

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.3 ECCS-Shutdown

LCO 3.5.3 One ECCS train shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Required ECCS train inoperable.	A.1 Restore required ECCS train to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 5.	24 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.3.1 The following SRs are applicable for all equipment required to be OPERABLE: SR 3.5.2.1 SR 3.5.2.7 SR 3.5.2.3 SR 3.5.2.8 SR 3.5.2.4	In accordance with applicable SRs

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3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.4 Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST)

LCO 3.5.4 The RWST shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. RWST boron concentration not within limits. <u>OR</u> RWST borated water temperature not within limits.	A.1 Restore RWST to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
B. RWST inoperable for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1 Restore RWST to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> C.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.4.1	Verify RWST borated water temperature is $\geq 40^{\circ}\text{F}$ and $\leq 50^{\circ}\text{F}$.	24 hours
SR 3.5.4.2	Verify RWST borated water volume is $\geq 466,200$ gallons and $\leq 487,000$ gallons.	7 days
SR 3.5.4.3	<p>-----NOTE-----</p> <p>For Unit 2, until the first entry into MODE 4 following the Unit 2 Fall 2002 refueling outage, the RWST boron concentration acceptance criteria shall be ≥ 2300 ppm and ≤ 2400 ppm.</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Verify RWST boron concentration is ≥ 2600 ppm and ≤ 2800 ppm.</p>	7 days

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.5 Seal Injection Flow

LC0 3.5.5 Reactor coolant pump seal injection flow shall be ≤ 30 gpm with RCS pressure ≥ 2215 psig and ≤ 2255 psig and the seal injection hand control valve full open.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Seal injection flow not within limit.	A.1 Adjust manual seal injection throttle valves to give a flow within limit with RCS pressure ≥ 2215 psig and ≤ 2255 psig and the seal injection hand control valve full open.	4 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.5.5.1 -----NOTE----- Not required to be performed until 4 hours after the Reactor Coolant System pressure stabilizes at ≥ 2215 psig and ≤ 2255 psig. -----</p> <p>Verify manual seal injection throttle valves are adjusted to give a flow within limit with RCS pressure ≥ 2215 psig and ≤ 2255 psig and the seal injection hand control valve full open.</p>	<p>31 days</p>

3.5 EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEMS (ECCS)

3.5.6 Boron Injection Tank (BIT)

LC0 3.5.6 The BIT shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. BIT inoperable.	A.1 Restore BIT to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.2 Borate to an SDM within the limit provided in the COLR.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.3 Restore BIT to OPERABLE status.	7 days
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.6.1	Verify BIT borated water temperature is $\geq 115^{\circ}\text{F}$.	24 hours
SR 3.5.6.2	Verify BIT borated water volume is ≥ 900 gallons.	7 days
SR 3.5.6.3	Verify BIT boron concentration is $\geq 12,950$ ppm and $\leq 15,750$ ppm.	7 days

3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.1 Containment

LCO 3.6.1 Containment shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Containment inoperable.	A.1 Restore containment to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.1.1 Perform required visual examinations and leakage rate testing except for containment air lock testing, in accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.	In accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

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3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.2 Containment Air Locks

LCO 3.6.2 Two containment air locks shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTES -----
1. Entry and exit is permissible to perform repairs on the affected air lock components.
 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each air lock.
 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1, "Containment," when air lock leakage results in exceeding the overall containment leakage rate.
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CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more containment air locks with one containment air lock door inoperable.	<p>-----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Required Actions A.1, A.2, and A.3 are not applicable if both doors in the same air lock are inoperable and Condition C is entered. 2. Entry and exit is permissible for 7 days under administrative controls. <p>-----</p>	(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.1 Verify the OPERABLE door is closed in the affected air lock.	1 hour
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Lock the OPERABLE door closed in the affected air lock.	24 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.3 -----NOTE----- Air lock doors in high radiation areas may be verified locked closed by administrative means. ----- Verify the OPERABLE door is locked closed in the affected air lock.	Once per 31 days

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. One or more containment air locks with containment air lock interlock mechanism inoperable.	<p>-----NOTES-----</p> <p>1. Required Actions B.1, B.2, and B.3 are not applicable if both doors in the same air lock are inoperable and Condition C is entered.</p> <p>2. Entry and exit of containment is permissible under the control of a dedicated individual.</p> <p>-----</p>	
	<p>B.1 Verify an OPERABLE door is closed in the affected air lock.</p>	1 hour
	<p><u>AND</u></p>	
	<p>B.2 Lock an OPERABLE door closed in the affected air lock.</p>	24 hours
	<p><u>AND</u></p> <p>B.3 -----NOTE----- Air lock doors in high radiation areas may be verified locked closed by administrative means. -----</p> <p>Verify an OPERABLE door is locked closed in the affected air lock.</p>	Once per 31 days

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. One or more containment air locks inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1 Initiate action to evaluate overall containment leakage rate per LCO 3.6.1.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	C.2 Verify a door is closed in the affected air lock.	1 hour
	<u>AND</u>	
	C.3 Restore air lock to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	D.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.6.2.1 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An inoperable air lock door does not invalidate the previous successful performance of the overall air lock leakage test. 2. Results shall be evaluated against acceptance criteria applicable to SR 3.6.1.1. <p>-----</p> <p>Perform required air lock leakage rate testing in accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.</p>	<p>In accordance with the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program</p>
<p>SR 3.6.2.2 Verify only one door in the air lock can be opened at a time.</p>	<p>24 months</p>

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3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.3 Containment Isolation Valves

LC0 3.6.3 Each containment isolation valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

NOTES

1. Penetration flow path(s) except for 36 inch purge and exhaust valves, 18 inch containment vacuum breaking valve, 8 inch purge bypass valve, and steam jet air ejector suction flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each penetration flow path.
3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by containment isolation valves.
4. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LC0 3.6.1, "Containment," when leakage for a penetration flow path results in exceeding the overall containment leakage rate acceptance criteria.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>A. -----NOTE----- Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two or more containment isolation valves. -----</p> <p>One or more penetration flow paths with one containment isolation valve inoperable for reasons other than Condition D.</p>	<p>A.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.</p> <p><u>AND</u></p>	<p>4 hours</p> <p>(continued)</p>

Containment Isolation Valves
3.6.3

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	<p>A.2 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. 2. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by use of administrative means. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.</p>	<p>Once per 31 days for isolation devices outside containment</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days for isolation devices inside containment</p>

ACTIONS		
CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>B. -----NOTE----- Only applicable to penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves. -----</p> <p>One or more penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves inoperable for reasons other than Condition D.</p>	<p>B.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.</p>	1 hour
<p>C. -----NOTE----- Only applicable to penetration flow paths with only one containment isolation valve and a closed system. -----</p> <p>One or more penetration flow paths with one containment isolation valve inoperable.</p>	<p>C.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.</p> <p><u>AND</u></p>	<p>72 hours</p> <p>(continued)</p>

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. (continued)	<p>C.2 -----NOTES-----</p> <p>1. Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means.</p> <p>2. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by use of administrative means.</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.</p>	Once per 31 days
D. Purge valve penetration leakage not within limit.	D.1 Restore leakage within limit.	24 hours
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	<p>E.1 Be in MODE 3.</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>E.2 Be in MODE 5.</p>	<p>6 hours</p> <p>36 hours</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.6.3.1 -----NOTE----- Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative controls. -----</p> <p>Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located outside containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls.</p>	<p>31 days</p>
<p>SR 3.6.3.2 -----NOTE----- Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. -----</p> <p>Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located inside containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls.</p>	<p>Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days</p>
<p>SR 3.6.3.3 Verify the isolation time of each automatic power operated containment isolation valve is within limits.</p>	<p>In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program</p>
<p>SR 3.6.3.4 Perform leakage rate testing for containment purge valves with resilient seals.</p>	<p>Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 after containment vacuum has been broken</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.3.5	Verify each automatic containment isolation valve that is not locked, sealed or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.6.3.6	Cycle each weight or spring loaded check valve not testable during operation through one complete cycle of full travel, and verify each check valve remains closed when the differential pressure in the direction of flow is < 1.2 psid and opens when the differential pressure in the direction of flow is ≥ 1.2 psid and < 5.0 psid.	18 months

3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.4 Containment Pressure

LC0 3.6.4 Containment air partial pressure shall be ≥ 9.0 psia and within the acceptable operation range shown on Figure 3.6.4-1.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Containment air partial pressure not within limits.	A.1 Restore containment air partial pressure to within limits.	1 hour
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.4.1 Verify containment air partial pressure is within limits.	12 hours

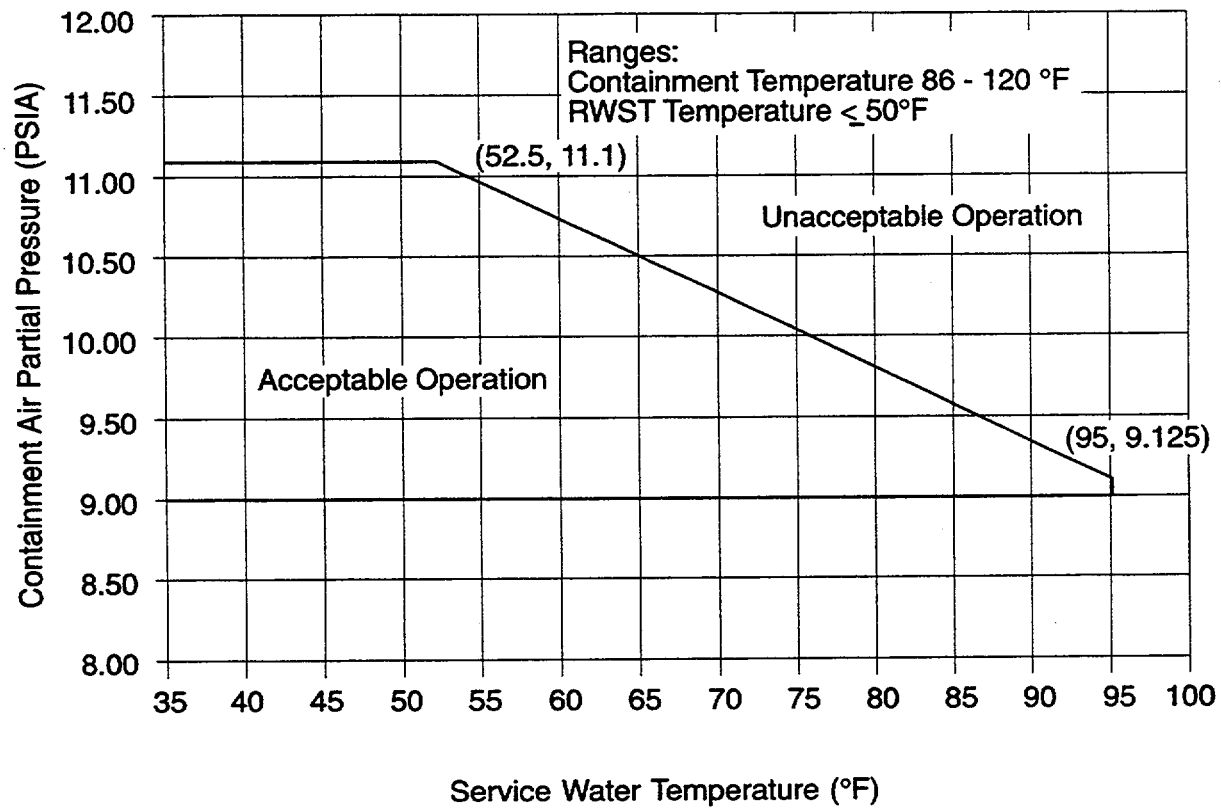


Figure 3.6.4-1 (page 1 of 1)
Containment Air Partial Pressure Versus
Service Water Temperature

3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.5 Containment Air Temperature

LC0 3.6.5 Containment average air temperature shall be $\geq 86^{\circ}\text{F}$ and $\leq 120^{\circ}\text{F}$.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Containment average air temperature not within limits.	A.1 Restore containment average air temperature to within limits.	8 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.5.1 Verify containment average air temperature is within limits.	24 hours

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3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.6 Quench Spray (QS) System

LCO 3.6.6 Two QS trains shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One QS train inoperable.	A.1 Restore QS train to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.6.1	Verify each QS manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.6.6.2	Verify each QS pump's developed head at the flow test point is greater than or equal to the required developed head.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.6.3	Verify each QS automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.6.6.4	Verify each QS pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.6.6.5	Verify each spray nozzle is unobstructed.	10 years

3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.7 Recirculation Spray (RS) System

LC0 3.6.7 Four RS subsystems and a casing cooling tank shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One RS subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore RS subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two RS subsystems inoperable in one train.	B.1 Restore one RS subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C. Two inside RS subsystems inoperable.	C.1 Restore one RS subsystem to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
D. Casing cooling tank inoperable.	D.1 Restore casing cooling tank to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	E.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> E.2 Be in MODE 5.	84 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>F. One outside RS subsystem and one inside RS subsystem inoperable and not in the same train.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>Three or more RS subsystems inoperable.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>Two outside RS subsystems inoperable.</p>	F.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.7.1 Verify casing cooling tank temperature is $\geq 35^{\circ}\text{F}$ and $\leq 50^{\circ}\text{F}$.	24 hours
SR 3.6.7.2 Verify casing cooling tank contained borated water volume is $\geq 116,500$ gal.	7 days
<p>SR 3.6.7.3 -----NOTE----- For Unit 2, until the first entry into MODE 4 following the Unit 2 Fall 2002 refueling outage, the casing cooling tank boron concentration acceptance criteria shall be ≥ 2300 ppm and ≤ 2400 ppm. -----</p> <p>Verify casing cooling tank boron concentration is ≥ 2600 ppm and ≤ 2800 ppm.</p>	7 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.7.4 Verify each RS and casing cooling manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.6.7.5 Verify each RS and casing cooling pump's developed head at the flow test point is greater than or equal to the required developed head.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.7.6 Verify on an actual or simulated actuation signal(s): a. Each RS automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position; b. Each RS pump starts automatically; and c. Each casing cooling pump starts automatically.	18 months
SR 3.6.7.7 Verify each spray nozzle is unobstructed.	10 years

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3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.8 Chemical Addition System

LCO 3.6.8 The Chemical Addition System shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Chemical Addition System inoperable.	A.1 Restore Chemical Addition System to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u>	6 hours
	B.2 Be in MODE 5.	84 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.8.1	Verify each Chemical Addition System manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.6.8.2	Verify chemical addition tank solution volume is ≥ 4800 gal and ≤ 5500 gal.	184 days
SR 3.6.8.3	Verify chemical addition tank NaOH solution concentration is $\geq 12\%$ and $\leq 13\%$ by weight.	184 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.8.4	Verify each Chemical Addition System automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.6.8.5	Verify Chemical Addition System flow from each solution's flow path.	5 years

3.6 CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

3.6.9 Hydrogen Recombiners

LCO 3.6.9 Two hydrogen recombiners shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One hydrogen recombinder inoperable.	A.1 Restore hydrogen recombinder to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B. Two hydrogen recombiners inoperable.	B.1 Verify by administrative means that the hydrogen control function is maintained.	1 hour <u>AND</u> Once per 12 hours thereafter
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Restore one hydrogen recombinder to OPERABLE status.	7 days
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.9.1 Perform a system functional test for each hydrogen recombinder.	18 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.9.2	Visually examine each hydrogen recombiner enclosure and verify there is no evidence of abnormal conditions.	18 months
SR 3.6.9.3	Perform a resistance to ground test for each heater phase.	18 months

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	<p>B.2 -----NOTE----- Only required in MODE 1. -----</p> <p>Reduce the Power Range Neutron Flux-High reactor trip setpoint to less than or equal to the Maximum Allowable % RTP specified in Table 3.7.1-1 for the number of OPERABLE MSSVs.</p>	36 hours
<p>C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>One or more steam generators with greater than or equal to 4 MSSVs inoperable.</p>	<p>C.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u></p> <p>C.2 Be in MODE 4.</p>	<p>6 hours</p> <p>12 hours</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.7.1.1 -----NOTE----- Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. -----</p> <p>Verify each required MSSV lift setpoint per Table 3.7.1-2 in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program. Following testing, lift setting shall be within $\pm 1\%$.</p>	<p>In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program</p>

Table 3.7.1-1 (page 1 of 1)
OPERABLE Main Steam Safety Valves versus
Maximum Allowable Power

NUMBER OF OPERABLE MSSVs PER STEAM GENERATOR	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE POWER % RTP
4	52
3	37
2	21

Table 3.7.1-2 (page 1 of 1)
Main Steam Safety Valve Lift Settings

<u>STEAM GENERATOR</u>			LIFT SETTING (psig ± 3%)
#1	#2	#3	
Unit 1 VALVE NUMBER			
MS-SV-101A	MS-SV-101B	MS-SV-101C	1085
MS-SV-102A	MS-SV-102B	MS-SV-102C	1095
MS-SV-103A	MS-SV-103B	MS-SV-103C	1110
MS-SV-104A	MS-SV-104B	MS-SV-104C	1120
MS-SV-105A	MS-SV-105B	MS-SV-105C	1135
Unit 2 VALVE NUMBER			
MS-SV-201A	MS-SV-201B	MS-SV-201C	1085
MS-SV-202A	MS-SV-202B	MS-SV-202C	1095
MS-SV-203A	MS-SV-203B	MS-SV-203C	1110
MS-SV-204A	MS-SV-204B	MS-SV-204C	1120
MS-SV-205A	MS-SV-205B	MS-SV-205C	1135

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.2 Main Steam Trip Valves (MSTVs)

LC0 3.7.2 Three MSTVs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1,
MODES 2 and 3 except when all MSTVs are closed and
de-activated.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One MSTV inoperable in MODE 1.	A.1 Restore MSTV to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 2.	6 hours
C. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each MSTV. ----- One or more MSTVs inoperable in MODE 2 or 3.	C.1 Close MSTV. <u>AND</u> C.2 Verify MSTV is closed.	8 hours Once per 7 days
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u> D.2 Be in MODE 4.	6 hours 12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.7.2.1 -----NOTE----- Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. -----</p> <p>Verify isolation time of each MSTV is ≤ 5 seconds.</p>	<p>In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program</p>
<p>SR 3.7.2.2 -----NOTE----- Only required to be performed in MODES 1 and 2. -----</p> <p>Verify each MSTV actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.</p>	<p>18 months</p>

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.3 Main Feedwater Isolation Valves (MFIVs), Main Feedwater Pump Discharge Valves (MFPDVs), Main Feedwater Regulating Valves (MFRVs), and Main Feedwater Regulating Bypass Valves (MFRBVs)

LCO 3.7.3 Three MFIVs, three MFPDVs, three MFRVs, and three MFRBVs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3 except when MFIV, MFPDV, MFRV, or MFRBV is closed and de-activated or isolated by a closed manual valve.

ACTIONS

----- NOTE -----
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each valve.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more MFIVs inoperable.	A.1 Close or isolate MFIV.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u> A.2 Verify MFIV is closed or isolated.	Once per 7 days
B. One or more MFRVs inoperable.	B.1 Close or isolate MFRV.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Verify MFRV is closed or isolated.	Once per 7 days
C. One or more MFRBVs inoperable.	C.1 Close or isolate MFRBV.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u> C.2 Verify MFRBV is closed or isolated.	Once per 7 days

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. One or more MFPDV inoperable.	D.1 Close or isolate MFPDV.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u> D.2 Verify MFPDV is closed or isolated.	Once per 7 days
E. Two valves in the same flow path inoperable.	E.1 Isolate affected flow path.	8 hours
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	F.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> F.2 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.3.1 Verify the isolation time of each MFIV, MFRV, and MFRBV is ≤ 6.98 seconds and the isolation time of each MFPDV is ≤ 60 seconds.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.3.2 Verify each MFIV, MFPDV, MFRV, and MFRBV actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.4 Steam Generator Power Operated Relief Valves (SG PORVs)

LC0 3.7.4 Three SG PORV lines shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,
MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required SG PORV line inoperable.	A.1 Restore required SG PORV line to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two or more required SG PORV lines inoperable.	B.1 Restore all but one SG PORV line to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u>	6 hours
	C.2 Be in MODE 4 without reliance upon steam generator for heat removal.	24 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.4.1 Verify one complete cycle of each SG PORV.	18 months
SR 3.7.4.2 Verify one complete cycle of each SG PORV manual isolation valve.	18 months

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.5 Auxiliary Feedwater (AFW) System

LCO 3.7.5 Three AFW trains shall be OPERABLE.

----- NOTE -----
Only one AFW train, which includes a motor driven pump, is required to be OPERABLE in MODE 4.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,
MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>A. One steam supply to turbine driven AFW pump inoperable.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>-----NOTE----- Only applicable if MODE 2 has not been entered following refueling. -----</p> <p>One turbine driven AFW pump inoperable in MODE 3 following refueling.</p>	<p>A.1 Restore affected equipment to OPERABLE status.</p>	<p>7 days</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO</p>
<p>B. One AFW train inoperable in MODE 1, 2 or 3 for reasons other than Condition A.</p>	<p>B.1 Restore AFW train to OPERABLE status.</p>	<p>72 hours</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>10 days from discovery of failure to meet the LCO</p>

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A or B not met. <u>OR</u> Two AFW trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> C.2 Be in MODE 4.	18 hours
D. Three AFW trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, or 3.	D.1 -----NOTE----- LCO 3.0.3 and all other LCO Required Actions requiring MODE changes are suspended until one AFW train is restored to OPERABLE status. ----- Initiate action to restore one AFW train to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
E. Required AFW train inoperable in MODE 4.	E.1 Initiate action to restore AFW train to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.5.1 Verify each AFW manual, power operated, and automatic valve in each water flow path, and in both steam supply flow paths to the steam turbine driven pump, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.7.5.2 -----NOTE----- Not required to be performed for the turbine driven AFW pump until 24 hours after ≥ 1005 psig in the steam generator. -----</p> <p>Verify the developed head of each AFW pump at the flow test point is greater than or equal to the required developed head.</p>	<p>In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program</p>
<p>SR 3.7.5.3 -----NOTE----- Not applicable in MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal. -----</p> <p>Verify each AFW automatic valve that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.</p>	<p>18 months</p>
<p>SR 3.7.5.4 -----NOTES----- 1. Not required to be performed for the turbine driven AFW pump until 24 hours after ≥ 1005 psig in the steam generator. 2. Not applicable in MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal. -----</p> <p>Verify each AFW pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal.</p>	<p>18 months</p>
<p>SR 3.7.5.5 Verify proper alignment of the required AFW flow paths by verifying flow from the emergency condensate storage tank to each steam generator.</p>	<p>Prior to entering MODE 3, whenever unit has been in MODE 5, 6, or defueled for a cumulative period > 30 days</p>

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.6 Emergency Condensate Storage Tank (ECST)

LCO 3.7.6 The ECST shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,
MODE 4 when steam generator is relied upon for heat removal.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. ECST inoperable.	A.1 Verify by administrative means OPERABILITY of Condensate Storage Tank.	4 hours <u>AND</u> Once per 12 hours thereafter
	<u>AND</u> A.2 Restore ECST to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 4, without reliance on steam generator for heat removal.	24 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.6.1 Verify the ECST contains $\geq 110,000$ gal.	12 hours

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.7 Secondary Specific Activity

LC0 3.7.7 The specific activity of the secondary coolant shall be $\leq 0.10 \mu\text{Ci/gm}$ DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Specific activity not within limit.	A.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.7.1 Verify the specific activity of the secondary coolant is $\leq 0.10 \mu\text{Ci/gm}$ DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.	31 days

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.8 Service Water (SW) System

LCO 3.7.8 Two SW System loops shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One SW pump inoperable.	A.1 Throttle SW System flow to Component Cooling (CC) heat exchangers.	72 hours
B. Two SW pumps inoperable.	B.1 Throttle SW System flow to CC heat exchangers.	1 hour
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Restore one SW pump to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C. One SW System loop inoperable for reasons other than Condition A.	C.1 Restore SW System loop to OPERABLE status.	<p>-----NOTE----- 72 hour Completion Time only required if criteria allowing 7 day Completion Time are not met. -----</p> <p>72 hours</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>-----NOTE----- Only applicable if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. SW loop inoperability is part of SW System upgrades, and 2. Three SW pumps are OPERABLE from initial Condition entry (one SW pump allowed to not have automatic start capability), and 3. Two auxiliary SW pumps are OPERABLE from initial Condition entry. <p>-----</p> <p>7 days</p>

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Actions and associated Completion Times of Conditions A, B or C not met.	D.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> D.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
E. Two SW System loops inoperable for reasons other than only two SW pumps being OPERABLE.	E.1 Be in MODE 4.	12 hours
	<u>AND</u> E.2 Initiate actions to be in MODE 5.	13 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.8.1 -----NOTE----- Isolation of SW flow to individual components does not render the SW System inoperable. ----- Verify each SW System manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path servicing safety related equipment, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days
SR 3.7.8.2 Verify each SW System automatic valve in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.7.8.3 Verify each SW pump starts automatically on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.9 Ultimate Heat Sink (UHS)

LC0 3.7.9 The UHS shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. UHS inoperable.	A.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> A.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.9.1	Verify water level of the Service Water Reservoir is \geq 313 ft mean sea level.	24 hours
SR 3.7.9.2	Verify average water temperature of the Service Water Reservoir is \leq 95°F.	24 hours

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.10 Main Control Room/Emergency Switchgear Room (MCR/ESGR) Emergency Ventilation System (EVS)—MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4

LCO 3.7.10 The following MCR/ESGR EVS trains shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Two MCR/ESGR Emergency Ventilation System (EVS) trains;
and
- b. One MCR/ESGR EVS train on the other unit.

----- NOTE -----
The MCR/ESGR boundary may be opened intermittently under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required LCO 3.7.10.a or LCO 3.7.10.b MCR/ESGR EVS train inoperable.	A.1 Restore MCR/ESGR EVS train to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two or more required LCO 3.7.10.a or LCO 3.7.10.b MCR/ESGR EVS trains inoperable due to inoperable MCR/ESGR boundary.	B.1 Restore MCR/ESGR boundary to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> C.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Two or more required LCO 3.7.10.a or LCO 3.7.10.b MCR/ESGR EVS trains inoperable for reasons other than Condition B.	D.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.10.1 Operate each required MCR/ESGR EVS train for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating.	31 days
SR 3.7.10.2 Perform required MCR/ESGR EVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with VFTP
SR 3.7.10.3 Verify each LCO 3.7.10.a MCR/ESGR EVS train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.7.10.4 Verify each required MCR/ESGR EVS train can maintain a positive pressure of ≥ 0.04 inches water gauge, relative to the adjacent areas, during the pressurization mode of operation at a makeup flow rate of ≥ 900 cfm and ≤ 1100 cfm.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.11 Main Control Room/Emergency Switchgear Room (MCR/ESGR) Air Conditioning System (ACS)

LC0 3.7.11 Two MCR/ESGR ACS subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required MCR/ESGR ACS subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore MCR/ESGR ACS subsystem to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u>	6 hours
	B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	C.1 Place OPERABLE MCR/ESGR ACS subsystem in operation. <u>OR</u>	Immediately
	C.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
D. Less than 100% of the MCR/ESGR ACS cooling equivalent to a single OPERABLE MCR/ESGR ACS subsystem available during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	D.1 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. Less than 100% of the MCR/ESGR ACS cooling equivalent to a single OPERABLE MCR/ESGR ACS subsystem available in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	E.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.11.1 Verify each required MCR/ESGR ACS chiller has the capability to remove the assumed heat load.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.12 Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) Pump Room Exhaust Air Cleanup System (PREACS)

LCO 3.7.12 Two ECCS PREACS trains shall be OPERABLE.

----- NOTE -----
The ECCS pump room boundary openings not open by design may be opened intermittently under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One ECCS PREACS train inoperable.	A.1 Restore ECCS PREACS train to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two ECCS PREACS trains inoperable due to inoperable ECCS pump room boundary.	B.1 Restore ECCS pump room boundary to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
C. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> C.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.12.1 Operate each ECCS PREACS train for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating.	31 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.12.2 Actuate each ECCS PREACS train by aligning Safeguards Area exhaust flow and Auxiliary Building Central exhaust flow through the Auxiliary Building HEPA filter and charcoal adsorber assembly.	31 days
SR 3.7.12.3 Perform required ECCS PREACS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with the VFTP
SR 3.7.12.4 Verify Safeguards Area exhaust flow is diverted and each Auxiliary Building filter bank is actuated on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.7.12.5 Verify one ECCS PREACS train can maintain a negative pressure relative to adjacent areas during post accident mode of operation.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.13 Main Control Room/Emergency Switchgear Room (MCR/ESGR) Bottled Air System

LCO 3.7.13 Three MCR/ESGR bottled air system trains shall be OPERABLE.

----- NOTE -----
The MCR/ESGR boundary may be opened intermittently under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required MCR/ESGR bottled air system train inoperable.	A.1 Restore MCR/ESGR bottled air system train to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Two or more required MCR/ESGR bottled air system trains inoperable due to inoperable MCR/ESGR boundary in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	B.1 Restore MCR/ESGR boundary to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
C. Two or more required MCR/ESGR bottled air system trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 for reasons other than Condition B.	C.1 Restore at least two MCR/ESGR bottled air system train to OPERABLE status.	24 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B or C not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	D.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> D.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
E. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies. <u>OR</u> Two or more required MCR/ESGR bottled air system trains inoperable during movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	E.1 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.13.1 Verify each required MCR/ESGR bottled air bank is pressurized to ≥ 2300 psig.	31 days
SR 3.7.13.2 Verify each required MCR/ESGR bottled air bank manual valve not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and required to be open during accident conditions is open.	31 days
SR 3.7.13.3 Verify each required MCR/ESGR bottled air system train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.13.4	Verify two required MCR/ESGR bottled air system trains can maintain a positive pressure of ≥ 0.05 inches water gauge, relative to the adjacent areas at a makeup flow rate of ≥ 340 cfm for at least 60 minutes.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.14 Main Control Room/Emergency Switchgear Room (MCR/ESGR) Emergency Ventilation System (EVS)—During Movement of Recently Irradiated Fuel Assemblies

LCO 3.7.14 Two MCR/ESGR EVS trains shall be OPERABLE.

----- NOTE -----
The MCR/ESGR boundary may be opened intermittently under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required MCR/ESGR EVS train inoperable.	A.1 Restore train to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. <u>OR</u> Two required MCR/ESGR EVS trains inoperable.	B.1 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.14.1 Operate each required MCR/ESGR EVS train for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating.	31 days

MCR/ESGR EVS—During Movement of Recently Irradiated Fuel Assemblies
3.7.14

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.14.2	Perform required MCR/ESGR EVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with VFTP
SR 3.7.14.3	Verify each required MCR/ESGR EVS train can maintain a positive pressure of ≥ 0.04 inches water gauge, relative to the adjacent areas, during the pressurization mode of operation at a makeup flow rate of ≥ 900 cfm and ≤ 1100 cfm.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.15 Fuel Building Ventilation System (FBVS)

LCO 3.7.15 The FBVS shall be OPERABLE and in operation.

----- NOTE -----
The fuel building boundary may be opened intermittently
under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the
fuel building.

ACTIONS

----- NOTE -----
LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. FBVS inoperable. <u>OR</u> FBVS not in operation.	A.1 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.15.1 Verify the FBVS can maintain a pressure ≤ -0.125 inches water gauge with respect to atmospheric pressure.	18 months

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.16 Fuel Storage Pool Water Level

LCO 3.7.16 The fuel storage pool water level shall be ≥ 23 ft over the top of irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel storage pool.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Fuel storage pool water level not within limit.	<p>A.1 -----NOTE----- LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable. -----</p> <p>Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel storage pool.</p>	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.16.1 Verify the fuel storage pool water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of the irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks.	7 days

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.17 Fuel Storage Pool Boron Concentration

LC0 3.7.17 The fuel storage pool boron concentration shall be
 ≥ 2600 ppm.

APPLICABILITY: When fuel assemblies are stored in the fuel storage pool.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Fuel storage pool boron concentration not within limit.	-----NOTE----- LC0 3.0.3 is not applicable. -----	
	A.1 Suspend movement of fuel assemblies in the fuel storage pool.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> A.2 Initiate action to restore fuel storage pool boron concentration to within limit.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.17.1 Verify the fuel storage pool boron concentration is within limit.	7 days

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3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.18 Spent Fuel Pool Storage

- LC0 3.7.18 The combination of initial enrichment and burnup of each fuel assembly stored in the fuel storage pool shall be in accordance with the following:
- a. New or irradiated fuel assemblies with a combination of burnup and initial nominal enrichment in the "Acceptable" burnup domain of Figure 3.7.18-1 may be stored in the fuel storage pool in a non-matrix location or a low reactivity location in the 5 x 5 matrix configuration shown in Figure 3.7.18-2. They may also be placed in a high reactivity location if stored in the 5 x 5 matrix configuration shown in Figure 3.7.18-2;
 - b. New or irradiated fuel assemblies with a combination of burnup and initial nominal enrichment in the "Conditionally Acceptable" domain of Figure 3.7.18-1 may be stored in the fuel storage pool in a non-matrix location, but must be placed in a high reactivity location if stored in the 5 x 5 matrix configuration shown in Figure 3.7.18-2; and
 - c. New or irradiated fuel assemblies with a combination of burnup and initial nominal enrichment in the "Unacceptable" domain of Figure 3.7.18-1 must be stored in the fuel storage pool in a high reactivity location in the 5 x 5 matrix configuration shown in Figure 3.7.18-2. A fuel assembly transferred from Surry for storage in the North Anna fuel storage pool must be treated as a fuel assembly in the "Unacceptable" domain.

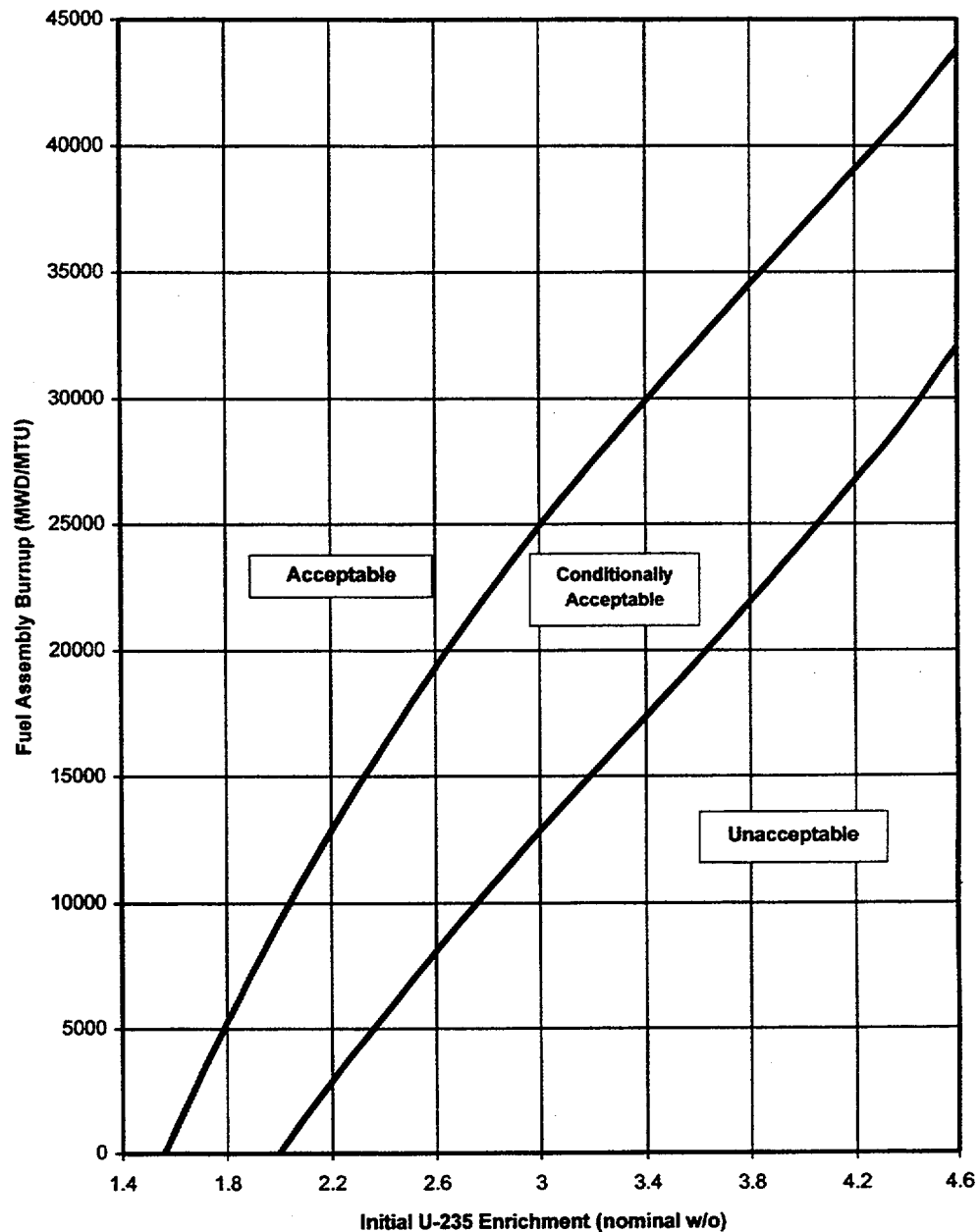
APPLICABILITY: Whenever any fuel assembly is stored in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Requirements of the LCO not met.	<p>A.1 -----NOTE----- LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable. -----</p> <p>Initiate action to move the noncomplying fuel assembly to an acceptable location.</p>	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.18.1 Verify by a combination of visual inspection and administrative means that the initial enrichment, burnup and storage location of the assembly is acceptable.	Prior to storing the fuel assembly in the spent fuel pool

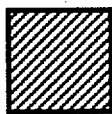
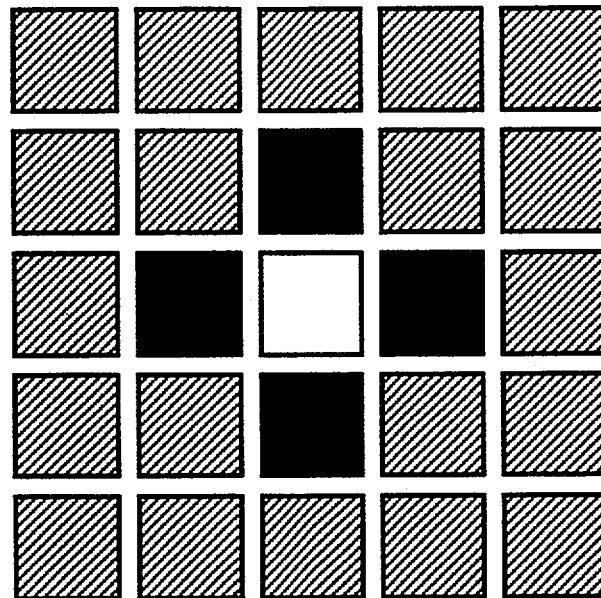


Acceptable: Acceptable for storage in non-matrix location or low reactivity location in matrix configuration. May also be placed in high reactivity locations in matrix configuration.

Conditionally Acceptable: Acceptable for storage in non-matrix location, but must be placed in high reactivity location if stored in matrix configuration.

Unacceptable: Must be stored in high reactivity location in matrix configuration. Surry spent fuel must be stored in high reactivity locations in a matrix.

Figure 3.7.18-1 (page 1 of 1)
Burnup Credit Requirements



Low reactivity fuel
(Per Figure 3.7.18-1 or cell containing no fuel assembly)



High reactivity fuel
(Per Figure 3.7.18-1, reactivity up to and including 4.6 w/o U^{235} fresh fuel or cell containing no fuel assembly)



No fuel assembly

Notes to Figure:

1. A partial matrix at the boundary of the spent fuel pool storage locations is an acceptable configuration.
2. Storage of non-fueled components within the matrix or non-matrix cells that results in a reduced spent fuel pool k_{eff} is acceptable.
3. A storage cell containing no fuel assembly may be substituted for any location in either matrix or non-matrix configuration.
4. Spent fuel transferred from Surry must be stored in high reactivity locations.

Figure 3.7.18-2 (page 1 of 1)
5 x 5 Matrix Storage Configuration

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.19 Component Cooling Water (CC) System

LC0 3.7.19 Three CC subsystems shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required CC subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore required CC subsystem to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3. <u>AND</u>	6 hours
	B.2 Be in MODE 5.	30 hours
C. Two required CC subsystems inoperable.	C.1 Be in MODE 4. <u>AND</u>	12 hours
	C.2 Initiate actions to be in MODE 5.	13 hours
D. No CC water available to supply the residual heat removal heat exchangers.	D.1 Be in MODE 4. <u>AND</u>	12 hours
	D.2 Implement an alternate means of decay heat removal. <u>AND</u>	Immediately
	D.3 Initiate actions to be in MODE 5.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.19.1 Verify each CC manual, power operated, and automatic valve in the flow path servicing the residual heat removal system, that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.1 AC Sources—Operating

LCO 3.8.1 The following AC electrical sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Two qualified circuits between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC Electrical Power Distribution System;
- b. Two emergency diesel generators (EDGs) capable of supplying the onsite Class 1E power distribution subsystem(s);
- c. One qualified circuit between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC Electrical Power Distribution System and one EDG capable of supplying the onsite Class 1E AC power distribution subsystem on the other unit for each required shared component; and
- d. Required sequencing timing relays.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One LCO 3.8.1.a offsite circuit inoperable.	A.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for required OPERABLE offsite circuit(s).	1 hour <u>AND</u>
	<u>AND</u>	Once per 8 hours thereafter (continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2 Declare required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable when its redundant required feature(s) is inoperable.	24 hours from discovery of no offsite power to one train concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
	<u>AND</u> A.3 Restore offsite circuit to OPERABLE status.	72 hours <u>AND</u> 17 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO
B. One LCO 3.8.1.b EDG inoperable.	B.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for the required offsite circuits.	1 hour <u>AND</u> Once per 8 hours thereafter
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Declare required feature(s) supported by the inoperable EDG inoperable when its required redundant feature(s) is inoperable. <u>AND</u>	4 hours from discovery of Condition B concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s) (continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.3.1 Determine OPERABLE LCO 3.8.1.b EDG is not inoperable due to common cause failure.	24 hours
	<u>OR</u>	
	B.3.2 Perform SR 3.8.1.2 for OPERABLE LCO 3.8.1.b EDG.	24 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.4 Restore EDG to OPERABLE status.	14 days
		<u>AND</u>
		17 days from discovery of failure to meet LCO
C. -----NOTE----- Only applicable if Alternate AC (AAC) diesel generator (DG) or one or more EDG on the other unit is inoperable. ----- One LCO 3.8.1.b EDG inoperable.	C.1.1 Restore inoperable AAC DG to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	C.1.2 Restore inoperable EDG(s) on other unit to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>OR</u>	
	C.2 Restore EDG to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>D. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each offsite circuit. -----</p> <p>One or more required LCO 3.8.1.c offsite circuit(s) inoperable.</p>	D.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for required OPERABLE offsite circuit(s).	1 hour
	<u>AND</u>	<u>AND</u>
	D.2 Declare required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable when its redundant required feature(s) is inoperable.	Once per 8 hours thereafter
	<u>AND</u>	
	D.3 Declare associated shared component inoperable.	24 hours from discovery of no offsite power to a train concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
		72 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. One required LCO 3.8.1.c EDG inoperable.	E.1 Perform SR 3.8.1.1 for required offsite circuit(s).	1 hour <u>AND</u> Once per 8 hours thereafter
	<u>AND</u> E.2 Declare required feature(s) supported by the inoperable EDG inoperable when its redundant required feature(s) is inoperable.	4 hours from discovery of Condition E concurrent with inoperability of redundant required feature(s)
	<u>AND</u> E.3 Declare associated shared component inoperable.	14 days
F. -----NOTE----- Only applicable if one or more LCO 3.8.1.b EDG(s) or AAC DG is inoperable. ----- One required LCO 3.8.1.c EDG inoperable.	F.1.1 Restore inoperable AAC DG to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>AND</u> F.1.2 Restore inoperable LCO 3.8.1.b EDG (s) to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>OR</u> F.2 Declare associated shared component inoperable.	72 hours

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
G. Two LCO 3.8.1.a offsite circuits inoperable.	G.1 Declare required feature(s) inoperable when its redundant required feature(s) is inoperable.	12 hours from discovery of Condition G concurrent with inoperability of redundant required features
	<u>AND</u> G.2 Restore one offsite circuit to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
H. One LCO 3.8.1.a offsite circuit inoperable. <u>AND</u> One LCO 3.8.1.b EDG inoperable.	-----NOTE----- Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.9, "Distribution Systems—Operating," when Condition H is entered with no AC power source to any train. -----	
	H.1 Restore offsite circuit to OPERABLE status. <u>OR</u> H.2 Restore EDG to OPERABLE status.	12 hours 12 hours
I. Two LCO 3.8.1.b EDGs inoperable.	I.1 Restore one EDG to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
J. Two required LCO 3.8.1.c EDGs inoperable.	J.1 Declare associated shared components inoperable.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>K. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each sequencing timing relay. ----- One or more required sequencing timing relay(s) inoperable.</p>	<p>K.1 Enter appropriate Conditions and Required Actions for any component made inoperable by inoperable sequencing timing relay(s).</p>	Immediately
	<p><u>AND</u></p> <p>K.2.1 Place the component(s) with the inoperable sequencing timing relay in a condition where it cannot be automatically loaded to associated emergency electrical bus.</p>	Immediately
	<p><u>OR</u></p> <p>K.2.2 Declare the associated EDG inoperable.</p>	Immediately
<p>L. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, G, H, or I not met.</p>	<p>L.1 Be in MODE 3.</p>	6 hours
	<p><u>AND</u></p> <p>L.2 Be in MODE 5.</p>	36 hours
<p>M. Three or more of LCO 3.8.1.a and LCO 3.8.1.b AC sources inoperable.</p>	<p>M.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.</p>	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.1 Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power availability for each required offsite circuit.	7 days
SR 3.8.1.2 -----NOTES----- 1. All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period and followed by a warmup period prior to loading. 2. A modified EDG start involving idling and gradual acceleration to synchronous speed may be used for this SR as recommended by the manufacturer. When modified start procedures are not used, the time, voltage, and frequency tolerances of SR 3.8.1.7 must be met. ----- Verify each required EDG starts from standby conditions and achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V, and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz.	31 days
SR 3.8.1.3 -----NOTES----- 1. EDG loadings may include gradual loading as recommended by the manufacturer. 2. Momentary transients outside the load range do not invalidate this test. 3. This Surveillance shall be conducted on only one EDG at a time. 4. This SR shall be preceded by and immediately follow without shutdown a successful performance of SR 3.8.1.2 or SR 3.8.1.7. ----- Verify each required EDG is synchronized and loaded and operates for ≥ 60 minutes at a load ≥ 2500 kW and ≤ 2600 kW.	31 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.4 Verify each required day tank contains ≥ 450 gal of fuel oil.	31 days
SR 3.8.1.5 Check for and remove accumulated water from each required day tank.	92 days
SR 3.8.1.6 Verify each required fuel oil transfer pump operates to transfer fuel oil from the storage tank to the day tank.	92 days
SR 3.8.1.7 -----NOTE----- All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. ----- Verify each required EDG starts from standby condition and achieves a. In ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3960 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz; and b. Steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V, and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz.	184 days
SR 3.8.1.8 -----NOTES----- 1. This Surveillance is only applicable to Unit 1. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. ----- Verify manual transfer of AC power sources from the normal offsite circuit to the alternate required offsite circuit.	18 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.9 -----NOTE----- If performed with EDG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor ≤ 0.9. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition, the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. ----- Verify each required EDG rejects a load greater than or equal to its associated single largest post-accident load, and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Following load rejection, the frequency is ≤ 66 Hz; b. Within 3 seconds following load rejection, the voltage is ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V; and c. Within 3 seconds following load rejection, the frequency is ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.10 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify on an actual or simulated loss of offsite power signal:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. De-energization of emergency buses; b. Load shedding from emergency buses; c. Each required EDG auto-starts from standby condition and: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. energizes permanently connected loads in ≤ 10 seconds, 2. energizes auto-connected shutdown loads through sequencing timing relays, 3. maintains steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V, 4. maintains steady state frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz, and 5. supplies permanently connected and auto-connected shutdown loads for ≥ 5 minutes. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.11 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All EDG starts may be preceded by prelube period. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify on an actual or simulated Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) actuation signal each LCO 3.8.1.b EDG auto-starts from standby condition and:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In ≤ 10 seconds after auto-start and during tests, achieves voltage ≥ 3960 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz; b. Achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz; c. Operates for ≥ 5 minutes; d. Permanently connected loads remain energized from the offsite power system; and e. Emergency loads are energized or auto-connected through the sequencing timing relays from the offsite power system. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.12 -----NOTE----- This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. ----- Verify each required EDG's automatic trips are bypassed on actual or simulated automatic start signals except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Engine overspeed; and b. Generator differential current. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.13 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Momentary transients outside the load and power factor ranges do not invalidate this test. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1 or 2. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. 3. If performed with EDG synchronized with offsite power, it shall be performed at a power factor ≤ 0.9. However, if grid conditions do not permit, the power factor limit is not required to be met. Under this condition the power factor shall be maintained as close to the limit as practicable. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify each required EDG operates for ≥ 24 hours:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. For ≥ 2 hours loaded ≥ 2900 kW and ≤ 3000 kW; and b. For the remaining hours of the test loaded ≥ 2500 kW and ≤ 2600 kW. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.14 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This Surveillance shall be performed within 5 minutes of shutting down the EDG after the EDG has operated ≥ 2 hours loaded ≥ 2500 kW and ≤ 2600 kW or after operating temperatures have stabilized. <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Momentary transients outside of load range do not invalidate this test.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify each required EDG starts and achieves</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. In ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3960 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz; and b. Steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V, and ≤ 4580 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz. 	<p>18 months</p>
<p>SR 3.8.1.15 -----NOTE-----</p> <p>This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced.</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Verify each required EDG:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Synchronizes with offsite power source while loaded with emergency loads upon a simulated restoration of offsite power; b. Transfers loads to offsite power source; and c. Returns to ready-to-load operation. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.16 -----NOTE----- This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, this Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. ----- Verify each required sequencing timing relay is within the design tolerance.</p>	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.17 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. 2. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify on an actual or simulated loss of offsite power signal in conjunction with an actual or simulated ESF actuation signal:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. De-energization of emergency buses; b. Load shedding from emergency buses; and c. Each LCO 3.8.1.b EDG auto-starts from standby condition and: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. energizes permanently connected loads in ≤ 10 seconds, 2. energizes auto-connected emergency loads through load sequencing timing relays, 3. achieves steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V, 4. achieves steady state frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz, and 5. supplies permanently connected and auto-connected emergency loads for ≥ 5 minutes. 	<p>18 months</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.1.18 -----NOTE----- All EDG starts may be preceded by an engine prelube period. ----- Verify when started simultaneously from standby condition, each LCO 3.8.1.b EDG achieves:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. in ≤ 10 seconds, voltage ≥ 3960 V and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz; and b. steady state voltage ≥ 3740 V and ≤ 4580 V, and frequency ≥ 59.5 Hz and ≤ 60.5 Hz. 	<p>10 years</p>

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.2 AC Sources-Shutdown

LCO 3.8.2 The following AC electrical power sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. One qualified circuit between the offsite transmission network and the onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems-Shutdown"; and
- b. One emergency diesel generators (EDG) capable of supplying one train of the onsite Class 1E AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One required offsite circuit inoperable.	-----NOTE----- Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.10, with required trains de-energized as a result of Condition A. -----	
	A.1 Declare affected required feature(s) with no offsite power available inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.2.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
		(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.3 Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> A.2.4 Initiate action to restore required offsite power circuit to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
B. One required EDG inoperable.	B.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> B.3 Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> B.4 Initiate action to restore required EDG to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.2.1 -----NOTE----- The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.1.3, SR 3.8.1.6, SR 3.8.1.9, SR 3.8.1.10, SR 3.8.1.12, SR 3.8.1.13, SR 3.8.1.14, SR 3.8.1.15, and SR 3.8.1.16. ----- For AC sources required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable: SR 3.8.1.1 SR 3.8.1.6 SR 3.8.1.13 SR 3.8.1.2 SR 3.8.1.7 SR 3.8.1.14 SR 3.8.1.3 SR 3.8.1.9 SR 3.8.1.15 SR 3.8.1.4 SR 3.8.1.10 SR 3.8.1.16 SR 3.8.1.5 SR 3.8.1.12</p>	<p>In accordance with applicable SRs</p>

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3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.3 Diesel Fuel Oil and Starting Air

LCO 3.8.3 The stored diesel fuel oil and starting air subsystem shall be within limits for each required emergency diesel generator (EDG).

APPLICABILITY: When associated EDG(s) is required to be OPERABLE.

ACTIONS

----- NOTE -----
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each EDG.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One fuel oil storage tank inoperable to perform an inspection or repairs.	A.1 Verify replacement fuel oil is available.	Prior to removing tank from service
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Verify remaining fuel oil storage tank contains $\geq 45,000$ gal.	Once per 12 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.3 Verify above ground fuel oil tank contains $\geq 100,000$ gal.	Once per 12 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.4 Restore fuel oil storage tank to within limits.	7 days

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. One or more EDGs with fuel oil inventory < 90,000 gal and > 77,200 gal for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1 Restore fuel oil inventory to within limits.	48 hours
C. One or more EDGs with stored fuel oil total particulates not within limit.	C.1 Restore fuel oil total particulates within limit.	7 days
D. One or more EDGs with new fuel oil properties not within limits.	D.1 Restore stored fuel oil properties to within limits.	30 days
E. One or more EDGs with the required starting air receiver pressure < 175 psig and ≥ 150 psig.	E.1 Restore starting air receiver pressure to ≥ 175 psig.	48 hours
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met. <u>OR</u> One or more EDGs diesel fuel oil or starting air subsystem not within limits for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, D, or E.	F.1 Declare associated EDG(s) inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.3.1	Verify fuel oil inventory \geq 90,000 gal.	31 days
SR 3.8.3.2	Verify fuel oil properties of new and stored fuel oil are tested in accordance with, and maintained within the limits of, the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program.	In accordance with the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program
SR 3.8.3.3	Verify each EDG air start receiver pressure is \geq 175 psig.	31 days
SR 3.8.3.4	Check for and remove accumulated water from each stored fuel oil storage tank.	92 days

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3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.4 DC Sources—Operating

- LCO 3.8.4 The following DC electrical power sources shall be OPERABLE:
- a. The Train H and Train J DC electrical power subsystems;
 - b. The Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG) DC systems for each required EDG; and
 - c. One DC electrical power subsystem on the other unit for each required shared component.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One LCO 3.8.4.a DC electrical power subsystem inoperable.	A.1 Restore DC electrical power subsystem to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
B. Required Action and Associated Completion Time for Condition A not met.	B.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
C. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each EDG DC system. ----- One or more required EDG DC system(s) inoperable.	C.1 Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for associated EDG(s) made inoperable.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>D. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each DC subsystem. -----</p> <p>One or more required LCO 3.8.4.c DC electrical power subsystem(s) inoperable.</p>	D.1 Declare associated shared component(s) inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.4.1	Verify for each required Station and EDG battery, terminal voltage is ≥ 129 V on float charge.	7 days
SR 3.8.4.2	<p>Verify for each required Station and EDG battery, there is no visible corrosion at battery terminals and connectors.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>Verify battery connection resistance is $\leq 1.5E-4$ ohm for inter-cell connections, $\leq 1.5E-4$ ohm for inter-rack connections, $\leq 1.5E-4$ ohm for inter-tier connections, and $\leq 1.5E-4$ ohm for terminal connections.</p>	92 days
SR 3.8.4.3	Verify for each required Station and EDG battery, cells, cell plates, and racks show no visual indication of physical damage or abnormal deterioration that could degrade battery performance.	18 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.4.4 For each required Station and EDG battery, remove visible terminal corrosion, verify battery cell to cell and terminal connections are clean and coated with anti-corrosion material.	18 months
SR 3.8.4.5 Verify for each required Station and EDG battery, connection resistance is $\leq 1.5\text{E-}4$ ohm for inter-cell connections, $\leq 1.5\text{E-}4$ ohm for inter-rack connections, $\leq 1.5\text{E-}4$ ohm for inter-tier connections, and $\leq 1.5\text{E-}4$ ohm for terminal connections.	18 months
SR 3.8.4.6 Verify each required Station battery charger supplies ≥ 270 amps at ≥ 125 V for ≥ 4 hours.	18 months
SR 3.8.4.7 Verify each required EDG battery charger supplies ≥ 10 amps at ≥ 125 V for ≥ 4 hours.	18 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.4.8 -----NOTES-----</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The modified performance discharge test in SR 3.8.4.9 may be performed in lieu of the service test in SR 3.8.4.8. 2. The performance discharge test in SR 3.8.4.9 may be performed in lieu of the service test in SR 3.8.4.8 once every 60 months. 3. This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced. <p>-----</p> <p>Verify for each required Station battery, capacity is adequate to supply, and maintain in OPERABLE status, the required emergency loads for the design duty cycle when subjected to a battery service test.</p>	<p>18 months</p>
<p>SR 3.8.4.9 -----NOTE-----</p> <p>This Surveillance shall not normally be performed in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 for Station batteries. However, portions of the Surveillance may be performed to reestablish OPERABILITY provided an assessment determines the safety of the unit is maintained or enhanced.</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Verify for each required Station and EDG battery, capacity is $\geq 80\%$ of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge test or a modified performance discharge test.</p>	<p>60 months</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>18 months when battery shows degradation or has reached 85% of expected life</p>

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.5 DC Sources-Shutdown

LC0 3.8.5 DC electrical power subsystem(s) shall be OPERABLE to support the DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems-Shutdown," and EDG DC system shall be OPERABLE for the EDG required by LCO 3.8.2, "AC Sources-Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required DC electrical power subsystems inoperable.	A.1.1 Declare affected required feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.2.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.3 Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in a loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
		(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.4 Initiate action to restore required DC electrical power subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
B. Required EDG DC system inoperable.	B.1 Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for associated EDG made inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.5.1 -----NOTE----- The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.4.4, SR 3.8.4.7, SR 3.8.4.8, and SR 3.8.4.9. ----- For DC sources required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable: SR 3.8.4.1 SR 3.8.4.4 SR 3.8.4.7 SR 3.8.4.2 SR 3.8.4.5 SR 3.8.4.8 SR 3.8.4.3 SR 3.8.4.6 SR 3.8.4.9</p>	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.6 Battery Cell Parameters

LC0 3.8.6 Battery cell parameters for the following batteries shall be within limits:

- a. The Train H and Train J DC electrical power subsystems;
- b. The Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG) DC systems for each required EDG; and
- c. One DC electrical power subsystem on the other unit for each required shared component.

APPLICABILITY: When associated DC electrical power subsystem(s) or EDG DC system(s) are required to be OPERABLE.

ACTIONS

----- NOTE -----
Separate Condition entry is allowed for each battery.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more Station or EDG batteries with one or more battery cell parameters not within Table 3.8.6-1 Category A or B limits.	A.1 Verify pilot cell electrolyte level and float voltage meet Table 3.8.6-1 Category C limits.	1 hour
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Verify battery cell parameters meet Table 3.8.6-1 Category C limits.	24 hours
	<u>AND</u>	<u>AND</u>
		Once per 7 days thereafter
		(continued)

Battery Cell Parameters
3.8.6

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.3 Restore battery cell parameters to Table 3.8.6-1 Category A and B limits.	31 days
<p>B. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>One or more Station batteries with average electrolyte temperature of the representative cells < 60°F.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>One or more Station or EDG batteries with one or more battery cell parameters not within Table 3.8.6-1 Category C values.</p>	B.1 Declare associated battery inoperable.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.6.1 Verify for each required Station and EDG battery cell parameters meet Table 3.8.6-1 Category A limits.	7 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.8.6.2 Verify for each required Station and EDG battery cell parameters meet Table 3.8.6-1 Category B limits.</p>	<p>92 days</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>Once within 24 hours after a battery discharge < 110 V</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>Once within 24 hours after a battery overcharge > 150 V</p>
<p>SR 3.8.6.3 Verify average electrolyte temperature of representative cells for each required Station battery is $\geq 60^{\circ}\text{F}$.</p>	<p>92 days</p>

Table 3.8.6-1 (page 1 of 1)
Battery Cell Parameters Requirements

PARAMETER	CATEGORY A: LIMITS FOR EACH DESIGNATED PILOT CELL	CATEGORY B: LIMITS FOR EACH CONNECTED CELL	CATEGORY C: ALLOWABLE LIMITS FOR EACH CONNECTED CELL
Electrolyte Level	> Minimum level indication mark, and $\leq \frac{1}{2}$ inch above maximum level indication mark(a)	> Minimum level indication mark, and $\leq \frac{1}{2}$ inch above maximum level indication mark(a)	Above top of plates, and not overflowing
Float Voltage	≥ 2.13 V	≥ 2.13 V	> 2.07 V
Specific Gravity ^{(b)(c)}	≥ 1.200	≥ 1.195 <u>AND</u> Average of all connected cells > 1.205	Not more than 0.020 below average of all connected cells <u>AND</u> Average of all connected cells ≥ 1.195

- (a) It is acceptable for the electrolyte level to temporarily increase above the specified maximum during equalizing charges provided it is not overflowing.
- (b) Corrected for electrolyte temperature and level. Level correction is not required for Station batteries when battery charging is < 2 amps when on float charge.
- (c) Station batteries only: A battery charging current of < 2 amps when on float charge is acceptable for meeting specific gravity limits following a battery recharge, for a maximum of 7 days. When charging current is used to satisfy specific gravity requirements, specific gravity of each connected cell shall be measured prior to expiration of the 7 day allowance.

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.7 Inverters—Operating

LCO 3.8.7 The Train H and Train J inverters shall be OPERABLE.

----- NOTE -----
One inverter may be disconnected from its associated DC bus for ≤ 24 hours to perform an equalizing charge on its associated battery, provided:

- a. The associated AC vital bus is energized from its constant voltage source transformer; and
- b. All other AC vital buses are energized from their associated OPERABLE inverters.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One inverter inoperable.	<p>A.1 -----NOTE----- Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.9, "Distribution Systems—Operating" with any vital bus de-energized. -----</p> <p>Restore inverter to OPERABLE status.</p>	24 hours
B. Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	<p>B.1 Be in MODE 3.</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>B.2 Be in MODE 5.</p>	<p>6 hours</p> <p>36 hours</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.7.1	Verify correct inverter voltage and alignment to required AC vital buses.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.8 Inverters-Shutdown

LC0 3.8.8 Inverter(s) shall be OPERABLE to support the onsite Class 1E AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LC0 3.8.10, "Distribution Systems-Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required inverters inoperable.	A.1 Declare affected required feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.2.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.3 Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.4 Initiate action to restore required inverters to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.8.1	Verify correct inverter voltage and alignments to required AC vital buses.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.9 Distribution Systems—Operating

- LCO 3.8.9 The following distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE:
- a. The Train H and Train J AC, DC, and AC vital buses; and
 - b. One AC and DC bus on the other unit for each required shared component.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more LCO 3.8.9.a AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) inoperable.	<p>A.1 -----NOTE----- Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.4, "DC Sources—Operating," for DC train(s) made inoperable by inoperable distribution subsystem(s). -----</p> <p>Restore AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) to OPERABLE status.</p>	<p>8 hours</p> <p><u>AND</u></p> <p>16 hours from discovery of failure to meet LCO</p>

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. One or more LCO 3.8.9.a AC vital bus(es) inoperable.	B.1 Restore AC vital bus subsystem(s) to OPERABLE status.	2 hours <u>AND</u> 16 hours from discovery of failure to meet LCO
C. One or more LCO 3.8.9.a DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) inoperable.	C.1 Restore DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) to OPERABLE status.	2 hours <u>AND</u> 16 hours from discovery of failure to meet LCO
D. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each AC subsystem. ----- One or more required LCO 3.8.9.b AC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) inoperable.	D.1 Declare associated shared component(s) inoperable.	Immediately
E. -----NOTE----- Separate Condition entry is allowed for each DC subsystem. ----- One or more required LCO 3.8.9.b DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) inoperable.	E.1 Declare associated shared component(s) inoperable.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F. Required Action and associated Completion Time for Condition A, B, or C not met.	F.1 Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>AND</u> F.2 Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
G. Two or more LCO 3.8.9.a electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable that result in a loss of safety function.	G.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.9.1 Verify correct breaker alignments and voltage to required AC, DC, and AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

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3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEM

3.8.10 Distribution Systems-Shutdown

LC0 3.8.10 The necessary portion of AC, DC, and AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE to support equipment required to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,
During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more required AC, DC, or AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable.	A.1 Declare associated supported required feature(s) inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.2.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.2 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2.3 Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
		(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.4 Initiate actions to restore required AC, DC, and AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>AND</u></p> A.2.5 Declare associated required residual heat removal subsystem(s) inoperable and not in operation.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.10.1 Verify correct breaker alignments and voltage to required AC, DC, and AC vital bus electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.1 Boron Concentration

LCO 3.9.1 Boron concentrations of the Reactor Coolant System (RCS), the refueling canal, and the refueling cavity shall be maintained within the limit specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

----- NOTE -----
Only applicable to the refueling canal and refueling cavity when connected to the RCS.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Boron concentration not within limit.	A.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.3 Initiate action to restore boron concentration to within limit.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.1.1 Verify boron concentration is within the limit specified in the COLR.	72 hours

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3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.2 Primary Grade Water Flow Path Isolation Valves—MODE 6

LC0 3.9.2 Each valve used to isolate primary grade water flow paths shall be secured in the closed position.

----- NOTE -----
Primary grade water flow path isolation valves may be opened under administrative control for planned boron dilution or makeup activities.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. -----NOTE----- Required Action A.3 must be completed whenever Condition A is entered. ----- One or more valves not secured in closed position.	A.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Secure valves in closed position.	15 minutes
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.3 Perform SR 3.9.1.1.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.2.1 Verify each valve in the affected flow path that isolates primary grade water flow paths is locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in the closed position.	Within 15 minutes following a boron dilution or makeup activity

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3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.3 Nuclear Instrumentation

LCO 3.9.3 Two source range neutron flux monitors shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One source range neutron flux monitor inoperable.	A.1 Suspend CORE ALTERATIONS.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> A.2 Suspend operations that would cause introduction into the RCS, coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.	Immediately
B. Two source range neutron flux monitors inoperable.	B.1 Initiate action to restore one source range neutron flux monitor to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u> B.2 Perform SR 3.9.1.1.	Once per 12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.3.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.9.3.2	<p>-----NOTE----- Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION. -----</p> <p>Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.</p>	18 months

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.4 Containment Penetrations

LCO 3.9.4 The containment penetrations shall be in the following status:

- a. The equipment hatch closed and held in place by four bolts;
- b. One door in each air lock is capable of being closed; and
- c. Each penetration providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere either:
 1. closed by a manual or automatic isolation valve, blind flange, or equivalent, or
 2. capable of being closed by an OPERABLE containment purge and exhaust isolation valve.

----- NOTE -----
Penetration flow path(s) providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere may be unisolated under administrative controls.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more containment penetrations not in required status.	A.1 Suspend movement of recently irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.4.1	Verify each required containment penetration is in the required status.	7 days
SR 3.9.4.2	<p>-----NOTE-----</p> <p>Not required to be met for containment purge and exhaust valve(s) in penetrations closed to comply with LCO 3.9.4.c.1.</p> <p>-----</p> <p>Verify each required containment purge and exhaust valve actuates to the isolation position on manual initiation.</p>	18 months

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.5 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) and Coolant Circulation-High Water Level

LCO 3.9.5 One RHR loop shall be OPERABLE and in operation.

----- NOTE -----
The required RHR loop may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period, provided no operations are permitted that would cause introduction into the Reactor Coolant System (RCS), coolant of boron concentration less than required to meet the minimum required boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6 with the water level ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. RHR loop requirements not met.	A.1 Suspend operations that would cause introduction into the RCS, coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.2 Suspend loading irradiated fuel assemblies in the core.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.3 Initiate action to satisfy RHR loop requirements.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.4 Close equipment hatch and secure with four bolts.	4 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.5 Close one door in each installed air lock.	4 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	A.6.1 Close each penetration providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere with a manual or automatic isolation valve, blind flange, or equivalent.	4 hours
	<u>OR</u>	
	A.6.2 Verify each penetration is capable of being closed by an OPERABLE Containment Purge and Exhaust Isolation System.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.5.1 Verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of ≥ 3000 gpm.	12 hours

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.6 Residual Heat Removal (RHR) and Coolant Circulation—Low Water Level

LCO 3.9.6 Two RHR loops shall be OPERABLE, and one RHR loop shall be in operation.

----- NOTES -----

1. All RHR pumps may be removed from operation for ≤ 15 minutes when switching from one train to another provided:
 - a. The core outlet temperature is maintained $> 10^{\circ}\text{F}$ below saturation temperature;
 - b. No operations are permitted that would cause a reduction of the Reactor Coolant System boron concentration; and
 - c. No draining operations to further reduce RCS volume are permitted.
 2. One required RHR loop may be inoperable for up to 2 hours for surveillance testing, provided that the other loop is OPERABLE and in operation.
-

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6 with the water level < 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Less than the required number of RHR loops OPERABLE.	A.1 Initiate action to restore required RHR loops to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u> A.2 Initiate action to establish ≥ 23 ft of water above the top of reactor vessel flange.	Immediately

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. No RHR loop in operation.	B.1 Suspend operations that would cause introduction into the RCS, coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.2 Initiate action to restore one RHR loop to operation.	Immediately
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.3 Close equipment hatch and secure with four bolts.	4 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.4 Close one door in each installed air lock.	4 hours
	<u>AND</u>	
	B.5.1 Close each penetration providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere with a manual or automatic isolation valve, blind flange, or equivalent.	4 hours
	<u>OR</u>	(continued)

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B. (continued)	B.5.2 Verify each penetration is capable of being closed by an OPERABLE Containment Purge and Exhaust Isolation System.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE		FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.6.1	Verify one RHR loop is in operation and circulating reactor coolant at a flow rate of: a. ≥ 3000 gpm, or b. ≥ 2000 gpm if RCS temperature $\leq 140^{\circ}\text{F}$ and time since entry into MODE 3 ≥ 100 hours.	12 hours
SR 3.9.6.2	<p>-----NOTE----- Not required to be performed until 24 hours after a required RHR pump is not in operation. -----</p> <p>Verify correct breaker alignment and indicated power available to the required RHR pump that is not in operation.</p>	7 days

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3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.7 Refueling Cavity Water Level

LC0 3.9.7 Refueling cavity water level shall be maintained ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Refueling cavity water level not within limit.	A.1 Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.7.1 Verify refueling cavity water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.	24 hours

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4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.1 Site Location

The North Anna Power Station is located in the north-central portion of Virginia in Louisa County and is approximately 40 miles north-northwest of Richmond, 36 miles east of Charlottesville; 22 miles southwest of Fredericksburg; and 70 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. The site is on a peninsula on the southern shore of Lake Anna at the end of State Route 700.

4.2 Reactor Core

4.2.1 Fuel Assemblies

The reactor shall contain 157 fuel assemblies. Each assembly shall consist of a matrix of Zircaloy or ZIRLO fuel rods with an initial composition of natural or slightly enriched uranium dioxide (UO_2) as fuel material. Limited substitutions of zirconium alloy or stainless steel filler rods for fuel rods, in accordance with approved applications of fuel rod configurations, may be used. Fuel assemblies shall be limited to those fuel designs that have been analyzed with applicable NRC staff approved codes and methods and shown by tests or analyses to comply with all fuel safety design bases. A limited number of lead test assemblies that have not completed representative testing may be placed in nonlimiting core locations.

4.2.2 Control Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 48 control rod assemblies. The control material shall be silver indium cadmium, as approved by the NRC.

4.3 Fuel Storage

4.3.1 Criticality

4.3.1.1 The spent fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 4.6 weight percent;

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.3.1.1 (continued)

- b. $k_{eff} < 1.0$ if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties calculated in accordance with the methodology described in Virginia Electric and Power Company letter dated September 27, 2000 (Serial No. 00-491);
- c. $k_{eff} \leq 0.95$ if fully flooded with water borated to 350 ppm, which includes an allowance for uncertainties calculated in accordance with the methodology described in Virginia Electric and Power Company letter dated September 27, 2000 (Serial No. 00-491); and
- d. A nominal 10 9/16 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the fuel storage racks.

4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:

- a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 4.6 weight percent;
- b. $k_{eff} \leq 0.95$ if fully flooded with unborated water, which includes an allowance for uncertainties;
- c. $k_{eff} \leq 0.98$ if moderated by aqueous foam, which includes an allowance for uncertainties; and
- d. A nominal 21 inch center to center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the storage racks.

4.3.2 Drainage

The spent fuel storage pool is designed and shall be maintained to prevent inadvertent draining of the pool below elevation 285 feet, 9 inches, Mean Sea Level, USGS datum.

4.3.3 Capacity

The spent fuel storage pool is designed and shall be maintained with a storage capacity limited to no more than 1737 fuel assemblies.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.1 Responsibility

- 5.1.1 The plant manager shall be responsible for overall unit operation and shall delegate in writing the succession to this responsibility during his absence.

The plant manager or his designee shall approve, prior to implementation, each proposed test, experiment or modification to systems or equipment that affect nuclear safety.

- 5.1.2 The Shift Supervisor (SS) shall be responsible for the control room command function. During any absence of the SS from the control room while the unit is in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4, an individual with an active Senior Reactor Operator (SRO) license shall be designated to assume the control room command function. During any absence of the SS from the control room while the unit is in MODE 5 or 6, an individual with an active SRO license or Reactor Operator license shall be designated to assume the control room command function.
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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.2 Organization

5.2.1 Onsite and Offsite Organizations

Onsite and offsite organizations shall be established for unit operation and corporate management, respectively. The onsite and offsite organizations shall include the positions for activities affecting safety of the nuclear power plant.

- a. Lines of authority, responsibility, and communication shall be defined and established throughout highest management levels, intermediate levels, and all operating organization positions. These relationships shall be documented and updated, as appropriate, in organization charts, functional descriptions of departmental responsibilities and relationships, and job descriptions for key personnel positions, or in equivalent forms of documentation. These requirements including the plant-specific titles of those personnel fulfilling the responsibilities of the positions delineated in these Technical Specifications shall be documented in the UFSAR/QA Plan;
- b. The plant manager shall be responsible for overall safe operation of the plant and shall have control over those onsite activities necessary for safe operation and maintenance of the plant;
- c. A specified corporate officer shall have corporate responsibility for overall plant nuclear safety and shall take any measures needed to ensure acceptable performance of the staff in operating, maintaining, and providing technical support to the plant to ensure nuclear safety; and
- d. The individuals who train the operating staff, carry out health physics, or perform quality assurance functions may report to the appropriate onsite manager; however, these individuals shall have sufficient organizational freedom to ensure their independence from operating pressures.

5.2 Organization

5.2.2 Unit Staff

The unit staff organization shall include the following:

- a. An auxiliary operator shall be assigned to each reactor containing fuel and an additional auxiliary operator shall be assigned for each control room from which a reactor is operating in MODES 1, 2, 3, or 4.

Two unit sites with both units shutdown or defueled require a total of three auxiliary operators for the two units.

- b. Shift crew composition may be less than the minimum requirement of 10 CFR 50.54(m)(2)(i) and 5.2.2.a and 5.2.2.f for a period of time not to exceed 2 hours in order to accommodate unexpected absence of on-duty shift crew members provided immediate action is taken to restore the shift crew composition to within the minimum requirements.
- c. A radiation protection technician shall be on site when fuel is in the reactor. The position may be vacant for not more than 2 hours, in order to provide for unexpected absence, provided immediate action is taken to fill the required position.
- d. Administrative procedures shall be developed and implemented to limit the working hours of personnel who perform safety related functions (e.g., licensed Senior Reactor Operators (SROs), licensed Reactor Operators (ROs), health physicists, auxiliary operators, and key maintenance personnel).

The controls shall include guidelines on working hours that ensure adequate shift coverage shall be maintained without routine heavy use of overtime.

Any deviation from the above guidelines shall be authorized in advance by the plant manager or the plant manager's designee, in accordance with approved administrative procedures, and with documentation of the basis for granting the deviation. Routine deviation from the working hour guidelines shall not be authorized.

Controls shall be included in the procedures to require a periodic independent review be conducted to ensure that excessive hours have not been assigned.

5.2 Organization

5.2.2 Unit Staff (continued)

- e. The operations manager shall hold (or have previously held) a Senior Reactor Operator License for North Anna or a similar design Pressurized Water Reactor plant. The Supervisor Shift Operations shall hold an active Senior Reactor Operator License for North Anna Power Station.
 - f. An individual shall provide advisory technical support to the unit operations shift crew in the areas of thermal hydraulics, reactor engineering, and plant analysis with regard to the safe operation of the unit. This individual shall meet the qualifications specified by the Commission Policy Statement on Engineering Expertise on Shift.
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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.3 Unit Staff Qualifications

- 5.3.1 Each member of the unit staff shall meet or exceed the minimum qualifications of ANSI 3.1 (12/79 Draft) for comparable positions. Exceptions to this requirement are specified in VEPCO's QA Topical Report, VEP-1, "Quality Assurance Program, Operational Phase." The radiation protection manager shall meet or exceed the qualifications of Regulatory Guide 1.8, September 1975. The SS, Assistant SS, Control Room Operator-Nuclear, and the individual providing advisory technical support to the unit operations shift crew, shall meet or exceed the minimum qualifications of 10 CFR 55.59(c) and 55.31(a)(4).
- 5.3.2 For the purpose of 10 CFR 55.4, a licensed SRO and a licensed RO are those individuals who, in addition to meeting the requirements of TS 5.3.1, perform the functions described in 10 CFR 50.54(m).
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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.4 Procedures

- 5.4.1 Written procedures shall be established, implemented, and maintained covering the following activities:
- a. The applicable procedures recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.33, Revision 2, Appendix A, February 1978;
 - b. The emergency operating procedures required to implement the requirements of NUREG-0737 and NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, as stated in Generic Letter 82-33;
 - c. Quality assurance for effluent and environmental monitoring;
 - d. Fire Protection Program implementation; and
 - e. All programs specified in Specification 5.5.
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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.5 Programs and Manuals

The following programs shall be established, implemented, and maintained.

5.5.1 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM)

- a. The ODCM shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring alarm and trip setpoints, and in the conduct of the radiological environmental monitoring program; and
- b. The ODCM shall also contain the radioactive effluent controls and radiological environmental monitoring activities, and descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating, and Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports required by Specification 5.6.2 and Specification 5.6.3.

Licensee initiated changes to the ODCM:

- a. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained. This documentation shall contain:
 1. sufficient information to support the change(s) together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s), and
 2. a determination that the change(s) maintain the levels of radioactive effluent control required by 10 CFR 20.1302, 40 CFR 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations;
 - b. Shall become effective after the approval of the plant manager; and
 - c. Shall be submitted to the NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of or concurrent with the Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change in the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (i.e., month and year) the change was implemented.
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5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.2 Primary Coolant Sources Outside Containment

This program provides controls to minimize leakage from those portions of systems outside containment that could contain highly radioactive fluids during a serious transient or accident to levels as low as practicable. The systems include Recirculation Spray, Safety Injection, Chemical and Volume Control, gas stripper, and Hydrogen Recombiner. The program shall include the following:

- a. Preventive maintenance and periodic visual inspection requirements; and
- b. Integrated leak test requirements for each system at least once per 18 months.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable.

5.5.3 Reserved

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program

This program conforms to 10 CFR 50.36a for the control of radioactive effluents and for maintaining the doses to members of the public from radioactive effluents as low as reasonably achievable. The program shall be contained in the ODCM, shall be implemented by procedures, and shall include remedial actions to be taken whenever the program limits are exceeded. The program shall include the following elements:

- a. Limitations on the functional capability of radioactive liquid and gaseous monitoring instrumentation including surveillance tests and setpoint determination in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM;
- b. Limitations on the concentrations of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas, conforming to ten times the concentration values in Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 to 10 CFR 20.1001-20.2402;
- c. Monitoring, sampling, and analysis of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1302 and with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM;

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program (continued)

- d. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from each unit to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- e. Determination of cumulative dose contributions from radioactive effluents for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM at least every 31 days. Determination of projected dose contributions from radioactive effluents in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM at least every 31 days;
- f. Limitations on the functional capability and use of the liquid and gaseous effluent treatment systems to ensure that appropriate portions of these systems are used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in a period of 31 days would exceed 2% of the guidelines for the annual dose or dose commitment, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- g. Limitations on the dose rate resulting from radioactive material released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at or beyond the site boundary shall be in accordance with the following:
 - 1. For noble gases: a dose rate ≤ 500 mrem/yr to the whole body and a dose rate ≤ 3000 mrem/yr to the skin, and
 - 2. For iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days: a dose rate ≤ 1500 mrem/yr to any organ;
- h. Limitations on the annual and quarterly air doses resulting from noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- i. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses to a member of the public from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half lives > 8 days in gaseous effluents released from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I; and

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.4 Radioactive Effluent Controls Program (continued)

- j. Limitations on the annual dose or dose commitment to any member of the public, beyond the site boundary, due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources, conforming to 40 CFR 190.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Radioactive Effluent Controls Program surveillance frequency.

5.5.5 Component Cyclic or Transient Limit

This program provides controls to track the UFSAR, Section 5.2, cyclic and transient occurrences to ensure that components are maintained within the design limits.

5.5.6 Reactor Coolant Pump Flywheel Inspection Program

This program shall provide for the inspection of each reactor coolant pump flywheel once every 10 years by a qualified inplace UT examination over the volume from the inner bore of the flywheel to the circle of one-half the outer radius or a surface examination (MT and/or PT) of exposed surfaces defined by the volume of disassembled flywheels.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Reactor Coolant Pump Flywheel Inspection Program surveillance frequency.

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5.5.7 Inservice Testing Program

This program provides controls for inservice testing of ASME Code Class 1, 2, and 3 components. The program shall include the following:

- a. Testing frequencies specified in the ASME Code for Operation and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants and applicable Addenda as follows:

<u>ASME Code for Operation and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants and applicable Addenda terminology for inservice testing activities</u>	<u>Required Frequencies for performing inservice testing activities</u>
Weekly	At least once per 7 days
Monthly	At least once per 31 days
Quarterly or every 3 months	At least once per 92 days
Semiannually or every 6 months	At least once per 184 days
Every 9 months	At least once per 276 days
Yearly or annually	At least once per 366 days
Biennially or every 2 years	At least once per 731 days

- b. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the above required Frequencies for performing inservice testing activities;
- c. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to inservice testing activities; and
- d. Nothing in the ASME Code for Operation and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants shall be construed to supersede the requirements of any TS.

5.5.8 Steam Generator (SG) Tube Surveillance Program

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the SG Tube Surveillance Program test Frequencies.

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5.5.8 Steam Generator (SG) Tube Surveillance Program (continued)

This program provides the controls for the inservice inspection of steam generator tubes to ensure that the structural integrity of this portion of the RCS is maintained. The program for inservice inspection of steam generators is based on a modification of Regulatory Guide 1.83, Revision 1. This program shall include:

5.5.8.1 Steam Generator Sample Selection and Inspection

Each steam generator shall be determined OPERABLE during shutdown by selecting and inspecting at least the minimum number of steam generators specified in Table 5.5.8-1.

5.5.8.2 Steam Generator Tube Sample Selection and Inspection

The steam generator tube minimum sample size, inspection result classification, and the corresponding action required shall be as specified in Table 5.5.8-2. The inservice inspection of steam generator tubes shall be performed at the frequencies specified in Specification 5.5.8.3 and the inspected tubes shall be verified acceptable per the acceptance criteria of Specification 5.5.8.4. The tubes selected for each inservice inspection shall include at least 3% of the total number of tubes in all steam generators; the tubes selected for these inspections shall be selected on a random basis except:

- a. Where experience in similar plants with similar water chemistry indicates critical areas to be inspected, then at least 50% of the tubes inspected shall be from these critical areas.
- b. The first sample of tubes selected for each inservice inspection (subsequent to the preservice inspection) of each steam generator shall include:
 1. All nonplugged tubes that previously had detectable wall penetrations > 20%, and
 2. Tubes in those areas where experience has indicated potential problems.
 3. A tube inspection (pursuant to Specification 5.5.8.4.a.8) shall be performed on each selected tube. If any selected tube does not permit the passage of the eddy current probe for a tube inspection, this shall be recorded and an adjacent tube shall be selected and subjected to a tube inspection.

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5.5.8.2 Steam Generator Tube Sample Selection and Inspection (continued)

- c. The tubes selected as the second and third samples (if required by Table 5.5.8.2) during each inservice inspection may be subjected to a partial tube inspection provided:
1. The tubes selected for these samples include the tubes from those areas of the tube sheet array where, tubes with imperfections were previously found.
 2. The inspections include those portions of the tubes where imperfections were previously found.

The results of each sample inspection shall be classified into one of the following three categories:

Category	Inspection Results ^a
C-1	Less than 5% of the total tubes inspected are degraded tubes and none of the inspected tubes are defective.
C-2	One or more tubes, but not more than 1% of the total tubes inspected are defective, or between 5% and 10% of the total tubes inspected are degraded tubes.
C-3	More than 10% of the total tubes inspected are degraded tubes or more than 1% of the inspected tubes are defective.

- a. In all inspections, previously degraded tubes must exhibit significant (> 10%) further wall penetrations to be included in the above percentage calculations.

5.5.8.3 Inspection Frequencies

The above required inservice inspections of steam generator tubes shall be performed at the following frequencies:

- a. The first inservice inspection shall be performed after 6 Effective Full Power Months but within 24 calendar months of initial criticality. Subsequent inservice inspections shall be performed at intervals of not less than 12 nor more than 24 calendar months after the previous inspection. If two consecutive inspections following service under AVT conditions,
- (continued)

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5.5.8.3 Inspection Frequencies

a. (continued)

not including the preservice inspection, result in all inspection results falling into the C-1 category or if two consecutive inspections demonstrate that previously observed degradation has not continued and no additional degradation has occurred, the inspection interval may be extended to a maximum of once per 40 months.

- b. If the results of the inservice inspection of a steam generator conducted in accordance with Table 5.5.8-2 at 40 month intervals fall into category C-3, the inspection frequency shall be increased to at least once per 20 months. The increase in inspection frequency shall apply until the subsequent inspections satisfy the criteria of Specification 5.5.8.3.a; the interval may then be extended to a maximum of once per 40 months.

- c. Additional, unscheduled inservice inspections shall be performed on each steam generator in accordance with the first sample inspection specified in Table 5.5.8-2 during the shutdown subsequent to any of the following conditions:

1. Primary-to-secondary tubes leak (not including leaks originating from tube-to-tube sheet welds) in excess of the limits of Specification 3.4.13.
2. A seismic occurrence greater than the Operating Basis Earthquake.
3. A loss-of-coolant accident requiring actuation of the engineered safeguards.
4. A major steamline or feedwater line break.

5.5.8.4 Acceptance Criteria

a. As used in this Specification:

1. Imperfection means an exception to the dimensions, finish or contour of a tube from that required by fabrication drawings or specifications. Eddy-current testing indications below 20% of the nominal tube wall thickness, if detectable, may be considered as imperfections.

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5.5.8.4 Acceptance Criteria

a. (continued)

2. Degradation means a service-induced cracking, wastage, wear or general corrosion occurring on either inside or outside of a tube.
3. Degraded Tube means a tube containing imperfections > 20% of the nominal wall thickness caused by degradation.
4. % Degradation means the percentage of the tube wall thickness affected or removed by degradation.
5. Defect means an imperfection of such severity that it exceeds the plugging limit. A tube containing a defect is defective.
6. Plugging Limit means the imperfection depth at or beyond which the tube shall be removed from service because it may become unserviceable prior to the next inspection and is equal to 40% of the nominal tube wall thickness.
7. Unserviceable describes the condition of a tube if it leaks or contains a defect large enough to affect its structural integrity in the event of an Operating Basis Earthquake, a loss-of-coolant accident, or a steam line or feedwater line break as specified in 5.5.8.3.c, above.
8. Tube Inspection means an inspection of the steam generator tube from the point of entry completely around the U-bend to the top support.
9. Preservice Inspection means an inspection of the full length of each tube in each steam generator performed by eddy-current techniques prior to service to establish a baseline condition of the tubing. This inspection shall be performed using the equipment and techniques expected to be used during subsequent inservice inspection.

- b. The steam generator shall be determined OPERABLE after completing the corresponding actions (plug all tubes exceeding the plugging limit and all tubes containing through-wall cracks) required by Table 5.5.8-2.

Table 5.5.8-1
Minimum Number of Steam Generators to Be Inspected
During Inservice Inspection

Preservice Inspection	No			Yes		
	Two	Three	Four	Two	Three	Four
No. of Steam Generators per Unit						
First Inservice Inspection	All			One	Two	Two
Second & Subsequent Inservice Inspection	One ¹			One ¹	One ²	One ³

Table Notation:

1. The inservice inspection may be limited to one steam generator on a rotating schedule encompassing 3N% of the tubes (where N is the number of steam generators in the unit) if the results of the first or previous inspections indicate that all steam generators are performing in a like manner. Note that under some circumstances, the operating conditions in one or more steam generators may be found to be more severe than those in other steam generators. Under such circumstances the sample sequence shall be modified to inspect the most severe conditions.
2. The other steam generator not inspected during the first inservice inspection shall be inspected. The third and subsequent inspections should follow the instructions described in 1 above.
3. Each of the other two steam generators not inspected during the first inservice inspections shall be inspected during the second and third inspections. The fourth and subsequent inspections shall follow the instructions described in 1 above.

Table 5.5.8-2
Steam Generator Tube Inspection

1st Sample Inspection			2nd Sample Inspection		3rd Sample Inspection	
Sample Size	Result	Action Required	Result	Action Required	Result	Action Required
A minimum of S Tubes per SG	C-1	None	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	C-2	Plug defective tubes and inspect additional 2S tubes in SG	C-1	None	N/A	N/A
			C-2	Plug defective tubes and inspect additional 4S tubes in SG	C-1	None
					C-2	Plug defective tubes
			C-3	Perform action for C-3 result of first sample	C-3	Perform action for C-3 result of first sample
					N/A	N/A
	C-3	Inspect all tubes in this SG, plug defective tubes and inspect 2S tubes in each other SG	All other SGs are C-1	None	N/A	N/A
			Some SGs C-2 but no additional SG are C-3	Perform action for C-2 result of second sample	N/A	N/A
			Additional SG is C-3	Inspect all tubes in each SG and plug defective tubes	N/A	N/A

$S = 3[N/n]\%$

Where N is the number of steam generators in the unit, and n is the number of steam generators inspected during an inspection.

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5.5.9 Secondary Water Chemistry Program

This program provides controls for monitoring secondary water chemistry to inhibit SG tube degradation and low pressure turbine disc stress corrosion cracking. The program shall include:

- a. Identification of a sampling schedule for the critical variables and control points for these variables;
- b. Identification of the procedures used to measure the values of the critical variables;
- c. Identification of process sampling points, which shall include monitoring the discharge of the condensate pumps for evidence of condenser in leakage;
- d. Procedures for the recording and management of data;
- e. Procedures defining corrective actions for all off control point chemistry conditions; and
- f. A procedure identifying the authority responsible for the interpretation of the data and the sequence and timing of administrative events, which is required to initiate corrective action.

5.5.10 Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)

A program shall be established to implement the following required testing of Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) filter ventilation systems in general conformance with the frequencies and requirements of Regulatory Positions C.5.a, C.5.c, C.5.d, and C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, and ANSI N510-1975.

- a. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an inplace test of the high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters shows a penetration and system bypass < 1.0% when tested in accordance
(continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.10 Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)

a. (continued)

with Regulatory Positions C.5.a and C.5.c of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, and ANSI N510-1975 at the system flowrate specified below.

<u>ESF Ventilation System</u>	<u>Flowrate</u>
Main Control Room/Emergency Switchgear Room (MCR/ESGR) Emergency Ventilation System (EVS)	1000 ± 10% cfm
Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) Pump Room Exhaust Air Cleanup System (PREACS)	Nominal accident flow for a single train actuation

Nominal accident flow for a single train actuation is greater than the minimum required cooling flow for ECCS equipment operation, and ≤ 39,200 cfm, which is the maximum flow rate providing an adequate residence time within the charcoal adsorber.

- b. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that an inplace test of the charcoal adsorber shows a penetration and system bypass < 1.0% when tested in accordance with Regulatory Positions C.5.a and C.5.d of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, and ANSI N510-1975 at the system flowrate specified below.

<u>ESF Ventilation System</u>	<u>Flowrate</u>
MCR/ESGR EVS	1000 ± 10% cfm
ECCS PREACS	Nominal accident flow for a single train actuation

Nominal accident flow for a single train actuation is greater than the minimum required cooling flow for ECCS equipment operation, and ≤ 39,200 cfm, which is the maximum flow rate providing an adequate residence time within the charcoal adsorber.

- c. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that a laboratory test of a sample of the charcoal adsorber, when obtained as described in Regulatory Position C.6.b of Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 2, March 1978, shows the methyl iodide penetration less than the
(continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.10 Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)

c. (continued)

value specified below when tested in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 at a temperature of 30°C (86°F) and relative humidity specified below.

<u>ESF Ventilation System</u>	<u>Penetration</u>	<u>RH</u>
MCR/ESGR EVS	2.5%	70%
ECCS PREACS	5%	70%

- d. Demonstrate for each of the ESF systems that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filters, the prefilters, and the charcoal adsorbers is less than the value specified below when tested in accordance with ANSI N510-1975 at the system flowrate specified below.

<u>ESF Ventilation System</u>	<u>Delta P</u>	<u>Flowrate</u>
MCR/ESGR EVS	4 inches W.G.	1000 ± 10% cfm
ECCS PREACS	5 inches W.G.	≤ 39,200 cfm

- e. Demonstrate that the heaters for each of the ESF systems dissipate ≥ the value specified below when tested in accordance with ASME N510-1975.

<u>ESF Ventilation System</u>	<u>Wattage</u>
MCR/ESGR EVS	3.5 kW

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the VFTP test frequencies.

5.5.11 Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program

This program provides controls for potentially explosive gas mixtures contained in the Gaseous Waste System, the quantity of radioactivity contained in gas storage tanks, and the quantity of radioactivity contained in unprotected outdoor liquid storage tanks. The gaseous radioactivity quantities shall be determined following the methodology in Branch Technical Position (BTP) ETSB 11-5, "Postulated Radioactive Release due to Waste Gas System Leak or

(continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.11 Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program (continued)

Failure". The liquid radwaste quantities shall be determined in accordance with Standard Review Plan, Section 15.7.3, "Postulated Radioactive Release due to Tank Failures".

The program shall include:

- a. The limits for concentrations of hydrogen and oxygen in the Gaseous Waste System and a surveillance program to ensure the limits are maintained. Such limits shall be appropriate to the system's design criteria (i.e., whether or not the system is designed to withstand a hydrogen explosion);
- b. A surveillance program to ensure that the quantity of radioactivity contained in each gas storage tank is less than the amount that would result in a whole body exposure of ≥ 0.5 rem to any individual in an unrestricted area, in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents; and
- c. A surveillance program to ensure that the quantity of radioactivity contained in each of the following outdoor tanks that are not surrounded by liners, dikes, or walls, capable of holding the tanks' contents and that do not have tank overflows and surrounding area drains liquid radwaste ion exchanger system is less than the amount that would result in concentrations greater than the limits of 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, excluding tritium, at the nearest potable water supply and the nearest surface water supply in an unrestricted area, in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents:
 1. Refueling Water Storage Tank;
 2. Casing Cooling Storage Tank;
 3. PG Water Storage Tank;
 4. Boron Recovery Test Tank; and
 5. Any Outside Temporary Tank.

The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Explosive Gas and Storage Tank Radioactivity Monitoring Program surveillance frequencies.

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.12 Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program

A diesel fuel oil testing program to implement required testing of both new fuel oil and stored fuel oil shall be established. The program shall include sampling and testing requirements, and acceptance criteria, all in accordance with applicable ASTM Standards. The purpose of the program is to establish the following:

- a. Acceptability of new fuel oil for use prior to addition to storage tanks by determining that the fuel oil has:
 1. an API gravity or an absolute specific gravity within limits,
 2. a flash point and kinematic viscosity within limits for ASTM 2D fuel oil, and
 3. water and sediment $\leq 0.05\%$.
- b. Within 31 days following addition of the new fuel oil to storage tanks verify that the properties of the new fuel oil, other than those addressed in a. above, are within limits for ASTM 2D fuel oil;
- c. Total particulate concentration of the stored fuel oil is ≤ 10 mg/l when tested every 92 days in accordance with ASTM D-2276, Method A-2 or A-3; and
- d. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Diesel Fuel Oil Testing Program testing Frequencies.

5.5.13 Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program

This program provides a means for processing changes to the Bases of these Technical Specifications.

- a. Changes to the Bases of the TS shall be made under appropriate administrative controls and reviews.
 - b. Licensees may make changes to Bases without prior NRC approval provided the changes do not require either of the following:
 1. a change in the TS incorporated in the license; or
- (continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.13 Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program (continued)

b. (continued)

2. a change to the UFSAR or Bases that requires NRC approval pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
- c. The Bases Control Program shall contain provisions to ensure that the Bases are maintained consistent with the UFSAR.
- d. Proposed changes that meet the criteria of Specification 5.5.13b above shall be reviewed and approved by the NRC prior to implementation. Changes to the Bases implemented without prior NRC approval shall be provided to the NRC on a frequency consistent with 10 CFR 50.71(e).

5.5.14 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)

This program ensures loss of safety function is detected and appropriate actions taken. Upon entry into LCO 3.0.6, an evaluation shall be made to determine if loss of safety function exists. Additionally, other appropriate actions may be taken as a result of the support system inoperability and corresponding exception to entering supported system Condition and Required Actions. This program implements the requirements of LCO 3.0.6. The SFDP shall contain the following:

- a. Provisions for cross train checks to ensure a loss of the capability to perform the safety function assumed in the accident analysis does not go undetected;
- b. Provisions for ensuring the plant is maintained in a safe condition if a loss of function condition exists;
- c. Provisions to ensure that an inoperable supported system's Completion Time is not inappropriately extended as a result of multiple support system inoperabilities; and
- d. Other appropriate limitations and remedial or compensatory actions.

A loss of safety function exists when, assuming no concurrent single failure, no concurrent loss of offsite power or loss of onsite diesel generator(s), a safety function assumed in the accident
(continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.14 Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP) (continued)

analysis cannot be performed. For the purpose of this program, a loss of safety function may exist when a support system is inoperable, and:

- a. A required system redundant to the system(s) supported by the inoperable support system is also inoperable; or
- b. A required system redundant to the system(s) in turn supported by the inoperable supported system is also inoperable; or
- c. A required system redundant to the support system(s) for the supported systems (a) and (b) above is also inoperable.

The SFDP identifies where a loss of safety function exists. If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered. When a loss of safety function is caused by the inoperability of a single Technical Specification support system, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions to enter are those of the support system.

5.5.15 Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

- a. A program shall establish the leakage rate testing of the containment as required by 10 CFR 50.54(o) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B, as modified by approved exemptions. This program shall be in accordance with the guidelines contained in Regulatory Guide 1.163, "Performance-Based Containment Leak-Test Program," dated September 1995.
- b. The calculated peak containment internal pressure for the design basis loss of coolant accident, P_a , is 44.1 psig. The containment design pressure is 45 psig.
- c. The maximum allowable containment leakage rate, L_a , at P_a , shall be 0.1% of containment air weight per day.

(continued)

5.5 Programs and Manuals

5.5.15 Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program (continued)

d. Leakage Rate acceptance criteria are:

1. Prior to entering a MODE where containment OPERABILITY is required, the containment leakage rate acceptance criteria are:

$\leq 0.60 L_a$ for the Type B and Type C tests on a Maximum Path Basis and $\leq 0.75 L_a$ for Type A tests.

During operation where containment OPERABILITY is required, the containment leakage rate acceptance criteria are:

$\leq 1.0 L_a$ for overall containment leakage rate and $\leq 0.60 L_a$ for the Type B and Type C tests on a Minimum Path Basis.

2. Overall air lock leakage rate testing acceptance criterion is $\leq 0.05 L_a$ when tested at $\geq P_a$.

e. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.

f. Nothing in these Technical Specifications shall be construed to modify the testing Frequencies required by 10 CFR 50, Appendix J.

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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.6 Reporting Requirements

The following reports shall be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4.

5.6.1 Occupational Radiation Exposure Report

-----NOTE-----
A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine sections common to all units at the station.

A tabulation on an annual basis of the number of station, utility, and other personnel (including contractors), for whom monitoring was performed, receiving an annual deep dose equivalent > 100 mrem and the associated collective deep dose equivalent (reported in person-rem) according to work and job functions, e.g., reactor operations and surveillance, inservice inspection, routine maintenance, special maintenance (describe maintenance), waste processing, and refueling. This tabulation supplements the requirements of 10 CFR 20.2206. The dose assignments to various duty functions may be estimated based on pocket ionization chamber, thermoluminescence dosimeter (TLD), electronic dosimeter, or film badge measurements. Small exposures totaling < 20 percent of the individual total dose need not be accounted for. In the aggregate, at least 80 percent of the total deep dose equivalent received from external sources should be assigned to specific major work functions. The report covering the previous calendar year shall be submitted by April 30 of each year.

5.6.2 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

-----NOTE-----
A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine sections common to all units at the station.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted by May 1 of each year. The report shall include summaries, interpretations, and analyses of trends of the results of the radiological environmental monitoring program for the reporting period. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), and in 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Sections IV.B.2, IV.B.3, and IV.C.
(continued)

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.2 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (continued)

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include the results of analyses of all radiological environmental samples and of all environmental radiation measurements taken during the period pursuant to the locations specified in the table and figures in the ODCM, as well as summarized and tabulated results of these analyses and measurements commensurate with the format in the ODCM. In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted in a supplementary report as soon as possible.

5.6.3 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

-----NOTE-----
A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal shall combine sections common to all units at the station; however, for units with separate radwaste systems, the submittal shall specify the releases of radioactive material from each unit.

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of the unit in the previous year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year in accordance with 10 CFR 50.36a. The report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the ODCM and Process Control Program and in conformance with 10 CFR 50.36a and 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

5.6.4 Monthly Operating Reports

Routine reports of operating statistics and shutdown experience shall be submitted on a monthly basis no later than the 15th of each month following the calendar month covered by the report.

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle, and shall be documented in the COLR for the following:

1. Safety Limits,
2. SHUTDOWN MARGIN,

(continued)

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

a. (continued)

3. Moderator Temperature Coefficient,
4. Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits,
5. Control Bank Insertion Limits,
6. AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE limits,
7. Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor,
8. Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor,
9. Power Factor Multiplier,
10. Reactor Trip System Instrumentation - OTAT and OPAT Trip Parameters,
11. RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow DNB Limits, and
12. Boron Concentration.

b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:

1. VEP-FRD-42, "Reload Nuclear Design Methodology."
2. WCAP-9220-P-A, "WESTINGHOUSE ECCS EVALUATION MODEL-1981 VERSION."
3. WCAP-9561-P-A, "BART A-1: A COMPUTER CODE FOR THE BEST ESTIMATE ANALYSIS OF REFLOOD TRANSIENTS-SPECIAL REPORT: THIMBLE MODELING IN W ECCS EVALUATION MODEL."
4. WCAP-10266-P-A, "The 1981 Version of the Westinghouse ECCS Evaluation Model Using the BASH Code."
5. WCAP-10054-P-A, "Westinghouse Small Break ECCS Evaluation Model Using the NOTRUMP Code."

(continued)

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.5 CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

b. (continued)

6. WCAP-10079-P-A, "NOTRUMP, A Nodal Transient Small Break and General Network Code."
7. WCAP-12610, "VANTAGE+ FUEL ASSEMBLY-REFERENCE CORE REPORT."
8. VEP-NE-2-A, "Statistical DNBR Evaluation Methodology."
9. VEP-NE-3-A, "Qualification of the WRB-1 CHF Correlation in the Virginia Power COBRA Code."
10. VEP-NE-1-A, "VEPCO Relaxed Power Distribution Control Methodology and Associated FQ Surveillance Technical Specifications."
11. WCAP-8745-P-A, "Design Bases for Thermal Overpower Delta-T and Thermal Overtemperature Delta-T Trip Function."
12. WCAP-14483-A, "Generic Methodology for Expanded Core Operating Limits Report."

c. The core operating limits shall be determined such that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermal mechanical limits, core thermal hydraulic limits, Emergency Core Cooling Systems (ECCS) limits, nuclear limits such as SDM, transient analysis limits, and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.

d. The COLR, including any midcycle revisions or supplements, shall be provided upon issuance for each reload cycle to the NRC.

5.6.6 PAM Report

When a report is required by Condition B of LCO 3.3.3, "Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation," a report shall be submitted within the following 14 days. The report shall outline the cause of the inoperability, and the plans and schedule for restoring the instrumentation channels of the Function to OPERABLE status.

5.6 Reporting Requirements

5.6.7 Steam Generator Tube Inspection Report

- a. Following each inservice inspection of steam generator tubes, the number of tubes plugged in each steam generator shall be reported to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission within 15 days.
 - b. The complete results of the steam generator tube inservice inspection shall be reported to the NRC by March 1 of each year for the previous calendar year. This report shall include:
 1. Number and extent of tubes inspected.
 2. Location and percent of wall-thickness penetration for each indication of an imperfection.
 3. Identification of tubes plugged.
 - c. Results of steam generator tube inspections that fall into Category C-3 require prompt notification of the Commission pursuant to Section 50.72 to 10 CFR Part 50. A Licensee Event Report shall be submitted pursuant to Section 50.73 to 10 CFR Part 50 and shall provide a description of investigations conducted to determine cause of the tube degradation and corrective measures taken to prevent recurrence.
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5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.7 High Radiation Area

As provided in paragraph 20.1601(c) of 10 CFR Part 20, the following controls shall be applied to high radiation areas in place of the controls required by paragraph 20.1601(a) and (b) of 10 CFR Part 20:

5.7.1 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation

- a. Each entryway to such an area shall be barricaded and conspicuously posted as a high radiation area. Such barricades may be opened as necessary to permit entry or exit of personnel or equipment.
- b. Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of Radiation Work Permit (RWP) or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
- c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures and personnel continuously escorted by such individuals may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing their assigned duties provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.
- d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 1. A radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; or
 2. A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation dose rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint, or
 3. A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose information to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area, or

(continued)

5.7 High Radiation Area

5.7.1 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Not Exceeding 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation

d. (continued)

4. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,

(i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel exposure within the area, or

(ii) Be under the surveillance as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with individuals in the area who are covered by such surveillance.

e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures, or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them. These continuously escorted personnel will receive a pre-job briefing prior to entry into such areas. This dose rate determination, knowledge, and pre-job briefing does not require documentation prior to initial entry.

5.7 High Radiation Area

5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation, but less than 500 rads/hour at 1 Meter from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation

- a. Each entryway to such an area shall be conspicuously posted as a high radiation area and shall be provided with a locked or continuously guarded door or gate that prevents unauthorized entry, and, in addition:
 1. All such door and gate keys shall be maintained under the administrative control of the radiation protection shift supervisor, radiation protection manager, or his or her designee.
 2. Doors and gates shall remain locked except during periods of personnel or equipment entry or exit.
- b. Access to, and activities in, each such area shall be controlled by means of an RWP or equivalent that includes specification of radiation dose rates in the immediate work area(s) and other appropriate radiation protection equipment and measures.
- c. Individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures may be exempted from the requirement for an RWP or equivalent while performing radiation surveys in such areas provided that they are otherwise following plant radiation protection procedures for entry to, exit from, and work in such areas.
- d. Each individual or group entering such an area shall possess:
 1. A radiation monitoring device that continuously integrates the radiation rates in the area and alarms when the device's dose alarm setpoint is reached, with an appropriate alarm setpoint, or
 2. A radiation monitoring device that continuously transmits dose rate and cumulative dose information to a remote receiver monitored by radiation protection personnel responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure within the area with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area, or

(continued)

5.7 High Radiation Area

5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation, but less than 500 rads/hour at 1 Meter from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation

d. (continued)

3. A self-reading dosimeter (e.g., pocket ionization chamber or electronic dosimeter) and,

(i) Be under the surveillance, as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, of an individual qualified in radiation protection procedures, equipped with a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area; who is responsible for controlling personnel exposure within the area, or

(ii) Be under the surveillance as specified in the RWP or equivalent, while in the area, by means of closed circuit television, of personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures, responsible for controlling personnel radiation exposure in the area, and with the means to communicate with and control every individual in the area.

4. In those cases where options (2) and (3), above, are impractical or determined to be inconsistent with the "As Low As is Reasonably Achievable" principle, a radiation monitoring device that continuously displays radiation dose rates in the area.

e. Except for individuals qualified in radiation protection procedures, or personnel continuously escorted by such individuals, entry into such areas shall be made only after dose rates in the area have been determined and entry personnel are knowledgeable of them. These continuously escorted personnel will receive a pre-job briefing prior to entry into such areas. This dose rate determination, knowledge, and pre-job briefing does not require documentation prior to initial entry.

f. Such individual areas that are within a larger area where no enclosure exists for the purpose of locking and where no enclosure can reasonably be constructed around the individual

(continued)

5.7 High Radiation Area

5.7.2 High Radiation Areas with Dose Rates Greater than 1.0 rem/hour at 30 Centimeters from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation, but less than 500 rads/hour at 1 Meter from the Radiation Source or from any Surface Penetrated by the Radiation

f. (continued)

area need not be controlled by a locked door or gate, nor continuously guarded, but shall be barricaded, conspicuously posted, and a clearly visible flashing light shall be activated at the area as a warning device.

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