

proj. 712



Global Nuclear Fuel

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A Joint Venture of GE, Toshiba, & Hitachi

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September 25, 2001
FLN-2001-018

Document Control Desk
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555-0001

Attention: Chief, Information Management Branch
Program Management
Policy Development and Analysis Staff

Attention: J. Donoghue

Subject: ***GEXL14 Correlation for GE14 Fuel, NEDC-32851P Revision 2, and GEXL10 Correlation for GE12 Fuel with Inconel Spacer, NEDC-32464P Revision 2***

Based on previous discussions with the staff following a review of the GE14 GEXL correlation, the subject reports are being submitted for your review. The GEXL correlation statistics for the GNF 10x10 fuel designs (GE12 and GE14) have been modified to be based on experimental data alone and additional testing of the GE14 fuel design has been included. This has resulted in a change to the GEXL correlation statistics used in the determination of the MCPR Safety Limit in accordance with GESTAR II for plants using the GE14 fuel designs. Evaluation of the GEXL correlation statistics for GE12 also changed but a conservative uncertainty had been applied in the past and the revised uncertainty is still within the original conservative value.

Information contained in the reports is classified as proprietary to GNF. The proprietary information is of the type that GNF maintains in confidence and withholds from public disclosure. It has been handled and classified as proprietary to GNF as indicated in the affidavit attached. We hereby request that this information be withheld from public disclosure in accordance with the provisions of 10CFR2.790.

The review should be assigned to Project 712, reflecting application to GNF. If you have further questions, please give me a call.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Glen A. Watford', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Glen A. Watford, Manager
Fuel Engineering Services
(910) 675-5446

Dobly

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cc: R. Caruso (NRC)
J. F. Klapproth (GE)



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Affidavit

I, Glen A. Watford, being duly sworn, depose and state as follows:

- (1) I am Manager, Fuel Engineering Services, Global Nuclear Fuel – Americas, L.L.C. (“GNF-A”) and have been delegated the function of reviewing the information described in paragraph (2) which is sought to be withheld, and have been authorized to apply for its withholding.
- (2) The information sought to be withheld is contained in the attached reports, “*GEXL14 Correlation for GE14 Fuel*,” NEDC-32851P Revision 2, and “*GEXL10 Correlation for GE12 Fuel with Inconel Spacer*,” NEDC-32464P Revision 2.
- (3) In making this application for withholding of proprietary information of which it is the owner or licensee, GNF-A relies upon the exemption from disclosure set forth in the Freedom of Information Act (“FOIA”), 5 USC Sec. 552(b)(4), and the Trade Secrets Act, 18 USC Sec. 1905, and NRC regulations 10 CFR 9.17(a)(4) and 2.790(a)(4) for “trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential” (Exemption 4). The material for which exemption from disclosure is here sought is all “confidential commercial information,” and some portions also qualify under the narrower definition of “trade secret,” within the meanings assigned to those terms for purposes of FOIA Exemption 4 in, respectively, Critical Mass Energy Project v. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 975F2d871 (DC Cir. 1992), and Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704F2d1280 (DC Cir. 1983).
- (4) Some examples of categories of information which fit into the definition of proprietary information are:
 - a. Information that discloses a process, method, or apparatus, including supporting data and analyses, where prevention of its use by GNF-A’s competitors without license from GNF-A constitutes a competitive economic advantage over other companies;
 - b. Information which, if used by a competitor, would reduce his expenditure of resources or improve his competitive position in the design, manufacture, shipment, installation, assurance of quality, or licensing of a similar product;
 - c. Information which reveals cost or price information, production capacities, budget levels, or commercial strategies of GNF-A, its customers, or its suppliers;
 - d. Information which reveals aspects of past, present, or future GNF-A customer-funded development plans and programs, of potential commercial value to GNF-A;
 - e. Information which discloses patentable subject matter for which it may be desirable to obtain patent protection.The information sought to be withheld is considered to be proprietary for the reasons set forth in paragraphs (4)a. and (4)b., above.
- (5) The information sought to be withheld is being submitted to NRC in confidence. The information is of a sort customarily held in confidence by GNF-A, and is in fact so held. Its initial designation as proprietary information, and the subsequent steps taken to prevent its unauthorized disclosure, are as set forth in (6) and (7) following. The information sought to be withheld has, to the best of

my knowledge and belief, consistently been held in confidence by GNF-A, no public disclosure has been made, and it is not available in public sources. All disclosures to third parties including any required transmittals to NRC, have been made, or must be made, pursuant to regulatory provisions or proprietary agreements which provide for maintenance of the information in confidence.

- (6) Initial approval of proprietary treatment of a document is made by the manager of the originating component, the person most likely to be acquainted with the value and sensitivity of the information in relation to industry knowledge, or subject to the terms under which it was licensed to GNF-A. Access to such documents within GNF-A is limited on a "need to know" basis.
- (7) The procedure for approval of external release of such a document typically requires review by the staff manager, project manager, principal scientist or other equivalent authority, by the manager of the cognizant marketing function (or his delegate), and by the Legal Operation, for technical content, competitive effect, and determination of the accuracy of the proprietary designation. Disclosures outside GNF-A are limited to regulatory bodies, customers, and potential customers, and their agents, suppliers, and licensees, and others with a legitimate need for the information, and then only in accordance with appropriate regulatory provisions or proprietary agreements.
- (8) The information identified in paragraph (2) is classified as proprietary because it contains details of GNF-A's fuel design and licensing methodology.

The development of the methods used in these analyses, along with the testing, development and approval of the supporting methodology was achieved at a significant cost, on the order of several million dollars, to GNF-A or its licensor.

- (9) Public disclosure of the information sought to be withheld is likely to cause substantial harm to GNF-A's competitive position and foreclose or reduce the availability of profit-making opportunities. The fuel design and licensing methodology is part of GNF-A's comprehensive BWR safety and technology base, and its commercial value extends beyond the original development cost. The value of the technology base goes beyond the extensive physical database and analytical methodology and includes development of the expertise to determine and apply the appropriate evaluation process. In addition, the technology base includes the value derived from providing analyses done with NRC-approved methods.

The research, development, engineering, analytical, and NRC review costs comprise a substantial investment of time and money by GNF-A or its licensor.

The precise value of the expertise to devise an evaluation process and apply the correct analytical methodology is difficult to quantify, but it clearly is substantial.

GNF-A's competitive advantage will be lost if its competitors are able to use the results of the GNF-A experience to normalize or verify their own process or if they are able to claim an equivalent understanding by demonstrating that they can arrive at the same or similar conclusions.

The value of this information to GNF-A would be lost if the information were disclosed to the public. Making such information available to competitors without their having been required to undertake a similar expenditure of resources would unfairly provide competitors with a windfall, and deprive GNF-A of the opportunity to exercise its competitive advantage to seek an adequate return on its large investment in developing and obtaining these very valuable analytical tools.

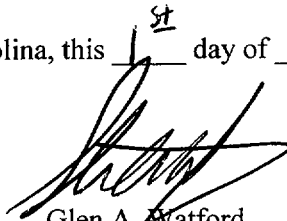
Affidavit

State of North Carolina)
County of New Hanover) SS:

Glen A. Watford, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

That he has read the foregoing affidavit and the matters stated therein are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief.

Executed at Wilmington, North Carolina, this 1st day of October, 2001



Glen A. Watford
Global Nuclear Fuel – Americas, LLC

Subscribed and sworn before me this 1st day of October, 2001



Notary Public, State of North Carolina

My Commission Expires Feb. 6, 2006