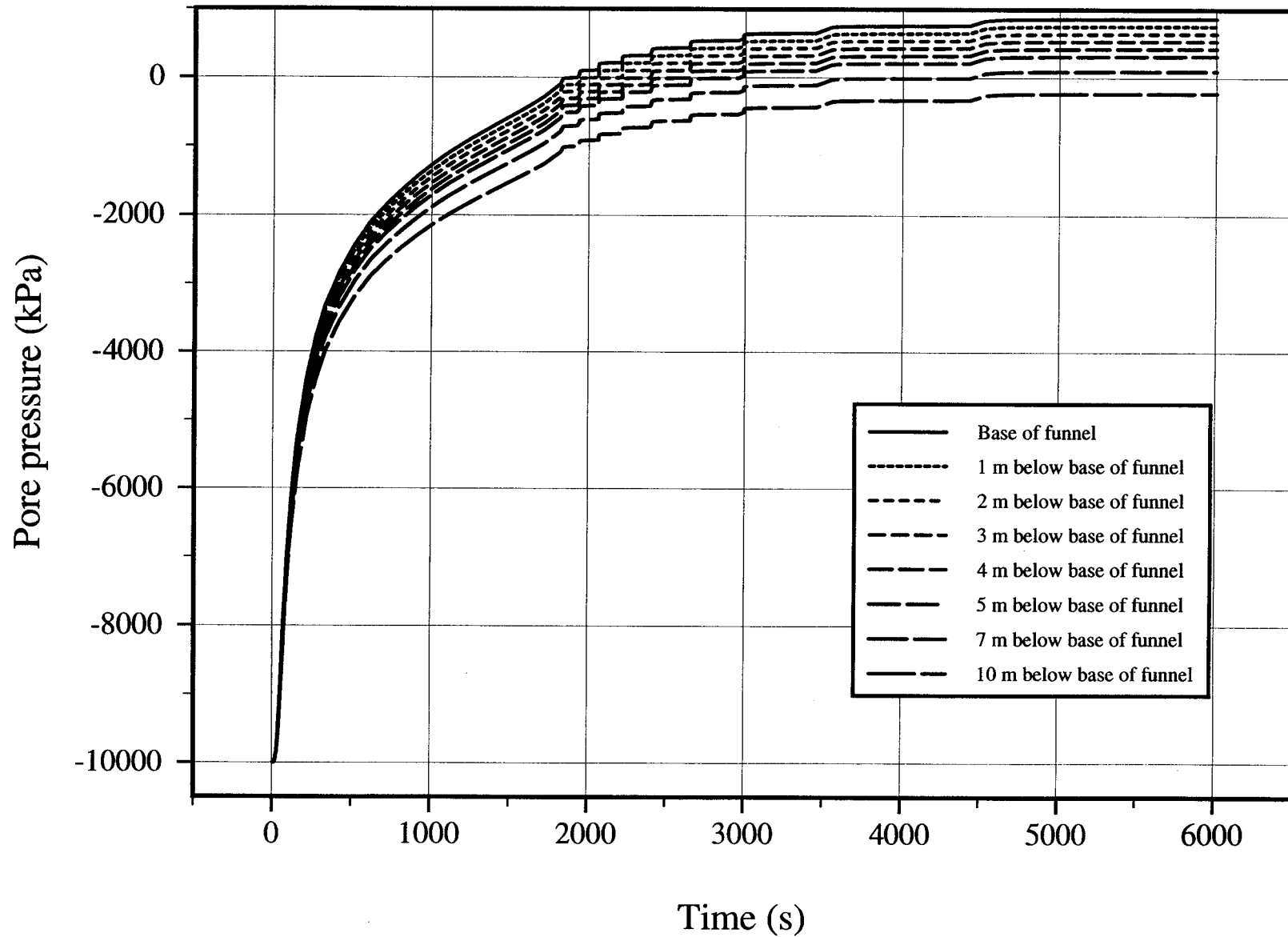
df902pthist.xpb and
df903pthist.xpb

to obtain the pore-pressure history
plots shown in the next two pages.

Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (df902 model)



Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (df903 model)



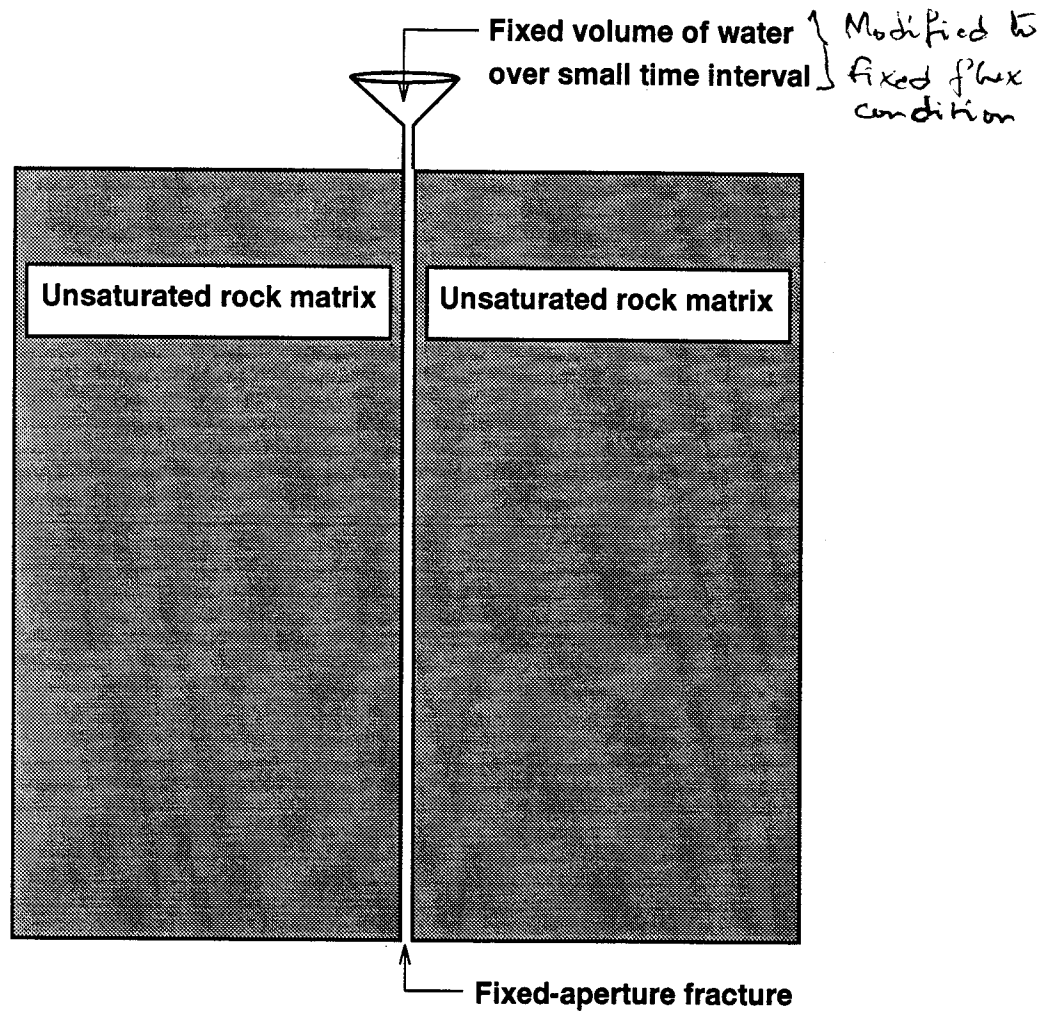
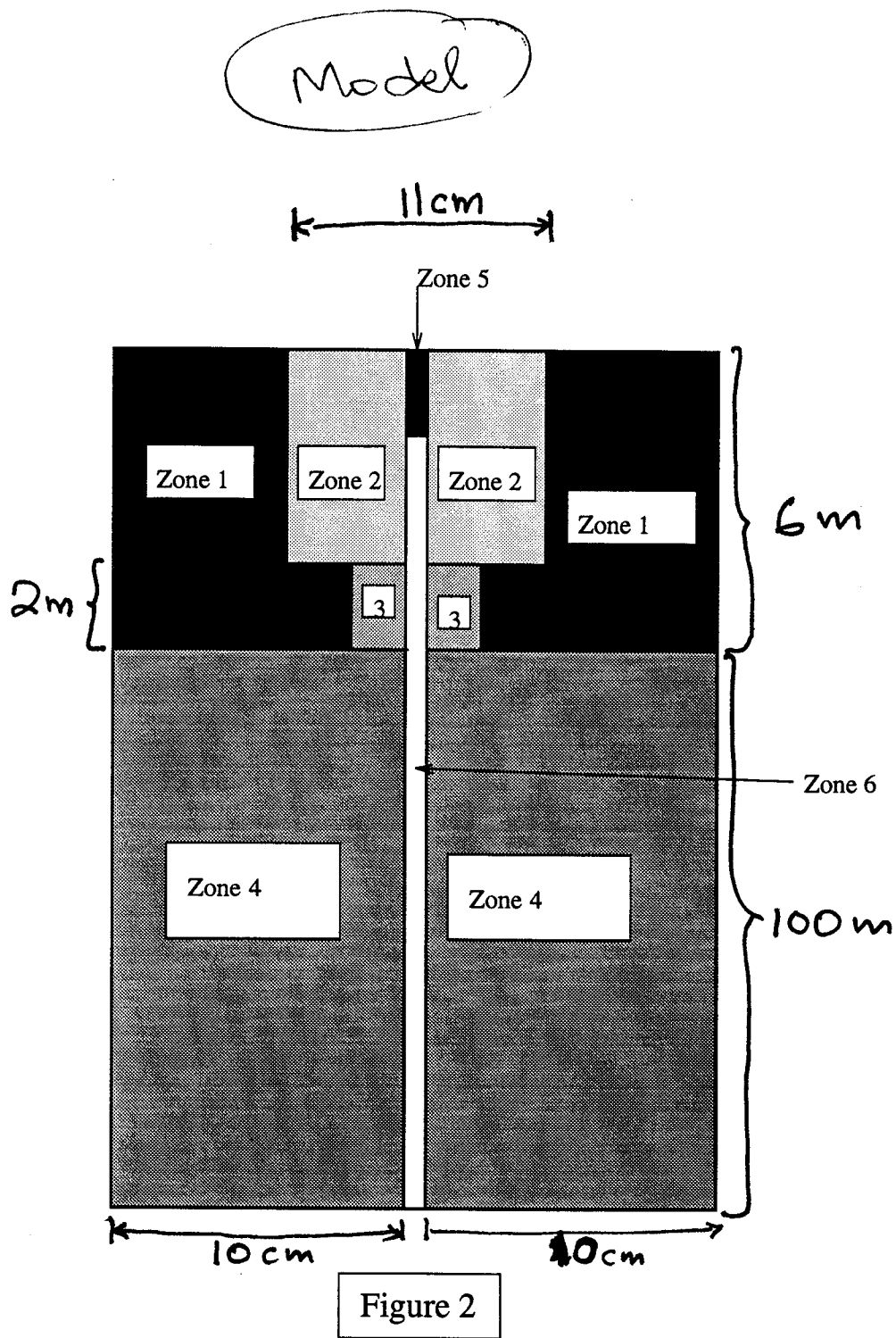


Figure 1





See next page for explanation

GW
5

Zone 1: Non-conducting elements (SEALZONE)

Zone 2: High-conductivity high-porosity elements (FUNNEL ZONE)

Zone 3: Low-conductivity elements
(BUFFER ZONE)

Zone 4: Study zone (.

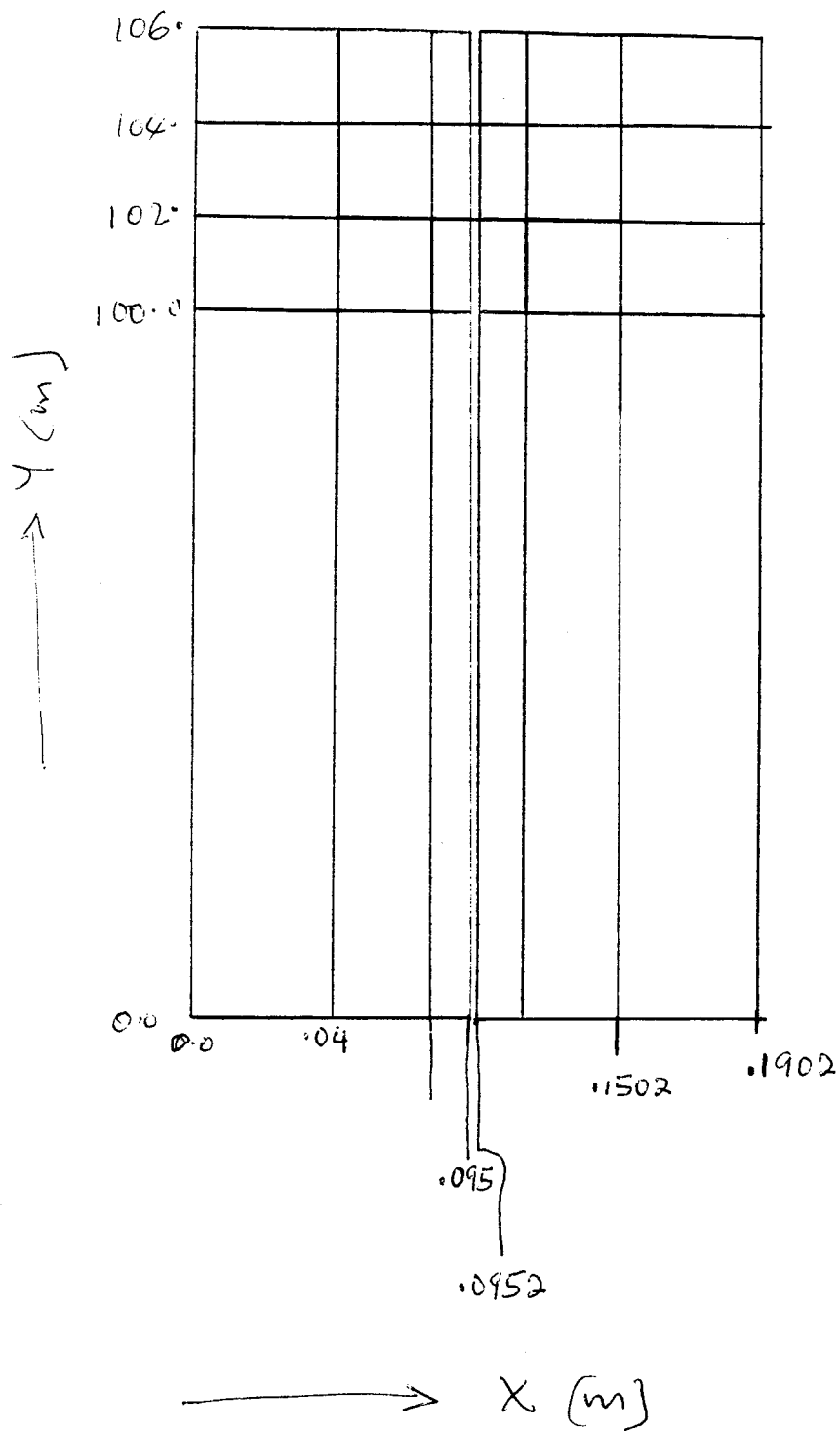
Zone 5: Same as zone 1

Zone 6: Fracture

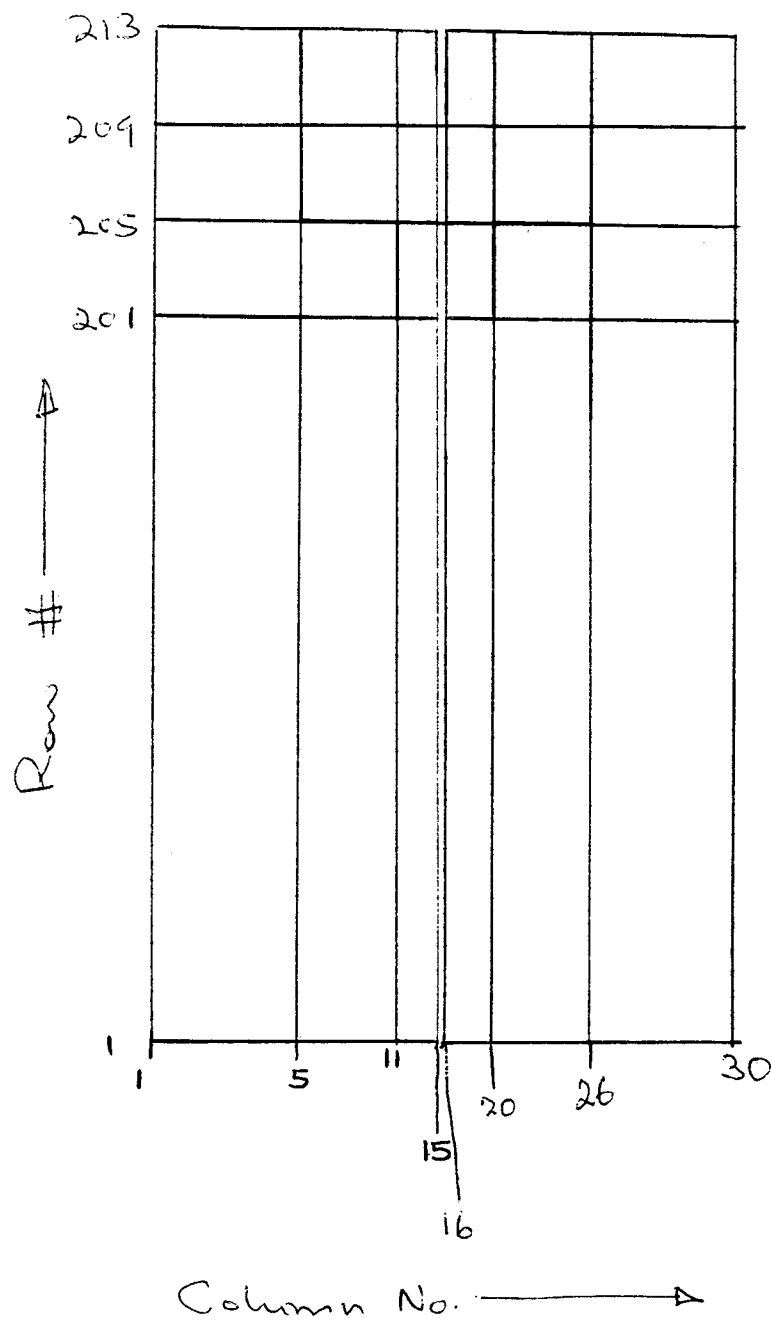
Changes

Assign BUFFER ZONE same properties as FUNNEL ZONE, but introduce a zero-thickness seal between BUFFER ZONE and STUDY ZONE

Coordinates (Model 2)



Node Numbers (Model 2)



$$\text{Node} = 30 \times (\text{Row} - 1) + \text{Column}$$

Unit of pressure kPa

~~den~~
viscosity of water 10^{-6} kPa.s

$$\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 = \cancel{1.0 \times 10^3} \text{ (G10)} \\ = \underline{1.0 (10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3)}$$

~~Saturated~~ (G10)
~~unit m~~

$$\gamma_w = \rho_w g = \cancel{1.0 \times 10} \text{ (G10)} (10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3) \times 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \\ = \underline{10 \text{ kN/m}^3}$$

$$\text{rock density} = 2000 \text{ kg/m}^3 = \underline{2.0 (10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3)}$$

Saturated conductivity

study zone	6.693×10^{-12} m/s
buffer zone	6.693×10^{-14} m/s
funnel zone	6.693×10^{-4} (G10) m/s
fracture	$\cancel{3.33 \times 10^{-2}} \text{ (G10)} \text{ m/s}$

Initial void ratio 0.102 ~

\equiv porosity of 0.0925

Tangential Permeability

$$q = -k_t \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} \quad t = \text{tangential coordinate}$$

$$q = \text{tangential flux } (L^2 T^{-1})$$

$$\partial p / \partial t = \text{tangential pressure gradient } (F L^{-3})$$

$$k_t = \frac{e^3}{12\mu} \quad (L^5 F^{-1} T^{-1})$$

μ = dynamic viscosity of water

$$= 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.s} = 100 \text{ kPa.s}$$

$$= 10^{-3} \text{ Pa.s} = 10^{-6} \text{ kPa.s}$$

$$e = 0.2 \text{ mm} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$k_t = \frac{(2 \times 10^{-4})^3}{12 \times 10^{-6}} = \frac{6.667 \times 10^{-15}}{12 \times 10^{-6}} = 6.667 \times 10^{-7} \quad (\text{m}^5 \text{ kN}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1})$$

(GW)

equivalent hydraulic conductivity

$$= \frac{\sigma_w e^2}{12\mu} = \frac{10 \frac{\text{kPa}}{\text{m}} \times (2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m})^2}{12 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kPa.s}} = 3.33 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}$$

(GW)

NODE SETS

ALLNODES

Every node

FZNODES

Funnel zone nodes

BZNODES

~~Buf~~ ^{Gk} Buffer zone nodes

UZLEFT

Study zone left boundary

UZBASE

Study zone bottom "

UZRIGHT

Study zone right "

UZNODES

Study zone nodes

ELEMENT SETS

STUDYZON

Study zone

SEALZONE

Non-conducting seal

BUFFERZO

Buffer zone

FUNNELZO

Funnel zone

FZTOP

Top of funnel zone
(flux boundary applied on
side 3 of these elements)

FRACTURE

Fracture elements (conducting)

FRACPLUG

Non-conducting fracture elements

Pore pressure history monitored at
node set PMONITOR

*NSET, NSET = PMONITOR, GEN
15, 6015, 60

The pore-pressure history at following
nodes were eventually plotted

Node	Depth below funnel base (m)
6015	0.0
5955	1.0
5895	2.0
5835	3.0
5775	4.0
5715	5.0
5595	7.0
5415	10.0

Thin-Solid Model

V_f = fracture volume

V_p = pore volume in equivalent solid

n = porosity of solid

~~w_f = width of fracture (fracture G10)~~

e = fracture aperture

t = thickness of thin solid

w = model width

L = model height

$$V_p = V_f$$

$$\Rightarrow nwtL = ewL$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{e}{n}$$

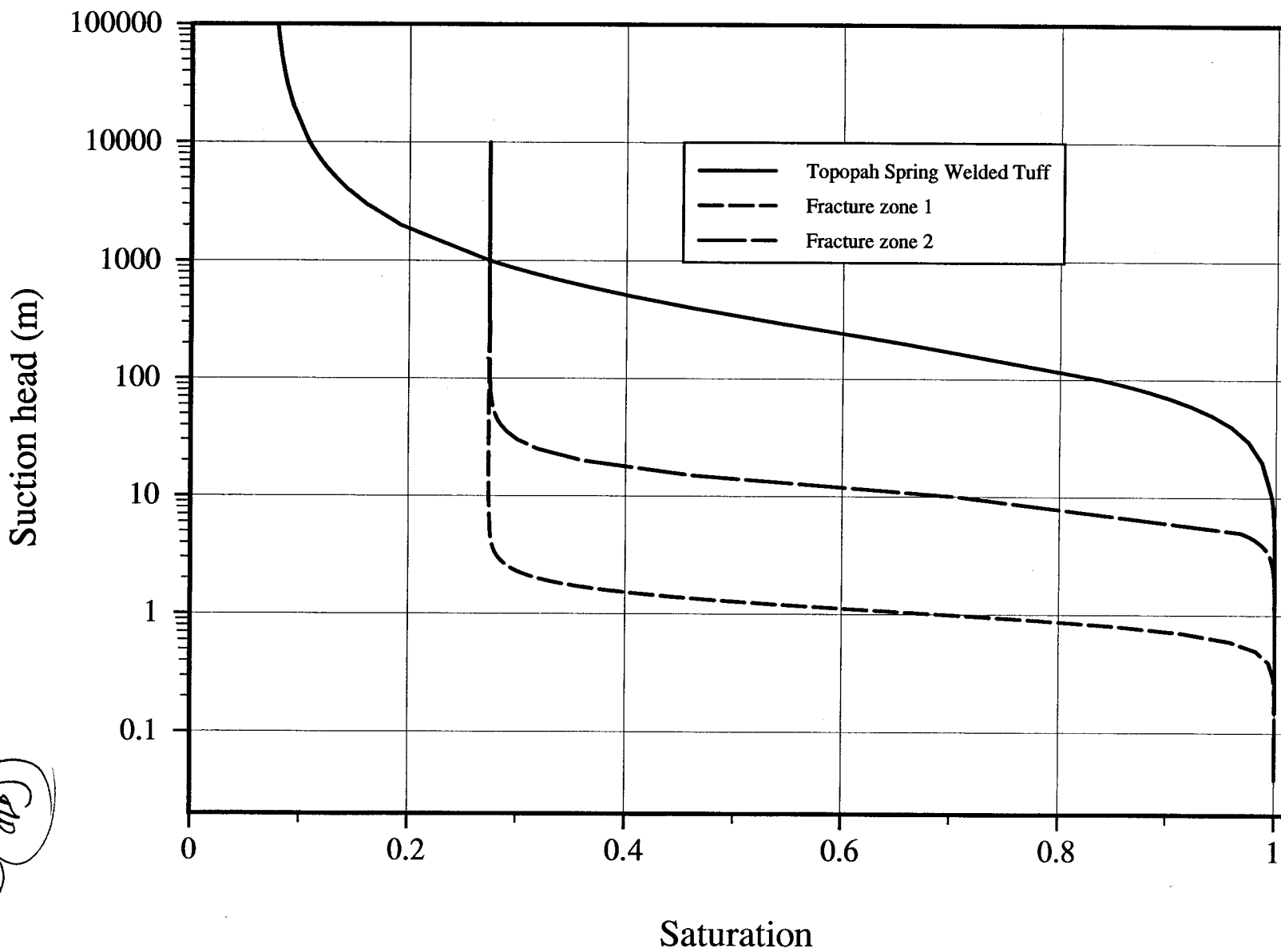
$$e = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$n = 0.0925$$

$$t = \frac{2 \times 10^{-4}}{0.0925} = 2.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

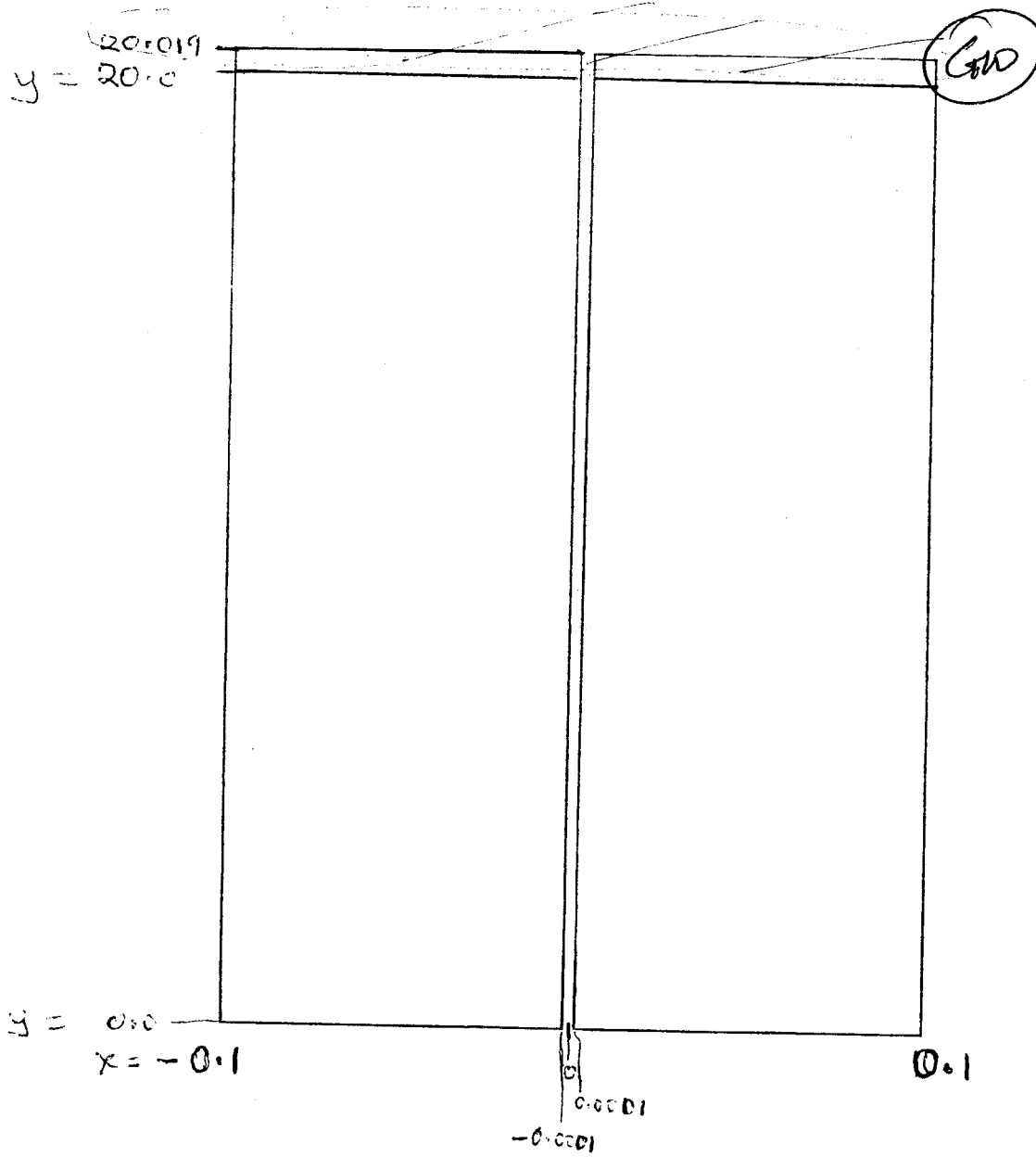
2.2 mm solid of 0.0925 porosity

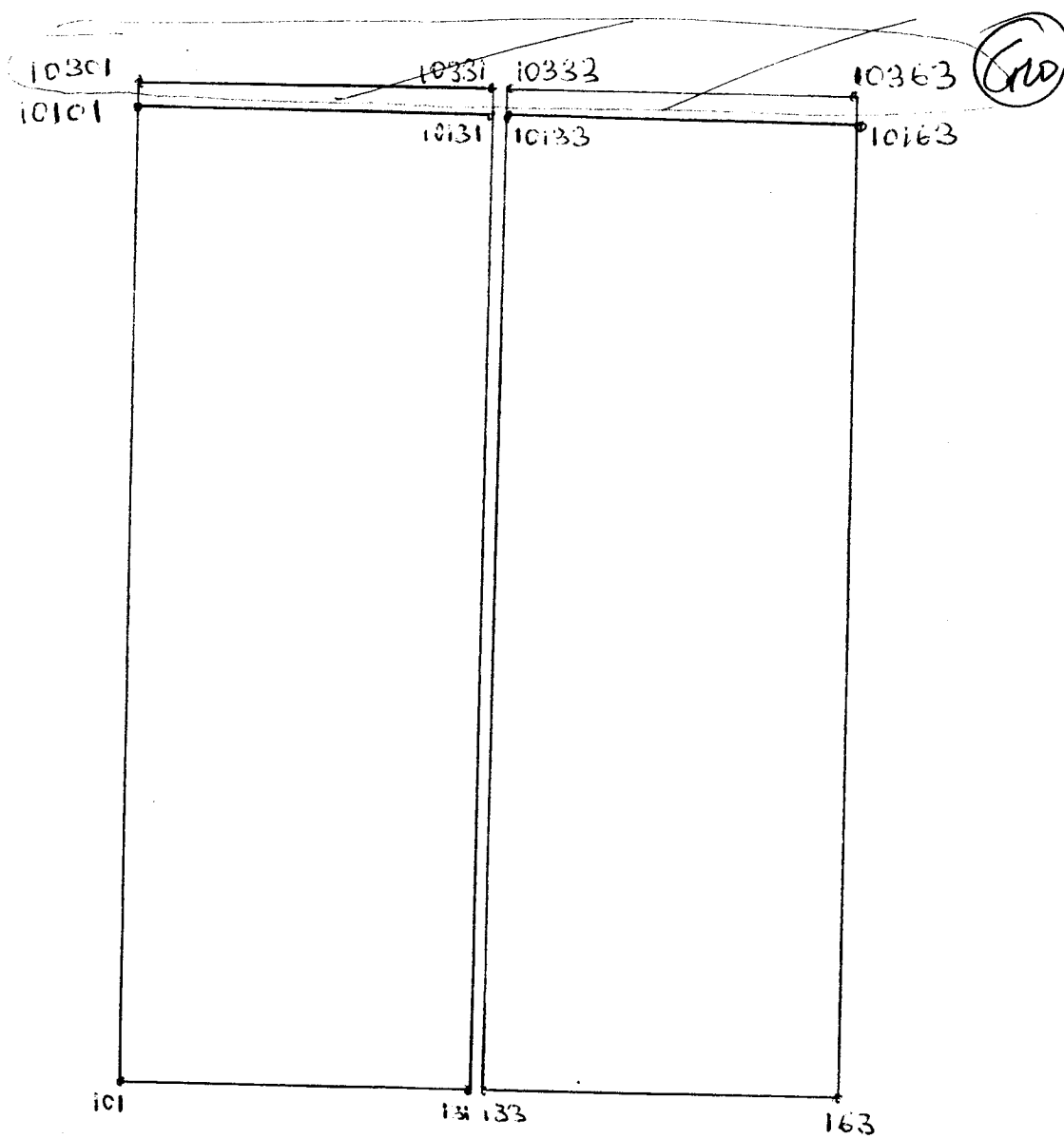
\equiv 0.2 mm fracture

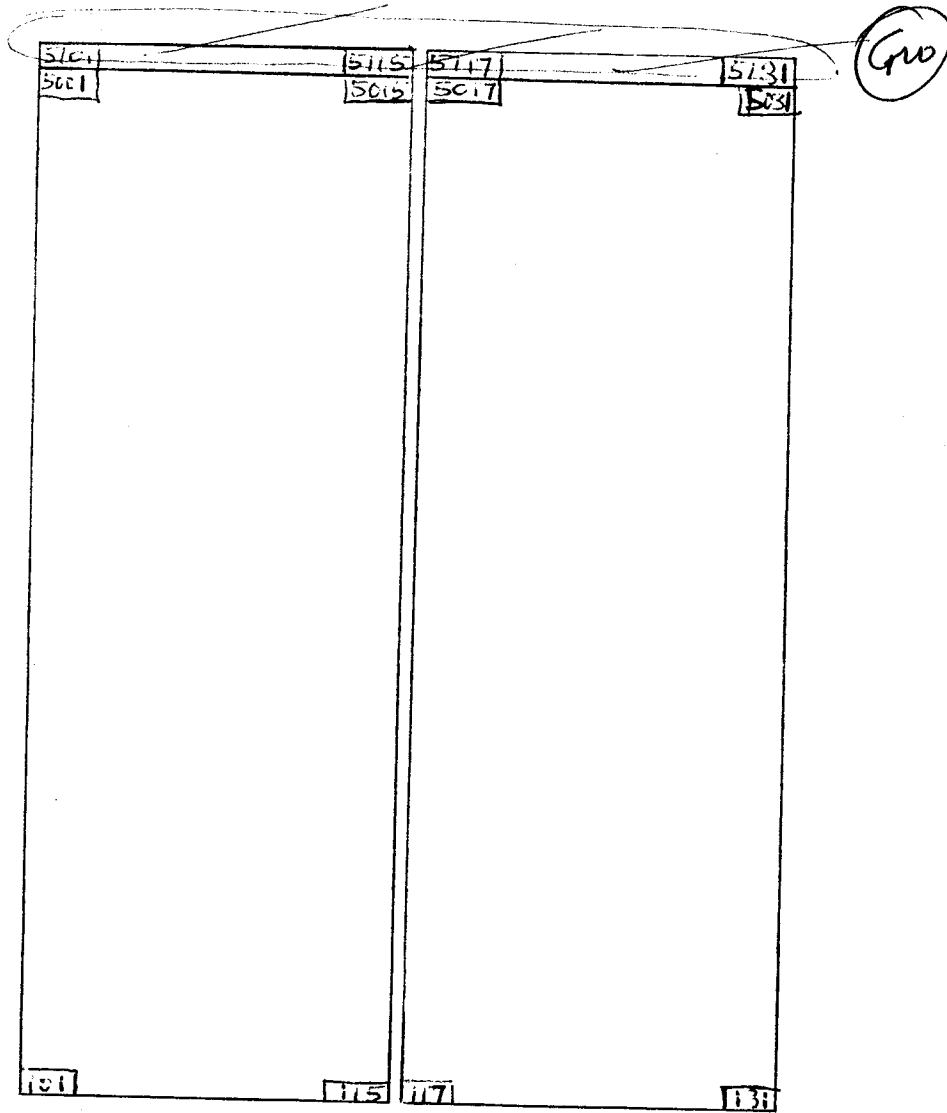


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G10

Coordinates



Node Numbers



Pore-pressure history saved at following
Nodes

Distance from Fracture Top (m)	Node Number
0.00	10231 10131
0.98	8331
1.93	7131
2.98	6131
4.04	5331
5.00 4.99	4731
6.94	3731
10.04	2531
15.10	1131
18.92	331

Saturation history saved at centroid of following elements in model C20

Distance from Fracture WP (m)	Element Number
0.05	5016
1.05	4116
2.03	3516
3.11	3016
4.19	2616
5.17	2316
7.17	1816
10.35	1216
15.54 (GW)	516
4.46	
19.46 (GW)	116
0.54	

Input Files

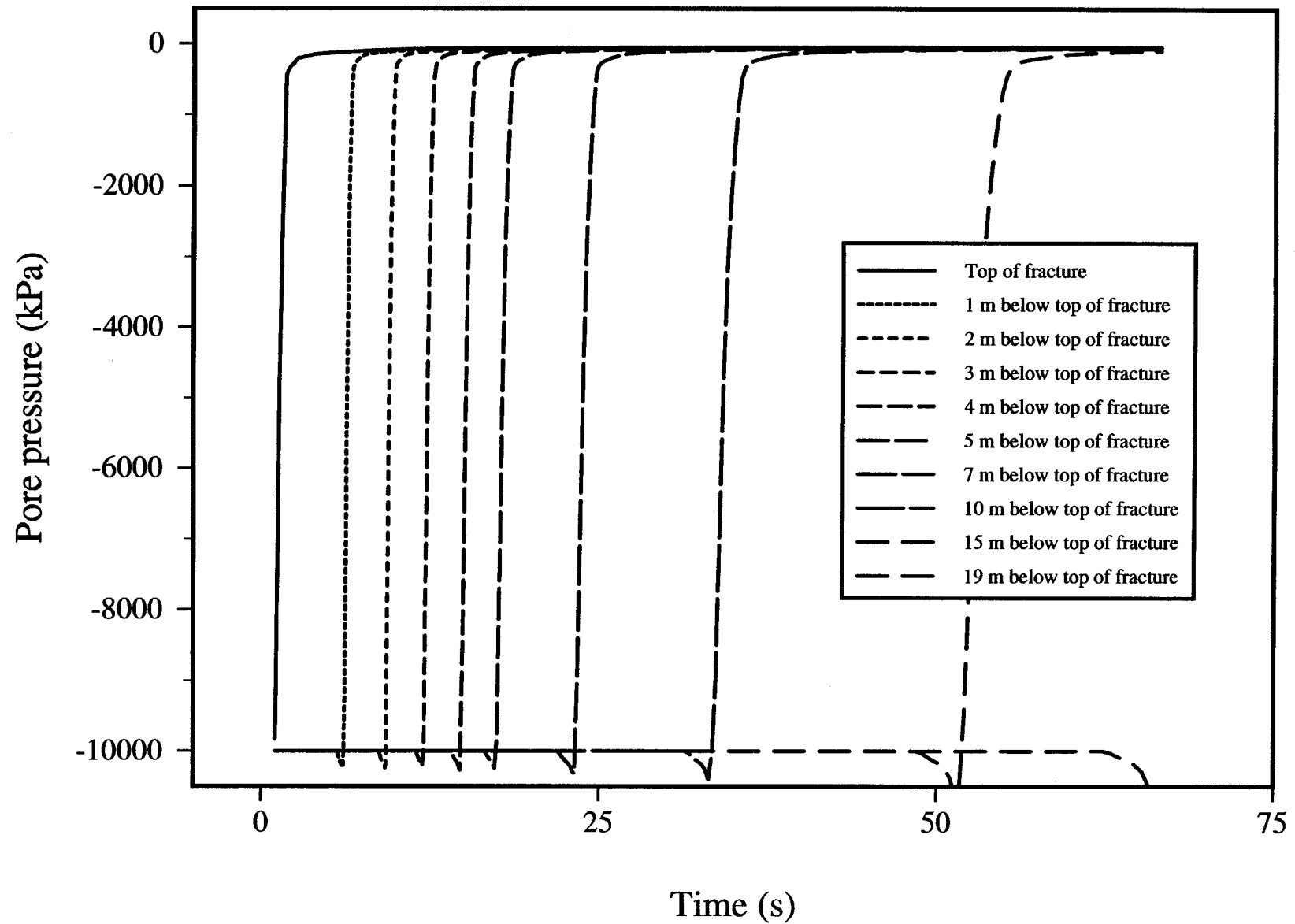
C23.inp

Fracture-zone 1 properties
with orthotropic conductivity

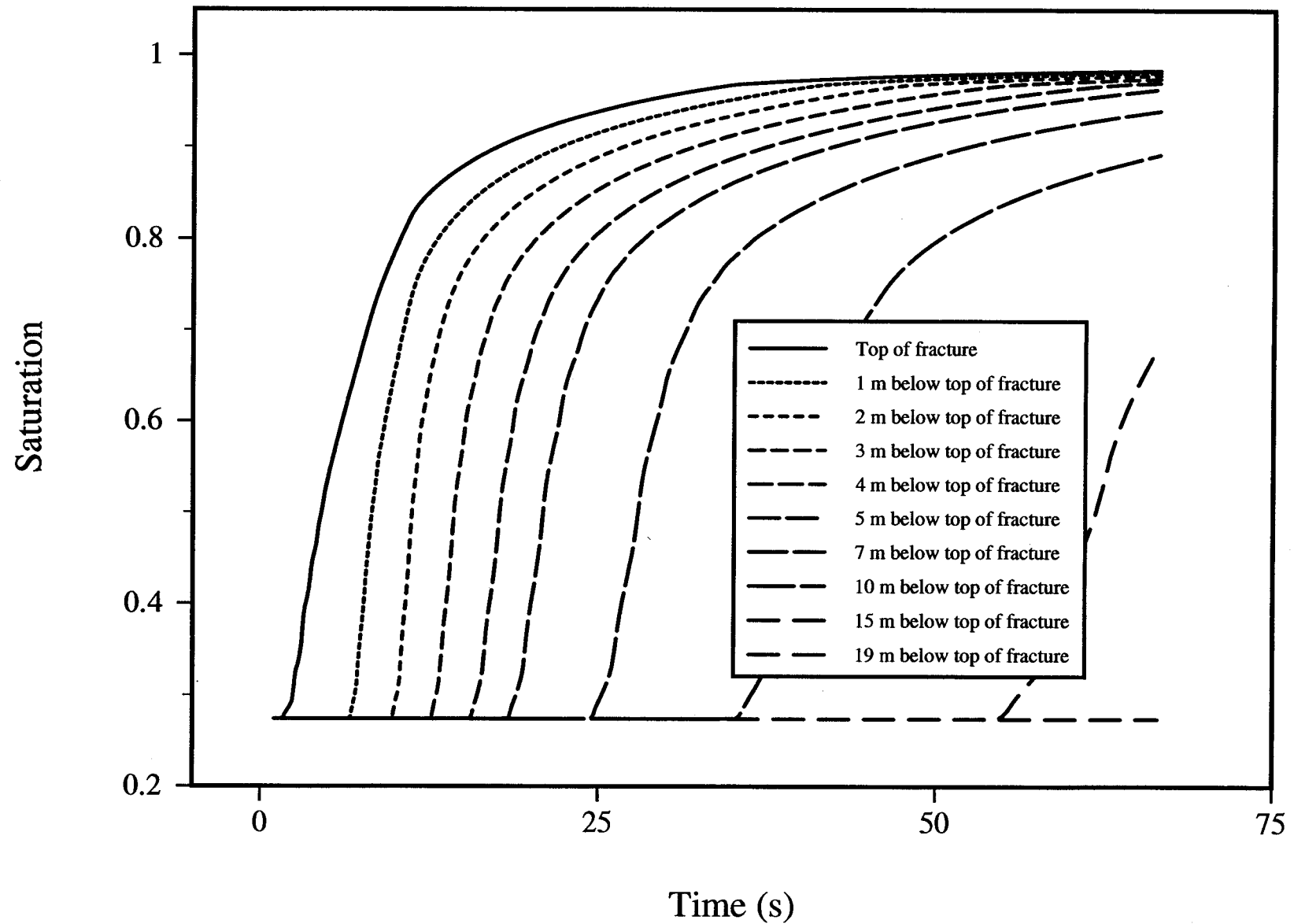
C24.inp

Fracture-zone 1 properties
with isotropic conductivity

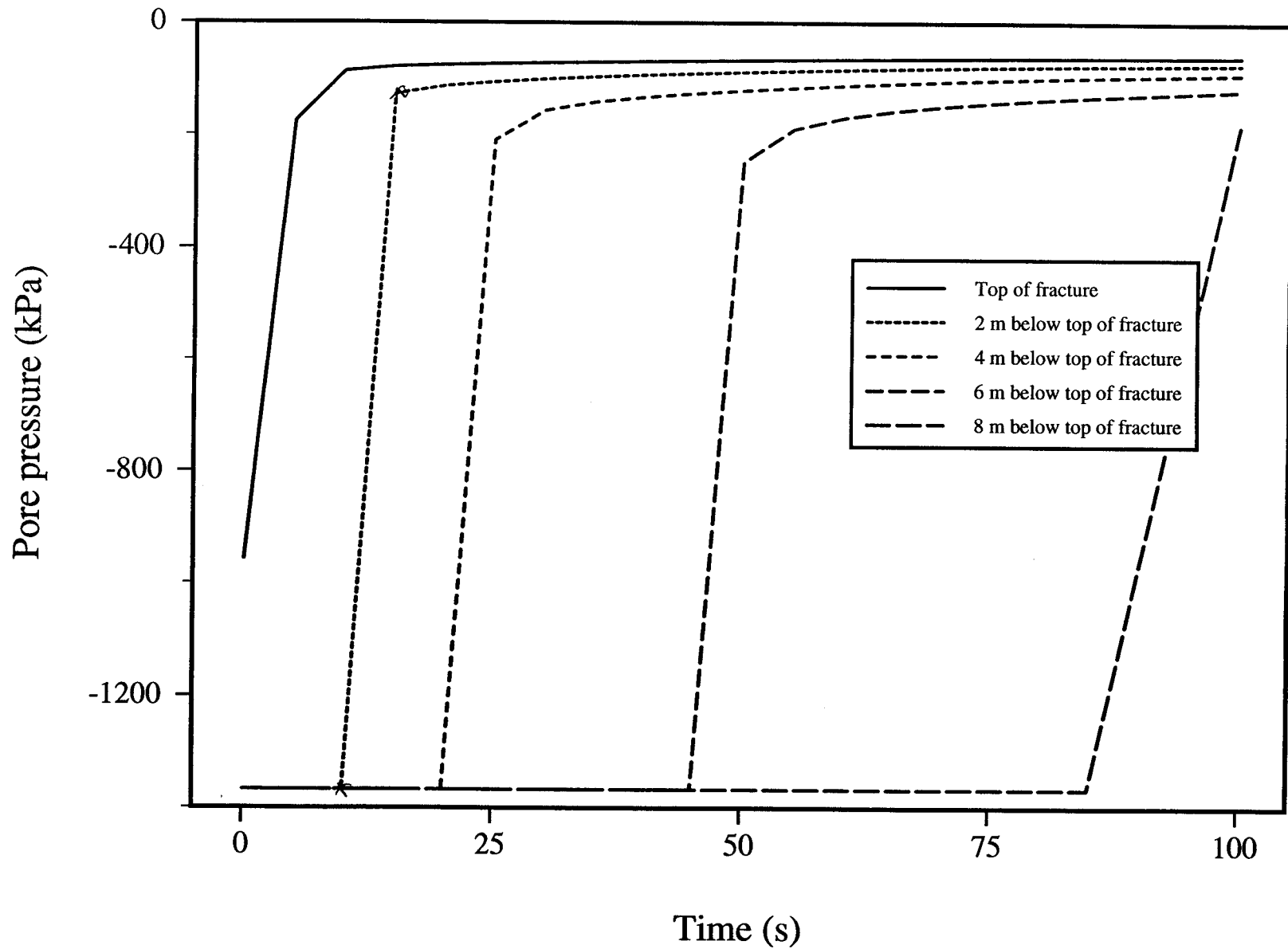
Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (ABAQUS model)

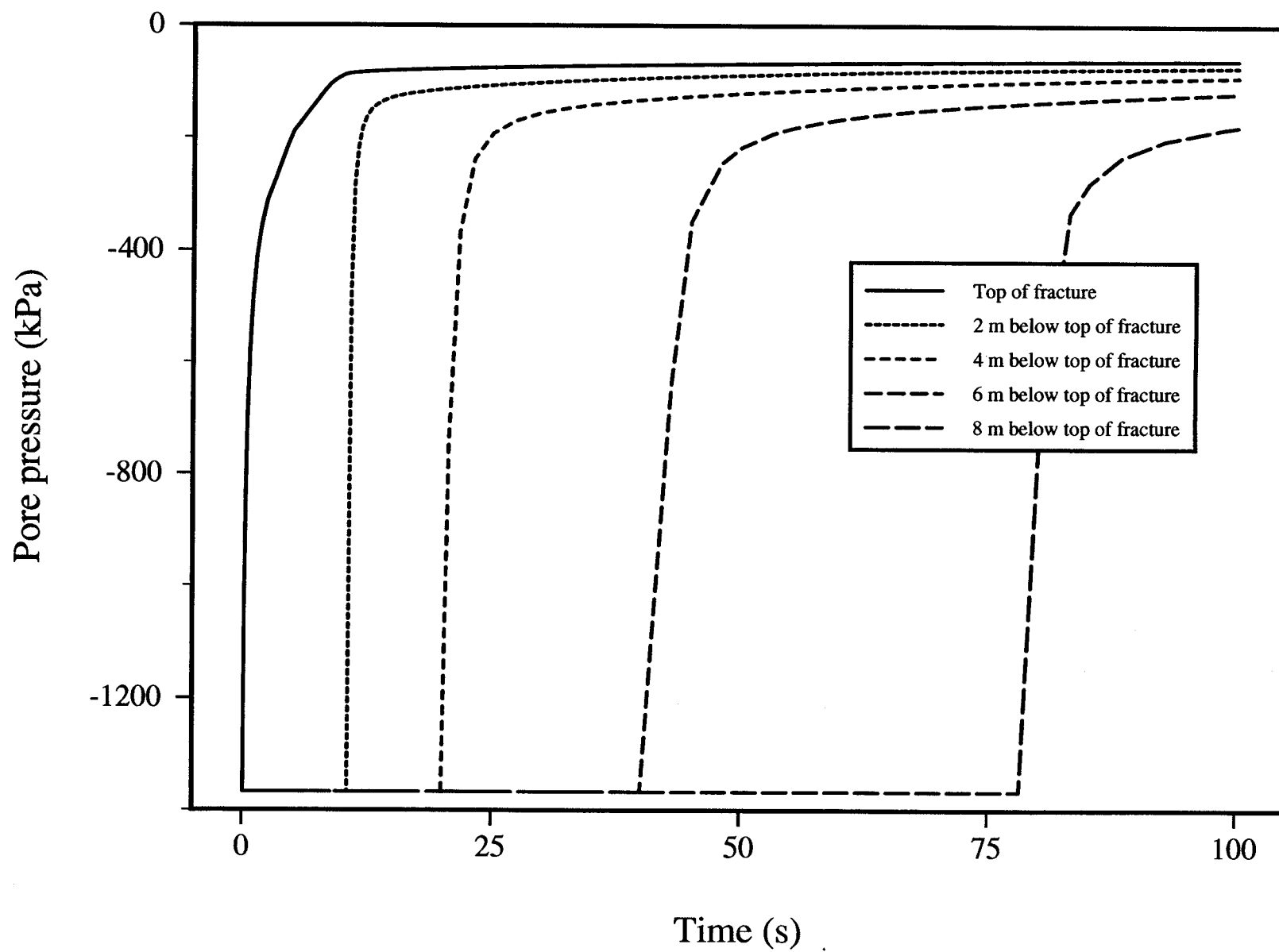


Saturation History on Fracture Wall (ABAQUS model)

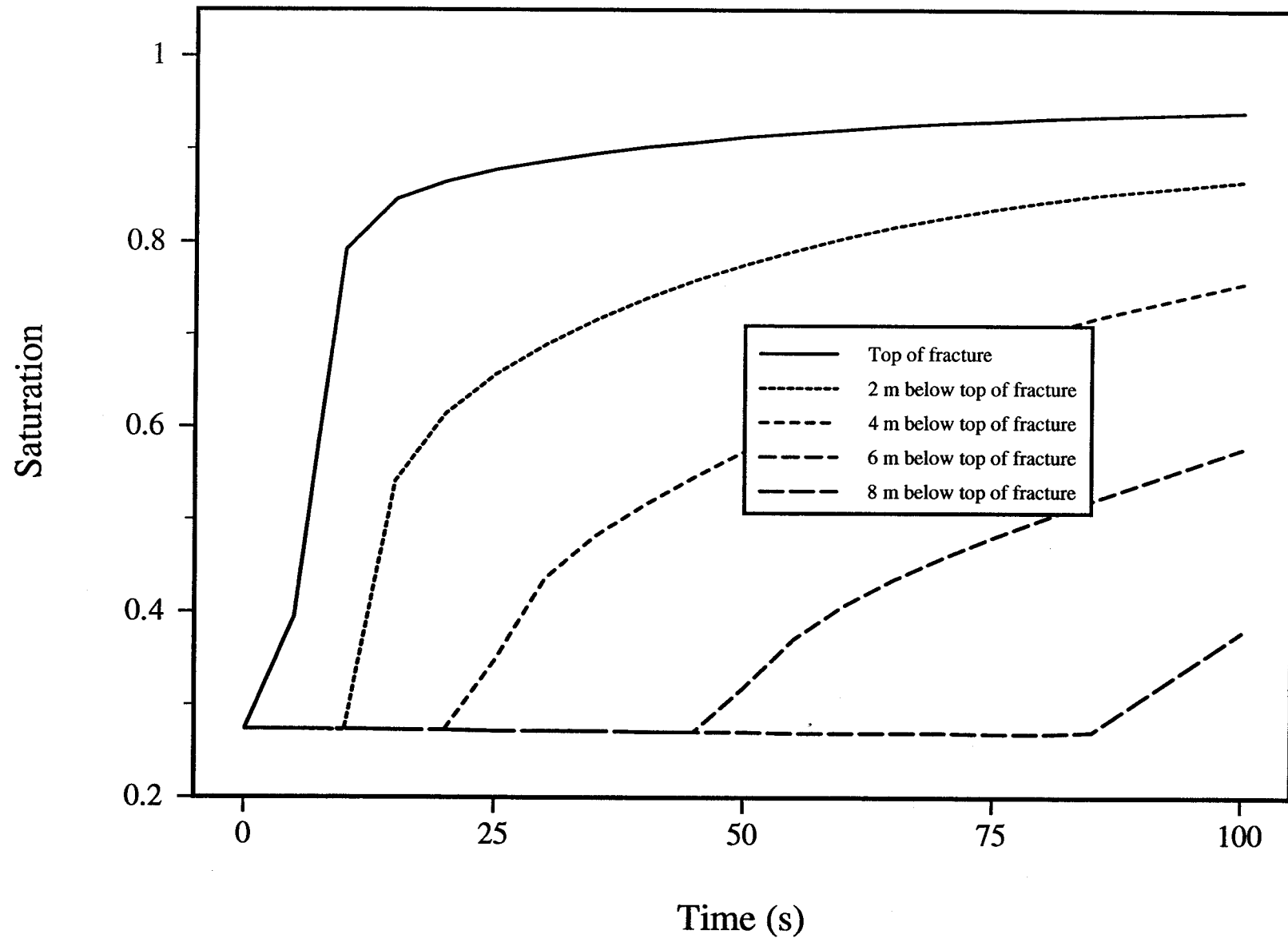


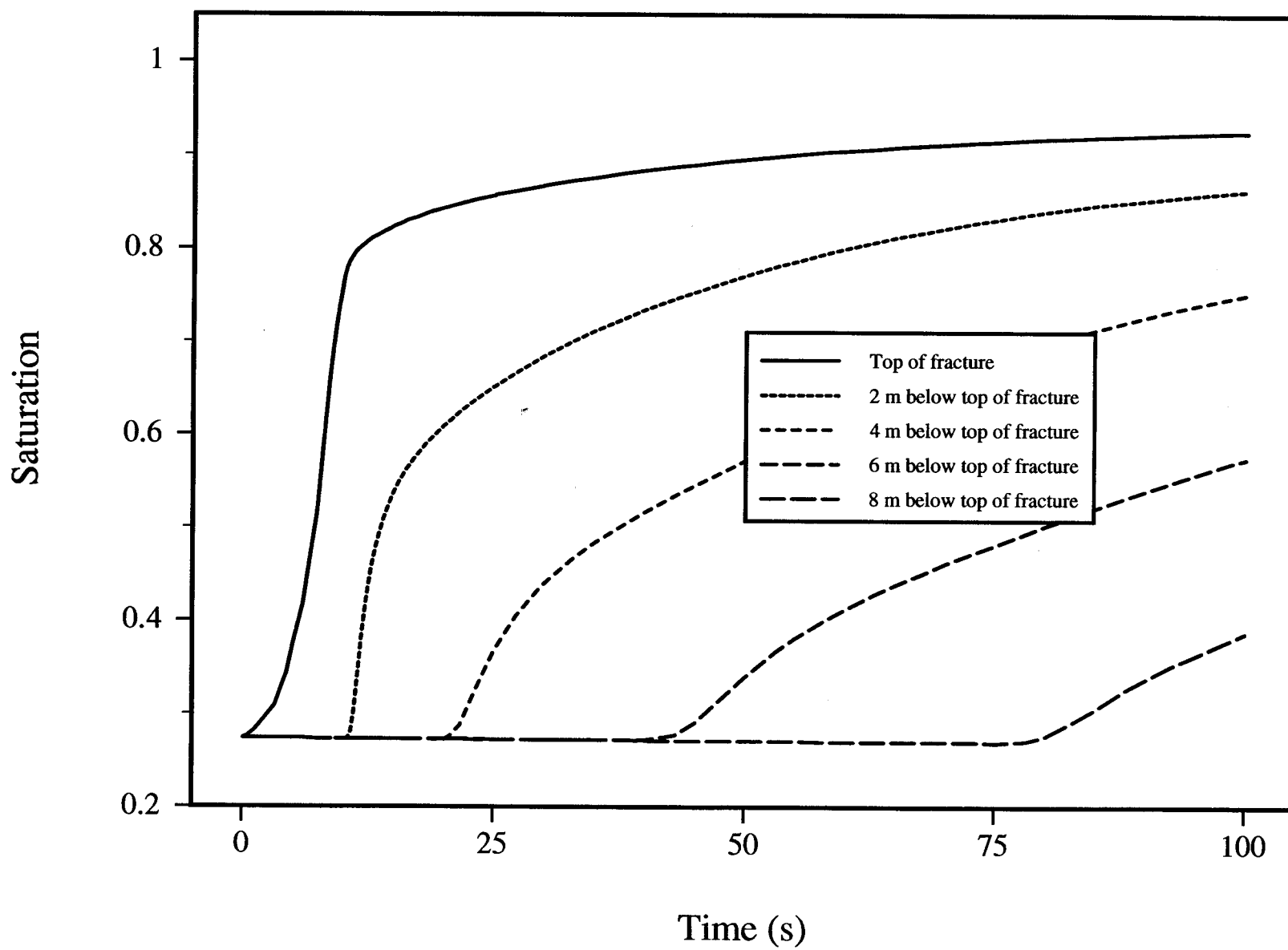
Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (CTOUGH model)



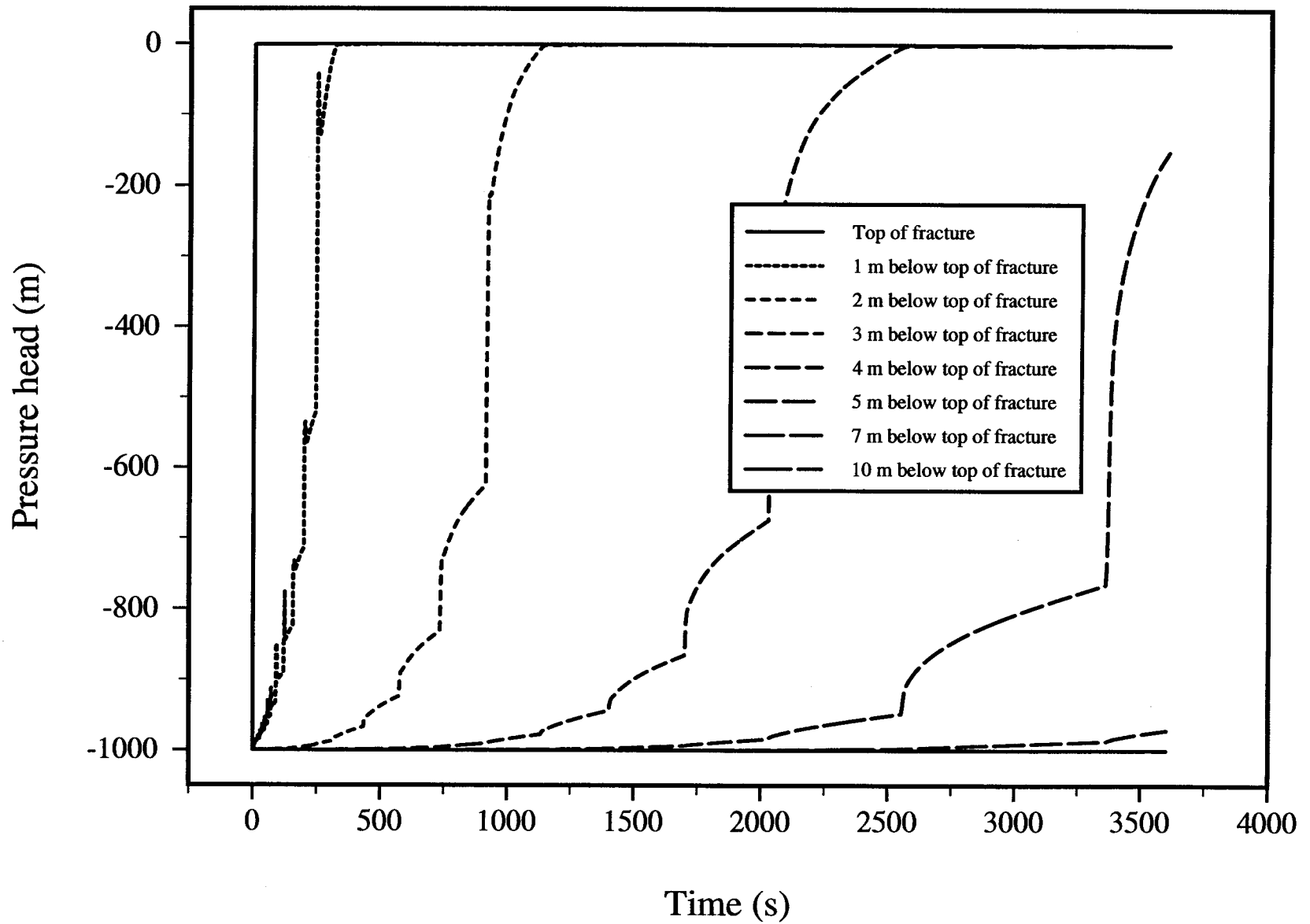


Saturation History on Fracture Wall (CTOUGH model)

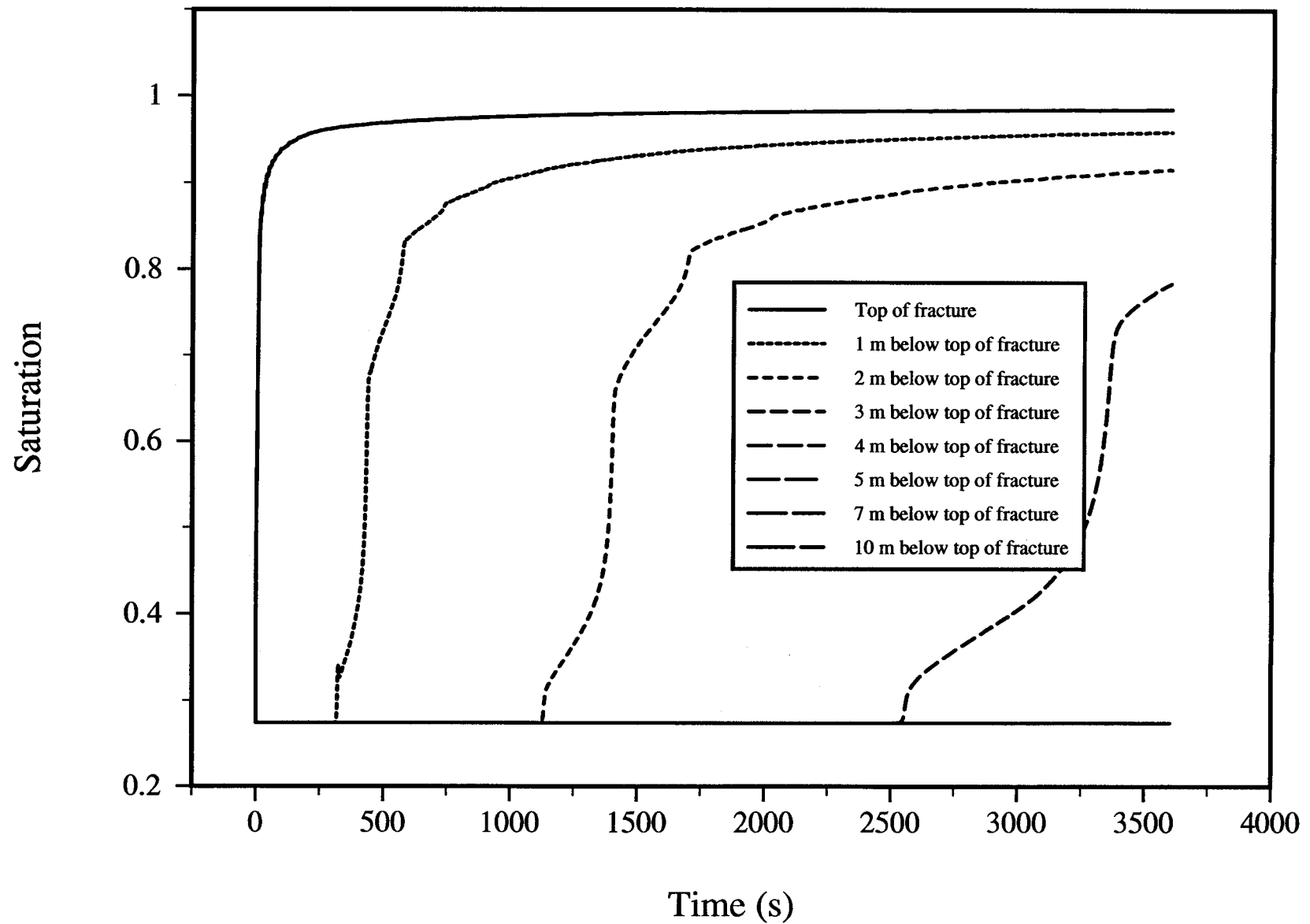


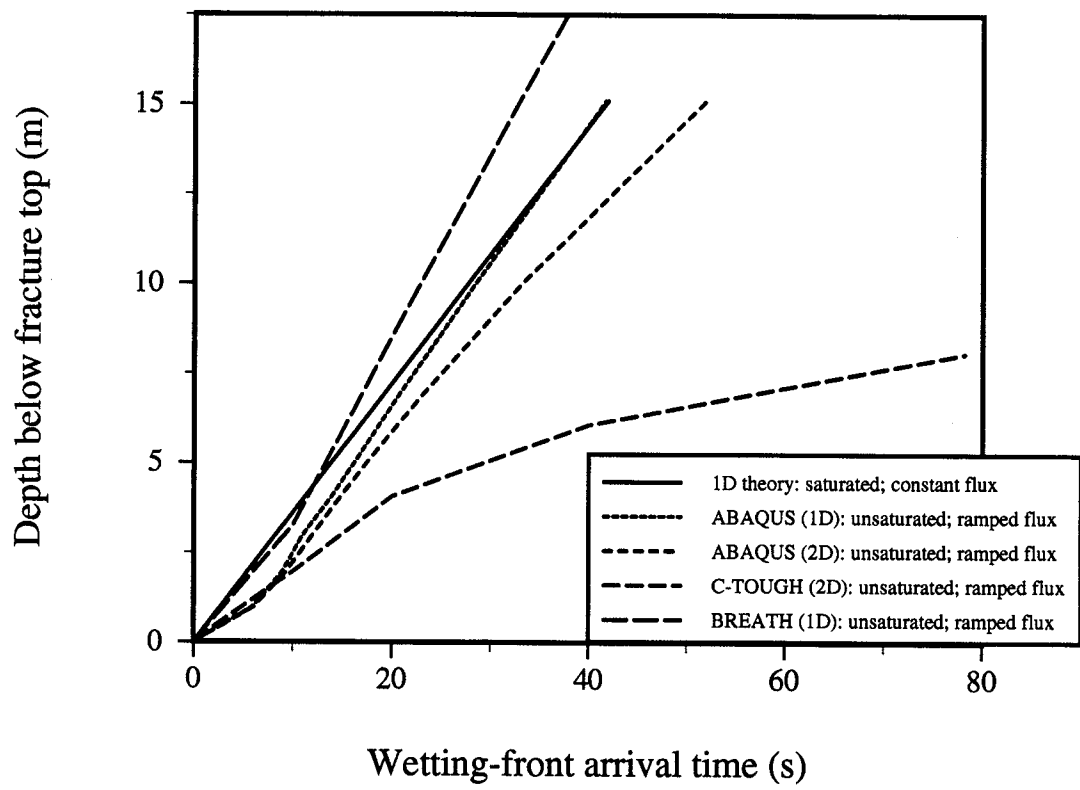


Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (PorFlow model)



Saturation History on Fracture Wall (PorFlow model)





Depth (m)	C23 Ta-ABAQUS (s)	1D Saturated constant flux Ta-THEORY (s)
0.98	6.08	2.72
1.93	9.24	5.36
2.98	12.00	8.27
4.04	14.78	11.21
4.99	17.40	13.85
6.94	23.24	19.26
10.04	33.37	27.86
15.10	51.89	41.94

For 1D Saturated case.

Constant Flux of $3.33 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}$

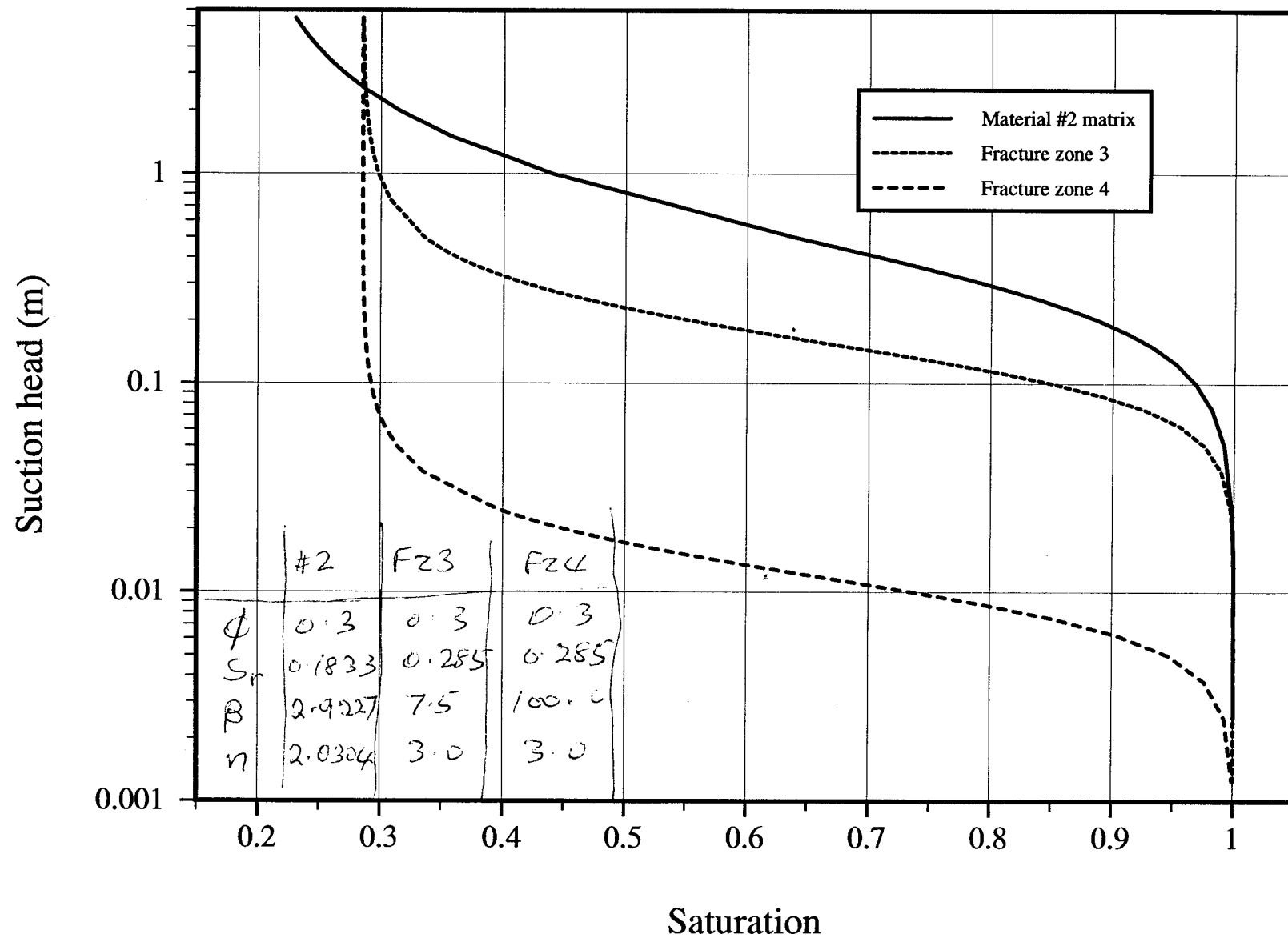
$$V = \frac{3.33 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}}{0.0925} = 0.360 \text{ m/s}$$

Depth	Arrival Time(s)
0.98	2.72
1.93	5.36
⋮	⋮
15.10	41.9

Case C24 (Isotropic permeability for fracture zone)

Node	Depth (m)	Arrival Time (s)
10131	0.0	—
8331	0.98	6.085
7131	1.930.98 ^{GW}	9.24
6131	2.98	12.00
5331	4.04	14.69
4731	4.99	17.46
3731	6.94	23.24
2531	10.04	33.41
1131	15.10	51.82
331	18.92	—

Case of
Material #2



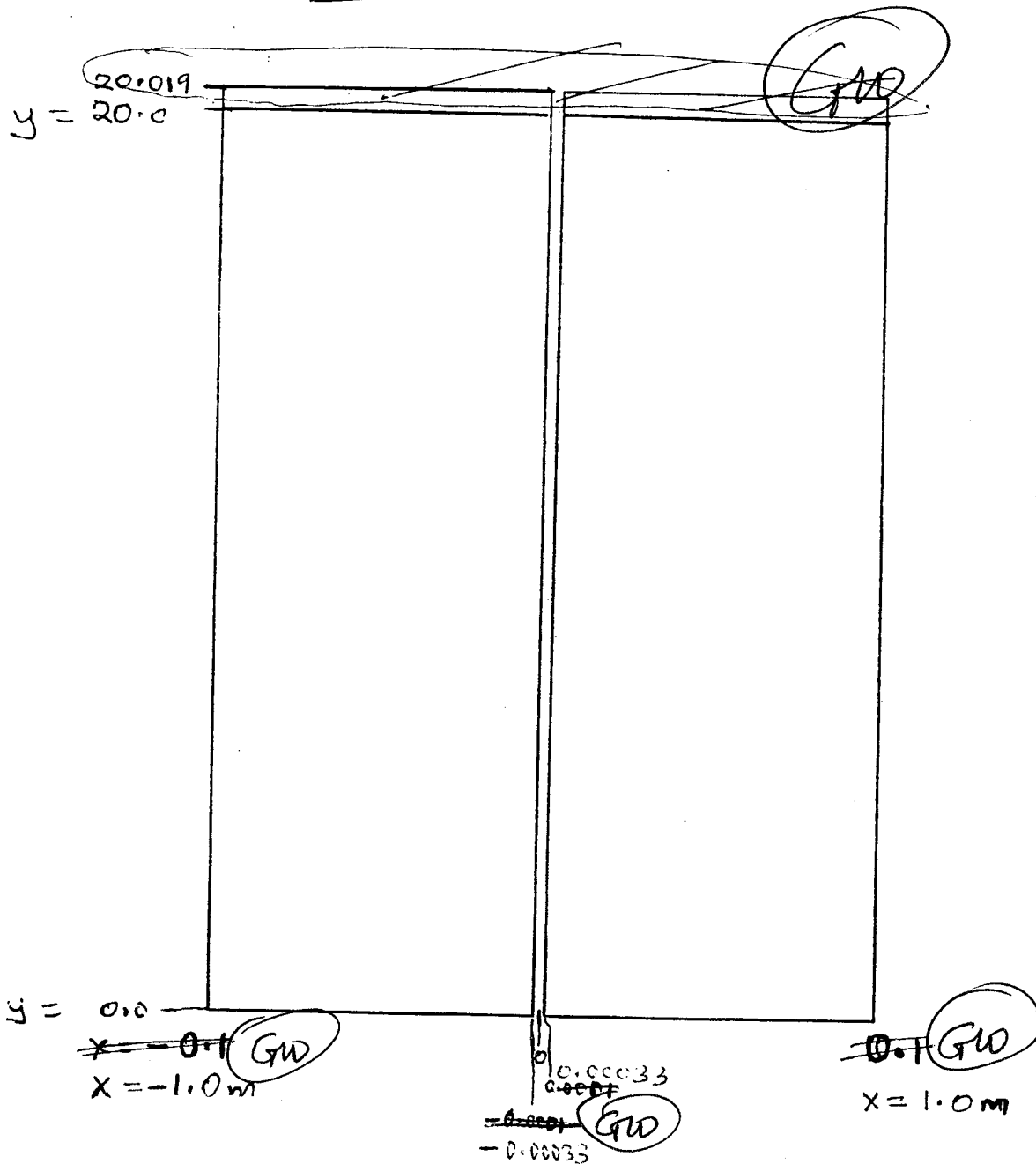
Equivalent ~~no~~ thickness of thin solid

For Material 2 Simulations

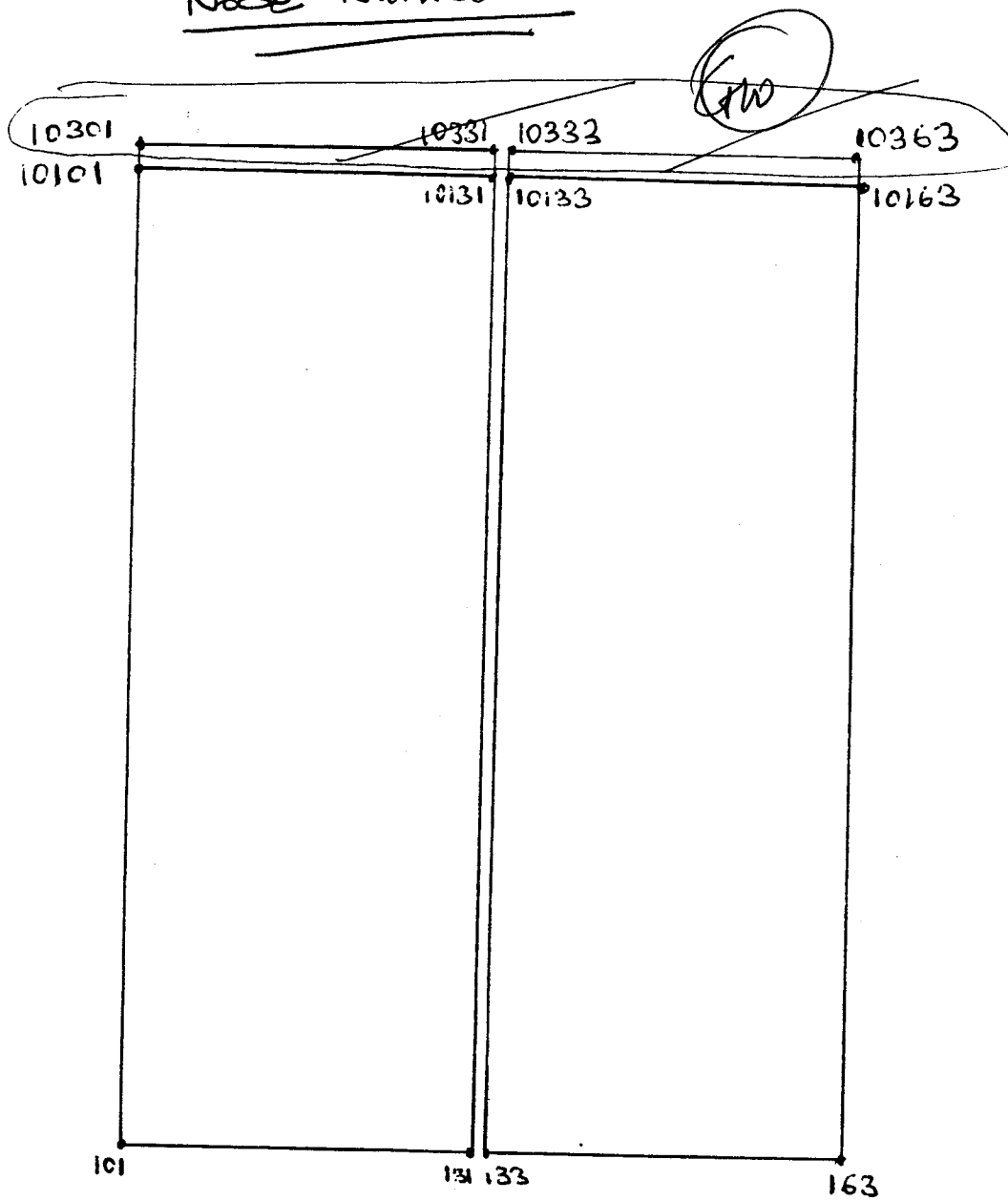
$$t = \frac{2 \times 10^{-4}}{0.3} = 6.6\overset{\text{no}}{\cancel{6}} \times 10^{-4}$$

$$t/2 = 3.33 \times 10^{-4}$$

Coordinates



Same FE mesh as used for C20 series, except for the change in horizontal coordinates indicated.

Node Numbers

5104	5115	5117	5131
5001	5015	5017	5031
101	115	117	131

Nodes Monitored for
Pore-Pressure History

Node Number	Y-coordinate (m)	Depth below Machine Lip (m)
10131	20	0.0
9731	19.8	0.2
9131	19.5	0.5
8531	19.2	0.8
8131	18.9	1.1
7731	18.6	1.4
7331	18.2	1.8
6931	17.9	2.1
6531	17.5	2.5
6131	17.0	3.0

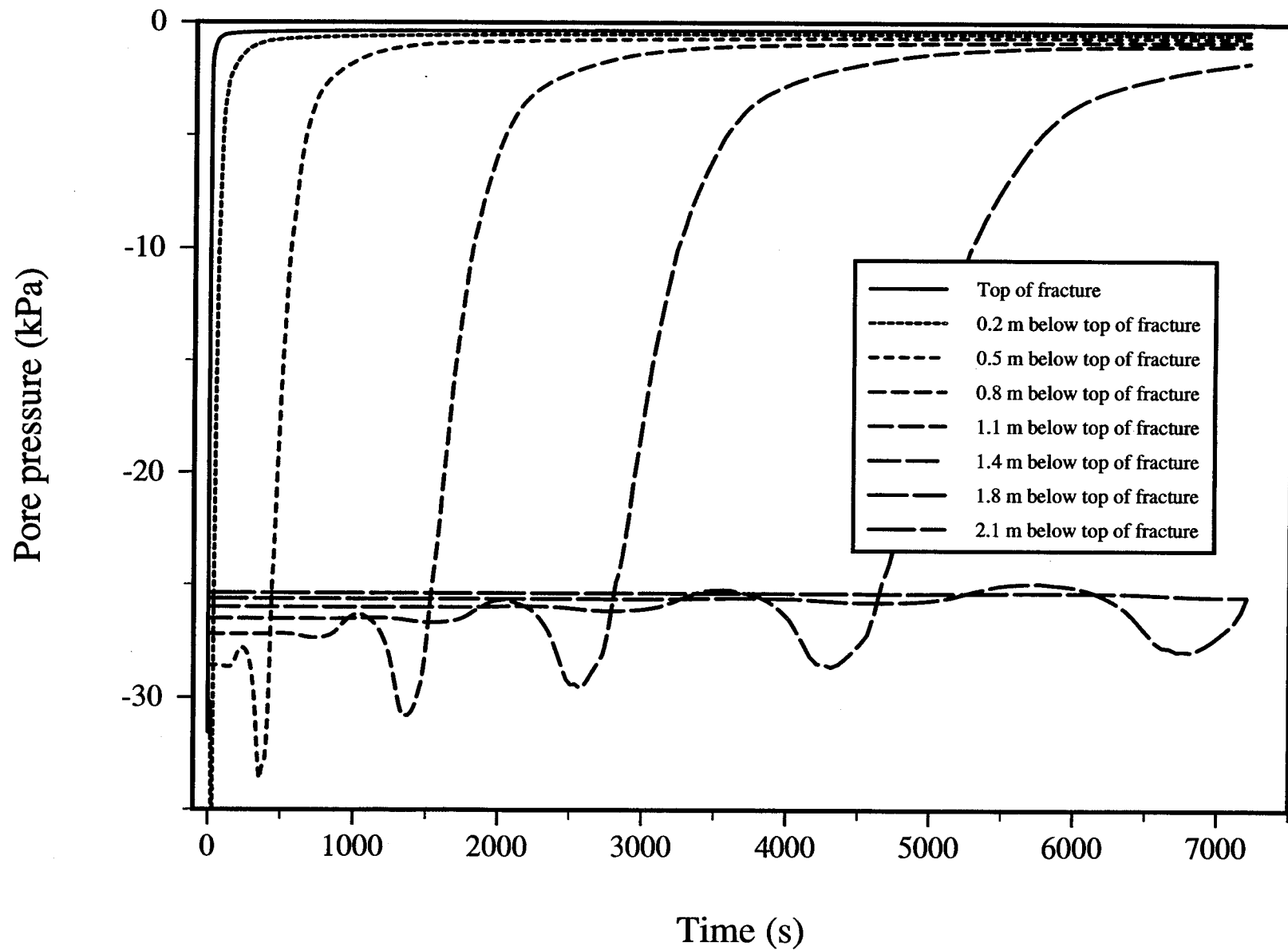
Elements Monitored for Saturation History

Elem No	Y coordinate ab Centroid (m)	Distance of centroid from fracture top (m)
5016 5516 (GW)	19.96	0.04
4816 480 (GW)	19.75	0.25
4516 450 (GW)	19.45	0.55
4216 420 (GW)	19.15	0.85
4016	18.80	1.20
3816	18.50	1.50
3616	18.15	1.85
3416	17.80	2.20
3216	17.35	2.65
3016	16.90	3.10

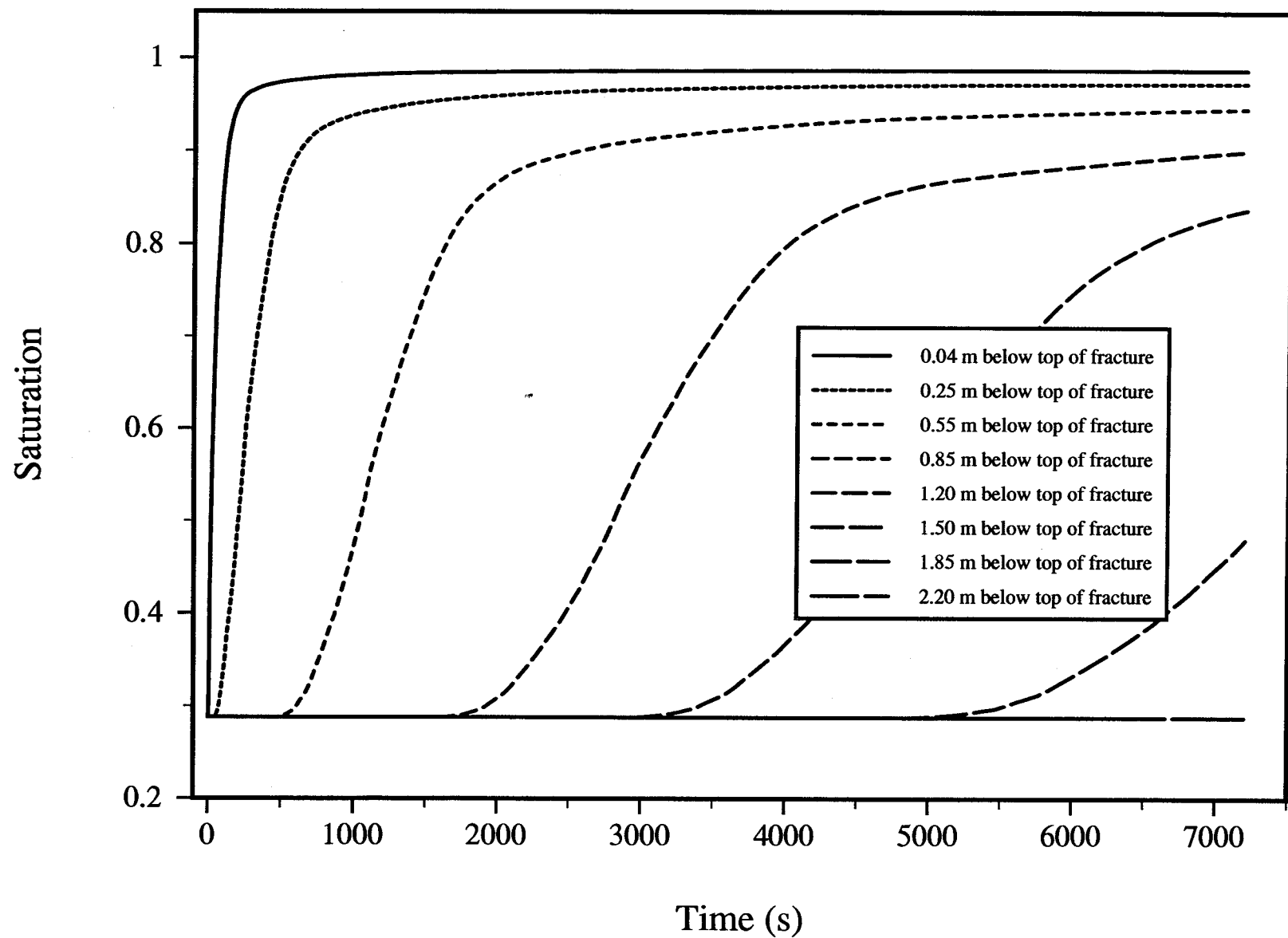
Input Files

- C31 Fracture-zone 3 properties with
orthotropic conductivity
- C32 Fracture-zone 3 properties with
isotropic conductivity
- C41 Fracture-zone 4 properties with
orthotropic conductivity.

Pore Pressure History on Fracture Wall (ABAQUS model c31)



Saturation History on Fracture Wall (ABAQUS model c31)



WettingFront Arrival Times

Run ABAQUS command file C30.jnl
 during an ABAQUS/Post session,
~~on the as follows~~ Crw

Example

```
abaqus post restart=c41
*results, file=c41
*input, file=C30.jnl
*end
```

Then using vi text editor, split the file abaqus.rpt into two or more tables.

Compile the C code wFrontArrival.c and process the ~~q~~ tables one at a time as follows

Example

```
cc wFrontArrival.c
```

```
a.out < file1
```

```
a.out < file2
```

```
etc
```

for all the Crw ~~file~~ result files

The output of wFrontArrival.c goes to the screen, and may be re-directed to a file.

Example for case C41

Cross-over time at node	10131 is	7.925e+00 seconds
Cross-over time at node	9731 is	1.442e+02 seconds
Cross-over time at node	9131 is	8.514e+02 seconds
Cross-over time at node	8531 is	2.344e+03 seconds
Cross-over time at node	8131 is	4.233e+03 seconds
Cross-over time at node	7731 is	7.022e+03 seconds

Extract the information from this file to set up a table, such as the following:

Node	Depth (m)	Front-arrival time for case C41 (s)
10131	0.0	7.9
9731	0.2	144.2
9131	0.5	851.4
8531	0.8	2344
8131	1.1	4233
7731	1.4	7022
7331	1.8	—
6931	2.1	—

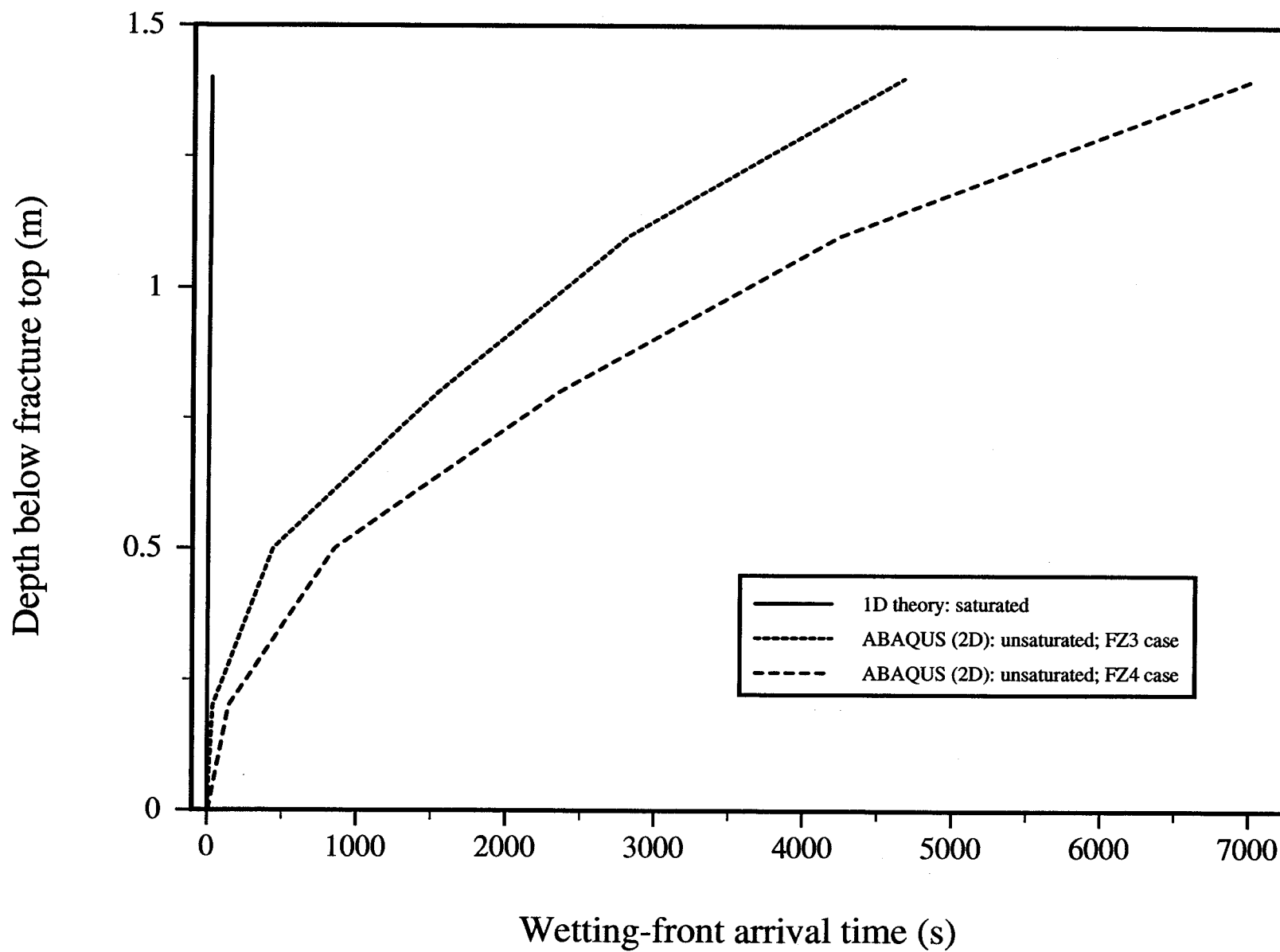
Node Number	Depth (m)	Case C31	Case C32 ⁵²
		Arrival Time (s)	Arrival Time (s)
10131	0.0	1.634	1.634
9731	0.2	38.13	38.13
9131	0.5	438.9	438.9
8531	0.8	1541	1541
8131	1.1	2814	2814
7731	1.4	4659	4659
7331	1.8	—	—
6931	2.1	—	—

Depth	Theoretical Arrival Time (s) (ID — Salt case)
0.0	0.0
0.2	1.80
0.5	4.50
0.8	7.20
1.1	9.91
1.4	12.6

$$V = \frac{3.33 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}}{0.3}$$

$$= 0.11 \text{ m/s}$$

Chloe
Pages 1-53



**CYLINDRICAL HEAT SOURCE
IN INFINITE MEDIUM
(TASK 2.3 PROBLEM 5)**

G/10/region

PROBLEM SET 5: CYLINDRICAL HEAT SOURCE IN INFINITE MEDIA

The purpose of this problem set is to evaluate the modeling of coupled thermal-hydrological problems in ABAQUS. The problems examine changes in temperature and pore-water pressure and saturation around a cylindrical heat source buried in an infinite rock mass. The rock mass is homogeneous and isotropic. Water flows through pore channels only; there is no flow through fractures.

The problem will be solved for both the saturated and unsaturated rock masses, using ABAQUS, V-TOUGH, and PORFLO. The saturated case will also be solved analytically, using the solution obtained by Booker and Savidou (1985). A FORTRAN code of the Booker-Savidou solution, which was developed by T.S. Nguyen of the Atomic Energy Control Board, Canada, was obtained through the DECOVALEX secretariate. This code will be used if it is found to reproduce satisfactorily the responses calculated by Booker and Savidou (1985); otherwise, use of the analytical solution will be dropped from the study.

The thermal output of the heater will be specified in a way to maintain below-boiling conditions in the rock mass, because ABAQUS has no provisions for modeling the vaporization and condensation of water.

Analytical Solution

AECB Canada Code

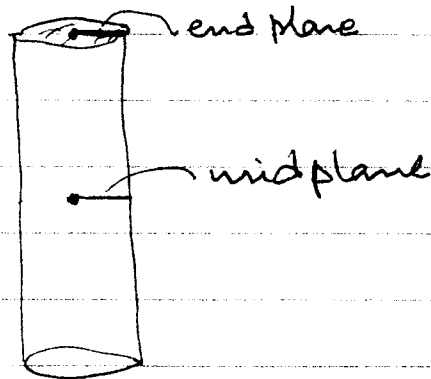
Source file: MyBookerSolution.f

Input file: BoSa.inp

Output files

BosaEnd.out — — end plane

BosaMid.out — mid plane



~~Auto~~ C-codes TempHist.c and pthist.c used to extract temperature and pore-pressure data from the .out files, for XPLOT plotting.

Compile with f77 -e (to accept 132-column source)

```

C*** THERMAL CONSOLIDATION AROUND A VOLUMETRIC HEAT SOURCE
C*** BASED ON BOOKER SOLUTION (1985)
C*** THE VOLUME IS DEFINED BY FUNCTION SUBROUTINES Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2
C*** INTEGRATION IS PERFORMED BY GAUSSIAN QUADRATURE
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
      REAL*8 NU,LAM,M,KAP,MV,KT,KH
      Character Fname*10,Fname2*10,TITLE*80
      DIMENSION XP(500),YP(500),ZP(500),TIME(500),ZG(256),WG(265)
      COMMON/SPACE/XP,YF,ZF,T
      COMMON KAP
      COMMON C
      COMMON LAM,G
      COMMON Y,Z
      EXTERNAL FTEMP,FPRES,FSXX,FSZZ,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2
C****OPEN INPUT,OUTPUT FILES
      Write(6,102)
102      Format('Name of the data file? '/')
      Read(5,*)Fname
      Open(51,file=Fname)
      write(6,103)
103      format('name of output file?/')
      Read(5,*)Fname2
      open(52,file=Fname2)
C****ENTER INPUT DATA
      READ(51,*)TITLE
      READ(51,*)X1,X2
      READ(51,*)E,NU,AS,AW
      READ(51,*)RHOS,RHOW,POR
      READ(51,*)CS,CW,KT,KH,GRAV
      READ(51,*)QV
      READ(51,100)NGAUS,NT,NP
100      FORMAT(3I5)
      READ(51,*)(XP(I),YP(I),ZP(I),I=1,NP)
      READ(51,*)(TIME(I),I=1,NT)
C****ECHO INPUT DATA
      WRITE(52,*)TITLE
      WRITE(52,200)
      WRITE(52,201)E,NU,AS,AW
      WRITE(52,202)RHOS,RHOW,POR
      WRITE(52,203)CS,CW,KT,KH,GRAV
      WRITE(52,204)QV
      WRITE(52,205)NGAUS,X1,X2
200      FORMAT('INPUT DATA'/10(' '))
201      FORMAT('E=',E15.6/'NU=',E15.6/'AS=',E15.6/'AW=',E15.6)
202      FORMAT('RHOS=',E15.6/'RHOW=',E15.6/'POROSITY=',E15.6)
203      FORMAT('CS=',E15.6/'CW=',E15.6/'KT=',E15.6/'KH=',E15.6/
      * 'GRAVITY=',E15.6)
204      FORMAT('HEAT GENERATION RATE',E15.6)
205      FORMAT('NUMBER OF GAUSSIAN INTEGRATION POINTS',I5/
      * 'LIMITS OF VOLUMETRIC SOURCE X1=',E15.6,'X2=',E15.6)
C****CALCULATE SECONDARY PARAMETERS
      LAM=NU*E/(1.+NU)/(1.-2.*NU)
      G=E/2./.(1.+NU)
      BP=(LAM+0.6666666666666667*G)*AS
      AU=AS*(1-POR)+AW*POR
      M=POR*RHOW*CW+(1.-POR)*RHOS*CS
      KAP=KT/M
      MV=1./(LAM+2.*G)
      C=KH/MV/RHOW/GRAV

```

```

      X=AU/MV-BP
      XX=X/AU/(1.-C/KAP)
      Y=MV*(XX+BP/AU)
      Z=MV*XX
      PI=3.141592654
      FACT=QV/4./PI/KT
      WRITE(52,400)LAM,G,KAP,C,AU,BP,X,Y,Z
400      FORMAT('CALCULATED PARAMETERS'/21(' '))/'LAMBDA',E15.6/'G',E15.6/
      * 'THERMAL DIFFUSIVITY',E15.6/'CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT',E15.6/
      * 'AU',E15.6/'BP',E15.6/'X',E15.6/'Y',E15.6/'Z',E15.6/'
C****CALCULATE TEMPERATURE,PORE PRESSURE AND STRESSES AT DIFFERENT TIMES AND POI
      NTS
      CALL DGAUSS(ZG,WG,NGAUS)
      DO IT=1,NT
      T=TIME(IT)
      WRITE(52,300)T
      DO I=1,NP
      XF=XP(I)
      YF=YP(I)
      ZF=ZP(I)
      TEMP=QUAD3D(FTEMP,X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2,ZG,WG,NGAUS)*FACT
      PRES=QUAD3D(FPRES,X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2,ZG,WG,NGAUS)
      PRES=PRES*FACT*X/(1.-C/KAP)
      SXX=QUAD3D(FSXX,X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2,ZG,WG,NGAUS)
      SZZ=QUAD3D(FSZZ,X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2,ZG,WG,NGAUS)
      SXX=BP*TEMP +AU*FACT*SXX
      SZZ=BP*TEMP +AU*FACT*SZZ
      WRITE(52,301)XF,YF,ZF,TEMP,PRES,SXX,SZZ
      END DO
      END DO
      FORMAT('TIME=',E15.6/11X,'X',11X,'Y',11X,'Z',8X,'TEMP',
      * 7X,'PRESS',9X,'SXX',9X,'SZZ')
      FORMAT(7E12.4)
      STOP
      END
      REAL*8 FUNCTION FTEMP(XS,YS,ZS)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
      REAL*8 KAP
      COMMON/SPACE/XF,YF,ZF,T
      COMMON KAP
      R=((XF-XS)**2+(YF-YS)**2+(ZF-ZS)**2)**0.5
      FTEMP=(F(KAP,T,R)-F(C,T,R))/R
      RETURN
      END
      REAL*8 FUNCTION FPRES(XS,YS,ZS)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
      REAL*8 KAP
      COMMON/SPACE/XF,YF,ZF,T
      COMMON KAP
      COMMON C
      R=((XF-XS)**2+(YF-YS)**2+(ZF-ZS)**2)**0.5
      FPRES=(F(KAP,T,R)-F(C,T,R))/R
      RETURN
      END
      REAL*8 FUNCTION FSXX(XS,YS,ZS)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
      REAL*8 KAP,LAM,KAPT
      COMMON/SPACE/XF,YF,ZF,T

```

E = Young's modulus

NU = Poisson's ratio

AS = Volumetric thermal expansivity for solid

AW = Volumetric thermal expansivity for water

RHOS = Density of solid

RHOW = Density of water

POR = Porosity

Heat generation rate (QV)

CS = specific heat of solid (per unit mass)

CW = specific heat of water (per unit mass)

KT = Thermal conductivity

KH = Hydraulic conductivity

GRAV = acceleration due to gravity

should be KAP

```

COMMON KAP
COMMON C
COMMON LAM,G
COMMON Y,Z
XR=XF-XS
YR=YF-YS
ZR=ZF-ZS
Pi=3.141592654
E=2.718281828
R2=XR**2+YR**2+ZR**2
R=(XR**2+YR**2+ZR**2)**0.5
GSTAR=Y*GF(KAP,T,R)-Z*GF(C,T,R)
DGSDR= Y*(-2*kap*t/r**3 + Sqrt(kap*t)/(E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*Sqrt(Pi)*r**2)

```

```

- Sqrt(kap*t)/(2*E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*kap*Sqrt(Pi)*t) +
- Sqrt(kap*t/(Pi*r**2))/(E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*r) +
- r*Sqrt(kap*t/(Pi*r**2))/(2*E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*kap*t) +
- 2*kap*t*Erfc(r/(2*Sqrt(kap*t)))/r**3)
- Z*(-2*c*t/r**3 + Sqrt(c*t)/(E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*Sqrt(Pi)*r**2) -
- Sqrt(c*t)/(2*E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*c*Sqrt(Pi)*t) +
- Sqrt(c*t/(Pi*r**2))/(E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*r) +
- r*Sqrt(c*t/(Pi*r**2))/(2*E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*c*t) +
- 2*c*t*Erfc(r/(2*Sqrt(c*t)))/r**3)
DUX=(1.-XR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+XR**2/R2*DGSDR
DUY=(1.-YR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+YR**2/R2*DGSDR
DUZ=(1.-ZR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+ZR**2/R2*DGSDR
EV=-(DUX+DUY+DUZ)
FSXX=LAM*EV - (2.0) * G * DUX
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION FSZZ(XS,YS,ZS)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
REAL*8 KAP,LAM,KAPT
COMMON/SPACE/XF,YF,ZF,T
COMMON KAP
COMMON C
COMMON LAM,G
COMMON Y,Z
XR=XF-XS
YR=YF-YS
ZR=ZF-ZS
Pi=3.141592654
E=2.718281828
R2=XR**2+YR**2+ZR**2
R=(XR**2+YR**2+ZR**2)**0.5
GSTAR=Y*GF(KAP,T,R)-Z*GF(C,T,R)
DGSDR= Y*(-2*kap*t/r**3 + Sqrt(kap*t)/(E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*Sqrt(Pi)*r**2)

```

```

- Sqrt(kap*t)/(2*E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*kap*Sqrt(Pi)*t) +
- Sqrt(kap*t/(Pi*r**2))/(E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*r) +
- r*Sqrt(kap*t/(Pi*r**2))/(2*E**((r**2/(4*kap*t))*kap*t) +
- 2*kap*t*Erfc(r/(2*Sqrt(kap*t)))/r**3)
- Z*(-2*c*t/r**3 + Sqrt(c*t)/(E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*Sqrt(Pi)*r**2) -
- Sqrt(c*t)/(2*E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*c*Sqrt(Pi)*t) +
- Sqrt(c*t/(Pi*r**2))/(E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*r) +
- r*Sqrt(c*t/(Pi*r**2))/(2*E**((r**2/(4*c*t))*c*t) +
- 2*c*t*Erfc(r/(2*Sqrt(c*t)))/r**3)
DUX=(1.-XR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+XR**2/R2*DGSDR
DUY=(1.-YR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+YR**2/R2*DGSDR
DUZ=(1.-ZR**2/R2)*GSTAR/R+ZR**2/R2*DGSDR

```

```

EV=-(DUX+DUY+DUZ)
FSZZ=LAM*EV - (2.0) * G * DUZ
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION F(C,T,R)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
F=ERFC(R/2./((C*T)**0.5)
RETURN
END

REAL*8 FUNCTION GF(C,T,R)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
A=C*T/R**2
GF=A*(0.5-A)*F(C,T,R) - (A/3.1415926)**0.5*DEXP(-R**2/4./C/T)
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION Y1(X)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
Y1=-(0.37**2-x**2)**0.5
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION Y2(X)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
Y2=(0.37**2-x**2)**0.5
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION Z1(X,Y)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
Z1=-1.125*0.5
RETURN
END

```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION Z2(X,Y)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)
Z2=1.125*0.5
RETURN
END

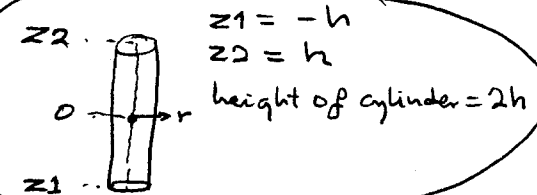
```

```

REAL*8 FUNCTION QUAD3D(FXYZ,X1,X2,Y1,Y2,Z1,Z2,ZG,WG,N)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
DIMENSION ZG(256),WG(256)
SS=0.
XM=0.5*(X1+X2)
XR=0.5*(X2-X1)
DO IX=1,N
X=ZG(IX)*XR+XM
YL=Y1(X)
YH=Y2(X)
YM=0.5*(YL+YH)
YR=0.5*(YH-YL)
SY=0.
DO IY=1,N
Y=YM+YR*ZG(IY)
ZL=Z1(X,Y)
ZH=Z2(X,Y)
ZM=0.5*(ZL+ZH)

```

radius of cylinder 0.25




```

      ZR=0.5*(ZH-ZL)
      SZ=0.
      DO IZ=1,N
        Z=ZM+ZR*ZG(IZ)
        FF=FFYZ(X,Y,Z)
        SZ=SZ+WG(IX)*WG(IY)*WG(IZ)*FF
      END DO
      SZ=SZ*ZR
      SY=SY+SZ
      END DO
      SY=SY*YR
      SS=SS+SY
      END DO
      SS=SS*XR
      QUAD3D=SS
      RETURN
      END

      SUBROUTINE DGAUSS(Z,W,N)

      COMPUTE THE FIRST N ROOTS AND WEIGHT FACTORS TO THE
      GAUSS-LEGENDRE QUADRATURE INTEGRATION SCHEME
      FOR THE SOLUTION OF INTEGRALS OF THE FORM

          INTEGRAL OF F(Z)*DZ = SUM OF W(I)*F(Z(I))
                                AS I = 1,... N
      INTEGRATED FROM A TO B

      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H,O-Z)
      DIMENSION W(256),Z(256)

      Z          ROOTS OF THE LEGENDRE POLYNOMIALS P(N+1)(Z)

      W          WEIGHT FACTORS FOR THE GAUSS-LEGENDRE QUADRATURE

      N          NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS
      N CAN ONLY HAVE THE VALUE OF EITHER 4,5,6,10,15,20,60,104,256

      THE ROOTS AND WEIGHT FACTORS FOR THE NORMALIZED INTEGRAL ARE TAKEN
      FROM :
      APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS
      BY : B. CARNAHAN, H.A. LUTHER AND J.O. WILKES
      JOHN WILEY AND SONS, INC. , 1969
      CONTINUE
      AND IN ADDITION :
      GAUSSIAN QUADRATURE FORMULAS
      BY : A.H. STROUD AND DON SECREST
      PRINTICE-HALL, INC. 1966

      PROGRAMME WAS WRITTEN BY : MICHAEL J. UNGS JULY, 1976

      NORMALIZED ROOTS AND WEIGHTS

```

```

C
      IF(N.NE.4) GO TO 50
      Z(1)=.3399810435848562D0
      Z(3)=.8611363115940525D0
      W(1)=.6521451548625461D0
      W(3)=.3478548451374538D0
      GO TO 10000
50      IF(N.NE.5) GO TO 60
      Z(1)=0.
      Z(2)=.5384693101056830D0
      Z(4)=.9061798459386639D0
      W(1)=.5688888888888888D0
      W(2)=.4786286704993664D0
      W(4)=.2369268850561890D0
      GO TO 10000
60      IF(N.NE.6) GO TO 100
      Z(1)=.2386191860831969D0
      Z(3)=.6612093864662645D0
      Z(5)=.9324695142031520D0
      W(1)=.4679139345726910D0
      W(3)=.3607615730481386D0
      W(5)=.1713244923791703D0
      GO TO 10000
100     IF(N.NE.10) GO TO 150
      Z(1)=.148874338981631D0
      Z(3)=.433395394129247D0
      Z(5)=.679409568299024D0
      Z(7)=.865063366688985D0
      Z(9)=.973906528517172D0
      W(1)=.295524224714753D0
      W(3)=.269266719309996D0
      W(5)=.219086362515982D0
      W(7)=.149451349150581D0
      W(9)=.066671344308688D0
      GO TO 10000
150     IF(N.NE.15) GO TO 200
      Z(1)=0.
      Z(2)=.201194093997435D0
      Z(4)=.394151347077563D0
      Z(6)=.570972172608539D0
      Z(8)=.724417731360170D0
      Z(10)=.848206583410427D0
      Z(12)=.937273392400706D0
      Z(14)=.987992518020485D0
      W(1)=.202578241925561D0
      W(2)=.198431485327111D0
      W(4)=.186161000115562D0
      W(6)=.166269205816994D0
      W(8)=.139570677926154D0
      W(10)=.107159220467172D0
      W(12)=.070366047488108D0
      W(14)=.030753241996117D0
      GO TO 10000
200     IF(N.NE.20) GO TO 600
      Z(1)=.7652652113349733D-01
      Z(3)=.2277858511416450D0
      Z(5)=.3737060887154195D0
      Z(7)=.5108670019508270D0
      Z(9)=.6360536807265150D0
      Z(11)=.7463319064601507D0
      Z(13)=.8391169718222188D0

```

Z(15)=.9122344282513259D0
 Z(17)=.9639719272779137D0
 Z(19)=.9931285991850949D0
 W(1)=.1527533871307258D0
 W(3)=.1491729864726037D0
 W(5)=.1420961093183820D0
 W(7)=.1316886384491766D0
 W(9)=.1181945319615184D0
 W(11)=.1019301198172404D0
 W(13)=.8327674157670474D-01
 W(15)=.6267204833410906D-01
 W(17)=.4060142980038694D-01
 W(19)=.1761400713915211D-01
 GO TO 10000
 600 IF(N.NE.60) GO TO 1040
 Z(1)=.2595977230124779D-01
 Z(3)=.7780933394953656D-01
 Z(5)=.1294491353969450D0
 Z(7)=.1807399648734254D0
 Z(9)=.2315435513760293D0
 Z(11)=.2817229374232616D0
 Z(13)=.3311428482684481D0
 Z(15)=.3796700565767979D0
 Z(17)=.4271737415830783D0
 Z(19)=.4735258417617071D0
 Z(21)=.5186014000585697D0
 Z(23)=.5622789007539445D0
 Z(25)=.6044405970485103D0
 Z(27)=.6449728284894770D0
 Z(29)=.6837663273813554D0
 Z(31)=.7207165133557303D0
 Z(33)=.7557237753065856D0
 Z(35)=.7886937399322640D0
 Z(37)=.8195375261621457D0
 Z(39)=.8481719847859296D0
 Z(41)=.8745199226468983D0
 Z(43)=.8985103108100459D0
 Z(45)=.9200784761776275D0
 Z(47)=.9391662761164232D0
 Z(49)=.9557222558399961D0
 Z(51)=.9697017887650527D0
 Z(53)=.9810672017525981D0
 Z(55)=.989787895222217D0
 Z(57)=.9958405251188381D0
 Z(59)=.9992101232274360D0
 W(1)=.5190787763122063D-01
 W(3)=.5176794317491018D-01
 W(5)=.5148845150098093D-01
 W(7)=.5107015606985562D-01
 W(9)=.5051418453250937D-01
 W(11)=.4982203569055018D-01
 W(13)=.4899557545575683D-01
 W(15)=.4803703181997118D-01
 W(17)=.4694898884891220D-01
 W(19)=.4573437971611448D-01
 W(21)=.4439647879578711D-01
 W(23)=.4293889283593564D-01
 W(25)=.4136555123558475D-01
 W(27)=.3968069545238079D-01
 W(29)=.3788886756924344D-01
 W(31)=.3599489805108450D-01

W(33)=.3400389272494642D-01
 W(35)=.3192121901929632D-01
 W(37)=.2975249150078894D-01
 W(39)=.2750355674992479D-01
 W(41)=.2518047762152124D-01
 W(43)=.2278951694399781D-01
 W(45)=.2033712072945728D-01
 W(47)=.1782990101420772D-01
 W(49)=.1527461859678479D-01
 W(51)=.1267816647681596D-01
 W(53)=.1004755718228798D-01
 W(55)=.7389931163345455D-02
 W(57)=.4712729926953568D-02
 W(59)=.2026811968873758D-02
 GO TO 10000
 1040 IF(N.NE.104) GO TO 2560
 Z(1)=.1503080570420580D-01
 Z(3)=.4507883345537786D-01
 Z(5)=.7508612251067031D-01
 Z(7)=.1050255546478664D0
 Z(9)=.1348700729684854D0
 Z(11)=.1645927063496751D0
 Z(13)=.1941665938185881D0
 Z(15)=.2235650088272125D0
 Z(17)=.2527613834057209D0
 Z(19)=.2817293321725080D0
 Z(21)=.3104426761792209D0
 Z(23)=.3388754665692306D0
 Z(25)=.3670020080281650D0
 Z(27)=.3947968820053119D0
 Z(29)=.4222349696849036D0
 Z(31)=.4492914746865266D0
 Z(33)=.4759419454741398D0
 Z(35)=.5021622974534502D0
 Z(37)=.5279288347376772D0
 Z(39)=.5532182715620344D0
 Z(41)=.5780077533275774D0
 Z(43)=.6022748772554004D0
 Z(45)=.6259977126325152D0
 Z(47)=.6491548206311185D0
 Z(49)=.6717252736833362D0
 Z(51)=.6936886743939371D0
 Z(53)=.7150251739739257D0
 Z(55)=.7357154901783585D0
 Z(57)=.7557409247321753D0
 Z(59)=.7750833802283033D0
 Z(61)=.7937253764827685D0
 Z(63)=.8116500663320458D0
 Z(65)=.8288412508583829D0
 Z(67)=.8452833940293626D0
 Z(69)=.8609616367385050D0
 Z(71)=.8758618102342710D0
 Z(73)=.8899704489254118D0
 Z(75)=.9032748025512220D0
 Z(77)=.9157628477059157D0
 Z(79)=.9274232987070864D0
 Z(81)=.9382456177991042D0
 Z(83)=.9482200246834838D0
 Z(85)=.9573375053700733D0
 Z(87)=.9655898203461570D0
 Z(89)=.9729695120673583D0

Z(91)=.9794699117905919D0
Z(93)=.9850851458144620D0
Z(95)=.9898101413367193D0
Z(97)=.9936406326897030D0
Z(99)=.9965731714060389D0
Z(101)=.9986051626519773D0
Z(103)=.9997352218760882D0
W(1) = .3005934726091462D-01
W(3) = .3003218199259360D-01
W(5) = .2997787600578057D-01
W(7) = .2989647837794739D-01
W(9) = .2978806266985645D-01
W(11) = .2965272685908227D-01
W(13) = .2949059325146727D-01
W(15) = .2930180837059142D-01
W(17) = .2908654282535595D-01
W(19) = .2884499115580069D-01
W(21) = .2857737165729427D-01
W(23) = .2828392618325631D-01
W(25) = .2796491992658968D-01
W(27) = .2762064118002044D-01
W(29) = .2725140107556215D-01
W(31) = .268575333033987D-01
W(33) = .2643939381002810D-01
W(35) = .2599736047717519D-01
W(37) = .2553183277970497D-01
W(39) = .2504323142490426D-01
W(41) = .2453199797222264D-01
W(43) = .2399859443422820D-01
W(45) = .2344350285908004D-01
W(47) = .2286722489489493D-01
W(49) = .2227028133640237D-01
W(51) = .2165321165429792D-01
W(53) = .2101657350772073D-01
W(55) = .2036094224029680D-01
W(57) = .1968691036020432D-01
W(59) = .1899508700473277D-01
W(61) = .1828609738982209D-01
W(63) = .1756058224508301D-01
W(65) = .1681919723481482D-01
W(67) = .1606261236555251D-01
W(69) = .1529151138069267D-01
W(71) = .1450659114276789D-01
W(73) = .1370856100396590D-01
W(75) = .1289814216552733D-01
W(77) = .1207606702671645D-01
W(79) = .1124307852416543D-01
W(81) = .1039992946259468D-01
W(83) = .9547381838326911D-02
W(85) = .8686206157923711D-02
W(87) = .7817180756425343D-02
W(89) = .6941091125180975D-02
W(91) = .6058729274750651D-02
W(93) = .5170893207327752D-02
W(95) = .4278386752472274D-02
W(97) = .3382020818687030D-02
W(99) = .2482621802176784D-02
W(101) = .1581095291194842D-02
W(103) = .6794761824845529D-03

GO TO 10000

2560 IF(N.NE.256) GO TO 3000

Z(1)=.6123912375189529D-02
Z(3)=.1837081847881366D-01
Z(5)=.3061496877997902D-01
Z(7)=.4285452653637909D-01
Z(9)=.5508765569463398D-01
Z(11)=.6731252116571640D-01
Z(13)=.7952728910023296D-01
Z(15)=.9173012716351955D-01
Z(17)=.1039192048105094D0
Z(19)=.1160926935603328D0
Z(21)=.1282487672706070D0
Z(23)=.1403856024113758D0
Z(25)=.1525013783386563D0
Z(27)=.1645942775675538D0
Z(29)=.1766624860449019D0
Z(31)=.1887041934213888D0
Z(33)=.2007175933231266D0
Z(35)=.2127008836226259D0
Z(37)=.2246522667091319D0
Z(39)=.2365699497582840D0
Z(41)=.2484521450010566D0
Z(43)=.2602970699919425D0
Z(45)=.2721029478763366D0
Z(47)=.2838680076570817D0
Z(49)=.2955904844601356D0
Z(51)=.3072686197993190D0
Z(53)=.3189006618401062D0
Z(55)=.3304848656624169D0
Z(57)=.3420194935223716D0
Z(59)=.3535028151129699D0
Z(61)=.3649331078236540D0
Z(63)=.3763086569987163D0
Z(65)=.3876277561945155D0
Z(67)=.3988887074354591D0
Z(69)=.4100898214687165D0
Z(71)=.4212294180176238D0
Z(73)=.4323058260337413D0
Z(75)=.4433173839475273D0
Z(77)=.4542624399175899D0
Z(79)=.4651393520784793D0
Z(81)=.4759464887869833D0
Z(83)=.4866822288668903D0
Z(85)=.4973449618521814D0
Z(87)=.5079330882286160D0
Z(89)=.5184450196736744D0
Z(91)=.5288791792948222D0
Z(93)=.5392340018660591D0
Z(95)=.5495079340627185D0
Z(97)=.5596994346944811D0
Z(99)=.5698069749365687D0
Z(101)=.5798290385590829D0
Z(103)=.5897641221544543D0
Z(105)=.5996107353629683D0
Z(107)=.6093674010963339D0
Z(109)=.6190326557592612D0
Z(111)=.6286050494690149D0
Z(113)=.6380831462729113D0
Z(115)=.6474655243637248D0
Z(117)=.6567507762929732D0
Z(119)=.6659375091820485D0
Z(121)=.6750243449311627D0

Z(123)=.6840099204260759D0
Z(125)=.6928928877425769D0
Z(127)=.7016719143486851D0
Z(129)=.7103456833045433D0
Z(131)=.7189128934599714D0
Z(133)=.7273722596496521D0
Z(135)=.7357225128859178D0
Z(137)=.7439624005491115D0
Z(139)=.7520906865754920D0
Z(141)=.7601061516426554D0
Z(143)=.7680075933524456D0
Z(145)=.7757938264113257D0
Z(147)=.7834636828081838D0
Z(149)=.7910160119895459D0
Z(151)=.7984496810321707D0
Z(153)=.8057635748129986D0
Z(155)=.8129565961764315D0
Z(157)=.8200276660989170D0
Z(159)=.8269757238508125D0
Z(161)=.8337997271555048D0
Z(163)=.8404986523457627D0
Z(165)=.8470714945172962D0
Z(167)=.8535172676795029D0
Z(169)=.8598350049033763D0
Z(171)=.8660237584665545D0
Z(173)=.8720825999954882D0
Z(175)=.8780106206047065D0
Z(177)=.8838069310331582D0
Z(179)=.8894706617776108D0
Z(181)=.8950009632230845D0
Z(183)=.9003970057703035D0
Z(185)=.9056579799601446D0
Z(187)=.9107830965950650D0
Z(189)=.9157715868574903D0
Z(191)=.9206227024251464D0
Z(193)=.9253357155833162D0
Z(195)=.9299099193340056D0
Z(197)=.9343446275020030D0
Z(199)=.9386391748378148D0
Z(201)=.9427929171174624D0
Z(203)=.9468052312391274D0
Z(205)=.9506755153166282D0
Z(207)=.9544031887697162D0
Z(209)=.9579876924111781D0
Z(211)=.9614284885307321D0
Z(213)=.9647250609757064D0
Z(215)=.9678769152284894D0
Z(217)=.9708835784807430D0
Z(219)=.9737445997043704D0
Z(221)=.9764595497192341D0
Z(223)=.9790280212576220D0
Z(225)=.9814496290254644D0
Z(227)=.9837240097603154D0
Z(229)=.9858508222861259D0
Z(231)=.9878297475648606D0
Z(233)=.9896604887450652D0
Z(235)=.9913427712075830D0
Z(237)=.9928763426088221D0
Z(239)=.9942609729224096D0
Z(241)=.9954964544810963D0
Z(243)=.9965826020233815D0

Z(245)=.9975192527567208D0
Z(247)=.9983062664730064D0
Z(249)=.9989435258434088D0
Z(251)=.9994309374662614D0
Z(253)=.9997684374092631D0
Z(255)=.9999560500189922D0
W(1)=.1224767164028975D-01
W(3)=.1224583436974792D-01
W(5)=.1224216010427280D-01
W(7)=.1223664939504015D-01
W(9)=.1222930306871027D-01
W(11)=.1222012222730396D-01
W(13)=.1220910824803724D-01
W(15)=.1219626278311471D-01
W(17)=.1218158775948177D-01
W(19)=.1216508537853550D-01
W(21)=.1214675811579445D-01
W(23)=.1212660872052732D-01
W(25)=.1210464021534046D-01
W(27)=.1208085589572454D-01
W(29)=.1205525932956014D-01
W(31)=.1202785435658257D-01
W(33)=.1199864508780581D-01
W(35)=.1196763590490589D-01
W(37)=.1193483145956356D-01
W(39)=.1190023667276648D-01
W(41)=.1186385673407107D-01
W(43)=.1182569710082397D-01
W(45)=.1178576349734342D-01
W(47)=.1174406191406055D-01
W(49)=.1170059860662074D-01
W(51)=.1165538009494524D-01
W(53)=.1160841316225310D-01
W(55)=.1155970485404363D-01
W(57)=.1150926247703949D-01
W(59)=.1145709359809063D-01
W(61)=.1140320604303918D-01
W(63)=.1134760789554549D-01
W(65)=.1129030749587550D-01
W(67)=.1123131343964966D-01
W(69)=.1117063457655344D-01
W(71)=.1110828000900984D-01
W(73)=.1104425909081390D-01
W(75)=.1097858142572957D-01
W(77)=.1091125686604903D-01
W(79)=.1084229551111479D-01
W(81)=.1077170770580462D-01
W(83)=.1069950403897978D-01
W(85)=.1062569534189656D-01
W(87)=.1055029268658148D-01
W(89)=.1047330738417040D-01
W(91)=.1039475098321172D-01
W(93)=.1031463526793401D-01
W(95)=.1023297225647821D-01
W(97)=.1014977419909486D-01
W(99)=.1006505357630638D-01
W(101)=.9978823097034910D-02
W(103)=.9891095696695828D-02
W(105)=.9801884535257327D-02
W(107)=.9711202995266279D-02
W(109)=.9619064679840727D-02

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W(111)=.9525483410629284D-02
W(113)=.9430473225737752D-02
W(115)=.9334048377623269D-02
W(117)=.9236223330956302D-02
W(119)=.9137012760450806D-02
W(121)=.9036431548662873D-02
W(123)=.8934494783758207D-02
W(125)=.8831217757248750D-02
W(127)=.8726615961698807D-02
W(129)=.8620705088401014D-02
W(131)=.8513501025022490D-02
W(133)=.8405019853221535D-02
W(135)=.8295277846235225D-02
W(137)=.8184291466438269D-02
W(139)=.8072077362873499D-02
W(141)=.7958652368754348D-02
W(143)=.7844033498939711D-02
W(145)=.7728237947381555D-02
W(147)=.7611283084545659D-02
W(149)=.7493186454805883D-02
W(151)=.7373965773812346D-02
W(153)=.7253638925833913D-02
W(155)=.7132223961075390D-02
W(157)=.7009739092969822D-02
W(159)=.6886202695446320D-02
W(161)=.6761633300173798D-02
W(163)=.6636049593781065D-02
W(165)=.6509470415053660D-02
W(167)=.6381914752107880D-02
W(169)=.6253401739542401D-02
W(171)=.6123950655567932D-02
W(173)=.5993580919115338D-02
W(175)=.5862312086922653D-02
W(177)=.5730163850601437D-02
W(179)=.5597156033682910D-02
W(181)=.5463308588644310D-02
W(183)=.5328641593915930D-02
W(185)=.5193175250869280D-02
W(187)=.5056929880786842D-02
W(189)=.4919925921813865D-02
W(191)=.4782183925892691D-02
W(193)=.4643724555680060D-02
W(195)=.4504568581447897D-02
W(197)=.4364736877968056D-02
W(199)=.4224250421381536D-02
W(201)=.4083130286052668D-02
W(203)=.3941397641408833D-02
W(205)=.3799073748766257D-02
W(207)=.3656179958142502D-02
W(209)=.3512737705056307D-02
W(211)=.3368768507315551D-02
W(213)=.3224293961794198D-02
W(215)=.3079335741199337D-02
W(217)=.2933915590829716D-02
W(219)=.2788055325327706D-02
W(221)=.2641776825427490D-02
W(223)=.2495102034703706D-02
W(225)=.2348052956327312D-02
W(227)=.2200651649839910D-02
W(229)=.2052920227966143D-02
W(231)=.1904880853499718D-02

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W(233)=.1756555736330729D-02
W(235)=.1607967130749327D-02
W(237)=.1459137333310733D-02
W(239)=.1310088681902504D-02
W(241)=.1160843557567724D-02
W(243)=.1011424393208440D-02
W(245)=.8618537014200890D-03
W(247)=.7121541634733206D-03
W(249)=.5623489540314098D-03
W(251)=.4124632544261763D-03
W(253)=.2625349442964459D-03
W(255)=.1127890178222721D-03
GO TO 10000
3000 CONTINUE
WRITE(8,4000)N
4000 FORMAT(////,40X,'***** ERROR FLAG FROM SUBROUTINE DGAUSS *****',
2///,20X,'SUBROUTINE DGAUSS DOES NOT CONTAIN THE N= ',I3,
$' ROOTS AND WEIGHT FACTORS',
3
4RATON SCHEME, THEY MUST BE ADDED ',/, 30X,'PROGRAM SHALL END AFTE
5R FORMAT 4000 IN SUBROUTINE DGAUSS')
STOP
10000 CONTINUE
C
C CONSTRUCT THE REMAINING COEFFICIENTS FROM THE GIVEN ONES
C
N0=0
NF=N/2
IF(Z(1).EQ.0.) N0=1
NJ=N0
DO 10100 J=1,NF
NJ=NJ+2
Z(NJ)=-Z(NJ-1)
10100 W(NJ)=W(NJ-1)
RETURN
END

REAL*8 FUNCTION ERFC(X)
REAL*8 X
DOUBLE PRECISION DX, DEXP, DVAL
DOUBLE PRECISION P(5), Q(5), R(3), S(3)
DATA P / 0.56420137667455481D0,
# 4.028389617759693D0,
# 13.06138566338851D0,
# 22.40039515948224D0,
# 18.3983860429584D0 /
DATA Q / 7.1408371979940819D0,
# 23.640303763581146D0,
# 43.36458705913165D0,
# 43.16075727248846D0,
# 18.3983859792919D0 /
DATA R / 0.56418959019740894D0,
# 0.329589904886677D0,
# 0.6141050178508D0 /
DATA S / 0.58418492304146109D0,
# 1.58835275986969D0,
# 0.2953483221592D0 /
C
IF ( X .GE. 9.307 ) GOTO 200
IF ( X .LE. -3.75 ) GOTO 300
DX = ABS(X)

```

```
C      IF ( DX .GE. 8.0D0 ) GOTO 100
      DVAL = DEXP(-DX*DX)*((((P(1)*DX + P(2))*DX + P(3))*DX +
      # P(4))*DX + P(5))/((((DX + Q(1))*DX + Q(2))*DX + Q(3))*DX +
      # Q(4))*DX + Q(5))
      IF ( X .LT. 0.0 ) DVAL = 2.0D0 - DVAL
      ERFC = DVAL
      RETURN
C
100 CONTINUE
      DVAL = DEXP(-DX*DX)*((R(1)*DX + R(2))*DX + R(3))/
      # ((DX + S(1))*DX + S(2))*DX + S(3))
      ERFC = DVAL
      RETURN
C
200 CONTINUE
      ERFC = 0.0
      RETURN
C
300 CONTINUE
      ERFC = 2.0
      RETURN
      END
```

THERMAL CONSOLIDATION AROUND A CYLINDRICAL SOURCE-buffer material properties

-0.32 0.32

1.E8 0.25 0.5E-4 0.4E-3

2700. 1000. 0.3

710. 418. 1.6 5.e-13 9.81

411.

20 7 3

0.32 0. 0.

0.64 0. 0.

0. 0. 1.125

8640.

86400.

432000.

864000.

4320000.

8640000.

43200000.

Sample output file

HEAT THERMAL CONSOLIDATION AROUND A CYLINDRICAL SOURCE-buffer material properties

65

DATA

= 0.100000E+09
 J= 0.250000E+00
 AS= 0.500000E-04
 AW= 0.400000E-03
 IOS= 0.270000E+04
 KHOW= 0.100000E+04
 POROSITY= 0.300000E+00
 i= 0.710000E+03
 f= 0.418000E+03
 KT= 0.160000E+01
 = 0.500000E-12
 IAVITY= 0.981000E+01
 HEAT GENERATION RATE 0.411000E+03
 NUMBER OF GAUSSIAN INTEGRATION POINTS 20
 LIMITS OF VOLUMETRIC SOURCE X1= -0.320000E+00 X2= 0.320000E+00

ALCULATED PARAMETERS

LAMBDA 0.400000E+08
 0.400000E+08
 THERMAL DIFFUSIVITY 0.109044E-05
 CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT 0.611621E-08
 A 0.155000E-03
 0.333333E+04
 0.152667E+05
 Y 0.100463E+01
 0.825418E+00

TIME= 0.864000E+04

X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.9185E+00	0.1410E+05	-0.3861E+04	-0.1911E+04
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.8369E-02	0.5173E+02	0.4007E+04	-0.7923E+03
0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.1174E+01	0.1883E+05	-0.1064E+05	-0.3544E+04

ME= 0.864000E+05

X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.6944E+01	0.1066E+06	-0.4350E+05	-0.2909E+05
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1548E+01	0.2377E+05	0.1007E+05	-0.1226E+05
0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.6085E+01	0.9264E+05	-0.5425E+05	-0.1885E+05

TIME= 0.432000E+06

X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1480E+02	0.2246E+06	-0.9972E+05	-0.7490E+05
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.7029E+01	0.1079E+06	-0.2220E+05	-0.4787E+05
0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.1102E+02	0.1643E+06	-0.9365E+05	-0.3747E+05

ME= 0.864000E+06

X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1769E+02	0.2643E+06	-0.1186E+06	-0.9229E+05
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.9594E+01	0.1473E+06	-0.4043E+05	-0.6519E+05
0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.1313E+02	0.1915E+06	-0.1069E+06	-0.4707E+05

0.432000E+07

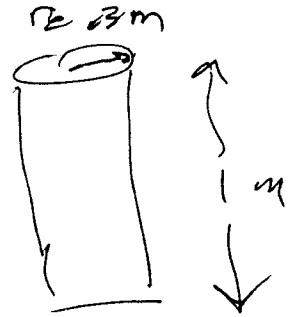
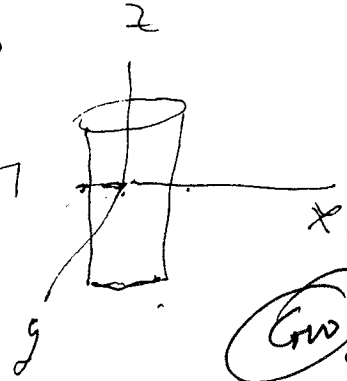
X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.2207E+02	0.2995E+06	-0.1347E+06	-0.1099E+06
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1379E+02	0.2098E+06	-0.7495E+05	-0.9230E+05

$$y_1 = -\sqrt{(0.3)^2 - x^2}$$

$$y_2 = +\sqrt{(0.3)^2 - x^2}$$

$$z_1 = -0.5$$

$$z_2 = 0.5$$

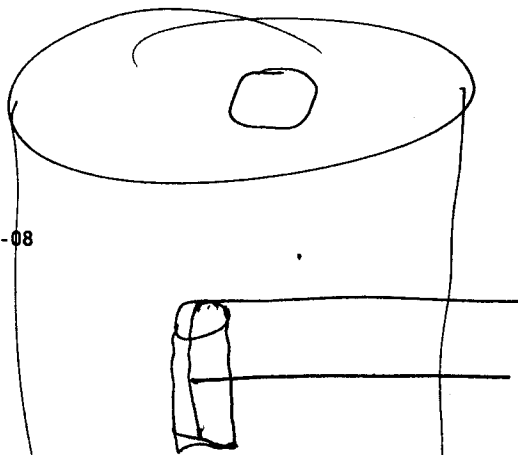


$\text{Circ } x_1 = -0.3 \quad x_2 = 0.3$
 $y = f(x) \quad y = \sqrt{(0.3)^2 - x^2}$

$r = 0.32 \text{ m}$

Subroutine y_1 & y_2

0.5



0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1694E+02 0.2163E+06 -0.1128E+06 -0.5972E+05

TIME= 0.864000E+07

	X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.2317E+02	0.2851E+06	-0.1257E+06	-0.1048E+06	
400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1488E+02	0.2193E+06	-0.8356E+05	-0.9574E+05	
800E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.1799E+02	0.2073E+06	-0.1036E+06	-0.5817E+05	

TIME= 0.432000E+08

	X	Y	Z	TEMP	PRESS	SXX	SZZ
0.3200E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.2466E+02	0.1942E+06	-0.7165E+05	-0.6234E+05	
0.6400E+00	0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1636E+02	0.1780E+06	-0.6712E+05	-0.7267E+05	
0.0000E+00	0.0000E+00	0.1125E+01	0.1946E+02	0.1575E+06	-0.6720E+05	-0.4153E+05	

THERMAL CONSOLIDATION AROUND A CYLINDRICAL SOURCE-buffer material properties

INPUT DATA

```

E= 0.100000E+09
NU= 0.250000E+00
AS= 0.500000E-04
AW= 0.400000E-03
RHOS= 0.270000E+04
RHOW= 0.100000E+04
POROSITY= 0.300000E+00
CS= 0.710000E+03
CW= 0.418000E+03
KT= 0.160000E+01
KH= 0.500000E-12
GRAVITY= 0.981000E+01
HEAT GENERATION RATE 0.411000E+03
NUMBER OF GAUSSIAN INTEGRATION POINTS 20
LIMITS OF VOLUMETRIC SOURCE X1= -0.320000E+00X2= 0.320000E+00

```

CALCULATED PARAMETERS

```

LAMBDA 0.400000E+08
G 0.400000E+08
THERMAL DIFFUSIVITY 0.109044E-05
CONSOLIDATION COEFFICIENT 0.611621E-08
AU 0.155000E-03
BP 0.333333E+04
X 0.152667E+05
Y 0.100463E+01
Z 0.825418E+00

```

```

TIME= 0.864000E+04
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.9185E+00 0.1410E+05 -0.3861E+04 -0.1911
E+04
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.3369E-02 0.5173E+02 0.4007E+04 -0.7923
E+03
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1174E+01 0.1803E+05 -0.1064E+05 -0.3544
E+04
TIME= 0.864000E+05
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.6944E+01 0.1066E+06 -0.4350E+05 -0.2909
E+05
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1548E+01 0.2377E+05 0.1007E+05 -0.1226
E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.6085E+01 0.9264E+05 -0.5425E+05 -0.1885
E+05
TIME= 0.432000E+06
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1480E+02 0.2246E+06 -0.9972E+05 -0.7490
E+05
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.7029E+01 0.1079E+06 -0.2220E+05 -0.4787

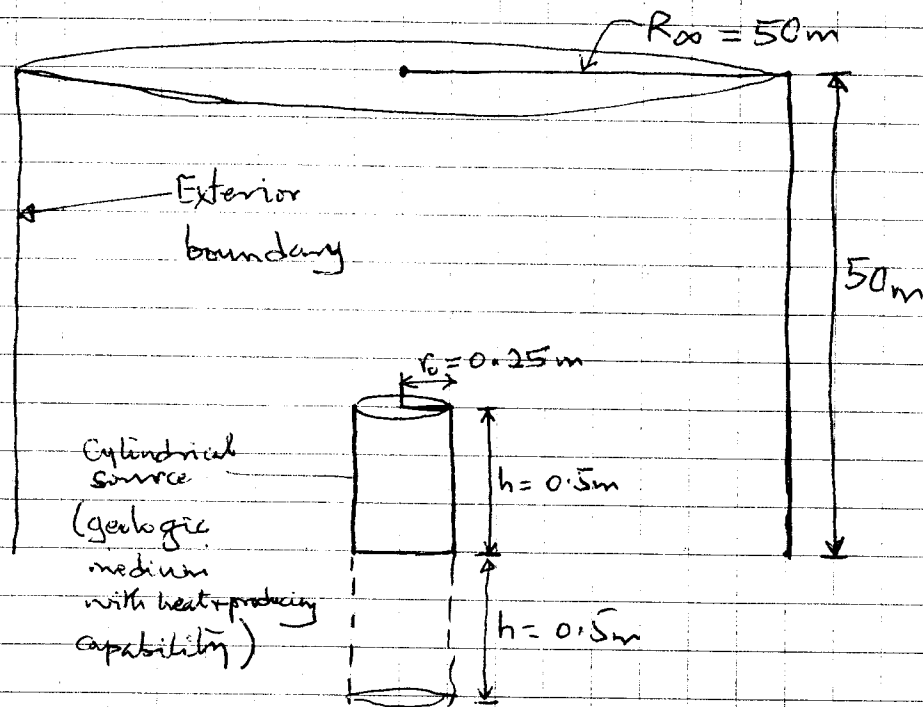
```

```

E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1102E+02 0.1643E+06 -0.9365E+05 -0.3747
E+05
TIME= 0.864000E+06
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1769E+02 0.2643E+06 -0.1186E+06 -0.9229
E+05
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.9594E+01 0.1473E+06 -0.4043E+05 -0.6519
E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1313E+02 0.1915E+06 -0.1069E+06 -0.4707
E+05
TIME= 0.432000E+07
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2207E+02 0.2995E+06 -0.1347E+06 -0.1099
E+06
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1379E+02 0.2098E+06 -0.7495E+05 -0.9230
E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1694E+02 0.2163E+06 -0.1128E+06 -0.5972
E+05
TIME= 0.864000E+07
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2317E+02 0.2851E+06 -0.1257E+06 -0.1048
E+06
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1488E+02 0.2193E+06 -0.8356E+05 -0.9574
E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1799E+02 0.2073E+06 -0.1036E+06 -0.5817
E+05
TIME= 0.432000E+08
      X      Y      Z      TEMP      PRESS      SXX
SZZ
0.3200E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.2466E+02 0.1942E+06 -0.7165E+05 -0.6234
E+05
0.6400E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1636E+02 0.1780E+06 -0.6712E+05 -0.7267
E+05
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.1125E+01 0.1946E+02 0.1575E+06 -0.6720E+05 -0.4153
E+05

```

Problem 8: Cylindrical Heat Source in Infinite Medium



Material Parameters

Mechanical

Young's modulus $= 10^8 \text{ Pa}$

Poisson's ratio $= 0.4$

Density of solid particles $\rho_s = 2700 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Density of water $\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

GW Bulk ~~den~~ Porosity $= 0.3$

Bulk density $\rho_b = 2190 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Dry density $\rho_d = 1890 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Gravitational acceleration $= 10 \text{ m/s}^2$

Thermal properties

$$\text{Volumetric expansivity of solid particles} = 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Volumetric expansivity of water} = 5.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Specific heat of solid particles} = 710 \text{ J/(kg} \cdot \text{K)}$$

$$\text{Specific heat of water} = 4189.3 \text{ J/(kg} \cdot \text{K)}$$

$$\text{Bulk specific heat} = 2.599 \times 10^6 \text{ J/(m}^3 \cdot \text{K)}$$

$$= 1187.0 \text{ J/(kg} \cdot \text{K)}$$

$$\text{Thermal conductivity (bulk)} = 1.6 \text{ J/(m} \cdot \text{s} \cdot \text{K)}$$

Hydrological Properties

$$\text{Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity} = 1.017 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Van Genuchten } \beta = 2.9227$$

$$\text{van Genuchten } n = 2.0304$$

$$\text{Residual saturation} = 0.055 / 0.3 \approx 0.1833$$

Initial Conditions

Temperature 25°C

Pore pressure: 0.0, -3.75 kPa

Heat source

$$600 \text{ J/(m}^3\cdot\text{s)}$$

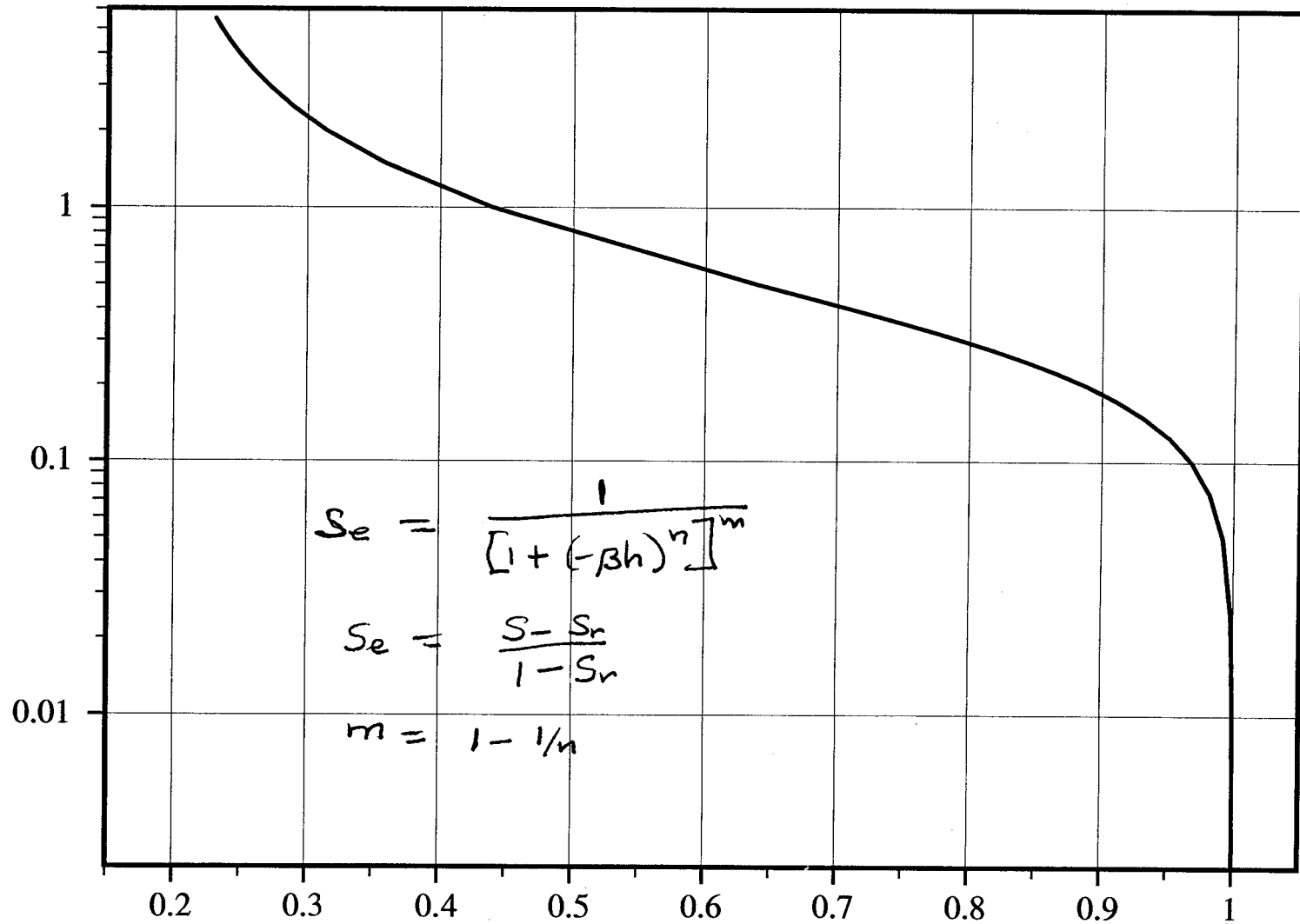
~~Monitor~~ GW

Calculate the history of pore pressure, temperature and saturation, at $r=0, 0.25, 0.5$ and 1.25 m on the planes $z=0$ (midplane) and $z=0.5$ (end plane).

~~Higher Permeability Material~~

Porosity 0.3
 $\beta = 2.9227$
 $n = 2.0304$

Suction head (m)



Saturation

Input Files

① t5.inp Heat flow analysis

~~t5m1.inp Thermal Mechanical Hydrate~~

② t5m1.inp Thermoconsolidation analysis:
Saturated case.

③ t5m2.inp Thermoconsolidation analysis
Unsaturated case, with
 $P_0 = -3.75 \text{ kPa}$, $S_0 = 0.741$.

④ t5m3.inp Thermoconsolidation analysis
Saturated case, with
 K_{sat} specified as a function
of temperature.

t5 job must be completed before running
any of the thermoconsolidation jobs. The
latter require the file t5.fil

*HEADING

Problem 5: Effect of buried cylindrical heat source:
Analysis with fine mesh (element characteristic size of 0.05 m)
Length in m; energy in J; mass in kg; time in s;
Heat flow analysis.

*PREPRINT, MODEL=NO, HISTORY=NO, ECHO=NO

**

*** Nodal data

**

*NODE

101,0.0,0.0

141,2.5,0.0

161,5.0,0.0

181,50.0,0.0

*NSET,NSET=N25

141

*NSET,NSET=N50

161

*NSET,NSET=N500

181

*NGEN,NSET=BASE

101,141,1

*NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE

N25,N50,20,1

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE

N50,N500,20,1

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=4000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL25

0.0,2.5,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=6000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL50

0.0,5.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=8000,SHIFT,NEW SET=TOP

0.0,50.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NFILL,NSET=ALLNODES

BASE,HL25,40,100

*NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES

HL25,HL50,20,100

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES

HL50,TOP,20,100

*** Element connectivity

*ELEMENT, TYPE=DCAx8

101,101,103,303,301,102,203,302,201

*ELGEN,ELSET=ALLELEME

101,40,2,1,40,200,100

*** The following node and element sets are used to apply boundary conditions

*** Node sets BASE and TOP have already been defined

*NSET,NSET=LEFT,GEN

101,8101,100

*NSET,NSET=PPTOP,GEN

8101,8181,2

*NSET,NSET=RIGHT,GEN

181,8181,100

*NSET,NSET=PPRIGHT,GEN

181,8181,200

*ELSET,ELSET=BASE,GEN

101,140,1

*ELSET,ELSET=LEFT,GEN

101,4001,100

*ELSET,ELSET=HEATER,GEN

101,401,100

102,402,100

*** The following node and element sets will be used to monitor changes

*NSET,NSET=MONITOR

101,105,109,121

901,905,909,921

*ELSET,ELSET=MONITOR

101,102,103,104,105,110,111

401,402,403,404,405,410,411

501,502,503,504,505,510,511

*** Element and material properties

*SOLID SECTION,ELSET=ALLELEME,MATERIAL=LEPROCK

*MATERIAL, NAME=LEPROCK

**

*DENSITY

2190.0

*SPECIFIC HEAT

1187.0

*CONDUCTIVITY

1.6

*** Initial temperature set to 25 Celcius at all nodes

*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=TEMPERATURE

ALLNODES,25.0

*** Kinematic constraints

*WAVEFRONT MINIMIZATION,SUPPRESS

*** The following amplitude defines constant conditions

*AMPLITUDE,NAME=NOCHANGE

0.0,1.0,1.0E15,1.0

*** Step 1: Analysis to 8.64E7 s (1000 d)

*STEP,INC=5000

*HEAT TRANSFER,DELTMX=1.0

1.0,8.64E7

*** Apply volumetric heat generation (element set HEATER)

*** Apply zero heat flux (symmetry conditions) on base and left boundary surface

S

*DFLUX,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE

HEATER,BF,600.0

BASE,S1,0.0

LEFT,S4,0.0

*** Zero-perturbation conditions on right and top boundary surfaces

```
*BOUNDARY,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE
RIGHT,11,,25.0
TOP,11,,25.0
*NODE PRINT,FREQUENCY=0
*EL PRINT,FREQUENCY=0
*RESTART, WRITE, FREQ=0
*NODE FILE,NSET=ALLNODES,FREQ=1
NT
*END STEP
```

*HEADING

Problem 5: Effect of buried cylindrical heat source:
 Analysis with fine mesh (element characteristic size of 0.05 m)
 Length in m; mass in (1000 kg); stress in kPa; time in s;
 Thermoconsolidation analysis with external temperature input;
 Temperature data in t5.fil;

*PREPRINT, MODEL=NO, HISTORY=NO, ECHO=NO

**

*** Nodal data

**

*NODE

101,0.0,0.0

141,2.5,0.0

161,5.0,0.0

181,50.0,0.0

*NSET,NSET=N25

141

*NSET,NSET=N50

161

*NSET,NSET=N500

181

*NGEN,NSET=BASE

101,141,1

*NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE

N25,N50,20,1

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE

N50,N500,20,1

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=4000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL25

0.0,2.5,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=6000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL50

0.0,5.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=8000,SHIFT,NEW SET=TOP

0.0,50.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NFILL,NSET=ALLNODES

BASE,HL25,40,100

*NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES

HL25,HL50,20,100

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES

HL50,TOP,20,100

*** Element connectivity

*ELEMENT, TYPE=CAX8RP

101,101,103,303,301,102,203,302,201

*ELGEN,ELSET=ALLELEME

101,40,2,1,40,200,100

*** The following node and element sets are used to apply boundary conditions

*** Node sets BASE and TOP have already been defined

*NSET,NSET=LEFT,GEN

101,8101,100

*NSET,NSET=PPTOP,GEN

8101,8181,2

*NSET,NSET=RIGHT,GEN

181,8181,100

*NSET,NSET=PPRIGHT,GEN

181,8181,200

*ELSET,ELSET=BASE,GEN

101,140,1

*ELSET,ELSET=LEFT,GEN

101,4001,100

*ELSET,ELSET=HEATER,GEN

101,401,100

102,402,100

*** The following node and element sets will be used to monitor changes

*NSET,NSET=MONITOR

101,105,109,121

901,905,909,921

*ELSET,ELSET=MONITOR

101,102,103,104,105,110,111

401,402,403,404,405,410,411

501,502,503,504,505,510,511

*** Element and material properties

*SOLID SECTION,ELSET=ALLELEME,MATERIAL=LEPROCK

*MATERIAL, NAME=LEPROCK

**

*DENSITY

1.89

*ELASTIC

1.0E5,0.4

*EXPANSION

1.6667E-5

*EXPANSION,PORE FLUID

1.8333E-4

*SORPTION,LAW=TABULAR

-5.50000E+01,2.29940E-01

-5.00000E+01,2.34730E-01

-4.50000E+01,2.40594E-01

-4.00000E+01,2.47935E-01

-3.50000E+01,2.57386E-01

-3.00000E+01,2.69991E-01

-2.50000E+01,2.87616E-01

-2.00000E+01,3.13917E-01

-1.50000E+01,3.57096E-01

-1.00000E+01,4.39453E-01

-5.00000E+00,6.38781E-01

-4.75000E+00,6.55252E-01

-4.50000E+00,6.72605E-01

-4.25000E+00,6.90862E-01

-4.00000E+00,7.10033E-01

-3.75000E+00,7.30110E-01

-3.50000E+00,7.51063E-01

-3.25000E+00,7.72831E-01

-3.00000E+00,7.95309E-01

-2.75000E+00,8.18347E-01

-2.50000E+00,8.41729E-01

-2.25000E+00,8.65171E-01

-2.00000E+00,8.88309E-01

-1.75000E+00,9.10697E-01

-1.50000E+00,9.31813E-01

-1.25000E+00,9.51077E-01

-1.00000E+00,9.67876E-01

-7.50000E-01,9.81617E-01

```

-5.00000E-01,9.91777E-01
-2.50000E-01,9.97964E-01
-2.25000E-01,9.98355E-01
-2.00000E-01,9.98704E-01
-1.75000E-01,9.99011E-01
-1.50000E-01,9.99277E-01
-1.25000E-01,9.99500E-01
-1.00000E-01,9.99682E-01
-7.50000E-02,9.99823E-01
-5.00000E-02,9.99922E-01
-2.50000E-02,9.99981E-01
0.00000E+00,1.00000E+00
*SORPTION,TYPE=EXSORPTION
-5.50000E+01,2.61371E-01
-5.00000E+01,2.65965E-01
-4.50000E+01,2.71590E-01
-4.00000E+01,2.78632E-01
-3.50000E+01,2.87697E-01
-3.00000E+01,2.99787E-01
-2.50000E+01,3.16693E-01
-2.00000E+01,3.41921E-01
-1.50000E+01,3.83337E-01
-1.00000E+01,4.62333E-01
-5.00000E+00,6.53525E-01
-4.75000E+00,6.69324E-01
-4.50000E+00,6.85968E-01
-4.25000E+00,7.03480E-01
-4.00000E+00,7.21868E-01
-3.75000E+00,7.41126E-01
-3.50000E+00,7.61224E-01
-3.25000E+00,7.82103E-01
-3.00000E+00,8.03664E-01
-2.75000E+00,8.25761E-01
-2.50000E+00,8.48189E-01
-2.25000E+00,8.70674E-01
-2.00000E+00,8.92868E-01
-1.75000E+00,9.14342E-01
-1.50000E+00,9.34597E-01
-1.25000E+00,9.53073E-01
-1.00000E+00,9.69187E-01
-7.50000E-01,9.82368E-01
-5.00000E-01,9.92112E-01
-2.50000E-01,9.98047E-01
-2.25000E-01,9.98422E-01
-2.00000E-01,9.98757E-01
-1.75000E-01,9.99052E-01
-1.50000E-01,9.99306E-01
-1.25000E-01,9.99521E-01
-1.00000E-01,9.99695E-01
-7.50000E-02,9.99830E-01
-5.00000E-02,9.99925E-01
-2.50000E-02,9.99982E-01
0.00000E+00,1.00000E+00
*PERMEABILITY,SPECIFIC=10.0
1.01700E-10,0.4286
*PERMEABILITY,SPECIFIC=10.0,TYPE=SATURATION
3.24043E-06,2.29940E-01
4.76644E-06,2.34730E-01
7.30021E-06,2.40594E-01
1.17521E-05,2.47935E-01
2.01481E-05,2.57386E-01

```

```

3.74947E-05,2.69991E-01
7.79805E-05,2.87616E-01
1.90124E-04,3.13917E-01
5.92208E-04,3.57096E-01
2.81066E-03,4.39453E-01
3.08230E-02,6.38781E-01
3.59961E-02,6.55252E-01
4.22110E-02,6.72605E-01
4.97045E-02,6.90862E-01
5.87707E-02,7.10033E-01
6.97736E-02,7.30110E-01
8.31623E-02,7.51063E-01
9.94884E-02,7.72831E-01
1.19423E-01,7.95309E-01
1.43772E-01,8.18347E-01
1.73492E-01,8.41729E-01
2.09684E-01,8.65171E-01
2.53587E-01,8.88309E-01
3.06526E-01,9.10697E-01
3.69842E-01,9.31813E-01
4.44759E-01,9.51077E-01
5.32217E-01,9.67876E-01
6.32651E-01,9.81617E-01
7.45722E-01,9.91777E-01
8.69905E-01,9.97964E-01
8.82817E-01,9.98355E-01
8.95797E-01,9.98704E-01
9.08837E-01,9.99011E-01
9.21928E-01,9.99277E-01
9.35057E-01,9.99500E-01
9.48207E-01,9.99682E-01
9.61356E-01,9.99823E-01
9.74464E-01,9.99922E-01
9.87456E-01,9.99981E-01
1.00000E+00,1.00000E+00
***
*** Initial temperature set to 25 Celcius at all nodes
***
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=TEMPERATURE
ALLNODES,25.0
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=PORE PRESSURE
ALLNODES,-0.025
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=SATURATION
ALLNODES,0.999981
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=RATIO
ALLNODES,0.4286
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=STRESS
ALLELEME,-0.025,-0.025,-0.025,0.0
***
*** Kinematic constraints
***
*BOUNDARY
BASE,2
TOP,2
LEFT,1
RIGHT,1
*WAVEFRONT MINIMIZATION,SUPPRESS
***
*** The following amplitude defines constant conditions
***
*AMPLITUDE,NAME=NOCHANGE

```

0.0,1.0,1.0E15,1.0

*** Step 1: Analysis to 8.64E7 s (1000 d)

*STEP,INC=5000

*SOILS,CONSOLIDATION,UTOL=2.5

1.0,8.64E7

**

** Impermeable boundaries (midplane and axial symmetry conditions)

**

*DFLOW,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE

BASE,S1,0.0

LEFT,S4,0.0

*** Zero-perturbation conditions on right and top boundary surfaces

*BOUNDARY,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE

PPRIGHT,8,,-0.025

PPTOP,8,,-0.025

*TEMPERATURE,FILE=t5,BSTEP=1,ESTEP=1

*RESTART, WRITE, FREQ=1,OVERLAY

*NODE PRINT,FREQUENCY=0

*EL PRINT,FREQUENCY=0

*NODE FILE,NSET=MONITOR,FREQ=1

POR

****EL FILE,ELSET=MONITOR,FREQ=1,POSITION=AVERAGE

***SAT

*END STEP

*HEADING

Problem 5: Effect of buried cylindrical heat source:
 Analysis with fine mesh (element characteristic size of 0.05 m)
 Length in m; mass in (1000 kg); stress in kPa; time in s;
 Thermoconsolidation analysis with external temperature input;
 Temperature data in t5.fil;
 Case of unsaturated medium, initial pore pressure of -3.75 kPa.
 *PREPRINT, MODEL=NO, HISTORY=NO, ECHO=NO

**
 *** Nodal data

**
*NODE

101,0.0,0.0
 141,2.5,0.0
 161,5.0,0.0
 181,50.0,0.0
 *NSET,NSET=N25

141
 *NSET,NSET=N50

161
 *NSET,NSET=N500

181
 *NGEN,NSET=BASE

101,141,1
 *NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE
 N25,N50,20,1

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=BASE
 N50,N500,20,1

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=4000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL25
 0.0,2.5,0.0
 0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0

*NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=6000,SHIFT,NEW SET=HL50
 0.0,5.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0
 *NCOPY,OLD SET=BASE,CHANGE NUMBER=8000,SHIFT,NEW SET=TOP
 0.0,50.0,0.0

0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,1.0,0.0
 *NFILL,NSET=ALLNODES

BASE,HL25,40,100
 *NFILL,BIAS=0.875,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES
 HL25,HL50,20,100

*NFILL,BIAS=0.75,TWOSTEP,NSET=ALLNODES
 HL50,TOP,20,100

 *** Element connectivity

*ELEMENT, TYPE=CAX8RP

101,101,103,303,301,102,203,302,201

*ELGEN,ELSET=ALLELEME
 101,40,2,1,40,200,100

 *** The following node and element sets are used to apply boundary conditions
 *** Node sets BASE and TOP have already been defined

 *NSET,NSET=LEFT,GEN

101,8101,100
 *NSET,NSET=PPTOP,GEN
 8101,8181,2

*NSET,NSET=RIGHT,GEN
 181,8181,100

*NSET,NSET=PPRIGHT,GEN

181,8181,200

*ELSET,ELSET=BASE,GEN

101,140,1

*ELSET,ELSET=LEFT,GEN

101,4001,100

*ELSET,ELSET=HEATER,GEN

101,401,100

102,402,100

*** The following node and element sets will be used to monitor changes

*NSET,NSET=MONITOR

101,105,109,121

901,905,909,921

*ELSET,ELSET=MONITOR

101,102,103,104,105,110,111

401,402,403,404,405,410,411

501,502,503,504,505,510,511

*** Element and material properties

*SOLID SECTION,ELSET=ALLELEME,MATERIAL=LEPROCK

*MATERIAL, NAME=LEPROCK

**

*DENSITY

1.89

*ELASTIC

1.0E5,0.4

*EXPANSION

1.6667E-5

*EXPANSION,PORE FLUID

1.8333E-4

*SORPTION,LAW=TABULAR

-5.50000E+01,2.29940E-01

-5.00000E+01,2.34730E-01

-4.50000E+01,2.40594E-01

-4.00000E+01,2.47935E-01

-3.50000E+01,2.57386E-01

-3.00000E+01,2.69991E-01

-2.50000E+01,2.87616E-01

-2.00000E+01,3.13917E-01

-1.50000E+01,3.57096E-01

-1.00000E+01,4.39453E-01

-5.00000E+00,6.38781E-01

-4.75000E+00,6.55252E-01

-4.50000E+00,6.72605E-01

-4.25000E+00,6.90862E-01

-4.00000E+00,7.10033E-01

-3.75000E+00,7.30110E-01

-3.50000E+00,7.51063E-01

-3.25000E+00,7.72831E-01

-3.00000E+00,7.95309E-01

-2.75000E+00,8.18347E-01

-2.50000E+00,8.41729E-01

-2.25000E+00,8.65171E-01

-2.00000E+00,8.88309E-01

-1.75000E+00,9.10697E-01

-1.50000E+00,9.31813E-01

-1.25000E+00,9.51077E-01

-1.00000E+00,9.67876E-01

-7.50000E-01,9.81617E-01
-5.00000E-01,9.91777E-01
-2.50000E-01,9.97964E-01
-2.25000E-01,9.98355E-01
-2.00000E-01,9.98704E-01
-1.75000E-01,9.99011E-01
-1.50000E-01,9.99277E-01
-1.25000E-01,9.99500E-01
-1.00000E-01,9.99682E-01
-7.50000E-02,9.99823E-01
-5.00000E-02,9.99922E-01
-2.50000E-02,9.99981E-01
0.00000E+00,1.00000E+00
*SORPTION,TYPE=EXSORPTION
-5.50000E+01,2.61371E-01
-5.00000E+01,2.65965E-01
-4.50000E+01,2.71590E-01
-4.00000E+01,2.78632E-01
-3.50000E+01,2.87697E-01
-3.00000E+01,2.99787E-01
-2.50000E+01,3.16693E-01
-2.00000E+01,3.41921E-01
-1.50000E+01,3.83337E-01
-1.00000E+01,4.62333E-01
-5.00000E+00,6.53525E-01
-4.75000E+00,6.69324E-01
-4.50000E+00,6.85968E-01
-4.25000E+00,7.03480E-01
-4.00000E+00,7.21868E-01
-3.75000E+00,7.41126E-01
-3.50000E+00,7.61224E-01
-3.25000E+00,7.82103E-01
-3.00000E+00,8.03664E-01
-2.75000E+00,8.25761E-01
-2.50000E+00,8.48189E-01
-2.25000E+00,8.70674E-01
-2.00000E+00,8.92868E-01
-1.75000E+00,9.14342E-01
-1.50000E+00,9.34597E-01
-1.25000E+00,9.53073E-01
-1.00000E+00,9.69187E-01
-7.50000E-01,9.82368E-01
-5.00000E-01,9.92112E-01
-2.50000E-01,9.98047E-01
-2.25000E-01,9.98422E-01
-2.00000E-01,9.98757E-01
-1.75000E-01,9.99052E-01
-1.50000E-01,9.99306E-01
-1.25000E-01,9.99521E-01
-1.00000E-01,9.99695E-01
-7.50000E-02,9.99830E-01
-5.00000E-02,9.99925E-01
-2.50000E-02,9.99982E-01
0.00000E+00,1.00000E+00
*PERMEABILITY,SPECIFIC=10.0
1.01700E-10,0.4286
*PERMEABILITY,SPECIFIC=10.0,TYPE=SATURATION
3.24043E-06,2.29940E-01
4.76644E-06,2.34730E-01
7.30021E-06,2.40594E-01
1.17521E-05,2.47935E-01

2.01481E-05,2.57386E-01
3.74947E-05,2.69991E-01
7.79805E-05,2.87616E-01
1.90124E-04,3.13917E-01
5.92208E-04,3.57096E-01
2.81066E-03,4.39453E-01
3.08230E-02,6.38781E-01
3.59961E-02,6.55252E-01
4.22110E-02,6.72605E-01
4.97045E-02,6.90862E-01
5.87707E-02,7.10033E-01
6.97736E-02,7.30110E-01
8.31623E-02,7.51063E-01
9.94884E-02,7.72831E-01
1.19423E-01,7.95309E-01
1.43772E-01,8.18347E-01
1.73492E-01,8.41729E-01
2.09684E-01,8.65171E-01
2.53587E-01,8.88309E-01
3.06526E-01,9.10697E-01
3.69842E-01,9.31813E-01
4.44759E-01,9.51077E-01
5.32217E-01,9.67876E-01
6.32651E-01,9.81617E-01
7.45722E-01,9.91777E-01
8.69905E-01,9.97964E-01
8.82817E-01,9.98355E-01
8.95797E-01,9.98704E-01
9.08837E-01,9.99011E-01
9.21928E-01,9.99277E-01
9.35057E-01,9.99500E-01
9.48207E-01,9.99682E-01
9.61356E-01,9.99823E-01
9.74464E-01,9.99922E-01
9.87456E-01,9.99981E-01
1.00000E+00,1.00000E+00

*** Initial temperature set to 25 Celcius at all nodes

*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=TEMPERATURE
ALLNODES,25.0
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=PORE PRESSURE
ALLNODES,-3.75
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=SATURATION
ALLNODES,0.741126
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=RATIO
ALLNODES,0.4286
*INITIAL CONDITIONS,TYPE=STRESS
ALLEME,-3.75,-3.75,-3.75,0.0

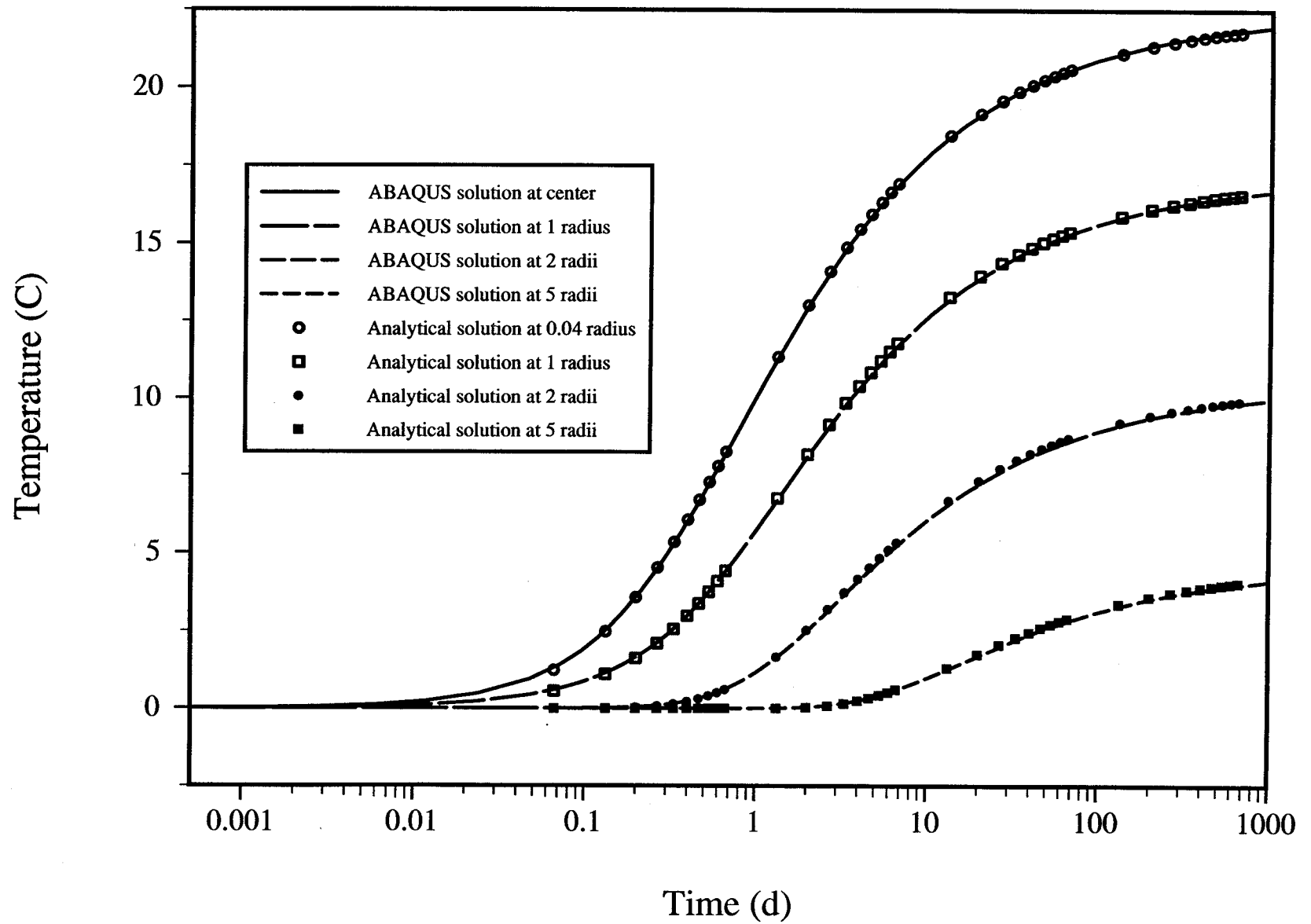
*** Kinematic constraints

*BOUNDARY
BASE,2
TOP,2
LEFT,1
RIGHT,1
*WAVEFRONT MINIMIZATION,SUPPRESS

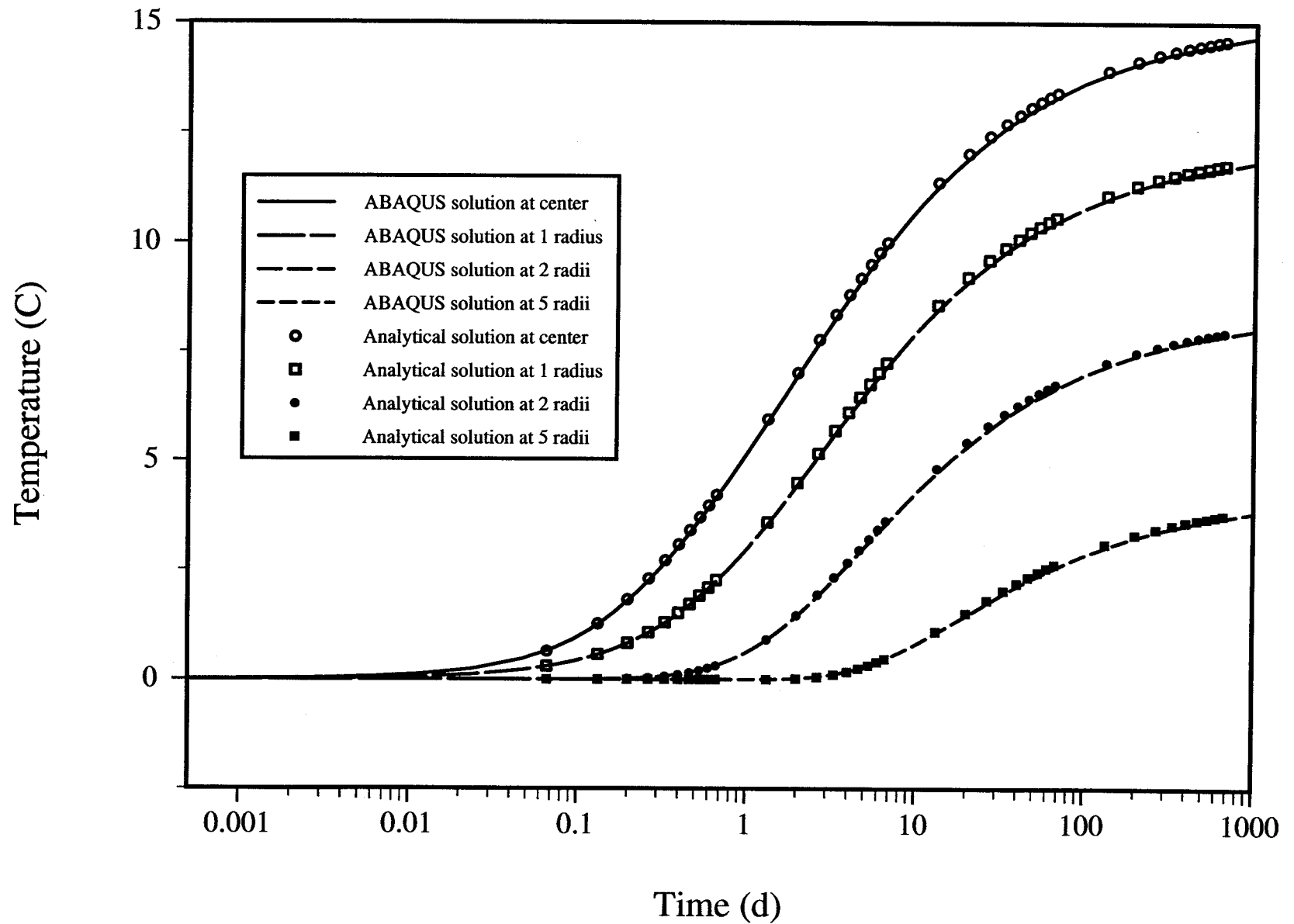
*** The following amplitude defines constant conditions

```
*AMPLITUDE,NAME=NOCHANGE
0.0,1.0,1.0E15,1.0
***
*** Step 1: Analysis to 8.64E7 s (1000 d)
***
*STEP,INC=5000
*SOILS,CONSOLIDATION,UTOL=2.5
1.0,8.64E7
**
** Impermeable boundaries (midplane and axial symmetry conditions)
**
*DFLOW,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE
BASE,S1,0.0
LEFT,S4,0.0
***
*** Zero-perturbation conditions on right and top boundary surfaces
***
*BOUNDARY,AMPLITUDE=NOCHANGE
PPRIGHT,8,,-3.75
PPTOP,8,,-3.75
*TEMPERATURE,FILE=t5,BSTEP=1,ESTEP=1
*RESTART, WRITE, FREQ=1,OVERLAY
*NODE PRINT,FREQUENCY=0
*EL PRINT,FREQUENCY=0
*NODE FILE,NSET=MONITOR,FREQ=1
POR
*EL FILE,ELSET=MONITOR,FREQ=1,POSITION=AVERAGE
SAT
*END STEP
```

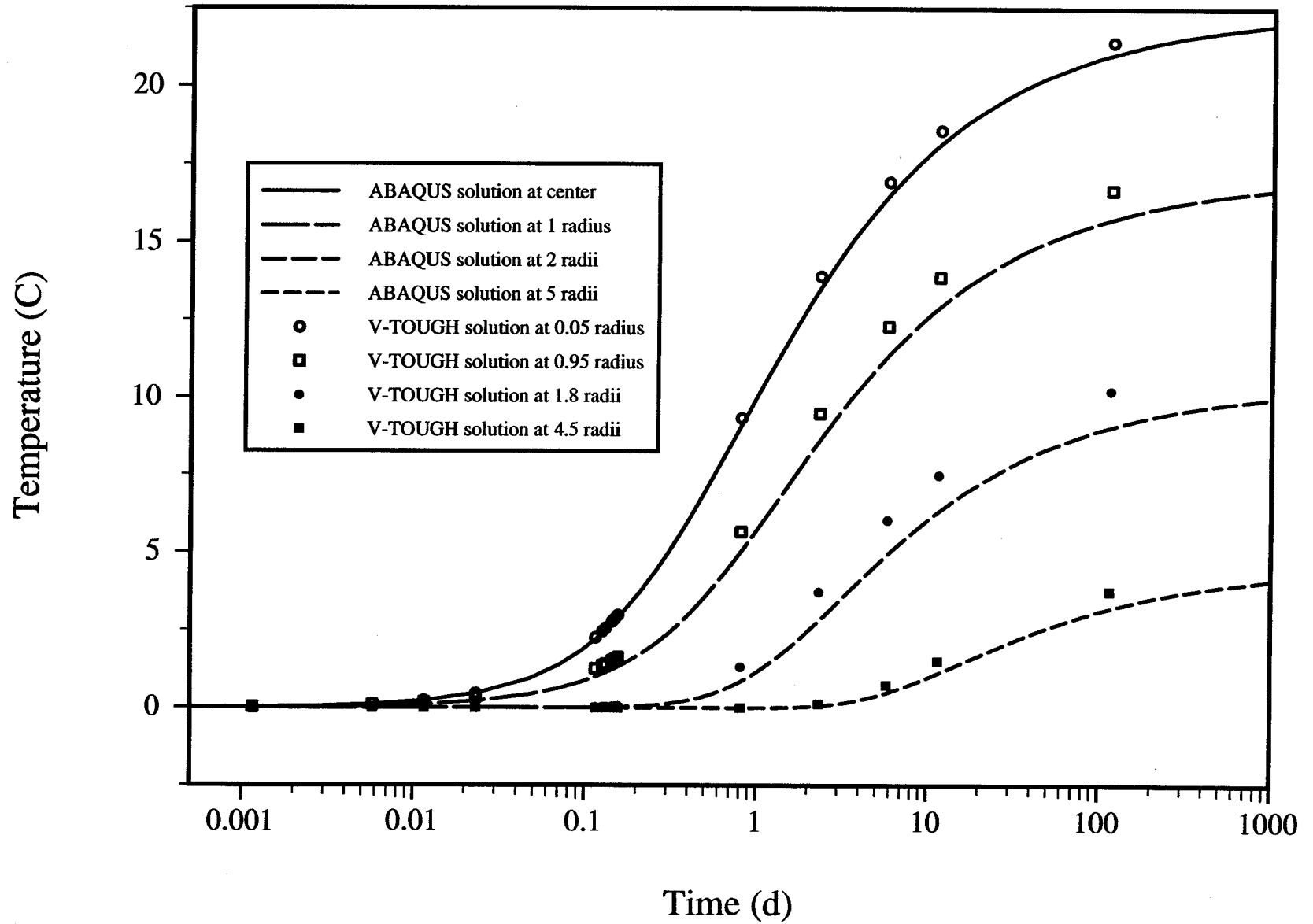
Temperature-Change History: Middle Plane



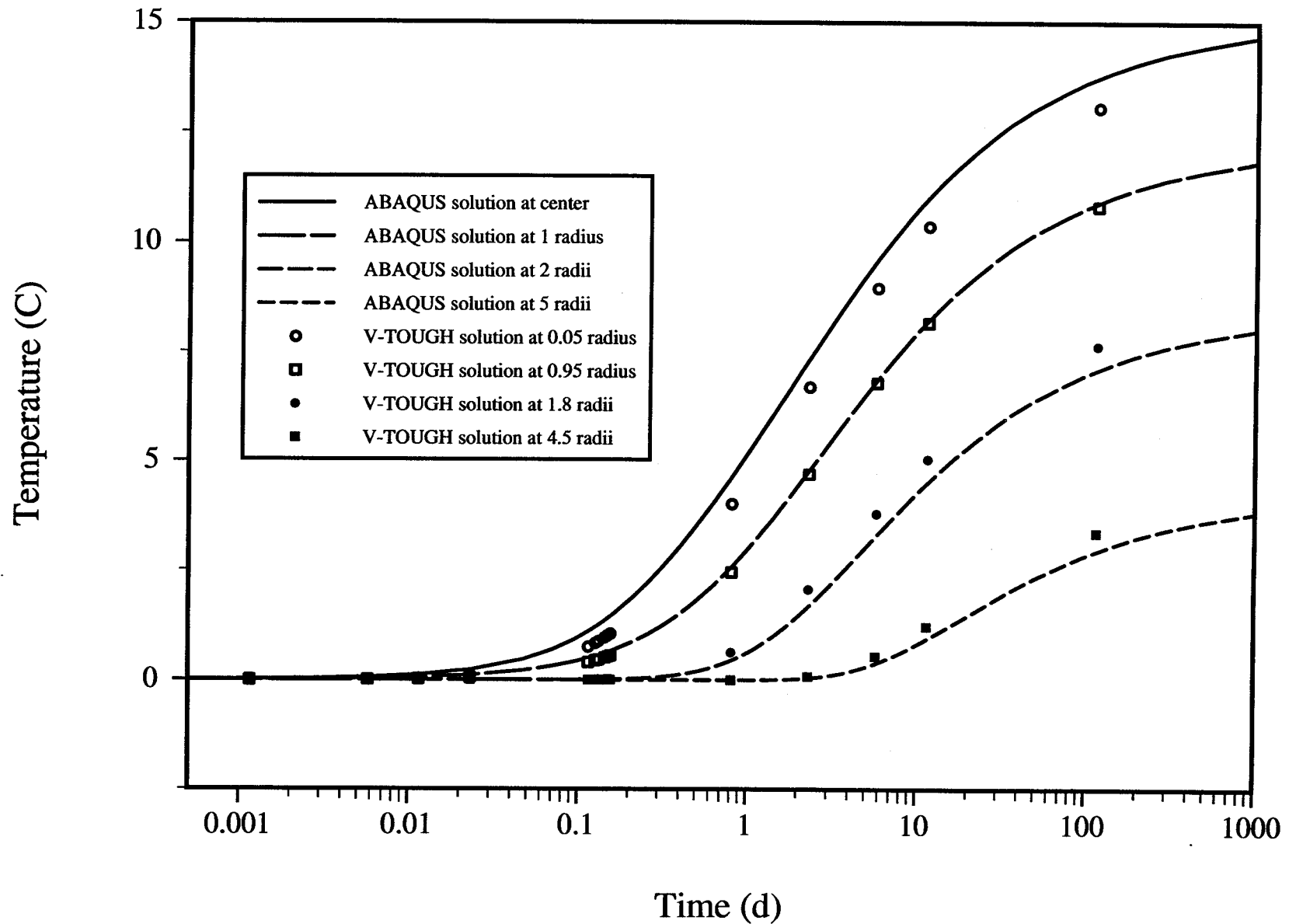
Temperature-Change History: End Plane



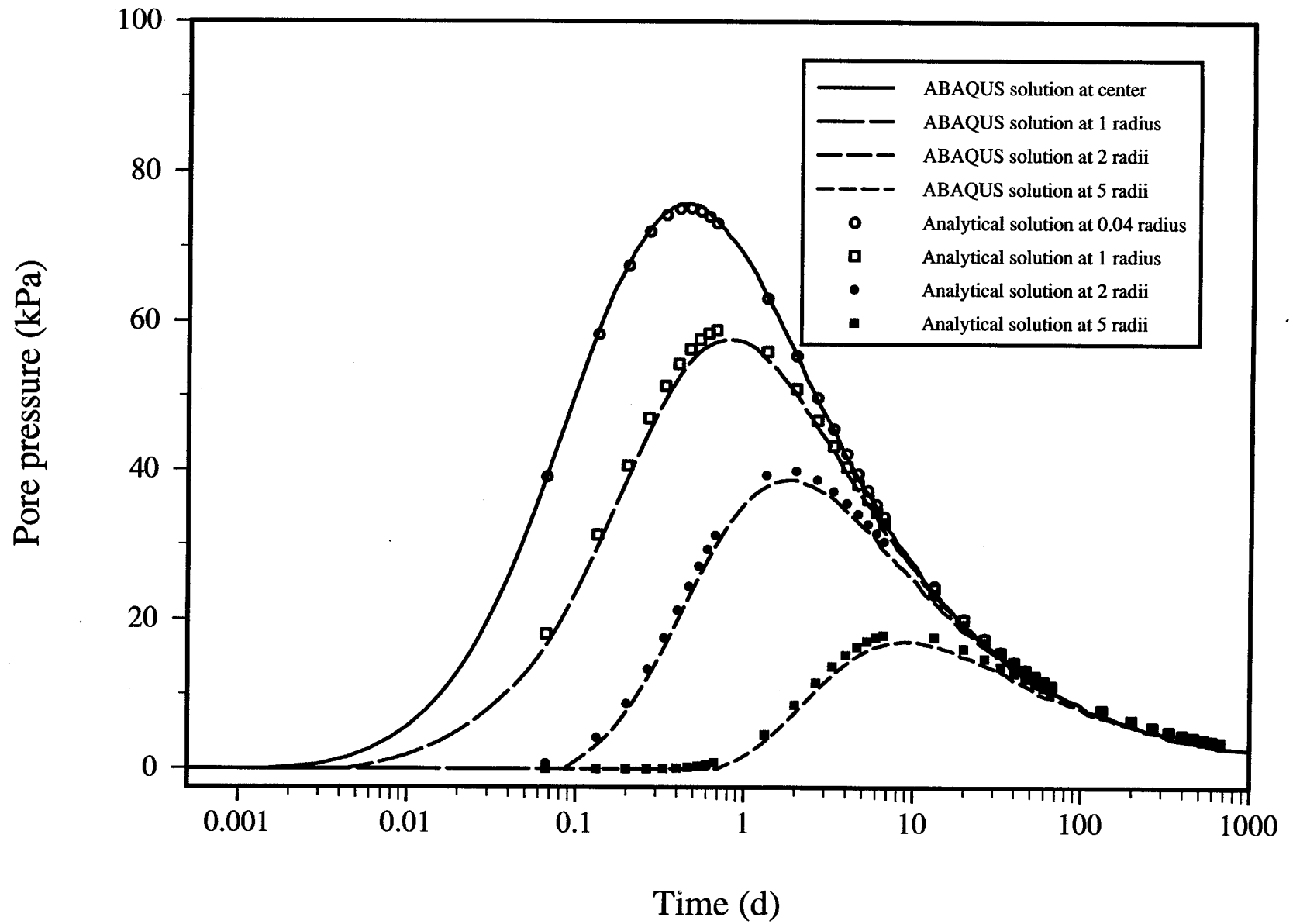
Temperature-Change History: Middle Plane



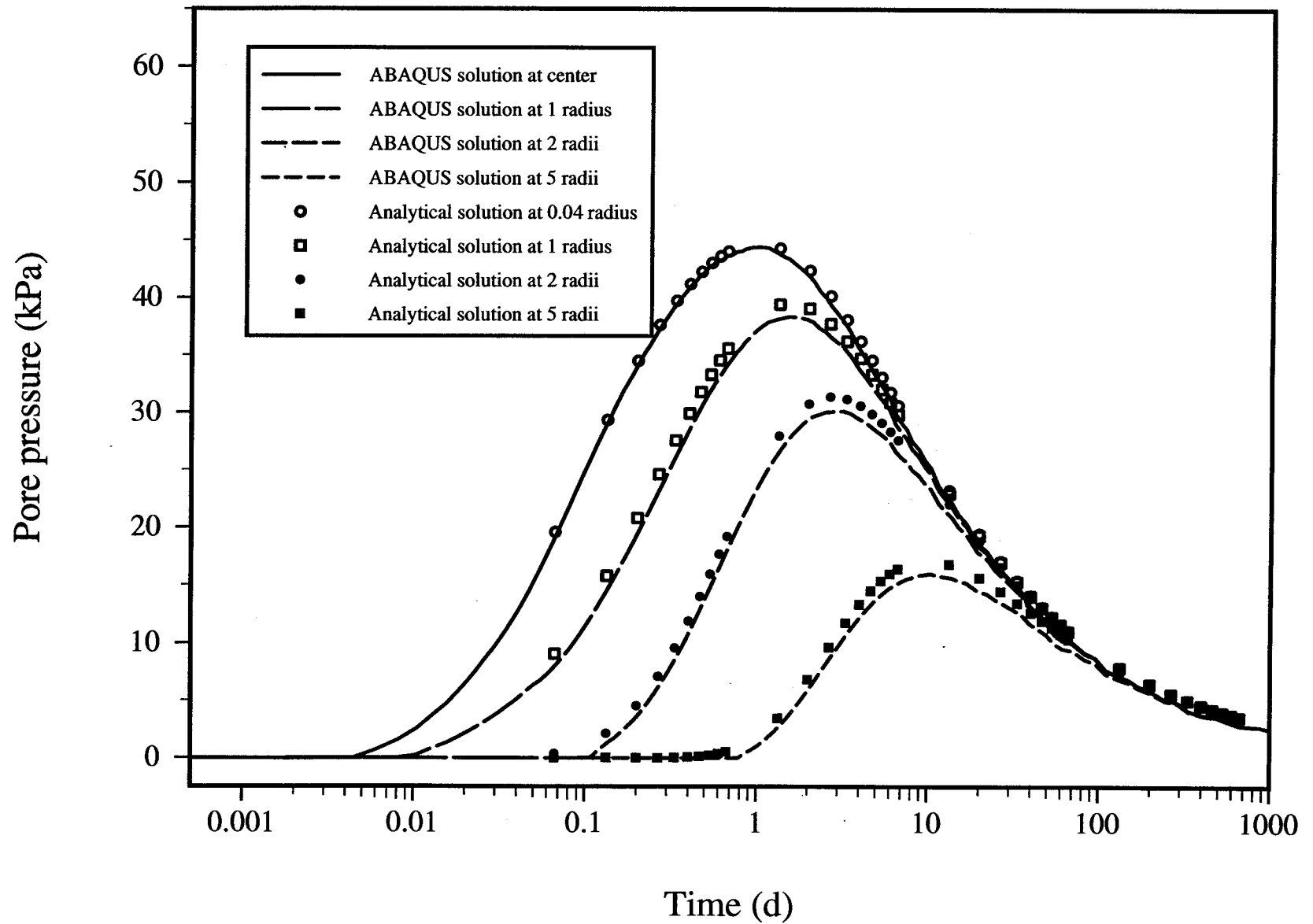
Temperature-Change History: End Plane



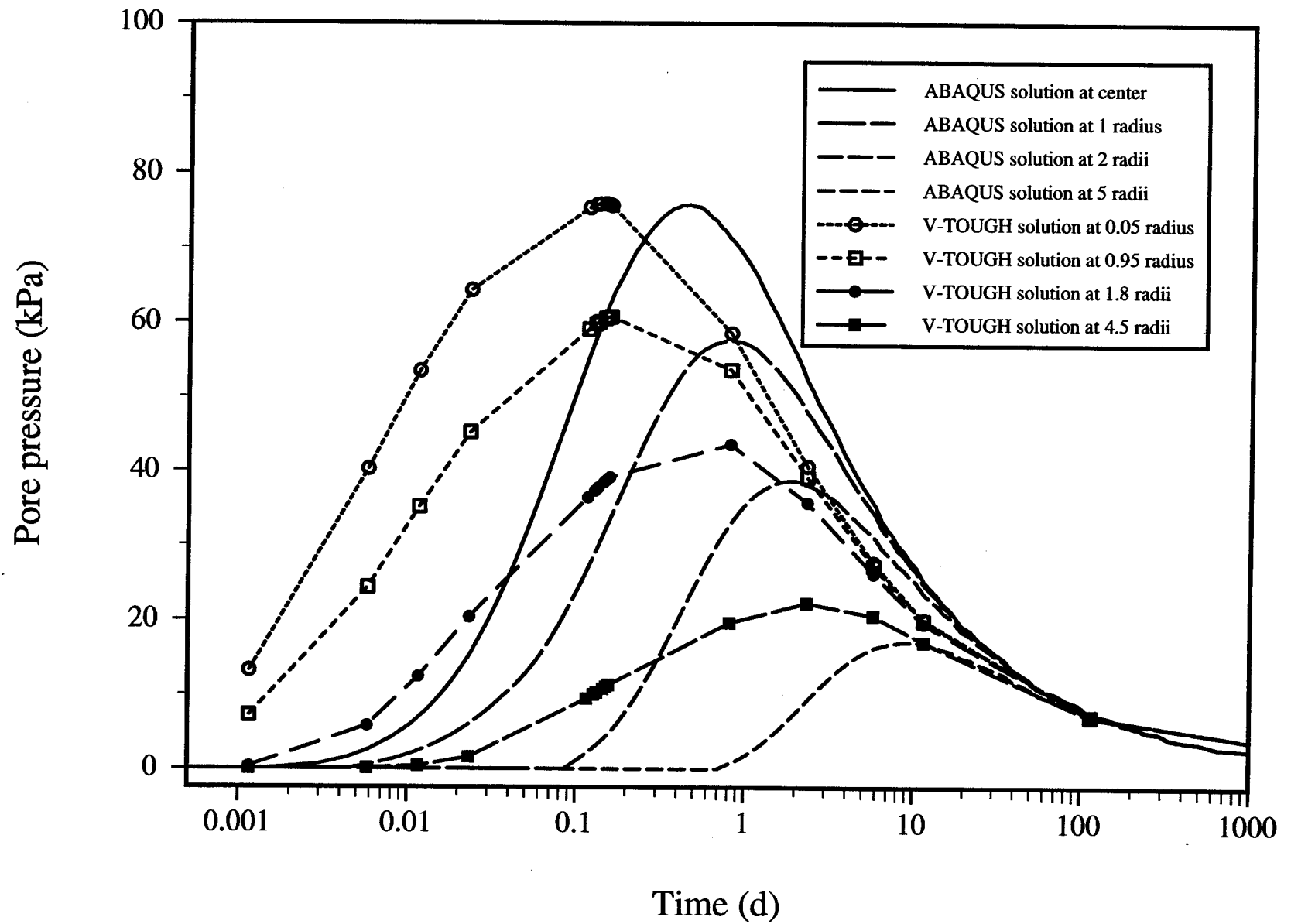
Pore-Pressure History: Middle Plane



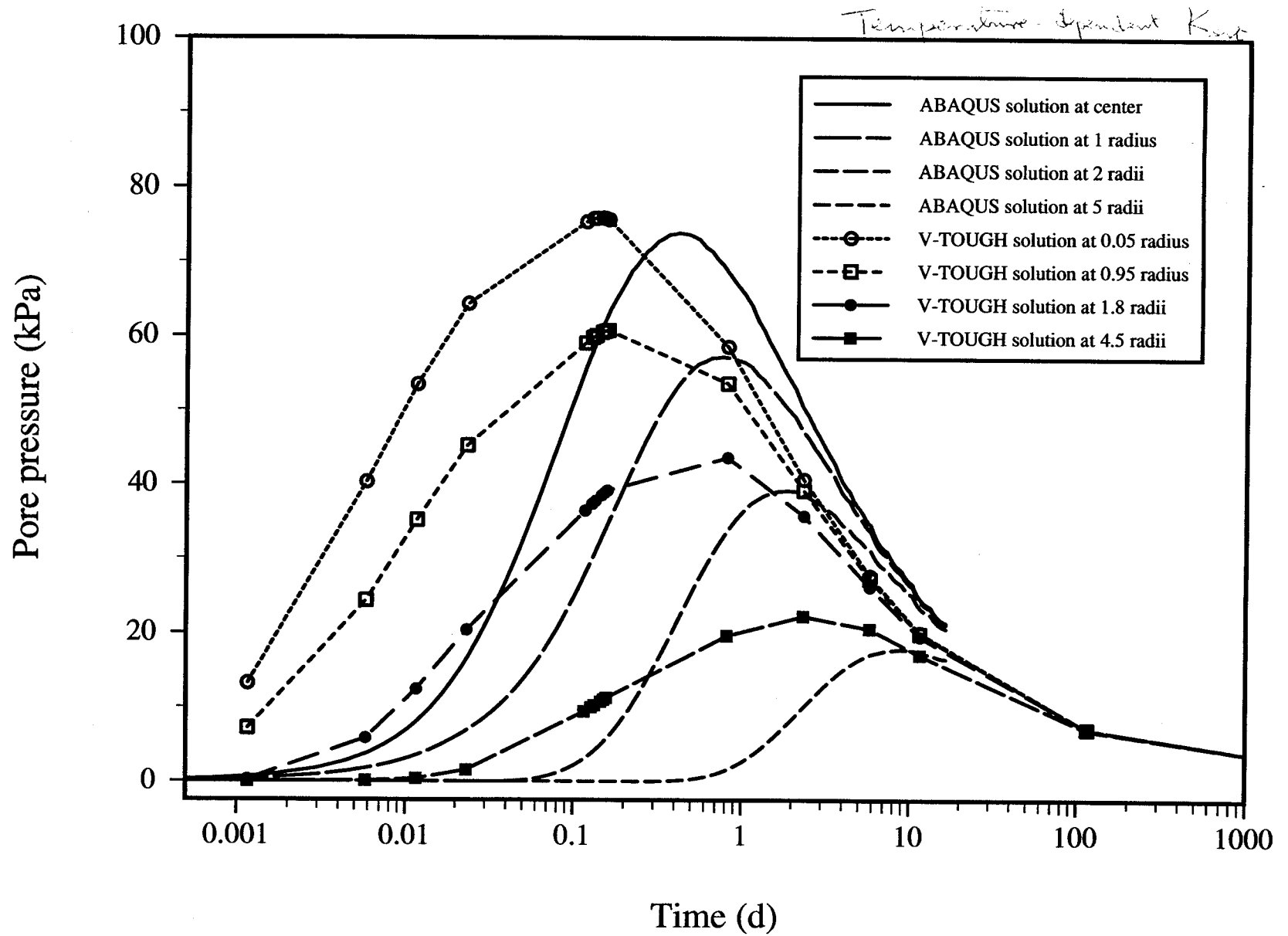
Pore-Pressure History: End Plane



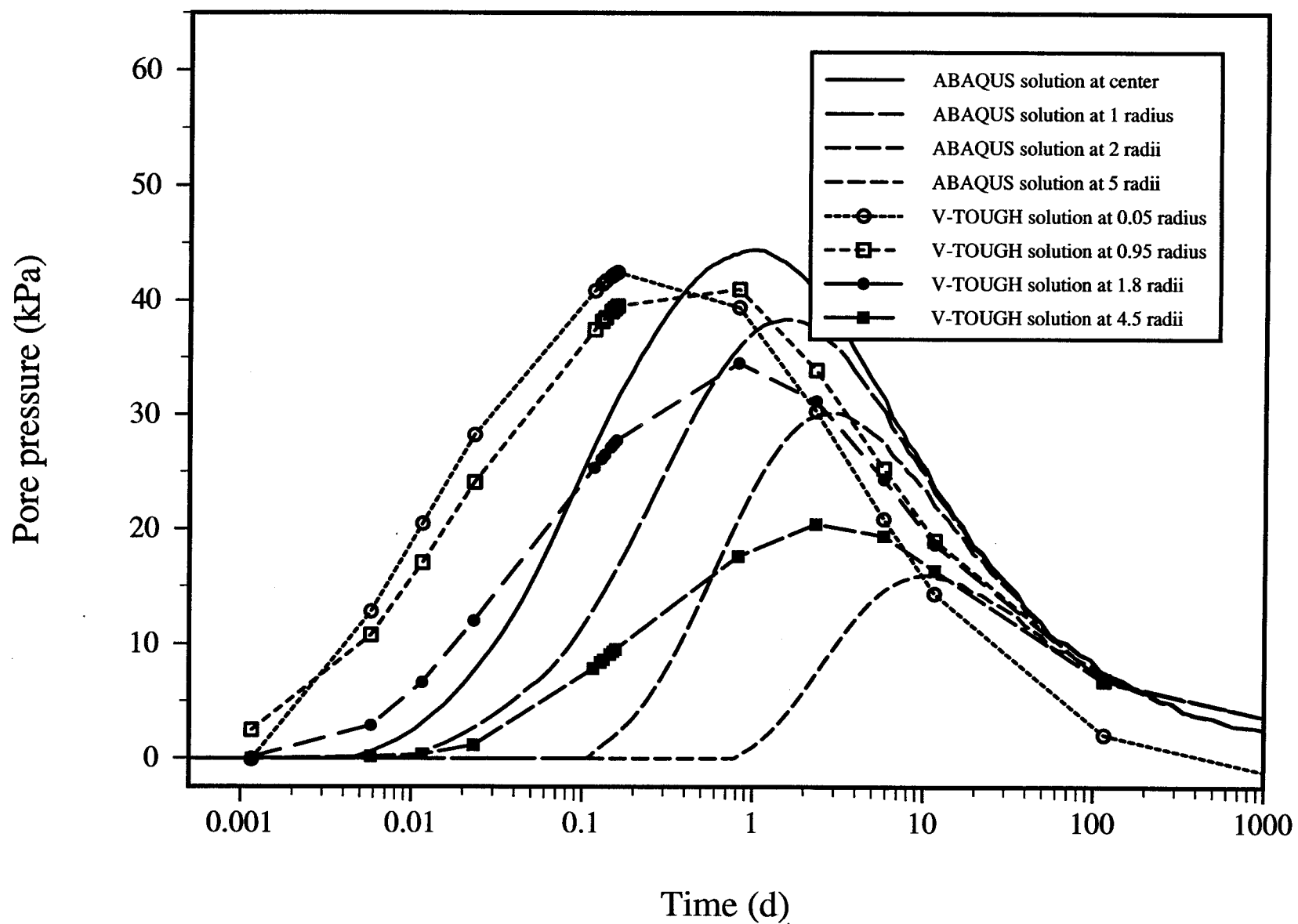
Pore-Pressure History: Middle Plane



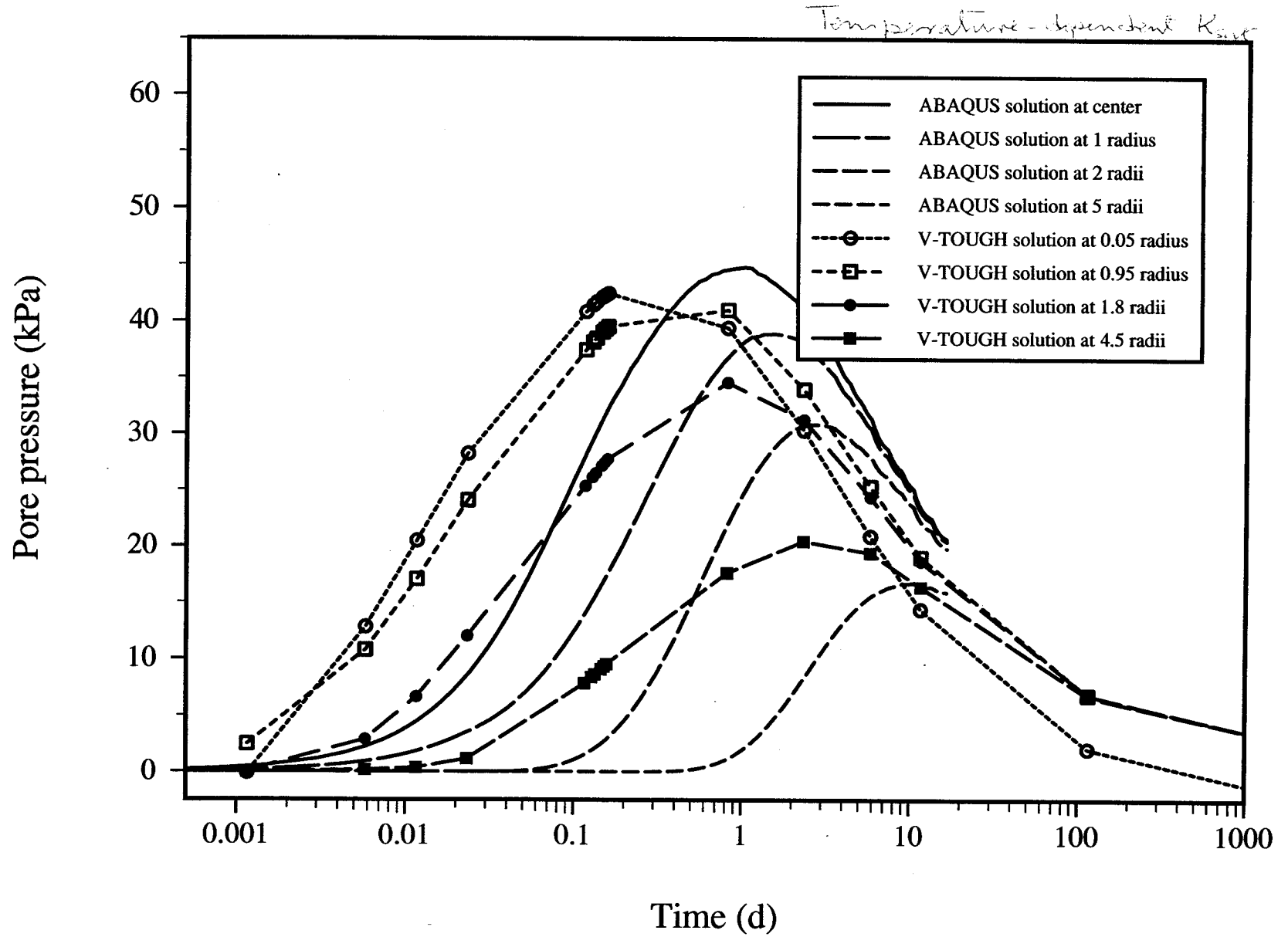
Pore-Pressure History: Middle Plane



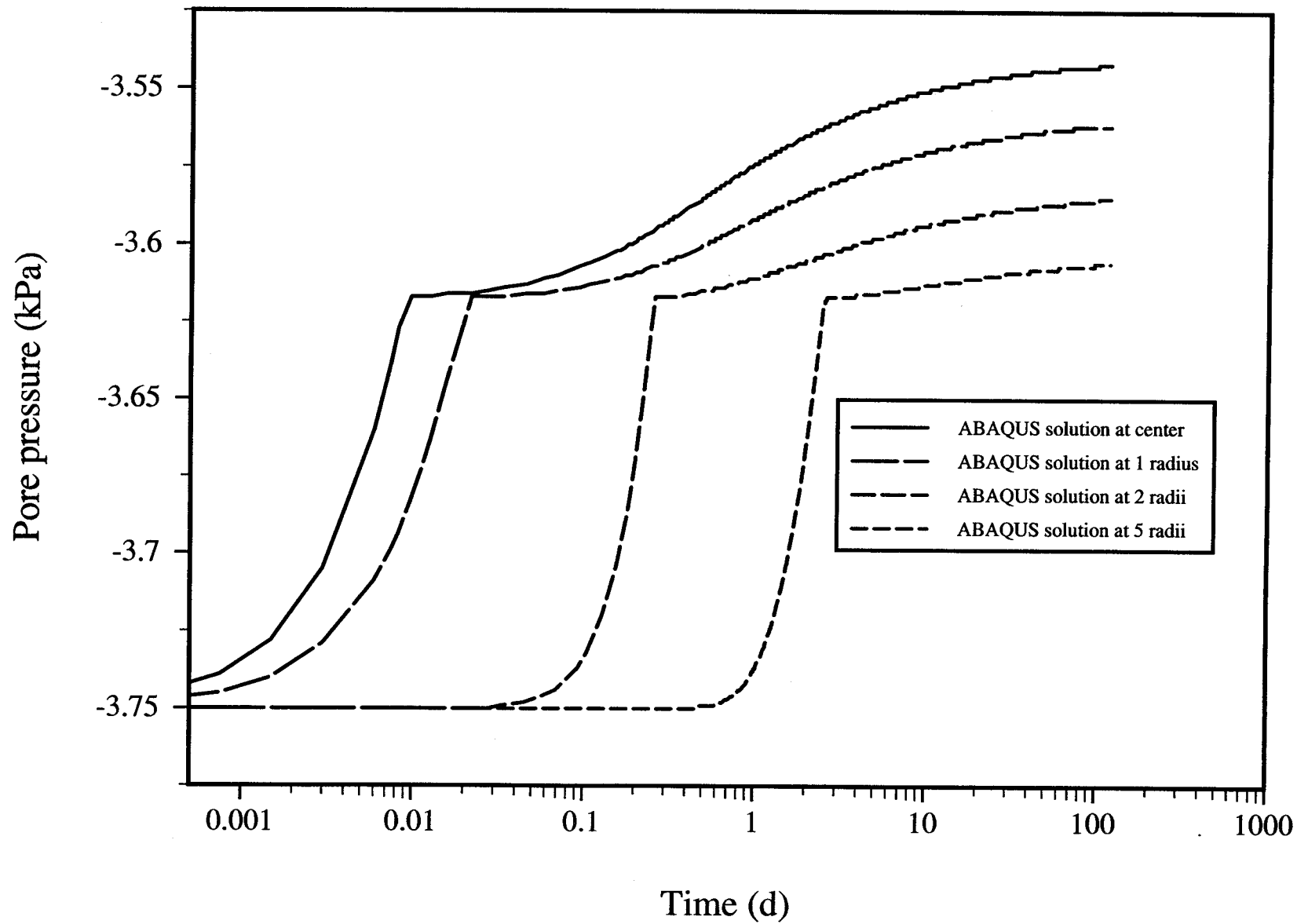
Pore-Pressure History: End Plane



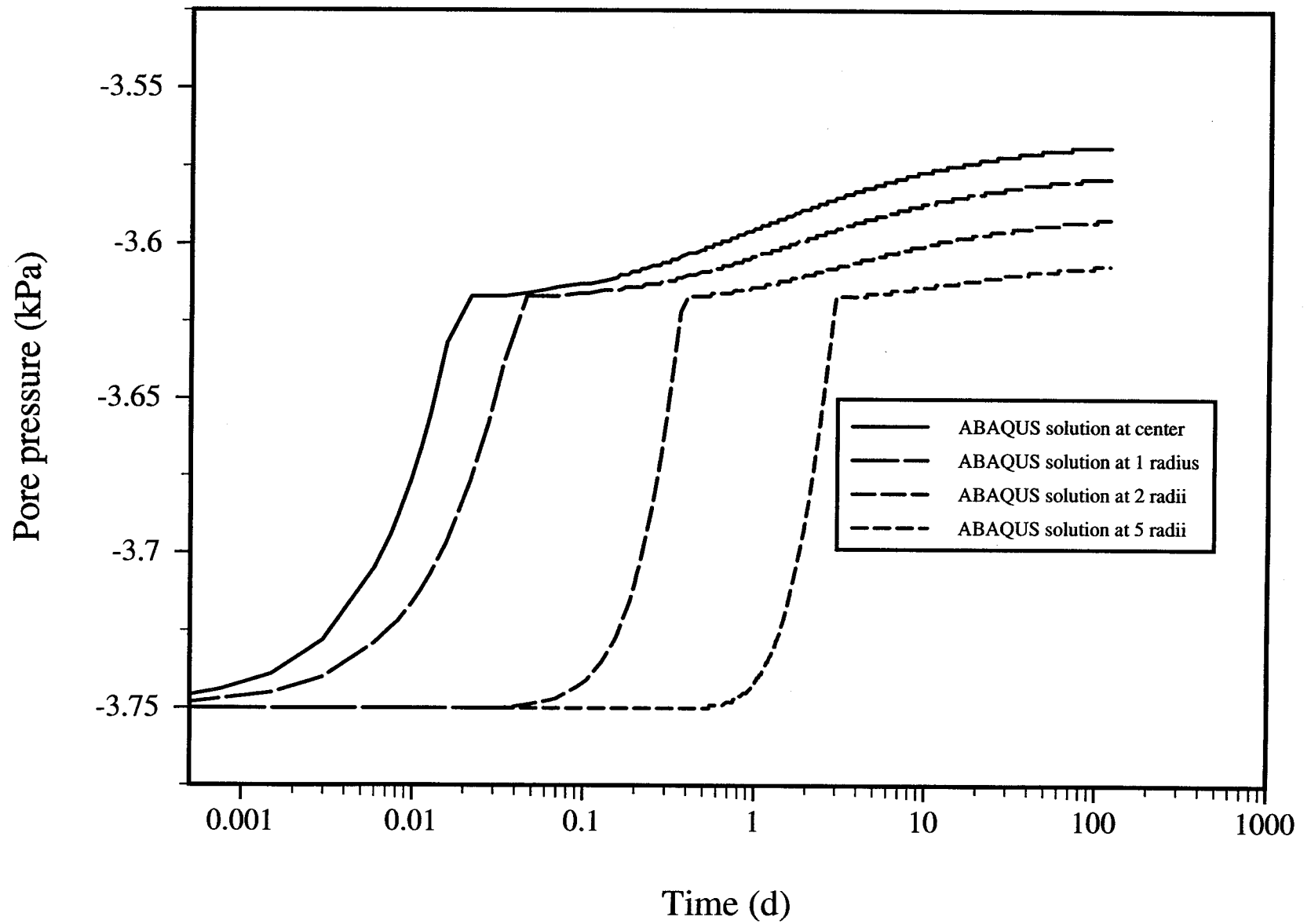
Pore-Pressure History: End Plane



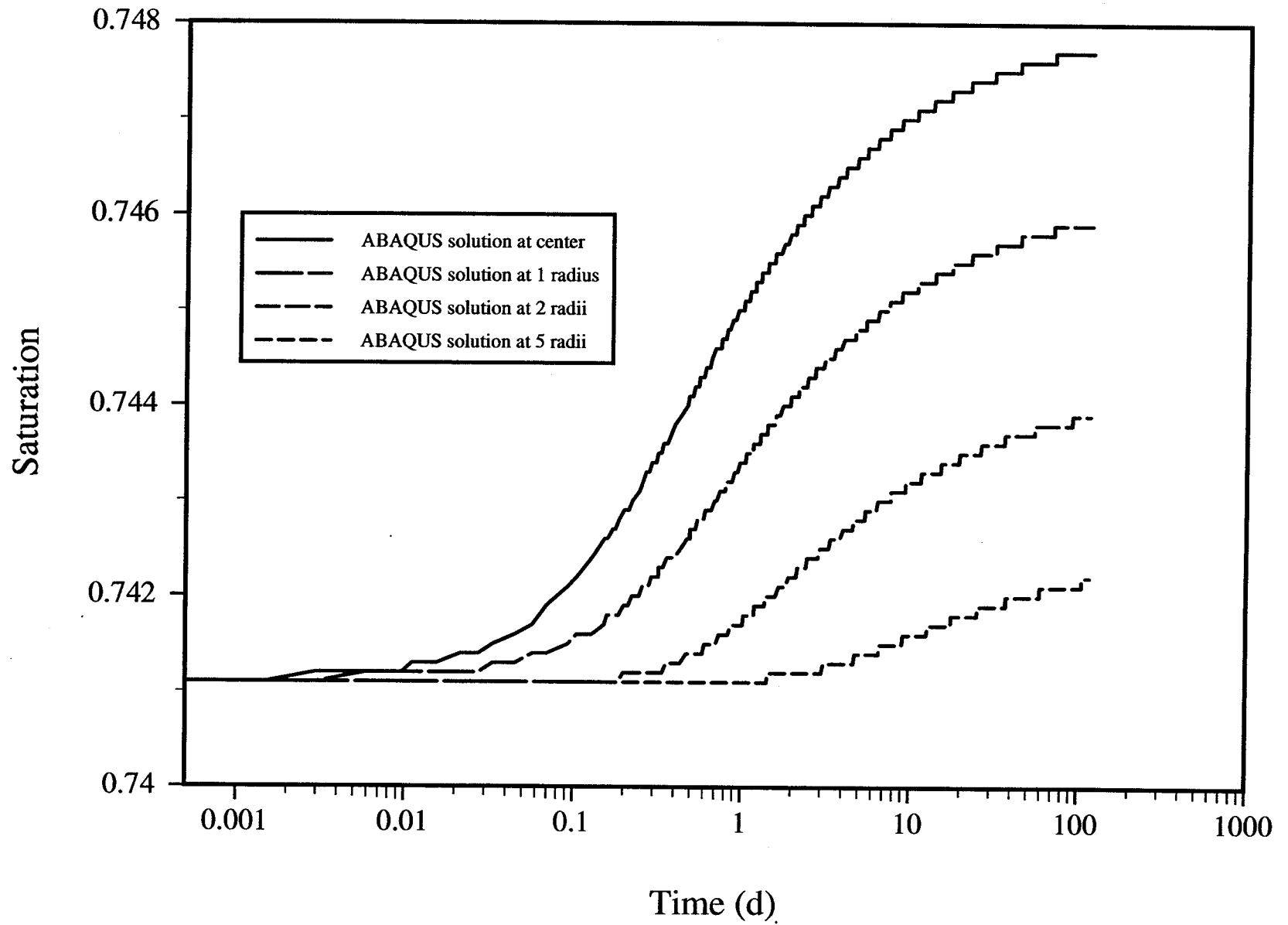
Pore Pressure History: Middle Plane



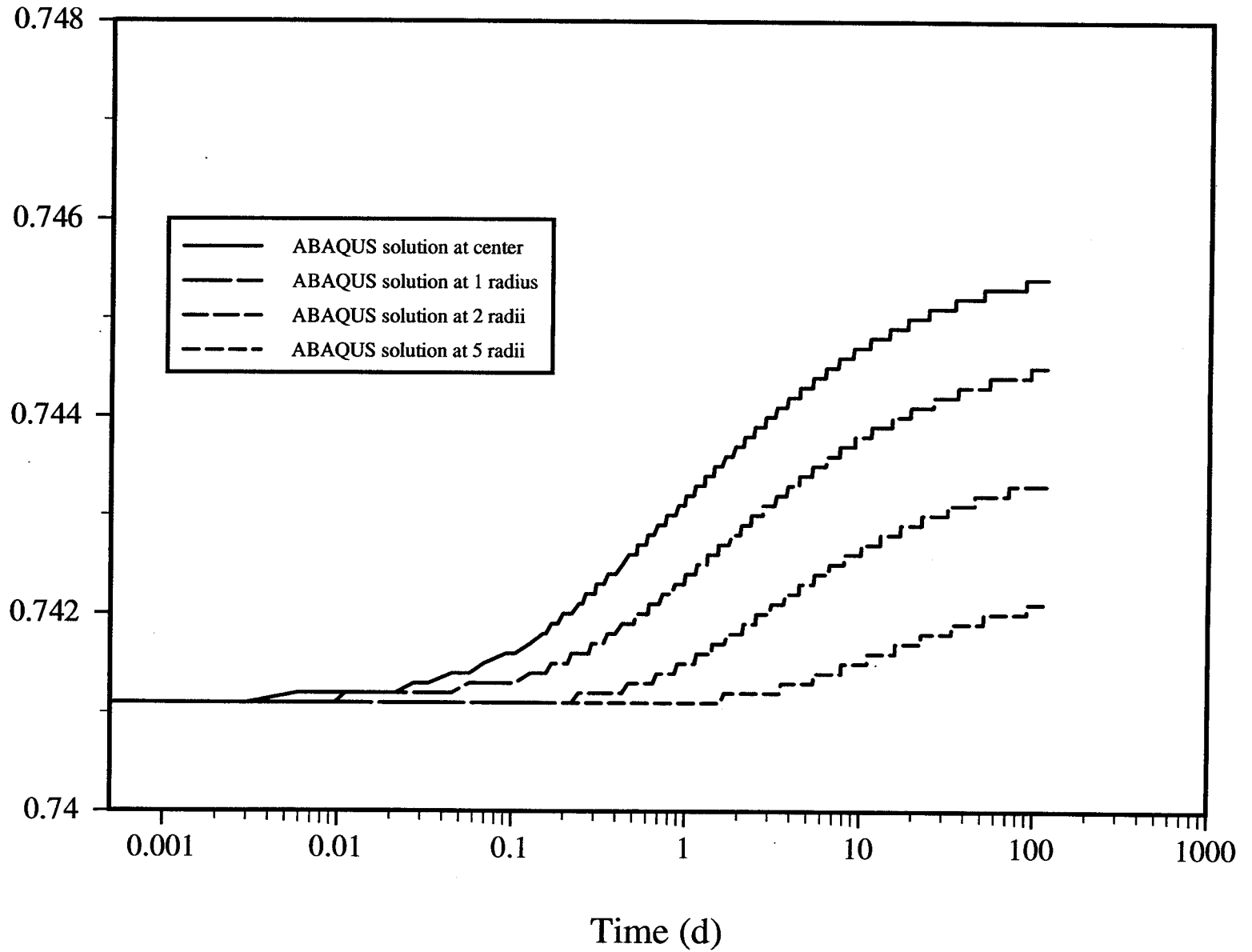
Pore Pressure History: End Plane



Saturation History: Middle Plane



Saturation History: End Plane



~~Saturation~~

GA10foeg bn
Pages 84-94

**FRACTURE PERMEABILITY
NUMERICAL STUDY**

Effect of Mechanical Deformation on Fracture Permeability

95



Grofoeglon

Fracture

aperture: e

Length: L

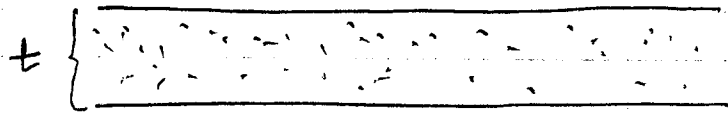
G10

pore volume, $V_{vf} =$

eL

per unit

width ~~thickness~~



Equivalent thin solid

porosity = ϕ

thickness = t

Length = L

pore volume $V_{vs} = \phi L t$

$$V_{vs} = V_{vf} \Rightarrow \phi L t = e L$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi t = e$$

~~G10~~

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Pore volume} &= \text{fracture volume} \\ &= Lwe\end{aligned}$$

ΔV_v = change in pore volume

$$\Delta V_v = Lw \Delta e \quad \text{--- [1]}$$

for no change in L or w .

$$\frac{\Delta V_v}{V_v} = \frac{Lw \Delta e}{Lwe} = \frac{\Delta e}{e}$$

$$\Delta e = {}^0e \frac{\Delta V_v}{V_v} \quad \text{--- [2]}$$

$$\frac{\Delta V_v}{V_v} = \text{inelastic volumetric strain increment } \Delta \epsilon_v^N$$

$$\therefore \Delta e = {}^0e \Delta \epsilon_v^N \quad e = {}^0e + \Delta e$$

$$\text{or } e = {}^0e (1 + \Delta \epsilon_v^N) \quad \text{--- [3]}$$

${}^0e =$ ~~the~~ value of aperture at end of last increment

$e =$ value of aperture at end of current increment.

$\Delta \epsilon_v^N =$ current incremental inelastic volumetric strain.

Fracture Permeability

$$K_f = \frac{\gamma_w e^2}{12\mu} = \frac{k \gamma_w}{\mu}$$

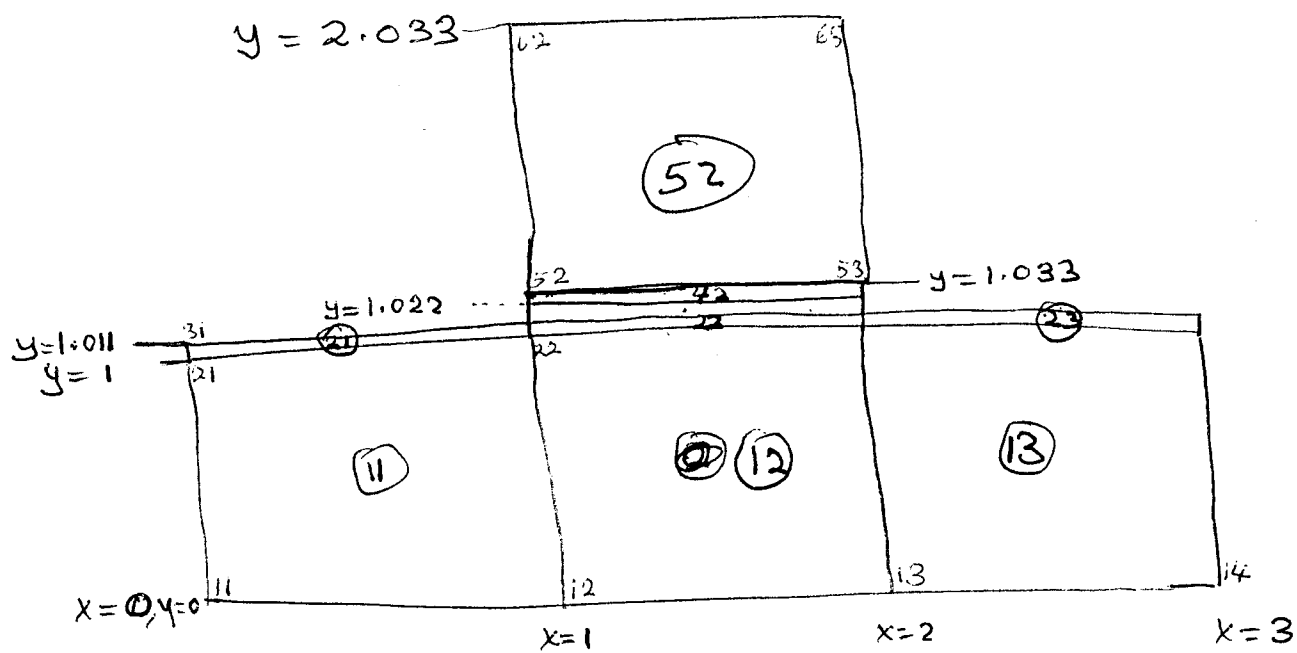
$$\Rightarrow k = \frac{e^2}{12}$$

= fracture permeability
in L^2 units.

```

SUBROUTINE UVARM(UVAR,DIRECT,T,TIME,DTIME,CMNAME,ORNAME,
1      NUARM,NOEL,NPT,LAYER,KSPT,KSTEP,KINC,NDI,NSHR)
C
C   INCLUDE 'ABA_PARAM.INC'
C   CHARACTER*8 CMNAME,ORNAME,FLGRAY(15)
C   DIMENSION UVAR(NUARM),DIRECT(3,3),T(3,3),TIME(2)
C   DIMENSION ARRAY(15),JARRAY(15)
C
C   This code computes changes in equivalent fracture aperture
C   and permeability using values of inelastic strain
C   supplied by ABAQUS. The results are stored in the vector UVAR,
C   and can be obtained from ABAQUS as variable UARMn,
C   where n is defined as follows
C
C   Number n      Variable UARMn
C   =====
C   1              Inelastic volumetric strain
C   2              Equivalent fracture aperture
C   3              Fracture permeability (L^2 units)
C
C   The parameter NLGEOM must be specified in the STEP command in the
C   input file; also, the command "USER OUTPUT VARIABLES" must be
C   invoked in the material definition, with the number of user
C   output variables set to 3. The initial equivalent aperture
C   (AINIT) need to be specified for each element; it may have to be
C   specified through a file if its values vary
C
C   TTOL = 1.0D-12
C   AINIT = 1.0D-4
C
C   If total time is zero, initialize UVAR vector and return.
C
C   IF (TIME(2) .LT. TTOL) THEN
C       UVAR(1) = 0.0
C       UVAR(2) = AINIT
C       UVAR(3) = AINIT*AINIT/12.0
C       RETURN
C   END IF
C
C   Save value UVAR vector at end of last increment
C
C   VSLAST = UVAR(1)
C   ALAST = UVAR(2)
C
C   Call utility subroutine to get current inelastic strain;
C   then calculate inelastic volumetric strain.
C   The parameter NLGEOM must be specified on the STEP command;
C
C   CALL GETVRM('IE',ARRAY,JARRAY,FLGRAY,JRCD)
C   IF (JRCD) THEN
C       WRITE(6,1000)
C       RETURN
C   END IF
C
C   VSN = 0.0
C   DO 20 I=1,NDI
C 20 VSN = VSN + ARRAY(I)
C
C   UVAR(1) = VSN
C   DVSN = VSN - VSLAST
C
C   A = ALAST*(1.0 + DVSN)
C   UVAR(2) = A
C   UVAR(3) = A*A/12.0
C   RETURN
C
C-----67--1-----2-----3-----4-----5-----6-----7--*
1000 FORMAT(/,10X,'UNSUCCESSFUL CALL FOR IE FROM UVARM')
END

```



Strain-Dependent Dilation

ϕ = friction angle
(Mohr-Coulomb model)

β = Drucker-Prager equivalent
friction angle

α = Dilation angle
(Mohr-Coulomb model)

ψ = Drucker-Prager equivalent
dilation angle

u = shear displacement

v = normal displacement

Source

Laboratory Characterization of Rock Joints,
by Hsinung et al (1994) - NUREG/CR-6178
CNWRA 93-013

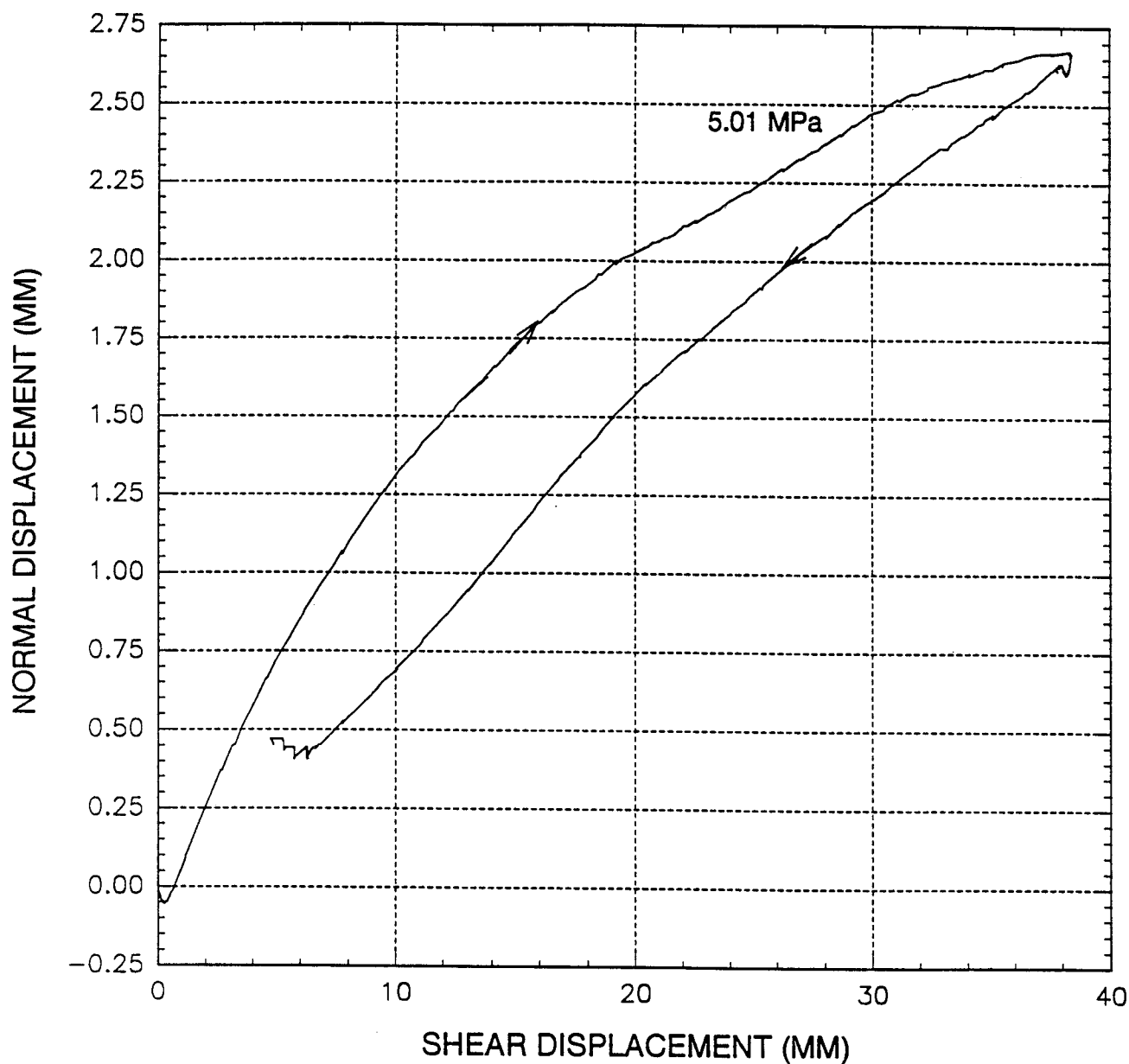


Figure 5-5. Normal displacement (dilation) response for test no. 7 under applied normal stress of 5.01 MPa

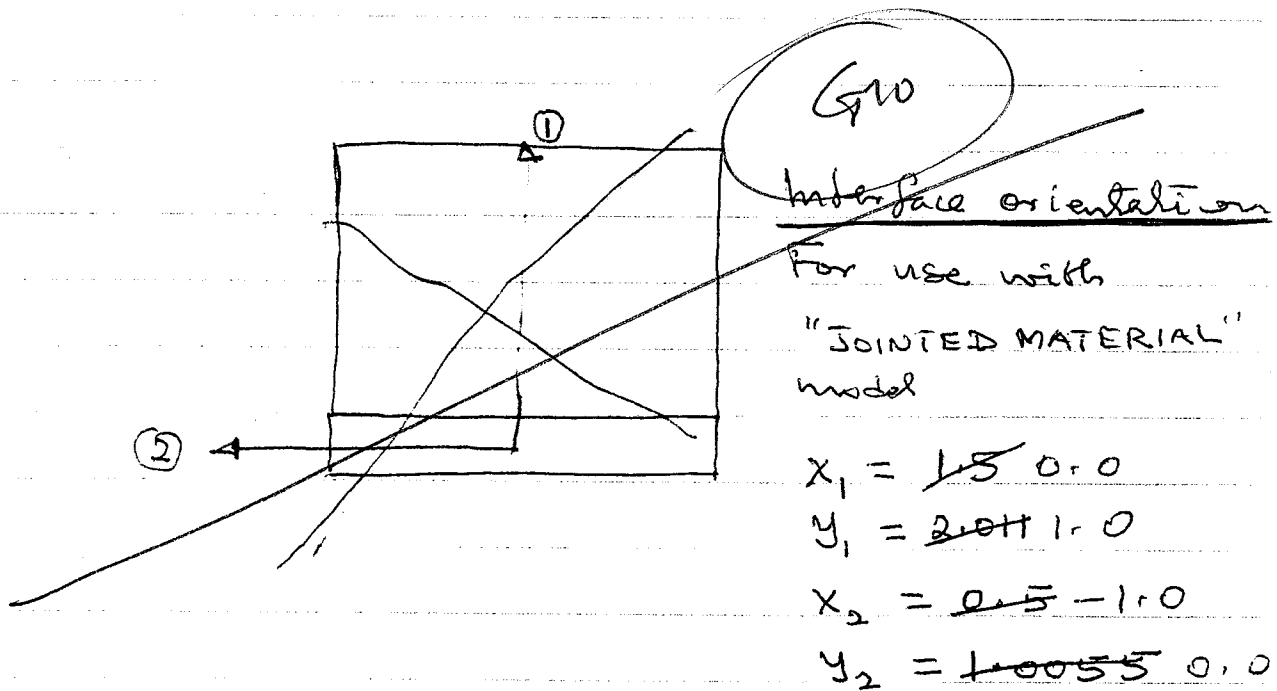
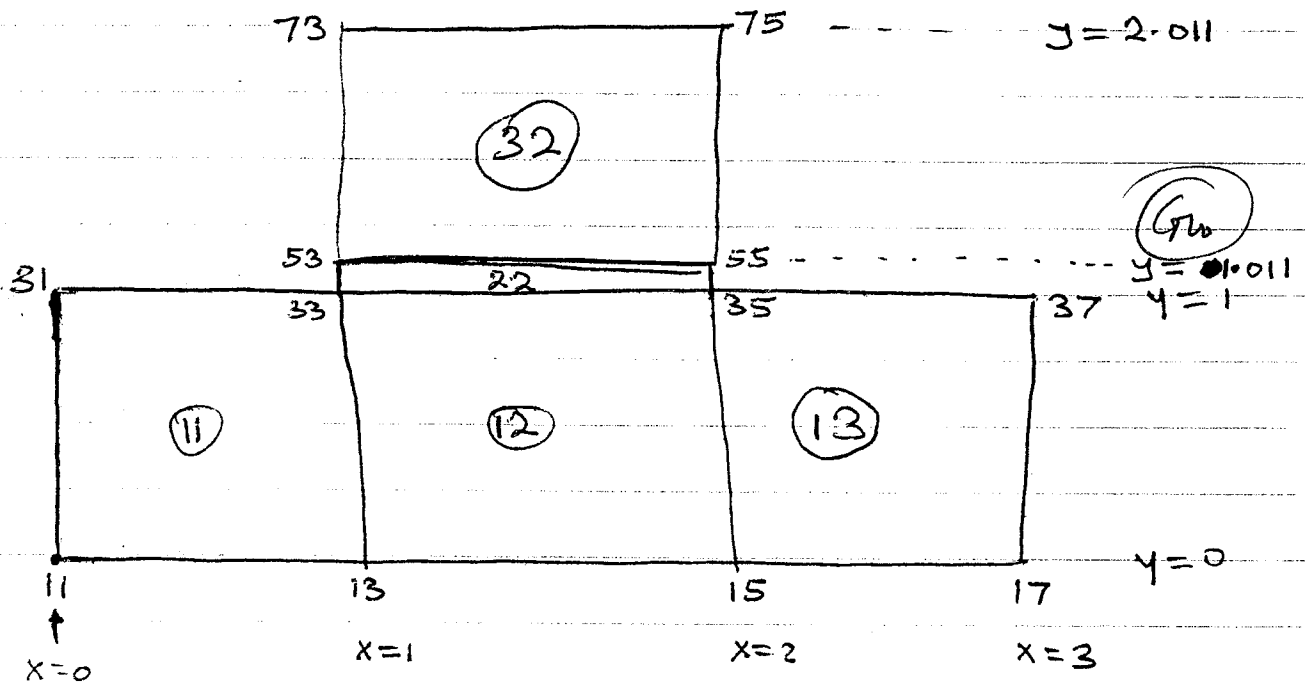
u (mm)	v (mm)	dv/du	$\alpha = \tan^{-1}(dv/du)$	α/β
0.0	0.0	-	-	
5.0	0.75	0.15	8.53°	0.1
10.0	1.30	0.11	6.28°	0.14
15.0	1.75	0.09	5.14°	0.11
20.0	2.05	0.06	3.43°	0.27
30.0	2.45	0.04	2.29	0.05
40.0	2.70	0.025	1.43	0.0

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(4.75/5.01) = 43.5^\circ$$

$$\beta = \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3} \sin \phi) = 50^\circ$$

u (lab) (mm)	u (model) (mm)	ψ
0.0	0.0	9.8 10
5.0	5.0	9.8 10
10.0	10.0	7.2 7
15.0	15.0	5.9 6
20.0	20.0	3.95 4
30.0	30.0	2.65 3
40.0	40.0	1.65 2

Model Based on Quadratic Elements



$$\beta = 50^\circ$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \phi = 48.6^\circ & \text{for } \psi/\beta = 1 & C = 0.19 \\ \phi = 43.5^\circ & \text{for } \psi/\beta = 0 & C = 0.21 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} \phi = 48.6^\circ \\ \phi = 43.5^\circ \end{array}} \right\} 0.2$$

$$C = \frac{q_u}{2 \tan(45 + \phi/2)}$$

$$\phi = 47.6 \quad C = 0.2$$

$$\tau = 2.39 \text{ MPa}$$

Aspect
Ratio (Ar)

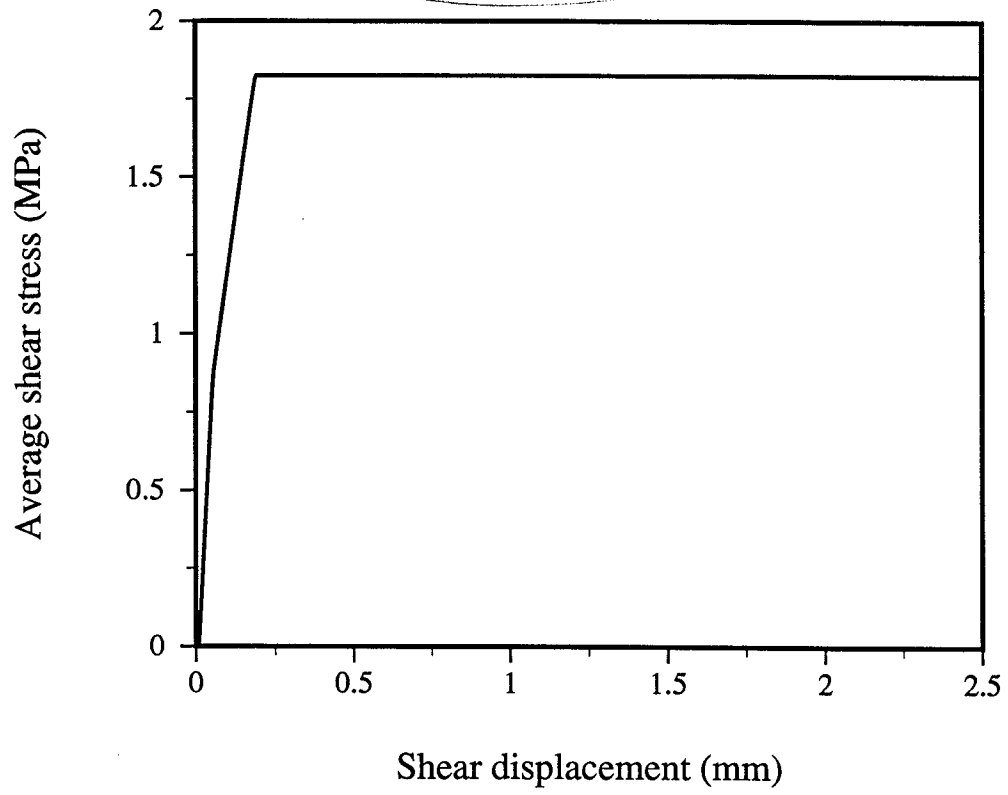
Shear displacement
(mm)

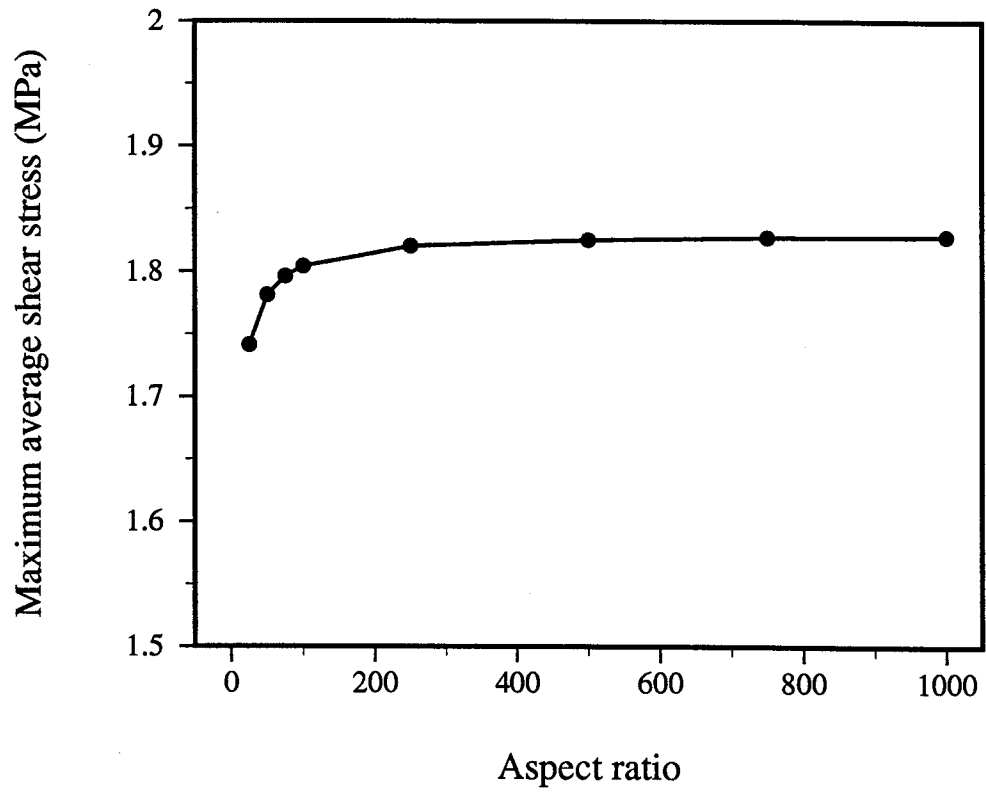
Plastic Volumetric
Strain

Max ¹⁰⁵ avg shear
stress
~~Max shear~~
stress
MPa

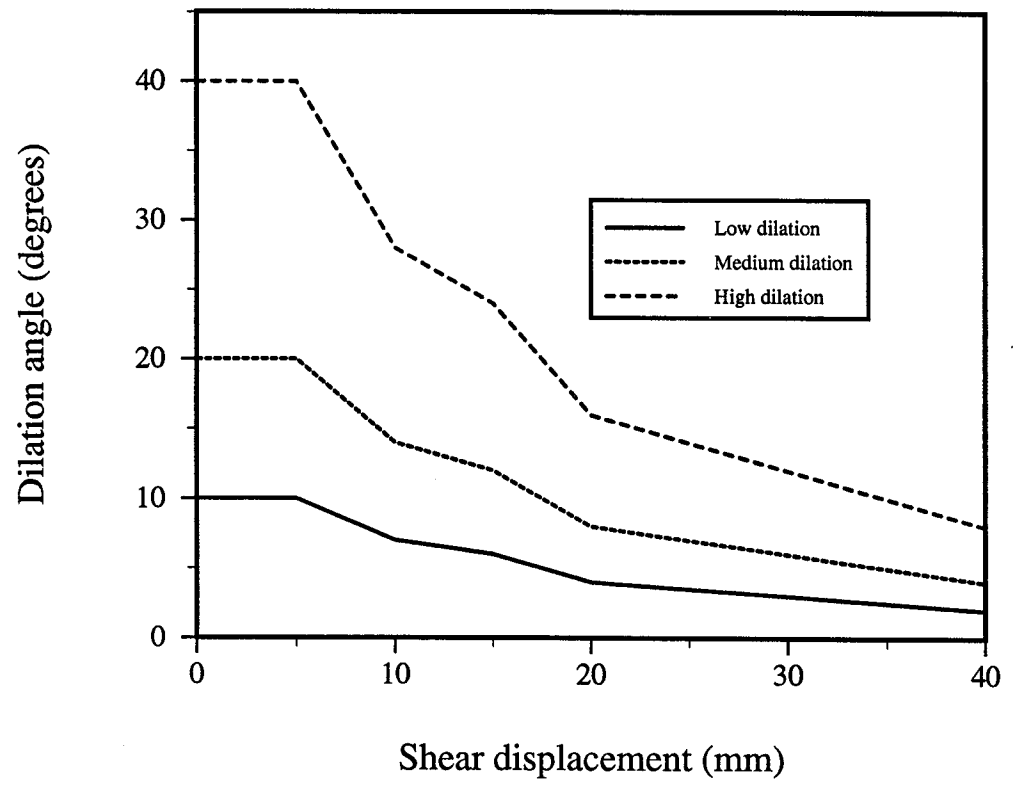
	\pm (mm)			
25	40	40	0.351	1.741
50	20	20	0.350	1.781
75	13.33	13.33	0.350	1.796
100	10	10	0.350	1.804
250	4.0	4.0	0.352	1.820
500	2.0	2.0	0.355	1.825
750	1.33	1.333	0.358	1.827
1000	1.0	1.0	0.362	1.828

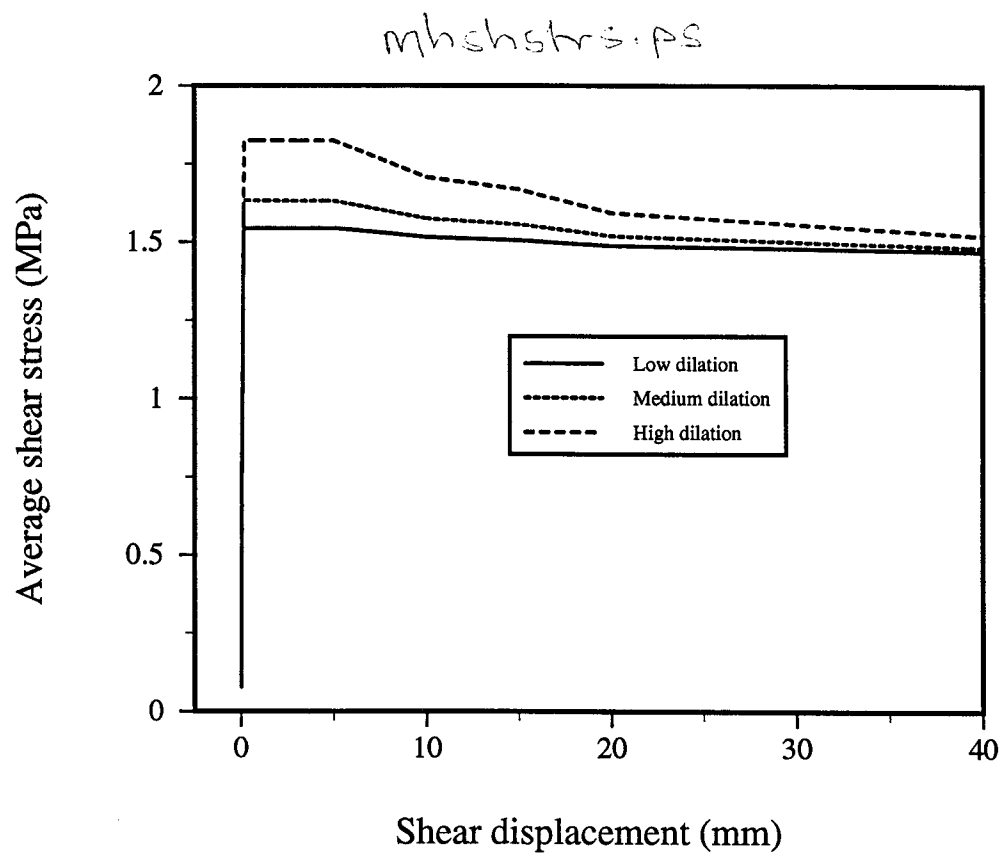
mh530500.ps



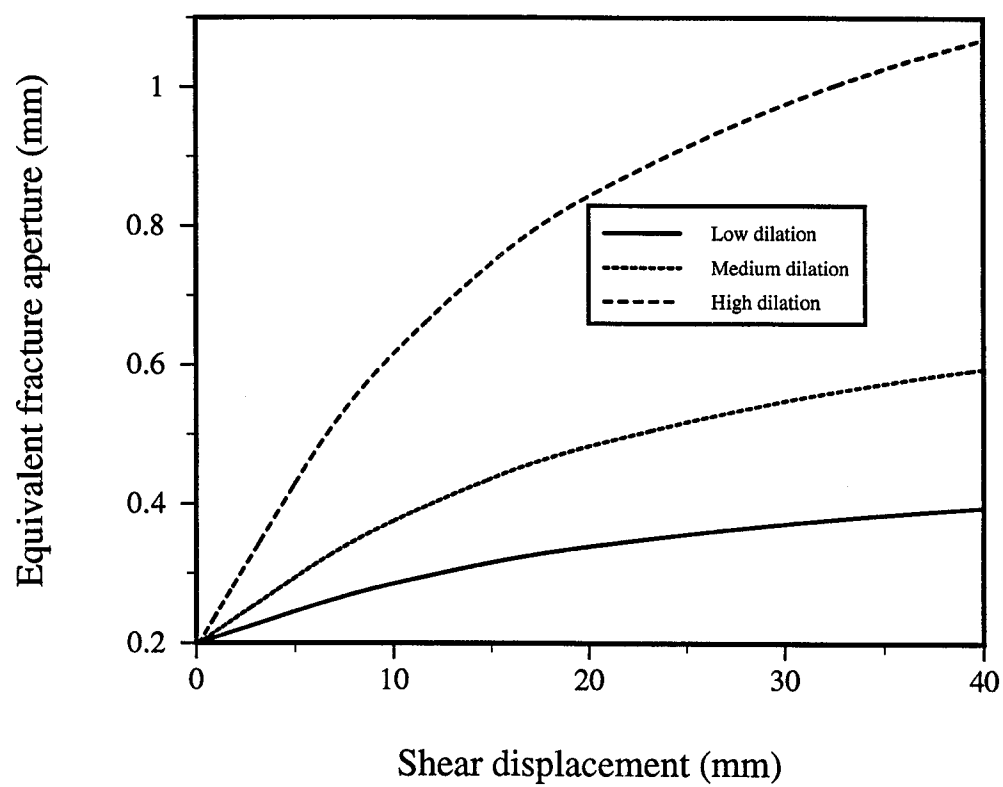
$m\tau_{\max} \cdot p_s$ 

mhdilang.ps

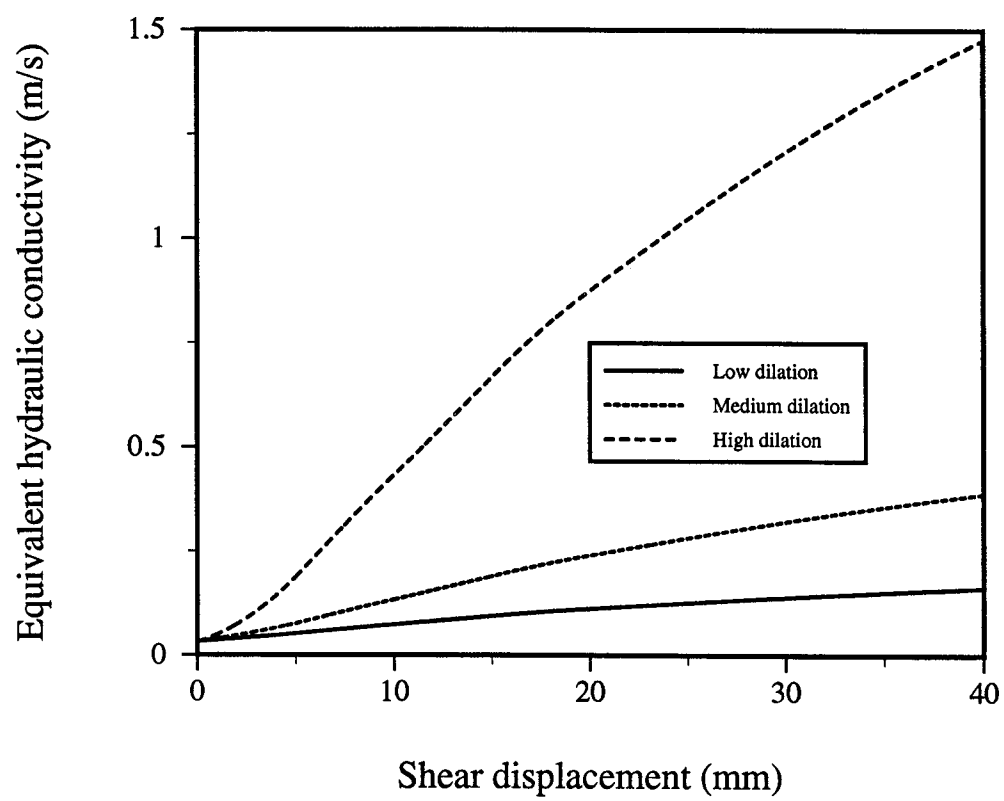




mhafrac.ps

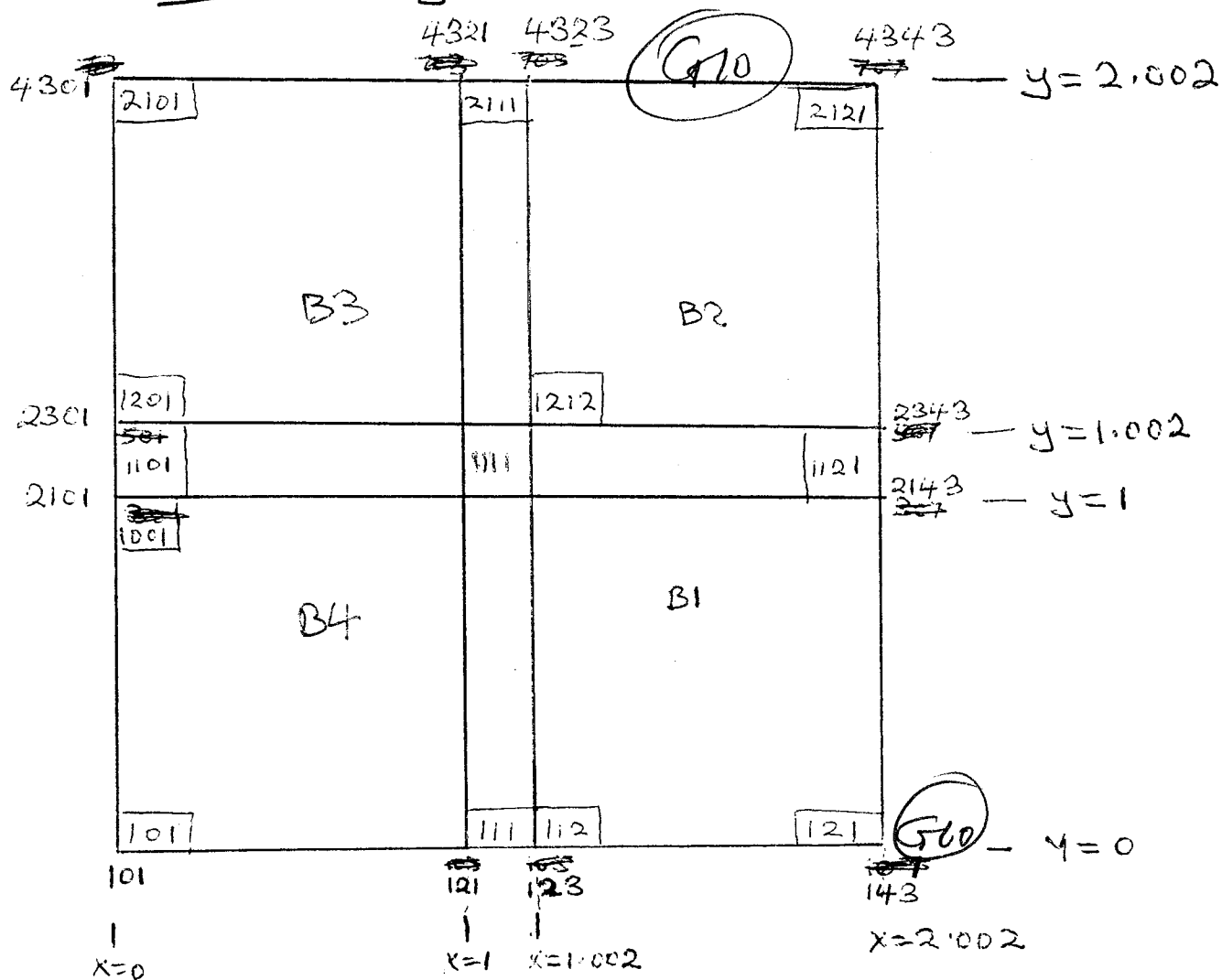


mhksat.ps



Case of Intersecting Fractures

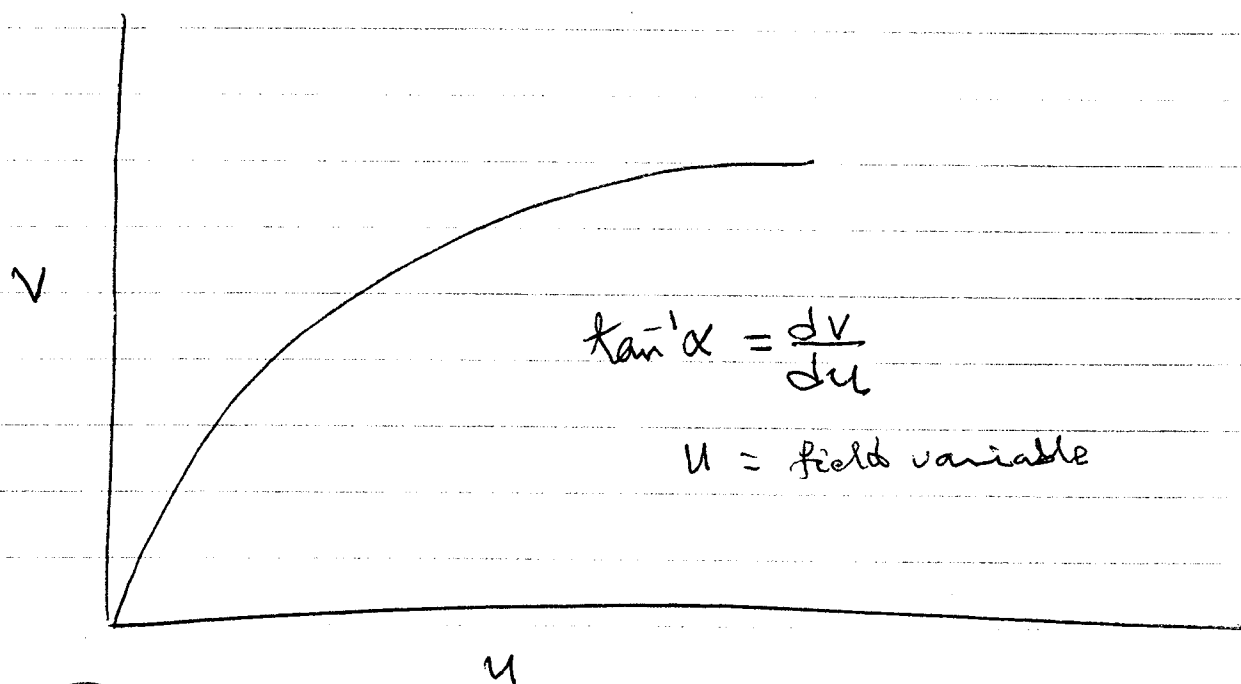
Two Orthogonal Fractures



Thin solid elements:

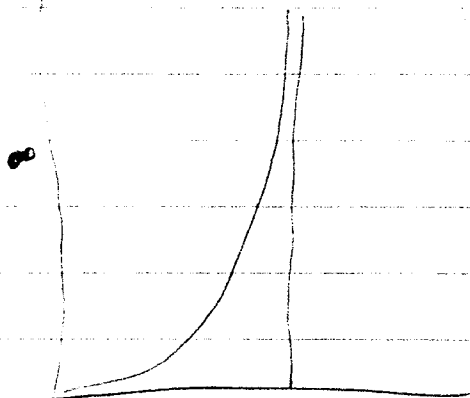
① Doucker-Prager

— Dilation & shear-induced
strain-dependent dilation
use lab V vs u data



② ~~DP~~ DP-Cap

— Normal deformation response
— Effects of R and α on permeability.



Conversion of ~~joint~~ joint pressure-vs-aperture relationship to pressure-vs-volumetric strain function

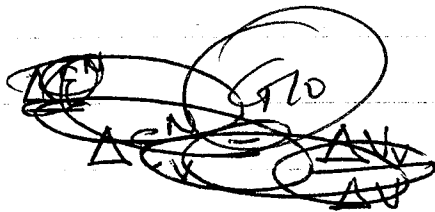
e = aperture

e_0 = initial aperture

$\Delta \epsilon_v^N$ = inelastic volumetric strain

L = length of joint

W = width of joint



$$\Delta \epsilon_v^N = \frac{\Delta V_v}{V_v} = \frac{LW \Delta e}{LW e_0} = \frac{\Delta e}{e_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta e = e_0 \Delta \epsilon_v^N$$

$$e = e_0 + \Delta e$$

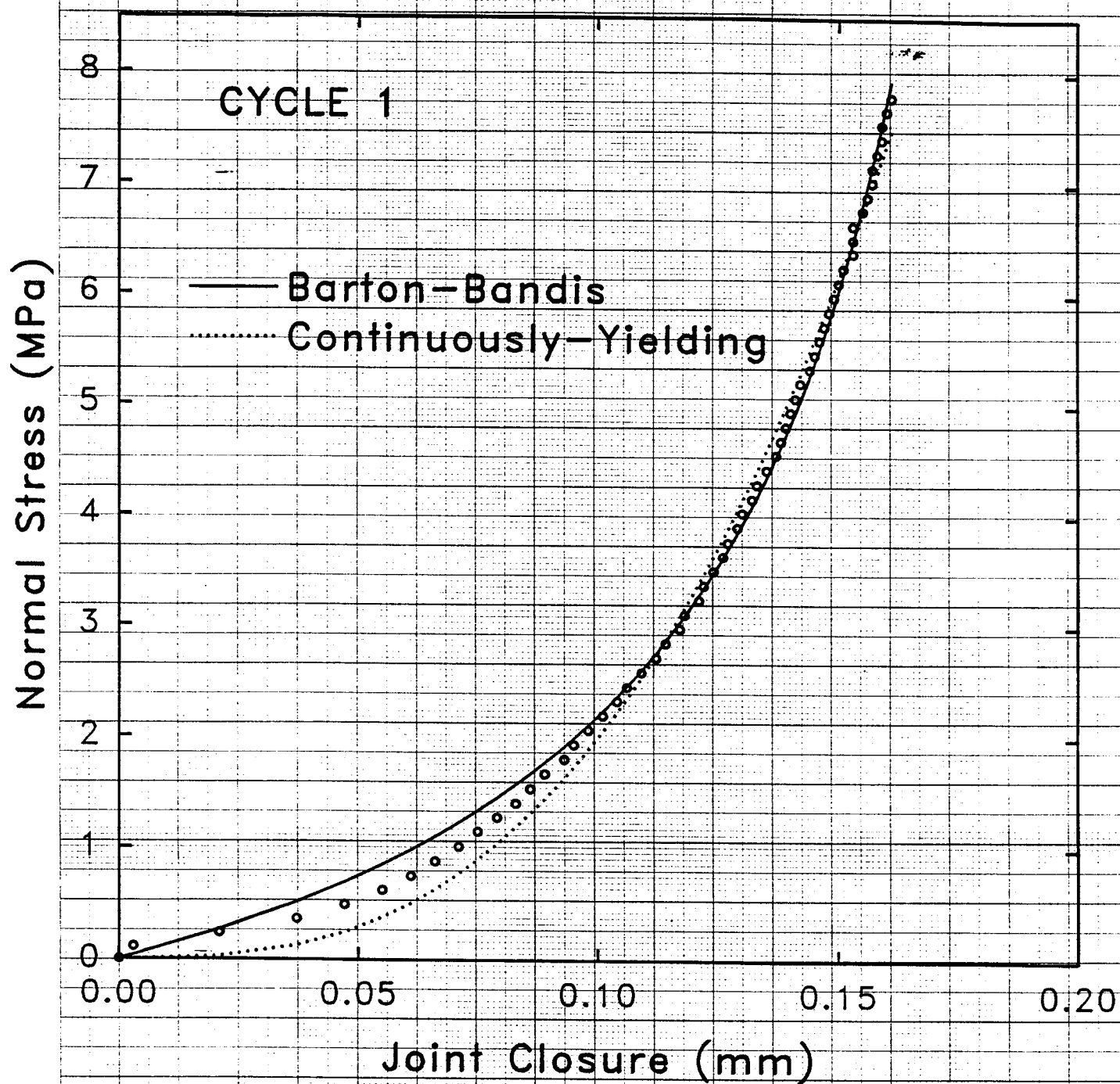
$$e = e_0 + e_0 \Delta \epsilon_v^N = e_0 (1 + \Delta \epsilon_v^N)$$

$$\Rightarrow e = \frac{e_0 (1 + \Delta \epsilon_v^N)}{e_0 (1 - \Delta \epsilon_v^N)} \quad \text{710}$$

and $\Delta \epsilon_v^N = \frac{e - e_0}{e_0} = \frac{e}{e_0} - 1$

e_0 = aperture at end of last increment

e = aperture at end of current increment



P (MPa)	C (mm)	e mm	$\Delta \epsilon_v^N$	ϵ_v^N
0.0 0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	0.0625	0.9375	-0.0625	-0.0625
2.0	0.10	0.9	-0.04	-0.1025
3.0	0.1188	0.8812	-0.0209	-0.1234
4.0	0.1313	0.8687	-0.0142	-0.1376
5.0	0.1438	0.8562	-0.0144	-0.1520
8.0	0.1625	0.8375	-0.0218	-0.1738

G10 foregn
Pages 95-116

**TASK 2.3: PROBLEM 8 HEATED
DRIFT WITH OPEN FRACTURE**

Grofoeglu

PROBLEM SET 8: HEATED DRIFT WITH OPEN FRACTURE

The purpose of this problem set is to evaluate the modeling of the normal stiffness of rock discontinuities in ABAQUS. The results of Problem Set 3 indicated substantial differences in the values of fracture-surface normal stress calculated using ABAQUS and UDEC. It is believed that the differences are caused by the different methods used by the two codes to model the normal stiffness of discontinuities. This issue is important for two reasons, namely, (i) the normal stiffness of a rock fracture has a strong effect on aperture changes, which are important for the prediction of mechanical-effect-dependent fluid flow through fractures; and (ii) fracture-surface shear resistance depends on the normal stress, which depends on the normal stiffness. Therefore, this problem was developed to evaluate all the provisions available in ABAQUS for modeling fracture opening and closure under the influence of normal stress.

The geometry of the problem is illustrated in Figure 8-1. It consists of a horizontal circular drift intersected at its crown and floor by a single vertical fracture. The drift is located in the interior of a horizontal drift-array that consists of drifts located at the same horizontal center-to-center distance from each other. The fracture is initially open, and its aperture cannot decrease below a specified minimum value. The values of *in situ* principal compressive stress are 10 MPa vertical, and 2 MPa horizontal.

The sequence of events to be modeled consists of drift excavation under constant (initial) temperature, followed by drift heating, which will be accomplished by applying a specified temperature history to the drift wall.

The problem will be solved in two and three dimensions using ABAQUS, UDEC, and 3DEC. The purpose of the three-dimensional (3D) solution is to evaluate the ABAQUS 3D-interface elements. To facilitate the comparison of the 3D and two-dimensional (2D) solutions, the geometry of the problem and the magnitude and orientation of the *in situ* principal stresses will be the same for the 3D and 2D models. In that case, the 3D-calculated responses for the middle vertical plane normal to the drift axis should be the same as those calculated using the 2D model.

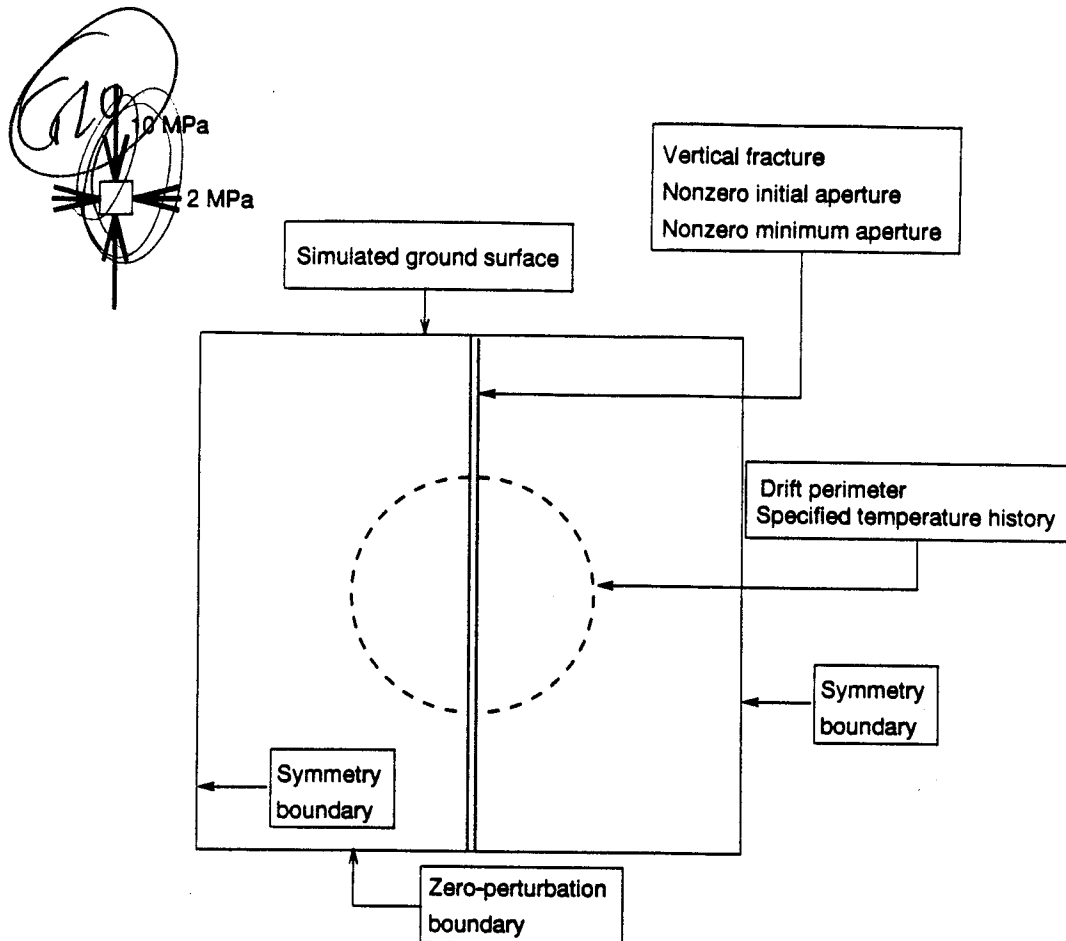


Figure 8-1. Problem geometry for Problem Set 8

5m diameter

22.5 m center-to-center

Initial aperture = 1 mm

Minimum aperture = 0.1 mm

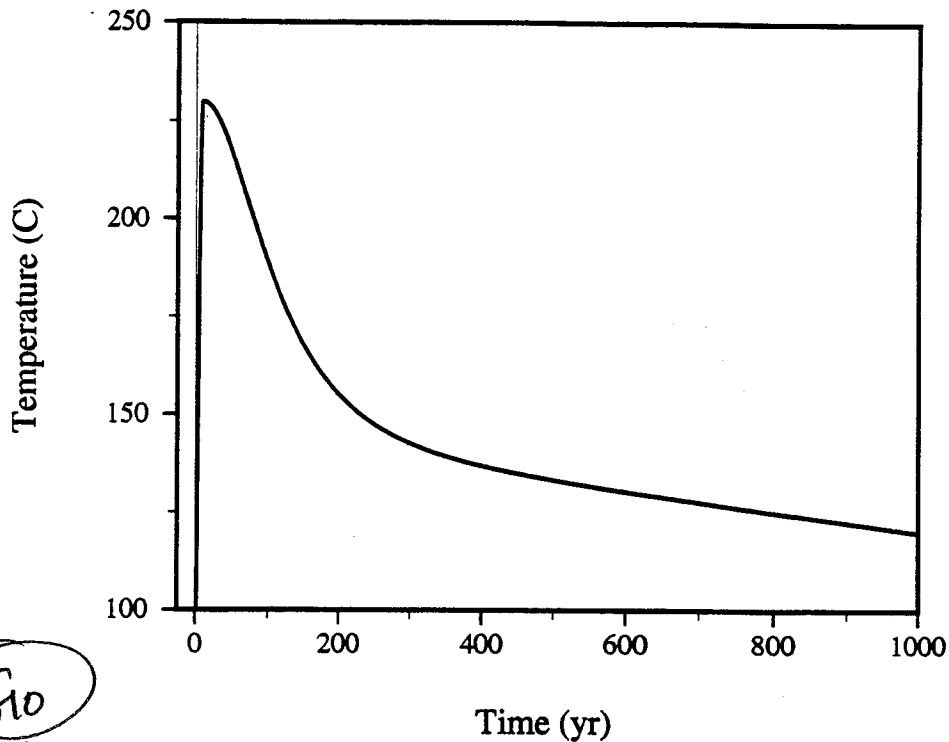


Figure 4-3. Temperature history applied to the drift wall to simulate the thermal history of emplaced waste

Table 4-1. Material property specifications for Problem Set 3

Property, symbol, and unit	Value
Young's modulus, E (MPa)	3.27×10^4
Poisson's ratio, ν	0.25
Friction angle for fracture surfaces, ϕ	40°
Cohesion for fracture surfaces (MPa)	0.0
Coefficient of linear expansion, α (K^{-1})	8.5×10^{-6}
Thermal conductivity, k_θ ($MJ \cdot m^{-1} \cdot s^{-1} \cdot K^{-1}$)	2.1×10^{-6}
Specific heat capacity, C_v ($MJ \cdot m^{-3} \cdot K^{-1}$)	2.2
Density, ρ ($10^6 \text{ kg} \cdot m^{-3}$)	2.24×10^{-3}

4.2 BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

The boundaries of the problem domain can be classified into *internal* and *external* boundaries. The internal boundaries are the drift wall (represented by curve ABC in Figure 4-2), and the symmetry planes (represented in the same figure by the horizontal line AD and vertical line CF) that were established

Material Parameters

Thermal conductivity

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_0 &= 2.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ MJ m}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \\
 &= 2.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ MJ m}^{-1} \cdot \text{d}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot 8.64 \text{E4 (s}^{-1}\text{d)} \\
 &= 0.1814 \text{ MJ} \cdot \text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{d}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}
 \end{aligned}$$

Fracture-element conductance

$$R = k_0 / e$$

e = fracture aperture

e	R (MJ.m ⁻² .d ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹)
$1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$	1814.4 <u>1814.4</u> <u>GW</u>
$1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$	181.44
$1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$	1814.4
$1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$	18144.0
$1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$	181440.0

Specific heat C_{p0}

=

$$\text{Density} = 2.24 \text{ } \cancel{\text{kg}} \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Specific heat =

$$2.2 \frac{\text{MJ}}{\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{K}} \times \frac{1}{2.24 \times 10^3} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg}}$$

$$= 9.821 \times 10^{-4} \text{ MJ/(kg} \cdot \text{K)}$$

Initial Temperature 25°C everywhere.

Boundary Conditions

- ① No temperature change on the ground surface and at depth of 1000 m below drift centerline.
- ② Prescribed temperature history on drift wall
- ③ No heat flux normal to vertical boundaries

Mechanical Properties

Young's modulus $3.27 \times 10^4 \text{ MPa}$

Poisson's ratio 0.25

Thermal expansivity (linear) $8.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$

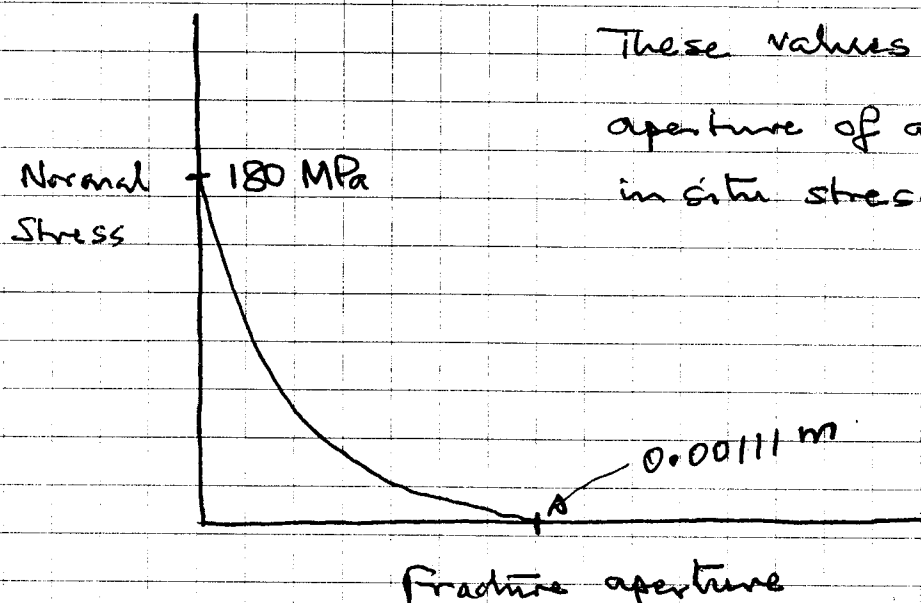
Fractures

(No) Coefficient of friction 0.8391

No slip allowed under elastic states
(i.e. infinite elastic shear stiffness)

Normal Stiffness:

Use "SURFACE BEHAVIOR, SOFTENED" command
with following values



These values ~~used~~ allow an initial
aperture of about 1 mm under the
in situ stress state.

Initial Stress: Vertical gradient:

$\sigma_v = 0.0$ at 300 m above drift centerline (ground surface)

$\sigma_v = -2.5 \text{ MPa}$ at 200 m above drift centerline.

These values correspond to a vertical gradient of 0.025 MPa/m .

$\sigma_h = 0.2\sigma_v$ at every depth.

σ_v = vertical stress.

σ_h = horizontal stress.

Boundary conditions

Free surfaces: ground surface
drift wall

Zero ~~dis~~ ^{normal} - displacement:

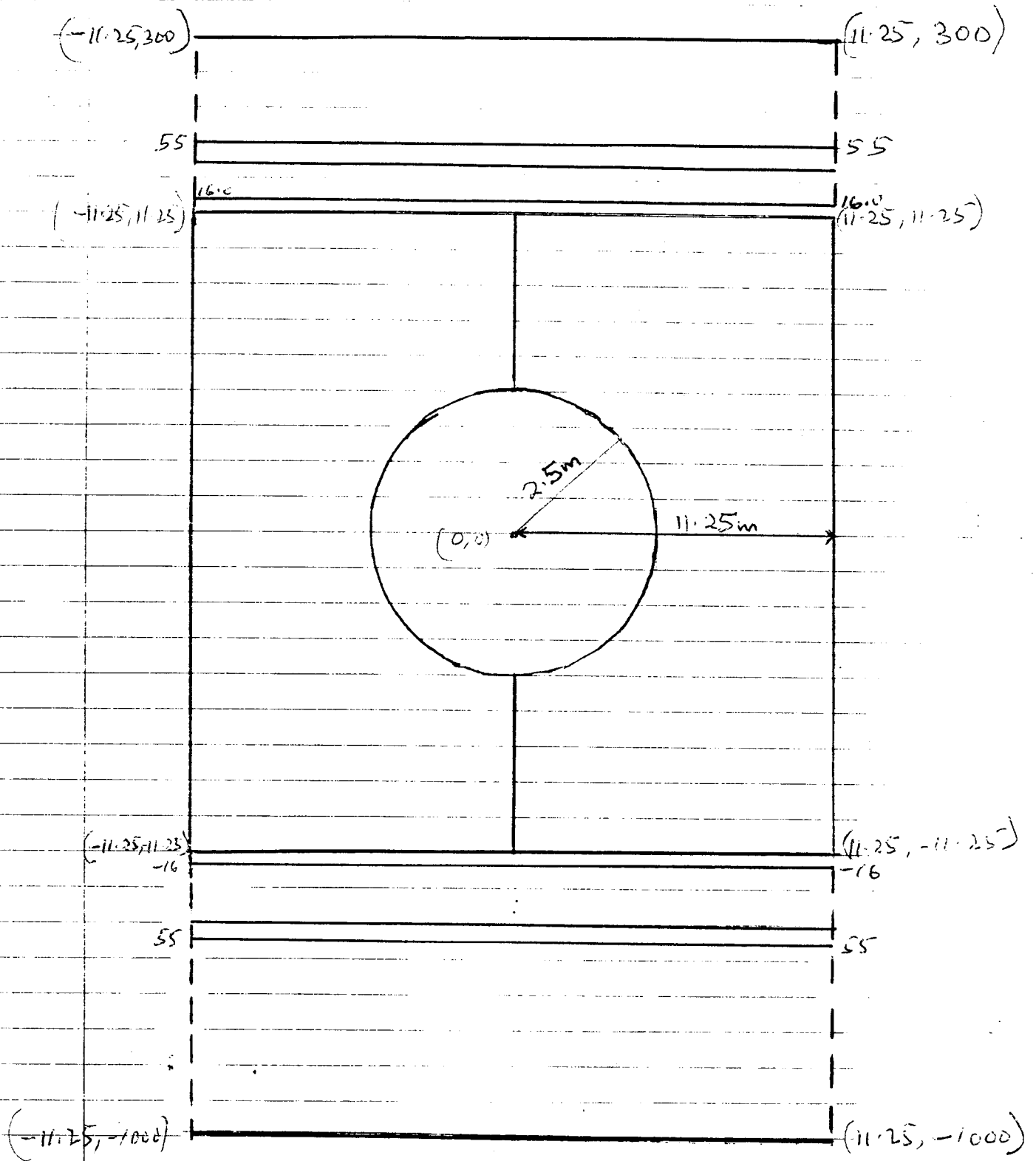
(i) horizontal boundary at 1000 m below centerline.

(ii) Two vertical boundaries.

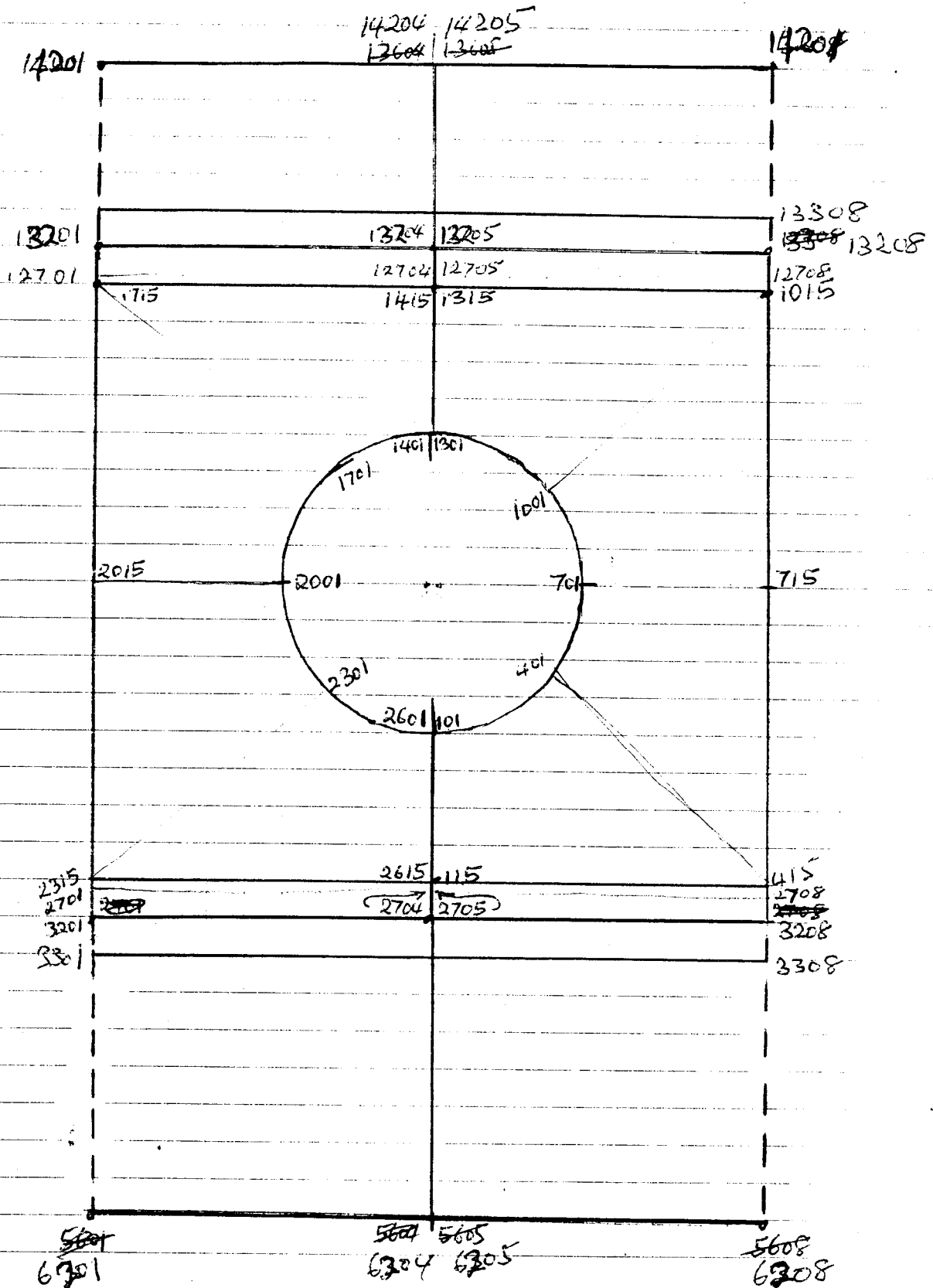
General Procedure for 2D Problem

- ① Using a coarse mesh, set up an all-inclusive model (Global Model) with boundaries at the ground surface and at depth of 1000 m below drift centerline.
- ② Using the global model, compute the ~~displacement~~ histories of
 - (a) temperature
 - (b) vertical displacement
 at ± 50 m above drift centerline. ~~store in~~ G20
- ~~③ Set up detailed G20 local model~~
- ③ Using a fine mesh, set up detailed model of drift, with boundaries at ± 50 m above drift centerline. ~~store in~~ G20
- ④ Analyze detailed model using the ABAQUS SUBMODEL utilities.

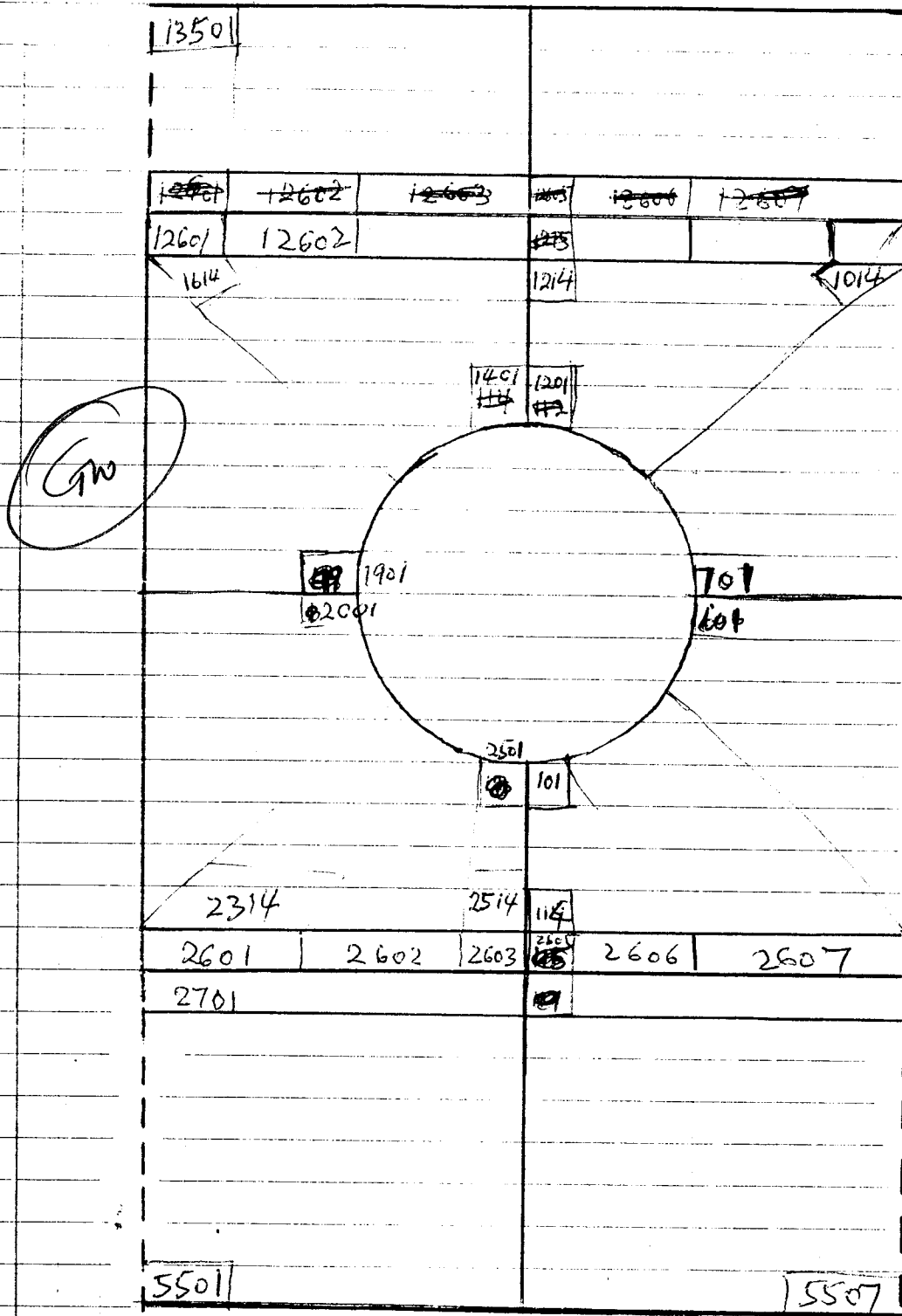
Global Model: Coordinates

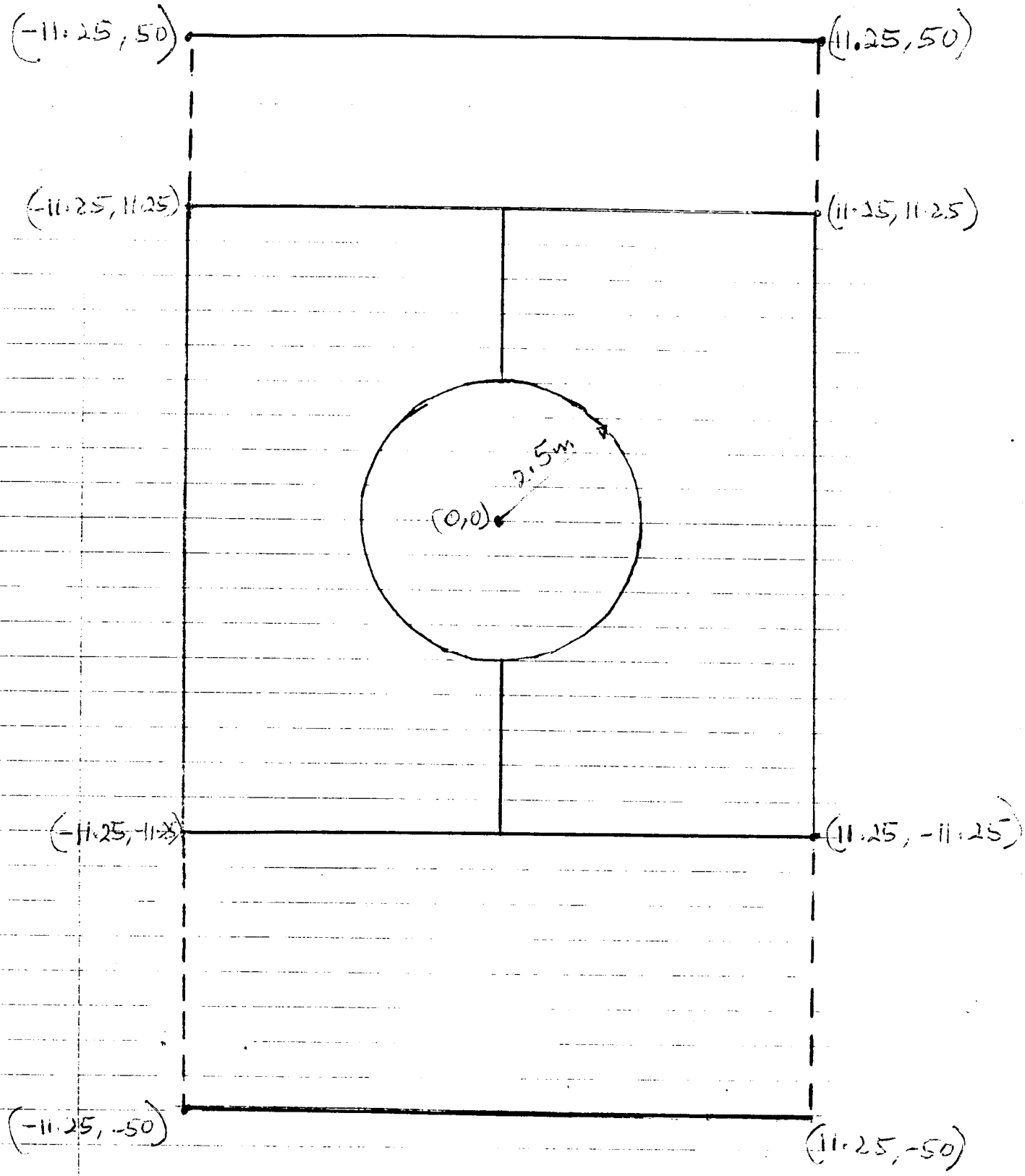


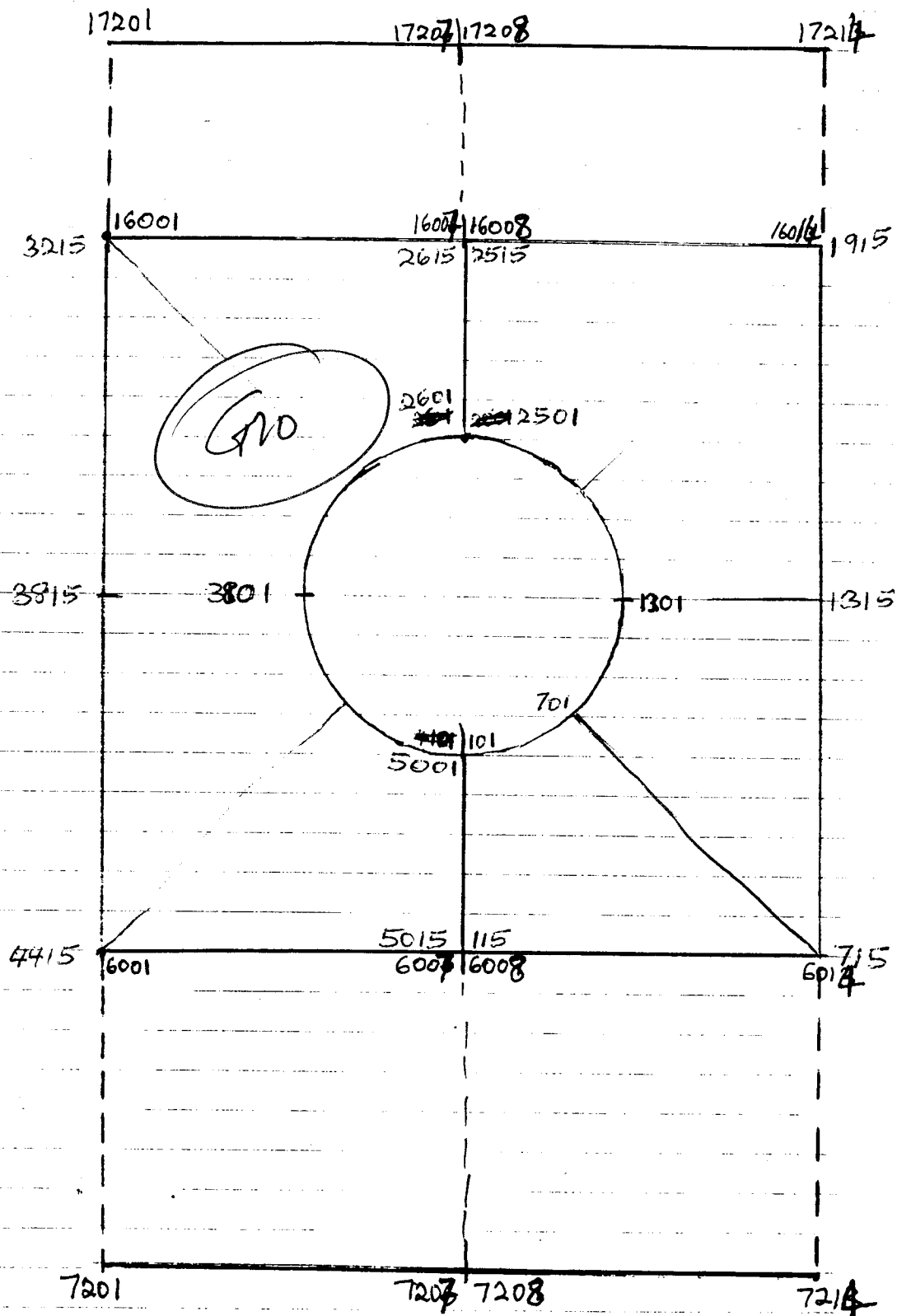
Global Model: Nodes

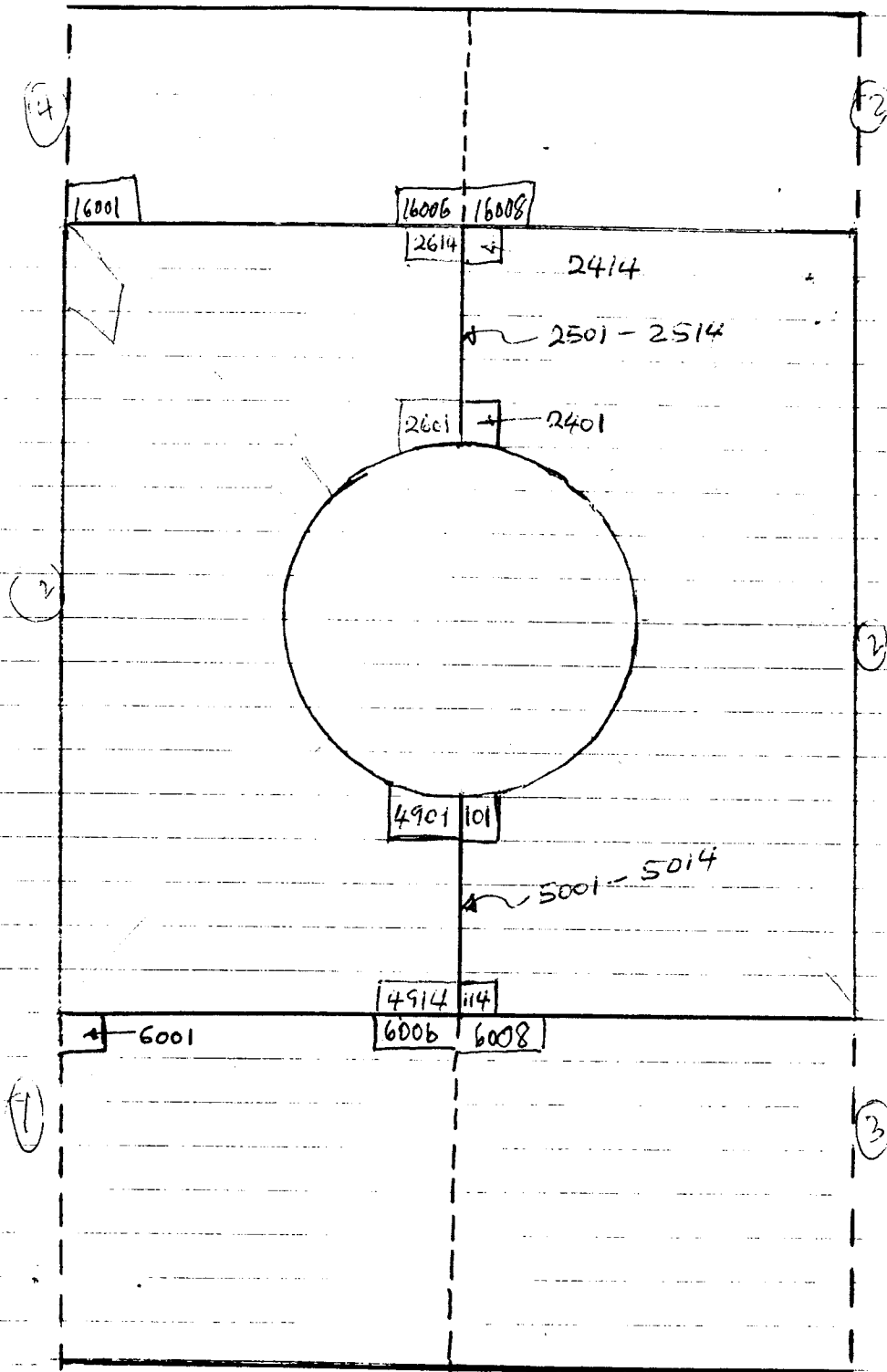


Global Model: Elements









Thermal Analysis Steps

Step	Time at end of Step (Days)	Activity
1	1.0	Establish initial state and boundary conditions
2	3651	Apply prescribed drift-wall temperature history

Mechanical Analysis Steps

Step	Time at end of Step (days)	Activity
1	0.5	Establish initial state and boundary conditions, without drift
2	0.5	Excavate drift
3	3651	Apply temperature distribution computed in Step 2 of Thermal Analysis

Input Files

gnt.inp Thermal analysis: Global Model

gmm.inp Mechanical analysis: Global Model

smt.inp Thermal analysis: Local model

File gnt.fil must reside in same directory, and gnt must be introduced as the corresponding global model

smm.inp Mechanical analysis: Local model

~~File smt.fil must~~

File gmm.fil required, and gmm must be introduced as global model.

~~In addition, file~~ Grw

Each thermal analysis must be completed before the corresponding mechanical analysis, and the .fil file from the thermal analysis must reside in the same directory as the .inp file for the corresponding mechanical analysis.

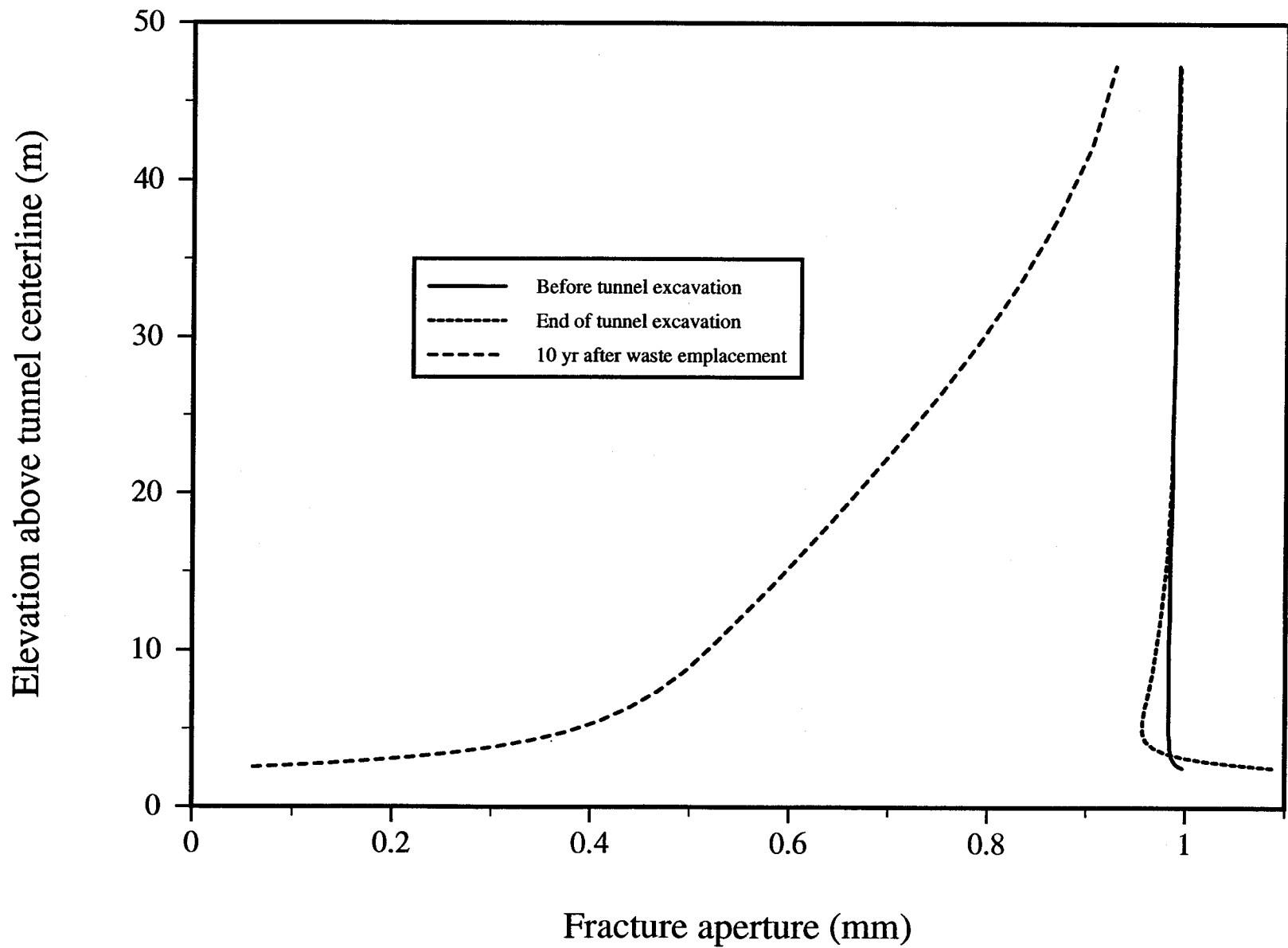
Results Processing

On completion of mechanical analysis:

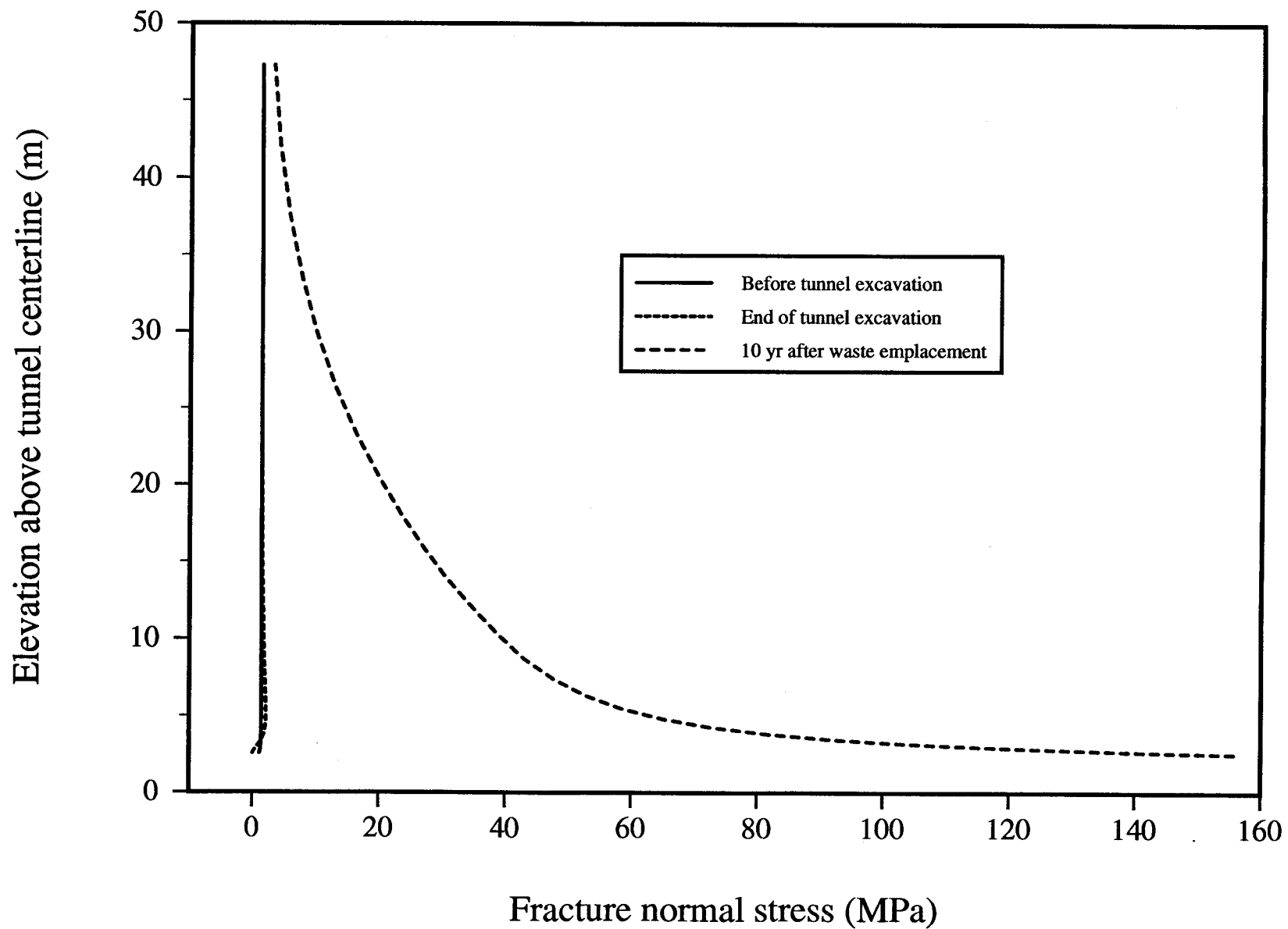
- ① Run job in smpost.inp
- ② Split file ^{smpost.dat} using vi text editor, into three files as follows:
 - ~~sm00frac.dat~~ ^{sm00frac.dat} ~~cro~~: Pre-excavation
 - ~~sm01frac.dat~~ ^{sm01frac.dat} ~~cro~~: End of excavation
 - ~~sm10frac.dat~~ ^{sm10frac.dat} ~~cro~~: 10 yrs following waste emplacement.
- ③ Compile C program ~~sm~~ smFracAperture.c
Then execute ~~cro~~ the a.out file and re-direct its output to ~~sm~~ ^a ~~cro~~ file.
- ④ Compile and run C program smfracStress.c in the same way.

Follow Procedure ① - ④ with "gm" substituted for "sm" in the file names, to obtain the results of the global model.

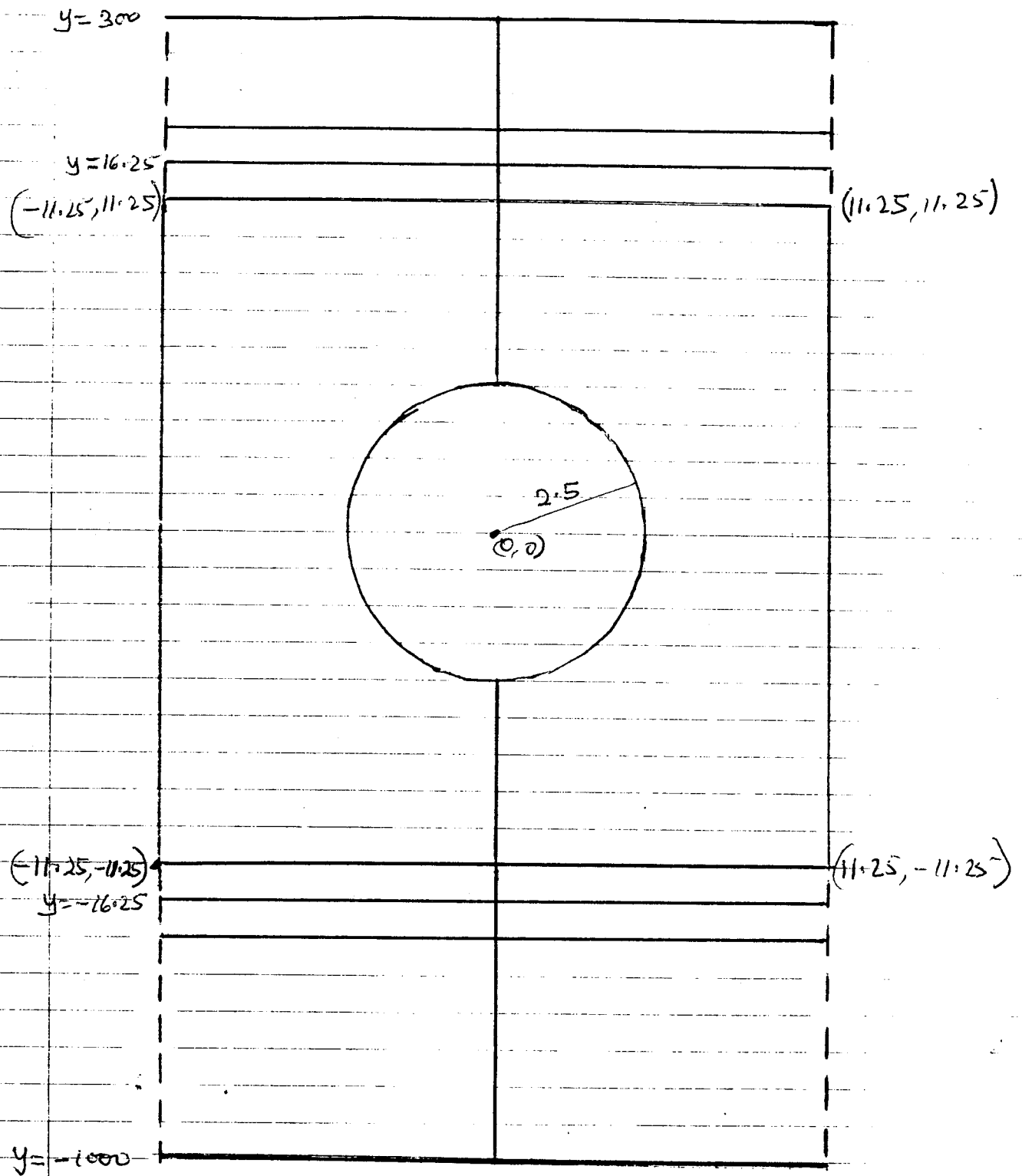
Fracture Aperture Profiles (ABAQUS 2D)



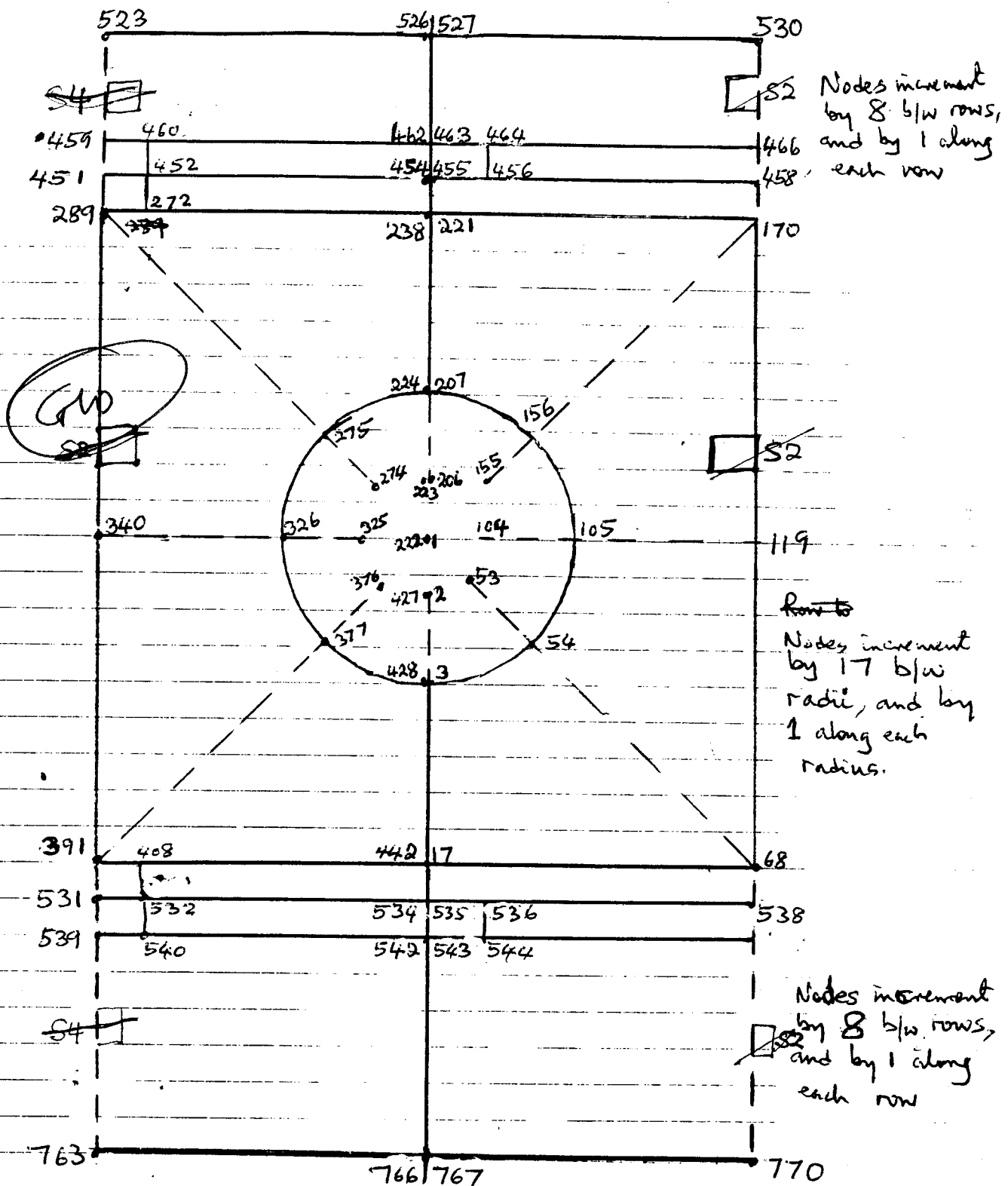
Fracture Normal-Stress Profiles (ABAQUS 2D)



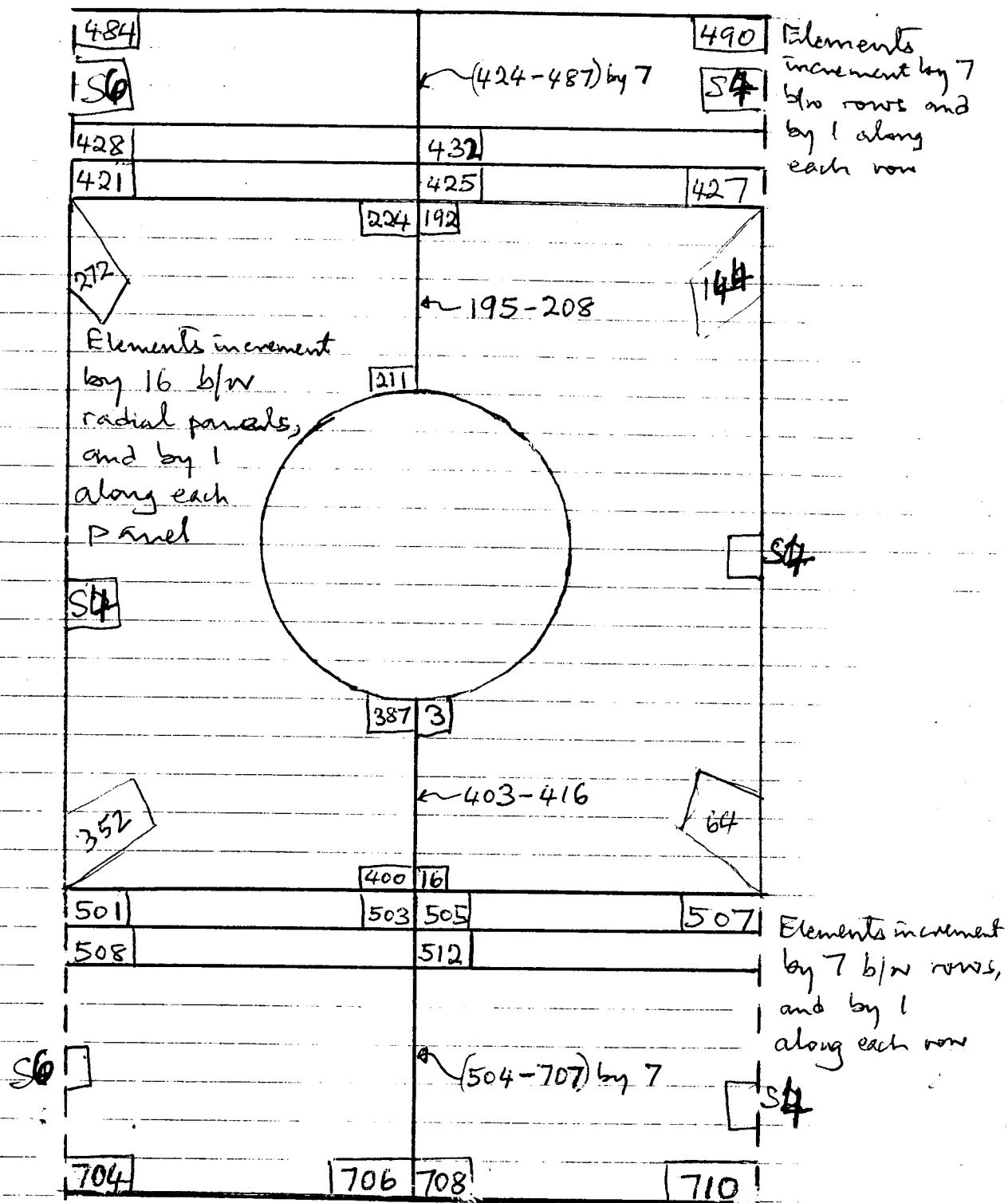
3D
MODEL



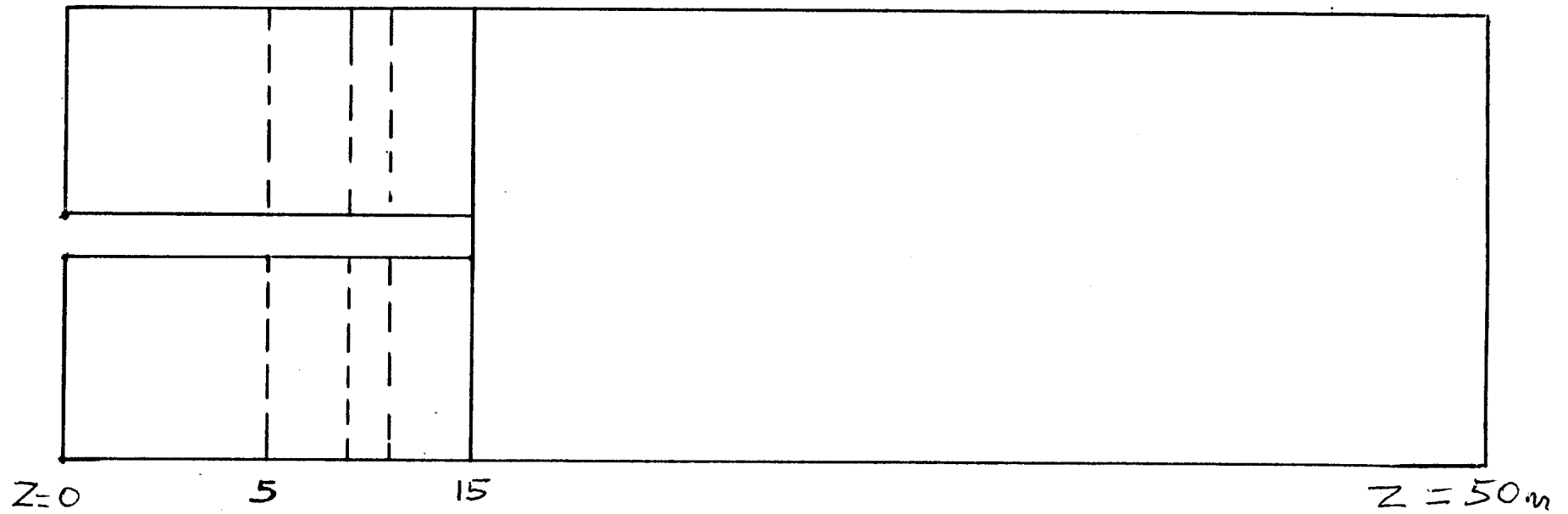
Global Model; XY Plane at $Z=0$; Node Numbers 138



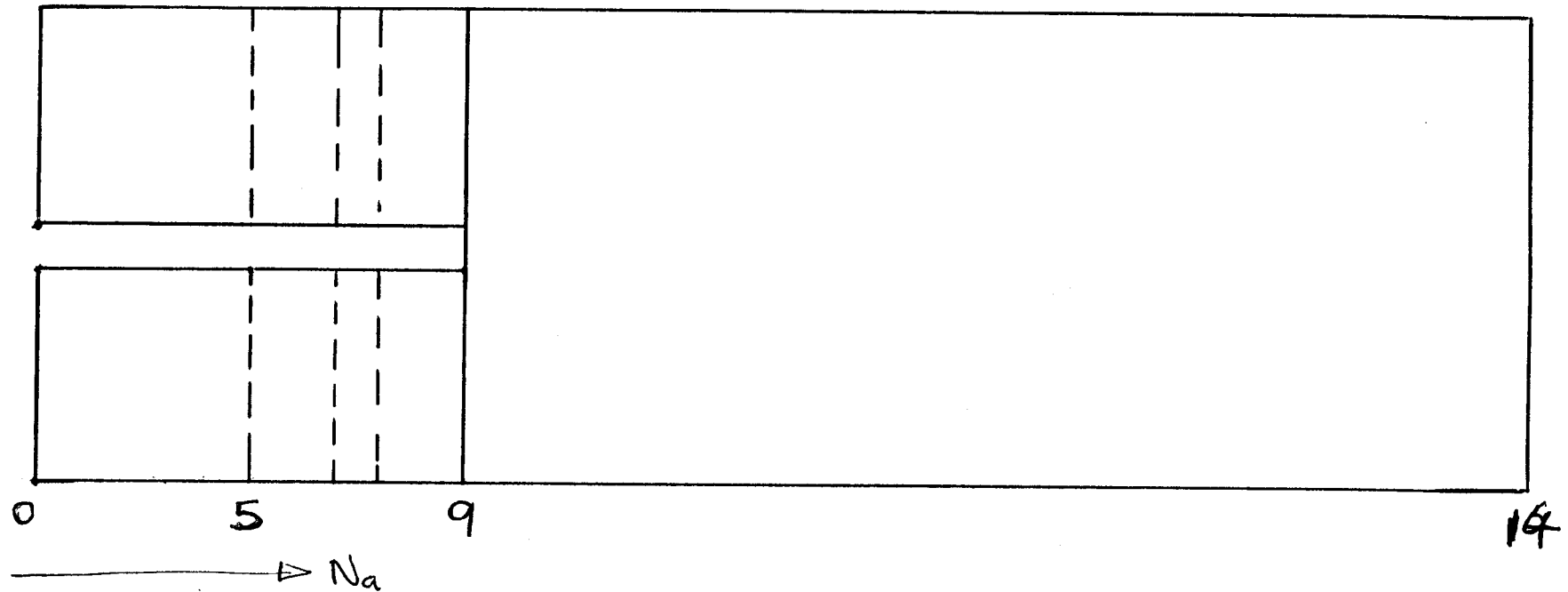
Global Model; XY Plane @ Z=0: Element Numbers 139



Global Model: Z-coordinates



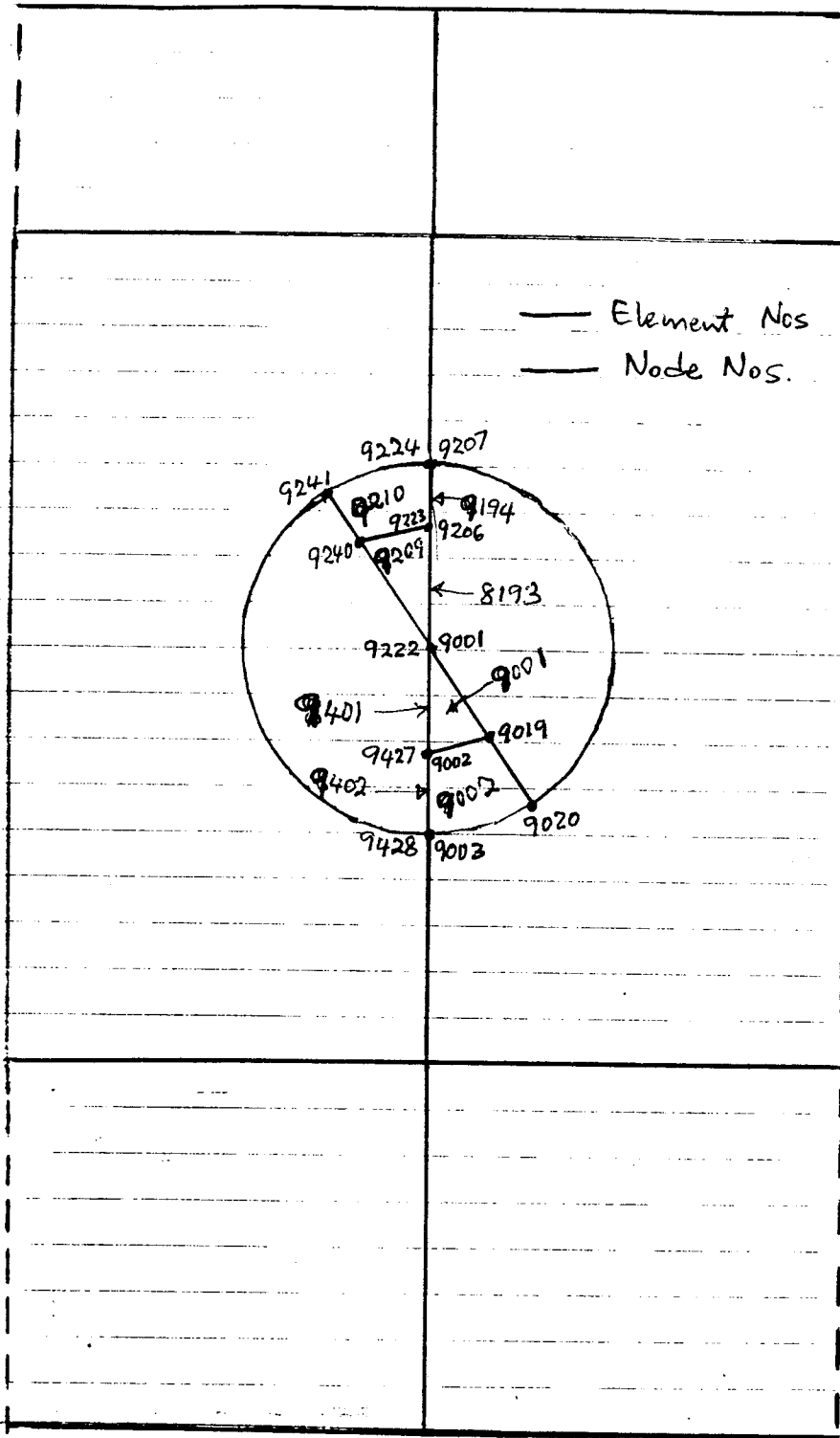
Global Model. Node Numbers Along Tunnel Axis



$$\text{Node} = 1000N_a + N_{00}$$

N_{00} = node numbers on $Z=0$ plane

Global Model: Additional Elements on Plane @ $Z = 15m$



Node Sets, Element Sets

```
***
*** Prescribed temperature history applied at node set WPWALL
***
*NSSET,NSET-WPWALL,GEN
3,428,17
1003,1428,17
2003,2428,17
3003,3428,17
4003,4428,17
5003,5428,17
***
*** Node set WALL required in mechanical analyses to specify boundary
*** conditions for the excavated surface: the nodes are fixed in Step 1
*** and released in Step 2 to simulate excavation
***
*NSSET,NSET-WALL
WPWALL,
*NSSET,NSET-WALL,GEN
6003,6428,17
7003,7428,17
8003,8428,17
9003,9428,17
***
*** Zero temperature-change applied at node set TOPNODES
***
*NSSET,NSET-TOPNODES,GEN
523,530,1
1523,1530,1
2523,2530,1
3523,3530,1
4523,4530,1
5523,5530,1
6523,6530,1
7523,7530,1
8523,8530,1
9523,9530,1
10523,10530,1
11523,11530,1
12523,12530,1
13523,13530,1
14523,14530,1
***
*** Zero temperature-change and zero vertical displacement applied at
*** node set BASENODE
***
*NSSET,NSET-BASENODE,GEN
763,770,1
1763,1770,1
2763,2770,1
3763,3770,1
4763,4770,1
5763,5770,1
6763,6770,1
7763,7770,1
8763,8770,1
9763,9770,1
10763,10770,1
11763,11770,1
12763,12770,1
13763,13770,1
```

```
14763,14770,1
***
*** Zero horizontal displacement applied at node set LEFTNODE
***
*NSSET,NSET-LEFTNODE,GEN
289,391,17
1289,1391,17
2289,2391,17
3289,3391,17
4289,4391,17
5289,5391,17
6289,6391,17
7289,7391,17
8289,8391,17
9289,9391,17
10289,10391,17
11289,11391,17
12289,12391,17
13289,13391,17
14289,14391,17
459,523,8
1459,1523,8
2459,2523,8
3459,3523,8
4459,4523,8
5459,5523,8
6459,6523,8
7459,7523,8
8459,8523,8
9459,9523,8
10459,10523,8
11459,11523,8
12459,12523,8
13459,13523,8
14459,14523,8
531,763,8
1531,1763,8
2531,2763,8
3531,3763,8
4531,4763,8
5531,5763,8
6531,6763,8
7531,7763,8
8531,8763,8
9531,9763,8
10531,10763,8
11531,11763,8
12531,12763,8
13531,13763,8
14531,14763,8
***
*** Zero horizontal displacement applied at node set RIGHTNODE
***
*NSSET,NSET-RIGHTNODE,GEN
68,170,17
1068,1170,17
2068,2170,17
3068,3170,17
4068,4170,17
5068,5170,17
6068,6170,17
```


7068,7170,17
8068,8170,17
9068,9170,17
10068,10170,17
11068,11170,17
12068,12170,17
13068,13170,17
14068,14170,17
458,530,8
1458,1530,8
2458,2530,8
3458,3530,8
4458,4530,8
5458,5530,8
6458,6530,8
7458,7530,8
8458,8530,8
9458,9530,8
10458,10530,8
11458,11530,8
12458,12530,8
13458,13530,8
14458,14530,8
538,770,8
1538,1770,8
2538,2770,8
3538,3770,8
4538,4770,8
5538,5770,8
6538,6770,8
7538,7770,8
8538,8770,8
9538,9770,8
10538,10770,8
11538,11770,8
12538,12770,8
13538,13770,8
14538,14770,8

*** Temperature and displacement histories will be saved at
*** node set SMBNODES, to provide information for internal definition
*** of the submodel boundary conditions

*NSET,NSET=SMBNODES
Z12P5NOD,Z15NODES,
*NSET,NSET=SMBNODES,GEN
475,490,1
1475,1490,1
2475,2490,1
3475,3490,1
4475,4490,1
5475,5490,1
6475,6490,1
7475,7490,1
8475,8490,1
9475,9490,1
10475,10490,1
11475,11490,1
12475,12490,1
13475,13490,1
14475,14490,1

571,586,1
1571,1586,1
2571,2586,1
3571,3586,1
4571,4586,1
5571,5586,1
6571,6586,1
7571,7586,1
8571,8586,1
9571,9586,1
10571,10586,1
11571,11586,1
12571,12586,1
13571,13586,1
14571,14586,1

*** Zero normal heat flux applied on face 4 of element set S4RIGHT
*** Face 4 of these elements collected into surface named RLVIEW for
*** longitudinal view of results

*ELSET,ELSET=S4RIGHT,GEN
64,144,16
1064,1144,16
2064,2144,16
3064,3144,16
4064,4144,16
5064,5144,16
6064,6144,16
7064,7144,16
8064,8144,16
9064,9144,16
10064,10144,16
11064,11144,16
12064,12144,16
13064,13144,16
427,490,7
1427,1490,7
2427,2490,7
3427,3490,7
4427,4490,7
5427,5490,7
6427,6490,7
7427,7490,7
8427,8490,7
9427,9490,7
10427,10490,7
11427,11490,7
12427,12490,7
13427,13490,7
507,710,7
1507,1710,7
2507,2710,7
3507,3710,7
4507,4710,7
5507,5710,7
6507,6710,7
7507,7710,7
8507,8710,7
9507,9710,7
10507,10710,7
11507,11710,7

12507,12710,7
13507,13710,7

*** Zero normal heat flux applied on face 4 of element set S4LEFT

*ELSET,ELSET-S4LEFT,GEN

272,352,16
1272,1352,16
2272,2352,16
3272,3352,16
4272,4352,16
5272,5352,16
6272,6352,16
7272,7352,16
8272,8352,16
9272,9352,16
10272,10352,16
11272,11352,16
12272,12352,16
13272,13352,16

*** Zero normal heat flux applied on face 6 of element set S6LEFT

*ELSET,ELSET-S6LEFT,GEN

421,484,7
1421,1484,7
2421,2484,7
3421,3484,7
4421,4484,7
5421,5484,7
6421,6484,7
7421,7484,7
8421,8484,7
9421,9484,7
10421,10484,7
11421,11484,7
12421,12484,7
13421,13484,7
501,704,7
1501,1704,7
2501,2704,7
3501,3704,7
4501,4704,7
5501,5704,7
6501,6704,7
7501,7704,7
8501,8704,7
9501,9704,7
10501,10704,7
11501,11704,7
12501,12704,7
13501,13704,7

(Same as for 2D model)

Thermal Analysis Steps

Step	Time at end of Step (Days)	Activity
1	1.0	Establish initial state and boundary conditions
2	3651	Apply prescribed drift-wall temperature history

Mechanical Analysis Steps

Step	Time at end of Step (days)	Activity
1	0.5	Establish initial state and boundary conditions, without drift
2	0.5	Excavate drift
3	3651	Apply temperature distribution computed in Step 2 of Thermal Analysis

Input files

g3mt.inp

Thermal analysis

g3mm.inp

Mechanical analysis

~~(file g3mt.fil is required)~~

Following files required in the same directory as g3mm.inp, in order to run the mechanical analysis

① g3mt.fil

contains temperature output from thermal analysis

② Sigini.f

FORTRAN code for the computation of initial stresses.

To view a transverse section

~~To get a transverse view~~

*DETAIL, ELSET=ALLELEMENTS, MAX = ^(11.25) (11.25, y_{max} , z_{max}),
 MIN = (-11.25, y_{min} , z_{min})

Suggested: ① $y_{min} = -50$
 $y_{max} = 50$

Then set z_{min} and z_{max} to include only one z-layer of elements.

② Use ELSET=BODY to exclude fracture elements from the DETAIL.

To view a longitudinal section along tunnel axis

*DETAIL, ELSET=BODY, MAX = (0, y_{max} , 50), MIN = (-0.25, y_{min} ,
 *VIEW, VIEWPOINT = (-1, 0, 0), UP = (0, 1, 0)

Suggestion ① $y_{min} = -25$, $y_{max} = 25$

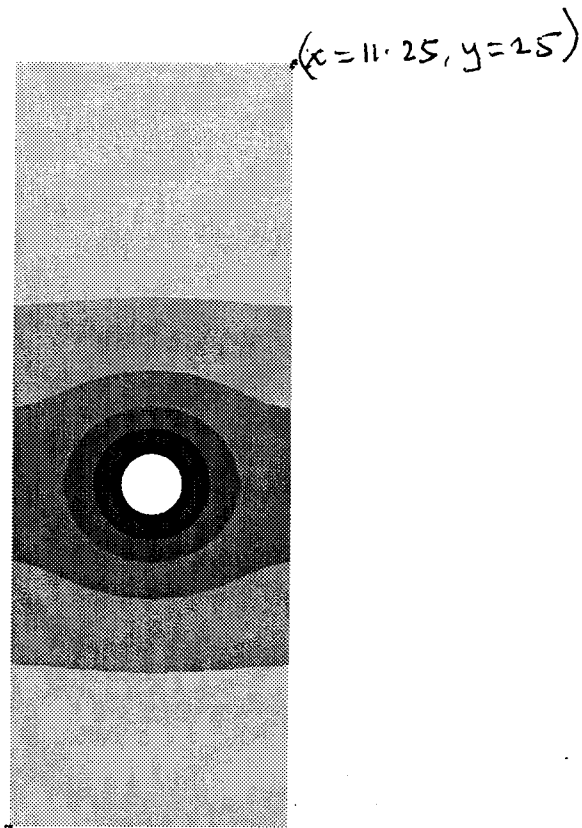
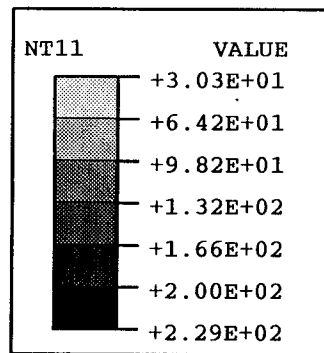
② Set ELSET=ALLELEMENTS to include fracture elements.

To view longitudinal section along $x=11.25$

S4RIGHT,
 $*DETAIL, ELSET = \text{~~0, 0, 0~~}, MAX = (11.5, y_{max}, 50),$
 $\text{MIN} = (0, y_{min}, 0).$

The next three contour plots are produced by running the job ABAQUS command file tContours.jnl from a POST session on g3mt.res

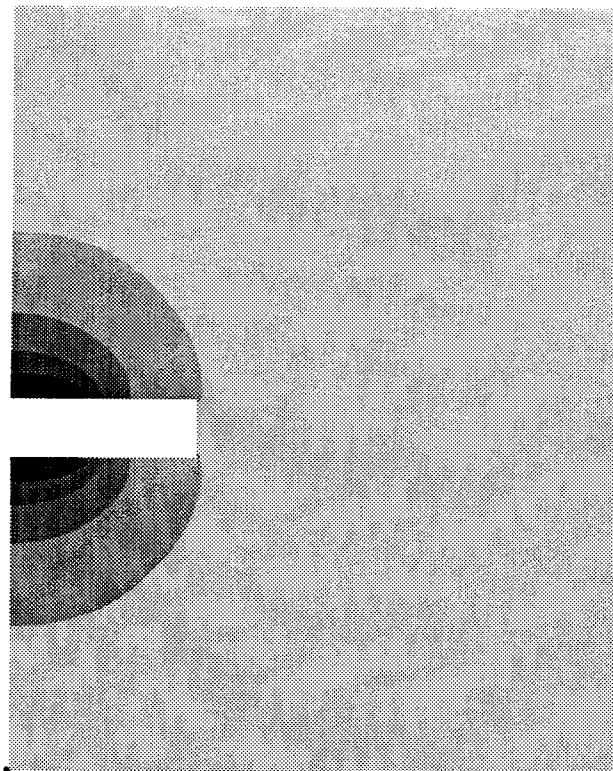
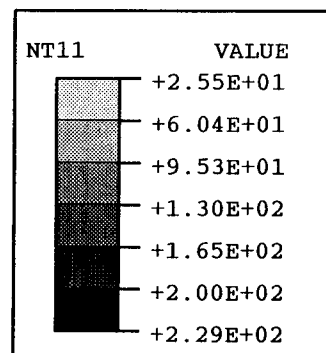
ABAQUS



$(x=-11.25, y=-25)$

$z = 0$

ABAQUS



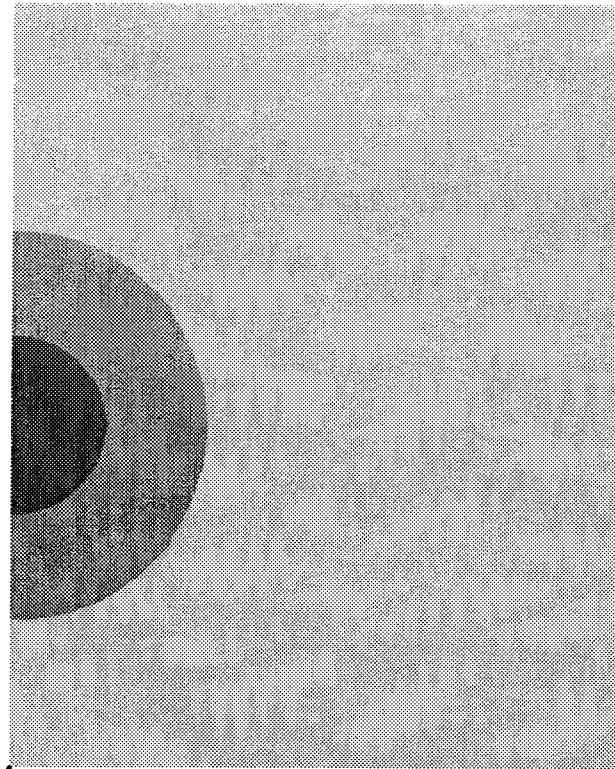
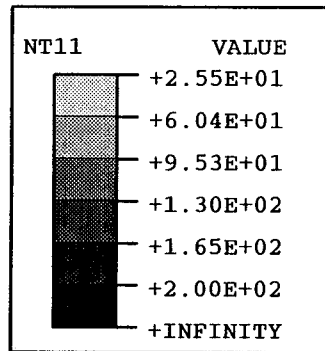
$(z=50, y=25)$



$(z=0, y=-25)$

$(x=0)$

ABAQUS



$(Z=0, y=-25)$

$(Z=50, y=25)$

$X=11.25$

May 08 '95

~~File estimate~~ 410

- ① File-size estimates by ABAQUS indicate that the mechanical analysis model requires about 594 MB of disk space for the temporary and restart files.

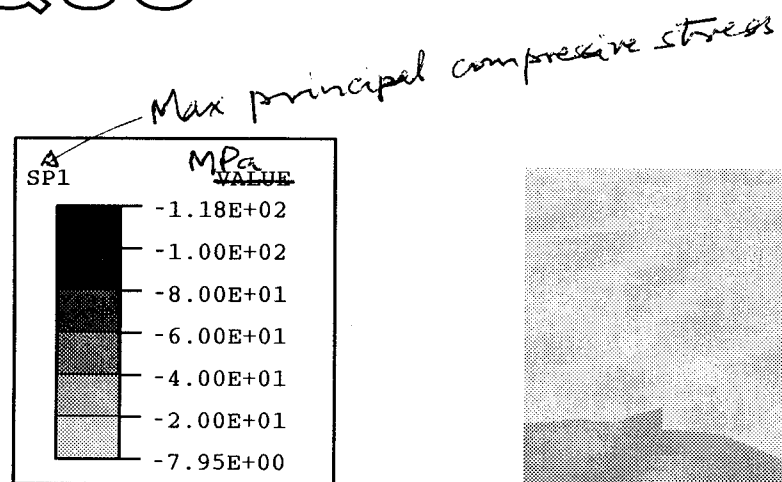
My partition ~~of~~ on the Performer has 548 Mb.

∴ 2 z-layers were removed (the number of element layers between $z=15$ and $z=50$ m was reduced from 5 to 2).

- ② Mech-analysis model failed to converge in Step1, because of frictional-contact chattering. "XFRICITION" command was ^{disabled} ~~deleted~~ ~~to correct the~~ ~~friction~~ ~~in~~ the problem. This is okay, because there is no shear stress on the fracture surface in this problem

The next 6 contour plots
can be obtained by running the
file sContours.jnl from within an ABAQUS
Post session on g3mm.res

ABAQUS



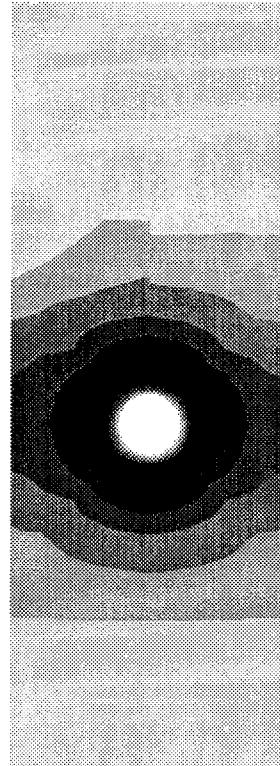
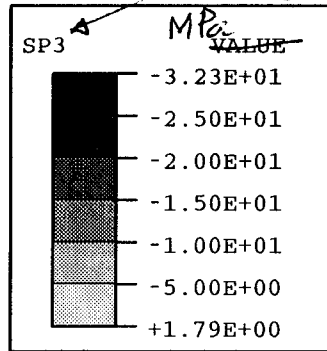
$$x = 11.25, y = 25$$

$$(x = -11.25, y = -25)$$

$$z = 0$$

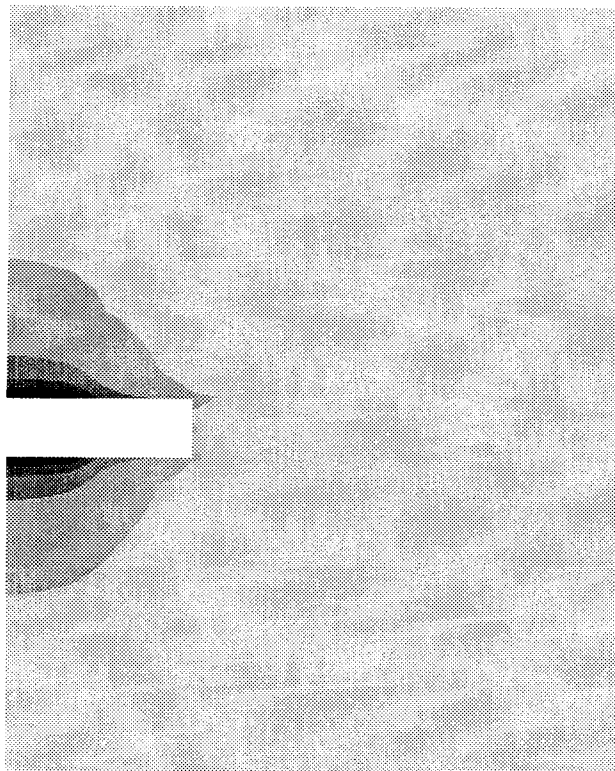
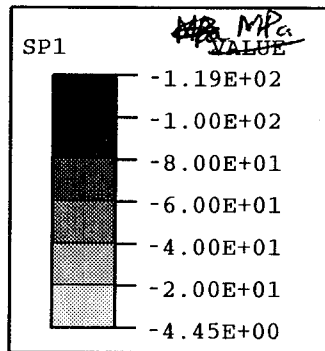
ABAQUS

*Minimum principal
compressive stress*

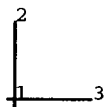


*section as on
same as previous
page*

ABAQUS



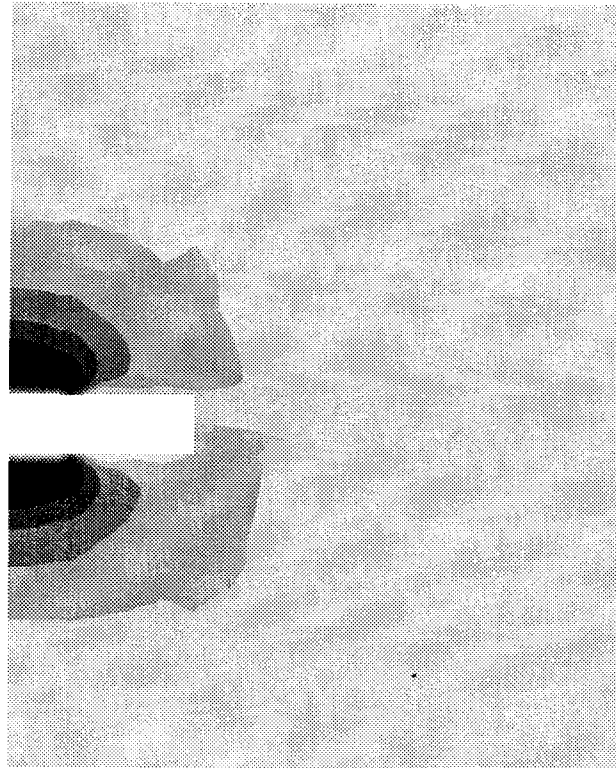
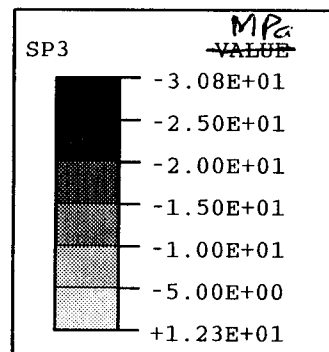
$Z = 50, y = 25$



$Z = 0, y = -25$

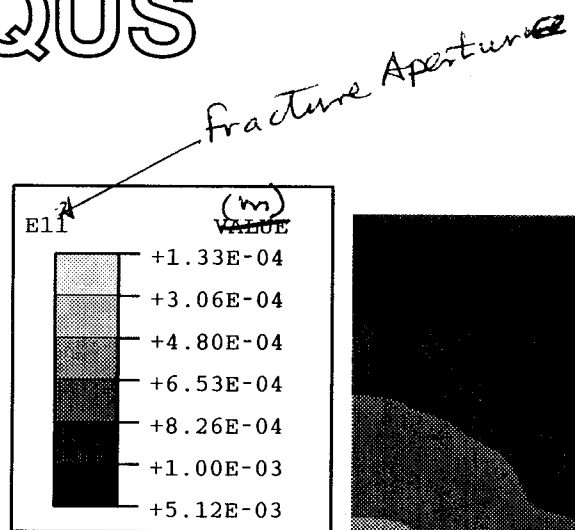
$x = 0$

ABAQUS



section as on
Same. ~~A~~ previous
Page

ABAQUS



$Z=50, y=25$

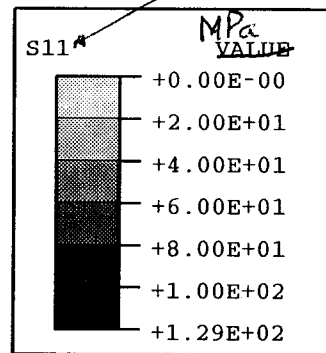
2
1 3

$Z=0, y=-25$

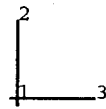
$X=0$

ABAQUS

fracture normal stress



$Z = 50, \gamma = 25^\circ$



$Z = 0, \gamma = -25^\circ$

$X = 0$

① Run job fspost.inp on g3mm.res to obtain printout of fracture aperture and normal stress for fracture elements above tunnel axis and closest to $z=0$.

② Split fspost.dat into 3 files ~~into~~ (described below) using vi editor.

gm3400Frac.dat ~~file~~ --- Step 1 results

gm3401Frac.dat ~~file~~ --- Step 2 results

gm3410Frac.dat ~~file~~ --- Step 3 results

③ Compile and run the C code FracStress.c and redirect its output to an external file (e.g. FracStress.dat)

~~This code~~

④ Do the same for the code FracAperture.c

⑤ The results, ^{tabulated} in the files obtained in steps 3 and 4 can be plotted using xplot, as follows:

~~XPLOT~~
GUD

XPLOT
Batch
File

Results plotted

FracAperture.xpb

Fracture aperture profiles

FracStress.xpb

Fracture normal-stress profiles

ApertureCompare.xpb

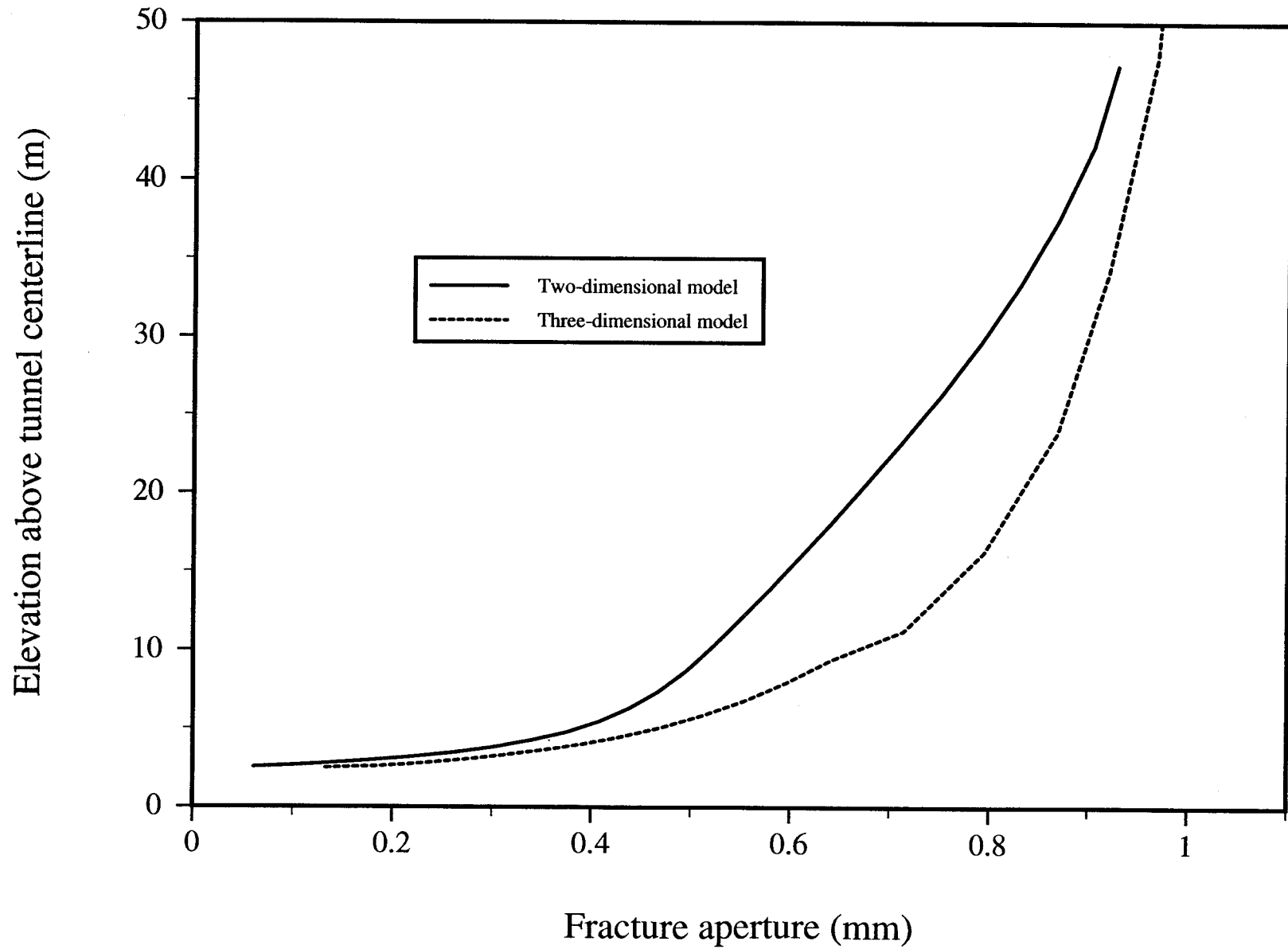
Comparison of aperture
profiles ~~from~~ ^{from} 2D and 3D
models. GUD

GUD
FStressCompare.xpb

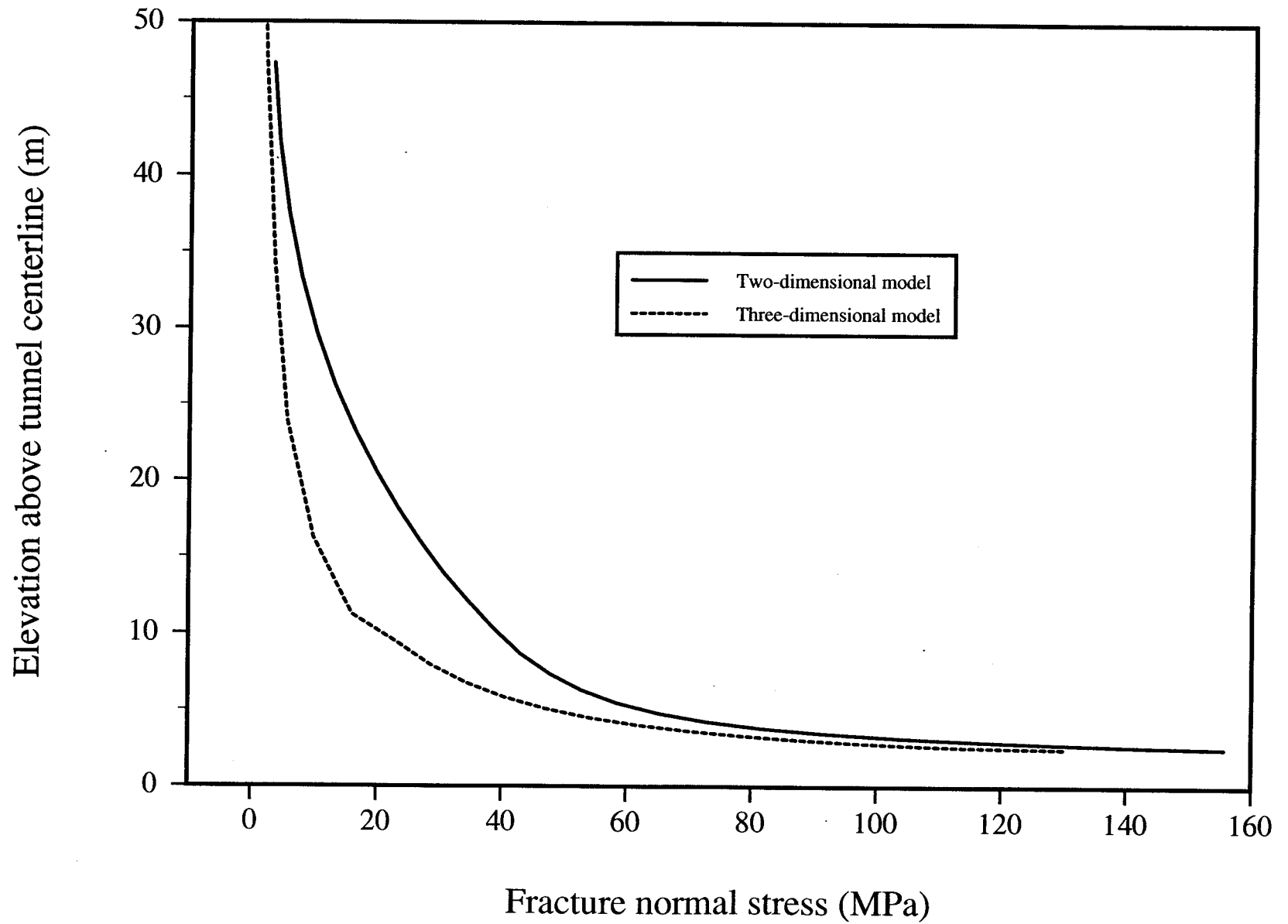
Comparison of stress profiles
from 2D and 3D models

Plots are shown in next 4 pages

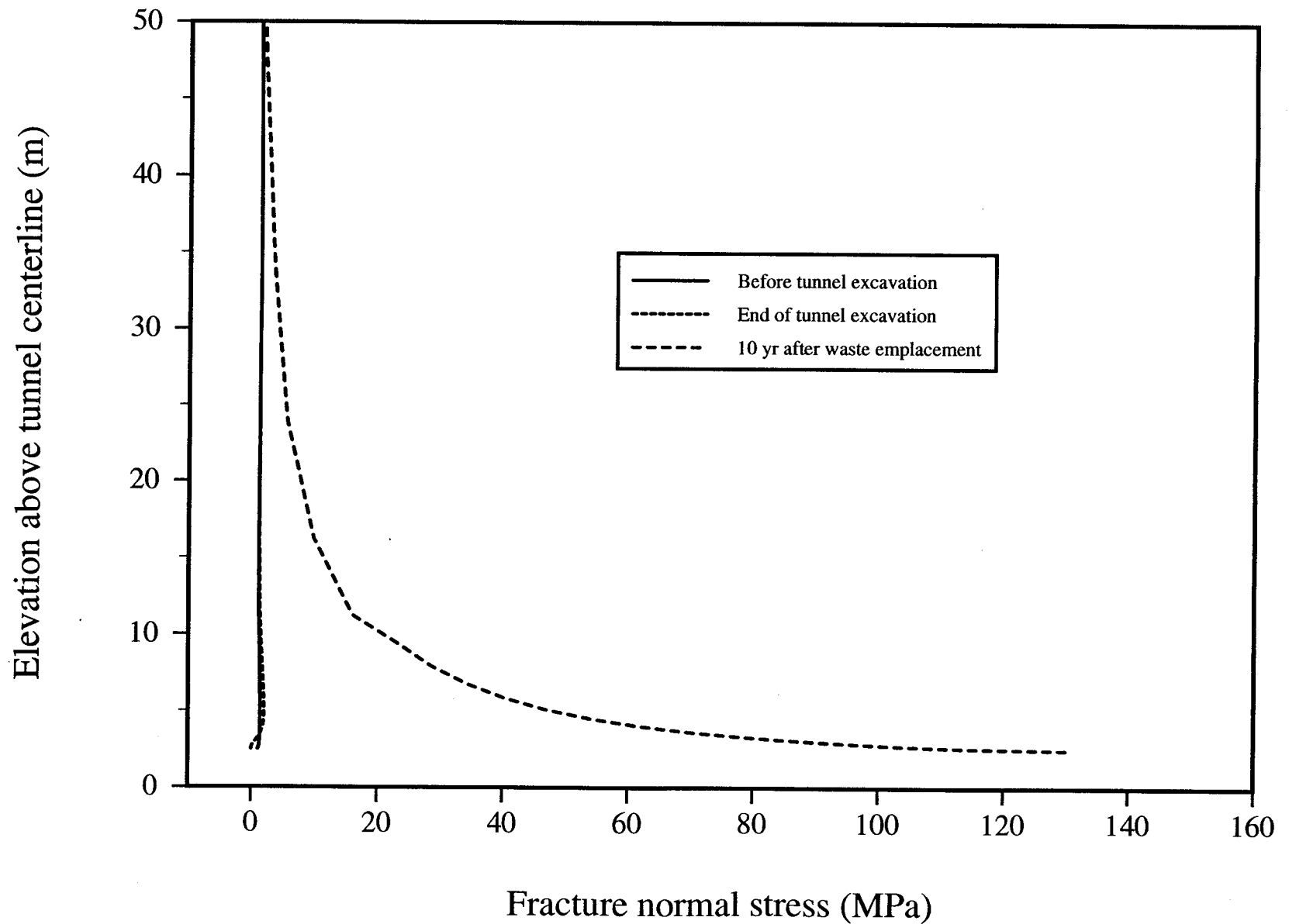
MidPlane Fracture Aperture Profiles



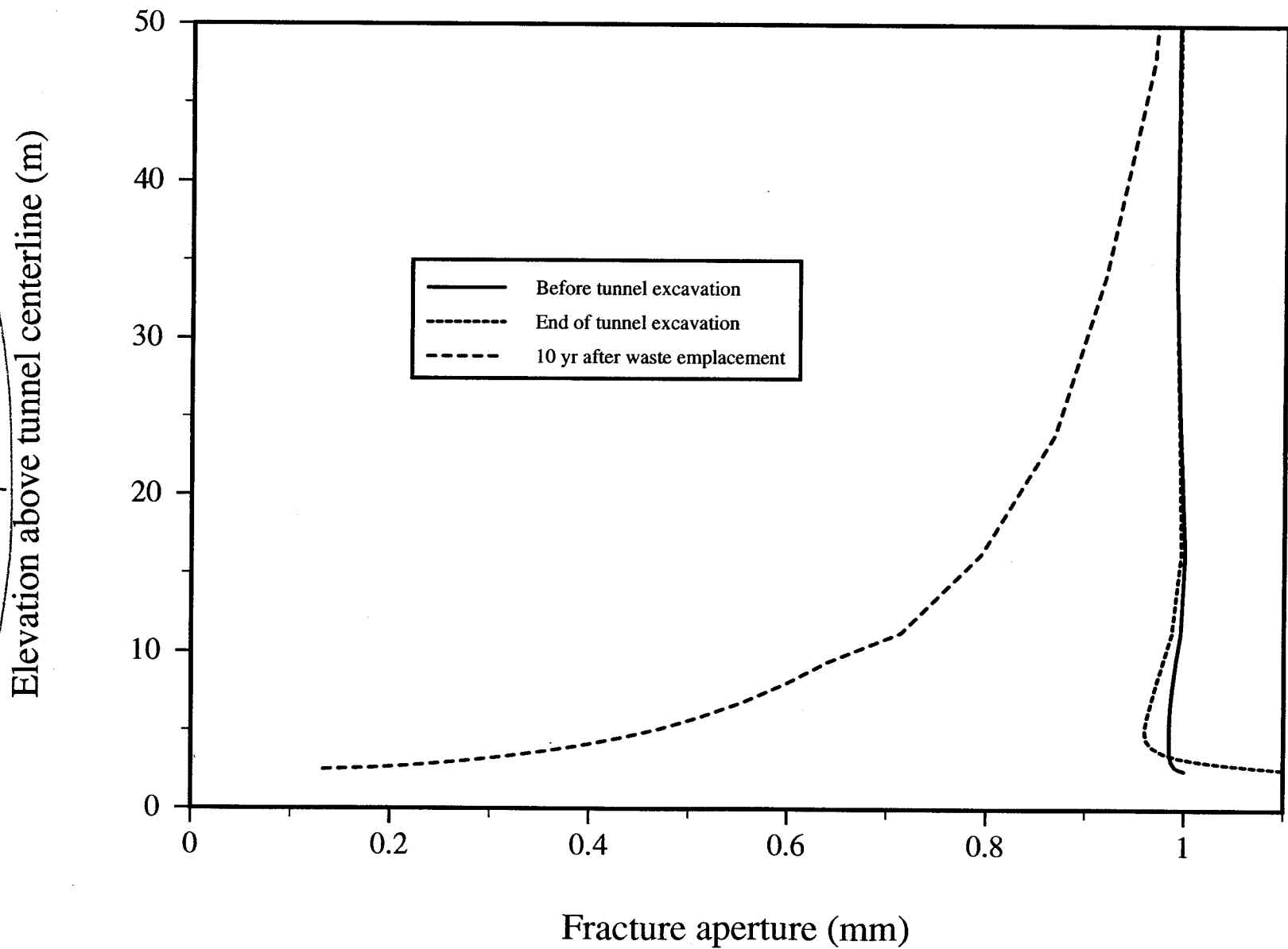
MidPlane Fracture Normal-Stress Profiles



MidPlane Fracture Normal-Stress Profiles (ABAQUS 3D)



MidPlane Fracture Aperture Profiles (ABAQUS 3D)



G10freed
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