

# **Requests for Additional Information - PANDA RAIs**

ESBWR NRC Meeting  
Closed Session  
June 25, 2003  
Rockville, Maryland

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# Topics to be Covered

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Brief Overview of Test Series

TRACG Model of PANDA

General TRACG Questions

Test Specific Questions

Questions on Summary/Conclusions

Summary

# PANDA Facility

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1:45 power/volume scaled ESBWR

Represented in facility:

Reactor Pressure Vessel (RPV) - single vessel

Gravity Driven Cooling System (GDCS) - single vessel

Wetwell (WW) - two vessels connected by single pipe

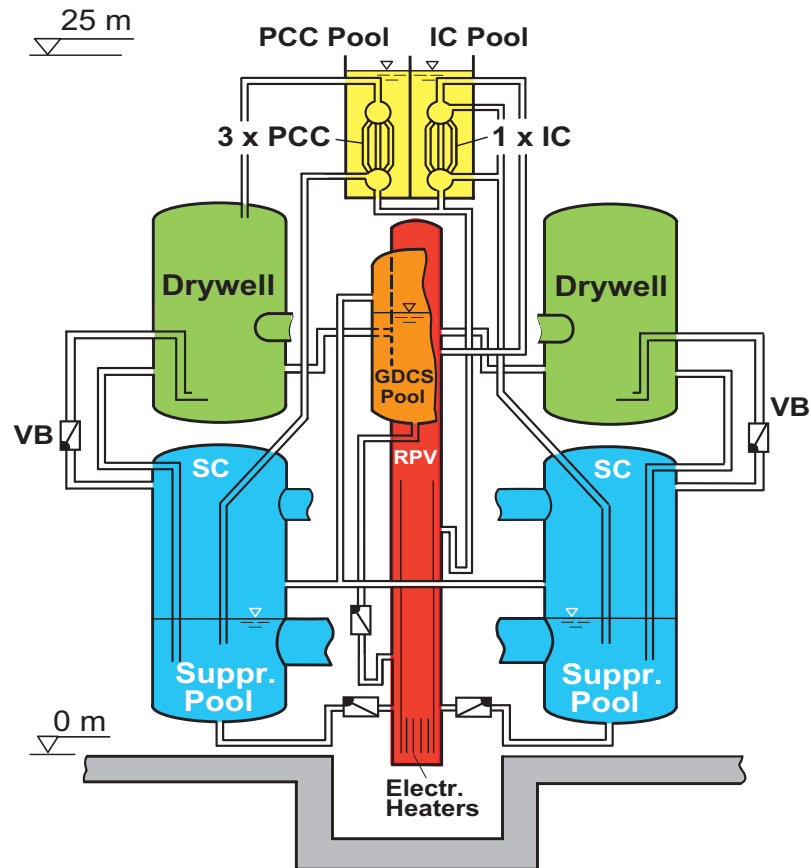
Drywell (DW) - two vessels connected by two pipes

Passive Cooling System Condensers (PCCS) - three condensers

Isolation Condenser (IC) - one condenser

Connecting Valves and Piping

# PANDA Schematic



**PANDA**

**Scaling:**

Height ~ 1 : 1

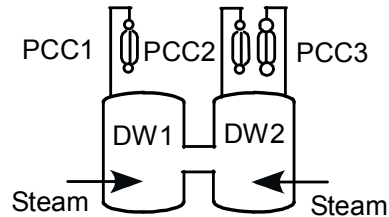
Volume ~ 1 : 40

Power ~ 1 : 40

# PANDA - P Series (TEPPS) Test Matrix

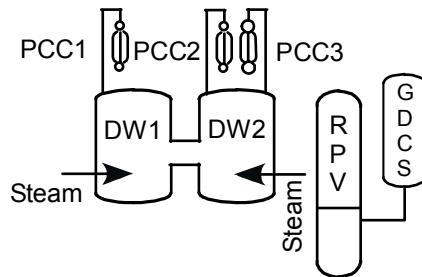
## P1: Base Case

MSL Break + 1 hr  
(long-term cooling phase)



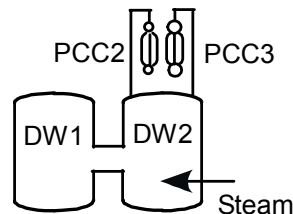
## P2: Early Start

MSL Break + 20 min  
(transition from GDCS injection to long-term PCCS cooling phase)



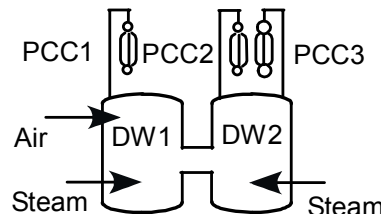
## P3: PCCS Start-up

DW initially filled with air  
(demonstrate PCCS start-up  
Under challenging conditions)  
RPV power constant.



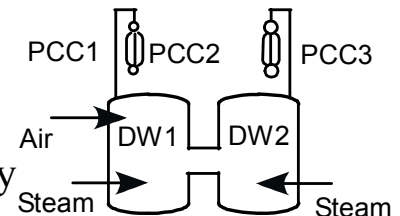
## P4: Trapped Air in DW

Air released during transient  
(investigation of how n/c gas  
Affects PCCS performance)



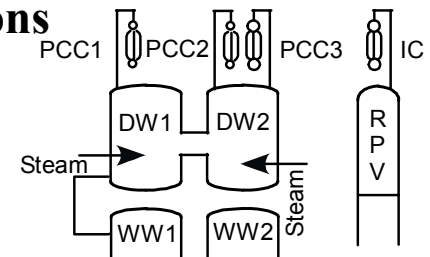
## P5: Symmetric Case

PCC2 Isolated, air supply to  
DW later in transient  
(MV clearing phase caused by  
Reduced PCC capacity)



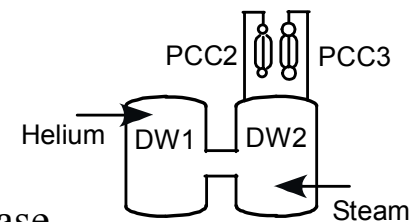
## P6: Systems Interactions

ICs and PCCs in parallel,  
DW1 to WW1 leakage  
(is PCC performance  
adversely affected?)



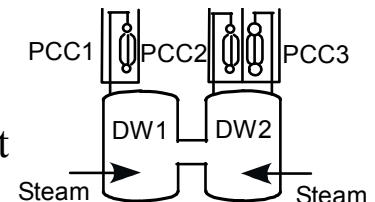
## P7: Severe Accident

All break flow to DW2,  
PCC1 isolated, He supply  
to DW later in transient  
(simulation of hydrogen release  
& reduced PCC capacity)



## P8: PCC Pool Boil Down

Extension of Base Case, P1  
(how do PCC pool levels affect  
containment performance)



# TRACG Model of PANDA

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- TRACG VSSL Component used to model vessels in facility w/PIPE & VLVE connections (20 levels, 2 rings, 4 sectors)
- Similar to the ESBWR model, but represents specific geometric features of PANDA
- Line losses and system heat losses based on facility characterization tests
- Some changes from model used for M-Series
  - » PCC/IC pools and RPV included in VSSL component
  - » DW connected by two pipes
  - » One less level in WW, DW and GDCS vessels
- PCC heat transfer uses special correlation from component tests

# General TRACG Questions

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- PANDA/ESBWR Nodalization differences
- Pre-test calculations
- Time step selection
- System pressure response at start of test and PCCS operation
- DW-WW pressure difference predictions
- Editorial – variable definitions and problem with MTG.D1.2 in Table 2

# TRACG Nodalization of PANDA

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# TRACG Nodalization of the ESBWR

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# Test P4 DW/WW Pressures

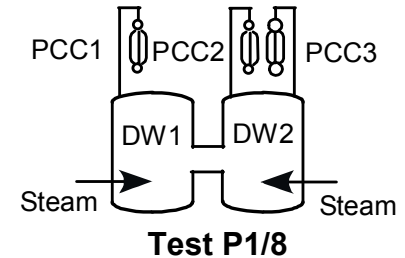
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# Test P4 TRACG DW/WW Pressures

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# Test Specific Questions

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## Test P1/8

System Response to VB openings and PCCS operation

System energy balance

PCCS operation at zero WW-DW pressure difference

WW-to DW pressure difference predictions

PCC pool level

Problems with WW gas and liquid temperature predictions

# Test P1/8 DW/WW Pressures

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# Test P1/8 DW/WW Pressure Difference

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# Test P1/8 Heater Power & PCC Heat Removal

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# Test P1/8 PCC Pool Levels

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# Test P1/8 WW1 Gas Temperatures

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# Test P1/8 WW1 Pool Temperatures

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# Test Specific Questions (Cont.)

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## Test P2

Effect of Leaky Check Valve

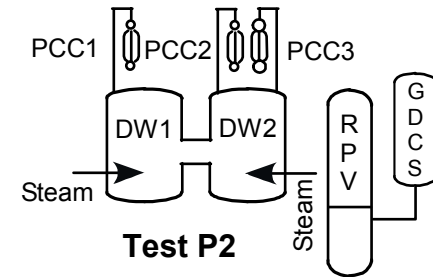
Initial system pressure response comparisons

Steady PCCS flow with declining DW-WW press difference

GDCS/RPV vessel level after 1200s

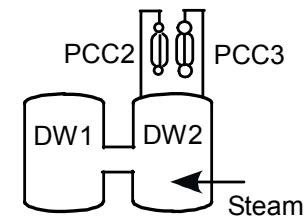
WW water temperature comparisons

WW air partial pressure comparisons



## Test P3

DW air purging



# Test P2 DW/WW Pressures

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# Test P2 DW/WW Pressure Difference

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# Test P2 PCC Flows

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# Test P2 RPV & GDSC Collapsed Levels

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# Test P2 WW1 Pool Temperatures

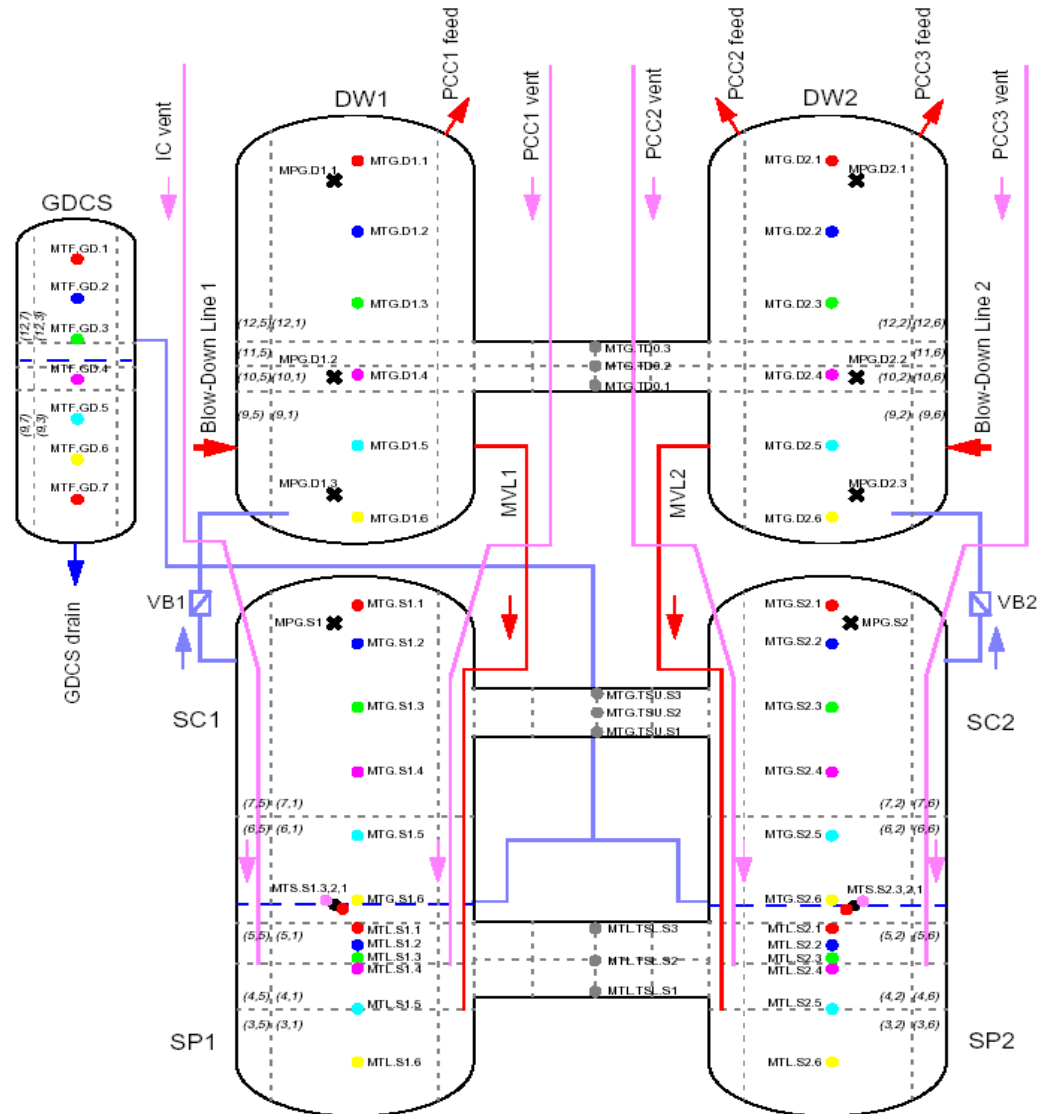
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# Test P2 DW1 Air Partial Pressure

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# PANDA Instrumentation



# Test P3 DW/WW Pressures

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# Test P3 DW1 Air Partial Pressure

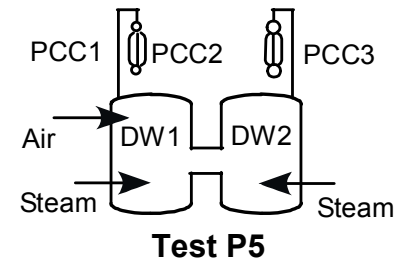
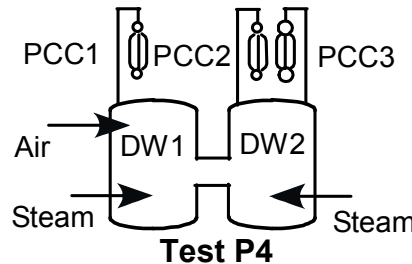
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# Test P3 DW2 Air Partial Pressure

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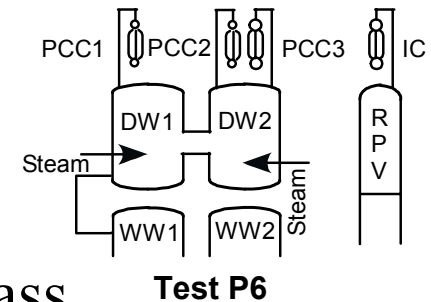
# Test Specific Questions (Cont.)

## Test P4&5



Would not a slow release (order of 1% or less) of noncondensibles be a better test of delayed release ?

## Test P6



Why combine IC operation and steam bypass

Why does WW-DW press diff decrease slower than in P1/8

Why do the PCCs still work when WW-DW  $\Delta p = 0$

Press diff blip at 42,000 s

Over-prediction of VB flow between 15,000-25,000s

# Test P4 DW/WW Pressures

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# Test P4 Heater Power & PCC Heat Removal

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# Test P6 DW/WW Pressures

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# Test P6 DW/WW Pressure Difference

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# Test P6 VB Leakage Flow

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# Summary/Conclusions Questions

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- PCC tube gas temperature comparisons
- Uncertainty in pool-side heat transfer
- WW gas temperature and effect of steam partial pressure on overall system pressure.

- Other

Are the 560 instruments in PANDAS sufficient to provide reliable (w/built-in redundancy and cross-checking) mass and energy balance ? (Q272)

Which PANDA tests have main vent openings ? (Q296)

In Test P6, why was IC valved out after 6 hours, why not one hour ? (Q297)

# Test P/8 Main Vent Line 1 Phase Indicator

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# PANDA Questions Summary

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- PANDA Tests have demonstrated the robustness of the passive heat removal system operation over a wide range of conditions.
- The TRACG predictions of PANDA capture the global system response and operation of the passive heat removal systems.
- TRACG is expected to successfully predict the passive system operation and the overall behavior of the ESBWR.