



U.S. Department of Energy
Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management

Engineered Barrier System Environments- Thermal Hydrology & Near-Field Host Rock Chemical Environment

Presented to:

**NRC/DOE Technical Exchange on Total System
Performance Assessment (TSPA) for Yucca Mountain
San Antonio, Texas**

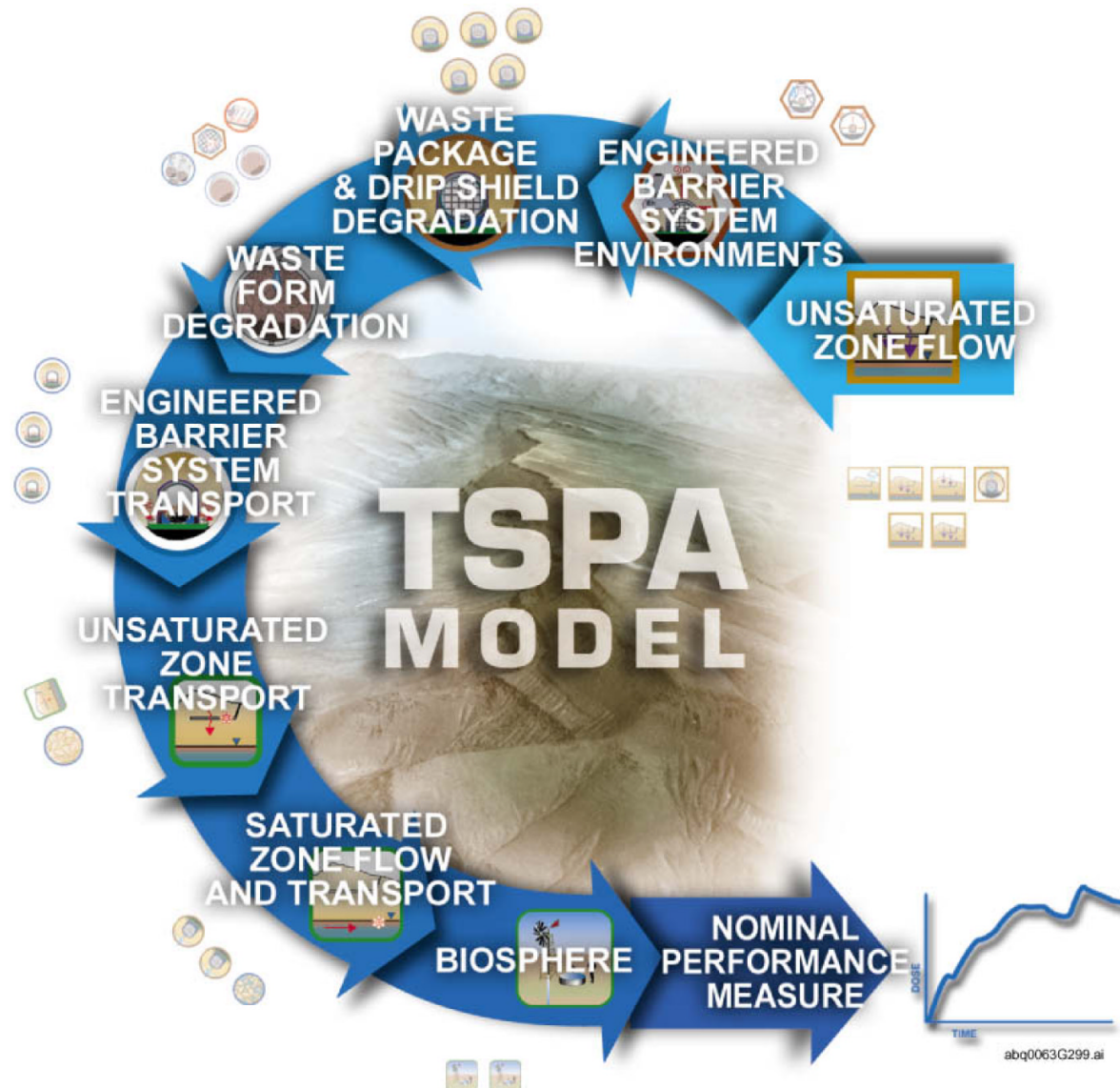
Presented by:

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June 6, 2000

**YUCCA
MOUNTAIN
PROJECT**

TSPA-SR Nominal Scenario



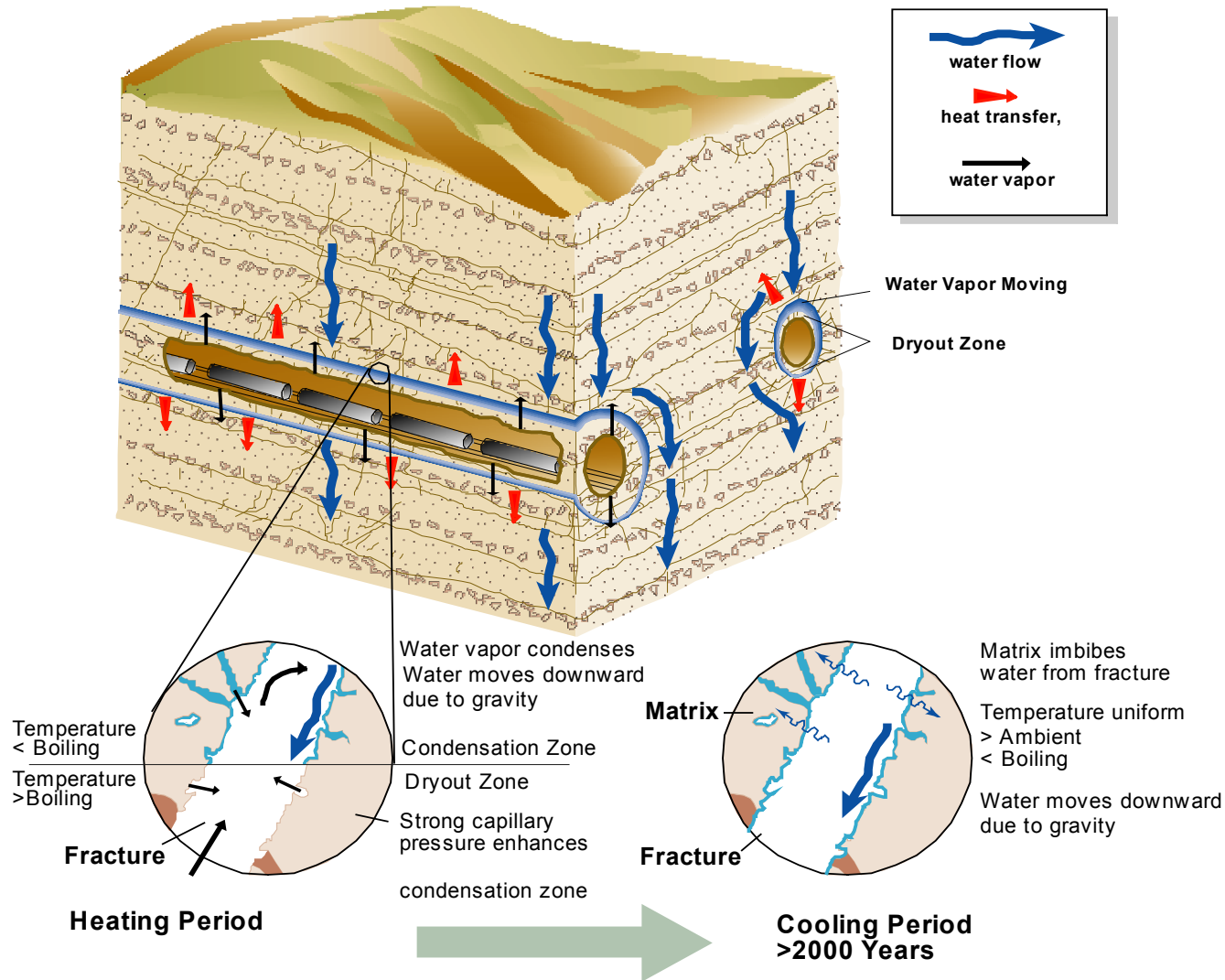
Key Technical Issues

- **Relevant Integrated Subissues from the Total System Performance Assessment and Integration Issue Resolution Status Report Rev. 2 include:**
 - **Quantity and Chemistry of Water Contacting Waste Packages and Waste Form**
- **Other relevant acceptance criteria may be found in the following Issue Resolution Status Reports:**
 - **Thermal Effects on Flow**
 - **Evolution of the Near-Field Environment**
- **The Engineered Barrier System Degradation, Flow, and Transport Process Model Report (PMR) and Near-Field Environment PMR address acceptance criteria related to this topic and will be discussed at a Technical Exchange scheduled for September 7, 2000.**

TSPA-SR Nominal Scenario

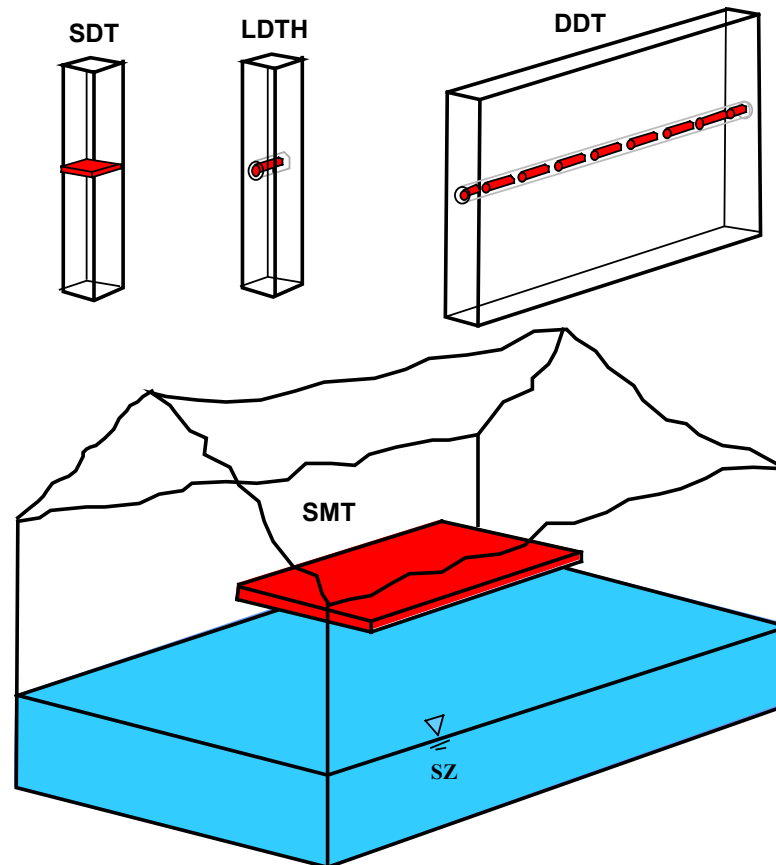
- **Primary Attributes of Repository Performance Addressed in Engineered Barrier System Environment**
 - **Water Contacting Waste Package**
 - ◆ **Percolation Flux Affected by Thermal-Hydrological (TH) Process**
 - ◆ **Seepage Composition Affected by Thermal-Hydrological-Chemical (THC) Process**
 - **Waste Package Lifetime**
 - ◆ **Temperature and Relative Humidity on Drip Shield and Waste Package**
 - ◆ **Evaporation Rate at Drip Shield and in Invert**
 - ◆ **Volume Flow of Water at Drip Shield and in Invert**

Conceptualization



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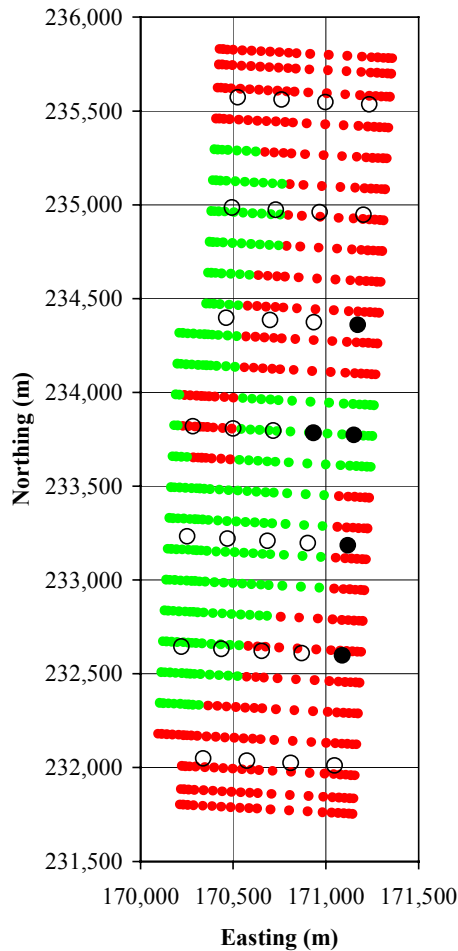
Multiscale TH Model Components



- SDT = Smeared-Heat-Source Drift-Scale Thermal-Conduction Submodel**
- LDTH = Line-Averaged-Heat-Source Drift-Scale Thermal Hydrologic Submodel**
- DDT = Discrete-Heat-Source Drift-Scale Thermal-Conduction Submodel**
- SMT = Smeared-Heat-Source Mountain-Scale Thermal-Conduction Submodel**

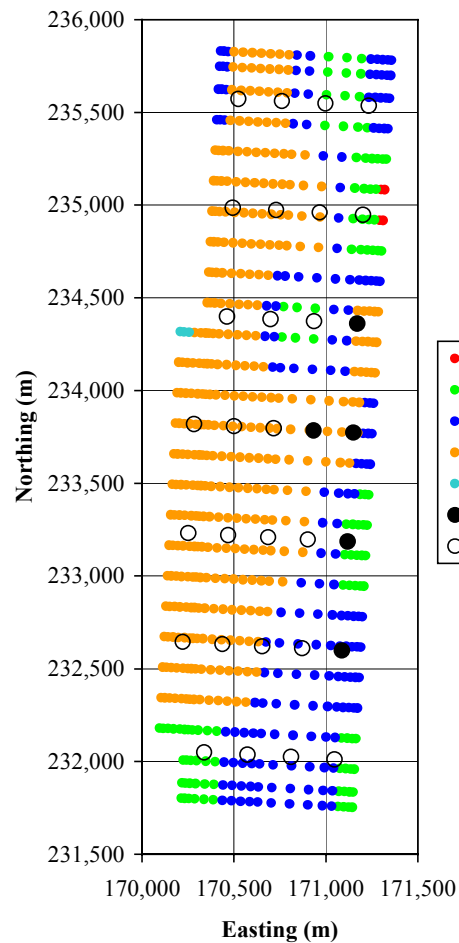
TSPA-SR Abstraction-TH

610 Low Glacial Infiltration Bin Locations



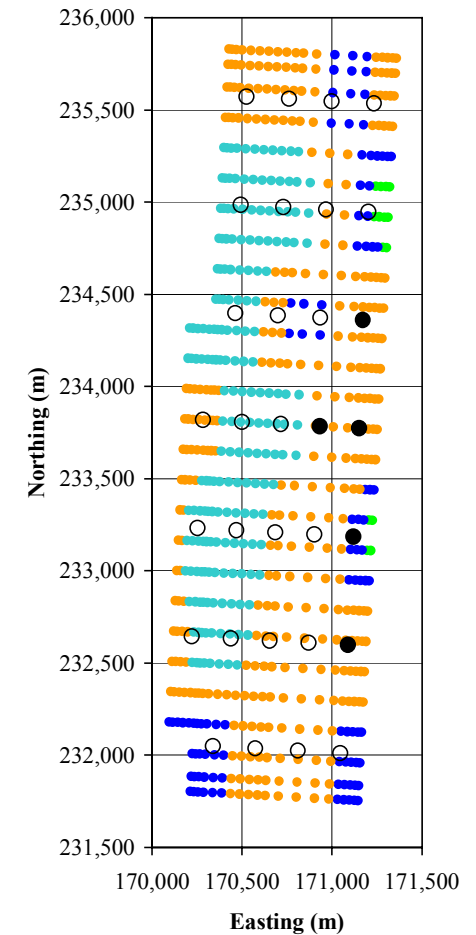
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610 Medium Glacial Infiltration Bin Locations



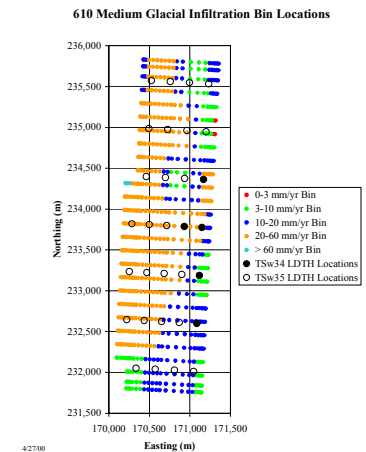
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610 High Glacial Infiltration Bin Locations



TSPA-SR Abstraction-TH (continued)

- **610 Location Dependent Results Abstracted Directly from the Multiscale TH Model**
 - Temperature and Relative Humidity at
 - ◆ Drip Shield
 - ◆ Waste Package
 - Percolation Flux Above the Crown
- **TH Process Model Features**
 - Repository Edge and Center Proximity
 - Infiltration Rate Variability and Uncertainty
 - Two Future Climate States
 - Repository Design without Backfill



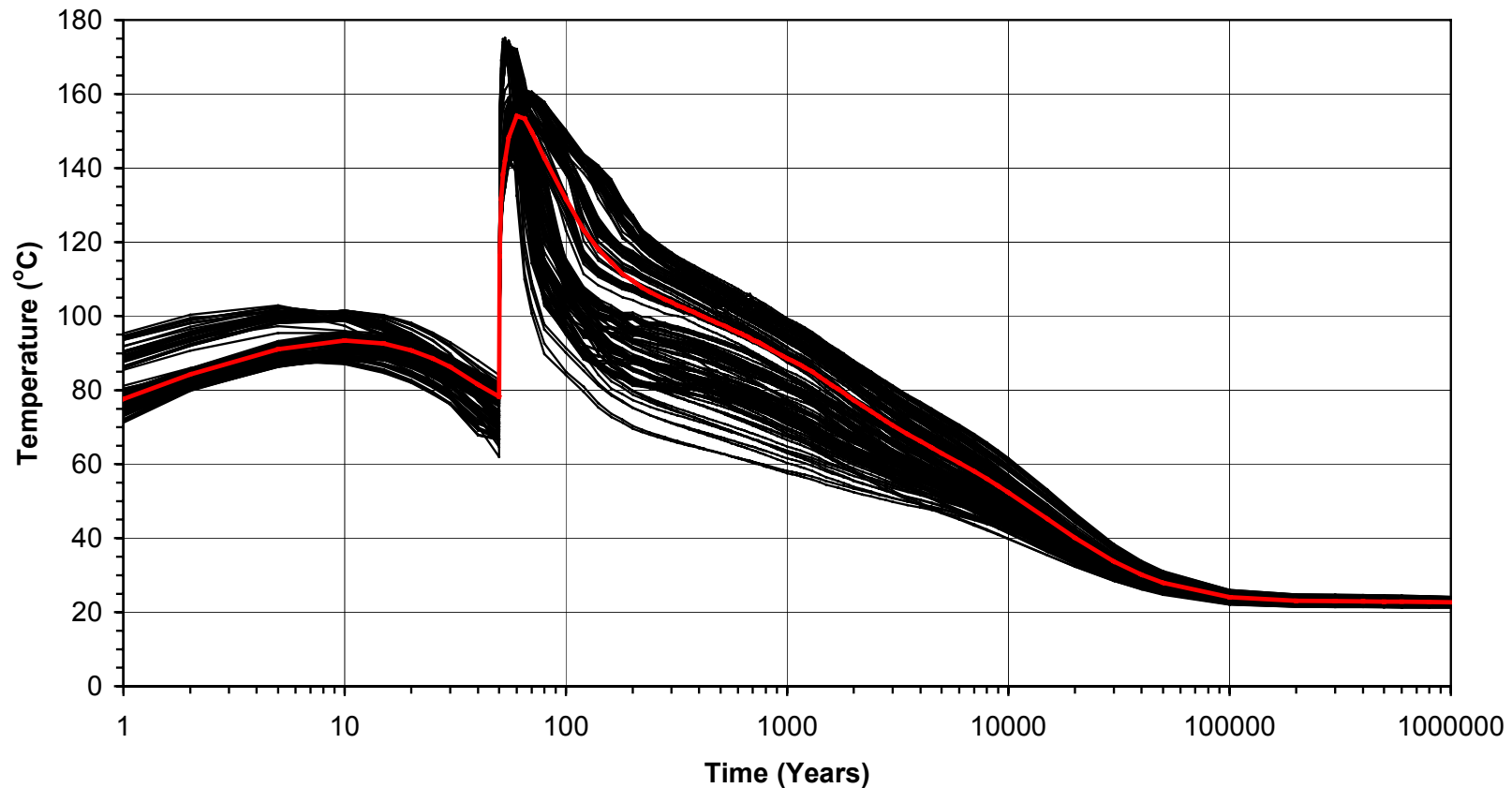
TSPA-SR Abstraction-TH (continued)

- **Infiltration Rate Bin Averaged Results Computed from the Multiscale TH Model Results**
 - **Temperature and Relative Humidity at**
 - ♦ **Drift Wall**
 - ♦ **Drip Shield**
 - ♦ **Waste Package**
 - ♦ **Invert**
 - **Water Flow Rate and Evaporation Rate**
 - ♦ **Invert**
 - **Infiltration Bin Maximum Waste Package Temperature (not an average)**
 - **Liquid Saturation in Invert**

TSPA-SR Abstraction-TH

(continued)

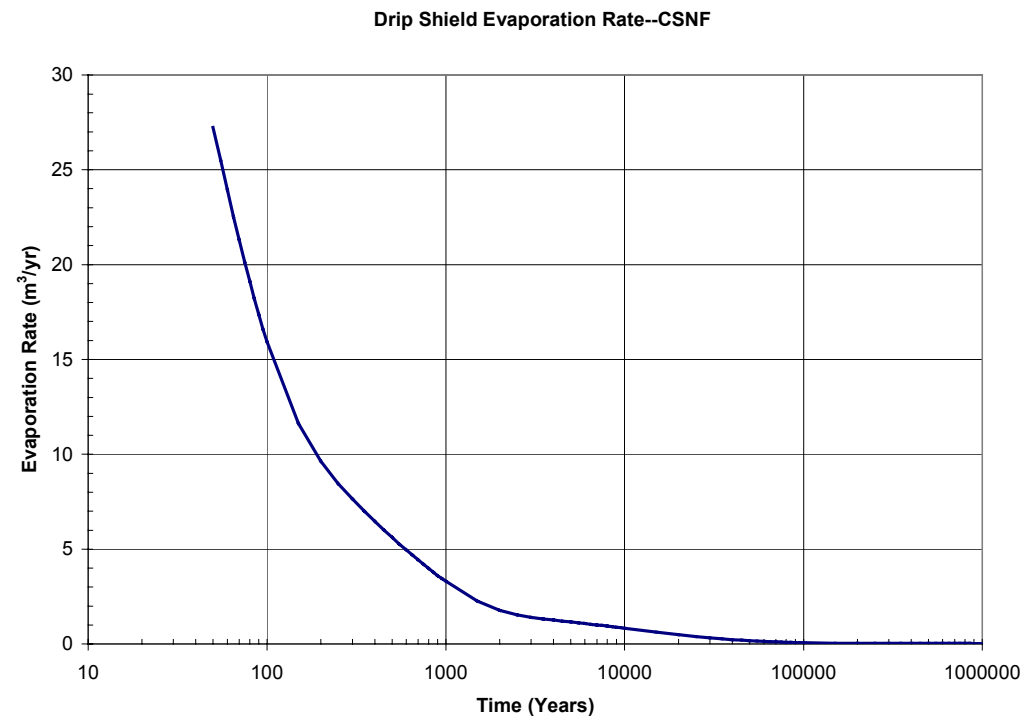
Waste Package Surface Temperature
No Backfill, Medium Infiltration Flux Case
Infiltration Rate Bin 10 to 20 mm/yr
(170 of 610)



TSPA-SR Abstraction-TH

(continued)

- **Heat Balance Applied at the Drip Shield Upper Surface to Determine Maximum Potential Seepage Water Evaporation Rate**
 - Average commercial spent nuclear fuel (CSNF)
 - Average high level waste



Coupled Thermal Chemical Effects on Water Composition

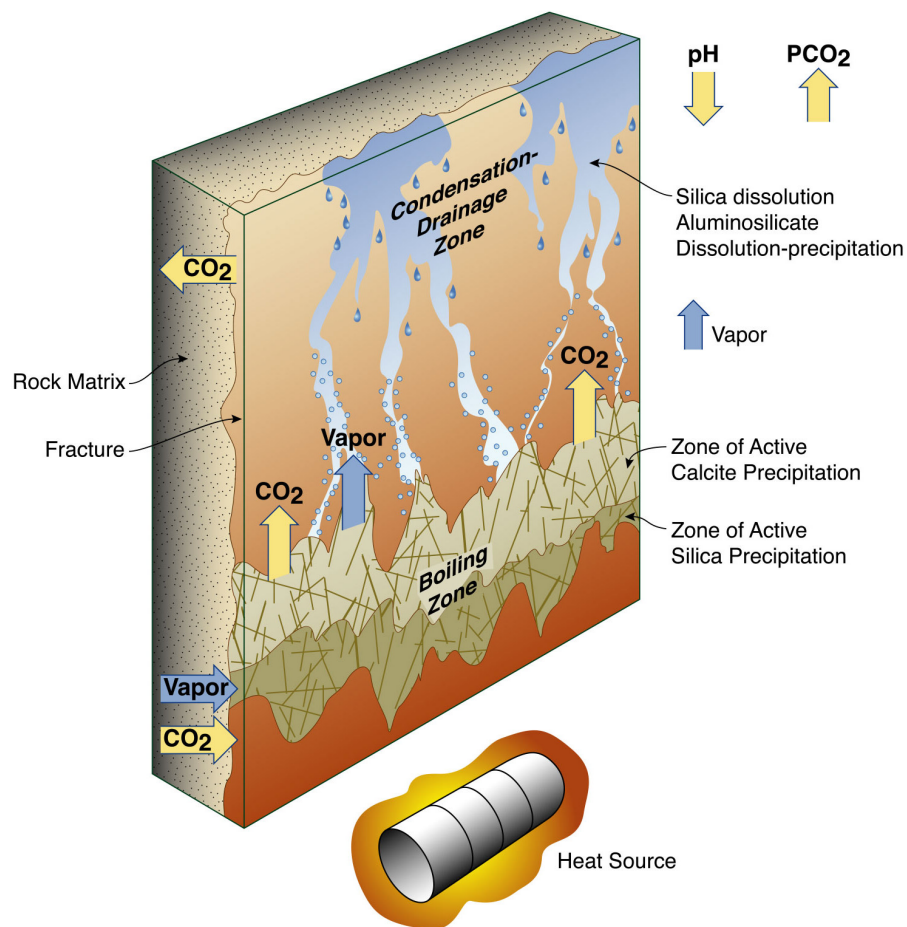


Diagram Showing THC Processes

- **2-D Drift-Scale Coupled THC Model**
 - Low, Medium, High Flux Cases
- **Incoming Water and Gas Composition Derived from Coupled THC Model at the Drift Wall for a Range of Infiltration Rates**
- **Aqueous Chemical Attributes Include pH, HCO₃⁻, and Cl⁻**
- **Gas Composition Considers CO₂**

Coupled Thermal Chemical Effects on Water Composition (continued)

Aqueous Species	Gaseous Species	Minerals
Both models: H ⁺ Ca ⁺² Na ⁺ H ₂ O SiO ₂ Cl ⁻ HCO ₃ ⁻ SO ₄ ⁻²	Both models: CO ₂	Both models: Calcite Tridymite α -Cristobalite Quartz Amorphous Silica Gypsum Glass
Complex model only: Mg ⁺² K ⁺ AlO ₂ ⁻ HFeO ₂ F ⁻		Complex model only: Hematite Fluorite Goethite Albite Microcline Anorthite Ca-Smectite Mg-Smectite Na-Smectite K-Smectite Illite Kaolinite Sepiolite Stellerite Heulandite Mordenite Clinoptilolite

Source: CRWMS M&O (2000, U0110, Tables 7, 8)

Coupled Thermal Chemical Effects on Water Composition (continued)

	Preclosure	Boiling	Transitional Cool-Down	Extended Cool- Down
	Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4
Parameter	Abstracted Values	Abstracted Values	Abstracted Values	Abstracted Values
Time	0 - 50 years	50 - 1000 years	1000 - 2000 years	2000 - 100,000 years
Temperature, °C	80	96	90	50
log CO ₂ , vfrac	-2.8	-6.5	-3.0	-2.0
pH	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.3
Ca ²⁺ , molal	1.7E-03	6.4E-04	1.0E-03	1.8E-03
Na ⁺ , molal	3.0E-03	1.4E-03	2.6E-03	2.6E-03
SiO ₂ , molal	1.5E-03	1.5E-03	2.1E-03	1.2E-03
Cl ⁻ , molal	3.7E-03	1.8E-03	3.2E-03	3.3E-03
HCO ₃ ⁻ , molal	1.3E-03	1.9E-04	3.0E-04	2.1E-03
SO ₄ ²⁻ , molal	1.3E-03	6.6E-04	1.2E-03	1.2E-03
Mg ²⁺ , molal	4.0E-06	3.2E-07	1.6E-06	7.8E-06
K ⁺ , molal	5.5E-05	8.5E-05	3.1E-04	1.0E-04
AlO ₂ ⁻ , molal	1.0E-10	2.7E-07	6.8E-08	2.0E-09
HFeO ₂ , molal	1.1E-10	7.9E-10	4.1E-10	2.4E-11
F ⁻ , molal	5.0E-05	2.5E-05	4.5E-05	4.5E-05

Comparison to TSPA-VA Models and Abstraction

- **TH Abstraction**

- Utilizes Infiltration Rate Binning Instead of Subregion Binning
 - ◆ 5 Infiltration Rate Bins Instead of 6 Subregion Bins
- Provides More Spatial Resolution to TSPA
 - ◆ 610 Location Dependent Results Instead of 180 Maximum Possible Different Results

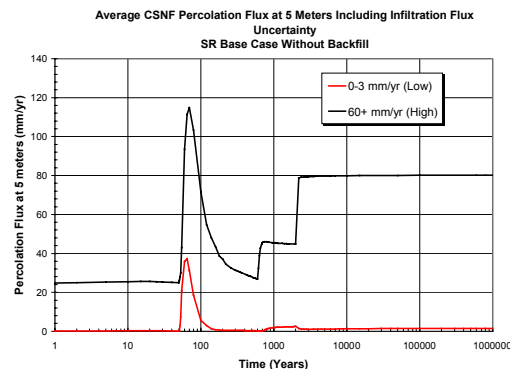
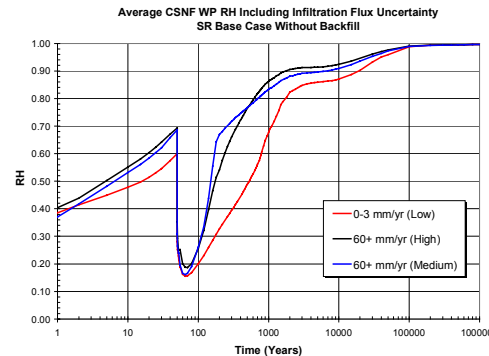
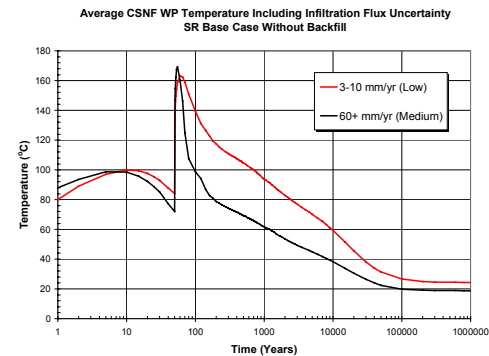
- **THC Abstraction**

- Uses Host Rock Water and Gas Composition Obtained from a Fully Coupled Process-Level THC Model
 - ◆ Two Geochemical Systems Compared to Drift Scale Test results in order to consider alternative modeling approaches consistent with available data and current understanding

- **Process model comparison of near-field host rock flow and state variables between TH-only and fully coupled THC models**

Model and Abstraction Uncertainty

- **The TH and THC Model Uncertainty Included in the Abstraction of TH Data for the Near-Field Environment Component of TSPA is Specified by the UZ Flow and Transport Component of TSPA**
 - Ground Surface Infiltration Rates
 - ◆ Low, Medium, High
 - Fracture Hydrologic Properties
 - ◆ Low, Medium, High
 - Initiation of Future Climate States
 - ◆ Monsoonal (600 Years), Glacial-Transition (2000 Years)



Conclusions

- **TH and THC Abstractions Provide Direct Inputs to TSPA Models that Result in an Assessment of Attributes of Repository Performance**
 - Water Contacting Waste Package
 - Waste Package Lifetime
- **TSPA Models Applying TH and THC Abstractions**
 - Chemical Environments (EBS Environments Subcomponent)
 - Unsaturated Zone Flow
 - Waste Package and Drip Shield Degradation
 - Waste Form Degradation
 - Engineered Barrier System Transport

Conclusions

- **TH and THC Models and Abstractions Include**
 - **Drift-Scale (TH and THC) and Mountain-Scale (TH only) Effects**
 - **Waste Package Variability (TH only)**
 - **Dual-Permeability (Active Fracture) Flow Model (TH and THC)**
- **Model Confidence**
 - **Thermal Properties from Lab Measurements**
 - **Comparison to ESF Thermal Tests and Large Block Test**
 - ♦ **Property Set Testing**
 - ♦ **Conceptual Model Validation**

Conclusions

(continued)

- **Integration**

- **Both Models (TH and THC) Apply:**

- ◆ **Low Areal Mass Loading (AML) Repository Design Features Including Ventilation**
 - ◆ **Active Fracture Conceptual Flow Model to Ensure Fracture Flow During Heating**
 - ◆ **Identical Infiltration Flux Cases (Including Future Climate States)**
 - ◆ **Results of the Thermal Tests and LBT to Assess Conceptual Models**

- **Abstractions Apply:**

- ◆ **Methods that Maintain the Ranges of Results from the Process Models Through**
 - » **Direct use of Data**
 - » **Appropriate Averages Based on Data Fitting Similar Characteristics**

BACKUP



References

- **Multiscale Thermohydrologic Model**
 - ANL-EBS-MD-000049
- **Abstraction of NFE Drift Thermodynamic Environment and Percolation Flux**
 - ANL-EBS-HS-000003
- **Drift-Scale Coupled Processes (DST and THC Seepage) Models**
 - MDL-NBS-HS-000001
- **Abstraction of Drift-Scale Coupled Processes**
 - ANL-NBS-HS-000029
- **Features, Events, and Processes in Thermal Hydrology and Coupled Processes**
 - ANL-NBS-MD-000004